DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

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Notice of Public Meeting for the Southeast Oregon Resource Advisory Council

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Land Policy and Management Act and the Federal Advisory Committee Act of 1972, and the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Southeast Oregon Resource Advisory Council (RAC) will meet as indicated below:

DATES: The Southeast Oregon RAC will hold a public meeting Monday and Tuesday, April 20 starting at 10 a.m. and ending at 4 p.m. and April 21, 2015, starting at 8 a.m. and ending at 12 p.m. A public comment period will be available at 11 a.m. on April 21 during the joint meeting. Unless otherwise approved by the Southeast Oregon RAC Chair, the public comment period will last no longer than 30 minutes, and each speaker may address the Southeast Oregon RAC for a maximum of 5 minutes. Meeting times and the duration scheduled for public comment periods may be extended or altered when the authorized representative considers it necessary to accommodate necessary business and all who seek to be heard regarding matters before the Southeast Oregon RAC.

ADRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Clarion Inn 1249 Tapadera Ave. Ontario, OR 97914.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Scott Stoffel, BLM Lakeview District Office, 1301 S. G Street, Lakeview, Oregon 97630, (541) 947–2177, or email pstoffel@blm.gov. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1 (800) 877–8339 to contact the above individual during normal business hours. The FIRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question with the above individual. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Southeast Oregon RAC consists of 15 members chartered and appointed by the Secretary of the Interior. Their diverse perspectives are represented in commodity, conservation, and general interests. They provide advice to BLM and Forest Service resource managers regarding management plans and proposed resource actions on public land in southeast Oregon. Tentative agenda items for the April 20 and 21, 2015, meeting include: An update from line managers; special sub-group reports; Sage Grouse; Resource Management Plans; herbicide planning efforts; and the Tri-state Fuel project. Any other matters that may reasonably come before the Southeast Oregon RAC may also be addressed. This meeting is open to the public in its entirety. Information to be distributed to the Southeast Oregon RAC is requested prior to the start of each meeting. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comments, please be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

E. Lynn Burkett, Lakeview District Manager.

[FR Doc. 2015–07095 Filed 3–26–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–33–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management


Notice of Availability of the Final Environmental Impact Statement and Proposed Amendment to the Challis Resource Management Plan for the Thompson Creek Mine Expansion and Public Land Disposal, Custer and Bannock Counties, Idaho

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended (NEPA), and the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, as amended (FLPMA), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Challis Field Office, Idaho, has prepared a final environmental impact statement (Final EIS) and proposed resource management plan (RMP) amendment for: (1) A proposed modified mining plan of operations (MMPO) for the Thompson Creek molybdenum mine, and (2) a land exchange proposal with the mine operator. By this notice, the BLM announces the availability of the Final EIS/proposed RMP amendment and the U.S. Forest Service draft decision for the proposed MMPO.

DATES: The BLM announces the start of a 30-day availability period for the Final EIS and a 30-day protest period for the proposed RMP amendment. The BLM will not issue a decision on the proposed MMPO, land exchange proposal, or proposed RMP amendment, for a minimum of 30 days following the date the Environmental Protection Agency publishes a notice of availability in the Federal Register.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the Final EIS/proposed RMP amendment are also available for review at the BLM Challis Field Office, 1151 Blue Mountain Road, Challis, Idaho 83226 from 7:45 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Mountain Time, Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Copies of the Final EIS/proposed RMP amendment are also available online at http://www.blm.gov/id/st/en/prog/nepa_register/TCM-exlx_EIS.html. All protests of the BLM proposed RMP amendment must be in writing and mailed to one of the following addresses:

