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A cumulative list of the parts affected this month can be found in the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue.

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Rules and Regulations

Federal Register

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains regulatory documents having general applicability and legal effect, most of which are keyed to and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published under 50 titles pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 1510.

The Code of Federal Regulations is sold by the Superintendent of Documents. Prices of new books are listed in the first FEDERAL REGISTER issue of each week.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

2 CFR Part 1800

RIN 2700-AE18

Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: NASA has adopted as final, with changes, an interim rule to implement regulations for Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

DATES: *Effective:* October 13, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Barbara Orlando, NASA, Office of Procurement, Contract and Grants Policy Division (Suite 5L34); (202) 358-3911; email: barbara.j.orlando@nasa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

An interim rule was published on 19 December, 2014 (79 FR 75872) implementing the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. This part establishes policies and procedures for grants and cooperative agreements awarded by National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) to non-Federal entities, commercial firms (when cost sharing is not required), and foreign organizations as allowed by 2 CFR 200.101 Applicability. The policies and procedures that recipients must follow are those appearing in subparts A through F of 2 CFR part 200 and as supplemented by 2 CFR part 1800. For the supplemental guidance, NASA has adopted section numbers that

correspond to those in the OMB guidance in 2 CFR part 200.

II. Discussion

No public comments were received. However, upon internal review NASA identified some areas that needed changing and/or clarifying. The first group of changes were editorial changes to provide clarification. NASA added definitions to provide clarity to the various sections of this regulation. Notable definition changes occurred as follows:

- Referencing the term “award” when referring to both grant and cooperative agreement awards.
 - Clarifying the roles of the Administrative Grant Officer, Grant Officer and NASA Technical Officer. And
 - Including definitions of “original signature” and “prescription.”
- Language was added to 2 CFR 1800.306 clarifying that NASA may require matching funds on some research opportunities.

A second group of changes was made to Appendix B, Terms and Conditions. The most substantive changes were to 2 CFR 1800.900, 1800.906, 1800.907, 1800.909, 1800.918, 1800.923, 1800.924 and 1800.925 as follows:

- 2 CFR 1800.900 was changed by adding clarification that State laws supersede the terms and conditions of a grant award; as required in the Presidential Memorandum on Preemption.
- 2 CFR 1800.906 was changed to assure compliance with laws regarding the use of appropriated funds.
- 2 CFR 1800.907 was changed to expand the exemption for prior approval to include any research grant not just those awarded through the Federal Demonstration Partnership.
- 2 CFR 1800.909 and 1800.923 were changed to remove references to the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and remove those segments that apply to contracts, such as withholding payments, that are not applicable to assistance awards.
- 2 CFR 1800.918 was changed to clarify flow down requirements.
- 2 CFR 1800.924 was changed to reflect a new structure for reporting to the New Technology Officers. and
- 2 CFR 1800.925 Invention Reporting and Rights was eliminated since it duplicated parts 2 CFR 1800.902. All subsequent sections were

renumbered to reflect the elimination of this section.

NASA determined that the changes implemented with this revision will benefit the NASA financial assistance community by reducing administrative costs through clarifying ambiguous terms, reducing the reporting burden, and eliminating duplicative regulations.

III. Executive Orders 12866 and 13563

Executive Orders (E.O.s) 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). E.O. 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. This is not a significant regulatory action and, therefore, was not subject to review under section 6(b) of E.O. 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, dated September 30, 1993. This rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804.

V. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act (Pub. L. 104-13) does not apply because this final rule does not contain any information collection requirements that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, *et seq.*

List of Subjects in 2 CFR Part 1800

Federal financial assistance.

Manuel Quinones,

Federal Register Liaison.

Accordingly, NASA adopts the interim rule published December 19, 2014, at 79 FR 75871, as final with the following revision of part 1800:

PART 1800—UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

| Sec. | |
|--------|----------------|
| 1800.1 | Authority. |
| 1800.2 | Purpose. |
| 1800.3 | Applicability. |
| 1800.4 | Amendment. |
| 1800.5 | Publication. |
| 1800.6 | Deviations. |

Subpart A—Acronyms and Definitions

- 1800.10 Acronyms.
1800.11 Definitions.

Subpart B—Pre-Federal Award Requirements and Contents of Federal Awards

- 1800.208 Certifications and representations.
1800.209 Pre-award costs.
1800.210 Information contained in a Federal award.

Subpart C—Post Federal Award Requirements**Standards for Financial and Program Management**

- 1800.305 Payment.
1800.306 Cost sharing or matching.

Property Standards

- 1800.312 Federally owned and exempt property.
1800.315 Intangible property.

Remedies for Noncompliance

- 1800.339 Termination.
1800.400 Policy guide.
Appendix A to Part 1800—
Certifications, Assurances, and
Representations

Appendix B to Part 1800—Terms and
Conditions

Authority: 51 U.S.C. 20113 (e), Pub. L. 97–
258, 96 Stat. 1003 (31 U.S.C. 6301 *et seq.*),
and 2 CFR part 200.

§ 1800.1 Authority.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) awards grants and cooperative agreements under the authority of 51 U.S.C. 20113 (e), the National Aeronautics and Space Act. This part 1800 is issued under the authority of 51 U.S.C. 20113 (e), Pub. L. 97–258, 96 Stat. 1003 (31 U.S.C. 6301 *et seq.*), and 2 CFR part 200.

§ 1800.2 Purpose.

This part adopts the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidance in subparts A through F of 2 CFR part 200, as supplemented by this part, as the NASA policies and procedures for uniform administrative requirements, cost principles, and audit requirements for Federal awards. It thereby gives regulatory effect for NASA to the OMB guidance as supplemented by this part.

§ 1800.3 Applicability.

(a) This part establishes policies and procedures for grants and cooperative agreements awarded by NASA to non-Federal entities, commercial firms (when cost sharing is not required), and foreign organizations as allowed by 2 CFR 200.101 Applicability. The policies and procedures that you must follow are those appearing in subparts A through F of 2 CFR part 200 and as

supplemented by 2 CFR part 1800. For supplemental guidance, NASA has adopted section numbers that correspond to those in the OMB guidance in 2 CFR part 200.

(b) Throughout this part, the term “award” refers to both “grant” and “cooperative agreement” unless otherwise indicated.

(c) When commercial firms are required to provide cost sharing pursuant to 2 CFR 200.306, Cost Sharing, the regulations at 14 CFR part 1274 apply.

(d)(1) In general, research with foreign organizations will not be conducted through grants or cooperative agreements, but instead will be accomplished on a no-exchange-of-funds basis. In these cases, NASA enters into agreements undertaking projects of international scientific collaboration. NASA policy on performing research with foreign organizations on a no-exchange-of-funds basis is set forth at NASA FAR Supplement (NFS) 1835.016–70. In rare instances, NASA may enter into an international agreement under which funds will be transferred to a foreign recipient.

(2) Grants or cooperative agreements awarded to foreign organizations are made on an exceptional basis only. Awards require the prior approval of the Headquarters Office of International and Interagency Relations and the Headquarters Office of the General Counsel. Requests to issue awards to foreign organizations are to be coordinated through the Office of Procurement, Program Operations Division.

§ 1800.4 Amendment.

This part will be amended by publication of changes in the **Federal Register**. Changes will be issued as final rules.

§ 1800.5 Publication.

The official site for accessing the NASA Grant and Cooperative Agreement Regulation, including notices, internal guidance, certifications, Grants and Cooperative Agreements Manual and other source information is on the internet at https://prod.nais.nasa.gov/pub/pub_library/srba.

§ 1800.6 Deviations.

(a) A deviation is required for any of the following—

(1) When a prescribed term or condition set forth verbatim in this Part 1800 is modified or omitted.

(2) When a term or condition is set forth in this Part, but not for use verbatim, and the Center substitutes a

term or condition which is inconsistent with the intent, principle, and substance of the term or condition.

(3) When a form prescribed by this Part is altered or another form is used in its place.

(4) When limitations, imposed by this regulation upon the use of an award term or condition, form, procedure, or any other award action, are changed.

(5) When a form is created for recipient use that constitutes a “Collection of Information” within the meaning of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 35) and its implementation in 5 CFR part 1320.

(b) Requests for authority to deviate from this part shall be submitted, by appropriate NASA staff, to the Office of Procurement, NASA Headquarters, Program Operations Division. Requests, signed by the procurement officer, shall contain the following—

(1) A full description of the deviation, the circumstances in which it will be used, and identification of the requirement from which a deviation is sought;

(2) The rationale for the request, pertinent background information, and the intended effect of the deviation;

(3) The name of the recipient, identification of the award affected, and the dollar value;

(4) A statement as to whether the deviation has been requested previously, and, if so, details of that request; and

(5) A copy of legal counsel’s concurrence or comments.

(c) Where it is necessary to obtain an exception from 2 CFR part 200, the Program Operations Division will process all necessary documents. (See 2 CFR 200.102.)

Subpart A—Acronyms and Definitions**§ 1800.10 Acronyms.**

The following acronyms are a supplement to the acronyms set forth at 2 CFR 200.0

| | |
|------|---|
| ACH | Automated Clearing House |
| AO | Announcement of Opportunity |
| CAN | Cooperative Agreement Notice |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| CNSI | Classified National Security Information |
| EPA | Environmental Protection Agency |
| HBCU | Historically Black Colleges and Universities |
| LEP | Limited English Proficiency |
| MI | Minority Institutions |
| MYA | Multiple Year Award |
| NASA | National Aeronautics and Space Administration |
| NFS | NASA FAR Supplement |
| NPR | NASA Procedural Requirements |
| NRA | NASA Research Announcement |

NSSC NASA Shared Services Center
 OMB Office of Management and
 Budget
 ONR Office of Naval Research
 RPPR Research Performance Progress
 Report
 STIP NASA Scientific and Technical
 Information Program

§ 1800.11 Definitions.

(a) The following definitions are a supplement to the subpart A definitions set forth at 2 CFR 200.2 through 200.99.

Administrative Grant Officer means a Federal employee delegated responsibility for award administration; e.g., a NASA Grant Officer who has retained award administration responsibilities, or an Office of Naval Research (ONR) Grant Officer delegated award administration by a NASA Grant Officer.

Commercial firm means any corporation, trust or other organization which is organized primarily for profit.

Effective date means the date work can begin. This date is the beginning of the period of performance and can be earlier or later than the date of signature on a basic award. Expenditures made prior to the effective date are incurred at the recipient's risk.

Grant Officer means a Federal employee responsible for the signing of the grant award documents.

Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs) means institutions determined by the Secretary of Education to meet the requirements of 34 CFR 608.2 and listed therein.

Minority Institutions (MIs) means an institution of higher education whose enrollment of a single minority or a combination of minorities (minority meaning American Indian, Alaskan Native, Black (not of Hispanic origin), Hispanic (including persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, and Central or South American origin), Pacific Islander or other ethnic group under-represented in science and engineering.) exceeds 50 percent of the total enrollment.

NASA Technical Officer means the NASA official responsible for the programmatic, scientific, and/or technical aspects of assigned applications and awards.

Original signature means an authorized signature as follows. If the system (such as NSPIRS) used to submit required documents allows for electronic signatures, then the submission of the documents, by the authorized representative of the organization serves as the required original signature. If, however, a paper copy submission is required, all documents submitted shall be appropriately signed in ink with an

actual signature by the authorized representative of the organization.

Prescription is defined as the written instructions, to the Grants Officer, for the application of terms and conditions.

Research misconduct is defined in 14 CFR 1275.101. NASA policies and procedures regarding Research misconduct are set out in 14 CFR part 1275, "Investigation of Research Misconduct."

Summary of research means a document summarizing the results of the entire project, which includes bibliographies, abstracts, and lists of other media in which the research was discussed. Terms and conditions replace the provisions cited in the former Grant Handbook. They may be modified as noted in each section.

Subpart B—Pre-Federal Award Requirements and Contents of Federal Awards

§ 1800.208 Certifications and representations.

The certifications and representations for NASA may be found at Appendix A of this part and https://prod.nais.nasa.gov/pub/pub_library/srba.

§ 1800.209 Pre-award costs.

NASA waives the approval requirement for pre-award costs of 90 days or less.

§ 1800.210 Information contained in a Federal award.

The terms and conditions for NASA may be found at Appendix B of this part and https://prod.nais.nasa.gov/pub/pub_library/srba.

Subpart C—Post Federal Award Requirements

Standards for Financial and Program Management

§ 1800.305 Payment.

Payments under awards with commercial firms will be made based on incurred costs. Standard Form 425 is not required. Commercial firms shall not submit invoices more frequently than quarterly. Payments to be made on a more frequent basis require the written approval of the Grant Officer.

§ 1800.306 Cost sharing or matching.

In some cases NASA research projects require cost sharing/match. Where cost sharing/match is required, recipients must secure and document matching funds, to receive the Federal award.

Property Standards

§ 1800.312 Federally owned and exempt property.

Under the authority of the Childs Act, 31 U.S.C. 6301 to 6308, NASA has determined to vest title to property acquired with Federal funds in the recipient without further obligation to NASA, including reporting requirements.

§ 1800.315 Intangible property.

Due to the substantial involvement on the part of NASA under a cooperative agreement, intellectual property may be produced by Federal employees and NASA contractors tasked to perform NASA assigned activities. Title to intellectual property created under the cooperative agreement by NASA or its contractors will initially vest with the creating party or parties. Certain rights may be exchanged with the recipient.

Remedies for Noncompliance

§ 1800.339 Termination.

NASA reserves the ability to terminate a Federal award in accordance with § 200.338 through § 200.342 and as set forth in 2 CFR 1800.921.

§ 1800.400 Policy guide.

Payment of fee or profit is consistent with an activity whose principal purpose is the acquisition of goods and services for the direct benefit or use of the United States Government, rather than an activity whose principal purpose is assistance. Therefore, the Grants Officer shall use a procurement contract, rather than assistance instrument, in all cases where fee or profit is to be paid to the recipient of the instrument or the instrument is to be used to carry out a program where fee or profit is necessary to achieving program objectives. Grants and Cooperative Agreements shall not provide for the payment of fee or profit to the recipient.

Appendix A to Part 1800— Certifications, Assurances, and Representations

These Certifications, Assurances, and Representations apply to all awards and are required at time of application.

A.1 Certifications, Assurances, and Representations.

A.2 Certification of Compliance on Proposal Cover Page.

A.3 Assurance of Compliance with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Regulations Pursuant to Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs.

A.4 Certification Regarding Lobbying.

A.5 Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Matters of Responsibility.

A.6 Certifications to Implement Restrictions in Appropriations Acts.

A.1 Certifications, Assurances, and Representations

Unless prohibited by statute or codified regulation, NASA will allow recipients to submit certain certifications and representations required by statute, executive order, or regulation on an annual basis, if the recipients have ongoing and continuing relationships with the agency. Annual certifications and representations shall be signed by responsible officials with the authority to ensure recipients' compliance with the pertinent requirements. Recipients determine how annual representations affect their responsibility to obtain required certifications from pass-through entities. All Certification required for an application can be found at https://prod.nais.nasa.gov/pub/pub_library/srba.

A.2 Certification of Compliance on Proposal Cover Page

By submitting the proposal identified in the Cover Sheet/Proposal Summary in response to this Research Announcement, the Authorizing Official of the proposing organization (or the individual Proposer if there is no proposing organization) as identified below—

(a) Certifies that the statements made in this proposal are true and complete to the best of his/her knowledge;

(b) Agrees to accept the obligation to comply with NASA award terms and conditions if an award is made as a result of this proposal; and

(c) Confirms compliance with all applicable terms and conditions, rules, and stipulations set forth in the Certifications, Assurances, and Representations contained in this NRA or CAN. Willful inclusion of false information in this proposal and/or its supporting documents, or in reports required under an ensuing award, is a criminal offense (U.S. Code, Title 18, Section 1001).

A.3 Assurance of Compliance With the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Regulations Pursuant to Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs

The Organization, corporation, firm, or other organization on whose behalf this assurance is made, hereinafter called "Applicant"

"HEREBY acknowledges and agrees that it must comply (and require any subawardees, contractors, successors, transferees, and assignees to comply) with applicable provisions of National laws and policies prohibiting discrimination, including but not limited to—

1. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, which prohibits recipients of Federal financial assistance from discriminating on the basis of race, color, or national origin (42 U.S.C. 2000d *et seq.*), as implemented by NASA Title VI regulations, 14 CFR part 1250. As clarified by Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of limited English

proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, the Applicant must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to its programs in accordance with NASA Title VI LEP Guidance to Grant (Award) Recipients (68 FR 70039). Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. The Applicant is encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons served or encountered both in developing budgets and in conducting programs and activities. Assistance and information regarding LEP obligations may be found at <http://www.lep.gov>.

2. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*) as implemented by NASA Title IX regulations, 14 CFR part 1253. If the Applicant is an educational institution—

a. The Applicant is required to designate at least one employee to serve as its Title IX coordinator (14 CFR 1253.135(a)).

b. The Applicant is required to notify all of its program beneficiaries of the name, office, address, and telephone number of the employee(s) designated to serve as the Title IX coordinators (14 CFR 1253.135(a)).

c. The Applicant is required to publish internal grievance procedures to promptly and equitably resolve complaints alleging illegal discrimination in its programs or activities (14 CFR 1253.135(b)).

d. The Applicant is required to take specific steps to regularly and consistently notify program beneficiaries that The Applicant does not discriminate in the operation of its programs and activities (14 CFR 1253.140).

3. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, which prohibits The Applicant from discriminating on the basis of disability (29 U.S.C. 794) as implemented by NASA Section 504 regulations, 14 CFR part 1251.

a. The Applicant is required to designate at least one employee to serve as its Section 504 coordinator (14 CFR 1251.106(a)).

b. The Applicant is required to notify all its program beneficiaries of the name, office, address, and telephone number of the employee(s) designated to serve as the Section 504 coordinator (14 CFR 1251.106(a)).

c. The Applicant is required to publish internal grievance procedures to promptly and equitably resolve complaints alleging illegal discrimination in its programs or activities (14 CFR 1251.106(b)).

d. The Applicant is required to take specific steps to regularly and consistently notify program beneficiaries that the Applicant does not discriminate in the operation of its programs and activities (14 CFR 1251.107).

4. The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, which prohibits the Applicant from discriminating on the basis of age (42 U.S.C. 6101 *et seq.*) as implemented by NASA Age Discrimination Act regulations, 14 CFR part 1252.

The Applicant also acknowledges and agrees that it must cooperate with any

compliance review or complaint investigation conducted by NASA and comply (and require any subawardees, contractors, successors, transferees, and assignees to comply) with applicable terms and conditions governing NASA access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff. The Applicant must keep such records and submit to the responsible NASA official or designee timely, complete, and accurate compliance reports at such times, and in such form and containing such information, as the responsible NASA official or his designee may determine to be necessary to ascertain whether the Applicant has complied or is complying with relevant obligations and must immediately take any measure determined necessary to effectuate this agreement. The Applicant must comply with all other reporting, data collection, and evaluation requirements, as prescribed by law or detailed in program guidance.

The United States shall have the right to seek judicial enforcement of these obligations. This assurance is binding on the Applicant, its successors, transferees, and assignees, and the person or persons whose signatures appear below are authorized to sign on behalf of the Applicant."

Under penalty of perjury, the undersigned officials certify that they have read and understand their obligations as herein described, that the information submitted in conjunction with this document is accurate and complete, and that the recipient is in compliance with the nondiscrimination requirements set out above.

[End of Assurance]

A.4 Certification Regarding Lobbying

No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal award, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions. The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which

reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

[End of Certification]

A.5 Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Matters of Responsibility

Pursuant to Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension, and implemented at 2 CFR parts 180 and 1880—

(1) The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals—

(a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

(b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and

(d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State, or local) terminated for cause or default.

(2) Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

[End of Certification]

A.6 Certifications To Implement Restrictions in Appropriations Acts

The text of these certifications is found at https://prod.nais.nasa.gov/pub/pub_library/srba.

Appendix B to Part 1800—Terms and Conditions

- 1800.900 Terms and Conditions.
- 1800.901 Compliance with OMB Guidance on Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal awards.
- 1800.902 Technical Publications and Reports.
- 1800.903 Extensions.
- 1800.904 Termination and Enforcement.
- 1800.905 Change in Principal Investigator or Scope.
- 1800.906 Financial Management.
- 1800.907 Equipment and Other Property.
- 1800.908 Patent Rights.

- 1800.909 Rights in Data.
- 1800.910 National Security.
- 1800.911 Nondiscrimination.
- 1800.912 Clean Air and Water.
- 1800.913 Investigative Requirements.
- 1800.914 Travel and Transportation.
- 1800.915 Safety.
- 1800.916 Buy American Encouragement.
- 1800.917 Investigation of Research Misconduct.
- 1800.918 Allocation of Risk/Liability.
- 1800.919 Cooperative Agreement.
- 1800.920 Multiple year Award
- 1800.921 Incremental Funding.
- 1800.922 Cost Sharing.
- 1800.923 New Technology.
- 1800.924 Designation of New Technology Representative and Patent Representative.
- 1800.925 Equipment and Other Property under Awards with Commercial Firms.
- 1800.926 Listing of Reportable Equipment and Other Property.
- 1800.927 Invoices and Payments under Awards with Commercial Firms.
- 1800.928 Electronic Funds Transfer Payment Methods.

1800.900 Terms and Conditions

(a) Unless otherwise noted in the prescriptive language awards with Non-Federal entities shall incorporate by reference the terms and conditions set forth in sections §§ 1800.901 through 1800.918 of this appendix. Any of the terms and conditions in sections §§ 1800.919 through 1800.928 shall be referenced in full text. The program office may need to include information required for certain terms and conditions to allow for additional information, or permit minor modifications. For example, the Grant Officer may substitute appropriate sections of § 1800.902, Technical Publications and Reports,” with reporting requirements specified by the program office.

(b) Additional special terms and conditions may be included to the extent they are required and are not inconsistent with the other terms and conditions in this Appendix B. A deviation in accordance with 2 CFR 1800.6 is required before a new term and condition inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions can be included in an award.

(c) Whenever the word “award” appears in this Appendix, it shall be deemed to include, both grants and cooperative agreements, as appropriate.

(d) Terms and conditions for research awards awarded to foreign organizations, when approved by Headquarters, will be provided in full text. Referenced handbooks, statutes, or other regulations, which the recipient may not have access to, must be made available when requested by the foreign organization.

(e) Awards issued by NASA to commercial organizations where cost sharing is not required shall incorporate the terms and conditions set forth in this appendix.

(f) Terms and conditions do not supersede state laws.

1800.901 Compliance With OMB Guidance on Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards

Prescription—This term and condition implements 2 CFR part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal awards herein referred to as the “OMB Uniform Guidance.” The Grant Officer shall use this term and condition in all awards with recipients that are other than commercial firms. The Grant Office shall use Alternate 1 for awards with commercial firms.

Compliance With OMB Guidance

This award is subject to the requirements set forth in 2 CFR part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal awards as adopted by NASA in Part 1800 of Title 2 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Specific terms and conditions set forth in this award document are provided to supplement and clarify, not replace, the OMB Uniform Guidance, except in circumstances where a waiver from OMB Uniform Guidance requirements has been obtained by NASA.

(End of Term and Condition)

Alternate 1

(a) With the exception of Subpart E and F, this award is subject to the requirements set forth in OMB Guidance on Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal awards at 2 CFR Chapter 1, and Chapter II Part 200 as adopted by NASA in Part 1800 of Title 2 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Specific terms and conditions set forth in this award document are provided to supplement and clarify, not replace, the Guidance, except in circumstances where a waiver from the OMB Uniform Guidance requirements has been obtained by NASA.

(b) In lieu of Subparts E and F of 2 CFR part 200, the expenditure of Government funds by the recipient and the allowability of costs recognized as a resource contribution by the recipient shall be governed by the FAR cost principles implemented by FAR Parts 30, 31, and 48 CFR part 99. (If the recipient is a consortium which includes non-commercial firm members, cost allowability for those members will be determined by the OMB Uniform Guidance at Subpart E and F of 2 CFR 200.)

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.902 Technical Publications and Reports

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include on a “substantially as” basis in all awards. The requirements set forth under this term and condition may be modified by the Grant Officer based on specific report needs for the award.

Technical Publications and Reports

(a) NASA encourages the widest practicable dissemination of research results at any time during the course of the investigation.

(1) All information disseminated as a result of the award shall contain a statement which acknowledges NASA's support and identifies the award by number (e.g., "the material is based upon work supported by NASA under award No(s) XXXXX (as shown on the award notice).")

(2) Except for articles or papers published in scientific, technical, or professional journals, the exposition of results from NASA supported research should also include the following disclaimer—"Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration."

(3) As a courtesy, any release of a NASA photograph or illustration should list NASA first on the credit line followed by the name of the Principal Investigator's Institution. As an example—"Photograph or illustration, figure, etc. courtesy of NASA or NASA Center managing the mission or program and the Principal Investigator's institution."

(b) Reports shall be in the English language, informal in nature, and ordinarily not exceed three pages (not counting bibliographies, abstracts, and lists of other media). The recipient shall submit the following reports—

(1) A Progress Report for all but the final year of the award. Each report is due 60 days before the anniversary date of the award and shall briefly describe what was accomplished during the reporting period. A term or condition specifying more frequent reporting may be required.

(2) A Summary of Research or Educational Activity Report is due within 90 days after the end date for the period of performance, regardless of whether or not support is continued under another award. This report shall be a comprehensive summary of significant accomplishments during the duration of the award.

(c) Progress Reports, Summaries of Research, and Educational Activity Reports shall include the following on the first page:

- (1) Title of the award.
- (2) Type of report.
- (3) Name of the principal investigator.
- (4) Period covered by the report.
- (5) Name and address of the recipient's institution.
- (6) Award number.

(d) Progress Reports, Summaries of Research, and Educational Activity Reports shall be distributed as follows:

(1) The original report, in both hard copy and electronic format, to the Technical Officer.

(2) One copy to the NASA Technical Officer and New Technology Officer with a notice to the Grant Officer, that a report was sent.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.903 Extensions

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards except awards with commercial firms. If included, minor modifications to the term and condition, such as the time frame for cost extensions, is permissible.

Extensions

(a) It is NASA's policy to provide maximum possible continuity in funding award-supported research and educational activities, therefore, awards may be extended for additional periods of time when necessary to complete work that was part of the original award. NASA generally only approves such extensions within funds already made available. Any extension that would require additional funding must be supported by a proposal submitted at least three months in advance of the end date of the period of performance.

(b) Recipients may extend the expiration date of an award if additional time beyond the established end date is required to assure adequate completion of the original scope of work within the funds already made available. For this purpose, the recipient may make a one-time no-cost extension, not to exceed 12 months, prior to the established expiration date. Written notification of such an extension, with the supporting reasons, must be received by the NASA Grant Officer at least ten days prior to the expiration of the award. A copy of the extension must also be forwarded to cognizant Office of Naval Research (ONR) office, if administration has been delegated to ONR. NASA reserves the right to disapprove the extension if the requirements set forth at § 200.308(d) (2) are not met.

(c) Requests for approval for all other no-cost extensions must be submitted in writing to the NASA Grant Officer. A copy of this request must also be forwarded to cognizant Office of Naval Research (ONR) office, if administration has been delegated to ONR. (End of Term and Condition)

1800.904 Termination and Enforcement

Prescription—This term and condition implements § 200.338 through § 200.342. The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards.

Termination and Enforcement

Termination and enforcement conditions of this award are specified in § 200.338 through § 200.342.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.905 Change in Principal Investigator or Scope

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards.

Change in Principal Investigator or Scope

(a) The recipient shall obtain the approval of the NASA Grant Officer for a change of the Principal Investigator, or for a significant absence of the Principal Investigator from the project, defined as a three month absence from the program or a 25 percent reduction in time devoted to the project. Significantly reduced availability of the services of the Principal Investigator(s) named in the award instrument could be grounds for termination, unless alternative arrangements are made and approved in writing by the Grant Officer.

(b) Prior written approval is required from NASA if there is to be a significant change in the objective or scope of the project.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.906 Financial Management

Prescription—This term and condition implements § 200.302. The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards except when the recipient is a commercial firm.

Financial Management

(a) Advance payments will be made by the Financial Management Office of the NASA Center assigned financial cognizance of the award, using the Department of Health and Human Services' Payment Management System (DHHS/PMS), in accordance with procedures provided to the recipient. The recipient shall submit a Federal Financial Report (SF 425), and, when applicable, a Federal Financial Report Attachment (SF 425A) electronically to DHHS/PMS within 30 days following the end of each Federal fiscal quarter (i.e., December 31, March 31, June 30, and September 30).

(b) In addition, the recipient shall submit a final SF 425 in electronic or paper form to NASA within 90 calendar days after the end date of the period of performance. The final SF 425 shall pertain only to the completed award and shall include total disbursements from inception through completion. The report shall be marked "Final." The final SF 425 shall be submitted to NASA per the Grants and Cooperative Agreement Manual (GCAM) Exhibit E, Required Publications and Reports. A copy of the GCAM is located at https://prod.nais.nasa.gov/pub/pub_library/srba.

