

State and location	Community No.	Effective date authorization/cancellation of sale of flood insurance in community	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assistance no longer available in SFHAs
Milton, Town of, Wayne County	180285	May 20, 1975, Emerg; October 15, 1981, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
North Vernon, City of, Jennings County	180109	August 4, 1975, Emerg; January 3, 1985, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Richmond, City of, Wayne County	180287	April 1, 1975, Emerg; August 16, 1982, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Spring Grove, Town of, Wayne County	180286	July 10, 1975, Emerg; September 2, 1982, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Vernon, Town of, Jennings County	180110	May 9, 1975, Emerg; October 18, 1983, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Wayne County, Unincorporated Areas	180280	March 24, 1975, Emerg; September 2, 1982, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Minnesota: Mahnomens, City of, Mahnomens County.	270266	May 8, 1975, Emerg; September 2, 1988, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Mahnomens County, Unincorporated Areas	270671	November 15, 1974, Emerg; May 15, 1985, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Waubun, City of, Mahnomens County	270772	July 25, 1997, Emerg; N/A, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Ohio: Botkins, Village of, Shelby County	390504	August 22, 1975, Emerg; September 29, 1978, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Jackson Center, Village of, Shelby County	390505	November 13, 2008, Emerg; April 1, 2009, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Port Jefferson, Village of, Shelby County	390506	May 14, 1975, Emerg; September 2, 1988, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Russia, Village of, Shelby County	390880	June 3, 1981, Emerg; September 30, 1988, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Shelby County, Unincorporated Areas	390503	April 3, 1979, Emerg; September 2, 1982, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Sidney, City of, Shelby County	390507	December 3, 1974, Emerg; November 17, 1982, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Region VII				
Missouri: Dearborn, City of, Platte County	290504	August 9, 1974, Emerg; June 15, 1979, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Edgerton, City of, Platte County	290291	October 7, 1974, Emerg; June 4, 1980, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Ferrelview, Village of, Platte County	290895	N/A, Emerg; March 30, 2009, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Lake Waukomis, City of, Platte County	290700	March 20, 1979, Emerg; April 15, 1980, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Parkville, City of, Platte County	290294	July 3, 1975, Emerg; May 15, 1978, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Platte City, City of, Platte County	290295	May 22, 1975, Emerg; May 15, 1978, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Platte County, Unincorporated Areas	290475	March 25, 1974, Emerg; December 18, 1979, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Riverside, City of, Platte County	290296	May 29, 1973, Emerg; September 30, 1977, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Tracy, City of, Platte County	290297	July 25, 1974, Emerg; June 15, 1979, Reg; April 2, 2015, Susp.	.....do	Do.

*-do- = Ditto. Code for reading third column: Emerg.—Emergency; Reg.—Regular; Susp.—Suspension.

Dated: February 27, 2015.

Roy E. Wright,

Deputy Associate Administrator for Mitigation, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[FR Doc. 2015-05095 Filed 3-4-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-12-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

44 CFR Part 64

[Docket ID FEMA-2015-0001; Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-8375]

Suspension of Community Eligibility

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule identifies communities where the sale of flood insurance has been authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) that are scheduled for suspension on the effective dates listed within this rule because of noncompliance with the floodplain management requirements of the program. If the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) receives documentation that the community has adopted the required floodplain management measures prior to the effective suspension date given in this

rule, the suspension will not occur and a notice of this will be provided by publication in the **Federal Register** on a subsequent date. Also, information identifying the current participation status of a community can be obtained from FEMA's Community Status Book (CSB). The CSB is available at <http://www.fema.gov/fema/csb.shtm>.

DATES: The effective date of each community's scheduled suspension is the third date ("Susp.") listed in the third column of the following tables.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you want to determine whether a particular community was suspended on the suspension date or for further information, contact Bret Gates, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646-4133.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NFIP enables property owners to purchase Federal flood insurance that is not otherwise generally available from private insurers. In return, communities agree to adopt and administer local floodplain management measures aimed at protecting lives and new construction from future flooding. Section 1315 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits the sale of NFIP flood insurance unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed in this document no longer meet that statutory requirement for compliance with program regulations, 44 CFR part 59. Accordingly, the communities will be suspended on the effective date in the third column. As of that date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the community. We recognize that some of these communities may adopt and submit the required documentation of legally enforceable floodplain management measures after this rule is published but prior to the actual suspension date. These communities

will not be suspended and will continue to be eligible for the sale of NFIP flood insurance. A notice withdrawing the suspension of such communities will be published in the **Federal Register**.

