randomly selected and tested to ensure that any represented value of water consumption or other measure of water consumption of a basic model for which consumers would favor lower values must be greater than or equal to the higher of:

(i) The mean of the sample, where:

\[
\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i
\]

and, \(x_i\) is the sample; \(n\) is the number of samples; and \(\bar{x}\) is the ith sample; Or,

(ii) The upper 95 percent confidence limit (UCL) of the true mean divided by 1.10, where:

\[
UCL = \bar{x} + t_{0.05} \left( \frac{S}{\sqrt{n}} \right)
\]

and, \(\bar{x}\) is the sample mean; \(s\) is the sample standard deviation; \(n\) is the number of samples; and \(t_{0.05}\) is the t statistic for a 95 percent two-tailed confidence interval with n-1 degrees of freedom (from Appendix A of this subpart).

* * * * *

PART 431—ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAM FOR CERTAIN COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT

3. The authority citation for part 431 continues to read as follows:


4. Section 431.262 is revised to read as follows:

§ 431.262 Definitions.

Basic model means all units of a given type of covered product (or class thereof) manufactured by one manufacturer, having the same primary energy source, and which have essentially identical electrical, physical, and functional (or hydraulic) characteristics that affect energy consumption, energy efficiency, water consumption, or water efficiency.

Commercial prerinse spray valve means a handheld device, containing a normally-closed valve, suitable for use with commercial dishwashing and ware washing equipment for the purpose of removing food residue before cleaning the items.

Normally-closed valve means a valve that opens when an external force is exerted upon it and automatically closes when the external force is removed.

Spray force means the amount of force exerted onto the spray disc, measured in ounce-force (ozf).

§ 431.263 Materials incorporated by reference.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(1) ASTM Standard F2324–13, (replacing “nozzles” with “nozzle”), Standard Test Method for Prerinse Spray Valves approved June 1, 2013; IBR approved as follows: sections: 6.1—6.9, 9.1–9.5.3.2, 10.1—10.2.5, 10.3.1–10.3.8, and 11.3.1 (replacement of “nozzles” with “nozzle”), excluding reference to the Annex, IBR approved for § 431.264.

* * * * *

6. Section 431.264 is revised to read as follows:

§ 431.264 Uniform test method to measure flow rate and spray force of commercial prerinse spray valves.

(a) Scope. This section provides the test procedure to measure the water consumption flow rate and spray force of a commercial prerinse spray valve.

(b) Testing and Calculations—(1) Flow rate. Test a sample unit in accordance with the requirements of sections 6.1 through 6.9 (Apparatus) except 6.4 and 6.7, 9.1 through 9.4 (Preparation of Apparatus), and 10.1 through 10.2.5 (Procedure) and perform calculations in accordance with section 11.3.1 (Calculation and Report) of ASTM F2324–13, (incorporated by reference, see § 431.263). Disregard any references to the Annex. Record flow rate measurements at the resolutions of the test instrumentation. For the sample unit, calculate the mean of the flow rate measurements. Round the final value for flow rate to two decimal places.

(2) Spray force. Test each sample unit in accordance with the test requirements specified in sections 6.2 and 6.4 through 6.9 (Apparatus), 9.1 through 9.5.3.2 (Preparation of Apparatus), and 10.3.1 through 10.3.8 (Procedure) of ASTM F2324–13. Disregard any references to the Annex. Record spray force measurements at the resolution of the test instrumentation. For each sample unit, calculate the mean of the spray force measurements. Round the spray force to one decimal place.

(3) Multiple spray patterns. If a sample unit has multiple spray patterns, for each possible spray pattern:

(i) Measure both the flow rate and spray force according to paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section (including calculating the mean flow rate and spray force for each spray pattern); and

(ii) Record the mean flow rate for each spray pattern, rounded to two decimal places. Record the mean spray force for each spray pattern, rounded to one decimal place.

[BFR Doc. 2015–15376 Filed 6–22–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

10 CFR Part 430


RIN 1904–AD51


ACTION: Notice of public meeting and availability of the Framework Document.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) is initiating this rulemaking and data collection process to consider amending energy conservation standards for fluorescent lamp ballasts. To inform interested parties and to facilitate this process, DOE has prepared a Framework Document that details the analytical approach and scope of coverage for the rulemaking, and identifies several issues on which DOE is particularly interested in receiving comments. DOE will hold a public meeting to discuss and receive comments on its planned analytical approach and issues it will address in this rulemaking proceeding. DOE welcomes written comments and relevant data from the public on any subject within the scope of this rulemaking. A copy of the Framework Document is available at: http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance_standards/rulemaking.aspx?ruleid=110

DATES: Comments: DOE will accept written comments, data, and information regarding the Framework Document before and after the public meeting, but no later than August 7, 2015.