(c) By signing any report delivered under the award, the authorizing official for the recipient certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that the report is true, complete, and accurate, and the expenditures, disbursements and cash receipts are for the purposes and intent set forth in the award documents. The authorizing official by signing the report also certifies he or she is aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent information, or the omission of any material fact, may subject him or her to criminal, civil or administrative penalties for fraud, false statements, false claims or otherwise. (U.S. Code, Title 18, Section 1001 and Title 31 Section 3729–3733 and 3801–3812.)

(d) Unless otherwise directed by the Grant Officer, any unexpended balance of funds which remains at the end of any funding period, except the final funding period of the award, may be carried over to the next funding period, and may be used to defray costs of any funding period of the award. This includes allowing the carryover of funds to the second and subsequent years of a multiple year award. Unexpended funds from one award may not be carried over to a new or different award. This term and condition also applies to subawardees/subcontractors performing substantive work under the award. NASA reserves the right to remove unexpended balances from awards when insufficient efforts have been made by the awardee to liquidate funding balances in a timely fashion.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.907 Equipment and Other Property

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards except when recipient is a commercial firm.

Equipment and Other Property

(a) NASA permits acquisition of special purpose and general purpose equipment specifically required for use exclusively for research activities.

(1) Acquisition of special purpose or general purpose equipment costing in excess of \$5,000 (unless a lower threshold has been established by the recipient) and not included in the approved proposal budget, requires the prior approval of the NASA Grant Officer. Requests to the Grant Officer for the acquisition of equipment shall be supported by written documentation setting forth the description, purpose, and acquisition value of the equipment, and including a written certification that the equipment will be used exclusively for research, activities. (A change in the model number of a prior approved piece of equipment does not require resubmission for that item.) Research awards are exempt from the prior approval requirement.

(2) Special purpose and general purpose equipment costing in excess of \$5,000 (unless a lower threshold has been established by the recipient) acquired by the recipient under an award for the purpose of research shall be titled to the recipient as “exempt” without further obligation to NASA, including reporting of the equipment, in accordance with § 200.312(c) and § 1800.312. Special purpose or general purpose equipment costing in excess of \$5,000 (unless a lower threshold has been established by the recipient) acquired by the recipient under an award for non-research work shall be titled to the recipient in accordance with § 200.313.

(3) Special purpose or general purpose equipment acquired by the recipient with award funds, valued under \$5,000 (unless a lower threshold is established by the recipient) are classified as “supplies,” do not require the prior approval of the NASA Grant Officer, shall vest in the recipient and will be titled to the recipient in accordance with § 200.314.

(4) Award funds may be expended for the acquisition of land or interests therein or for the acquisition and construction of facilities only under a facilities award.

(b) As required the recipient shall submit an annual Inventory Report, to be received no later than October 15 of each year, which lists all reportable non-exempt equipment and/or Federally owned property in its custody as of September 30. Negative responses for annual Inventory Reports (when there is no reportable equipment) are not required. A Final Inventory Report of Federally Owned Property, including equipment where title was taken by the Government, will be submitted by the recipient no later than 60 days after the end date of the period of performance. Negative responses for Final Inventory Reports are required.

(1) All reports will include the information listed in paragraph (d)(1) of § 200.313, Equipment. No specific report form or format is required, provided that all necessary information is provided.

(2) The original of each report shall be submitted to the Deputy Chief Financial Officer (Finance). Copies shall be furnished to the Center Industrial Property Officer and to ONR.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.908 Patent Rights

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards, except awards with large businesses.

Patent Rights

As stated at § 200.315(c), this award is subject to the provisions of 37 CFR 401.3(a) which requires use of the standard clause set out at 37 CFR 401.14 “Patent Rights (Small Business Firms and Nonprofit Organizations)” and the following:

(a) Definitions.

The words “contract” or “Contractor” are used in 37 CFR 401.14. Those words shall be replaced by the words “award” or “recipient,” respectively.

The term “Federal Agency,” “agency,” or “funding Federal agency” is used 37 CFR 401.14, the term shall be replaced by the term “NASA.”

The term “award,” as used in this term and condition, means any actual or proposed grant, cooperative agreement, understanding, or other arrangement, and includes any assignment, substitution of parties, subaward, or subcontract executed or entered into thereunder.

(b) The below items are added to the end of paragraph (c) of 37 CFR 401.14 are as follows:

“(5) The recipient may use whatever format is convenient to disclose subject invention required in subparagraph (c)(1). NASA prefers that the recipient use either the electronic or paper version of NASA Form 1679, Disclosure of Invention and New Technology (Including Software), to disclose subject inventions. Both the electronic and paper version of the NASA Form 1679 may be accessed at the electronic New Technology Reporting Web site <https://invention.nasa.gov>.

“(6) In addition to the above, the recipient shall provide the New Technology Representative, as designated under term and condition “Designation of New Technology Representative and Patent Representative” at 1800.924 of this award, the following:

(i) A yearly interim new technology summary report listing any subject inventions required to be disclosed during the preceding year (or a statement certifying there were none).

(ii) A final new technology summary report listing all subject inventions (or a statement certifying there were none) for the entire award period; which report shall be submitted within 90 days after the end date for the period of performance within the designated system noted within the award document.”

(c) The below item is added to the end of paragraph (f)(1) of 37 CFR 401.14 “Patent Rights” as follows:

“(iii) The recipient shall through employee agreements or other suitable recipient policy, require that its employees “will assign and do hereby assign” to the recipient all right,

title and interest in any subject invention under this award.”

(d) The term “subcontract” in paragraph (g) of 37 CFR 401.14 shall include purchase orders.

(f) The following constitutes paragraph “(l)” of in 37 CFR 404.14—

“(l) Communications. A copy of all submissions or requests required 37 CFR 401.14, plus a copy of any reports, manuscripts, publications or similar material bearing on patent matters, shall be sent to the Center Patent Counsel and the NASA Grant Officer in addition to any other submission requirements in the award terms and conditions (e.g., as specified in this term and condition and in term and condition 1800.924 “Designation of New Technology Representative and Patent Representative”). If any reports contain information describing a “subject invention” for which the recipient has elected or may elect to retain title, NASA will use reasonable efforts to delay public release by NASA or publication by NASA in a NASA technical series until an application filing date has been established, provided that the recipient identify the information and the “subject invention” to which it relates at the time of submittal. If required by the Patent Representative or requested by the New Technology Representative, as designated under 1800.924 “Designation of New Technology Representative and Patent Representative,” the recipient shall provide the filing date, serial number and title, a copy of the patent application, and a patent number and issue date for any “subject invention” in any country in which the recipient has applied for patents.

Additionally, the NASA shall have an irrevocable power to inspect and make copies of the patent application file, when a Federal Government employee is a co-inventor.”

(g) NASA Inventions. NASA will use reasonable efforts to report inventions made by NASA employees as a consequence of, or which bear a direct relation to, the performance of specified NASA activities under this agreement and, upon timely request, will use reasonable efforts to grant the recipient an exclusive, or partially exclusive, revocable, royalty-bearing license, subject to the retention of a royalty-free right of the Government to practice or have practiced the invention by or on behalf of the Government.

(h) The recipient agrees, subject to (g)(1) below, that the Government may duplicate and disclose subject invention disclosures and all other reports and papers furnished or required to be furnished pursuant to this term and condition.

(1) Publishing information concerning an invention before a patent application is filed on a subject invention may create a bar to a valid patent. To avoid this bar, agencies may withhold information from the public that discloses any invention in which the Government owns or may own a right, title, or interest (including a nonexclusive license) (see 35 U.S.C. 205 and 37 CFR part 401). Agencies may only withhold information concerning inventions for a reasonable time in order for a patent application to be filed. Once filed in any patent office, agencies are not required to release copies of any

document that is a part of a patent application for those subject inventions.

(2) In the event NASA contractors are tasked to perform work in support of specified activities under a cooperative agreement and inventions are made by contractor employees, the contractor will normally retain title to its employee inventions in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 202, 14 CFR part 1245, and/or Executive Order 12591. In the event the contractor decides not to pursue rights to title in any such invention and NASA obtains or retains title to such inventions, NASA will use reasonable efforts to report such inventions and, upon timely request, will use reasonable efforts to grant the recipient an exclusive, or partially exclusive, revocable, royalty-bearing license, subject to the retention of a royalty-free right of the Government to practice or have practiced the invention by or on behalf of the Government.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.909 Rights in Data

Prescription—The Grant Officer may revise the language under this term and condition to modify each party's rights based on the particular circumstances of the program and/or the recipient's need to protect specific proprietary information. Any modification to the standard language set forth under the term and condition requires the concurrence of the Center's Patent Counsel and that the term and condition be printed in full text.

Rights in Data

(a) "Data," as used in this term and condition, means recorded information, regardless of form, the media on which it may be recorded, or the method of recording. The term includes, but is not limited to, data of a scientific or technical nature, and any copyrightable work, including computer software and documentation thereof.

(b) As to data first produced by recipient in carrying out recipient's responsibilities under this award in which the recipient asserts copyright, or data for which copyright ownership was acquired under the grant, the recipient grants to the Federal Government (Government), a royalty-free, nonexclusive and irrevocable license to use, reproduce, distribute (including distribution by transmission) to the public, perform publicly, prepare derivative works, and display publicly, data in whole or in part and in any manner for Federal purposes and to have or permit others to do so for Federal purposes only.

(c) In order that the Government may exercise its license rights in data, the Government, upon request to the recipient, shall have the right to review and/or obtain delivery of data resulting from the performance of work under this award or acquired under this award, and authorize others to receive such data to use for Federal purposes.

(d) Cost Sharing and/or Matching Efforts. When the recipient cost shares with the Government on the effort, the following paragraph also applies—

"(1) In the event data first produced by the recipient in carrying out recipient's responsibilities under this award is furnished

to NASA, and recipient considers such data to embody trade secrets or to comprise commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential, and such data is so identified with a suitable notice or legend, the data will be maintained in confidence and disclosed and used by the Government and its contractors (under suitable protective conditions) only for experimental, evaluation, research and development purposes, by or on behalf of the Government for an agreed to period of time, and thereafter for Federal purposes as defined in § 1800.909(b)."

(e) For Cooperative Agreements, the following paragraph also applies—

"(1) As to data first produced by NASA in carrying out NASA's responsibilities under a cooperative agreement and which data would embody trade secrets or would comprise commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential if it has been obtained from the recipient, such data will be marked with an appropriate legend and maintained in confidence for 5 years (unless a shorter period has been agreed to between the Government and recipient) after development of the information, with the express understanding that during the aforesaid period such data may be disclosed and used (under suitable protective conditions) by or on behalf of the Government for Government purposes only, and thereafter for any purpose whatsoever without restriction on disclosure and use. Recipient agrees not to disclose such data to any third party without NASA's written approval until the aforementioned restricted period expires."

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.910 National Security

Prescription—This term and condition implements Executive Order 12829. The Grant Officer shall include in all awards.

National Security

NASA awards normally do not involve classified information. However, if it is known in advance that an award involves classified information or if the work on the award is likely to develop classified information, individuals performing on the award who will have access to the information must obtain the appropriate security clearance in advance of performing on the award, in accordance with NASA Procedural Requirements (NPR) 1600.2, NASA Classified National Security Information (CNSI) w/Change 2. When access to classified information is not originally anticipated in the performance of an award, but such information is subsequently sought or potentially developed by the award recipient, the NASA Grant Officer who issued the award shall be notified immediately, and prior to work under the award proceeding, to implement the appropriate clearance requirements.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.911 Nondiscrimination

Prescription—This term and condition implements Executive Order 11246. The Grant Officer shall include in all awards.

Nondiscrimination

(a) To the extent provided by law and any applicable agency regulations, this award and any program assisted thereby are subject to the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Pub. L. 88-352), Title IX of the Education amendments of 1972 (Pub. L. 92-318, 20 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (Pub. L. 94-135), the implementing regulations issued pursuant thereto by NASA, and the assurance of compliance which the recipient has filed with NASA.

(b) Except for commercially available supplies, materials, equipment, or general support services, the recipient shall obtain an assurance of compliance as required by NASA regulations from each organization that applies or serves as a subrecipient, subawardee, contractor or subcontractor under this award.

(c) Work on NASA awards is subject to the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Pub. L. 88-352; 42 U.S.C. 2000d-1), Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1680 *et seq.*), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101 *et seq.*), and the NASA implementing regulations (14 CFR parts 1250, 1251, 1252, and 1253).

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.912 Clean Air and Water

Prescription—This term and condition implements the Clean Air Act at 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.* The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition on all awards.

Clean Air and Water

The recipient agrees to the following:

(a) Comply with applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*) and of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*).

(b) Ensure that no portion of the work under this award will be performed in a facility listed on the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities on the date that this award was effective unless and until the EPA eliminates the name of such facility or facilities from such listings.

(c) Use its best efforts to comply with clean air standards and clean water standards at the facility in which the award is being performed.

(d) Insert the substance of these terms and conditions into any nonexempt subaward or contract under the award.

(e) Report violations to NASA and to EPA. (End of Term and Condition)

1800.913 Investigative Requirements

Prescription—This term and condition implements Executive Order 12829. The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards. The term and condition must be augmented to conform to the requirements of OMB Guidance M-05-24 "Implementation of Homeland Security Presidential Directive (HSPD) 12—Policy for a Common Identification Standard for Federal Employees and Contractors" when a

recipient will require routine access to a Federal-controlled facility and/or information system.

Investigative Requirements

(a) NASA reserves the right to perform security checks and to deny or restrict access to a NASA Center, facility, or computer system, or to NASA technical information, as NASA deems appropriate. To the extent the recipient needs such access for performance of the work, the recipient shall ensure that individuals needing such access provide the personal background and biographical information requested by NASA. Individuals failing to provide the requested information may be denied such access.

(b) All requests to visit a NASA Center or facility must be submitted in a timely manner in accordance with instructions provided by that Center or facility.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.914 Travel and Transportation

Prescription—This term and condition implements The Fly American Act, 49 U.S.C. 1517 and the Department of Transportation regulations on hazardous materials. The Grant Officer will include this term and condition in all awards.

Travel and Transportation

(a) The Fly American Act, 49 U.S.C. 1517, requires the recipient to use U.S. flag air carriers for international air transportation of personnel and property to the extent that service by those carriers is available.

(b) Department of Transportation regulations, 49 CFR 173, govern recipient shipment of hazardous materials and other items.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.915 Safety

Prescription—This term and condition implements NPR 8715.3C or its successor requirements document. The Grant Officer will include this term and condition in all awards.

Safety

(a) The recipient shall act responsibly in matters of safety and shall take all reasonable safety measures in performing under this award. The recipient shall comply with all applicable Federal, state, and local laws relating to safety. The recipient shall maintain a record of, and will notify the NASA Grant Officer immediately (within one workday) of any accident involving death, disabling injury or substantial loss of property in performing this award. The recipient will immediately (within one workday) advise NASA of hazards that come to its attention as a result of the work performed.

(b) Where the work under this award involves flight hardware, the hazardous aspects, if any, of such hardware will be identified, in writing, by the recipient. Compliance with this term and condition by subawardees/subcontractors shall be the responsibility of the recipient.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.916 Buy American Encouragement

Prescription—This term and condition implements section 319 of Public Law 106–391, the NASA Authorization Act. The Grant Officer will include this term and condition in all awards, except awards with foreign recipients.

Buy American Encouragement

As stated in Section 319 of Public Law 106–391, the NASA Authorization Act as amended recipients are encouraged to purchase only American-made equipment and products.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.917 Investigation of Research Misconduct

Prescription—This term and condition implements § 200.336, The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards.

Investigation of Research Misconduct

Recipients of this award are subject to the requirements of 14 CFR 1275, “Investigation of Research Misconduct.”

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.918 Allocation of Risk/Liability

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards.

Allocation of Risk/Liability

(a) With respect to activities undertaken under this award, the recipient agrees not to make any claim against NASA or the U.S. Government with respect to the injury or death of its employees or its subawardees/contractors and subaward/subcontractor employees, or to the loss of its property or that of its subawardees/contractors and subawardees/subcontractors, whether such injury, death, damage or loss arises through negligence or otherwise, except in the case of willful misconduct.

(b) In addition, as applicable, the recipient agrees to indemnify and hold the U.S. Government and its contractors and subcontractors harmless from any third party claim, judgment, or cost arising from the injury to or death of any person, or for damage to or loss of any property, arising as a result of its possession or use of any U.S. Government property. If State law prohibits the recipient from accepting indemnification, then the recipient shall ensure this term and condition applies to all subrecipients, subawardees, contractors or subcontractors under this award.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.919 Cooperative Agreement

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all cooperative agreement awards.

Cooperative Agreement

(a) This award is a cooperative agreement and it is anticipated there will be substantial NASA involvement during performance of the effort. NASA and the recipient mutually agree to the following statement of anticipated cooperative interactions which may occur during the performance of this effort—

(Reference the approved proposal that contains a detailed description of the work and insert a concise statement of the exact nature of the cooperative interactions NASA and the recipient will provide.)

(b) The terms “award” and “recipient” mean “cooperative agreement” and “recipient of cooperative agreement,” respectively, wherever the language appears in terms and conditions included in this agreement.

(c) NASA’s ability to participate and perform its collaborative effort under this cooperative agreement is subject to the availability of appropriated funds and nothing in this cooperative agreement commits the United States Congress to appropriate funds therefore.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.920 Multiple Year Award

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in multi-year awards. This term and condition does not have to be included in awards with commercial firms. If included, minor modifications to the term and condition, such as the time frame for cost extensions, are permissible.

Multiple Year Award

This is a multiple-year award contingent on the availability of funds, scientific progress of the project, and continued relevance to NASA programs. NASA anticipates continuing support at approximately the following levels—

Second year \$ ____, Anticipated funding date

Third year \$ ____, Anticipated funding date

(Periods may be added or omitted, as applicable)

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.921 Incremental Funding

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition when incremental funding is used, changes as needed are permissible.

Incremental Funding

(a) Only \$XXX of the amount indicated on the face of this award is available for payment and allotted to this award. NASA contemplates making additional allotments of funds during performance of this effort. It is anticipated that these funds will be obligated as appropriated funds become available without any action required by the recipient. The recipient will be given written notification by the NASA Grant Officer.

(b) The recipient agrees to perform work up to the point at which the total amount paid or payable by the Government approximates but does not exceed the total amount actually allotted to this award. NASA is not obligated to reimburse the recipient for the expenditure of amounts in excess of the total funds allotted by NASA to this grant or cooperative agreement. The recipient is not authorized to continue performance beyond the amount allotted to this award.

Special Note—Balance is contingent on availability of funds. The remaining balance to fully fund this year is \$XXX.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.922 Cost Sharing

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition when an award involves cost sharing, changes as need are permissible.

Cost Sharing

(a) NASA and the recipient will share in providing the resources necessary to perform the award. NASA funding and non-cash contributions (personnel, equipment, facilities, etc.) and the dollar value of the recipient's cash and/or non-cash contribution will be on a _____ percent recipient basis.

(b) The funding and non-cash contributions by both parties are represented by the following dollar amounts—

Government Share

Recipient Share

Total Amount

(c) Criteria and procedures for allowable and allocable costs of cash and non-cash contributions shall be governed by § 200.306, Cost Sharing or Matching. The applicable Federal cost principles are cited in 2 CFR 200 Subpart E.

(d) The Recipient's share shall not be charged to the Government under this award or under any other contract or award.
(End of Term and Condition)

1800.923 New Technology

Prescription— The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all grants with commercial firms other than those with small businesses. This term and condition is used in lieu of the term and condition at 2 CFR 1800.908, Patent Rights.

New Technology

(a) Definitions.

Administrator, as used in this term and condition, means the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) or duly authorized representative.

The term "award," as used in this term and condition, means any actual or proposed grant, cooperative agreement, understanding, or other arrangement, and includes any assignment, substitution of parties, subaward, or subcontract executed or entered into thereunder.

Made, as used in this term and condition, means conception or first actual reduction to practice; provided, that in the case of a variety of plant, the date of determination (as defined in section 41(d) of the Plant Variety Protection Act, 7 U.S.C. 2401(d)) must also occur during the period of performance.

Nonprofit organization, as used in this term and condition, means a domestic university or other institution of higher education or an organization of the type described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)) and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 501(a)), or any domestic nonprofit scientific or educational organization qualified under a State nonprofit organization statute.

Practical application, as used in this term and condition, means to manufacture, in the case of a composition or product; to practice, in the case of a process or method; or to operate, in case of a machine or system; and, in each case, under such conditions as to establish that the invention is being utilized and that its benefits are, to the extent permitted by law or Government regulations, available to the public on reasonable terms.

Reportable item, as used in this term and condition, means any invention, discovery, improvement, or innovation of the awardee, whether or not patentable or otherwise protectable under Title 35 of the United States Code, made in the performance of any work under any NASA award or in the performance of any work that is reimbursable under any term and condition in any NASA award providing for reimbursement of costs incurred before the effective date of the award. Reportable items include, but are not limited to, new processes, machines, manufactures, and compositions of matter, and improvements to, or new applications of, existing processes, machines, manufactures, and compositions of matter. Reportable items also include new computer programs, and improvements to, or new applications of, existing computer programs, whether or not copyrightable or otherwise protectable under Title 17 of the United States Code.

Small business firm, as used in this term and condition, means a domestic small business concern as defined at 15 U.S.C. 632 and implementing regulations (see 13 CFR 121.401 *et seq.*) of the Administrator of the Small Business Administration.

Subject invention, as used in this term and condition, means any reportable item which is or may be patentable or otherwise protectable under Title 35 of the United States Code, or any novel variety of plant that is or may be protectable under the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 2321 *et seq.*).

(b) Allocation of principal rights.

(1) Presumption of title.

(i) Any reportable item that the Administrator considers to be a subject invention shall be presumed to have been made in the manner specified in paragraph (A) or (B) of section 20135(b)(1) of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (51 U.S.C. 20135) (hereinafter called "the Act"), and that presumption shall be conclusive unless at the time of reporting the reportable item the recipient submits to the Grant Officer a written statement, containing supporting details, demonstrating that the reportable item was not made in the manner specified in paragraph (A) or (B) of section 20135(b)(1) of the Act.

(ii) Regardless of whether title to a given subject invention would otherwise be subject to an advance waiver or is the subject of a petition for waiver, the recipient may nevertheless file the statement described in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this term and condition. The Administrator will review the information furnished by the recipient in any such statement and any other available information relating to the circumstances surrounding the making of the subject invention and will notify the recipient whether the Administrator has determined that the subject invention was made in the

manner specified in paragraph (A) or (B) of section 20135(b)(1) of the Act.

(2) Property rights in subject inventions. Each subject invention for which the presumption of paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this term and condition is conclusive or for which there has been a determination that it was made in the manner specified in paragraph (A) or (B) of section 20135(b)(1) of the Act shall be the exclusive property of the United States as represented by NASA unless the Administrator waives all or any part of the rights of the United States, as provided in paragraph (b)(3) of this term and condition.

(3) Waiver of rights.

(i) Section 20135(g) of the Act provides for the promulgation of regulations by which the Administrator may waive the rights of the United States with respect to any invention or class of inventions made or that may be made under conditions specified in paragraph (A) or (B) of section 20135(b)(1) of the Act.

(ii) As provided in 14 CFR part 1245, subpart 1, recipients may petition, either prior to execution of the award or within 30 days after execution of the award, for advance waiver of rights to any or all of the inventions that may be made under an award. If such a petition is not submitted, or if after submission it is denied, the recipient (or an employee inventor of the recipient) may petition for waiver of rights to an identified subject invention within eight months of first disclosure of the invention in accordance with paragraph (e)(2) of this term and condition, or within such longer period as may be authorized in accordance with 14 CFR 1245.105.

(c) Minimum rights reserved by the Government.

(1) With respect to each subject invention for which a waiver of rights is applicable in accordance with 14 CFR part 1245, subpart 1, the Government reserves—

(i) An irrevocable, nonexclusive, nontransferable, royalty-free license for the practice of such invention throughout the world by or on behalf of the United States or any foreign government in accordance with any treaty or agreement with the United States; and

(ii) Such other rights as stated in 14 CFR 1245.107.

(2) Nothing contained in this paragraph (c) shall be considered to grant to the Government any rights with respect to any invention other than a subject invention.

(d) Minimum rights to the Recipient.

(1) The recipient is hereby granted a revocable, nonexclusive, royalty-free license in each patent application filed in any country on a subject invention and any resulting patent in which the Government acquires title, unless the recipient fails to disclose the subject invention within the times specified in paragraph (e)(2) of this term and condition. The recipient's license extends to its domestic subsidiaries and affiliates, if any, within the corporate structure of which the recipient is a party and includes the right to grant sublicenses of the same scope to the extent the recipient was legally obligated to do so at the time the award was issued. The license is transferable

only with the approval of the Administrator except when transferred to the successor of that part of the recipient's business to which the invention pertains.

(2) The recipient's domestic license may be revoked or modified by the Administrator to the extent necessary to achieve expeditious practical application of the subject invention pursuant to an application for an exclusive license submitted in accordance with 37 CFR part 404, Licensing of Government Owned Inventions. This license will not be revoked in that field of use or the geographical areas in which the recipient has achieved practical application and continues to make the benefits of the invention reasonably accessible to the public. The license in any foreign country may be revoked or modified at the discretion of the Administrator to the extent the recipient, its licensees, or its domestic subsidiaries or affiliates have failed to achieve practical application in that foreign country.

(3) Before revocation or modification of the license, the recipient will be provided a written notice of the Administrator's intention to revoke or modify the license, and the recipient will be allowed 30 days (or such other time as may be authorized by the Administrator for good cause shown by the recipient) after the notice to show cause why the license should not be revoked or modified. The recipient has the right to appeal to the Administrator any decision concerning the revocation or modification of its license.

(e) Invention identification, disclosures, and reports.

(1) The recipient shall establish and maintain active and effective procedures to assure that reportable items are promptly identified and disclosed to recipient personnel responsible for the administration of this New Technology term and condition within six months of conception and/or first actual reduction to practice, whichever occurs first in the performance of work under this award. These procedures shall include the maintenance of laboratory notebooks or equivalent records and other records as are reasonably necessary to document the conception and/or the first actual reduction to practice of the reportable items, and records that show that the procedures for identifying and disclosing reportable items are followed. Upon request, the recipient shall furnish the Grant Officer a description of such procedures for evaluation and for determination as to their effectiveness.

(2) The recipient will disclose each reportable item to the New Technology Representative, with notice to the Grant Officer, within two months after the inventor discloses it in writing to recipient personnel responsible for the administration of this New Technology term and condition or, if earlier, within six months after the recipient becomes aware that a reportable item has been made, but in any event for subject inventions before any on sale, public use, or publication of such invention known to the recipient. The disclosure to the agency shall be in the form of a written report and shall identify the award under which the reportable item was made and the inventor(s) or innovator(s). It shall be sufficiently

complete in technical detail to convey a clear understanding, to the extent known at the time of the disclosure, of the nature, purpose, operation, and physical, chemical, biological, or electrical characteristics of the reportable item. The disclosure shall also identify any publication, on sale, or public use of any subject invention and whether a manuscript describing such invention has been submitted for publication and, if so, whether it has been accepted for publication at the time of disclosure. In addition, after disclosure to the agency, the recipient will promptly notify the agency of the acceptance of any manuscript describing a subject invention for publication or of any on sale or public use planned by the recipient for such invention.

(3) The recipient shall furnish the New Technology Representative, with notice to the Grants Officer, the following:

(i) Interim new technology summary reports every 12 months from the date of the award, listing reportable items during that period, and certifying that all reportable items have been disclosed (or that there are no such inventions) and that the procedures required by paragraph (e)(1) of this term and condition have been followed.

(ii) A final new technology summary report within 90 days after the end of the period of performance, listing all reportable items or certifying that there were no such reportable items, and listing all research subawardees/subcontractors at any tier containing a patent rights clause or certifying that there were no such subcontractors.

(4) The recipient agrees, upon written request of the Patent Representative, to furnish additional technical and other information available to the recipient as is necessary for the preparation of a patent application on a subject invention and for the prosecution of the patent application, and to execute all papers necessary to file patent applications on subject inventions and to establish the Government's rights in the subject inventions.

(5) The recipient agrees, subject to 5(a) below, the Government may duplicate and disclose subject invention disclosures and all other reports and papers furnished or required to be furnished pursuant to this term and condition.

(a) Publishing information concerning an invention before a patent application is filed on a subject invention may create a bar to a valid patent. To avoid this bar, agencies may withhold information from the public that discloses any invention in which the Government owns or may own a right, title, or interest (including a nonexclusive license) (see 35 U.S.C. 205 and 37 CFR part 401). Agencies may only withhold information concerning inventions for a reasonable time in order for a patent application to be filed. Once filed in any patent office, agencies are not required to release copies of any document that is a part of a patent application for those subject inventions.

(f) Examination of records relating to inventions.

(1) The Grant Officer or any authorized representative shall, until 3 years after final payment under this award, have the right to examine any books (including laboratory

notebooks), records, and documents of the recipient relating to the conception or first actual reduction to practice of inventions in the same field of technology as the work under this award to determine whether—

(i) Any such inventions are subject inventions;

(ii) The recipient has established and maintained the procedures required by paragraph (e)(1) of this term and condition; and

(iii) The recipient and its inventors have complied with the procedures.

(2) If the New Technology Representative or Patent Representative learns of an unreported recipient invention, the recipient may be required to disclose the invention to the agency for a determination of ownership rights.

