oral comments, or request special accommodations for persons with disabilities, please register on-line at: http://nac.samhsa.gov/Registration/meetingsRegistration.aspx, or communicate by contacting the CMHS National Advisory Council Designated Federal Official, Ms. Deborah DeMasse-Snell (see contact information below).

Committee Name: SAMHSA’s Center for Mental Health Services National Advisory Council.

Date/Time/Type: February 24, 2016; 9:00 a.m.—5:00 p.m., OPEN.

Place: SAMHSA Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Conference Room 5E29, Rockville, Maryland 20857.

Contact: Deborah DeMasse-Snell, M.A. (Than), Designated Federal Official, SAMHSA CMHS National Advisory Council, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 14E53C, Rockville, Maryland 20857, Telephone: (240) 276-1861, Fax: (240) 276-1850, Email: Deborah.DeMasse-Snell@samhsa.hhs.gov.

Summer King, Statistician, SAMHSA.

[FR Doc. 2015–32922 Filed 12–30–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4162–20–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT


Privacy Act of 1974; Systems of Records—Republication of HUD’s Routine Use Inventory Notice

AGENCY: Office of Administration, HUD.

ACTION: Routine Use Inventory republication.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), notice is hereby given that the Department of Housing and Urban Development proposes to update and combine into one notice its Routine Use Inventory notice published in the Federal Register on July 17, 2012 and supplements prior instances translated by former systems of records. The substantive changes being made to this proposal shall become effective February 1, 2016, unless comments are received on or before that date that would result in a contrary determination.

DATES: Effective date: The substantive changes being made to this proposal shall become effective February 1, 2016, unless comments are received on or before that date that would result in a contrary determination.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding the amended routine use statements or notice update to the Rules Docket Clerk, Office of General Counsel, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street SW., Room 10276, Washington, DC 20410–0500. Communications should refer to the above docket number and title. Faxed comments are not acceptable. A copy of each communication submitted will be available for public inspection and copying between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. weekdays at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Frieda B. Edwards, Acting Chief Privacy Officer, 451 Seventh Street SW., Room 10139, Washington, DC 20410, telephone number 202–402–4254 (this is not a toll-free number). Individuals who are hearing- and speech-impaired may access this number via TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service telephone number at 800–877–8339 (this is a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION: The Department’s Routine Use Inventory describes disclosure requirements commonly used by more than one of the Department’s systems of records. This amendment modifies routine uses (10) and (14), under the original notice. Routine use (10) stated that records could be disclosed “To other Federal agencies or non-Federal entities, including but not limited to, state and local government entities with whom HUD has a contract, service agreement, grant, cooperative agreement, or computer matching agreement to assist such agencies with preventing and detecting improper payments, or fraud, or abuse in major programs administered by the Federal Government, or abuse by individuals in their operations and programs, but only to the extent that the information is necessary and relevant to preventing improper payments for services rendered under a particular Federal or non-federal benefits programs of HUD or any of their components to verify pre-award and pre-payment requirements prior to the release of Federal funds.” Routine use (14) stated that records could be disclosed “To a court, magistrate, administrative tribunal in the course of presenting evidence, including disclosures to opposing counsel or witnesses in the course of civil discovery, litigation, mediation, or settlement negotiations or in connection with criminal law proceedings or in response to a subpoena or to a prosecution request when such records to be released are specifically approved by a court provided order.”

Subsequently, these routine use conditions precisely specified that records could only be disclosed for purposes relevant to a HUD specific program, or to a specific set of individuals or entities, limiting the Department’s ability to respond to and share its records as warranted.

Accordingly, this notice corrects these misrepresentations and amends the routine use conditions under the original publication. The amended routine use conditions appear under this revised notice proposal at heading (6) entitled “Prevention of Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Disclosure Routine Use” and heading (11) entitled, “Disclosures for Law Enforcement Investigations Routine Uses.” Further, the Department implements minor editorial changes to simplify and implement administrative changes needed to keep published information in an up-to-date format that is easier to understand and use.

