(d) Shipping requirements. Sealed containers of apples destined for export to the continental United States must be held in a cold storage facility while awaiting export.

(e) Phytosanitary certificate. Each consignment of apples imported from China into the continental United States must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of China with an additional declaration stating that the requirements of this section have been met and the consignment has been inspected by the NPPO and found free of quarantine pests.

(f) Additional conditions for apples from areas of China south of the 33rd parallel. In addition to the conditions in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section, apples from areas of China south of the 33rd parallel apples must be treated in accordance with 7 CFR part 305. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0423)

Done in Washington, DC, this 20th day of April 2015.

Kevin Shea, Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

[FR Doc. 2015–09508 Filed 4–22–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–34–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39


RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Dassault Aviation Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: We are superseding Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2013–26–05 for all Dassault Aviation Model FAN JET FALCON, FAN JET FALCON SERIES C, D, E, F, and G airplanes; Model MYSTERE–FALCON 200 airplanes; and Model MYSTERE–FALCON 20–C5, 20–D5, 20–E5, and 20–F5 airplanes. AD 2013–26–05 required repetitive weighing of fire extinguisher bottles having a certain part number, and eventual replacement of those bottles to terminate the repetitive weighing. This new AD continues to require repetitive weighing of fire extinguisher bottles having a certain part number, and eventual replacement of those bottles to terminate the repetitive weighing. This AD was prompted by our determination that certain text in the method of compliance language specified in AD 2013–26–05 incorrectly refers to Airbus, instead of “Dassault Aviation.” We are issuing this AD to detect and correct a dormant failure in the fire suppression system, which could result in the inability to put out a fire in an engine, auxiliary power unit (APU), or rear compartment.

DATES: This AD becomes effective May 8, 2015.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of certain other documentation listed in this AD as of October 20, 2014 (79 FR 54897, dated September 15, 2014).

We must receive comments on this AD by June 8, 2015.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

• Fax: 202–493–2251.


• Hand Delivery: U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

For service information identified in this AD, contact Dassault Falcon Jet, P.O. Box 2000, South Hackensack, NJ 07606; telephone 201–440–6700; Internet http://www.dassaultfalcon.com. You may view this referenced service information at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, WA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 425–227–1221.

You may send comments by search for

FR Doc. 2015–09508 Filed 4–22–15; 8:45 am

You may examine the AD Docket on

FR 54897, September 15, 2014), which applied to all Dassault Aviation Model FAN JET FALCON, FAN JET FALCON SERIES C, D, E, F, and G airplanes; Model MYSTERE–FALCON 200 airplanes; and Model MYSTERE–FALCON 20–C5, 20–D5, 20–E5, and 20–F5 airplanes. AD 2013–26–05 was prompted by reports of a manufacturing defect in the charge indicator on fire extinguisher bottles. AD 2013–26–05 required repetitive weighing of fire extinguisher bottles having a certain part number, and eventual replacement of those bottles to terminate the repetitive weighing. We issued AD 2013–26–05 to detect and correct a dormant failure in the fire suppression system, which could result in the inability to put out a fire in an engine, APU, or rear compartment.


Since we issued AD 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014), we have determined that there is an error in the manufacturer’s name in the method of compliance language in certain text in the “Explanation of Change Made to This AD” section and in certain paragraphs of the regulatory text of AD 2013–26–05. AD 2013–26–05 refers to Airbus’s EASA Design Organization Approval (DOA), instead of Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA. In order to refer to the appropriate EASA DOA, this AD replaces “Airbus’s” with “Dassault Aviation’s” in paragraphs (b)(2), (b)(2)(i), (b)(2)(ii), (b)(2)(iii), (b)(2)(iv), (i), (i)(1), (i)(2), (i)(3), (i)(4), (j)(1), (j)(2), (j)(3), (j)(4), and (l)(2) of this AD. The “Explanation of Change Made to This AD” section of AD 2013–26–05 is not restated in this AD.
Based on these figures, the estimated parts cost about $6,400 per product.