(3) Any examination of records under this paragraph will be subject to appropriate conditions to protect the confidentiality of the information involved.

(h) Subawards/Subcontracts.

(1) Unless otherwise authorized or directed by the Grant Officer, the recipient shall—

(i) Include the clause at NASA FAR Supplement (NFS) 1852.227-70, New Technology, (suitably modified to identify the parties) in any subaward/subcontract hereunder (regardless of tier) with other than a small business firm or nonprofit organization for the performance of experimental, developmental, or research work; and

(ii) Include the FAR clause 52.227-11, as modified by the NASA FAR Supplement (NFS) 1852.227-11, "Patent Right-Retention by the Contractor (Short Form)" (suitably modified to identify the parties) in any subaward/subcontract hereunder (regardless of tier) with a small business firm or nonprofit organization for the performance of experimental, developmental, or research work.

(2) In the event of a refusal by a prospective subrecipient to accept such a clause the recipient—

(i) Shall promptly submit a written notice to the Grant Officer setting forth the subrecipient's reasons for such refusal and other pertinent information that may expedite disposition of the matter; and

(ii) Shall not proceed with such subaward/subcontract without the written authorization of the Grant Officer.

(3) The recipient shall promptly notify the Grant Officer in writing upon the award of any subaward/subcontract at any tier containing a patent rights clause by identifying the subrecipient, the applicable patent rights term and condition/clause, the work to be performed under the subrecipient and the dates of award and estimated completion. Upon request of the Grant Officer, the recipient shall furnish a copy of such subaward/subcontract, and, no more frequently than annually, a listing of the subawards/subcontracts that have been awarded.

(4) The subrecipient will retain all rights provided for the recipient in paragraph (h)(1)(i) or (ii) of this term and condition, whichever is included in the subaward/subcontracts, and the recipient will not, as part of the consideration for awarding the

subaward/subcontract, obtain rights in the subrecipients's subject inventions.

(i) Preference for United States industry. Unless provided otherwise, no recipient that receives title to any subject invention and no assignee of any such recipient shall grant to any person the exclusive right to use or sell any subject invention in the United States unless such person agrees that any products embodying the subject invention will be manufactured substantially in the United States. However, in individual cases, the requirement may be waived by the Administrator upon a showing by the recipient or assignee that reasonable but unsuccessful efforts have been made to grant licenses on similar terms to potential licensees that would be likely to manufacture substantially in the United States or that under the circumstances domestic manufacture is not commercially feasible. (End of Term and Condition)

1800.924 Designation of New Technology Representative and Patent Representative

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition all awards containing the term and condition “Patent Rights” at 1800.908 or the term and condition “New Technology” at 1800.923.

Designation of New Technology Representative and Patent Representative

(a) For purposes of administration of the term and condition entitled “New Technology,” or “Patent Rights” whichever is included, the following named representatives are hereby designated by the Grant Officer to administer such term and condition—

- New Technology Representative
- Patent Representative

(b) Reports of reportable items, and disclosure of subject inventions, interim reports, final reports, utilization reports, and other reports required by the term and condition, as well as any correspondence with respect to such matters, should be directed to the New Technology Representative, with notification to the Grant Officer, unless transmitted in response to correspondence or request from the Patent Representative. Inquires or requests regarding disposition of rights, election of rights, or related matters should be directed to the Patent Representative. This term and condition shall be included in any subaward/subcontract hereunder requiring a “New Technology” term and condition or “Patent Rights—Retention by the Contractor (Short Form)” term and condition unless otherwise authorized or directed by the Grant Officer. The respective responsibilities and authorities of the above named representatives are set forth in the Grants and Cooperative Agreement Manual. (End of Term and Condition)

1800.925 Equipment and Other Property Under Awards With Commercial Firms

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in awards with commercial firms that have property.

Equipment and Other Property Under Awards With Commercial Firms

(a) This award permits acquisition of special purpose equipment required for the conduct of research. Acquisition of special purpose equipment costing in excess of \$5,000 and not included in the approved proposal budget requires the prior approval of the Grant Officer unless the item is merely a different model of an item shown in the approved proposal budget.

(b) Recipients may not purchase, as a direct cost to the award, items of general purpose equipment, examples of which include but are not limited to office equipment and furnishings, air conditioning equipment, reproduction and printing equipment, motor vehicles, and automatic data processing equipment. If the recipient requests an exception, the recipient shall submit a written request for Grant Officer approval, prior to purchase by the recipient, stating why the recipient cannot charge the general purpose equipment to indirect costs.

(c) Under no circumstances shall award funds be used to acquire land or any interest therein, to acquire or construct facilities (as defined in 48 CFR (FAR) 45.301), or to procure passenger carrying vehicles.

(d) The Government shall have title to equipment and other personal property acquired with Government funds. Such property shall be disposed of pursuant to 48 CFR (FAR) 45.603.

(e) Title to Government furnished equipment (including equipment, title to which has been transferred to the Government prior to completion of the work) will remain with the Government.

(f) The recipient shall establish and maintain property management standards for Government property and otherwise manage such property as set forth in 48 CFR (FAR) 45.5 and 48 CFR (NFS) 1845.5.

(g) Recipients shall submit annually a NASA Form 1018, NASA Property in the Custody of Contractors, in accordance with the instructions on the form, the provisions of 48 CFR (NFS) 1845.71 and any supplemental instructions that may be issued by NASA for the current reporting period. The original NF 1018 shall be submitted to the Center Deputy Chief Financial Officer (Finance) with three copies sent concurrently to the Center Industrial Property Officer. The annual reporting period shall be from October 1 of each year through September 30 of the following year. The report shall be submitted in time to be received by October 15. Negative reports (*i.e.* no reportable property) are required. The information contained in the reports is entered into the NASA accounting system to reflect current asset values for agency financial statement purposes. Therefore, it is essential that required reports be received no later than October 15. A final report is required within 30 days after the end of the period of performance.

(h) The requirements set forth in this term and condition supersedes award term and condition 1800.907, Equipment and Other Property.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.926 Listing of reportable equipment and other property.

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in awards with property.

Listing of Reportable Equipment and Other Property

(a) Title to Federally-owned property provided to the recipient remains vested in the Federal Government, and shall be managed in accordance with § 200.312. The following items of Federally-owned property are being provided to the recipient for use in performance of the work under this award—

List property or state “not applicable.”

(b) The following specific items of equipment acquired by the recipient have been identified by NASA for transfer of title to the Government when no longer required for performance under this award. This equipment will be managed in accordance with 200.313, and shall be transferred to NASA or NASA's designee in accordance with the procedures set forth at 200.313(e)—

(List property or state “not applicable.”)

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.927 Invoices and Payments Under Awards With Commercial Firms

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards with commercial firms.

Invoices and Payments Under Awards With Commercial Firms

(a) Invoices for payment of actual incurred costs shall be submitted by the recipient no more frequently than on a XX basis.

(b) Invoices shall be submitted by the recipient to the following offices:

(1) The original invoice shall be sent directly to the payment office designated on the award cover page.

(2) Copies of the invoice shall be sent to the NASA Technical Officer and NASA Grant Officer.

(c) All invoices shall reference the award number.

(d) The final invoice shall be marked “Final” and shall be submitted within 90 days of the end date of the period of performance.

(e) The requirements set forth in this term and condition shall govern to the extent these requirements are inconsistent with the requirements in term and condition “Financial Management” at 1800.906.

(End of Term and Condition)

1800.928 Electronic Funds Transfer Payment Methods

Prescription—The Grant Officer shall include this term and condition in all awards with commercial firms.

Electronic Funds Transfer Payment Methods

(a) Payments under this award will be made by the Government by electronic funds transfer through the Treasury Fedline Payment System (FEDLINE) or the Automated Clearing House (ACH), at the option of the Government. After award, but no later than 14 days before an invoice is submitted, the recipient shall designate a financial institution for receipt of electronic

funds transfer payments, and shall submit this designation to the Grant Officer or other Government official, as directed.

(b) For payment through FEDLINE, the recipient shall provide the following information:

(1) Name, address, and telegraphic abbreviation of the financial institution receiving payment.

(2) The American Bankers Association 9-digit identifying number for wire transfers of the financing institution receiving payment if the institution has access to the Federal Reserve Communication System.

(3) Payee's account number at the financial institution where funds are to be transferred.

(4) If the financial institution does not have access to the Federal Reserve Communications System, name, address, and telegraphic abbreviation of the correspondent financial institution through which the financial institution receiving payment obtains wire transfer activity. Provide the telegraphic abbreviation and American Bankers Association identifying number for the correspondent institution.

(c) For payment through ACH, the recipient shall provide the following information:

(1) Routing transit number of the financial institution receiving payment (same as American Bankers Association identifying number used for FEDLINE).

(2) Number of account to which funds are to be deposited.

(3) Type of depositor account ("C" for checking, "S" for savings).

(4) If the recipient is a new enrollee to the ACH system, a "Payment Information Form," SF 3881, must be completed before payment can be processed.

(d) In the event the recipient, during the performance of this award, elects to designate a different financial institution for the receipt of any payment made using electronic funds transfer procedures, notification of such change and the required information specified above must be received by the appropriate Government official 30 days prior to the date such change is to become effective.

(e) The documents furnishing the information required in this term and condition must be dated and contain the signature, title, and telephone number of the recipient official authorized to provide it, as well as the recipient's name and award number.

(f) Failure to properly designate a financial institution or to provide appropriate payee bank account information may delay payments of amounts otherwise properly due.

(g) The requirements set forth in this term and condition shall govern to the extent these requirements are inconsistent with the requirements in term and condition "Financial Management".

(End of Term and Condition)

[FR Doc. 2015-21434 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Rural Housing Service

7 CFR Part 3550

RIN 0575-AC88

Single Family Housing Direct Loan Program

AGENCY: Rural Housing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule; delay of effective date.

SUMMARY: On April 29, 2015, the Rural Housing Service (RHS) published a final rule to create a certified loan application packaging process for the direct single family housing loan program. On June 5, 2015, the final rule's effective date was deferred to October 1, 2015. The final rule's effective date is further delayed until October 1, 2016.

DATES: Effective Date: The effective date of the final rule published April 29, 2015 (80 FR 23673), effective July 28, 2015, and delayed on June 5, 2015 (80 FR 31971), is further delayed until October 1, 2016. RHS will publish in the **Federal Register** another document changing the effective date if and when appropriations mandates impacting Fiscal Year 2016 do not reference the packaging pilot program.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brooke Baumann, Branch Chief, Single Family Housing Direct Loan Division, USDA Rural Development, Stop 0783, 1400 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20250-0783, Telephone: 202-690-4250. Email: brooke.baumann@wdc.usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 729 of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Act) (Pub. L. 113-235) provides that the Agency will continue agreements with the current intermediaries in the pilot program and enter into additional agreements that increase the number of pilot intermediaries to at least 10. This appropriations mandate, which applies to the packaging pilot program in Fiscal Year 2015, prompted the Agency to defer the effective date of the final rule from July 28, 2015, to October 1, 2015, to allow the existing intermediaries under the pilot sufficient time to process loan application packages in their queue and to prepare for the implementation of the final rule.

Since Section 729 will remain in effect during any continuing resolution passed to continue program operations in Fiscal Year 2016 and given that similar mandatory language regarding the packaging pilot program is currently found in the Fiscal Year 2016

appropriations bills passed by the House and the Senate, the final rule to create a certified loan application packaging process will be deferred again. In an abundance of caution, the Agency takes this action to avoid the possibility of duplicative and inconsistent policies for this important certified loan application packaging process.

In the interim, existing pilot intermediaries will be contacted directly concerning extensions of their agreements. In addition, applications received from potential intermediaries under the final rule, which were due by July 9, 2015, will now be considered for inclusion in any Fiscal Year 2016 packaging pilot program.

Dated: August 31, 2015.

Tony Hernandez,

Administrator, Rural Housing Service.

[FR Doc. 2015-22785 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-XV-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 23

[Docket No. FAA-2015-3678; Special Conditions No. 23-268-SC]

Special Conditions: Korea Aerospace Industries, Ltd., Model K-100; Full Authority Digital Engine Control (FADEC) System

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final special conditions; request for comments.

SUMMARY: These special conditions are issued for the Korea Aerospace Industries, Ltd., Model K-100 airplane. This airplane will have a novel or unusual design feature(s) associated with the use of an electronic engine control system instead of a traditional mechanical control system. The applicable airworthiness regulations do not contain adequate or appropriate safety standards for this design feature. These special conditions contain the additional safety standards that the Administrator considers necessary to establish a level of safety equivalent to that established by the existing airworthiness standards.

DATES: The effective date of these special conditions is September 11, 2015.

We must receive your comments by October 26, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Send comments identified by docket number FAA–2015–3678 using any of the following methods:

□ *Federal eRegulations Portal:* Go to <http://www.regulations.gov> and follow the online instructions for sending your comments electronically.

□ *Mail:* Send comments to Docket Operations, M–30, U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Room W12–140, West Building Ground Floor, Washington, DC 20590–0001.

□ *Hand Delivery of Courier:* Take comments to Docket Operations in Room W12–140 of the West Building Ground Floor at 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

□ *Fax:* Fax comments to Docket Operations at 202–493–2251.

Privacy: The FAA will post all comments it receives, without change, to <http://regulations.gov>, including any personal information the commenter provides. Using the search function of the docket Web site, anyone can find and read the electronic form of all comments received into any FAA docket, including the name of the individual sending the comment (or signing the comment for an association, business, labor union, etc.). DOT's complete Privacy Act Statement can be found in the **Federal Register** published on April 11, 2000 (65 FR 19477–19478), as well as at <http://DocketsInfo.dot.gov>.

Docket: Background documents or comments received may be read at <http://www.regulations.gov> at any time. Follow the online instructions for accessing the docket or go to the Docket Operations in Room W12–140 of the West Building Ground Floor at 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC, between 9 a.m., and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jeff Pretz, Federal Aviation Administration, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service, ACE–111, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, MO 64106; telephone (816) 329–3239, facsimile (816) 329–4090.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA has determined, in accordance with 5 U.S. Code §§ 553(b)(3)(B) and 553(d)(3), that notice and opportunity for prior public comment hereon are unnecessary because the substance of this special condition has been subject to the public comment process in several prior instances with no substantive comments received. The FAA therefore finds that good cause exists for making these special conditions effective upon issuance.

| Special condition number | Company/airplane model |
|--------------------------|--|
| 23–237–SC .. | Spectrum Aeronautical Model S–40. |
| 23–246–SC .. | Cirrus Design Corporation Model SF50. |
| 23–253–SC .. | Diamond Aircraft industries Model DA–40NG. |

Comments Invited

We invite interested people to take part in this rulemaking by sending written comments, data, or views. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the special conditions, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. We ask that you send us two copies of written comments.

We will consider all comments we receive on or before the closing date for comments. We will consider comments filed late if it is possible to do so without incurring expense or delay. We may change these special conditions based on the comments we receive.

Background

On December 21, 2009, Korea Aerospace Industries, Ltd., applied for a type certificate for their new Model KC–100 airplane. The KC–100 is a normal category single engine four passenger composite low wing airplane with a maximum takeoff weight of 3600 pounds. It has fixed tricycle landing gear and is designed for both Visual Flight Rules (VFR) and Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) operations.

The KC–100 will use an electronic engine control system (FADEC) instead of a traditional mechanical control system. The engine control system will be certificated as part of the engine; however, the installation of an engine with an electronic control system requires evaluation due to critical environmental effects and possible effects on or by other airplane electronic systems, shared engine and airplane data and power sources.

The regulatory requirements in 14 CFR part 23 for evaluating the installation of complex systems, including electronic systems and critical environmental effects, are contained in § 23.1309. When § 23.1309 was developed, the use of electronic control systems for engines was not envisioned. Therefore, § 23.1309 requirements were not applicable to systems certificated as part of the engine (reference § 23.1309(f)(1)). Parts of the system that are not certificated with the engine could be evaluated using the criteria of § 23.1309. However, the integral nature of these systems makes it unfeasible to evaluate the airplane portion of the

system without including the engine portion of the system. In some cases, the airplane that the engine is used in will require a higher classification than the engine controls are certificated for; requiring the FADEC system to be analyzed at a higher classification. As of November 2005, FADEC special conditions mandated the classification for § 23.1309 analyses for loss of FADEC control as catastrophic for any airplane using a FADEC. This is not to imply an engine failure is classified as catastrophic, but that the digital engine control must provide an equivalent reliability to mechanical engine controls.

Type Certification Basis

Under the provisions of 14 CFR 21.17, Korea Aerospace Industries, Ltd., must show that the KC–100 meets the applicable provisions of part 23, as amended by amendment 23–1 through 23–59, thereto.

If the Administrator finds that the applicable airworthiness regulations (*i.e.*, 14 CFR part 23) do not contain adequate or appropriate safety standards for the KC–100 because of a novel or unusual design feature, special conditions are prescribed under the provisions of § 21.16.

In addition to the applicable airworthiness regulations and special conditions, the KC–100 must comply with the fuel vent and exhaust emission requirements of 14 CFR part 34 and the noise certification requirements of 14 CFR part 36. The FAA must issue a finding of regulatory adequacy under § 611 of Public Law 92–574, the Noise Control Act of 1972.

The FAA issues special conditions, as defined in § 11.19, under § 11.38 and they become part of the type certification basis under § 21.17(a)(2).

Special conditions are initially applicable to the model for which they are issued. Should the type certificate for that model be amended later to include any other model that incorporates the same novel or unusual design feature, the special conditions would also apply to the other model under the provisions of § 21.101(a)(1).

Novel or Unusual Design Features

The KC–100 will incorporate the following novel or unusual design features: an electronic engine control.

Discussion

The Model KC–100 makes use of an electronic engine control system instead of a traditional mechanical control system, which is considered a novel design for this type of airplane. The applicable airworthiness regulations do

not contain adequate or appropriate safety standards for this design feature. Maintaining a structured assessment to determine potential installation issues mitigates the concern that the addition of a full authority engine controller does not produce a failure condition not previously considered.

Applicability

The special conditions are applicable to the KC-100. Should Korea Aerospace Industries, Ltd., apply at a later date for a change to the type certificate to include another model incorporating the same novel or unusual design feature, the special conditions would also apply to that model as well.

Conclusion

This action affects only certain novel or unusual design features on the KC-100. It is not a rule of general applicability and affects only the applicant who applied to the FAA for approval of these features on the airplane.

The substance of these special conditions has been subjected to the notice and comment period in several prior instances and has been derived without substantive change from those previously issued. It is unlikely that prior public comment would result in a significant change from the substance contained herein. Therefore, notice and opportunity for prior public comment hereon are unnecessary and the FAA finds good cause, in accordance with 5 U.S. Code §§ 553(b)(3)(B) and 553(d)(3), making these special conditions effective upon issuance. The FAA is requesting comments to allow interested persons to submit views that may not have been submitted in response to the prior opportunities for comment described above.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 23

Aircraft, Aviation safety, Signs and symbols.

Citation

The authority citation for these special conditions is as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113 and 44701; 14 CFR 21.16 and 21.17; and 14 CFR 11.38 and 11.19.

The Special Conditions

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the following special conditions are issued as part of the type certification basis for Korea Aerospace Industries, Ltd., Model KC-100 airplanes.

1. Electronic Engine Control

a. For electronic engine control system installations, it must be established that no single failure or malfunction or probable combinations of failures of Electronic Engine Control (EEC) system components will have an effect on the system, as installed in the airplane, that causes the Loss of Thrust Control (LOTC)/Loss of Power Control (LOPC) probability of the system to exceed those allowed in part 33 certification.

b. EEC system installations must be evaluated for environmental and atmospheric conditions, including lightning. The EEC system lightning and high intensity radiated frequency effects that result during an LOTC/LOPC should be considered catastrophic.

c. The components of the installation must be constructed, arranged, and installed so as to ensure their continued safe operation between normal inspections or overhauls.

d. Functions incorporated into any EEC that make it part of any equipment, system or installation having functions beyond that of basic engine control, and may also introduce system failures and malfunctions, are not exempt from § 23.1309 and must be shown to meet part 23 levels of safety as derived from § 23.1309. Part 33 certification data, if applicable, may be used to show compliance with any part 23 requirements. If part 33 data is to be used to substantiate compliance with part 23 requirements, then the part 23 applicant must be able to provide this data for their showing of compliance.

Note: The term “probable” in the context of “probable combination of failures” does not have the same meaning as in AC 23.13091D. The term “probable” in “probable combination of failures” means “foreseeable,” or not “extremely improbable,” as referenced in AC 23.1309-1D.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri on August 28, 2015.

Earl Lawrence,

Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2015-22872 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

21 CFR Part 1308

[Docket No. DEA-415F]

Schedules of Controlled Substances: Removal of [123I]ioflupane From Schedule II of the Controlled Substances Act

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration, Department of Justice.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: With the issuance of this final rule, the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration removes [123I]ioflupane from the schedules of the Controlled Substances Act. This action is pursuant to the Controlled Substances Act which requires that such actions be made on the record after an opportunity for a hearing through formal rulemaking. Prior to the effective date of this rule, [123I]ioflupane was, by definition, a schedule II controlled substance because it is derived from cocaine via ecgonine, both of which are schedule II controlled substances. This action removes the regulatory controls and administrative, civil, and criminal sanctions applicable to controlled substances, including those specific to schedule II controlled substances, on persons who handle (manufacture, distribute, reverse distribute, dispense, conduct research, import, export, or conduct chemical analysis) or propose to handle [123I]ioflupane.

DATES: *Effective Date:* September 11, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John R. Scherbenske, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration; Mailing Address: 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152; Telephone: (202) 598-6812.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Legal Authority

The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) implements and enforces titles II and III of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended. 21 U.S.C. 801-971. Titles II and III are referred to as the “Controlled Substances Act” and the “Controlled Substances Import and Export Act,” respectively, and are collectively referred to as the “Controlled Substances Act” or the “CSA” for the purpose of this action. The DEA publishes the implementing regulations for these statutes in title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), chapter II.

The CSA and its implementing regulations are designed to prevent, detect, and eliminate the diversion of controlled substances and listed chemicals into the illicit market while ensuring an adequate supply is available for the legitimate medical, scientific, research, and industrial needs of the United States. Controlled substances have the potential for abuse and dependence and are controlled to protect the public health and safety.

Under the CSA, each controlled substance is classified into one of five schedules based upon its potential for abuse, its currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States, and the degree of dependence the substance may cause. 21 U.S.C. 812. The initial schedules of controlled substances established by Congress are found at 21 U.S.C. 812(c), and the current list of scheduled substances is published at 21 CFR part 1308.

Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 811(a)(2), the Attorney General may, by rule, “remove any drug or other substance from the schedules if he finds that the drug or other substance does not meet the requirements for inclusion in any schedule.” The Attorney General has delegated scheduling authority under 21 U.S.C. 811 to the Administrator of the DEA, 28 CFR 0.100.

The CSA provides that proceedings for the issuance, amendment, or repeal of the scheduling of any drug or other substance may be initiated by the Attorney General (1) on her own motion, (2) at the request of the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS),¹ or (3) on the petition of any interested party. 21 U.S.C. 811(a). This action was initiated at the request of the Assistant Secretary for Health of the HHS, and is supported by, *inter alia*, a recommendation from the Assistant Secretary of the HHS and an evaluation of all relevant data by the DEA. This action removes the regulatory controls and administrative, civil, and criminal sanctions applicable to controlled substances, including those specific to schedule II controlled substances, on persons who handle or propose to handle [¹²³I]ioflupane.

¹ As discussed in a memorandum of understanding entered into by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA), the FDA acts as the lead agency within the HHS in carrying out the Secretary's scheduling responsibilities under the CSA, with the concurrence of NIDA. 50 FR 9518, Mar. 8, 1985. The Secretary of the HHS has delegated to the Assistant Secretary for Health of the HHS the authority to make domestic drug scheduling recommendations. 58 FR 35460, July 1, 1993.

Background

[¹²³I]ioflupane is, by definition, a schedule II controlled substance because it is derived from cocaine, a schedule II substance, via ecgonine (a schedule II substance). See 21 U.S.C. 812(c), Schedule II, (a)(4).

[¹²³I]ioflupane is the active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) in the drug product DaTscan and it is a new molecular entity. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved the New Drug Application (NDA) for DaTscan on January 14, 2011, for the indication of visualizing striatal DATs in the brains of adult patients with suspected Parkinsonian syndromes (PS).

DEA and HHS Eight Factor Analyses

Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 811(b), (c), and (f), the HHS recommended to the DEA on November 2, 2010, that FDA-approved products containing [¹²³I]ioflupane be removed from schedule II of the CSA. The HHS provided to DEA a scientific and medical evaluation document entitled “Basis for the Recommendation to Remove FDA Approved Products Containing [¹²³I]ioflupane from Schedule II of the Controlled Substances Act (CSA).” Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 811(b), this document contained an eight-factor analysis of FDA-approved products containing [¹²³I]ioflupane, along with the HHS's recommendation to remove FDA-approved products containing [¹²³I]ioflupane from the schedules of the CSA. The HHS later clarified to DEA that its November 2, 2010, recommendation also supports the decontrol of the substance [¹²³I]ioflupane.²

In response, the DEA reviewed the scientific and medical evaluation and scheduling recommendation provided by the HHS, and all other relevant data. The DEA and HHS collaborated further regarding the available information. In a letter dated February 2, 2015, the HHS provided detailed responses to specific inquiries from the DEA (submitted by letter dated September 16, 2014). Upon further review of all of the available information, the DEA completed its own eight-factor review document on FDA-approved diagnostic products containing [¹²³I]ioflupane (currently, only DaTscan) pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 811(c).

The FDA-approved diagnostic product, DaTscan, was used as the basis for the scientific and medical evaluation of FDA-approved products containing [¹²³I]ioflupane for both the HHS and

DEA eight-factor analysis. Both the DEA and HHS analyses and other relevant documents are available in their entirety in the public docket of this rule (Docket Number DEA-415F) at <http://www.regulations.gov> under “Supporting and Related Material.”

Determination To Decontrol [¹²³I]ioflupane

After a review of the available data, including the scientific and medical evaluation and recommendation, the Administrator of the DEA published in the **Federal Register** a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) entitled “Schedules of Controlled Substances: Removal of [¹²³I]ioflupane from Schedule II of the Controlled Substances Act” which proposed removal of [¹²³I]ioflupane from the schedules of the CSA. 80 FR 31521, June 3, 2015. The proposed rule provided an opportunity for interested persons to file a request for a hearing in accordance with DEA regulations by July 6, 2015.

No requests for such a hearing were received by the DEA. The NPRM also provided an opportunity for interested persons to submit written comments on the proposal on or before July 6, 2015.

Comments Received

The DEA received nine comments on the proposed rule to decontrol [¹²³I]ioflupane. All commenters supported the decontrol of [¹²³I]ioflupane.

Commenters in support of decontrolling [¹²³I]ioflupane included an international medical society for neurology; an association of industry members that manufacture radiopharmaceuticals; a professional organization representing radiologists, radiation oncologists, interventional radiologists, nuclear medicine physicians, and medical physicists; an advocacy group for the Parkinson's community; a trade association representing medical imaging, radiotherapy and radiopharmaceutical manufacturers; the sponsor of the drug product containing [¹²³I]ioflupane; a physician; a health services company; and a private citizen, all of whom expressed support for the DEA's proposal to decontrol [¹²³I]ioflupane. Some commenters also stated that the proposal would improve patient access to an important diagnostic pharmaceutical and reduce the burden on providers and nuclear pharmacies.

The DEA appreciates the comments in support of this rulemaking.

Effective Date of the Rule

Generally, DEA scheduling actions are effective 30 days from the date of

² Letter from Karen B. DeSalvo, Acting Assistant Secretary for Health, HHS to John J. Riley, Acting Deputy Administrator, DEA (Aug. 19, 2015).

publication of the final rule in the **Federal Register**. 21 CFR 1308.45; see also 5 U.S.C. 553(d). In this instance, and in accordance with 21 CFR 1308.45, the DEA finds that the conditions of public health or safety necessitate an earlier effective date, *i.e.*, the date of publication in the **Federal Register**. An earlier effective date would allow specialized members of the healthcare community to readily utilize this substance as a component of an important diagnostic tool, DaTscan. DaTscan, which contains [¹²³I]ioflupane, is used in differentiating essential tremors from tremors due to PS, (idiopathic Parkinson's disease, multiple system atrophy, and progressive supranuclear palsy), and can help healthcare professionals provide more accurate diagnoses. This earlier effective date will allow patients to receive, without delay, important diagnostic testing that is critical to their health and treatment. These findings, coupled with the fact that this is an action for decontrol, indicate that conditions of public health necessitate an immediate effective date upon publication in the **Federal Register**.

The DEA also notes that its decision to make this rule effective upon publication aligns with the exceptions to the 30-day effective date requirement of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA). One of the APA's exceptions to the 30-day effective date is for a substantive rule granting or recognizing an exemption or which relieves a restriction. 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3).

Scheduling Conclusion

Based on consideration of all comments, the scientific and medical evaluation and accompanying recommendation and clarification from the HHS, and based on the DEA's consideration of its own eight-factor analysis, the Administrator finds that these facts and all relevant data demonstrate that [¹²³I]ioflupane does not meet the requirements for inclusion in any schedule, and will be removed from control under the CSA.