Title 5 U.S.C. 552a, as amended (e)(r) and (11) requires that the public be afforded a 30-day period in which to comment on any use of information by this notice and requires published notice of the existence and characters of the systems of records impacted by this change. The new system report, as required by 5 U.S.C. 552a(r) of the Privacy Act, was submitted to the United States Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) pursuant to paragraph 4c of Appendix I to OMB Circular No. A–130, Federal Agency Responsibilities for Maintaining Records about Individuals, dated June 25, 1993 (58 FR 36075, July 2, 1993). The Department permits disclosure(s) from its systems of records to be made from its systems of records to such agencies, entities, and persons in the following instances, when authorized by statute, to assist in
HUD Systems of Records, by Title, That Contain Personally Identifiable Information (PII)

- Government National Mortgage Association Registry of Foreclosure Attorneys
- Mortgage-Backed Securities Unclaimed Funds System
- Master Subservicer System
- Enterprise-Wide Operational Data Store
- HUD Central Accounting and Program System
- Personal Services Cost Reporting Subsystem
- Financial Data Mart
- Line of Credit Control System
- moveLINQS
- Home Equity Reverse Mortgage Information Technology
- HUD Integrated Acquisition Management System
- Equal Employment Management Information System
- Relocation Files
- Office of General Counsel Electronic Discovery Management System
- HUD Enforcement Management System
- Property Improvement and Manufactured [Mobile] Home Loan Default
- Real Estate Management/Integrated Real Estate Management System
- Single Family Construction Complaints Files
- Architects and Engineers
- Property Disposition Files
- Consumer Complaint Handling System
- Telephone Numbers of HUD Officials
- Claims Collection Records
- Housing Compliance Files
- Single Family Computerized Homes Underwriting Management System
- Single Family Section 518 Files [Constructed complaints]
- Tenant Housing Assistance and Contract Verification Data
- Property Management Records
- Congregate Housing Services Program Data Files
- Single Family Insurance System
- Application Submission and Processing System
- Single Family Acquired Asset Management System
- Single Family Neighborhood Watch Early Warning System
- Identity Management System
- Asset Disposition and Management System
- Lender Electronic Assessment Portal (LEAP)
- Single Family Housing Enterprise Data Warehouse
- Fee Inspectors and Appraisers and Mortgage Credit Examiners
- Loan Application Management System
- OIG Giglio Information Files
- Independent Auditor Monitoring Files
- Auto Audit
- Hotline Information Subsystem
- Investigative Files Subsystem
- Training Information System (TRAI)
- Personnel Travel System
- Auto Investigation and Case Management Information Subsystem
- Accidents, Employees and/or Government Vehicles
- Veterans Homelessness Preventive Demonstration Evaluation Data Files System
- Real Estate Settlement Cost Research Files
- Section 8 Program Research Data Files
- Housing Counseling Research Data Files
- Training Announcement, Nomination, and Confirmation System
- Personal Security Files
- Grievance Records
- Pay and Leave Records of Employees
- Previous Participation Review System and Active Partners Performance System Previous Participation Files
- Single Family Insurance CLAIMS Subsystem
- Single Family Mortgage Notes Recovery Technology System
- Housing Counseling System/Client Activity Reporting System
- Debt Collection Asset Management
- Distributive Shares and Refund System
- Ideas Program Case Files
- Intergovernmental Personnel Act Assignment Records
- Single Family Mortgage Notes Recovery Technology System
- Nonprofit Data Management System (NPDMS)
- Grants Interface Management System
- Development Application Processing System
- Single Family Default Monitoring System
- Pay and Leave Records of Employees
- Relocation Assistance Files
- Parking Permit Application Files
- Telephone Numbers of HUD Officials
- Computerized Homes Underwriting Management System
- Employee Counseling and Occupational Health Records
- HUD Government Motor Vehicle Operators Records
- HUD Employee Locator Files
- Government Property on Personal Charge Files
- Executive Emergency Cascade Alerting System
- Priority Consideration/Special Reassignment Files
- Long Distance Telephone Call Detail System
- Security Clearance Information System
- Correspondence Tracking System

Accordingly, the Department’s Routine Use Inventory includes routine use statements implemented at the Department level for instances that may be utilized by more than one of the Department’s systems of records referenced in the aforementioned list. In addition, the text of many of these routine uses model best practices that have already been adopted by several agencies, including the Department of Justice.