Regular Mail: BLM Director (210), Attention: Protest Coordinator, P.O. Box 71383, Washington, DC 20024–1383.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ken Gardner, project manager, at the BLM Challis Field Office, telephone: 208–879–6210; address: 1151 Blue Mountain Road, Challis, Idaho 83226; email: ksgardner@blm.gov. Persons who use telecommunication devices for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 800–877–8339 to contact the above individual. The FIRS
is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to leave a message for the above individual. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Thompson Creek Mining Company (TCMC) has submitted an MMPO for the Thompson Creek molybdenum mine, as well as a separate, but related land exchange proposal. These proposals would affect BLM-administered land, National Forest System land, and waters of the United States. Pursuant to NEPA, the Final EIS analyzes the potential environmental effects of the proposed MMPO, a proposed RMP amendment, and a proposed land exchange. In response to these proposals: (1) The BLM will decide whether to approve the portion of an MMPO involving BLM-administered land under BLM regulations at 43 CFR 3809; (2) the Forest Service will decide whether to approve the portion of an MMPO involving National Forest System land under Forest Service regulations at 36 CFR 228, Subpart A; (3) the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) will decide whether to issue a permit under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and USACE regulations at 33 CFR 320; (4) the BLM will decide whether to amend the Challis Field Office 1999 resource management plan (RMP), pursuant to Section 202 of FLPMA and BLM regulations at 43 CFR 1610, so as to identify the BLM-administered land in the land exchange proposal as available for disposal; and (5) the BLM will decide whether to approve a land exchange action. The cooperating agencies for the Final EIS/proposed RMP amendment are the Forest Service, Salmon-Challis National Forest; USACE, Walla Walla District; US Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10; Idaho Department of Environmental Quality, Idaho Falls Regional Office; and Idaho Department of Lands, Eastern Idaho Supervisor's Office.

TCMC owns and operates the mine, which is 7 miles northwest of Clayton and 21 miles southwest of Challis in Custer County, Idaho. The mine has operated since 1981 and is currently authorized for about 3,300 acres of surface disturbance, of which 2,300 acres are on private land, 750 acres are on BLM-administered land, and 250 acres are on National Forest System land. The current surface disturbance at the mine is approximately 2,800 acres.

The MMPO would allow an approximate 10-year extension of the mine life and expansion of the waste rock disposal facilities. The waste rock disposal alternatives vary in size and location, which would require additional authorized surface disturbance on about 200 acres of BLM-administered land, 190 acres of National Forest System land, and 110 acres of private land.

The land exchange proposal is an offer to exchange 901 acres of private lands owned by TCMC in Custer and Bannock counties for 5,100 acres of BLM-administered land where the mine is located in Custer County, including nearly all of the BLM-administered land identified in the MMPO. The offered lands are the Broken Wing Ranch (813 acres) in Custer County and the Garden Creek property (62 acres) in Bannock County. Broken Wing Ranch borders several miles of the Salmon River, and the Garden Creek property contains a portion of the headwaters of Garden Creek. Public ownership of these lands would prevent their subdivision and development, enhance habitat for four threatened and endangered fish species and several species of wildlife, and substantially increase public access to the Lyon Creek drainage in Custer County.

Approval of the MMPO is not contingent on the approval of the land exchange. They are separate decisions, and the Final EIS analyzes them separately. The Final EIS also analyzes a set of MMPO alternatives and a completely independent set of land disposal alternatives. In connection with the land exchange proposal, the Final EIS also evaluates amending the RMP to identify the selected lands as suitable for disposal pursuant to Section 202 of FLPMA.

The BLM, Forest Service, and Idaho Department of Lands each administer its respective portions of a single plan of operations for the mine. If the BLM approves the land exchange, TCMC would acquire up to nearly all of the BLM-administered land involved with the mine. A small amount of BLM-administered land with a few mine support features (i.e., pipelines, power lines, access roads and a pump station) is not included in the proposed land exchange, and thus, it would continue to be administered by the BLM. TCMC could continue to use these features through a subsequent MMPO or by obtaining grants for rights-of-ways and special use permits under FLPMA.

The Final EIS analyzes a set of MMPO alternatives and a set of independent land disposal alternatives. As explained above, MMPO alternatives do not depend on the outcome of the land disposal alternatives. TCMC would not operate the mine any differently if the BLM-administered land in the land exchange proposal were owned by TCMC and administered by the BLM. However, the nature of BLM’s involvement and its relationship to the MMPO would change if any of the land disposal alternatives were selected.