Regulatory Analyses

Executive Orders 12866 and 15363

In accordance with 21 U.S.C. 811(a), this scheduling action is subject to formal rulemaking procedures done "on the record after opportunity for a hearing," which are conducted pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 556 and 557. The CSA sets forth the criteria for scheduling a drug or other substance. Such actions are exempt from review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) pursuant to section 3(d)(1) of

Executive Order 12866 and the principles reaffirmed in Executive Order 13563.

Executive Order 12988

This regulation meets the applicable standards set forth in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988 Civil Justice Reform to eliminate drafting errors and ambiguity, minimize litigation, provide a clear legal standard for affected conduct, and promote simplification and burden reduction.

Executive Order 13132

This rulemaking does not have federalism implications warranting the application of Executive Order 13132. The rule does not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the Federal Government and the States, or the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

Executive Order 13175

This rule does not have tribal implications warranting the application of Executive Order 13175. This rule does not have substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Administrator, in accordance with the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612) (RFA), has reviewed this rule and by approving it certifies that it will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The purpose of this rule is to remove [¹²³I]ioflupane from the list of schedules of the CSA. This action removes regulatory controls and administrative, civil, and criminal sanctions applicable to controlled substances for handlers and proposed handlers of [¹²³I]ioflupane. Accordingly, it has the potential for some economic impact in the form of cost savings.

This rule will affect all persons who handle, or propose to handle, [¹²³I]ioflupane. Due to the wide variety of unidentifiable and unquantifiable variables that potentially could influence the distribution and administration rates of radiopharmaceutical substances, the DEA is unable to determine the number of entities and small entities which might handle [¹²³I]ioflupane. In other instances where a controlled pharmaceutical drug is removed from the schedules of the CSA, the DEA is

able to quantify the estimated number of affected entities and small entities because the handling of the drug is expected to be limited to DEA registrants even after removal from the schedules. In such instances, the DEA's knowledge of its registrant population forms the basis for estimating the number of affected entities and small entities. However, [¹²³I]ioflupane is expected to be handled by persons who hold DEA registrations regardless of whether this rule is promulgated (*e.g.*, hospital radiopharmacies) and by persons who are not currently registered with the DEA to handle controlled substances (*e.g.*, diagnostic clinics and imaging centers that do not routinely handle controlled substances). The DEA does not have a reliable basis to estimate the number of non-registrants who plan to handle [¹²³I]ioflupane.

Although the DEA does not have a reliable basis to estimate the number of affected entities and quantify the economic impact of this final rule, a qualitative analysis indicates that this rule is likely to result in some cost savings for the healthcare industry. The affected entities will continue to meet existing Federal and/or state requirements applicable to those who handle radiopharmaceutical substances, including licensure, security, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements, which in many cases are more stringent than the DEA's requirements. However, the DEA believes cost savings will be realized from the removal of the administrative, civil, and criminal sanctions for those entities handling or proposing to handle [¹²³I]ioflupane, in the form of saved DEA registration fees, and the elimination of additional physical security, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements.

Because of these facts, this rule will not result in a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

The DEA has determined and certifies pursuant to the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA), 2 U.S.C. 1501 *et seq.*, that this action would not result in any federal mandate that may result "in the expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of \$100,000,000 or more (adjusted for inflation) in any one year" Therefore, neither a Small Government Agency Plan nor any other action is required under provisions of UMRA.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This action does not impose a new collection of information requirement under the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501–3521. This action would not impose recordkeeping or reporting requirements on State or local governments, individuals, businesses, or organizations. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Congressional Review Act

This rule is not a major rule as defined by section 804 of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Congressional Review Act (CRA)). This rule will not result in: An annual effect on the economy of \$100,000,000 or more; a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions; or significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of United States-based companies to compete with foreign-based companies in domestic and export markets. However, pursuant to the CRA, the DEA has submitted a copy of this final rule to both Houses of Congress and to the Comptroller General.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 1308

Administrative practice and procedure, Drug traffic control, Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements.

For the reasons set out above, 21 CFR part 1308 is amended to read as follows:

PART 1308—SCHEDULES OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

■ 1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 1308 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 811, 812, 871(b), unless otherwise noted.

■ 2. In § 1308.12, revise paragraph (b)(4) to read as follows:

§ 1308.12 Schedule II.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(4) Coca leaves (9040) and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves (including cocaine (9041) and ecgonine (9180) and their salts, isomers, derivatives and salts of isomers and derivatives), and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these

substances, except that the substances shall not include:

- (i) Decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; or
(ii) [¹²³I]ioflupane.

* * * * *

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Chuck Rosenberg,

Acting Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2015–22919 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–09–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY**Coast Guard****33 CFR Part 147**

[Docket No. USCG–2015–0512]

RIN 1625–AA00

Safety Zone; Mad Dog Truss Spar, Green Canyon 782, Outer Continental Shelf on the Gulf of Mexico

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Interim rule and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard published in the *Federal Register* on July 29, 2005, a final rule establishing a safety zone around the Mad Dog Truss Spar. The coordinates for the location of the Mad Dog Truss Spar were published incorrectly as 27°11'18" N., 91°05'12" W. This interim rule corrects the coordinates to reflect the actual location of the Mad Dog Truss Spar as 27°11'18.124" N., 90°16'7.363" W., therefore correctly publishing the area covered by the safety zone around the Mad Dog Truss Spar system, located in Green Canyon Block 782 on the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) in the Gulf of Mexico.

DATES: This interim rule is effective September 11, 2015. Comments and related material must be received by the Coast Guard on or before October 13, 2015.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by docket number USCG–2015–0512 using any one of the following methods:

(1) *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>.

(2) *Fax:* 202–493–2251.

(3) *Mail or Delivery:* Docket Management Facility (M–30), U.S. Department of Transportation, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590–0001. Deliveries

accepted between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except federal holidays. The telephone number is 202–366–9329.

See the “Public Participation and Request for Comments” portion of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section below for instructions on submitting comments. To avoid duplication, please use only one of these four methods.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions on this interim rule, call or email Mr. Rusty Wright, U.S. Coast Guard, District Eight Waterways Management Branch; telephone 504–671–2138, rusty.h.wright@uscg.mil. If you have questions on viewing or submitting material to the docket, call Cheryl F. Collins, Program Manager, Docket Operations, telephone (202) 366–9826.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Table of Acronyms**

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DHS Department of Homeland Security
EEZ Exclusive Economic Zone
FR Federal Register
IMO International Maritime Organization
OCS Outer Continental Shelf
USCG United States Coast Guard

A. Public Participation and Request for Comments

We encourage you to participate in this rulemaking by submitting comments and related materials. All comments received will be posted without change to <http://www.regulations.gov> and will include any personal information you have provided.

1. Submitting Comments

If you submit a comment, please include the docket number for this rulemaking, indicate the specific section of this document to which each comment applies, and provide a reason for each suggestion or recommendation. You may submit your comments and material online at <http://www.regulations.gov>, or by fax, mail, or hand delivery, but please use only one of these means. If you submit a comment online, it will be considered received by the Coast Guard when you successfully transmit the comment. If you fax, hand deliver, or mail your comment, it will be considered as having been received by the Coast Guard when it is received at the Docket Management Facility. We recommend that you include your name and a mailing address, an email address, or a telephone number in the body of your document so that we can contact you if we have questions regarding your submission.

To submit your comment online, go to <http://www.regulations.gov>, type the docket number [USCG–2015–0512] in the “SEARCH” box and click “SEARCH.” Click on “Submit a Comment” on the line associated with this rulemaking.

If you submit your comments by mail or hand delivery, submit them in an unbound format, no larger than 8½ by 11 inches, suitable for copying and electronic filing. If you submit comments by mail and would like to know that they reached the Facility, please enclose a stamped, self-addressed postcard or envelope. We will consider all comments and material received during the comment period and may change the rule based on your comments.

2. Viewing Comments and Documents

To view comments, as well as documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, go to <http://www.regulations.gov>, type the docket number (USCG–2015–0512) in the “SEARCH” box and click “SEARCH.” Click on Open Docket Folder on the line associated with this rulemaking. You may also visit the Docket Management Facility in Room W12–140 on the ground floor of the Department of Transportation West Building, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

3. Privacy Act

Anyone can search the electronic form of comments received into any of our dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the comment, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). You may review a Privacy Act notice regarding our public dockets in the January 17, 2008 issue of the **Federal Register** (73 FR 3316).

4. Public Meeting

We do not now plan to hold a public meeting. But you may submit a request for one by using one of the methods specified under **ADDRESSES**. Please explain why you believe a public meeting would be beneficial. If we determine that one would aid this rulemaking, we will hold one at a time and place announced by a later notice in the **Federal Register**.

B. Regulatory History and Information

The Coast Guard published in the **Federal Register** of July 29, 2005, a final rule establishing a safety zone around the Mad Dog Truss Spar facility located on the OCS, under 33 CFR 147.839 (see

70 FR 43768). However, that final rule published with the wrong latitude and longitude for the facility location. The July 29, 2005 final rule incorrectly published the location as 27°11'18" N., 91°05'12" W. Through this interim rule and request for comments, the Coast Guard is correcting the location as published in the Code of Federal Regulations. This interim rule establishes the safety zone around the corrected location and provides the opportunity for public comment but does so without prior notice pursuant to authority under section 4(a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553(b)). This provision authorizes an agency to issue a rule without prior notice when the agency for good cause finds that those procedures are “impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest.” Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not providing prior notice with respect to this rule. Delaying this correction to the location of the Mad Dog OCS safety zone would also delay necessary chart corrections.

Additionally, it is impracticable and unnecessary to delay establishing and publishing the correct location to provide prior notice because the safety zone around the Mad Dog facility is known to those operating in the area and omitting the notice requirement will not result in a negative impact. Providing the opportunity to comment will allow for input on addressing such a correction while the correction is established but before it is made final.

For the same reasons, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**.

C. Basis and Purpose

Under the authority provided in 14 U.S.C. 85; 43 U.S.C. 1333; and Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1. Title 33, CFR part 147 permits the establishment of safety zones for facilities located on the OCS for the purpose of protecting life, property and the marine environment. The purpose of this interim rule is to correct the coordinates, reflecting the actual location of the Mad Dog Truss Spar facility at 27°11'18.124" N., 90°16'7.363" W. By correcting the location, this interim rule also reflects the correct area covered by the safety zone in place around the Mad Dog Truss Spar. The purpose of the safety zone around the Mad Dog Truss Spar is to protect the facility from all vessels operating outside the normal shipping channels and fairways that are not

providing services to or working with the facility. Safety zones established around such facilities significantly reduce the threat of allisions, collisions, security breaches, oil spills, releases of natural gas, and thereby protect the safety of life, property, and the environment.

For the purpose of safety zones established under 33 CFR part 147, the deepwater area is considered to be waters of 304.8 meters (1,000 feet) or greater depth extending to the limits of the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) contiguous to the territorial sea of the United States and extending to a distance up to 200 nautical miles from the baseline from which the breadth of the sea is measured. Navigation in the vicinity of the safety zone consists of large commercial shipping vessels, fishing vessels, cruise ships, tugs with tows and the occasional recreational vessel. The deepwater area also includes an extensive system of fairways.

D. Discussion of Interim Rule

On July 29, 2005, the Coast Guard established a safety zone under 33 CFR 147.839, around the Mad Dog Truss Spar facility through a final rule publishing an incorrect location for the facility as 27°11'18" N., 91°05'12" W. This interim rule corrects the coordinates in the CFR to reflect the actual location of 27°11'18.124" N., 90°16'7.363" W., while also requesting comments before being made final. The original OCS safety zone and this interim rule correcting the location are established to address safety concerns for both the personnel aboard the facility and the environment. It is highly likely that any allision with the facility would result in a catastrophic event. In evaluating the need for a safety zone, the Coast Guard explored relevant safety factors and considered several criteria, including but not limited to, (1) the level of shipping activity around the facility, (2) safety concerns for personnel aboard the facility, (3) concerns for the environment, (4) the likelihood that an allision would result in a catastrophic event based on proximity to shipping fairways, offloading operations, production levels, and size of the crew, (5) the volume of traffic in the vicinity of the area, (6) the types of vessels navigating in the vicinity of the area, and (7) the structural configuration of the facility.

Results from a thorough and comprehensive examination of the criteria, International Maritime Organization (IMO) guidelines, and existing regulations warranted establishment of the original safety zone and support this correction establishing

the corrected location for the safety zone extending 500 meters (1640.4 feet) around the facility. This safety zone will reduce significantly the threat of allisions, oil spills, and releases of natural gas and increase the safety of life, property, and the environment in the Gulf of Mexico by prohibiting entry into the zone unless specifically authorized by the Commander, Eighth Coast Guard District or a designated representative.

E. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this interim rule after considering numerous statutes and executive orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses based on a number of these statutes or executive orders.

1. Regulatory Planning and Review

This interim rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, as supplemented by Executive Order 13563, Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review, and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of Executive Order 12866 or under section 1 of Executive Order 13563. The Office of Management and Budget has not reviewed it under those Orders.

This rule is not a significant regulatory action due to the location of the Mad Dog Truss Spar—on the Outer Continental Shelf—and its distance from both land and safety fairways. Vessels traversing waters near the interim safety zone will be able to safely travel around the zone using alternate routes. Exceptions to this interim rule include vessels measuring less than 100 feet in length overall and not engaged in towing. Deviation to transit through the interim safety zone may be requested. Such requests will be considered on a case-by-case basis and may be authorized by the Commander, Eighth Coast Guard District or a designated representative.

2. Impact on Small Entities

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601–612, as amended, requires federal agencies to consider the potential impact of regulations on small entities during rulemaking. The term “small entities” comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this interim rule will not

have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

This interim rule would affect the following entities, some of which might be small entities: The owners or operators of vessels intending to transit or anchor within the area extending 500 meters (1640.4 feet) from the outermost edges of the Mad Dog Truss Spar located in Green Canyon 782 on the OCS.

This safety zone will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities for the following reasons: Vessel traffic can pass safely around the safety zone using alternate routes. Based on the limited scope of the safety zone, any delay resulting from using an alternate route is expected to be minimal depending on vessel traffic and speed in the area. Deviation to transit through the interim safety zone may be requested. Such requests will be considered on a case-by-case basis and may be authorized by the Commander, Eighth Coast Guard District or a designated representative.

If you think that your business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction qualifies as a small entity and that this rule would have a significant economic impact on it, please submit a comment (see **ADDRESSES**) explaining why you think it qualifies and how and to what degree this rule would economically affect it.

3. Assistance for Small Entities

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we want to assist small entities in understanding this interim rule. If the rule would affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please submit a comment (see **ADDRESSES**) explaining why you think it qualifies and how and to what degree this rule would economically affect it. The Coast Guard will not retaliate against small entities that question or complain about this interim rule or any policy or action of the Coast Guard.

4. Collection of Information

This interim rule would call for no new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520.).

5. Federalism

A rule has implications for federalism under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, if it has a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of

power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. We have analyzed this interim rule under that Order and have determined that it does not have implications for federalism.

6. Protest Activities

The Coast Guard respects the First Amendment rights of protesters. Protesters are asked to contact the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section to coordinate protest activities so that your message can be received without jeopardizing the safety or security of people, places or vessels.

7. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of \$100,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) or more in any one year. Though this interim rule would not result in such an expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

8. Taking of Private Property

This interim rule would not cause a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under Executive Order 12630, Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights.

9. Civil Justice Reform

This interim rule meets applicable standards in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform, to minimize litigation, eliminate ambiguity, and reduce burden.

10. Protection of Children From Environmental Health Risks

We have analyzed this interim rule under Executive Order 13045, Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks. This rule is not an economically significant rule and would not create an environmental risk to health or risk to safety that might disproportionately affect children.

11. Indian Tribal Governments

This interim rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it would not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the

Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes.

12. Energy Effects

We have analyzed this interim rule under Executive Order 13211, Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use.

13. Technical Standards

This interim rule does not use technical standards. Therefore, we did not consider the use of voluntary consensus standards.

14. Environment

We have analyzed this interim rule under Department of Homeland Security Management Directive 023-01 and Commandant Instruction M16475.ID, which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) 42 U.S.C. 4321-4370f, and have made a preliminary determination that this action is one of a category of actions which do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. This interim rule involves the establishment of a safety zone around an OCS facility to protect life, property and the marine environment. This interim rule is categorical excluded from further review, under figure 2-1, paragraph (34)(g), of the Commandant Instruction. A preliminary environmental analysis checklist supporting this determination and the Categorical Exclusion Determination are available in the docket where indicated under ADDRESSES. We seek any comments or information that may lead to the

discovery of a significant environmental impact from this interim rule.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 147

Continental shelf, Marine safety, Navigation (water).

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 147 as follows:

PART 147—SAFETY ZONES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 147 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 14 U.S.C. 85; 43 U.S.C. 1333; and Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1.

■ 2. Revise § 147.865 to read as follows:

§ 147.839 Mad Dog Truss Spar Platform safety zone.

(a) Description. The Mad Dog Truss Spar system is in the deepwater area of the Gulf of Mexico at Green Canyon 782. The facility is located at 27°11'18.124" N., 90°16'7.363" W. and the area within 500 meters (1640.4 feet) from each point on the facility structure's outer edge is a safety zone.

(b) Regulation. No vessel may enter or remain in this safety zone except the following:

- (1) An attending vessel;
- (2) A vessel under 100 feet in length overall not engaged in towing; or
- (3) A vessel authorized by the Commander, Eighth Coast Guard District.

Dated: August 3, 2015.

David R. Callahan,
Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commander,
Eighth Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 2015-22579 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[Docket No. USCG-2015-0797]

Safety Zones; Fireworks Events in Captain of the Port New York Zone

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Notice of enforcement of regulation.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard will enforce various safety zones within the Captain of the Port New York Zone on the specified dates and times. This action is necessary to ensure the safety of vessels and spectators from hazards associated with fireworks displays. During the enforcement period, no person or vessel may enter the safety zones without permission of the Captain of the Port (COTP).

DATES: The regulation for the safety zones described in 33 CFR 165.160 will be enforced on the dates and times listed in the table in SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions on this notice, call or email MST1 Daniel Vazquez, Coast Guard; telephone 718-354-4197, email daniel.vazquez@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Coast Guard will enforce the safety zones listed in 33 CFR 165.160 on the specified dates and times as indicated in Table 1 below. This regulation was published in the Federal Register on November 9, 2011 (76 FR 69614).

TABLE 1

| | |
|--|---|
| <p>1. Association of Indians in America, Seaport, East River Safety Zone, 33 CFR 165.160(4.4).</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Launch site: All waters of the East River south of the Brooklyn Bridge and north of a line drawn from the southwest corner of Pier 3, Brooklyn, to the southeast corner of Pier 6, Manhattan. A barge located in approximate position 40°42'12.5" N. 074°00'02" W. (NAD 1983), approximately 200 yards east of Pier 16. This Safety Zone is a 180-yard radius from the barge. • Date: October 04, 2015. • Time: 06:50 p.m.–08:10 p.m. |
| <p>2. Gail and Rice, Corlears, East River Safety Zone, 33 CFR 165.160(4.3).</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Launch site: A barge located in approximate position 40°42'24" N. 073°58'35" W. (NAD 1983), approximately 570 yards South of Williamsburg Bridge, 250 yards West of Railroad Avenue, Corlears Hook, New York. This Safety Zone is a 500-yard radius from the barge. • Date: September 21, 2015. • Time: 06:55 p.m.–09:00 p.m. |

Under the provisions of 33 CFR 165.160, vessels may not enter the safety zones unless given permission from the COTP or a designated representative. Spectator vessels may transit outside the safety zones but may not anchor, block, loiter in, or impede the transit of other

vessels. The Coast Guard may be assisted by other Federal, State, or local law enforcement agencies in enforcing this regulation.

This notice is issued under authority of 33 CFR 165.160(a) and 5 U.S.C. 552(a). In addition to this notice in the Federal Register, the Coast Guard will

provide mariners with advanced notification of enforcement periods via the Local Notice to Mariners and marine information broadcasts.

If the COTP determines that a safety zone need not be enforced for the full duration stated in this notice, a Broadcast Notice to Mariners may be

used to grant general permission to enter the safety zone.

Dated: August 27, 2015.

M.H. Day,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port New York.

[FR Doc. 2015-22867 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-04-P

POSTAL SERVICE

39 CFR Parts 961 and 966

Rules of Practice Before the Judicial Officer

AGENCY: Postal Service.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document contains the final revisions to the rules of practice before the Judicial Officer relative to debt collection against current and former employees. These revisions are necessary to implement an electronic filing system.

DATES: *Effective date:* September 11, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Written inquiries may be directed to: Postal Service Judicial Officer Department, 2101 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 600, Arlington, VA 22201-3078.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Associate Judicial Officer Gary E. Shapiro, (703) 812-1910.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

On July 1, 2015, the Judicial Officer Department published for comment proposed revisions to the rules of practice before the Judicial Officer relative to debt collection against current and former postal employees (39 CFR parts 961 and 966, respectively) to implement an electronic filing system (80 FR 37567-8). The period for comments closed on July 31, 2015, and no comments were received. The Judicial Officer has made no further revisions to the original proposed rules, which are now adopted as final.

B. Parts Affected

Part 961 of title 39, Code of Federal Regulations, contains the rules of practice in proceedings under section 5 of the Debt Collection Act of 1982, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 5514, in which the Judicial Officer or an assigned Hearing Official provides the final agency adjudication for debt collection assessments by administrative salary offset issued by the Postal Service seeking to collect a debt owed it by a

current employee. This authority is delegated by the Postmaster General.

Part 966 of title 39, Code of Federal Regulations, contains the rules of practice in proceedings relative to administrative offsets initiated against former employees of the Postal Service under section 10 of the Debt Collection Act of 1982, as amended, 31 U.S.C. 3716, in which the Judicial Officer provides the final agency adjudication for debt collection assessments by administrative offset issued by the Postal Service seeking to collect a debt owed it by a former employee. This authority is delegated by the Postmaster General.

C. Explanation of Changes

Amendments to 39 CFR Part 961

In § 961.4, concerning filing a petition:

- Paragraph (a) is amended to identify the internet address for the electronic filing system.
- Paragraph (b) is amended to indicate that a sample petition is available through the electronic filing system.

In § 961.6, concerning the filing, docketing, and serving of documents, paragraph (a) is amended to indicate when documents submitted by parties are considered received, and to indicate when service of documents on the opposing party is required for purposes of the electronic filing system.

Amendments to 39 CFR Part 966

In § 966.4, concerning filing a petition:

- Paragraph (c) is amended to identify the internet address for the electronic filing system.
- Paragraph (d) is amended to indicate that a sample petition is available through the electronic filing system.

In § 966.6, concerning the filing, docketing, and serving of documents, paragraph (a) is amended to indicate when documents submitted by parties are considered received, and to indicate when service of documents on the opposing party is required for purposes of the electronic filing system.

List of Subjects

39 CFR Part 961

Claims, Government employees, Wages.

39 CFR Part 966

Administrative practice and procedure, Claims, Government employees, Wages.

Accordingly, for the reasons stated, the Postal Service amends 39 CFR parts 961 and 966 as follows:

PART 961—RULES OF PRACTICE IN PROCEEDINGS UNDER SECTION 5 OF THE DEBT COLLECTION ACT

■ 1. The authority citation for 39 CFR part 961 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 39 U.S.C. 204, 401; 5 U.S.C. 5514.

■ 2. In § 961.4, revise the first sentence of paragraph (a), and add a sentence at the beginning of paragraph (b) introductory text to read as follows:

§ 961.4 Employee petition for a hearing.

(a) If an employee desires a hearing, prescribed by section 5 of the Debt Collection Act, to challenge the Postal Service's determination of the existence or amount of a debt, or to challenge the involuntary repayment terms proposed by the Postal Service, the employee must file a written petition electronically at <https://uspsjoe.justware.com/justiceweb>, or by mail at Recorder, Judicial Officer Department, United States Postal Service, 2101 Wilson Blvd., Suite 600, Arlington, VA 22201-3078, on or before the fifteenth (15th) calendar day following the receipt of the Postal Service's "Notice of Involuntary Administrative Salary Offsets Under the Debt Collection Act." * * *

(b) A sample petition is available through the Judicial Officer Electronic Filing Web site (<https://uspsjoe.justware.com/justiceweb>). * * *

■ 3. In § 961.6, revise paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 961.6 Filing, docketing, and serving documents; computation of time; representation of parties.

(a) *Filing.* After a petition is filed, all documents relating to the Debt Collection Act hearing proceedings must be filed using the electronic filing system unless the Hearing Official permits otherwise. Documents submitted using the electronic filing system are considered filed as of the date/time (Eastern Time) reflected in the system. Documents mailed to the Recorder are considered filed on the date mailed as evidenced by a United States Postal Service postmark. Filings by any other means are considered filed upon receipt by the Recorder of a complete copy of the filing during normal business hours (Normal Recorder office business hours are between 8:45 a.m. and 4:45 p.m., Eastern Time). If both parties are participating via the electronic filing

system, separate service upon the opposing party is not required. Otherwise, documents shall be served personally or by mail on the opposing party, noting on the document filed, or on the transmitting letter, that a copy has been so furnished.

* * * * *

PART 966—RULES OF PRACTICE IN PROCEEDINGS RELATIVE TO ADMINISTRATIVE OFFSETS INITIATED AGAINST FORMER EMPLOYEES OF THE POSTAL SERVICE

■ 4. The authority citation for 39 CFR part 966 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 31 U.S.C. 3716; 39 U.S.C. 204, 401, 2601.

■ 5. In § 966.4, revise paragraph (c), and add a sentence at the beginning of paragraph (d) introductory text to read as follows:

§ 966.4 Petition for a hearing and supplement to petition.

* * * * *

(c) Within thirty (30) calendar days after the date of receipt of the Accounting Service Center's decision upon reconsideration, after the expiration of sixty (60) calendar days after a request for reconsideration where a reconsideration determination is not made, or following an administrative offset taken without prior notice and opportunity for reconsideration pursuant to paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the former employee must file a written petition electronically at <https://uspsjoe.justware.com/justiceweb>, or by mail at Recorder, Judicial Officer Department, United States Postal Service, 2101 Wilson Blvd., Suite 600, Arlington, VA 22201-3078.

(d) A sample petition is available through the Judicial Officer Electronic Filing Web site (<https://uspsjoe.justware.com/justiceweb>). * * *

* * * * *

■ 6. In § 966.6, revise paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 966.6 Filing, docketing, and serving documents; computation of time; representation of parties.

(a) *Filing.* After a petition is filed, all documents required under this part must be filed using the electronic filing system unless the Hearing Official permits otherwise. Documents submitted using the electronic filing system are considered filed as of the date/time (Eastern Time) reflected in the system. Documents mailed to the Recorder are considered filed on the date mailed as evidenced by a United States Postal Service postmark. Filings

by any other means are considered filed upon receipt by the Recorder of a complete copy of the filing during normal business hours (Normal Recorder office business hours are between 8:45 a.m. and 4:45 p.m., Eastern Time). If both parties are participating via the electronic filing system, separate service upon the opposing party is not required. Otherwise, documents shall be served personally or by mail on the opposing party, noting on the document filed, or on the transmitting letter, that a copy has been so furnished.

* * * * *

Stanley F. Mires,

Attorney, Federal Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2015-22881 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7710-12-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R05-OAR-2015-0380; FRL-9933-65-Region 5]

Air Plan Approval; Indiana; SO₂ Revision for Walsh and Kelly

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is approving a request submitted by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) on June 1, 2015, to revise the Indiana state implementation plan (SIP) for sulfur dioxide (SO₂). The revision updates information regarding Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated, a hot mix asphalt plant located in Griffith, Lake County, Indiana. Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated, is replacing its aggregate drum dryer. The revision does not change any of the SO₂ control requirements and will not result in an increase in SO₂ emissions.

DATES: This rule is effective on November 10, 2015, unless EPA receives adverse written comments by October 13, 2015. If EPA receives adverse comments, EPA will publish a timely withdrawal of the rule in the **Federal Register** and inform the public that the rule will not take effect.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA-R05-OAR-2015-0380, by one of the following methods:

1. *www.regulations.gov:* Follow the on-line instructions for submitting comments.

2. *Email:* blakley.pamela@epa.gov.

3. *Fax:* (312) 692-2450.

4. *Mail:* Pamela Blakley, Chief, Control Strategies Section, Air Programs Branch (AR-18J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604.

5. *Hand Delivery:* Pamela Blakley, Chief, Control Strategies Section, Air Programs Branch (AR-18J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. Such deliveries are only accepted during the Regional Office normal hours of operation, and special arrangements should be made for deliveries of boxed information. The Regional Office official hours of business are Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding Federal holidays.

Instructions: Direct your comments to Docket ID No. EPA-R05-OAR-2015-0380. EPA's policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change and may be made available online at www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Do not submit information that you consider to be CBI or otherwise protected through www.regulations.gov or email. The www.regulations.gov Web site is an "anonymous access" system, which means EPA will not know your identity or contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment. If you send an email comment directly to EPA without going through www.regulations.gov your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the Internet. If you submit an electronic comment, EPA recommends that you include your name and other contact information in the body of your comment and with any disk or CD-ROM you submit. If EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties and cannot contact you for clarification, EPA may not be able to consider your comment. Electronic files should avoid the use of special characters, any form of encryption, and be free of any defects or viruses.