In addition to the disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b), and the routine uses specifically described in each system of records notice, information in the systems of records maintained by the Department may be disclosed pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as described below under Appendix I, provided that no routine use specified herein shall be construed to limit or waive any other routine use or exemption specified in the text of the individual system of records notice.

Further, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2), records in the systems of records, referenced by the above titles, and any others that reflect records designated as exempt from the requirements of subsections (c)(3); (d); (e)(1); (e)(4); (G), (H), and (I); and/or (f) of 5 U.S.C. 552a under a promulgated rule, or those that are restricted from release by statutory or regulatory requirements, are prohibited from disclosure (which shall apply only if those exemptions have been established in the records system notice for the particular system).


Patricia A. Hoban-Moore
Senior Agency Official for Privacy.

Appendix I—Notice No.: ADMIN/ AHFDC.01

HUSD’s Routine Use Inventory Notice

Identifies authorized disclosures applicable to one or more of the Department’s Privacy Act system of records notices. The Privacy Act allows HUD to disclose records from its systems of records, from the following headings (1)–(13), to appropriate agencies, entities, and persons, when the records being disclosed are compatible with the purpose for which the system was developed. The routine use statements specified in this notice shall not be used to construe, limit, or waive any other routine
use condition or exemption specified in the
text of an individual system of records, and
can overlap in some cases. The routine use
statements and their conditions for
disclosure are categorized below.

(1) General Service Administration
Information Disclosures Routine Use:
To the National Archives and Records
Administration (NARA) and the General
Services Administration (GSA) for records
having sufficient historical or other value to
warrant its continued preservation by the
United States Government, or for inspection
under authority of Title 44, Chapter 29, of the
United States Code.

(2) Congressional Inquiries Disclosure
Routine Use:
To a congressional office from the record
of an individual, in response to an inquiry
from the congressional office made at the
request of that individual.

(3) Health and Safety Prevention
Disclosure Routine Use:
To appropriate Federal, State, and local
governments, or persons, pursuant to a
showing of compelling circumstances
affecting the health or safety or vital interest
of an individual or data subject, including
assisting such agencies or organizations in
preventing the exposure to or transmission of
a communicable or quarantinable disease, or
to combat other significant public health
threats, if upon such disclosure appropriate
notice was transmitted to the last known
address of such individual to identify the
health threat or risk.

(4) Consumer Reporting Agency Disclosure
Routine Use:
To a consumer reporting agency, when
trying to collect a claim owed on behalf of
the Government, in accordance with 31
U.S.C. 3711(e).

(5) Computer Matching Program Disclosure
Routine Use:
To Federal, State, and local agencies, their
employees, and agents for the purpose of
directed to an agency function related to a
program operations and performance.

(7) Research and Statistical Analysis
Disclosure Routine Uses:
(a) To contractors, grantees, experts,
consultants, Federal agencies, and non-
Federal entities, including, but not limited to,
State and local governments and other
research institutions, their parties, and
entities and their agents with whom HUD has
a contract, service agreement, grant, or
cooperative agreement, when necessary to
accomplish an agency function, related to a
system of records, for the purposes of
statistical analysis and research, in support of
program operations, management,
performance monitoring, evaluation, risk
management, and policy development, or to
otherwise support the Department’s mission.
Records under this routine use may not be
used in whole or in part to make decisions
that affect the rights, benefits, or privileges
of specific individuals. The results of the
matched information may not be disclosed in
identifiable form.
(b) To a recipient who has provided the
agency with a written assurance that the record
provided from the system of records will be used solely for
statistical research or reporting purposes.
Records under this condition will be
disclosed or transferred in a form that does
not identify an individual.

(8) Information Sharing Environment Disclosure
Routine Uses:
To contractors, grantees, experts,
consultants and their agents, or others
performing or working under a contract,
service, grant, or cooperative agreement with
HUD, when necessary to accomplish an
agency function related to a system of
records. Disclosure requirements are limited to
only those data elements considered
relevant to accomplishing an agency
function. Individuals provided information
under these routine use conditions are
subject to Privacy Act requirements and
disclosure limitations imposed on the
Department.