Meeting: DOE will hold a public meeting on Friday, July 17, 2015, from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. in Washington, DC. Additionally, DOE plans to conduct the public meeting via webinar. You may attend the public meeting via webinar, and registration information, participant instructions, and information about the capabilities available to webinar participants, will be published on DOE’s Web site at: http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance_standards/
rulemaking.aspx?ruleid=110. Participants are responsible for ensuring their systems are compatible with the webinar software.

DOE must receive requests to speak at the public meeting before 4:00 p.m., July 6, 2015. DOE must receive an electronic copy of the statement with the name and, if appropriate, the organization of the presenter to be given at the public meeting before 4:00 p.m., July 10, 2015.

ADDRESSES: The public meeting will be held at the U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, Room 6E–089, 1000 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20585–0121. Please note that foreign nationals participating in the public meeting are subject to advance security screening procedures which require advance notice prior to attendance at the public meeting. If a foreign national wishes to participate in the public meeting, please inform DOE as soon as possible by contacting Ms. Regina Washington at (202) 586–1214 or by email: Regina.Washington@ee.doe.gov so that the necessary procedures can be completed. Please note that any person wishing to bring a laptop computer into the Forrestal Building will be required to obtain a property pass. Visitors should avoid bringing laptops, or allow an extra 45 minutes. As noted above, persons may also attend the public meeting via webinar.

Interested parties are encouraged to submit comments electronically. However, comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

- Email: FluorLampBallast2015STD0006@ee.doe.gov. Include docket number EERE–2015–BT–STD–0006 and/or regulatory identification number (RIN) 1904–AD51 in the subject line of the message. All comments should clearly identify the name, address, and, if appropriate, organization of the commenter. Submit electronic comments in WordPerfect, Microsoft Word, PDF, or ASCII file format, and avoid the use of special characters or any form of encryption.

[Please note that comments sent by mail are often delayed and may be damaged by mail screening processes.]


Docket: The docket is available for review at http://www.regulations.gov, and will include Federal Register notices, framework document, notice of proposed rulemaking, public meeting attendee lists and transcripts, comments, and other supporting documents/materials throughout the rulemaking process. The regulations.gov Web page contains simple instructions on how to access all documents, including public comments, in the docket. The docket can be accessed by searching for docket number EERE–2015–BT–STD–0006 on the regulations.gov Web site. All documents in the docket are listed in the www.regulations.gov index. However, not all documents listed in the index may be publicly available, such as information that is exempt from public disclosure.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title III, Part B of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975 (EPCA or the Act), Public Law 94–163, (42 U.S.C. 6291–6309, as codified) sets forth a variety of provisions designed to improve energy efficiency and established the Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products Other Than Automobiles, a program covering major household appliances (collectively referred to as “covered products”). Part C of title III (42 U.S.C. 6311–6317) establishes an energy conservation program for certain industrial and commercial equipment. EPCA authorizes DOE to establish technologically feasible, economically justified energy conservation standards for covered products or equipment that would be likely to result in significant national energy savings. (42 U.S.C. 6295(o)(2)[B][i][I]–(VII))

Additional amendments to EPCA have given DOE the authority to regulate the energy efficiency of several products, including certain fluorescent lamp ballasts—the products that are the subject of this document. Amendments to EPCA in the National Appliance Energy Conservation Amendments of 1988 (NAECA 1988), Public Law 100–357, established energy conservation standards for fluorescent lamp ballasts. (42 U.S.C. 6295[g][5]) These same amendments also required that DOE: (1) Conduct two rulemaking cycles to determine whether these standards should be amended; and (2) for each rulemaking cycle, determine whether the standards in effect for fluorescent lamp ballasts should be amended so that they would be applicable to additional fluorescent lamp ballasts. (42 U.S.C. 6295[g][7][A]–[B]) DOE completed these two rulemaking cycles in 2000 and 2011. 65 FR 56740 (Sept. 19, 2000) and 76 FR 70548 (Nov. 14, 2011).

EPCA mandates that within six years of the publication of the previous final rule, DOE is required to publish either a notice of determination that standards do not need to be amended or a notice of proposed rulemaking including new proposed standards. (42 U.S.C. 6295(m)) This notice and the associated public meeting represent the first step in the process to consider whether to amend energy conservation standards for fluorescent ballasts in that six year review process.

