Throughout the year, the BLM monitors and adjusts the fee schedule based on the number of visitors and the costs associated with providing services. The fee schedule is updated to reflect any changes in the number of visitors, the level of service provided, or changes in the cost of providing services. The fee schedule is available for download at the BLM’s website or by contacting the Monticello Field Office directly.

In conclusion, the BLM is committed to providing quality recreation opportunities while protecting public health and safety. The fee program helps to support the development and maintenance of recreation facilities, ensuring that visitors can enjoy the natural beauty of the Monticello Field Office area.

Source: Monticello Field Office, BLM-Interior.
opportunity to make recommendations regarding establishment of such fees. The REA also directed the Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture to publish advance notice in the Federal Register whenever new recreation fee areas are established under their respective jurisdictions. In accordance with the BLM recreation fee program policy, the Monticello Field Office’s draft Business Plan for BLM Monticello Field Office Campgrounds explains the proposal to collect fees at the four developed camping areas, the fee collection process, and how the fees will be used at the four developed camping areas. The BLM will provide the public with an opportunity to review and comment on the draft Business Plan for a minimum of 30 days prior to presenting the fee proposal for Utah RRAC review. The BLM will notify and involve the public at each stage of the planning process, including the proposal to collect fees. The Utah RRAC will review the fee proposals at its next meeting, following REA guidelines. Fee amounts will be posted on-site, on the BLM-Monticello Field Office Web site, and at the Monticello Field Office. Copies of the business plan will be available at the Monticello Field Office and the BLM-Utah State Office.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 6803(b).

Jenna Whitlock, Acting State Director.

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BILLING CODE 4310–00–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731–TA–282 (Fourth Review)]

Petroleum Wax Candles from China; Institution of a Five-Year Review


ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice that it has instituted a review pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), as amended, to determine whether revocation of the antidumping duty order on petroleum wax candles from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury. Pursuant to the Act, interested parties are requested to respond to this notice by submitting the information specified below to the Commission;1 to be assured of consideration, the deadline for responses is December 31, 2015. Comments on the adequacy of responses may be filed with the Commission by February 12, 2016.

DATES: Effective Date: December 1, 2015.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background. On August 28, 1986, the Department of Commerce issued an antidumping duty order on imports of petroleum wax candles from China (51 FR 30686). Following first five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective September 23, 1999, Commerce issued a continuation of the antidumping duty order on imports of petroleum wax candles from China (64 FR 51514). Following second five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective August 10, 2005, Commerce issued a second continuation of the antidumping duty order on imports of petroleum wax candles from China (70 FR 56890, September 29, 2005). Following the third five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective January 6, 2011, Commerce issued a third continuation of the antidumping duty order on imports of petroleum wax candles from China (76 FR 7773). The Commission is now conducting a fourth review pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)), to determine whether revocation of the order would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. Provisions concerning the conduct of this proceeding may be found in the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure at 19 CFR parts 201, Subparts A and B and 19 CFR part 207, subparts A and F. The Commission will assess the adequacy of interested party responses to this notice of institution to determine whether to conduct a full review or an expedited review. The Commission’s determination in any expedited review will be based on the facts available, which may include information provided in response to this notice.

Definitions. The following definitions apply to this review:

(1) Subject Merchandise is the class or kind of merchandise that is within the scope of the five-year review, as defined by the Department of Commerce.

(2) The Subject Country is China.

(3) The Domestic Like Product is the domestically produced product or products which are like, or in the absence of like, most similar in characteristics and uses with, the Subject Merchandise. In its original determination and its expedited first five-year review determination, the Commission defined the Domestic Like Product as petroleum wax candles. In its full second five-year review determination and its expedited third five-year review determination, the domestic industry as producers of petroleum wax candles. In its full second five-year review determination and its expedited third five-year review determination, the Commission defined the Domestic Like Product as candles with fiber or paper-cored wicks and containing any amount of petroleum wax, except for candles containing more than 50 percent beeswax.

(4) The Domestic Industry is the U.S. producers as a whole of the Domestic Like Product, or those producers whose collective output of the Domestic Like Product constitutes a major proportion of the total domestic production of the product. In its original determination and its expedited first five-year review determination, the Commission defined the Domestic Industry as consisting of all domestic producers of candles with fiber or paper-cored wicks and containing petroleum wax, except for candles that contain more than 50 percent beeswax.

(5) An Importer is any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing the Subject Merchandise into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Participation in the proceeding and public service list. Persons, including

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1 No response to this request for information is required if a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) number is not displayed; the