The MMPO alternatives include:
- Alternative M1—No Action. TCMC would complete mining and reclamation under the current mining plan of operations (Phase 7), with molybdenum mining ending in the short term. Approximately 2,800 acres would be disturbed.
- Alternative M2—MMPO as submitted by TCMC. TCMC would complete mining and reclamation under the proposed MMPO (Phase 8), with molybdenum mining ending in approximately 2025. The two existing waste rock storage facilities would be enlarged. Approximately 3,300 acres would be disturbed by time of closure.
- Alternative M3—No Name Waste Rock Facility. A variation of Alternative M2 in which TCMC would develop a new waste rock storage facility in the No Name drainage, with less waste rock placed into the two existing waste rock storage facilities. Approximately 3,500 acres would be disturbed by time of closure.

The land exchange alternatives include:
- Alternative L1—No Action. The BLM would not amend the RMP and the land exchange would not occur. Mining would occur according to the selected MMPO alternative, as MMPO alternatives do not depend on the outcome of the land disposal alternatives.
- Alternative L2—Land Exchange Proposal submitted by TCMC. The BLM would amend the RMP, TCMC would acquire up to approximately 5,100 acres of BLM-administered land, and the US would acquire up to approximately 900 acres of private land that would be administered by the BLM. Livestock grazing and agricultural operations would continue on the Broken Wing Ranch.
- Alternative L2-B—The same as Alternative L2 except the ranch would be converted to native vegetation and livestock grazing would not occur at the ranch.
- Alternative L3—Land Sale. The BLM would amend the RMP allowing conveyance of up to about 5,100 acres of BLM-administered land to TCMC via a sale at the appraised fair market value pursuant to Section 203 of the FLPMA.
- Alternative L4—Reduced Area Land Exchange, Fee Simple. The BLM would amend the RMP, TCMC would acquire approximately 3,600 acres of BLM-administered land, and the US would acquire approximately 50 percent less private land by fair market value compared to Alternative L2.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INLAND
Bureau of Land Management
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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Forest Service
Notice of Availability of the Final Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Smoky Canyon Mine, Panels F and G Lease and Mine Plan Modification Project, Caribou County, ID
AGENCIES: Bureau of Land Management; Interior; United States Forest Service, Agriculture.
ACTION: Notice of availability.
SUMMARY: In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service (USFS), Caribou-Targhee National Forest (CTNF), have prepared a Final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the proposed Smoky Canyon Mine, Panels F and G Lease and Mine Plan Modification Project, and by this Notice announce the availability of the document. A Draft USFS Record of Decision (ROD) is also being made available along with the Final EIS.
DATES: The BLM will issue its ROD no sooner than 30 days after the Environmental Protection Agency publishes its Notice of Availability (NOA) of the Final EIS in the Federal Register. A legal notice published in the newspaper of record of the Final USFS ROD will be released no sooner than five business days following the end of the 45-day objection period after the Final USFS ROD has been announced and made available.
ADDRESSES: CD–ROM and print copies of the Smoky Canyon Mine, Panels F & G Lease and Mine Plan Modification Project Final EIS and the Draft USFS ROD are available in the BLM Pocatello Field Office at the following address: 4350 Cliffs Drive, Pocatello, ID 83204. In addition, electronic copies of the Final EIS and the Draft USFS ROD are available at either of the Web addresses listed below:
nepa_register/smoky-canyon_panel-
g.html
landmanagement/projects
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Diane Wheeler, BLM Pocatello Field Office, 4350 Cliffs Drive, Pocatello, ID 83204, phone 208–557–5839, fax 208–478–6376. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339 to contact the above individual during normal business hours. The FIRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question with the above individual. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The J.R. Simplot Company (Simpplot) submitted lease and mine plan modifications for agency review for the existing Panel F (lease IDI–27512) and Panel G (lease IDI–01441) leases at the Smoky Canyon Phosphate Mine within the CTNF in Caribou County, Idaho. The Smoky Canyon Mine, operated by Simplot, is located approximately 10 miles west of Afton, Wyoming, and approximately 8 miles west of the Idaho/Wyoming border. The existing Smoky Canyon mining and milling operations were

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
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