and obviates the need for Rule 970.1."  

Other information or data may also be helpful for the Commission’s consideration of the proposed rule change. Without sufficient supporting data and analysis, the Commission is not able to adequately assess the impact of NYSE MKT’s proposed rule change to eliminate its quote mitigation plan and make a determination that the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act.

Given the limitations in the data provided by NYSE MKT, as described above, the Commission cannot find a sufficient basis to conclude that the proposal is consistent with the Act. The Commission notes, however, that the Penny Pilots for each of the options exchanges are anticipated to be extended for an additional year, until June 30, 2016. In connection with any future requests to extend the Penny Pilots after that date, the Commission intends to require each exchange to submit detailed information to allow for permanent approval or disapproval by the Commission. Such proposals should, among other things, provide detailed data and analysis to support the efficacy, or any proposed modification or elimination, of any exchanges’ quote mitigation plan.

For the foregoing reasons, the Commission does not believe that NYSE MKT has met its burden to demonstrate that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, including that the rules of an exchange be designed to promote just and equitable rules of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

IV. Conclusion

For the reasons set forth above, the Commission does not believe that NYSE MKT has met its burden to demonstrate that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to a national securities exchange, and in particular, section 6(b)(5) of the Act. It is therefore ordered, pursuant to section 19(b)(2) of the Act, that the proposed rule change (SR-NYSEMKT-2014-86) be, and hereby is, disapproved.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.

Brent J. Fields, Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015–15340 Filed 6–22–15; 8:45 am]

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SEcurities AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–75192; File No. 4–668]


June 17, 2015.

I. Introduction


For the Consolidated Audit Trail (“Selection Plan”). Amendment No. 1 was published for comment in the Federal Register on February 11, 2015. The Commission received one comment letter and the SROs submitted a response to that comment letter. This order approves Amendment No. 1 to the Selection Plan.

II. Background and Description of the Proposal

A. Background

On July 11, 2012, the Commission adopted Rule 613 to require the SROs to jointly submit an NMS plan to create, implement, and maintain a consolidated audit trail (“CAT NMS Plan”). In response, the SROs engaged in a request for proposal (“RFP”) process to help them develop an NMS plan proposal and to solicit bids (“Bids”) for the role of Plan Processor to build, operate, administer, and maintain the consolidated audit trail. The Selection Plan, which was approved by the Commission on February 21, 2014, sets forth the process by which the Participants will review, evaluate, and narrow down the Bids, and ultimately select the Plan Processor, following Commission approval of the CAT NMS Plan. Currently, the Participants have narrowed the universe of Bids received to a set of six “Shortlisted Bidders.” Under the Selection Plan, a Shortlisted Bidder is only eligible to revise its Bid following Commission approval of the CAT NMS Plan and approval of a majority of the Selection Committee. Additionally, the Participants are not permitted to narrow the set of

64 See Notice, supra note 3, at 63010.
65 In reviewing the quote mitigation plans in this manner, the Commission would be able to consider the market-wide impact of any proposed modification to or elimination of an exchange’s quote mitigation practices.
69 17 CFR 242.608.
70 See Notice of Amendment No. 1, supra note 4, at 7655.
71 See id. at 11154. The Selection Committee is composed of one senior officer from each SRO and is charged with evaluating the Bids and selecting the Plan Processor. Id. at 11153.
Shortlisted Bidders prior to approval of the CAT NMS Plan, but must proceed with selection of the CAT Plan Processor from among the Shortlisted Bidders in a two-round voting process.12

As described in more detail below, Amendment No. 1 would revise the Selection Plan to allow the SROs to accept revised Bids prior to Commission approval of the CAT NMS Plan and allow the SROs to narrow the list of Shortlisted Bids prior to Commission approval of the CAT NMS Plan. The SROs believe that providing the Shortlisted Bidders with an additional opportunity (or opportunities) to revise their Bids prior to the approval of the CAT NMS Plan is critical to the timely and considered selection of the CAT Plan Processor, and more importantly, the adherence to the other timelines for the CAT NMS Plan set forth in Rule 613(a).13 The SROs state that since the time the Bidders submitted their Bids, the SROs have gathered and evaluated data and information from a variety of market participants, including Bidders, broker-dealers, vendors, regulators and others, and have made progress in developing an optimal solution and formalizing the solution in the proposed CAT NMS Plan and related technical documents.14 Given these developments, the SROs believe that Bidders should be permitted to revise their Bids using the new information provided in the proposed CAT NMS Plan and technical documents prior to approval of the CAT NMS Plan.15 The SROs also state that given the passage of time since the Bids were submitted, Bidders have indicated that new technological and other beneficial solutions are now available that may further improve the Bids, and, ultimately, the proposed solutions.16