Required hours per product, at an average labor rate of $85 per work-hour. Required hours to retain in this AD take about 4 work-hours per product.

Authorities for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA’s authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. “Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs,” describes in more detail the scope of the Agency’s authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in “Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements.” Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

We determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

1. Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; and
2. Is not a “significant rule” under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and
3. Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska; and
4. Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by removing airworthiness directive (AD) 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014), and adding the following new AD:


(a) Effective Date

This AD becomes effective May 8, 2015.

(b) Affected AOs

This AD replaces AD 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014).

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Dassault Aviation Model FAN JET FALCON, FAN JET FALCON SERIES C, D, E, F, and G airplanes; Model MYSTERE–FALCON 200 airplanes; and Model MYSTERE–FALCON 20–C3, 20–D5, 20–E5, and 20–F5 airplanes, certificated in any category; all serial numbers.

(d) Subject

Air Transport Association (ATA) of America Code 26, Fire Protection.

(e) Reason

This AD was prompted by reports of a manufacturing defect in the charge indicator of fire extinguisher bottles and also our determination that certain text in the method of compliance language specified in AD 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014), incorrectly refers to “Airbus” instead of “Dassault Aviation.” We are issuing this AD to detect and correct a dormant failure in the fire suppression system, which could result in the inability to put out a fire in an engine, auxiliary power unit (APU), or rear compartment.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Retained Definitions, With No Changes

This paragraph restates the requirements of paragraph (g) of AD 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014), with no changes. For the purposes of this AD, the following definitions apply.

1. An affected fire extinguisher bottle is any fire extinguisher bottle having a part number included in table 1 to the introductory text of paragraph (h) of this AD and having a manufacturing batch number 168 through 200 inclusive on the data plate of the charge indicator.
(2) A serviceable fire extinguisher bottle is any fire extinguisher bottle having a manufacturing batch number lower than 168 or higher than 200 on the data plate of the charge indicator.

(h) Retained Determining Charge Indicator Batch Number, With Revised Method of Compliance Language

This paragraph restates the requirements of paragraph (h) of AD 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014), with revised method of compliance language in paragraphs (h)(2), (h)(2)(i), (h)(2)(ii), (h)(2)(iii) and (h)(2)(iv) of this AD. Within 30 days or 100 flight hours after October 20, 2014 (the effective date of AD 2013–26–05), whichever occurs first; Determine the manufacturing batch number for the charge indicator installed on each engine and APU fire extinguisher bottle having a part number included in table 1 to the introductory text of paragraph (h) of this AD, in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of Dassault Service Bulletin F20–785, also referred to as 785, dated June 11, 2012 (for Model FAN JET FALCON, FAN JET FALCON SERIES C, D, E, F, and G airplanes; and Model MYSTERE–FALCON 20–C5, 20–D5, 20–E5, and 20–F5 airplanes); or Dassault Service Bulletin F200–131, also referred to as 131, dated June 11, 2012 (for Model MYSTERE–FALCON 200 airplanes).

![Table 1 to the Introductory Text of Paragraph (h) of This AD—Part Numbers of Affected Fire Extinguisher Bottles](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of bottle</th>
<th>Part No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine Fire Extinguisher Bottle</td>
<td>111–1555–324–12A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine Fire Extinguisher Bottle</td>
<td>811456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine Fire Extinguisher Bottle</td>
<td>111–355–32142A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APU Fire Extinguisher Bottle</td>
<td>111–011–324–12A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APU Fire Extinguisher Bottle</td>
<td>811475</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For fire extinguisher bottles with part numbers that are not included in table 1 to the introductory text of paragraph (h) of this AD, no further action is required by paragraph (h) of this AD.

(2) For any affected charge indicator, as identified in paragraph (g)(1) of this AD: Before further flight, weigh each affected fire extinguisher bottle, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.