DOE has prepared the Framework Document to explain the relevant issues, analyses, and processes it anticipates

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For editorial reasons, upon codification in the U.S. Code, Part B was redesignated Part A.

All references to EPCA in this document refer to the statute as amended through the American Energy Manufacturing Technical Corrections Act (AEMTCA), Public Law 112–210 (Dec. 10, 2012).
SUMMARY: DOE is planning to conduct in-depth technical analyses in the following areas: (1) Engineering; (2) energy use; (3) product price; (4) life-cycle cost and payback period; (5) national impacts; (6) manufacturer impacts; (7) emission impacts; (8) utility impacts; (9) employment impacts; and (10) regulatory impacts. DOE will also conduct several other analyses that support those previously listed, including the market and technology assessment, the screening analysis (which contributes to the engineering analysis), and the shipments analysis (which contributes to the national impact analysis).


After the public meeting and the close of the comment period on the Framework Document, DOE will collect data, conduct the analyses as discussed in the Framework Document and at the public meeting, and review the public comments it receives.

DOE considers public participation to be a very important part of the process for determining whether to establish or amend energy conservation standards and, if so, in setting those new or amended standards. DOE actively encourages the participation and interaction of the public during the comment period at each stage of the rulemaking process. Beginning with the Framework Document, and during each subsequent public meeting and comment period, interactions with and among members of the public provide a balanced discussion of the issues to assist DOE in the standards rulemaking process. Accordingly, anyone who wishes to participate in the public meeting, receive meeting materials, or be added to the DOE mailing list to receive future notices and information about this rulemaking should contact Ms. Brenda Edwards at (202) 586–2945, or via email at Brenda.Edwards@ee.doe.gov.

Issued in Washington, DC, on June 17, 2015.

Kathleen B. Hogan,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Energy Efficiency, Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy.

[BFR Doc. 2015–15383 Filed 6–22–15; 8:45 am]

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FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

12 CFR Parts 607, 614, 615, 620 and 628

RIN 3052–AC81

Regulatory Capital Rules: Regulatory Capital, Implementation of Tier 1/Tier 2 Framework

AGENCY: Farm Credit Administration.

ACTION: Proposed rule; reopening of comment period.

SUMMARY: The Farm Credit Administration (FCA or we) is reopening the comment period on the proposed rule that would revise our regulatory capital requirements for Farm Credit System (System) institutions to include tier 1 and tier 2 risk-based capital ratio requirements, a tier 1 leverage requirement, a capital conservation buffer, revised risk weightings, and additional public disclosure requirements.

DATES: You may send us comments from June 26, 2015, through July 10, 2015.

ADDRESSES: For accuracy and efficiency reasons, please submit comments by email or through the FCA’s Web site. We do not accept comments submitted by facsimile (fax), as faxes are difficult for us to process in compliance with section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act. Please do not submit your comment multiple times via different methods. You may submit comments by any of the following methods:

• Email: Send us an email at reg-commit@fca.gov.
  • FCA Web site: http://www.fca.gov. Select “Public Commenters,” then “Public Comments,” and follow the directions for “Submitting a Comment.”
  • Federal eRulemaking Portal: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
  • Mail: Barry F. Mardock, Deputy Director, Office of Regulatory Policy, Farm Credit Administration, 1501 Farm Credit Drive, McLean, VA 22102–5090.

You may review copies of all comments we receive at our office in McLean, Virginia, or from our Web site at http://www.fca.gov. Once you are in the Web site, select “Public Commenters,” then “Public Comments,” and follow the directions for “Reading Submitted Public Comments.” We will show your comments as submitted, but for technical reasons we may omit items such as logos and special characters. Identifying information you provide, such as phone numbers and addresses, will be publicly available. However, we will attempt to remove email addresses to help reduce Internet spam.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: J.C. Floyd, Associate Director, Finance and Capital Markets Team, Office of Regulatory Policy, Farm Credit Administration, McLean, VA 22102–5090, (720) 213–0924, TTY (703) 883–4056; or Rebecca S. Orlich, Senior Counsel, or Jennifer A. Cohn, Senior Counsel, Office of General Counsel, Farm Credit Administration, McLean, VA 22102–5090, (703) 883–4020, TTY (703) 883–4056.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On September 4, 2014, FCA published a proposed rule to revise our regulatory capital requirements for Farm Credit System (System) institutions to establish tier 1/tier 2 risk-based capital ratio requirements (replacing core surplus and total surplus ratios), a tier 1