In addition, FEMA publishes a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) that identifies the Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) in these communities. The date of the FIRM, if one has been published, is indicated in the fourth column of the table. No direct Federal financial assistance (except assistance pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act not in connection with a flood) may be provided for construction or acquisition of buildings in identified SFHAs for communities not participating in the NFIP and identified for more than a year on FEMA's initial FIRM for the community as having flood-prone areas (section 202(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4106(a), as amended). This prohibition against certain types of Federal assistance becomes effective for the communities listed on the date shown in the last column. The Administrator finds that notice and public comment procedures under 5 U.S.C. 553(b), are impracticable and unnecessary because communities listed in this final rule have been adequately notified.

Each community receives 6-month, 90-day, and 30-day notification letters addressed to the Chief Executive Officer stating that the community will be suspended unless the required floodplain management measures are met prior to the effective suspension date. Since these notifications were made, this final rule may take effect within less than 30 days.

National Environmental Policy Act. This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR part 10, Environmental Considerations. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act. The Administrator has determined that this

rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, Section 1315, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance coverage unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed no longer comply with the statutory requirements, and after the effective date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the communities unless remedial action takes place.

Regulatory Classification. This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 13132, Federalism. This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. This rule meets the applicable standards of Executive Order 12988.

Paperwork Reduction Act. This rule does not involve any collection of information for purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 64

Flood insurance, Floodplains.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 64 is amended as follows:

PART 64—[AMENDED]

- 1. The authority citation for Part 64 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp.; p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp.; p. 376.

§ 64.6 [Amended]

- 2. The tables published under the authority of § 64.6 are amended as follows:

State and location	Community No.	Effective date authorization/cancellation of sale of flood insurance in community	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assistance no longer available in SFHAs
Region III				
Virginia: Richmond County, Unincorporated Areas.	510310	January 20, 1975, Emerg; March 16, 1989, Reg; April 16, 2015, Susp.	April 16, 2015 ...	April 16, 2015.

*-do- = Ditto.

Code for reading third column: Emerg.—Emergency; Reg.—Regular; Susp.—Suspension.

Dated: February 27, 2015.

Roy E. Wright,

Deputy Associate Administrator for Mitigation, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[FR Doc. 2015-05084 Filed 3-4-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-12-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 140218151-5171-02]

RIN 0648-BD98

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska; Groundfish of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Off Alaska

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues regulations to implement Amendment 100 to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area (BSAI FMP) and Amendment 91 to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska (GOA FMP). This final rule adds regulations to improve reporting of grenadiers, limit retention of grenadiers, and prevent direct fishing for grenadiers by federally permitted groundfish fishermen. This final rule is necessary to limit and monitor the incidental catch of grenadiers in the groundfish fisheries. This action is intended to promote the goals and objectives of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, the FMPs, and other applicable law.

DATES: Effective April 6, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Electronic copies of Amendment 100 to the BSAI FMP, Amendment 91 to the GOA FMP, and the Environmental Assessment, the Regulatory Impact Review, and the Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis (IRFA) (collectively, Analysis) prepared for this action are available from www.regulations.gov or from the NMFS Alaska Region Web site at alaskafisheries.noaa.gov. The 2012 Assessment of the Grenadier Stock Complex in the Gulf of Alaska, Eastern Bering Sea, and Aleutian Islands (2012

stock assessment) is available on the NMFS Web site at <http://www.afsc.noaa.gov/REFM/Docs/2012/GOAgrenadier.pdf>. The 2014 Assessment of the Grenadier Stock Complex in the Gulf of Alaska, Eastern Bering Sea, and Aleutian Islands (2014 stock assessment) is available on the NMFS Web site at <http://www.afsc.noaa.gov/REFM/Docs/2014/BSAIGrenadier.pdf>.