Note 2 to paragraphs (h)(2)(i), (i), (i)(1), and (i)(1) of this AD: The instructions specified in Dassault Maintenance Procedure, “Removal of Pyrotechnical Cartridge for Check/Replacement” (pages 401–403, “Removal/Installation”), of Subject 26–20–2, “Extinguishing System–Description and Operation,” of Chapter 26, “Fire Protection,” in Book 2 of the Dassault Falcon 20 Maintenance Manual, Phase 50, dated October 2011, are a source of guidance for the actions specified in paragraphs (h)(2)(i), (i), (i)(3), and (i)(5) of this AD. This service information is not incorporated by reference in this AD.

Note 3 to paragraphs (h)(2)(iii), (i), (i)(3), and (i)(5) of this AD: Procedure 3, “Engine and Rear Compartment Extinguisher (14W1–14W2): Check/Replacement of Percussion Cartridge,” of Falcon 200 Maintenance Requirement Card 171.0, Revised December 2011, of Chapter 26, “Fire Protection,” in Book 1, “Work Cards,” of the Dassault Falcon 200 Maintenance Manual, Revision 30, dated December 2011, is a source of guidance for paragraphs (h)(2)(iii), (i), (i)(3), and (i)(5) of this AD. This service information is not incorporated by reference in this AD.

Note 4 to paragraphs (h)(2)(iv), (i)(4), and (i)(5) of this AD: Procedure 1, “Removal/Installation,” of Falcon 200 Maintenance Requirement Card 171.0, Revised December 2011, of Chapter 26, “Fire Protection,” in Book 1, “Work Cards,” of the Dassault Falcon 200 Maintenance Manual, Revision 30, dated December 2011, is a source of guidance for replacing the fire extinguisher bottle. This service information is not incorporated by reference in this AD.

(i) Retained Repeative Inspections To Determine if Charge Indicator Cartridge Was Fired, With Revised Method of Compliance Language

This paragraph restates the requirements of paragraph (i) of AD 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014), with revised method of compliance language in paragraphs (i), (i)(1), (i)(2), (i)(3) and (i)(4) of this AD. Within 6 months after October 20, 2014 (the effective date of AD 2013–26–05): Do an inspection to determine if the charge indicator cartridge installed on each engine and APU fire extinguisher bottle, as identified in table 1 to the introductory text of paragraph (h) of this AD, was fired, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

Repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 6 months until the replacement specified in paragraph (i)(1), (i)(2), (i)(3), (i)(4), or (i)(5) of this AD is accomplished. If it is determined that any charge indicator cartridge was fired, before further flight, replace the affected fire extinguisher bottle and charge indicator cartridge with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(1) For Model FAN JET FALCON, FAN JET FALCON SERIES C, D, E, F, and G airplanes; and Model MYSTERE–FALCON 20–C5, 20–D5, 20–E5, and 20–F5 airplanes: Replace the fire extinguisher bottle with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(2) For Model FAN JET FALCON, FAN JET FALCON SERIES C, D, E, F, and G airplanes; and Model MYSTERE–FALCON 20–C5, 20–D5, 20–E5, and 20–F5 airplanes: Replace the fire extinguisher bottle with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.
fire extinguisher bottle with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(3) For Model MYSTERE–FALCON 200 airplanes: Replace the charge indicator cartridge with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(4) For Model MYSTERE–FALCON 200 airplanes: Replace the fire extinguisher bottle with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(j) Retained Replacement of Fire Extinguisher Bottle and Charge Indicator Cartridge. With Revised Method of Compliance Language

This paragraph restates the requirements of paragraph (j) of AD 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014), with revised method of compliance language specified in paragraphs (j)(1), (j)(2), (j)(3), and (j)(4) of this AD. Unless previously accomplished as specified in paragraph (h)(2)(i), (h)(2)(ii), (h)(2)(iii), (h)(2)(iv), (i)(1), (i)(2), (i)(3), or (i)(4) of this AD: Within 60 months after October 20, 2014 (the effective date of AD 2013–26–05), replace any affected fire extinguisher bottle and charge indicator cartridge with a serviceable part, in accordance with the method specified in paragraph (j)(1), (j)(2), (j)(3), or (j)(4) of this AD, as applicable. Replacement of any affected fire extinguisher bottle and charge indicator cartridge with a serviceable part terminates the repetitive actions specified in paragraphs (h) and (i) of this AD.