The SROs also explain that given the large amount of information they expect will be included in any revised Bids and the importance of appropriately analyzing such information, the SROs do not believe that two months will be sufficient to select the CAT Plan Processor from as many as six Shortlisted Bidders.17 However, the SROs believe that if the existing Shortlisted Bidders were able to revise their Bids, including the option to reflect any new technology or other relevant developments, the SROs could further narrow the list of Shortlisted Bidders to better facilitate the ultimate selection of the CAT Plan Processor within the time limits imposed by Rule 613 in an appropriately thoughtful and deliberative manner.18

B. Description of the Proposal

The SROs propose to amend the Selection Plan to permit the Shortlisted Bidders to revise their Bids one or more times prior to Commission approval of the CAT NMS Plan if the Selection Committee determines, by majority vote, subject to the applicable recusal provisions, that such revisions are necessary and appropriate.19 Amendment No. 1 would not affect section VI.(D) of the Selection Plan, which states that, following approval of the CAT NMS Plan by the Commission, Shortlisted Bidders for the role of Plan Processor may be permitted to revise their Bids only upon approval by a majority of the Selection Committee, subject to certain recusal provisions in the Selection Plan.20

In Amendment No. 1, the Participants also propose to provide the Selection Committee discretion to narrow the set of Shortlisted Bids prior to Commission approval of the CAT NMS Plan. Specifically, Amendment No. 1 would authorize an additional round of voting21 to narrow the number of Shortlisted Bids, currently six, down to as few as three Bids. This round of voting, which could occur either before or after any revisions to Shortlisted Bids are accepted, would commence upon at least a two-thirds vote of the Selection Committee, and would proceed in a manner similar to the initial round of voting for determining the Shortlisted Bids.22 Proposed Amendment No. 1 includes a recusal provision providing that no SRO shall vote in the process narrowing the set of Shortlisted Bidders if a Bid submitted by or including the SRO or an Affiliate of the SRO is a Shortlisted Bid.23

III. Summary of Comment Letter and Response

As noted above, the Commission received one comment letter from FIF. FIF, on behalf of its Consolidated Audit Trail Working Group, supports Amendment No. 1 but offers two recommendations.24 First, FIF recommends, in the interest of efficiency, that the Participants narrow the list of Bidders before any revision of Bids takes place. FIF believes that in view of the substantial efforts already undertaken by the Participants, there should be sufficient information for the Participants to take action and narrow the list of Bidders. FIF argues that it is unnecessary to require all six of the current Shortlisted Bidders to revise their Bids. Further, FIF argues that narrowing the list of Bidders prior to permitting the revision of Bids would reduce the amount of effort the SROs would need to expend in reviewing the revised Bids.

Second, FIF recommends that once the Participants further narrow the list of Shortlisted Bidders, each of the remaining Bidders should receive detailed information on Order Audit Trail System (“OATS”), electronic blue sheets (“EBS”), and Large Trader so that Bidders can consider all of the required functionality to retire these systems in preparing their revised Bids. FIF notes that the retirement of these systems is critical to managing the cost of CAT’s implementation, and additional information concerning the functionality required to retire these systems would aid in revising Bids. FIF believes that understanding the precise functional requirements for retiring OATS is critical and imperative for a level playing field among Bidders.

The SROs considered FIF’s recommendations, but declined to propose modifications to the Amendment.25 With regard to FIF’s suggestion that the SROs narrow the list of Bidders before allowing any revisions to the Bids, the SROs state that one of the main purposes of the Amendment is to provide greater flexibility to the SROs to narrow the list of Bidders.26 The SROs, however, note that they recognize the value of a streamlined process for all