Docket: All documents in the docket are listed in the www.regulations.gov index. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, will be publicly available only in hard copy. Publicly

available docket materials are available either electronically in www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. This Facility is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays. We recommend that you telephone Charles Hatten, Environmental Engineer, (312) 886-6031 before visiting the Region 5 office.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Charles Hatten, Environmental Engineer, Control Strategies Section, Air Programs Branch (AR-18J), Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604, (312)886-6031, hatten.charles@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever “we,” “us,” or “our” is used, we mean EPA. This supplementary information section is arranged as follows:

- I. General Information
- II. What is EPA approving?
- III. What are the changes from the current Rule?
- IV. What action is EPA taking?
- V. Incorporation by Reference
- VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

This action only applies to Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated, located in Griffith, Lake County, Indiana.

B. Has public notice been provided?

IDEM published a public notice of the revisions to the SIP on February 4, 2015, to update its SO₂ rules that apply specifically to Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated. A public hearing on the revisions was held on March 11, 2015. There were no comments received.

II. What is EPA approving?

EPA is approving a revision to Indiana’s SO₂ SIP for Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated, a hot mix asphalt plant located in Griffith, Lake County, Indiana.

Indiana’s SO₂ emission limits for Lake County are contained in Title 326 of the Indiana Administrative Code (IAC) in rule 7-4.1 (326 IAC 7-4.1). The SO₂ emission limits pertaining to the Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated, facility are found at 326 IAC 7-4.1-21.

III. What are the changes from the current Rule?

In 2013, Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated replaced its aggregate drum dryer. The older aggregate drum

dryer burner design capacity was rated at 120 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr). The new aggregate drum dryer burner has a smaller design capacity, rated at 115 MMBtu/hr.

IDEM made an administrative change to update rule 326 IAC 7-4.1-21(b) to reference the new 115 MMBtu/hr aggregate drum dryer. Rule 326 IAC 7-4.1-21 provides SO₂ emission limits for the Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated aggregate drum dryer, and allows the unit limited use of waste oil as a back-up fuel. IDEM did not revise any of the requirements that apply to using waste oil as a fuel. The SO₂ emission limits of 42 pounds per hour and 25 tons per year remain unchanged.

EPA finds the change to rule 326 IAC 7-4.1-21 approvable.

IV. What action is EPA taking?

EPA is approving revisions to Indiana’s SO₂ SIP which revise 326 IAC 7-4.1-21 for Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated, located in Griffith, Lake County, Indiana. The SIP revision will not result in an increase in SO₂ emissions at the facility because the emission limits remain the same.

We are publishing this action without prior proposal because we view this as a noncontroversial amendment and anticipate no adverse comments. However, in the proposed rules section of this **Federal Register** publication, we are publishing a separate document that will serve as the proposal to approve the state plan if relevant adverse written comments are filed. This rule will be effective November 10, 2015 without further notice unless we receive relevant adverse written comments by October 13, 2015. If we receive such comments, we will withdraw this action before the effective date by publishing a subsequent document that will withdraw the final action. All public comments received will then be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on the proposed action. The EPA will not institute a second comment period. Any parties interested in commenting on this action should do so at this time. If we do not receive any comments, this action will be effective November 10, 2015.

V. Incorporation by Reference

In this rule, EPA is finalizing regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, EPA is finalizing the incorporation by reference of the Indiana regulations described in the amendments to 40 CFR part 52 set forth below. The EPA has made, and will continue to make, these documents generally available

electronically through www.regulations.gov and/or in hard copy at the appropriate EPA office (see the **ADDRESSES** section of this preamble for more information).

VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the Clean Air Act (CAA), the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the CAA and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA’s role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a “significant regulatory action” subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
 - Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);
 - Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
 - Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-4);
 - Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
 - Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
 - Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
 - Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and
 - Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).
- In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an

Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this

action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by November 10, 2015. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. Parties with objections to this direct final rule are encouraged to file a comment in response to the parallel notice of proposed rulemaking for this action published in the proposed rules section of today's **Federal Register**, rather than file an immediate petition for judicial review of this direct final rule, so that EPA can withdraw this direct final rule and address the comment in the proposed rulemaking. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Emissions Reporting, Incorporation by reference, Reporting

and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur dioxide.

Dated: August 28, 2015.

Susan Hedman,

Regional Administrator, Region 5.

40 CFR part 52 is amended as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

■ 2. Section 52.770, the table in paragraph (c) is amended by revising the entry for Rule 7–4.1–21 "Walsh and Kelly sulfur dioxide emission limitations" under the subheading entitled "Rule 4.1 Lake County Sulfur Dioxide Emission Limitations" under the heading entitled "Article 7. Sulfur Dioxide Rules" to read as follows:

§ 52.770 Identification of plan.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

EPA-APPROVED INDIANA REGULATIONS

| Indiana citation | Subject | Indiana effective date | EPA Approval date | Notes |
|---|--|------------------------|---|-------|
| * * * * * | | | | |
| Article 7. Sulfur Dioxide Rules | | | | |
| * * * * * | | | | |
| Rule 4.1 Lake County Sulfur Dioxide Emission Limitations | | | | |
| 7–4.1–21 | Walsh and Kelly sulfur dioxide emission limitations .. | 5/29/2015 | 9/11/2015, [insert Federal Register citation]. | |
| * * * * * | | | | |

* * * * *
 [FR Doc. 2015–22716 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA–R05–OAR–2014–0704; FRL–9933–62–Region 5]

Air Plan Approval; Wisconsin; Infrastructure SIP Requirements for the 2008 Ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking final action to approve some elements of state implementation plan (SIP) submissions from Wisconsin regarding the infrastructure requirements of section 110 of the Clean Air Act (CAA) for the 2008 ozone, 2010 nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), and 2010 sulfur dioxide (SO₂) National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The infrastructure requirements are designed to ensure that the structural components of each state's air quality management program are adequate to meet the state's responsibilities under the CAA. The

proposed rulemaking associated with this final action was published on April 20, 2015, and EPA received no comments during the comment period, which ended on May 20, 2015.

DATES: This final rule is effective on October 13, 2015.

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R05-OAR-2014-0704. All documents in the docket are listed on the www.regulations.gov Web site. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the Internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically through www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. This facility is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays. We recommend that you telephone Eric Svingen, Environmental Engineer, at (312) 353-4489 before visiting the Region 5 office.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Eric Svingen, Environmental Engineer, Attainment Planning and Maintenance Section, Air Programs Branch (AR-18J), Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604, (312) 353-4489, svingen.eric@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever “we,” “us,” or “our” is used, we mean EPA. This supplementary information section is arranged as follows:

- I. What is the background of these SIP submissions?
- II. What action is EPA taking?
- III. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews.

I. What is the background of these SIP submissions?

A. What state submissions does this rulemaking address?

This rulemaking addresses June 20, 2013, submissions and a January 28, 2015, clarification from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) intended to address all applicable infrastructure requirements for the 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS.

B. Why did the state make these SIP submissions?

Under section 110(a)(1) and (2) of the CAA, states are required to submit infrastructure SIPs to ensure that their SIPs provide for implementation, maintenance, and enforcement of the NAAQS, including the 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS. These submissions must contain any revisions needed for meeting the applicable SIP requirements of section 110(a)(2), or certifications that their existing SIPs for the NAAQS already meet those requirements.

EPA has highlighted this statutory requirement in multiple guidance documents. The most recent, entitled “Guidance on Infrastructure State Implementation Plan (SIP) Elements under CAA Sections 110(a)(1) and (2)”, was published on September 13, 2013.

C. What is the scope of this rulemaking?

EPA is acting upon the SIP submissions from Wisconsin that address the infrastructure requirements of CAA section 110(a)(1) and (2) for the 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS. The requirement for states to make SIP submissions of this type arises out of CAA section 110(a)(1), which states that states must make SIP submissions “within 3 years (or such shorter period as the Administrator may prescribe) after the promulgation of a national primary ambient air quality standard (or any revision thereof),” and these SIP submissions are to provide for the “implementation, maintenance, and enforcement” of such NAAQS. The statute directly imposes on states the duty to make these SIP submissions, and the requirement to make the submissions is not conditioned upon EPA’s taking any action other than promulgating a new or revised NAAQS. Section 110(a)(2) includes a list of specific elements that “[e]ach such plan” submission must address.

EPA has historically referred to these SIP submissions made for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of CAA section 110(a)(1) and (2) as “infrastructure SIP” submissions. Although the term “infrastructure SIP” does not appear in the CAA, EPA uses the term to distinguish this particular type of SIP submission from submissions that are intended to satisfy other SIP requirements under the CAA, such as SIP submissions that address the nonattainment planning requirements of part D and the

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) requirements of part C of title I of the CAA, and “regional haze SIP” submissions required to address the visibility protection requirements of CAA section 169A.

This rulemaking will not cover three substantive areas because they are not integral to acting on a state’s infrastructure SIP submissions: (i) Existing provisions related to excess emissions during periods of start-up, shutdown, or malfunction (“SSM”) at sources, that may be contrary to the CAA and EPA’s policies addressing such excess emissions; (ii) existing provisions related to “director’s variance” or “director’s discretion” that purport to permit revisions to SIP approved emissions limits with limited public notice or without requiring further approval by EPA, that may be contrary to the CAA; and, (iii) existing provisions for PSD programs that may be inconsistent with current requirements of EPA’s “Final NSR Improvement Rule,” 67 FR 80186 (December 31, 2002), as amended by 72 FR 32526 (June 13, 2007) (“NSR Reform”). Instead, EPA has the authority to address each one of these substantive areas in separate rulemakings. A detailed history, interpretation, and rationale as they relate to infrastructure SIP requirements can be found in EPA’s May 13, 2014, proposed rule entitled, “Infrastructure SIP Requirements for the 2008 Lead NAAQS” in the section, “What is the scope of this rulemaking?” (see 79 FR 27241 at 27242–27245).

II. What action is EPA taking?

EPA is taking final action to approve most elements of submissions from Wisconsin certifying that its current SIP is sufficient to meet the required infrastructure elements under section 110(a)(1) and (2) for the 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS.

The proposed rulemaking associated with this final action was published on April 20, 2015 (75 FR 21685), and EPA received no comments during the comment period, which ended on May 20, 2015. EPA is therefore taking final action to approve, as proposed, most elements of Wisconsin’s submissions.

EPA’s actions for the state’s satisfaction of infrastructure SIP requirements, by element of section 110(a)(2) and NAAQS, are contained in the table below.

| Element | 2008 Ozone | 2010 NO ₂ | 2010 SO ₂ |
|---|------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| (A)—Emission limits and other control measures | A | A | A |
| (B)—Ambient air quality monitoring/data system | A | A | A |
| (C)1—Program for enforcement of control measures | A | A | A |
| (C)2—PSD | NA | NA | NA |
| (D)1—I Prong 1: Interstate transport—significant contribution | NA | A | NA |
| (D)2—I Prong 2: Interstate transport—interfere with maintenance | NA | A | NA |
| (D)3—II Prong 3: Interstate transport—prevention of significant deterioration | NA | NA | NA |
| (D)4—II Prong 4: Interstate transport—protect visibility | A | A | A |
| (D)5—Interstate and international pollution abatement | A | A | A |
| (E)1—Adequate resources | A | A | A |
| (E)2—State board requirements | NA | NA | NA |
| (F)—Stationary source monitoring system | A | A | A |
| (G)—Emergency power | A | A | A |
| (H)—Future SIP revisions | A | A | A |
| (I)—Nonattainment planning requirements of part D | NA | NA | NA |
| (J)1—Consultation with government officials | A | A | A |
| (J)2—Public notification | A | A | A |
| (J)3—PSD | NA | NA | NA |
| (J)4—Visibility protection | A | A | A |
| (K)—Air quality modeling/data | A | A | A |
| (L)—Permitting fees | A | A | A |
| (M)—Consultation and participation by affected local entities | A | A | A |

In the above table, the key is as follows:

| | |
|----|---------------------------------|
| A | Approve. |
| NA | No Action/Separate Rule-making. |

III. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the CAA and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA’s role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);

- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
 - Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
 - Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
 - Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and
 - Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).
- In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).
- The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General

of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by November 10, 2015. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.

Dated: August 27, 2015.
Susan Hedman,
 Regional Administrator, Region 5.

40 CFR part 52 is amended as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

■ 2. Section 52.2591 is amended by adding paragraphs (g), (h), and (i) to read as follows:

§ 52.2591 Section 110(a)(2) infrastructure requirements.

* * * * *

(g) Approval—In a June 20, 2013, submission with a January 28, 2015, clarification, Wisconsin certified that the state has satisfied the infrastructure SIP requirements of section 110(a)(2)(A) through (H), and (J) through (M) for the 2008 ozone NAAQS. We are not taking action on the prevention of significant deterioration requirements related to section 110(a)(2)(C), (D)(i)(II), and (J), the transport provisions in section 110(a)(2)(D)(i)(I), and the state board requirements of (E)(ii). We will address these requirements in a separate action.

(h) Approval—In a June 20, 2013, submission with a January 28, 2015, clarification, Wisconsin certified that the state has satisfied the infrastructure SIP requirements of section 110(a)(2)(A) through (H), and (J) through (M) for the 2010 nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) NAAQS. We are not taking action on the prevention of significant deterioration requirements related to section 110(a)(2)(C), (D)(i)(II), and (J), and the state board requirements of (E)(ii). We will address these requirements in a separate action.

(i) Approval—In a June 20, 2013, submission with a January 28, 2015, clarification, Wisconsin certified that the state has satisfied the infrastructure SIP requirements of section 110(a)(2)(A) through (H), and (J) through (M) for the 2010 sulfur dioxide (SO₂) NAAQS. We are not taking action on the prevention of significant deterioration requirements related to section 110(a)(2)(C), (D)(i)(II), and (J), the transport provisions in section 110(a)(2)(D)(i)(I), and the state board requirements of (E)(ii). We will address these requirements in a separate action.

[FR Doc. 2015-22864 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 63

[EPA-HQ-OAR-2011-0817; FRL-9933-76-OAR]

RIN 2060-AQ93

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry and Standards of Performance for Portland Cement Plants; Correction

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule; correcting amendments.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) published a final rule in the **Federal Register** on July 27, 2015, titled National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry and Standards of Performance for Portland Cement Plants. This final rule makes technical corrections and clarifications to the regulations published in that final rule. The rule also includes a provision describing performance testing requirements when a source demonstrates compliance with the hydrochloric acid (HCl) emissions standard using a continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) for sulfur dioxide measurement and reporting.

DATES: Effective September 9, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Sharon Nizich, Sector Policies and Programs Division (D243-04), Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711, telephone number: (919) 541-2825; facsimile number: (919) 541-5450; email address: nizich.sharon@epa.gov. For information about the applicability of the national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants or new source performance standards, contact Mr. Patrick Yellin, Monitoring, Assistance and Media Programs Division (2227A), Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, DC 20460; telephone number (202) 564-2970; email address yellin.patrick@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Summary of Technical Corrections

The EPA received communications from representatives of the Portland cement industry on five occasions in August 2015 (see memo to the docket (EPA-HQ-OAR-2011-0817) titled,

“Communications on Errors PCA August 2015”). These communications outlined several errors in the regulatory text of the final rule (80 FR 44772). These all pertain to monitoring requirements. The EPA agrees that these are errors (typographical and unintended phrasing or omissions), and is correcting these errors in this document. We are also removing two passages (which consisted of four sentences) that were inadvertently left in the final amendments, but were discussed by the EPA as being removed in the Response to Comment (RTC) document for the final amendments (see docket item EPA-HQ-OAR-2011-0817-0870, page 8). In the RTC, we discussed that data substitution is not an allowed practice when determining compliance, but these four sentences discuss procedures for data substitution. Leaving these sentences in the rule, thus, does not reflect the EPA’s stated intention, and would lead to confusion given the direct conflict between the RTC document and the rule text.

We are making one further technical correction involving timing of performance tests. The correction keeps in place the specified time by which performance tests must be conducted, but will no longer set out a window of time in which the test must be conducted. The net effect is that performance tests can be conducted earlier than the window of time in the current rule text if a source desires to conduct its performance test earlier. The EPA had already indicated in the RTC document that it was making this change (see docket item EPA-HQ-OAR-2011-0817-0870, page 5). The EPA regards this amendment as a clarification (the current rule could be interpreted to allow earlier testing) so that the rule reads precisely as intended, as stated by the EPA in the RTC document.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 63

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Hazardous substances, Intergovernmental relations, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, title 40, chapter I of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 63—NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS FOR SOURCE CATEGORIES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 63 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401, *et seq.*

■ 2. Amend § 63.1349 by:

- a. In paragraph (b)(4)(i), removing “ppmvd” and adding in its place “ppmvw”.
- b. In paragraph (b)(7)(v), revising the second sentence.
- c. In paragraph (c), revising the second sentence.

The revisions read as follows:

§ 63.1349 Performance testing requirements.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(7) * * *

(v) * * * You are required to measure oHAP at the coal mill inlet or outlet and you must also measure oHAP at the alkali bypass outlet. * * *

* * * * *

(c) * * * Performance tests required every 30 months must be completed no more than 31 calendar months after the previous performance test except where that specific pollutant is monitored using CEMS; performance tests required every 12 months must be completed no more than 13 calendar months after the previous performance test.

* * * * *

■ 3. Amend § 63.1350 by:

- a. In paragraph (k)(2)(ii), revising the last sentence.
- b. Revising paragraph (k)(2)(iii).
- c. In paragraph (l)(1) introductory text, revising the last sentence.
- d. In paragraph (l)(1)(ii)(B), revising the last sentence.
- e. In paragraph (l)(1)(ii)(C), removing the last two sentences.

The revisions read as follows:

§ 63.1350 Monitoring requirements.

* * * * *

(k) * * *

(2) * * *

(ii) * * * In this manner all hourly average values exceeding the span value measured by the Hg CEMS during the week following the above span linearity challenge when the CEMS response exceeds +/- 20 percent of the certified value of the reference gas must be normalized using Equation 22.

(iii) Quality assure any data above the span value established in paragraph (k)(1) of this section using the following procedure. Any time two consecutive one-hour average measured concentrations of Hg exceeds the span value you must, within 24 hours before or after, introduce a higher, “above span” Hg reference gas standard to the Hg CEMS. The “above span” reference gas must meet the requirements of PS

12A, Section 7.1, must target a concentration level between 50 and 150 percent of the highest expected hourly concentration measured during the period of measurements above span, and must be introduced at the probe. While this target represents a desired concentration range that is not always achievable in practice, it is expected that the intent to meet this range is demonstrated by the value of the reference gas. Expected values may include “above span” calibrations done before or after the above span measurement period. Record and report the results of this procedure as you would for a daily calibration. The “above span” calibration is successful if the value measured by the Hg CEMS is within 20 percent of the certified value of the reference gas. If the value measured by the Hg CEMS exceeds 20 percent of the certified value of the reference gas, then you must normalize the one-hour average stack gas values measured above the span during the 24-hour period preceding or following the “above span” calibration for reporting based on the Hg CEMS response to the reference gas as shown in equation 22 below. Only one “above span” calibration is needed per 24 hour period.

$$\frac{\text{Certified reference gas value}}{\text{Measured value of reference gas}} \times \text{Measured stack gas result}$$

= Normalized stack gas result (Eq. 22)

* * * * *

(l) * * *

(1) * * * The span value and calibration requirements in paragraphs (l)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section apply to HCl CEMS other than those installed and certified under PS 15.

* * * * *

(ii) * * *

(B) * * * Any HCl CEMS above span linearity challenge response exceeding +/- 20 percent of the certified value of the reference gas requires that all above span hourly averages during the week following the above span linearity challenge must be normalized using Equation 23.

* * * * *

Dated: September 2, 2015.

Janet G. McCabe,

Acting Assistant Administrator, Office of Air and Radiation.

[FR Doc. 2015-22945 Filed 9-9-15; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 180

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0214; FRL-9933-35]

Tetraethylene Glycol; Exemption From the Requirement of a Tolerance

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This regulation establishes an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of tetraethylene glycol (CAS Reg. No. 112-60-7) when used as an inert ingredient (solvent) in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops. Exponent, Inc. on behalf of Drexel Chemical Company submitted a petition to EPA under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), requesting establishment of an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. This regulation eliminates the need to establish a maximum

permissible level for residues of tetraethylene glycol.

DATES: This regulation is effective September 11, 2015. Objections and requests for hearings must be received on or before November 10, 2015, and must be filed in accordance with the instructions provided in 40 CFR part 178 (see also Unit I.C. of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**).

ADDRESSES: The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0214, is available at <http://www.regulations.gov> or at the Office of Pesticide Programs Regulatory Public Docket (OPP Docket) in the Environmental Protection Agency Docket Center (EPA/DC), West William Jefferson Clinton Bldg., Rm. 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566-1744, and the telephone number for the OPP

Docket is (703) 305-5805. Please review the visitor instructions and additional information about the docket available at <http://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan Lewis, Registration Division (7505P), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001; main telephone number: (703) 305-7090; email address: RDFFRNotices@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them. Potentially affected entities may include:

- Crop production (NAICS code 111).
- Animal production (NAICS code 112).
- Food manufacturing (NAICS code 311).
- Pesticide manufacturing (NAICS code 32532).

B. How can I get electronic access to other related information?

You may access a frequently updated electronic version of 40 CFR part 180 through the Government Printing Office's e-CFR site at http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?&c=ecfr&tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title40/40tab_02.tpl.

C. How can I file an objection or hearing request?

Under FFDCA section 408(g), 21 U.S.C. 346a, any person may file an objection to any aspect of this regulation and may also request a hearing on those objections. You must file your objection or request a hearing on this regulation in accordance with the instructions provided in 40 CFR part 178. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, you must identify docket ID number EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0214 in the subject line on the first page of your submission. All objections and requests for a hearing must be in writing, and must be received by the Hearing Clerk on or before November 10, 2015. Addresses for mail and hand delivery of objections and hearing requests are provided in 40 CFR 178.25(b).

In addition to filing an objection or hearing request with the Hearing Clerk

as described in 40 CFR part 178, please submit a copy of the filing (excluding any Confidential Business Information (CBI)) for inclusion in the public docket. Information not marked confidential pursuant to 40 CFR part 2 may be disclosed publicly by EPA without prior notice. Submit the non-CBI copy of your objection or hearing request, identified by docket ID number EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0214, by one of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.

- *Mail:* OPP Docket, Environmental Protection Agency Docket Center (EPA/DC), (28221T), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001.

- *Hand Delivery:* To make special arrangements for hand delivery or delivery of boxed information, please follow the instructions at <http://www.epa.gov/dockets/contacts.html>.

Additional instructions on commenting or visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at <http://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

II. Petition for Exemption

In the **Federal Register** of May 20, 2015 (80 FR 28925) (FRL-9927-39), EPA issued a document pursuant to FFDCA section 408, 21 U.S.C. 346a, announcing the filing of a pesticide petition (PP IN-10753) by Exponent, Inc. (1150 Connecticut Ave. Suite 1100 NW., Washington, DC 20036) on behalf of Drexel Chemical Company, P.O. Box 13327 Memphis, TN 38113-0327. The petition requested that 40 CFR 180.920 be amended by establishing an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of tetraethylene glycol (CAS Reg. No. 112-60-7) when used as an inert ingredient (solvent) in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops. That document referenced a summary of the petition prepared by Exponent on behalf of Drexel Chemical Company, the petitioner, which is available in the docket, <http://www.regulations.gov>. There were no substantive comments received in response to the notice of filing.

III. Inert Ingredient Definition

Inert ingredients are all ingredients that are not active ingredients as defined in 40 CFR 153.125 and include, but are not limited to, the following types of ingredients (except when they have a pesticidal efficacy of their own):

Solvents such as alcohols and hydrocarbons; surfactants such as polyoxyethylene polymers and fatty acids; carriers such as clay and diatomaceous earth; thickeners such as carrageenan and modified cellulose; wetting, spreading, and dispersing agents; propellants in aerosol dispensers; microencapsulating agents; and emulsifiers. The term "inert" is not intended to imply nontoxicity; the ingredient may or may not be chemically active. Generally, EPA has exempted inert ingredients from the requirement of a tolerance based on the low toxicity of the individual inert ingredients.

IV. Aggregate Risk Assessment and Determination of Safety

Section 408(c)(2)(A)(i) of FFDCA allows EPA to establish an exemption from the requirement for a tolerance (the legal limit for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food) only if EPA determines that the tolerance is "safe." Section 408(b)(2)(A)(ii) of FFDCA defines "safe" to mean that "there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue, including all anticipated dietary exposures and all other exposures for which there is reliable information." This includes exposure through drinking water and in residential settings, but does not include occupational exposure. Section 408(b)(2)(C) of FFDCA requires EPA to give special consideration to exposure of infants and children to the pesticide chemical residue in establishing a tolerance and to "ensure that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to infants and children from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue"

EPA establishes exemptions from the requirement of a tolerance only in those cases where it can be clearly demonstrated that the risks from aggregate exposure to pesticide chemical residues under reasonably foreseeable circumstances will pose no appreciable risks to human health. In order to determine the risks from aggregate exposure to pesticide inert ingredients, the Agency considers the toxicity of the inert in conjunction with possible exposure to residues of the inert ingredient through food, drinking water, and through other exposures that occur as a result of pesticide use in residential settings. If EPA is able to determine that a finite tolerance is not necessary to ensure that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure to the inert ingredient, an exemption from the

requirement of a tolerance may be established.

Consistent with FFDCA section 408(c)(2)(A), and the factors specified in FFDCA section 408(c)(2)(B), EPA has reviewed the available scientific data and other relevant information in support of this action. EPA has sufficient data to assess the hazards of and to make a determination on aggregate exposure for tetraethylene glycol including exposure resulting from the exemption established by this action. EPA's assessment of exposures and risks associated with tetraethylene glycol follows.

A. Toxicological Profile

EPA has evaluated the available toxicity data and considered their validity, completeness, and reliability as well as the relationship of the results of the studies to human risk. EPA has also considered available information concerning the variability of the sensitivities of major identifiable subgroups of consumers, including infants and children. Specific information on the studies received and the nature of the adverse effects caused by tetraethylene glycol as well as the no-observed-adverse-effect-level (NOAEL) and the lowest-observed-adverse-effect-level (LOAEL) from the toxicity studies are discussed in this unit.

Acute, subchronic and mutagenicity studies were available but chronic, developmental, reproduction and metabolism studies were not available on tetraethylene glycol. Ethylene glycol and the higher glycols (di-, tri-, tetra-, and pentaethylene glycol) are closely related in structure. Their physicochemical properties differ in a regular and expected way due to the increasing molecular weight and consistent functionality of a relatively less stable hydroxy moiety on each end of the molecule. Therefore, the hazard profile and dose response are also expected to change consistently with decreasing potential for adverse effect with increasing molecular weight (OECD SIDS SIAM 18, 2004). Based on this, toxicity data on triethylene glycol (which has a lower molecular weight than tetraethylene glycol and is likely to provide a conservative estimate of potential for adverse effect) was used as surrogate data to bridge chronic, developmental, reproduction toxicity and metabolism data for tetraethylene glycol.

The acute oral and dermal toxicity of tetraethylene glycol is low. The oral and dermal LD₅₀s are >20,000 mg/kg (milligram/kilogram) in the rat and rabbit. Acute inhalation toxicity in rats is also low; the LC₅₀ is >2.5 liter (L)/

min. Tetraethylene glycol is mildly irritating to the eyes and to the skin in rabbits. It is not a dermal sensitizer.

Tetraethylene glycol did not cause toxicity at doses up to 2,000 milligrams/kilograms/day (mg/kg/day) in a subchronic oral toxicity study in rats.

Based on developmental and reproduction toxicity studies with triethylene glycol, tetraethylene glycol is not expected to be a developmental/reproduction toxicant. Neither maternal, developmental nor reproduction toxicity was observed up to 3,300 mg/kg/day (greater than three times the limit dose).

Available mutagenicity studies included the Ames test, mammalian gene mutation, sister chromatid exchange, chromosome aberrations, the chromatid dominant lethal test, and mouse micronucleus assays. Tetraethylene glycol was negative for inducing mutations and aberrations in all of the studies except the sister chromatid exchange assay which was positive. However, based on the weight of evidence tetraethylene glycol is not expected to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity studies were not available. However, based on the lack of systemic toxicity and the lack of mutagenicity tetraethylene glycol is not expected to be carcinogenic.

Neurotoxicity and immunotoxicity studies were not available for review. However, evidence of neurotoxicity and immunotoxicity was not observed in the available studies.

Metabolism studies are not available on tetraethylene glycol. However, it is postulated that the metabolic pathway for tetraethylene glycol is similar to that of triethylene glycol in that it undergoes oxidation via alcohol dehydrogenases and aldehyde dehydrogenases to generate dicarboxylic acid metabolites.

Specific information on the studies received and the nature of the adverse effects caused by tetraethylene glycol as well as the NOAEL and the LOAEL from the toxicity studies can be found at <http://www.regulations.gov> in the document, "Tetraethylene Glycol; Human Health Risk Assessment and Ecological Effects Assessment to Support Proposed Exemption from the Requirement of a Tolerance When Used as Inert Ingredients in Pesticide Formulations" in docket ID number EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0214.