(1) For Model FAN JET FALCON, FAN JET FALCON SERIES C, D, E, F, and G airplanes; and Model MYSTERE–FALCON 20–C5, 20–D5, 20–E5, and 20–F5 airplanes: Replace the fire extinguisher bottle with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(2) For Model FAN JET FALCON, FAN JET FALCON SERIES C, D, E, F, and G airplanes; and Model MYSTERE–FALCON 20–C5, 20–D5, 20–E5, and 20–F5 airplanes: Replace the fire extinguisher bottle with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(3) For Model MYSTERE–FALCON 200 airplanes: Replace the fire extinguisher bottle with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(4) For Model MYSTERE–FALCON 200 airplanes: Replace the fire extinguisher bottle with a serviceable part, in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA.

(k) Retained Parts Installation Prohibition, With No Changes

This paragraph restates the requirements of paragraph (k) of AD 2013–26–05, Amendment 39–17714 (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014), with no changes. As of October 20, 2014 (the effective date of AD 2013–26–05), no person may install, on any airplane, a fire extinguisher bottle having a part number included in table 1 to the introductory text of paragraph (h) of this AD, fitted with a charge indicator having a manufacturing batch number on the data plate of 168 through 200 inclusive.

(l) Other FAA AD Provisions

The following provisions also apply to this AD:

(1) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs): The Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the International Branch, send it to ATTN: Tom Rodriguez, Aerospace Engineer, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, WA 98057–3356; telephone 425–227–1137; fax 425–227–1149. Information may be emailed to: 9-AMN-116-AMOC-REQUESTS@faa.gov. Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office. The AMOC approval letter must specifically reference this AD.

(2) Contacting the Manufacturer: As of the effective date of this AD, for any requirement in this AD to obtain corrective actions from a manufacturer, the action must be accomplished using a method approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA; or the EASA; or Dassault Aviation’s EASA DOA. If approved by the DOA, the approval must include the DOA-authorized signature.

(m) Related Information


(n) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless this AD specifies otherwise.

(3) The following service information was approved for IBR on October 20, 2014, (79 FR 54897, September 15, 2014).

(i) Dassault Service Bulletin F20–785, also referred to as 785, dated June 11, 2012.


(4) For service information identified in this AD, contact Dassault Falcon Jet, P.O. Box 2000, South Hackensack, NJ 07606; telephone 201–440–6700; Internet http://www.dassaultfalcon.com.

(5) You may view this service information at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, WA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 425–227–1221.

(6) You may view this service information that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on April 9, 2015.

Jeffrey E. Duven.
Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2015–09290 Filed 4–22–15; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

15 CFR Part 744

[Docket No. 150318286–5286–01]

RIN 0964–AG58

Addition of Certain Persons to the Entity List

AGENCY: Bureau of Industry and Security.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule amends the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) by adding eight persons under nine entries to the Entity List. The eight persons who are added to the Entity List have been determined by the U.S. Government to be acting contrary to the national security or foreign policy interests of the United States. These eight persons will be listed on the Entity List under the destinations of China, Iran, Taiwan, and Turkey. There are nine entries for the eight persons because one person is listed in two locations, resulting in an additional entry. Specifically, the additional entry covers one person that is also referred to as one person that will be listed on the Entity List under the destination of Iran and Turkey.

DATE: Effective Date: This rule is effective April 23, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Chair, End-User Review Committee,

Chair, End-User Review Committee,

Board of Industry and Security.

15 CFR Part 744

[Docket No. 150318286–5286–01]

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DATE: Effective Date: This rule is effective April 23, 2015.