12 See id. at 11154.
13 See Notice of Amendment No. 1, supra note 4, at 7655.
14 Id.
15 Id.
16 Id.
17 Id.
18 Id.
19 Id.
20 See Order Approving Selection Plan, supra note 3, at 11154.
21 This additional narrowing round would occur prior to the two-round voting process for selection of the CAT Plan Processor under Section VI.(E) of the Selection Plan. See id.
22 See Notice of Amendment No. 1, supra note 4, at 7655, 57. In voting to narrow the list of Shortlisted Bids, the voting representative from each SRO would choose a first, second, and third choice of Shortlisted Bid, with each choice receiving a weight of, respectively, three points, two points, and one point. The three Bids receiving the highest cumulative number of points would constitute the new set of Shortlisted Bids. The Amendment also provides for a tie-breaking process, which could result in more than three Shortlisted Bids continuing in the process for selection of the CAT Plan Processor.
23 See id. The SROs have also submitted, and the Commission is currently considering, a second proposed amendment to the Selection Plan extending this recusal requirement to all selection voting rounds. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 75193 (June 17, 2015).
24 See FIF Letter, supra note 5.
25 See SRO Response Letter, supra note 6, at 3.
26 Id. at 2.
IV. Discussion

After careful review of Amendment No. 1, the comment received, and the SROs’ response, the Commission finds that Amendment No. 1 is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors and the maintenance of fair and orderly markets, and to remove impediments to, and perfect the mechanisms of, a national market system. The Commission believes Amendment No. 1 would provide the SROs with additional flexibility with respect to the process of reviewing Shortlisted Bids and selecting the CAT Plan Processor. Such additional flexibility is aimed at allowing the SROs to be more efficient in selecting the CAT Plan Processor, which is particularly important given additional deadlines contained in Rule 613(a)(3).[28] The Commission believes that the SROs’ explanation that they prefer to retain flexibility in the process to select the Plan Processor, without any additional conditions or restrictions, in response to FIF’s suggestion that they narrow the list of Bidders before allowing Bidders to revise their Bids, is reasonable. Permitting the SROs to accept revised Bids prior to Commission approval of the CAT NMS Plan, and to narrow the number of Shortlisted Bids prior to Commission approval of the CAT NMS Plan,[29] will allow the SROs to position themselves to avoid any delays in selecting the CAT Plan Processor,[30] thus removing any impediments to meeting the additional deadlines set forth in Rule 613(a)(3).[31]

Regarding FIF’s recommendation that, prior to any Bid revisions, the SROs provide Bidders with detailed functional requirements concerning OATS, EBS, and Large Trader to facilitate retirement of those systems, the Commission notes that the SROs’ Response Letter outlines the steps taken to date by the SROs to furnish pertinent information to assist in eliminating redundant systems and contains commitments to supplement that material in the future as outlined in the CAT NMS Plan.

IV. Conclusion

For the reasons discussed above, the Commission finds that Amendment No. 1 is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors and the maintenance of fair and orderly markets, and to remove impediments to, and perfect the mechanisms of, a national market system, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

It is therefore ordered, pursuant to section 11A of the Act,[32] and the rules thereunder, that Amendment No. 1 to the Selection Plan be, and it hereby is, approved.

By the Commission.

Brent J. Fields,
Secretary.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Extension: Form N–5; OMB Control No. 3235–0169, SEC File No. 270–172]

Submission for OMB Review;
Comment Request

Upon Written Request, Copy Available

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (“OMB”) a request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Form N–5 (17 CFR 239.24 and 274.5) is the form used by small business investment companies (“SBICs”) to register their securities under the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) (“Securities Act”) and the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–1 et seq.) (“Investment Company Act”). Form N–5 is the registration statement form adopted by the Commission for use by an SBIC that has been licensed as such under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 and which has received the preliminary approval of the Small Business Administration (“SBA”) and has been notified by the SBA that the company may submit a license application Form N–5 is an integrated registration form and may be used as the registration statement under both the Securities Act and the Investment Company Act. The purpose of Form N–5 is to meet the filing and disclosure requirements of both the Securities Act and Investment Company Act, and to provide investors with information sufficient to evaluate an investment in an SBIC. The information that is required to be filed with the Commission permits verification of compliance with securities law requirements and assures the public availability and dissemination of the information.

The Commission has received one filing on Form N–5 in the last three years, and we therefore estimate that SBICs will file about 0.333 filings on Form N–5 per year. The currently approved burden of Form N–5 is 352 hours per response. Therefore, the number of currently approved aggregate burden hours, when calculated using the current estimate for number of filings is about 117 hours per year. The currently approved cost burden of Form...