B. Toxicological Points of Departure/ Levels of Concern

The available toxicity studies indicate that tetraethylene glycol has low toxicity. No effects were observed up to 2,000 mg/kg/day following subchronic exposure. In the developmental and

reproduction toxicity studies, effects were observed only at very high doses ($\geq 3,300$ mg/kg/day). Further, the only effect observed at 3,300 mg/kg/day was a minor decrement in bodyweight. Although, doses between 590–3300 mg/kg/day were not tested in the developmental and reproduction studies in mice, the Agency is reasonably certain that no harm will occur to the general population or infants and children following the use of tetraethylene glycol at any dose below the limit dose given the lack of effects being found and the fact that the only effect seen was a minor bodyweight decrease seen at 3,300 mg/kg/day. Since, no other effects were observed, the Agency concluded that there are no endpoints of concern for tetraethylene glycol and a qualitative risk assessment is appropriate.

C. Exposure Assessment

1. *Dietary exposure from food and feed uses.* In evaluating dietary exposure to tetraethylene glycol, EPA considered exposure under the proposed exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. EPA assessed dietary exposures from tetraethylene glycol in food as follows:

Tetraethylene glycol will be used as a solvent in pesticide formulations used on agricultural crops. Additionally, it is used as an indirect food additive.

For the general population, the majority of exposure to tetraethylene glycol occurs from the extensive use as a FDA-approved indirect food additive. Under this exemption from the requirement of a tolerance, residues of this chemical also may be found on treated crops. Because no hazard endpoint of concern was identified for the acute and chronic dietary assessment (food and drinking water), a quantitative dietary exposure risk assessment was not conducted.

2. *From non-dietary exposure.* The term "residential exposure" is used in this document to refer to non-occupational, non-dietary exposure (e.g., textiles (clothing and diapers), carpets, swimming pools, and hard surface disinfection on walls, floors, tables).

Tetraethylene glycol is used as an inert ingredient in non-food use pesticide formulations and is also used as a humectant in cosmetics. However, based on the lack of toxicity, a quantitative exposure assessment from residential exposures was not performed.

3. *Cumulative effects from substances with a common mechanism of toxicity.* Section 408(b)(2)(D)(v) of FFDCA requires that, when considering whether

to establish, modify, or revoke a tolerance, the Agency consider “available information” concerning the cumulative effects of a particular pesticide’s residues and “other substances that have a common mechanism of toxicity.”

EPA has not found tetraethylene glycol to share a common mechanism of toxicity with any other substances, and tetraethylene glycol does not appear to produce a toxic metabolite produced by other substances. For the purposes of this tolerance action, therefore, EPA has assumed that tetraethylene glycol does not have a common mechanism of toxicity with other substances. For information regarding EPA’s efforts to determine which chemicals have a common mechanism of toxicity and to evaluate the cumulative effects of such chemicals, see EPA’s Web site at <http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/cumulative>.

D. Safety Factor for Infants and Children

1. *In general.* Section 408(b)(2)(C) of FFDCA provides that EPA shall apply an additional tenfold (10X) margin of safety for infants and children in the case of threshold effects to account for prenatal and postnatal toxicity and the completeness of the database on toxicity and exposure unless EPA determines based on reliable data that a different margin of safety will be safe for infants and children. This additional margin of safety is commonly referred to as the Food Quality Protection Act Safety Factor (FQPA SF). In applying this provision, EPA either retains the default value of 10X, or uses a different additional safety factor when reliable data available to EPA support the choice of a different factor.

As part of its qualitative assessment, the Agency did not use safety factors for assessing risk, and no additional safety factor is needed for assessing risk to infants and children. Based on an assessment of tetraethylene glycol and its chemical properties, EPA has concluded that there are no toxicological endpoints of concern for the U.S. population, including infants and children.

E. Aggregate Risks and Determination of Safety

Because no toxicological endpoints of concern were identified, EPA concludes that aggregate exposure to residues of tetraethylene glycol will not pose a risk to the U.S. population, including infants and children, and that no harm will result to the general population, or to infants and children from aggregate

exposure to tetraethylene glycol residues.

V. Other Considerations

A. Analytical Enforcement Methodology

An analytical method is not required for enforcement purposes since the Agency is not establishing a numerical tolerance for residues of tetraethylene glycol in or on any food commodities. EPA is establishing a limitation on the amount of tetraethylene glycol that may be used in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops. That limitation will be enforced through the pesticide registration process under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), 7 U.S.C. 136 *et seq.* EPA will not register any pesticide formulation for use on growing crops for sale or distribution that contains of tetraethylene glycol.

VI. Conclusions

Therefore, an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is established under 40 CFR 180.920 for tetraethylene glycol (CAS Reg. No. 112–60–7) when used as an inert ingredient (solvent) in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops.

VII. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

This action establishes an exemption from the requirement of tolerance under FFDCA section 408(d) in response to a petition submitted to the Agency. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted these types of actions from review under Executive Order 12866, entitled “Regulatory Planning and Review” (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993). Because this action has been exempted from review under Executive Order 12866, this action is not subject to Executive Order 13211, entitled “Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use” (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001) or Executive Order 13045, entitled “Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks” (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997). This action does not contain any information collections subject to OMB approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), nor does it require any special considerations under Executive Order 12898, entitled “Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations” (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

Since exemptions that are established on the basis of a petition under FFDCA

section 408(d), such as the exemption in this final rule, do not require the issuance of a proposed rule, the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*), do not apply.

This action directly regulates growers, food processors, food handlers, and food retailers, not States or tribes, nor does this action alter the relationships or distribution of power and responsibilities established by Congress in the preemption provisions of FFDCA section 408(n)(4). As such, the Agency has determined that this action will not have a substantial direct effect on States or tribal governments, on the relationship between the national government and the States or tribal governments, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government or between the Federal Government and Indian tribes. Thus, the Agency has determined that Executive Order 13132, entitled “Federalism” (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999) and Executive Order 13175, entitled “Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments” (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000) do not apply to this action. In addition, this action does not impose any enforceable duty or contain any unfunded mandate as described under Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA) (2 U.S.C. 1501 *et seq.*).

This action does not involve any technical standards that would require Agency consideration of voluntary consensus standards pursuant to section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTAA) (15 U.S.C. 272 note).

VIII. Congressional Review Act

Pursuant to the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*), EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: September 3, 2015.

Susan Lewis,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR chapter I is amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

■ 1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 321(q), 346a and 371.
 ■ 2. In § 180.920, add alphabetically the inert ingredient “Tetraethylene glycol” to the table to read as follows:

§ 180.920 Inert ingredients used pre-harvest; exemptions from the requirement of a tolerance.
 * * * * *

| | Inert ingredients | Limits | Uses |
|--|-------------------|--------|---------|
| * * * * * | | | |
| Tetraethylene glycol (CAS Reg. No. 112–60–7) | | | Solvent |
| * * * * * | | | |

[FR Doc. 2015–22946 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]
 BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
49 CFR Part 571
[Docket No. NHTSA–2015–0056]
RIN 2127–AK97
Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards; Electronic Stability Control Systems for Heavy Vehicles

Correction



In rule document 2015–14127, appearing on pages 36050–36110 in the



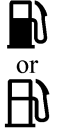

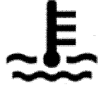

issue of Tuesday, June 23, 2015, make the following correction:

§ 571.101 Standard No. 101; Controls and displays. [Corrected]

On pages 36102–36103, in the table titled “Table 1: Controls, Telltales, and Indicators With Illumination or Color Requirements”, the images are corrected to appear as follows:

BILLING CODE 1505–01–P

| Column 1 ITEM | Column 2 SYMBOL | Column 3 WORDS OR ABBRE- VIATIONS | Column 4 FUNCTION | Column 5 ILLUMIN- ATION | Column 6 COLOR |
|---|---|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Brake system malfunction | ----- | Brake | Telltale | ----- | Red ⁴ |
| Antilock brake system malfunction for vehicles subject to FMVSS 105 or 135 | ----- | Antilock, Anti-lock, or ABS ⁹ | Telltale | ----- | Yellow |
| Malfunction in Variable Brake Proportioning System | ----- | Brake Proportioning ⁹ | Telltale | ----- | Yellow |
| Regenerative brake system malfunction | ----- | RBS or ABS/RBS ⁹ | Telltale | ----- | Yellow |
| Malfunction in antilock system for vehicles other than trailers subject to FMVSS 121 | ----- | ABS or Antilock ⁹ | Telltale | ----- | Yellow |
| Antilock brake system trailer fault for vehicles subject to FMVSS 121 |  | Trailer ABS or Trailer Antilock | Telltale | ----- | Yellow |
| Brake pressure (for vehicles subject to FMVSS 105 or 135) | ----- | Brake Pressure ⁹ | Telltale | ----- | Red ⁴ |
| Low brake fluid condition (for vehicles subject to FMVSS 105 or 135) | ----- | Brake Fluid ⁹ | Telltale | ----- | Red ⁴ |
| Parking brake applied (for vehicles subject to FMVSS 105 or 135) | ----- | Park or Parking Brake ⁹ | Telltale | ----- | Red ⁴ |
| Brake lining wear-out condition (for vehicles subject to FMVSS 135) | ----- | Brake Wear ⁹ | Telltale | ----- | Red ⁴ |
| Electronic Stability Control System Malfunction (for vehicles subject to FMVSS 126) ^{10, 11} |  | ESC ¹² | Telltale | ----- | Yellow |

| | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|-----------|-------|--------|
| Electronic Stability Control System "OFF" (for vehicles subject to FMVSS 126) ¹⁰ |  | ESC OFF | Control | Yes | ----- |
| | | | Telltale | ----- | Yellow |
| Electronic Stability Control System Malfunction (for vehicles subject to FMVSS 136) ¹¹ |  | ESC | Telltale | ----- | Yellow |
| Fuel Level |  | Fuel | Telltale | ----- | ----- |
| | | | Indicator | Yes | ----- |
| Engine oil pressure |  | Oil | Telltale | ----- | ----- |
| | | | Indicator | Yes | ----- |
| Engine coolant temperature |  | Temp | Telltale | ----- | ----- |
| | | | Indicator | Yes | ----- |
| Electrical charge |  | Volts or Charge or Amp | Telltale | ----- | ----- |
| | | | Indicator | Yes | ----- |
| Engine stop | ----- | Engine Stop ¹⁴ | Control | Yes | ----- |
| Automatic vehicle speed (cruise control) | ----- | ----- | Control | Yes | ----- |

[FR Doc. C1–2015–14127 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1505–01–D

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD**49 CFR Part 830****[Docket No. NTSB–AS–2015–0001]****Interpretation of Notification Requirements To Exclude Model Aircraft****AGENCY:** National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB or Board).**ACTION:** Notice of interpretation.

SUMMARY: This document provides the NTSB's interpretation of the applicability of the agency's regulations concerning aircraft accident notification requirements to unmanned aircraft. The regulations define "unmanned aircraft accident" and require notifications of accidents that fulfill the criteria included in the definition. By this Notice, the NTSB clarifies it does not consider model aircraft to fall within the regulatory definition of unmanned aircraft accident, for purposes of required notification.

DATES: Effective September 11, 2015.

ADDRESSES: A copy of this Notice of interpretation is available for inspection and copying at NTSB Headquarters, 490 L'Enfant Plaza SW., Washington, DC 20594–2003. Alternatively, a copy of the Notice is available on the NTSB's Web site at www.ntsb.gov and at the government-wide Web site on regulations at www.regulations.gov, Docket No. NTSB–AS–2015–0001. A paper copy is available.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William English, NTSB Office of Aviation Safety, (202) 314–6686.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**NTSB Investigations of Unmanned Aircraft**

On August 24, 2010, the NTSB published a Final Rule defining "unmanned aircraft accident" as:

[A]n occurrence associated with the operation of any public or civil unmanned aircraft system that takes place between the time that the system is activated with the purpose of flight and the time that the system is deactivated at the conclusion of its mission, in which: (1) Any person suffers death or serious injury; or (2) The aircraft has a maximum gross takeoff weight of 300 pounds or greater and sustains substantial damage.

75 FR 51953, 51955.¹

¹ Existing NTSB regulations define "serious injury" and "substantial damage." 49 CFR 830.2.

In the preamble to the Final Rule, the NTSB stated it sought to exclude model aircraft from the notification requirements of 49 CFR part 830. 75 FR at 51954. The NTSB's promulgation of the notification requirements with well-recognized definitions in part 830 was prompted by enactment of the Airport and Airway Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1987, Public Law 100–223, 101 Stat. 1486 (Dec. 30, 1987). The statute specifically required the NTSB to promulgate notification requirements, stating the NTSB must "establish by regulation requirements binding on persons reporting . . . accidents and aviation incidence subject to the Board's investigatory jurisdiction under this subsection." *Id.* sec. 311, 101 Stat. 1528.

The NTSB has consistently excluded unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) flown for hobby and recreational use from the definition of "accident" under 49 CFR part 830, and has historically not investigated the rare occasions in which a model aircraft has caused serious injury or fatality. For purposes of defining the term "model aircraft" in this publication, the NTSB has adopted the definition of the term that appears in section 336(c) of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Modernization and Reform Act of 2012, Public Law 112–95; 126 Stat. 77–78 (Feb. 14, 2012). Section 336(c) defines "model aircraft" to mean an unmanned aircraft that is:

- (1) capable of sustained flight in the atmosphere;
- (2) flown within visual line of sight of the person operating the aircraft; and
- (3) flown for hobby or recreational purposes.

The NTSB's exclusion of model aircraft from the applicability of 49 CFR part 830 is consistent with international practices and interpretations concerning accident notifications and investigations. For example, Circular 328 from the International Civil Aviation Organization states model aircraft are outside the scope of applicability of the Chicago Convention. International Civil Aviation Organization, *Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)*, Circular 328 (2011). The Circular states: "In the broadest sense, the introduction of UAS does not change any existing distinctions between model aircraft and aircraft. Model aircraft, generally recognized as intended for recreational purposes only, fall outside the provisions of the Chicago Convention, being exclusively the subject of relevant national regulations, if any." *Id.* at 3, ¶ 2.4. Furthermore, the International Society of Air Safety Investigators (ISASI) has set forth a similar policy statement. The

organization recognizes "[f]ormal air safety investigations are not constituted to investigate model aircraft accidents, and Annex 13 is not applicable to them." ISASI Unmanned Aircraft System Handbook and Accident/ Incident Investigation Guidelines at 24 (Jan. 2015).

Related Legislative and Regulatory Developments

On February 14, 2012, the President signed into law the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012. Public Law 112–95. Among other provisions, the statute defines unmanned aircraft and small unmanned aircraft. The statute describes UAS as "an unmanned aircraft and associated elements (including communication links and the components that control the unmanned aircraft) that are required for the pilot in command to operate safely and efficiently in the national airspace system." *Id.* at sec. 331(9). The statute defines "small unmanned aircraft" as a UAS weighing less than 55 pounds. *Id.* at sec. 331(6).

In addition, the statute provides a definition of "model aircraft." As quoted above, section 336(c) of the Act states the definition of a model aircraft is dependent upon the aircraft's use; an aircraft capable of sustained flight in the atmosphere that is flown within the operator's visual line of sight and only for hobby or recreational purposes is considered a "model aircraft."

Section 336(a) of the Act precludes the FAA from promulgating any rule concerning a model aircraft if the aircraft: (1) Is flown "strictly for hobby or recreational use"; (2) is "operated in accordance with a community-based set of safety guidelines and within the programming of a nationwide community-based organization"; (3) is limited to not more than 55 pounds unless otherwise certified; (4) is "operated in a manner that does not interfere with and gives way to any manned aircraft"; and (5) when flown within 5 miles of an airport, the model aircraft's operator provides the airport operator and air traffic control tower with prior notice of its operation. *Id.* at sec. 336(a).

On June 25, 2014, the FAA published a Notice of interpretation with request for comment in the **Federal Register**. 79 FR 36172. The Notice stated the FAA had received inquiries concerning its enforcement authority over model aircraft, and states based on the language of the statute, aircraft that meet the statutory definition of "model aircraft" and operational requirements, as described above, are "exempt from future FAA rulemaking action

specifically regarding model aircraft.” *Id.* The FAA went on to clarify, however, “model aircraft that do not meet these statutory requirements are nonetheless unmanned aircraft, and as such, are subject to all existing FAA regulations, as well as future rulemaking action, and the FAA intends to apply its regulations to such unmanned aircraft.” *Id.* at 36173. Following the Notice of interpretation, the FAA published a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, in which it proposed a new regulatory part to regulate small UAS (14 CFR part 107). 80 FR 9544 (Feb. 23, 2015).

Conclusion

In light of recent regulatory and legislative actions and industry developments in the area of unmanned aircraft, the agency believes it is prudent to clarify our interpretation of the definitions codified at 49 CFR 830.2 and the notification requirements contained in § 830.5(a) (applicable to “aircraft accidents” and “serious incidents”).² In this regard, we remain consistent with our long-held practice of refraining from conducting investigations of any model aircraft accident or incident. We maintain this declination in our interpretation of our regulations within 49 CFR part 830, and we do not feel compelled to alter this practice in light of recently proposed regulatory changes from the FAA or Congress’s recent inclusion of a statutory definition of “model aircraft.”

The NTSB does not now propose a definition of model aircraft, but will consider as instructive the description of “model aircraft” within section 336 of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012, as described above in the section of this Notice entitled “Related Legislative and Regulatory Developments.”

The NTSB trusts operators will find this statement of interpretation helpful in understanding the NTSB’s definition of “unmanned aircraft accident.”

Christopher A. Hart,
Chairman.

[FR Doc. 2015–22933 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7533–01–P

² We recognize the aviation community is mindful of the Board’s decision in *Administrator v. Pirker*, NTSB Order No. EA–5730 (Nov. 18, 2014). In *Pirker*, the Board held the FAA could apply to UAS 14 CFR 91.13(a), which prohibits careless or reckless operation of aircraft. The respondent’s flight that gave rise to the FAA’s action in *Pirker* occurred prior to Congress’s enactment of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012, which addresses UAS, small UAS, and model aircraft. The NTSB considers these statutory definitions instructive in interpreting its regulations.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 140117052–4402–02]

RIN 0648–XE162

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Atlantic Bluefish Fishery; Quota Transfer

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; quota transfer.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces that the Commonwealth of Virginia is transferring a portion of its 2015 commercial Atlantic bluefish quota to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. This quota adjustment is necessary to comply with the Bluefish Fishery Management Plan quota transfer provisions. This announcement informs the public of the revised commercial quota for each state involved.

DATES: Effective September 8, 2015, through December 31, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Reid Lichwell, Fishery Management Specialist, (978) 281–9112.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the bluefish fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648. The regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is apportioned among the coastal states from Florida through Maine. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percent allocated to each state are described in § 648.162.

The final rule implementing Amendment 1 to the Bluefish Fishery Management Plan, published in the **Federal Register** on July 26, 2000 (65 FR 45844), provided a mechanism for transferring commercial bluefish quota from one state to another. Two or more states, under mutual agreement and with the concurrence of the Administrator, Greater Atlantic Region, NMFS (Regional Administrator), can transfer or combine bluefish commercial quota under § 648.162(e). The Regional Administrator is required to consider the criteria in § 648.162(e)(1) in the evaluation of requests for quota transfers or combinations.

Virginia has agreed to transfer 50,000 lb (22,680 kg) of its 2015 commercial quota to Massachusetts. This transfer was prompted by state officials in Massachusetts to ensure their commercial bluefish quota is not

exceeded. The Regional Administrator has determined that the criteria set forth in § 648.162(e)(1) are met. The revised bluefish quotas for calendar year 2015 are: Virginia, 422,629 lb (191,701 kg); and Massachusetts, 602,036 lb (273,079 kg), based on the final 2015 Atlantic Bluefish Specifications published August 6, 2015 (80 FR 46848).

Classification

This action is taken under 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Emily H. Menashes,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2015–22953 Filed 9–8–15; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 140918791–4999–02]

RIN 0648–XE180

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Reapportionment of the 2015 Gulf of Alaska Pacific Halibut Prohibited Species Catch Limits for the Trawl Deep-Water and Shallow-Water Fishery Categories

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; reapportionment.

SUMMARY: NMFS is reapportioning the seasonal apportionments of the 2015 Pacific halibut prohibited species catch (PSC) limits for the trawl deep-water and shallow-water species fishery categories in the Gulf of Alaska. This action is necessary to account for the actual halibut PSC use by the trawl deep-water and shallow-water species fishery categories from May 15, 2015 through June 30, 2015. This action is consistent with the goals and objectives of the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska.

DATES: Effective 1200 hours, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), September 9, 2015 through 2400 hours, A.l.t., December 31, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Josh Keaton, 907–586–7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NMFS manages the groundfish fishery in the

Gulf of Alaska (GOA) exclusive economic zone according to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska (FMP) prepared by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council under authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Regulations governing fishing by U.S. vessels in accordance with the FMP appear at subpart H of 50 CFR part 600 and 50 CFR part 679.

The final 2015 and 2016 harvest specifications for groundfish in the GOA (80 FR 10250, February 25, 2015) apportion the 2015 Pacific halibut PSC limit for trawl gear in the GOA to two trawl fishery categories: A deep-water species fishery and a shallow-water species fishery. The halibut PSC limit for these two trawl fishery categories is

further apportioned by season, including four seasonal apportionments to the shallow-water species fishery and three seasonal apportionments to the deep-water species fishery. The two fishery categories also are apportioned a combined, fifth seasonal halibut PSC limit. Unused seasonal apportionments are added to the next season apportionment during a fishing year.

Regulations at § 679.21(d)(4)(iii)(D) require NMFS to combine management of the available trawl halibut PSC limits in the second season (April 1 through July 1) deep-water and shallow-water species fishery categories for use in either fishery from May 15 through June 30 of each year. Furthermore, NMFS is required to reapportion the halibut PSC limit between the deep-water and shallow-water species fisheries after

June 30 to account for actual halibut PSC use by each fishery category during May 15 through June 30. As of September 1, 2015, NMFS has determined that the trawl deep-water and shallow-water fisheries used 75 metric tons (mt) and 1 mt of halibut PSC, respectively, from May 15 through June 30. Accordingly, pursuant to § 679.21(d)(4)(iii)(D), the Regional Administrator is reapportioning the combined first and second seasonal apportionments (836 mt) of halibut PSC limit between the trawl deep-water and shallow-water fishery categories to account for the actual PSC use in each fishery. Therefore, Table 16 of the final 2015 and 2016 harvest specifications for groundfish in the GOA (80 FR 10250, February 25, 2015) is revised consistent with this adjustment.

TABLE 16—FINAL 2015 APPORTIONMENT OF PACIFIC HALIBUT PSC TRAWL LIMITS BETWEEN THE TRAWL GEAR DEEP-WATER SPECIES FISHERY AND THE SHALLOW-WATER SPECIES FISHERY CATEGORIES

[Values are in metric tons]

| Season | Shallow-water | Deep-water ¹ | Total |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| January 20–April 1 | 135 | 35 | 170 |
| April 1–July 1 | 291 | 375 | 666 |
| Subtotal of combined first and second season limit (January 20–July 1) | 426 | 410 | 836 |
| July 1–September 1 | 352 | 176 | 528 |
| September 1–October 1 | 132 | Any remainder | 132 |
| Subtotal January 20–October 1 | 910 | 586 | 1,496 |
| October 1–December 31 ² | | | 264 |
| Total | | | 1,760 |

¹ Vessels participating in cooperatives in the Central GOA Rockfish Program will receive 191 mt of the third season (July 1 through September 1) deep-water species fishery halibut PSC apportionment.

² There is no apportionment between trawl shallow-water and deep-water species fishery categories during the fifth season (October 1 through December 31).

Classification

This action responds to the best available information recently obtained from the fishery. The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA (AA), finds good cause to waive the requirement to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment pursuant to the authority set forth at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) as such requirement is impracticable and contrary to the public interest. This requirement is impracticable and contrary to the public interest as it would prevent NMFS from

responding to the most recent fisheries data in a timely fashion and would allow for harvests that exceed the originally specified apportionment of the halibut PSC limits to the deep-water and shallow-water fishery categories. NMFS was unable to publish a notice providing time for public comment because the most recent, relevant data only became available as of September 3, 2015.

The AA also finds good cause to waive the 30-day delay in the effective date of this action under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3). This finding is based upon

the reasons provided above for waiver of prior notice and opportunity for public comment.

This action is required by § 679.20 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Emily H. Menashes,
Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2015-22934 Filed 9-8-15; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

Proposed Rules

Federal Register

Vol. 80, No. 176

Friday, September 11, 2015

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R06-OAR-2012-0400; FRL-9933-80-Region 6]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; New Mexico; Albuquerque-Bernalillo County; Infrastructure and Interstate Transport State Implementation Plan for the 2008 Lead National Ambient Air Quality Standards

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: Under the Federal Clean Air Act (CAA), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing to approve a State Implementation Plan (SIP) submission from the Governor of New Mexico for the City of Albuquerque-Bernalillo County for the 2008 Lead (Pb) National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The submittal addresses how the existing SIP provides for implementation, maintenance, and enforcement of the 2008 Pb NAAQS (infrastructure SIP or i-SIP). This i-SIP ensures that the State's SIP for Albuquerque-Bernalillo County is adequate to meet the state's responsibilities under the CAA, including the four CAA requirements for interstate transport of Pb emissions.

DATES: Written comments must be received on or before October 13, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID Number EPA-R06-OAR-2012-0400, by one of the following methods:

- *www.regulations.gov*. Follow the online instructions.
- *Email:* Tracie Donaldson at Donaldson.tracie@epa.gov.
- *Mail or delivery:* Mary Stanton, Chief, Air Grants Section (6PD-S), Environmental Protection Agency, 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200, Dallas, Texas 75202-2733. Deliveries are accepted only between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4

p.m. weekdays, and not on legal holidays. Special arrangements should be made for deliveries of boxed information.

Instructions: Direct your comments to Docket ID No. EPA-R06-OAR-2012-0400. EPA's policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change, and may be made available online at www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Do not submit electronically any information that you consider to be CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. The www.regulations.gov Web site is an "anonymous access" system, which means EPA will not know your identity or contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment. If you send an email comment directly to EPA without going through www.regulations.gov, your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the Internet. If you submit an electronic comment, EPA recommends that you include your name and other contact information in the body of your comment and with any disk or CD-ROM you submit. If EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties and cannot contact you for clarification, EPA may not be able to consider your comment. Electronic files should avoid the use of special characters, any form of encryption, and be free of any defects or viruses. Multimedia submissions (audio, video, etc.) must be accompanied by a written comment. The written comment is considered the official comment and should include discussion of all points you wish to make. The EPA will generally not consider comments or comment contents located outside of the primary submission (*i.e.* on the web, cloud, or other file sharing system). For additional information on submitting comments, please visit <http://www2.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets>.

Docket: The index to the docket for this action is available electronically at www.regulations.gov and in hard copy at EPA Region 6, 1445 Ross Avenue,

Suite 700, Dallas, Texas. While all documents in the docket are listed in the index, some information may be publicly available only at the hard copy location (*e.g.*, copyrighted material), and some may not be publicly available at either location (*e.g.*, CBI).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tracie Donaldson, telephone 214-665-6633, donaldson.tracie@epa.gov. To inspect the hard copy materials, please schedule an appointment with her or Bill Deese at 214-665-7253.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Throughout this document wherever "we," "us," or "our" is used, we mean the EPA.

I. Background

On October 5, 1978, we published the first NAAQS for lead (Pb) (43 FR 46246). Both the primary and secondary standards were set at 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$). In 2008, following a periodic review of the NAAQS for lead, we published a revised, more stringent NAAQS of 0.15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for both the primary and secondary standards (73 FR 66964, November 13, 2008). For more information on these standards, please see the Technical Support Document (TSD) and EPA Web site <http://epa.gov/airquality/lead>.

Each state must submit an i-SIP within three years after the promulgation of a new or revised NAAQS. Section 110(a)(2) of the CAA includes a list of specific elements the i-SIP must meet. EPA issued guidance addressing the i-SIP elements for NAAQS.¹ The Governor of New Mexico on behalf of Albuquerque-Bernalillo County submitted an i-SIP revision on May 2, 2012 to address this revised NAAQS, including a demonstration that the SIP met the four statutory requirements for interstate transport of Pb emissions.

EPA is proposing to approve the Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico i-SIP submittal for the 2008 Pb NAAQS² as meeting the requirements

¹ "Guidance on Infrastructure State Implementation Plan (SIP) Elements under Clean Air Act Sections 110(a)(1) and 110(a)(2) for the 2008 Pb NAAQS," Memorandum from Stephen D. Page, October 14, 2011, http://epa.gov/air/urbanair/sipstatus/docs/Guidance_on_Infrastructure_SIP_Elements_Multipollutant_FINAL_Sept_2013.pdf.

² Additional information on: The history of Pb, its levels, forms and, determination of compliance;

for an i-SIP, including the requirements for interstate transport of Pb emissions

II. EPA's Evaluation of New Mexico's i-SIP and Interstate Transport Submittal

Below is a summary of EPA's evaluation of the Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico i-SIP for each applicable element of 110(a)(2) A–M. The Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board (Air Board) provided a demonstration of how the existing Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico SIP met all the requirements of the 2008 Pb NAAQS on May 2, 2012. This SIP submission became complete by operation of law on November 2, 2013. See CAA section 110(k)(1)(B).