(9) Data Testing for Technology
Implementation Disclosure Routine Use:
To research consultants with whom HUD has a contract, service
agreement, or other assignment of the
Department, when necessary to utilize
relevant data for the purpose of testing
new technology and systems designed to enhance
program operations and performance.

(10) Data Breach Remediation Purposes
Routine Use:
To appropriate agencies, entities, and
customers when:
(a) HUD suspects or has confirmed that the
security or confidentiality of information in
a system of records has been compromised;
(b) HUD has determined that as a result of
the suspected or confirmed compromise
there is a risk of harm to economic or
property interests, identity theft, or fraud, or
harm to the security or integrity of systems or
programs (whether maintained by HUD or
another agency or entity) that rely upon the
compromised information; and
(c) The disclosure made to such agencies,
entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to
assist in connection with HUD’s efforts to
respond to the suspected or confirmed
compromise and prevent, minimize, or
remedy such harm for purposes of facilitating
responses and remediation efforts in the
event of a data breach.

When appropriate, HUD may disclose
records compatible to one of its system of
records notices during case specific
circumstances, as follows: information
relating to, but not in and of itself
constituting, law enforcement information, as
defined below, may only be disclosed upon
a showing by the requestor that the
information is pertinent to the conduct of
investigation.

(11) Disclosures for Law Enforcement
Investigations Routine Uses:
(a) To appropriate Federal, State, local,
tribal, or governmental agencies or
multilateral governmental organizations
responsible for investigating or prosecuting
the violations of, or for enforcing or
implementing, a statute, rule, regulation,
order, or license, where HUD determines that
the information would assist in the
enforcement of civil or criminal laws.
(b) To appropriate Federal, State, local,
tribal, or governmental agencies or
multilateral governmental organizations
responsible for investigating or prosecuting
the violations of, or for enforcing or
implementing, a statute, rule, regulation,
order, or license, where HUD determines that
the information would assist in the
enforcement of civil or criminal laws.

(12) Court or Law Enforcement Proceedings
Disclosure Routine Uses:
(a) To a court, magistrate, administrative
tribunal, or arbitrator in the course of
presenting evidence, including disclosures to
opposing counsel or witnesses in the course of
civil discovery, litigation, mediation, or
settlement negotiations; or in connection with
criminal law proceedings; or in
response to a subpoena or to a prosecution
request when such records to be released are
specifically approved by a court provided
order.
(b) To appropriate Federal, State, local,
tribal, or governmental agencies or
multilateral governmental organizations
responsible for investigating or prosecuting
the violations of, or for enforcing or
implementing, a statute, rule, regulation,
order, or license, where HUD determines that
the information would assist in the
enforcement of civil or criminal laws.
(c) To third parties during the course of
a law enforcement investigation to the extent
necessary to obtain information pertinent to
the investigation, provided disclosure of
such information is appropriate to the proper
performance of the official duties of the
officer making the disclosure.
(d) To another agency or to an
instrumentality of any governmental
jurisdiction within or under the control of
the United States for a civil or criminal law
enforcement activity if the activity is
authorized by law, and if the head of the
agency or instrumentality has made a written
request to the agency that maintains the
record, specifying the particular portion
desired and the law enforcement activity for
which the record is sought.

(13) Department of Justice for
Litigation Disclosure Routine Use:
To the Department of Justice (DOJ) when
seeking legal advice for a HUD initiative or
in response to DOJ’s request for the
information, after either HUD or DOJ determine that such information is relevant to DOJ’s representatives of the United States or any other components in legal proceedings before a court or adjudicative body, provided that, in each case, the agency also determines prior to disclosure that disclosure of the records to DOJ is a use of the information contained in the records that is compatible with the purpose for which HUD collected the records. HUD on its own may disclose records in this system of records in legal proceedings before a court or administrative body after determining that the disclosure of the records to the court or administrative body is a use of the information contained in the records that is compatible with the purpose for which HUD collected the records.