Written comments regarding the burden-hour estimates or other aspects of the collection-of-information requirements contained in this rule may be submitted by mail to NMFS, Alaska Region, P.O. Box 21668, Juneau, AK 99802-1668, Attn: Ellen Sebastian, Records Officer; in person at NMFS, Alaska Region, 709 West 9th Street, Room 420A, Juneau, AK; by email to OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov; or fax to (202) 395-5806.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gretchen Harrington, 907-586-7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This final rule implements Amendment 100 to the BSAI FMP and Amendment 91 to the GOA FMP, collectively Amendments 100/91. NMFS published a notice of availability for Amendments 100/91 on May 5, 2014 (79 FR 25558). The comment period on Amendments 100/91 ended on July 7, 2014. NMFS published a proposed rule to implement Amendments 100/91 on May 14, 2014 (79 FR 27557). The comment period on the proposed rule ended on June 13, 2014. NMFS approved Amendments 100/91 on August 4, 2014. Additional detail on this action is provided in the notice of availability for Amendment 100/91 (79 FR 25558, May 5, 2014) and the proposed rule (79 FR 27557, May 14, 2014). NMFS received three comment letters on Amendments 100/91 and the proposed rule.

NMFS manages groundfish fisheries in the exclusive economic zone off Alaska under the BSAI FMP and GOA FMP. The North Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) prepared the FMPs under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act), 16 U.S.C. 1801, *et seq.* Regulations governing U.S. fisheries and implementing the FMPs appear at 50 CFR parts 600 and 679.

Background

The groundfish fisheries in the BSAI and GOA incidentally catch grenadiers (family *Macrouridae*) while harvesting other groundfish species. Grenadiers caught off Alaska are comprised of three species: Giant grenadiers (*Albatrossia pectoralis*), Pacific grenadiers

(*Coryphaenoides acrolepis*), and popeye greandiers (*Coryphaenoides cinereus*). More than 90 percent of all grenadiers incidentally caught or obtained in surveys are giant grenadiers. Pacific grenadiers and popeye grenadiers typically occur at depths greater than most commercial fisheries or surveys and are rarely encountered (see Section 3.2 of the Analysis for additional detail).

For many years, the Council has considered how best to classify grenadiers in the FMPs. As explained in Section 1.2 of the Analysis (see **ADDRESSES**), from 1980 to 2010, grenadiers were included in the FMPs in the nonspecified species category. Nonspecified species were defined as a residual category of species and species groups which had no current or foreseeable economic value or ecological importance, which were taken in the groundfish fishery as incidental catch and were in no apparent danger of depletion, and for which virtually no data existed that would allow population assessments.

In 2010, the Council recommended and NMFS removed the nonspecified species category from the FMPs when the FMPs were revised to meet the requirements of the Magnuson-Stevens Act as amended by the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Reauthorization Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 109-479). The amended Magnuson-Stevens Act required NMFS and the Council to establish annual catch limits (ACLs) and accountability measures (AMs) for fisheries in the FMP. The Council recommended and NMFS implemented Amendment 96 to the BSAI FMP and Amendment 87 to the GOA FMP to meet these requirements (Amendments 96/87, 75 FR 61639, October 6, 2010). The nonspecified species, including grenadiers, were removed from the FMPs because these species were too poorly understood to set ACLs and AMs or to develop a management regime.

Amendments 96/87 also amended the FMPs to organize the species remaining in the FMPs according to the National Standard 1 guidelines (§ 600.310). In the National Standard 1 guidelines, NMFS recommends two categories for species in an FMP: "Stocks in the fishery" and "ecosystem component (EC) species."

"Stocks in the fishery" are defined in the National Standard 1 guidelines (§ 600.310(d)(2)). "Stocks in the fishery" include (1) stocks that are targeted, and retained for sale or personal use; (2) stocks that are not directly targeted but are taken incidentally in other directed fisheries, and are retained for sale or personal use; and (3) stocks not targeted or retained but are taken as incidental