(A) *Ambient limits and other control measures*: The SIP must include enforceable emission limits and other control measures, means or techniques, schedules for compliance and other related matters as needed to implement, maintain and enforce each of the NAAQS.³

Legislative authority for Albuquerque-Bernalillo County's air quality program, codified in Chapter 74 *Environmental Improvement*, Article 2, *Air Pollution*, of the New Mexico statutes, gives the Air Board and the Albuquerque Environmental Health Department's Air Quality Program (AQP) the authority to implement the CAA in Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico. Enforceable emission limitations and other control measures are authorized by the New Mexico Air Quality Control Act (AQCA) which established the Air Board and those provisions of New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC) Title 20, *Environmental Protection*, Chapter 11, *Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board*. They

EPA's approach for reviewing i-SIPs; the details of the SIP submittal and EPA's evaluation; the effect of recent court decisions on i-SIPs; the statute and regulatory citations in the New Mexico SIP specific to this review; the specific i-SIP applicable CAA and EPA regulatory citations; **Federal Register** Notice citations for New Mexico SIP approvals; New Mexico's minor New Source Review program and EPA approval activities; and New Mexico's Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) program can be found in the Technical Support Document (TSD).

³ The specific nonattainment area plan requirements of section 110(a)(2)(I) are subject to the timing requirements of section 172, not the timing requirement of section 110(a)(1). Thus, section 110(a)(2)(A) does not require that states submit regulations or emissions limits specifically for attaining the 2008 Pb NAAQS. Those SIP provisions are due as part of each state's attainment plan, and will be addressed separately from the requirements of section 110(a)(2)(A). In the context of an infrastructure SIP, EPA is not evaluating the existing SIP provisions for this purpose. Instead, EPA is only evaluating whether the state's SIP has basic structural provisions for the implementation of the NAAQS.

can adopt emission standards and compliance schedules applicable to regulated entities; emission standards and limitations and any other measures necessary for attainment and maintenance of national standards; and, enforce applicable laws, regulations, standards and compliance schedules, and seek injunctive relief within the boundaries of Bernalillo County. This authority has been employed to adopt and submit multiple revisions to the Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico State Implementation Plan. The approved SIP for Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico is documented at 40 CFR 52.1620, Subpart GG.

(B) *Ambient air quality monitoring/data system*: The SIP must provide for establishment and implementation of ambient air quality monitors, collection and analysis of monitoring data, and providing the data to EPA upon request.

The AQCA provides AQP with the authority to monitor ambient air quality in the county (NMSA 1978, section 74–2–5). AQP maintains a monitoring network for the NAAQS and submits an annual Network Assessment to EPA. The network includes one monitor for Pb. AQP's 2014 Air Monitoring Network Plan is the most recently EPA-approved network monitoring plan and was approved by EPA on February 3, 2015. All monitoring data is measured using EPA approved methods and subject to the EPA quality assurance requirements. AQP submits all required data to EPA, in accordance with EPA rules. The monitoring network was approved into the SIP (46 FR 4005, August 6, 1981). AQP conducts an assessment of the monitoring network every 5 years. Data is available upon request and in the EPA Air Quality System (AQS) database.

(C) *Program for enforcement*. The SIP must include the following three elements: (1) A program providing for enforcement of the measure in paragraph A above; (2) a program for the regulation of the modification and construction of stationary sources as necessary to protect the applicable NAAQS (*i.e.*, state-wide permitting of minor sources); and (3) a permit program to meet the major source permitting requirements of the CAA (for areas designated as attainment or unclassifiable for the NAAQS in question).⁴

(1) *Enforcement of SIP Measures*. As noted in (A), the state statutes provide authority for the AQP to enforce the requirements of the AQCA within Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, and any regulations, permits, or final

compliance orders. Its statutes also provide the AQP with general enforcement powers. Among other things, they can file lawsuits to compel compliance with the statutes and regulations; commence civil actions; issue field citations; conduct investigations of regulated entities; collect criminal and civil penalties; develop and enforce rules and standards related to protection of air quality; issue compliance orders; pursue criminal prosecutions; investigate, enter into remediation agreements; and issue emergency cease and desist orders. The AQAC also provides additional enforcement authorities and funding mechanisms.

(2) *Minor New Source Review (NSR)*. The SIP is required to include measures to regulate construction and modification of stationary sources to protect the NAAQS. Albuquerque-Bernalillo County's minor NSR permitting requirements are approved as part of the SIP.⁵

(3) *Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permit program*. Albuquerque-Bernalillo County's PSD portion of the SIP covers all NSR regulated pollutants as well as the requirements for the 2008 Pb NAAQS and has been approved by EPA.⁶ In a recent action, EPA approved revisions that address the requirements of the EPA's May 2008, July 2010, and October 2012 PM_{2.5} PSD Implementation Rules and to incorporate revisions consistent with the EPA's March 2011 Fugitives Interim Rule, July 2011 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Biomass Deferral Rule, and July 2012 GHG Tailoring Rule Step 3 and GHG PALs Rule (see docket EPA–R06–OAR–2013–0616 in www.regulations.gov).

(D) *Interstate and international transport*: The requirements for interstate transport of Pb emissions are that the SIP contain adequate provisions prohibiting Pb emissions to other states which will (1) contribute significantly to nonattainment of the NAAQS, (2) interfere with maintenance of the NAAQS, (3) interfere with measures required to prevent significant

⁵ EPA is not proposing to approve or disapprove Albuquerque-Bernalillo County's existing minor NSR program to the extent that it may be inconsistent with EPA's regulations governing this program. EPA has maintained that the CAA does not require that new infrastructure SIP submissions correct any defects in existing EPA-approved provisions of minor NSR programs in order for EPA to approve the infrastructure SIP for element C (*e.g.*, 76 FR 41076–41079). EPA believes that a number of states may have minor NSR provisions that are contrary to the existing EPA regulations for this program. The statutory requirements of section 110(a)(2)(C) provide for considerable flexibility in designing minor NSR programs.

⁶ As discussed further in the TSD.

⁴ As discussed in further detail in the TSD.

deterioration or (4) interfere with measures to protect visibility (CAA 110(a)(2)(D)(i)).

With respect to significant contribution to nonattainment or interference with maintenance of the Pb NAAQS, the physical properties of Pb, which is a metal and very dense, prevent Pb emissions from experiencing a significant degree of travel in the ambient air. No complex chemistry is needed to form Pb or Pb compounds in the ambient air; therefore, ambient concentrations of Pb are typically highest near Pb sources. More specifically, there is a sharp decrease in ambient Pb concentrations as the distance from the source increases. According to EPA's report entitled *Our Nation's Air: Status and Trends Through 2010*, Pb concentrations that are not near a source of Pb are approximately 8 times less than the typical concentrations near the source.⁷ For these reasons, EPA believes that the interstate transport requirements pertaining to significant contribution to nonattainment or interference with maintenance of the Pb NAAQS can be satisfied through a state's assessment as to whether a lead source located within its state in close proximity to a state border has emissions that contribute significantly to the nonattainment in or interfere with maintenance of the NAAQS in the neighboring state. Albuquerque-Bernalillo County has stated as such in its submission.

There are no areas within Albuquerque-Bernalillo County that are designated as nonattainment with respect to the 2008 Pb NAAQS, and there are no significant sources of Pb emissions within the County that emit Pb in amounts equal to or exceeding 0.5 tons per year, nor sources of Pb emissions within two miles of a neighboring state line. Total Pb emissions within Albuquerque-Bernalillo County in 2011 were less than two tons, and most of the Pb-emitting sources within the State are general aviation airports where aviation gasoline containing tetra-ethyl lead is still in use. Therefore, we deem that Albuquerque-Bernalillo County has presumptively satisfied the interstate transport requirements pertaining to significant contribution to nonattainment or interference with maintenance of the Pb NAAQS.

With respect to the interstate transport and PSD requirement, we note that Albuquerque-Bernalillo County's satisfaction of the applicable infrastructure SIP PSD requirements for

attainment/unclassifiable areas with regards to the 2008 Pb NAAQS have been detailed in the section addressing section 110(a)(2)(C). Therefore, we deem that the SIP has presumptively satisfied the interstate transport and PSD requirement.

With regard to the applicable requirement for interstate transport and visibility protection, significant impacts from Pb emissions from stationary sources are expected to be limited to short distances from the source and most, if not all, stationary sources of Pb emissions are located at sufficient distances from Class I areas such that visibility impacts would be negligible. Although Pb can be a component of coarse and fine particles, Pb generally comprises only a small fraction of coarse and fine particles. A recent EPA study conducted to evaluate the extent that Pb could impact visibility concluded that Pb-related visibility impacts at Class I areas were found to be insignificant (e.g., less than 0.10%).⁸ Given this information, that there are no significant point sources of Pb emissions and that the County is not near an interstate border we deem the SIP meets the interstate transport and visibility protection.

Section 110(a)(2)(D)(ii) also requires that the SIP ensure compliance with the applicable requirements of sections 126 and 115 of the CAA, relating to interstate and international pollution abatement, respectively. Section 126(a) of the CAA requires new or modified sources to notify neighboring states of potential impacts from sources within the State. Albuquerque-Bernalillo County regulations require that affected states, tribes and federal land managers receive notice prior to the commencement of any construction or significant modification of a major source. In addition, no source or sources located in Albuquerque-Bernalillo County have been identified by EPA as having any interstate impacts under section 126 in any pending actions relating to any air pollutant.

Section 115 of the CAA authorizes EPA to require a state to revise its SIP under certain conditions to alleviate international transport into another country. There are no final findings under section 115 of the CAA against New Mexico with respect to any air pollutant. Thus, the State's SIP does not need to include any provisions to meet the requirements of section 115.

Based upon review of the State's infrastructure SIP submission for the

2008 Pb NAAQS, and relevant statutory and regulatory authorities and provisions referenced in the submission or referenced in New Mexico's SIP, EPA believes that Albuquerque-Bernalillo County has the adequate infrastructure needed to address sections 110(a)(2)(D)(i)(I) and (II) (all 4 interstate transport requirements), and 110(a)(2)(D)(ii) for the 2008 Pb NAAQS and is proposing to approve this element of the May 2, 2012, submission.

(E) Adequate authority, resources, implementation, and oversight: The SIP must provide for the following: (1) Necessary assurances that the state (and other entities within the state responsible for implementing the SIP) will have adequate personnel, funding, and authority under state or local law to implement the SIP, and that there are no legal impediments to such implementation; (2) requirements relating to state boards; and (3) necessary assurances that the state has responsibility for ensuring adequate implementation of any plan provision for which it relies on local governments or other entities to carry out that portion of the plan.

Both elements A and E address the requirement that there is adequate authority to implement and enforce the SIP and that there are no legal impediments.

This i-SIP submission for the 2008 Pb NAAQS describes the SIP regulations governing the various functions of personnel within the AQP and the Air Board, including the administrative, technical support, planning, enforcement, and permitting functions of the program.

With respect to funding, the resources to carry out the plan are provided through General Funds, Permit Fees and the CAA grant process. Permit Fees are collected under the authority of section 74-2-7.

As required by the CAA and the Environmental Improvement Act (EIA), the SIP stipulates that any members of the board or body, or the head of an agency with similar powers, adequately disclose any potential conflicts of interest. NMSA 1978 section 74-1-4 provides the Air Board contain at least a majority of members who represent the public interest and do not derive any significant portion of their income from persons subject to or who appear before the board on issues related to the CAA or the Air Act. Board members are required to recuse themselves from rule-makings in which their impartiality may reasonably be questioned.

With respect to assurances that the Air Board has responsibility to implement the SIP adequately when it

⁷ <http://www.epa.gov/airtrends/2011/report/fullreport.pdf>.

⁸ Analysis by Mark Schmidt, OAQPS, "Ambient Pb's Contribution to Class I Area Visibility Impairment," June 17, 2011.

authorizes local or other agencies to carry out portions of the plan, the EIA and the AQCA designate the Air Board as the primary air pollution control agency within Albuquerque-Bernalillo County. The statutes allow for local agencies to carry out some or all of the Act's responsibilities.

The Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board assumes jurisdiction for local administration and enforcement of the AQCA in Bernalillo County. There are Albuquerque/Bernalillo County SIP provisions which are part of the New Mexico SIP.⁹

(F) Stationary source monitoring system: The SIP requires the establishment of a system to monitor emissions from stationary sources and to submit periodic emission reports. It must require the installation, maintenance, and replacement of equipment, and the implementation of other necessary steps, by owners or operators of stationary sources, to monitor emissions from sources. The SIP shall also require periodic reports on the nature and amounts of emissions and emissions-related data from sources, and require that the state correlate the source reports with emission limitations or standards established under the CAA. These reports must be made available for public inspection at reasonable times.

Requirements in 20.11.47 NMAC, *Emission Inventory Requirements* provide for the reporting of emissions inventories in a format established by AQP on a schedule prescribed by the regulation. There also are SIP state regulations pertaining to sampling and testing and requirements for reporting of emissions inventories. In addition, SIP rules establish general requirements for maintaining records and reporting emissions. This information is used to track progress towards measuring the NAAQS, developing control and maintenance strategies, identifying sources and general emission levels, and determining compliance with SIP regulations and additional EPA requirements.

(G) Emergency authority: The SIP must provide for authority to address activities causing imminent and substantial endangerment to public health or welfare or the environment and to include contingency plans to implement such authorities as necessary.

The AQCA provides the New Mexico Environment Department with authority

to address environmental emergencies, inclusive of contingency plans to implement emergency episode provisions.

Pursuant to 40 CFR 51, Subpart H, *Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes*, on January 26, 1989, the Air Board adopted the *Air Pollution Contingency Plan for Bernalillo County* [8/21/91, 56 FR 38074; 40 CFR 52.1639, *Prevention of Air Emergency Episodes*], which is part of the SIP, which covers air pollution episodes and the occurrence of an emergency due to the effects of the pollutants on the health of persons.

(H) Future SIP revisions: States must have the authority to revise their SIPs in response to changes in the NAAQS, availability of improved methods for attaining the NAAQS, or in response to an EPA finding that the SIP is substantially inadequate to attain the NAAQS.

Albuquerque-Bernalillo County's SIP is a compilation of regulations, plans and submittals that act to improve and maintain air quality in accordance with national standards. The authority to develop or revise the SIP is based on the authority to adopt new regulations and revise existing regulations to meet the NAAQS. NMSA 1978 section 74-7-5 gives the board the authority to perform these functions. Section 74-7-5 also gives the board the authority to adopt regulations to abate, control and prohibit air pollution throughout Albuquerque-Bernalillo County in accordance with the *State Rules Act*. Nothing in New Mexico's statutory or regulatory authority prohibits Albuquerque-Bernalillo County from revising the SIP in the event of a revision to the NAAQS. The AQCA specifically requires revisions to the SIP if the scenarios set forth in Section 110(a)(2)(H) occur.

(I) Nonattainment areas: The CAA section 110(a)(2)(I) requires that in the case of a plan or plan revision for areas designated as nonattainment areas, states must meet applicable requirements of part D of the CAA, relating to SIP requirements for designated nonattainment areas.

As noted earlier, EPA does not expect infrastructure SIP submissions to address subsection (I). The specific SIP submissions for designated nonattainment areas, as required under CAA title I, part D, are subject to different submission schedules than those for section 110 infrastructure elements. Instead, EPA will take action on part D attainment plan SIP submissions through a separate rulemaking process governed by the requirements for nonattainment areas,

as described in part D. The Albuquerque-Bernalillo County nonattainment new source review (NNSR) provisions required for the 2008 Pb NAAQS and other NAAQS were approved as part of the SIP (72 FR 20728, April 26, 2007).

Additionally, Albuquerque-Bernalillo County presently does not contain any non-attainment areas for Pb.

(J) Consultation with government officials, public notification, PSD and visibility protection: The SIP must meet the following three requirements: (1) Relating to interagency consultation regarding certain CAA requirements; (2) relating to public notification of NAAQS exceedances and related issues; and, (3) prevention of significant deterioration of air quality and visibility protection.

(1) Interagency consultation: As required by the AQCA, there must be a public hearing before the adoption of any regulations or emission control requirements and all interested persons must be given a reasonable opportunity to submit data, view documents, or argue orally or in writing and to examine testimony of witnesses from the hearing. In addition, the AQCA provides for the power and duty to "advise, consult, contract with and cooperate with local authorities, other states, the federal government and other interested persons or groups in regard to matters of common interest in the field of air quality control . . .". Furthermore, New Mexico's PSD SIP rules mandate public participation and notification regarding permitting applications to any other state or local air pollution control agencies, local government officials of the city or county where the source will be located, tribal authorities, and Federal Land Managers (FLMs) whose lands may be affected by emissions from the source or modification. The State's Transportation Conformity SIP rules also provide procedures for interagency consultation, resolution of conflicts, and public notification.

(2) Public Notification: The i-SIP provides the SIP regulatory citations requiring the Air Board to regularly notify the public of instances or areas in which any NAAQS are exceeded, advise the public of the health hazard associated with such exceedances, and enhance public awareness of measures that can prevent such exceedances and ways in which the public can participate in efforts to improve air quality. 20.11.82 NMAC, *Rulemaking Procedures—Air Quality Board*, stipulates notice requirements for rulemaking and is used as a guide for notice requirements when adopting SIPs.

⁹ Albuquerque/Bernalillo County SIP <http://yosemite.epa.gov/r6/Sip0304.nsf/home!OpenView&Start=1&Count=30&Collapse=4.4#4.4> or <https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/40/52.1620>.

(3) *PSD and Visibility Protection*: The PSD requirements here are the same as those addressed under (C). The Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico SIP requirements relating to visibility and regional haze are not affected when EPA establishes or revises a NAAQS. Therefore, EPA believes that there are no new visibility protection requirements due to the revision of the NAAQS, and consequently there are no newly applicable visibility protection obligations pursuant to infrastructure element J after the promulgation of a new or revised NAAQS.

(K) *Air quality and modeling/data*: The SIP must provide for performing air quality modeling, as prescribed by EPA, to predict the effects on ambient air quality of any emissions of any NAAQS pollutant, and for submission of such data to EPA upon request.

AQP has the duty, authority and technical capability to conduct air quality modeling, pursuant to the AQCA, in order to assess the effect on ambient air quality of relevant pollutant emissions; and can provide relevant data as part of the permitting and NAAQS implementation process. AQP follows EPA guidelines for air dispersion modeling. Upon request, AQP will submit current and future data relating to air quality modeling to EPA.

(L) *Permitting Fees*: The SIP must require each major stationary source to pay permitting fees to the permitting authority, as a condition of any permit required under the CAA, to cover the cost of reviewing and acting upon any application for such a permit, and, if the permit is issued, the costs of implementing and enforcing the terms of the permit. The fee requirement applies until a fee program established by the state pursuant to title V of the CAA, relating to operating permits, is approved by EPA.

The fee requirements of 20.11.2 NMAC have been approved by EPA as meeting the CAA requirements and were incorporated into the Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico SIP [4/10/80, 45 FR 24468]. Albuquerque-Bernalillo County's title V operating permit program codified at 20.11.42 NMAC, *Operating Permits*, was approved by EPA on 9/8/04 [FR vol. 69, No. 173, pp. 54244–47]. In addition, see element (E) above for the description of the mandatory collection of permitting fees outlined in the SIP.

(M) *Consultation/participation by affected local entities*: The SIP must provide for consultation and participation by local political subdivisions affected by the SIP.

New Mexico State Statute Section 74–2–5.2 *State Air Pollution Control*

Agency; Specific Duties and Powers of the Department, states that, “The department is the state air pollution control agency for all purposes under federal legislation relating to pollution. The department is required to “advise, consult, contract and cooperate with local authorities, other states, the federal government and other interested persons or groups in regard to matters of common interest in the field of air quality control.” Also see element (J) above for a discussion of the SIP's public participation process, the authority to advise and consult, and the PSD SIP's public participation requirements.

III. Proposed Action

EPA is proposing to approve the May 2, 2012, infrastructure SIP submission from Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico, which addresses the requirements of CAA sections 110(a)(1) and (2) as applicable to the 2008 Pb NAAQS. Specifically, EPA is proposing to approve the following infrastructure elements: 110(a)(2)(A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (H), (J), (K), (L), and (M). EPA is not proposing action pertaining to section 110(a)(2)(I)—Nonattainment Area Plan or Plan Revisions as EPA believes this need not be addressed in the i-SIP. Based upon review of the state's infrastructure SIP submissions and relevant statutory and regulatory authorities and provisions referenced in these submissions or referenced in Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico's SIP, EPA believes that Albuquerque-Bernalillo County, New Mexico has the infrastructure in place to address all applicable required elements of sections 110(a)(1) and (2) to ensure that the 2008 Pb NAAQS are implemented in the county. We also are proposing to approve the State's demonstration that it meets the four statutory requirements for interstate transport of Pb emissions.

IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the Clean Air Act, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this action merely proposes to approve state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a “significant regulatory action” subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993);

- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);

- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);

- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);

- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);

- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);

- Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and

- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the proposed rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead (Pb), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

Dated: September 2, 2015.

Ron Curry,

Regional Administrator, Region 6.

[FR Doc. 2015–22862 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**40 CFR Part 52**

[EPA-R05-OAR-2015-0380; FRL-9933-64-Region 5]

Air Plan Approval; Indiana; SO₂ Revision for Walsh and Kelly**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing to approve a request submitted by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management on June 1, 2015, to revise its state implementation plan (SIP) for sulfur dioxide (SO₂). The revision updates information regarding Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated, a hot mix asphalt plant located in Griffith, Lake County, Indiana. Walsh and Kelly, Incorporated, is replacing its aggregate drum dryer. The revision does not change any of the SO₂ control requirements and will not result in an increase in SO₂ emissions.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before October 13, 2015.**ADDRESSES:** Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA-R05-OAR-2015-0380 by one of the following methods:

1. *www.regulations.gov*: Follow the on-line instructions for submitting comments.
2. *Email: blakley.pamela@epa.gov*.
3. *Fax: (312) 692-2450*.
4. *Mail:* Pamela Blakley, Chief, Control Strategies Section (AR-18J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604.
5. *Hand Delivery:* Pamela Blakley, Chief, Control Strategies Section (AR-18J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. Such deliveries are only accepted during the Regional Office normal hours of operation, and special arrangements should be made for deliveries of boxed information. The Regional Office official hours of business are Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding Federal holidays.

Please see the direct final rule which is located in the Rules section of this **Federal Register** for detailed instructions on how to submit comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Charles Hatten, Environmental Engineer, Control Strategies Section, Air Programs Branch (AR-18J),

Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604, (312) 886-6031, *hatten.charles@epa.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the Final Rules section of this **Federal Register**, EPA is approving Indiana's SO₂ SIP submittal as a direct final rule without prior proposal because the Agency views this as a noncontroversial submittal and anticipates no adverse comments. A detailed rationale for the approval is set forth in the direct final rule. If EPA does not receive adverse comments in response to this rule, no further activity is contemplated. If EPA receives adverse comments, EPA will withdraw the direct final rule and will address all public comments received in a subsequent final rule based on this proposed rule. EPA will not institute a second comment period. Any parties interested in commenting on this action should do so at this time. Please note that if EPA receives adverse comment on an amendment, paragraph, or section of this rule, and if that provision can be severed from the remainder of the rule, EPA may adopt as final those provisions of the rule that are not the subject of an adverse comment. For additional information, see the direct final rule which is located in the Rules section of this **Federal Register**.

Dated: August 28, 2015.

Susan Hedman,*Regional Administrator, Region 5.*

[FR Doc. 2015-22715 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY****40 CFR Part 52**

[EPA-R05-OAR-2015-0464; FRL-9933-63-Region 5]

Air Plan Approval; Wisconsin; Wisconsin State Board Requirements**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing to approve state implementation plan (SIP) submissions from Wisconsin regarding the state board requirements under section 128 of the Clean Air Act (CAA). EPA is also proposing to approve elements of SIP submissions from Wisconsin regarding the infrastructure requirements of section 110 relating to state boards for the 1997 ozone, 1997 fine particulate (PM_{2.5}), 2006 PM_{2.5}, 2008 lead (Pb), 2008 ozone, 2010

nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), and 2010 sulfur dioxide (SO₂) National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS).

DATES: Comments must be received on or before October 13, 2015.**ADDRESSES:** Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA-R05-OAR-2015-0464, by one of the following methods:

1. *www.regulations.gov*: Follow the on-line instructions for submitting comments.
2. *Email: aburano.douglas@epa.gov*.
3. *Fax: (312) 408-2279*.
4. *Mail:* Douglas Aburano, Chief, Attainment Planning and Maintenance Section, Air Programs Branch (AR-18J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604.
5. *Hand Delivery:* Douglas Aburano, Chief, Attainment Planning and Maintenance Section, Air Programs Branch (AR-18J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. Such deliveries are only accepted during the Regional Office normal hours of operation, and special arrangements should be made for deliveries of boxed information. The Regional Office official hours of business are Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding Federal holidays.

Instructions: Direct your comments to Docket ID No. EPA-R05-OAR-2015-0464. EPA's policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change and may be made available online at

www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Do not submit information that you consider to be CBI or otherwise protected through *www.regulations.gov* or email. The *www.regulations.gov* Web site is an "anonymous access" system, which means EPA will not know your identity or contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment. If you send an email comment directly to EPA without going through *www.regulations.gov* your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the Internet. If you submit an electronic comment, EPA recommends that you include your name and other contact information in the body of your comment and with any disk or CD-ROM you submit. If EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties and cannot contact

you for clarification, EPA may not be able to consider your comment. Electronic files should avoid the use of special characters, any form of encryption, and be free of any defects or viruses. For additional instructions on submitting comments, go to Section I of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this document.

Docket: All documents in the docket are listed in the *www.regulations.gov* index. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, will be publicly available only in hard copy. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically in *www.regulations.gov* or in hard copy at the Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. This facility is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays. We recommend that you telephone Eric Svingen, Environmental Engineer, at (312) 353-4489 before visiting the Region 5 office.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Eric Svingen, Environmental Engineer, Attainment Planning and Maintenance Section, Air Programs Branch (AR-18J), Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604, (312) 353-4489, *svingen.eric@epa.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever “we,” “us,” or “our” is used, we mean EPA. This supplementary information section is arranged as follows:

- I. What should I consider as I prepare my comments for EPA?
- II. What is the background of these SIP submissions?
- III. What guidance is EPA using to evaluate these SIP submissions?
- IV. What is the result of EPA’s review of these SIP submissions?
- V. What action is EPA taking?
- VI. Incorporation by Reference.
- VII. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews.

I. What should I consider as I prepare my comments for EPA?

When submitting comments, remember to:

1. Identify the rulemaking by docket number and other identifying information (subject heading, **Federal Register** date and page number).
2. Follow directions—EPA may ask you to respond to specific questions or organize comments by referencing a Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part or section number.

3. Explain why you agree or disagree; suggest alternatives and substitute language for your requested changes.

4. Describe any assumptions and provide any technical information and/or data that you used.

5. If you estimate potential costs or burdens, explain how you arrived at your estimate in sufficient detail to allow for it to be reproduced.

6. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns, and suggest alternatives.

7. Explain your views as clearly as possible, avoiding the use of profanity or personal threats.

8. Make sure to submit your comments by the comment period deadline identified.

II. What is the background of these SIP submissions?

This rulemaking addresses submissions from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) dated July 2, 2015. These submissions are intended to address CAA requirements relating to the state board requirements under section 128, as well as infrastructure requirements of section 110 relating to state boards for the 1997 ozone, 1997 PM_{2.5}, 2006 PM_{2.5}, 2008 Pb, 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS.

The requirement for states to make infrastructure SIP submissions arises out of CAA section 110(a)(1). Pursuant to section 110(a)(1), states must make SIP submissions “within 3 years (or such shorter period as the Administrator may prescribe) after the promulgation of a national primary ambient air quality standard (or any revision thereof),” and these SIP submissions are to provide for the “implementation, maintenance, and enforcement” of such NAAQS. The statute directly imposes on states the duty to make these SIP submissions, and the requirement to make the submissions is not conditioned upon EPA’s taking any action other than promulgating a new or revised NAAQS. Section 110(a)(2) includes a list of specific elements that “[e]ach such plan” submission must address.

EPA has historically referred to these SIP submissions made for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of CAA section 110(a)(1) and (2) as “infrastructure SIP” submissions. Although the term “infrastructure SIP” does not appear in the CAA, EPA uses the term to distinguish this particular type of SIP submission from submissions that are intended to satisfy other SIP requirements under the CAA. This specific rulemaking is only taking action on the CAA 110(a)(2)(E)(ii) element of these infrastructure SIP

requirements, which is the only infrastructure SIP element addressed in WDNR’s submittal dated July 2, 2015.

III. What guidance is EPA using to evaluate these SIP submissions?

EPA’s guidance for these submissions is highlighted in an October 2, 2007, guidance document entitled “Guidance on SIP Elements Required Under Sections 110(a)(1) and (2) for the 1997 8-hour Ozone and PM_{2.5} National Ambient Air Quality Standards” (2007 Guidance). Further guidance is provided in a September 13, 2013, document entitled “Guidance on Infrastructure State Implementation Plan (SIP) Elements under CAA Sections 110(a)(1) and (2)” (2013 Guidance).