[FR Doc. 2015–32964 Filed 12–30–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210–67–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR–5173–N–07]

Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing Assessment Tool: Announcement of Final Approved Document

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the Assessment Tool developed by HUD for use by local governments that receive Community Development Block Grants (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG), or Housing for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) formula funding from HUD when conducting and submitting their own Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH). The Assessment Tool will also be used for AFHs conducted by joint and regional collaborations between: (1) Such local governments; (2) one or more such local governments with one or more public housing agency (PHA) partners; and (3) other collaborations in which such a local government is designed as the lead for the collaboration. For purposes of this Assessment Tool, no AFH will be due before October 4, 2016. Please see HUD’s Web page at https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/affh/ for the schedule of submission dates of AFHs.

The requirement to conduct and submit an AFH is set forth in HUD’s Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH) regulations, and this Assessment Tool has completed the notice and comment process required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and approved. The Assessment Tool announced in this notice, and the guidance accompanying this Assessment Tool (the Guidebook) can be found at https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/affh/

This Federal Register notice also highlights changes made by HUD to the Assessment Tool based on comments submitted in response to HUD’s July 16, 2015, notice, which solicited comment on the Assessment Tool for a period of 30 days. HUD will issue separate Assessment Tools for use by States and Insular areas and PHAs that will also be used for: (1) Joint and regional collaborations where the State or Insular Area is designated as the lead entity; and (2) joint collaborations with only PHA partners.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George D. Williams, Sr., Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy, Legislative Initiatives and Outreach, Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW., Room 5246, Washington, DC 20410; telephone number 866–234–2689 (toll-free) or 202–402–1432 (local). Individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing and individuals with speech impediments may access this number via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service during working hours at 1–800–877–8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The AFFH Proposed Rule

On July 19, 2013, at 78 FR 43710, HUD published for public comment its AFFH proposed rule. The July 19, 2013, AFFH rule proposed a new approach that would enable program participants to more fully incorporate fair housing considerations into their existing planning processes and assist them in complying with their duty to affirmatively further fair housing as required by the Fair Housing Act (Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act) and other authorities. The new process, the Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH), builds upon and refines the prior fair housing planning process, called the analysis of impediments to fair housing choice (AI). As part of the new AFH process HUD advised that it would issue an “Assessment Tool” for use by program participants in completing and submitting their AFHs. The Assessment Tool, which includes instructions and nationally-uniform data provided by HUD, consists of a series of questions designed to help program participants identify, among other things, areas of poverty, patterns of integration and segregation, disparities in access to opportunity, and disproportionately housing needs.

At the time of publication of the July 19, 2013, AFFH proposed rule, HUD also posted and sought public comment on a draft “Data Documentation” paper online at http://www.huduser.gov/portal/affht_pt.html and at https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/affh/ (under the heading Data Methodology). HUD requested public comments on the categories, sources, and format of data that would be provided by HUD to program participants to assist them in completing their AFH, and many program participants responded with comments on the Data Documentation.

The 60-Day Notice on the Assessment Tool (Initial Assessment Tool)

On September 26, 2014, at 79 FR 57949, HUD issued a notice for public comment on the Assessment Tool found at http://www.huduser.gov/portal/affht_pt.html. As noted in the Summary, the Assessment Tool was designed for use by local governments that receive CDBG, HOME, ESG, or HOPWA formula funding from HUD when conducting and submitting their own AFH; that is, the Assessment Tool was designed for use by local governments and consortia required to submit consolidated plans under HUD’s Consolidated Plan regulations, codified in 24 CFR part 91, specifically subparts C and E, which pertain to local governments and consortia.

In this notice, HUD uses the term “local governments” to refer to those consolidated plan program participants for which this tool is primarily designed. The Assessment Tool is also designed for joint and regional AFHs conducted by joint and regional collaborations between: (1) Such local governments; (2) one or more such local governments with one or more PHA partners; and (3) other collaborations in which such a local government is designated as the lead for the collaboration. While the Assessment Tool was designed for local governments and for joint or regional submissions by local governments and PHAs, HUD invited comments by all types of program participants, as it “presented the basic structure of the Assessment Tool to be used by all program participants, and is illustrative

1 In HUD’s AFFH proposed rule published on July 19, 2013, at 78 FR 43710, HUD noted that a consortium participating in HUD’s HOME Investment Partnerships program (HOME program), and which term (consortium) is defined 24 CFR 91.5, must submit an AFH. HUD stated that a HOME consortium is considered a single unit of general local government (see 78 FR at 43711).