IV. What is the result of EPA’s review of these SIP submissions?

Pursuant to section 110(a), states must provide reasonable notice and opportunity for public hearing for all infrastructure SIP submissions. WDNR provided notice of a public comment period on May 9, 2015, held a public hearing at WDNR State Headquarters on June 9, 2015, and closed the public comment period on June 11, 2015. No comments were received.

Wisconsin provided a detailed synopsis of how various components of its SIP meet each of the applicable requirements in section 128 and 110(a)(2)(E)(ii) for the 1997 ozone, 1997 PM_{2.5}, 2006 PM_{2.5}, 2008 Pb, 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS, as applicable. The following review evaluates the state’s submissions.

A. Section 128

Section 128 of the CAA includes just one subsection labeled “(a)”, which contains two explicit requirements: (1) That any board or body which approves permits or enforcement orders under this chapter shall have at least a majority of members who represent the public interest and do not derive any significant portion of their income from persons subject to permits and enforcement orders under this chapter, and (2) that any potential conflicts of interest by members of such board or body or the head of an executive agency with similar powers be adequately disclosed.

On July 2, 2015, WDNR submitted rules from Wisconsin Statutes (*Wis. Stats.*) for incorporation into the SIP, pursuant to section 128 of the CAA. Wisconsin maintains a state board, called the Wisconsin Natural Resources

¹ PM_{2.5} refers to particles with an aerodynamic diameter of less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers, oftentimes referred to as “fine” particles.

Board (NRB). However, the NRB's functions are purely regulatory, advisory, and policy-making. Under *Wis. Stats.* 15.05, the administrative powers and duties of the WDNR, including issuance of permits and enforcement orders, are vested in the secretary. Under the statutes that govern its operations, the NRB does not and cannot approve permits or enforcement orders. Therefore, Wisconsin has no further obligations under section 128(a)(1) of the CAA.

Under section 128(a)(2) of the CAA, the head of the executive agency with the power to approve permits or enforcement orders must adequately disclose any potential conflicts of interest. In Wisconsin, this power is vested in the Secretary of the WDNR. *Wis. Stats.* 19.45(2) prevents financial gain of any public official, which addresses the issue of deriving any significant portion of income from persons subject to permits and enforcement orders. Additionally, *Wis. Stats.* 19.46 prevents a public official from taking actions where there is a conflict of interest. As a public official under *Wis. Stats.* 19, the Secretary of the WDNR is subject to these ethical obligations. As requested in WDNR's submission, EPA is proposing to incorporate *Wis. Stats.* 15.05, 19.45(2), and 19.46 into Wisconsin's SIP. EPA proposes that these statutes satisfy all requirements under section 128 of the CAA.

B. Section 110(a)(2)(E)(ii)

Section 110(a)(2)(E)(ii) of the CAA also requires each SIP to contain provisions that comply with the state board requirements of section 128 of the CAA.

In its submittal dated July 2, 2015, WDNR requested that *Wis. Stats.* 15.05, 19.45(2), and 19.46 be applied not only to obligations under section 128 of the CAA, but also to infrastructure SIP requirements for the 1997 ozone, 1997 PM_{2.5}, 2006 PM_{2.5}, 2008 Pb, 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS. EPA therefore proposes that Wisconsin has met the infrastructure SIP requirements of this portion of section 110(a)(2)(E)(ii) with respect to the 1997 ozone, 1997 PM_{2.5}, 2006 PM_{2.5}, 2008 Pb, 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS.

V. What Action is EPA Taking?

EPA is proposing to incorporate *Wis. Stats.* 15.05, 19.45(2), and 19.46 into Wisconsin's SIP. EPA is further proposing to approve these submissions as meeting CAA obligations under section 128, as well as 110(a)(2)(E)(ii) for the 1997 ozone, 1997 PM_{2.5}, 2006

PM_{2.5}, 2008 Pb, 2008 ozone, 2010 NO₂, and 2010 SO₂ NAAQS.

VI. Incorporation by Reference

In this rule, EPA is proposing to include in a final EPA rule regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, EPA is proposing to incorporate by reference *Wis. Stats.* 15.05, effective July 2, 2013, *Wis. Stats.* 19.45(2), effective May 11, 1990, and *Wis. Stats.* 19.46, effective February 17, 2007. EPA has made, and will continue to make, these documents generally available electronically through www.regulations.gov and/or in hard copy at the appropriate EPA office (see the ADDRESSES section of this preamble for more information).

VII. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the CAA and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-4);
- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);

- Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and

- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.

Dated: August 28, 2015.

Susan Hedman,

Regional Administrator, Region 5.

[FR Doc. 2015-22713 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

42 CFR Part 88

[Docket No. CDC-2015-0063, NIOSH-287]

RIN 0920-AA61

World Trade Center Health Program; Addition of New-Onset Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease and Acute Traumatic Injury to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The World Trade Center (WTC) Health Program, at the direction of the Administrator, conducted a review of published studies regarding potential evidence of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and acute traumatic injury among individuals who were responders to or survivors of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks. The Administrator of the WTC Health Program found that

these studies provided substantial support for a causal relationship between the health conditions and 9/11 exposures. As a result, the Administrator has determined to publish a proposed rule to add new-onset COPD and to add acute traumatic injury to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions eligible for treatment coverage in the WTC Health Program.

DATES: Comments must be received by October 26, 2015.

ADDRESSES: *Written Comments:* You may submit comments by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Mail:* NIOSH Docket Office, 1090 Tusculum Avenue, MS C-34, Cincinnati, OH 45226-1998.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, HHS) and docket number (CDC-2015-0063) or Regulation Identifier Number (0920-AA61) for this rulemaking. All relevant comments, including any personal information provided, will be posted without change to <http://www.regulations.gov>. For detailed instructions on submitting public comments, see the "Public Participation" heading of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this document.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents, go to <http://www.regulations.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rachel Weiss, Program Analyst, 1090 Tusculum Ave, MS: C-46, Cincinnati, OH 45226; telephone (855)818-1629 (this is a toll-free number); email NIOSHregs@cdc.gov.

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I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of Regulatory Action

This rulemaking is being conducted in order to add new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions (List). Following requests by the directors of the WTC Health Program Clinical Centers of Excellence (CCE) and Data Centers to the WTC Health Program to consider adding the two conditions,¹ the Administrator conducted literature reviews regarding COPD and acute traumatic injury among 9/11 responders and survivors. Based on the findings of those reviews, he determined that the evidence for causal relationships between 9/11 exposures and COPD and acute traumatic injury, respectively, provides bases for the addition of both health conditions. The Administrator proposes adding new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury to the List.

B. Summary of Major Provisions

This rule proposes the addition of new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions in 42 CFR 88.1. As a result, these conditions will be eligible for treatment and monitoring coverage by the WTC Health Program.

C. Costs and Benefits

The proposed addition of new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury by this

¹ Crane M, Lucchini R, Moline J, Prezant D, Kelly K, Udasin I, Luft B, Harrison D, Reibman J, Markowitz S [2014]. Letter from CCE and Data Center Directors to Dori Reissman and John Halpin, WTC Health Program regarding "Musculoskeletal Conditions;" and Crane M, Lucchini R, Moline J, Prezant D, Kelly K, Udasin I, Luft B, Harrison D, and Reibman J [2014]. Letter from CCE and Data Center Directors to Dori Reissman and John Halpin, WTC Health Program regarding "Rationale for the continued certification of COPD as a World Trade Center related and covered condition." These letters are included in the docket for this rulemaking.

rulemaking is estimated to cost the WTC Health Program between \$5,124,477 and \$9,350,966 in 2015 and 2016. All of the costs to the WTC Health Program are transfers. Benefits to current and future WTC Health Program members may include improved access to care and better treatment outcomes than in the absence of Program coverage.

II. Public Participation

Interested persons or organizations are invited to participate in this rulemaking by submitting written views, opinions, recommendations, and/or data. Comments are invited on any topic related to this proposed rule. The Administrator invites comments specifically on the following questions related to this rulemaking:

1. Is September 11, 2003 an appropriate deadline by which an individual must have received initial medical treatment for an acute traumatic injury?

2. Is there evidence of acute traumatic injuries that occurred as a result of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks that would not be covered by the proposed definition? What are the types of long-term consequences or medically associated health conditions that result from the treatment or progression of acute traumatic injuries like those sustained on or after September 11, 2001?

3. Are data available on the chronic care needs of individuals who suffered acute traumatic injuries during the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, and its aftermath that the Administrator can use to estimate the number of current and future WTC Health Program members who may seek certification of WTC-related acute traumatic injuries as well as treatment costs?

4. Are data available on the prevalence and cost estimates for new-onset COPD?

Comments received, including attachments and other supporting materials, are part of the public record and subject to public disclosure. Do not include any information in your comment or supporting materials that you consider confidential or inappropriate for public disclosure.

Comments submitted electronically or by mail should be titled "Docket No. CDC-2015-0063" and should identify the author(s) and contact information in case clarification is needed. Electronic and written comments can be submitted to the addresses provided in the **ADDRESSES** section, above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be fully considered by the Administrator of the WTC Health Program.

The Administrator has determined that good cause exists to extend the traditional 30-day comment period to 45 days. The comment period is extended to provide interested parties, including peer-reviewers, adequate time to review the proposed rule and supporting scientific literature and to submit written comments to the docket.

III. Background

A. WTC Health Program Statutory Authority

Title I of the James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010 (Pub. L. 111–347), amended the Public Health Service Act (PHS Act) to add Title XXXIII,² establishing the WTC Health Program within the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). The WTC Health Program provides medical monitoring and treatment benefits to eligible firefighters and related personnel, law enforcement officers, and rescue, recovery, and cleanup workers who responded to the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks in New York City, at the Pentagon, and in Shanksville, Pennsylvania (responders), and to eligible persons who were present in the dust or dust cloud on September 11, 2001 or who worked, resided, or attended school, childcare, or adult daycare in the New York City disaster area (survivors).

All references to the Administrator of the WTC Health Program (Administrator) in this notice mean the Director of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) or his or her designee. Section 3312(a)(6) of the PHS Act requires the Administrator to conduct rulemaking to propose the addition of a health condition to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions (List) codified in 42 CFR 88.1.

B. Methods Used by the Administrator to Determine Whether to Add Non-Cancer Health Conditions to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions

Consideration of an addition to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions (List) may be initiated at the Administrator's discretion³ or following receipt of a petition by an interested party.⁴ Under 42 CFR 88.17, the Administrator has established a process by which health conditions may be considered for addition to the List of

WTC-Related Health Conditions in § 88.1. Pursuant to sec. 3312(a)(6)(D) of Title XXXIII of the PHS Act, the Administrator is required to publish a notice of proposed rulemaking and allow interested parties to comment on the proposed rule.

The Administrator has established a methodology for evaluating whether to add non-cancer health conditions to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions; this methodology is published online in the Policies and Procedures section of the WTC Health Program Web site.⁵ The Administrator will direct the WTC Health Program Associate Director for Science (ADS) to conduct a review of the scientific literature to determine if the available scientific information has the potential to provide a basis for a decision on whether to add the condition to the List. The literature review will include published, peer-reviewed direct observational and/or epidemiological studies about the health condition among 9/11-exposed populations. The studies will be reviewed for their relevance, quantity, and quality to provide a basis for deciding whether to propose adding the health condition to the List. Where the available evidence has the potential to provide a basis for a decision, the ADS will further assess the scientific and medical evidence to determine whether a causal relationship between 9/11 exposures and the health condition is supported. A health condition may be added to the List if published, peer-reviewed direct observational or epidemiologic studies provide substantial support⁶ for a causal relationship between 9/11 exposures and the health condition in 9/11-exposed populations. If only epidemiologic studies are available and they provide only modest support⁷ for a causal relationship between 9/11 exposures and the health condition, the Administrator may then evaluate additional published, peer-reviewed epidemiologic studies, conducted among non-9/11-exposed populations,

evaluating associations between the health condition of interest and 9/11 agents.⁸ If that additional assessment establishes substantial support for a causal relationship between a 9/11 agent or agents and the health condition, the health condition may be added to the List.

IV. COPD

A. CCE and Data Center Request to Consider Adding New-Onset COPD

On May 13, 2014, the Administrator received a letter from the directors of the WTC Health Program Clinical Centers of Excellence (CCEs) and Data Centers, asking that the Administrator consider all requests for certification of COPD.⁹ The Zadroga Act and WTC Health Program regulations identify “WTC-exacerbated chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)” as a covered health condition.¹⁰ However, the CCE and Data Center directors requested that the Administrator determine that COPD is a certifiable WTC condition, regardless of the date of onset.¹¹ In order to certify all cases of COPD, including cases diagnosed after the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, new-onset COPD would need to be added to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions. The Administrator directed the ADS to initiate a review of research regarding COPD in 9/11-exposed populations in order to determine whether there was support for such an addition.

B. Literature Review

In accordance with the established methodology for the addition of non-cancers to the List, the Administrator charged the ADS with conducting a review of the relevant, peer-reviewed, published studies of 9/11-exposed populations.

Because definitions of COPD vary among authorities, the ADS first had to identify the best definition for the purposes of the WTC Health Program.

⁸ 9/11 agents are chemical, physical, biological, or other agents or hazards reported in a published, peer-reviewed exposure assessment study of responders or survivors who were present in the New York City disaster area, or at the Pentagon site, or the Shanksville, Pennsylvania site as those locations are defined in 42 CFR 88.1.

⁹ See: Crane M, Lucchini R, Moline J, Prezant D, Kelly K, Udasin I, Luft B, Harrison D, Reibman J [2014]. Rationale for the continued certification of COPD as a World Trade Center related and covered condition. Letter from WTC Health Program Data Center and Clinical Centers of Excellence Directors to Drs. Dori Reissman and John Halpin, WTC Health Program. This letter is included in the docket for this rulemaking.

¹⁰ PHS Act, sec. 3312(a)(3)(A)(v); 42 CFR 88.1.

¹¹ COPD letter from WTC Health Program CCE and Data Center Directors to Drs. Dori Reissman and John Halpin, WTC Health Program at 8.

² Title XXXIII of the PHS Act is codified at 42 U.S.C. 300mm to 300mm–61. Those portions of the Zadroga Act found in Titles II and III of Public Law 111–347 do not pertain to the WTC Health Program and are codified elsewhere.

³ PHS Act, sec. 3312(a)(6)(A); 42 CFR 88.17(b).

⁴ PHS Act, sec. 3312(a)(6)(B); 42 CFR 88.17(a).

⁵ Howard J, Administrator of the WTC Health Program. Policy and procedures for adding non-cancer conditions to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions. October 21, 2014. http://www.cdc.gov/wtc/pdfs/WTCHP_PP_Adding_NonCancers_21_Oct_2014.pdf.

⁶ The substantial evidence standard is met when the Program assesses all of the available, relevant information and determines with high confidence that the evidence supports its findings regarding a causal association between the 9/11 exposure(s) and the health condition.

⁷ The modest evidence standard is met when the Program assesses all of the available, relevant information and determines with moderate confidence that the evidence supports its findings regarding a causal association between the 9/11 exposure(s) and the health condition.

The ADS looked to the Global Initiative for Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease (GOLD), a collaboration between the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute of the National Institutes of Health and the World Health Organization as a point of reference. GOLD defines COPD as persistent airflow limitation that is usually progressive and associated with an enhanced chronic inflammatory response in the airways and the lung to noxious particles or gases.¹² COPD is an umbrella term that encompasses those pulmonary conditions exhibiting chronic inflammation of the airways, lung tissue, and pulmonary blood vessels and persistent airflow limitation: A combination of large and small airways disease (obstructive chronic bronchitis¹³ and obstructive bronchiolitis, respectively) and parenchymal destruction (emphysema).¹⁴ According to GOLD, the three principal symptoms of COPD are dyspnea (shortness of breath), chronic cough, and sputum production; the most common early symptom is dyspnea on exertion (DOE). COPD should always be considered when these lower respiratory symptoms and history of exposure to risk factors for the disease are present. Because many of the symptoms of COPD are similar to asthma symptoms, both conditions are classified as obstructive airways diseases (OAD). The airway obstruction in asthma is usually reversible after bronchodilator therapy, whereas the obstruction in COPD is poorly-reversible

or irreversible.¹⁵ While asthma is not included under the term COPD, people with asthma may develop COPD over time.¹⁶

Diagnosis of COPD requires the use of a spirometry test, which measures how much and how quickly an individual inhales and exhales air from his or her lungs. The diagnosis of COPD is confirmed by a spirometry test demonstrating poorly-reversible or irreversible airways obstruction (*i.e.*, the proportion of vital capacity that an individual is able to expire in the first second of expiration [FEV1/FVC or FEV1%] is below 70 percent) after use of a bronchodilator. Although spirometry is the standard diagnostic test for COPD, in some circumstances, impulse oscillometry (IOS) can be complementary to spirometry, especially in patients at advanced age and with physical or mental disorders who cannot be diagnosed through spirometry. IOS assesses airway resistance and frequency dependence of resistance (FDR). FDR provides a measure of nonuniformity of airflow distribution, which may reflect regional functional abnormalities in the distal airways not captured by the spirometry test.

In accordance with the GOLD definition, described above, the ADS initiated a literature search for “chronic obstructive pulmonary disease,” “chronic bronchitis,” “pulmonary emphysema,” “pulmonary function decline,” “respiratory insufficiency,” “airways obstruction,” and “airflow limitation.”¹⁷ The literature search yielded 108 study citations; the associated study abstracts were reviewed for relevance to 9/11-exposed populations.¹⁸ Of the 108 citations identified, 36 were determined to be relevant epidemiologic studies of 9/11-exposed populations. Relevant papers were then further reviewed for their quality and potential to provide a basis for deciding whether to propose adding the health condition to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions. Only papers that reported post-9/11 lower

respiratory symptomatology and objective measurements of airways obstruction, such as pre- and post-9/11 spirometry with bronchodilator administration or IOS, were found to exhibit potential support for an addition recommendation. Quality was assessed by the presence or absence of major limitations, such as small size or poor comparability of study groups; use of unreliable or invalid measurement instruments; and if little or no attention was given to key confounders which would call into question the validity of the study results. Based on these criteria, the ADS found six relevant papers which exhibited potential to provide a basis for a decision regarding whether to propose the addition of new-onset COPD to the List. The six papers are summarized below.

Weiden *et al.* [2010]¹⁹ sought to determine the pathophysiologic basis for observed reductions in lung function among 1,720 Fire Department of New York (FDNY) rescue workers (firefighters and emergency medical service personnel) who presented for pulmonary evaluation between September 12, 2001 and March 10, 2008. Exposure intensity was categorized based on first arrival time at the WTC site as follows: High exposure if they arrived during the morning of September 11, 2001, intermediate exposure if they arrived after the morning of September 11, 2001, but within the first 2 days, and low exposure if they arrived between days 3 and 14. Pre-9/11 spirometry results were available for 92 percent of participants. Researchers obtained 919 full pulmonary function tests (bronchodilator response, lung volumes, diffusing capacity); 1,219 methacholine challenge tests to screen for asthma; and 982 high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scans, allowing them to report correlations between physiologic and radiographic measures. All physiologic tests pointed to airway obstruction with air trapping (demonstrated by the increase in residual volume) which correlated with the decline in FEV1 post-9/11, bronchodilator responsiveness, and hyperreactivity. HRCT findings of bronchial wall thickening (which reflects proximal airway inflammation and/or remodeling) and emphysema were reported in 26 percent and 12 percent of the participants, respectively.

¹² Global Initiative for Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease (GOLD), Global strategy for the diagnosis, management, and prevention of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, updated 2014. http://www.goldcopd.org/uploads/users/files/GOLD_Report_2014_Jan23.pdf.

¹³ Chronic bronchitis is defined by the presence of a productive cough of more than 3 months' duration for more than two successive years. It becomes obstructive chronic bronchitis if spirometric evidence of airflow obstruction develops. See: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) [2014]. In R.S. Porter *et al.* (Eds.), *The Merck manual of diagnosis and therapy*. http://www.merckmanuals.com/professional/pulmonary_disorders/chronic_obstructive_pulmonary_disease_and_related_disorders/chronic_obstructive_pulmonary_disease_copd.html.

¹⁴ Emphysema is destruction of lung parenchyma (the portion of the lung involved in gas transfer, including the alveoli, alveolar ducts and respiratory bronchioles) leading to loss of elastic recoil and loss of alveolar septa and radial airway traction, which increases the tendency for airway collapse. Lung hyperinflation, airflow limitation, and air trapping are present. See: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) [2014]. In R.S. Porter *et al.* (Eds.), *The Merck manual of diagnosis and therapy*. http://www.merckmanuals.com/professional/pulmonary_disorders/chronic_obstructive_pulmonary_disease_and_related_disorders/chronic_obstructive_pulmonary_disease_copd.html.

¹⁵ American Thoracic Society [1987]. Standards for the diagnosis and care of patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and asthma. Official statement of the American Thoracic Society was adopted by the Board of Directors, November 1986. *Am Rev Respir Dis.* 136(1):225–244.

¹⁶ Global Initiative for Asthma [2015]. Global strategy for asthma management and prevention; updated 2015. http://www.ginasthma.org/local/uploads/files/GINA_Report_2015.pdf.

¹⁷ Databases searched include: PubMed, Embase, CINAHL, Web of Science, Health & Safety Science Abstracts, and Toxline.

¹⁸ Only epidemiologic studies of 9/11-exposed populations were considered to be relevant. Case series and review papers were not found to be relevant.

¹⁹ Weiden MD, Ferrier N, Nolan A, Rom WN, Comfort A, Gustave J, Zeig-Owens R, Zheng S, Goldring RM, Berger KI, Cosenza K, Lee R, Webber MP, Kelly KJ, Aldrich TK, Prezant D [2010]. Obstructive airways disease with air trapping among firefighters exposed to World Trade Center dust. *Chest.* 137(3):566–574.

Importantly, airway abnormalities on CT scans also correlated with physiologic measures. The authors concluded that airways injury and obstruction were the predominant pathophysiologic characteristics among study participants.

Aldrich *et al.* [2010]²⁰ evaluated the long-term effects of exposure to WTC dust on FDNY members who responded to the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks. The authors analyzed the pulmonary function (FEV1) of both active and retired FDNY rescue workers on the basis of spirometry routinely performed at intervals of 12 to 18 months from March 12, 2000 to September 11, 2008. The authors observed a large decline in FEV1 values at 6 months and 12 months after September 11, 2001, especially among the firefighters with the heaviest dust exposure (those arriving at the WTC site on the morning of September 11, 2001). After the initial decline in the first year, the adjusted FEV1 continued to decline in smokers and non-smokers with little or no recovery in lung function during the subsequent 6 years. The authors concluded that the large decline in FEV1 after September 11, 2001, was indicative of airways injury due to 9/11 exposures.

Webber *et al.* [2011]²¹ examined the prevalence of physician-diagnosed respiratory conditions in FDNY members up to 9 years after rescue/recovery efforts in the New York City disaster area. The authors reviewed self-reported physician diagnoses of asthma, chronic bronchitis, COPD/emphysema, and sinusitis from the most recent physical health survey conducted by the FDNY Bureau of Health Services and physician diagnoses obtained from FDNY electronic medical records. The study population consisted of 10,943 firefighters and EMS workers who first arrived at the site within 2 weeks of the terrorist attacks. All participants were free of COPD and emphysema before September 11, 2001, and less than 1 percent had asthma. The authors found the prevalence rates of both self-reported and physician diagnoses of OAD, *i.e.*, asthma, chronic bronchitis, COPD/emphysema, and sinusitis were elevated, exceeding rates in the general

population for individuals of a similar age. The highest proportion of FDNY responders with physician-diagnosed OAD had the lowest lung function (FEV1% predicted), indicating that 9/11 exposure had resulted in disease. The authors were unable to attribute these diagnoses to any other occupational exposures.

Weakley *et al.* [2011]²² compared the prevalence of self-reported post-9/11 physician-diagnosed respiratory conditions (sinusitis, asthma, COPD/emphysema, and bronchitis) in 9/11-exposed FDNY firefighters to the prevalence in demographically similar National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) participants by year. The authors analyzed 45,988 questionnaires completed by 10,999 firefighters from October 2001 to September 2010. They reported higher rates of respiratory diagnoses in 9/11-exposed firefighters compared to the U.S. male general population, regardless of smoking status. Prevalence ratios, comparing FDNY to NHIS rates, were highest for COPD/emphysema and bronchitis. Because of the decrease in structural fires, improvement in personal protective equipment, and the decline in smoking rates among firefighters, the authors discounted normal firefighting activities as the cause of the increase in respiratory diagnoses.

Friedman *et al.* [2011]²³ also examined the relationship between 9/11 exposures, post-9/11 lower respiratory symptoms, and pulmonary function in a nested case-control study of exposed survivors 7–8 years after September 11, 2001. The cases examined in the study were 274 WTC Health Registry participants who reported post-9/11 onset of a lower respiratory symptom. One-third of the cases further reported post-9/11 physician diagnoses of asthma, chronic bronchitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, or emphysema. Registry participants without lower respiratory symptoms or inhaler use and no current or past lung disease were used as control subjects. Only never-smokers participated in this study. Pulmonary function was assessed by spirometry and IOS. A higher proportion of abnormal spirometry results (obstructive and restrictive patterns) was found among cases than

control subjects. IOS measurements of airway resistance and FDR (indicative of distal airways dysfunction) were significantly higher in cases than in control subjects, even when spirometry was normal. Lower respiratory symptoms were found significantly associated with IOS measurements but not with spirometry. Both exposure factors and IOS outcomes were associated with persistent symptoms, but exposure was not associated with IOS outcomes in the absence of symptoms. Certain exposure factors, including dust cloud density, smoke at home or work, and dust at home or work, were the strongest predictors of case status. The authors concluded that the association between post-9/11 onset of lower respiratory symptoms and lung function abnormalities detected by spirometry and IOS several years later were indicative of persistent airway disease with distal airways dysfunction as a contributing mechanism for these symptoms.

In a follow-up to the Friedman study reviewed above, Maslow *et al.* [2012]²⁴ assessed associations between repeatedly reported lower respiratory symptoms and detailed measures of both acute and chronic 9/11-related exposures. Acute exposures involved contact with the dust cloud created by the towers' collapse. Chronic factors were based on conditions in the home or work site through December 31, 2001, such as the extent of dust coverage; the duration of detectable smoke, fumes, and other odors; and whether the participant engaged in or was exposed to cleaning. The authors concluded that both acute and chronic exposures to the events of 9/11 were independently associated, often in a dose-dependent manner, with lower respiratory symptoms reported 2 to 3 years and again 5 to 6 years after September 11, 2001 by individuals who lived and worked in the WTC area.

C. Administrator's Determination Concerning New-Onset COPD

The ADS assessed each of the six studies described above according to the methodology established by the Administrator. The studies were assessed for relevance, quality, bias, and confounding by applying criteria extrapolated from the Bradford Hill criteria.²⁵

²⁴ Maslow CB, Friedman SM, Pillai PS, Reibman J, Berger KI, Goldring R, Stellman SD, Farfel M [2012]. Chronic and acute exposures to the world trade center disaster and lower respiratory symptoms: Area residents and workers. *Am J Public Health.* 102(6):1186–1194.

²⁵ Criteria extrapolated from Bradford Hill criteria include: (i) Strength of the association between a

²⁰ Aldrich TK, Gustave J, Hall CB, Cohen HW, Webber MP, Zeig-Owens R, Cosenza K, Christodoulou V, Glass L, Al-Othman F, Weiden MD, Kelly KJ, Prezant D [2010]. Lung function in rescue workers at the World Trade Center after 7 years. *N Engl J Med.* 362(14):1263–1272.

²¹ Webber MP, Glaser MS, Weakley J, Soo J, Ye F, Zeig-Owens R, Weiden MD, Nolan A, Aldrich TK, Kelly K, Prezant D [2011]. Physician-diagnosed respiratory conditions and mental health symptoms 7–9 years following the World Trade Center disaster. *Am J Ind Med.* 54(9):661–671.

²² Weakley J, Webber MP, Gustave J, Kelly K, Cohen HW, Hall CB, Prezant DJ [2011]. Trends in respiratory diagnoses and symptoms of firefighters exposed to the World Trade Center disaster: 2005–2010. *Prev Med.* 53(6):364–369.

²³ Friedman SM, Maslow CB, Reibman J, Pillai PS, Goldring RM, Farfel MR, Stellman SD, Berger KI [2011]. Case-control study of lung function in World Trade Center Health Registry area residents and workers. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med.* 184(5):582–589.

First, the studies were assessed for strength of the association between 9/11 exposures and a health condition (including the magnitude of the effect and statistical significance). Weiden *et al.* reported statistically significant longitudinal declines in FEV1, greater than expected by age or weight gain, among firefighters with documented high levels of exposure. Aldrich *et al.* reported significant substantial declines in FEV1 over the first year after the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks and little lung function recovery among the FDNY participants 6 years after the disaster. The firefighters with the heaviest dust exposure (those arriving at the WTC site on the morning of the disaster) had significantly larger declines than did those arriving at later times. Importantly, the findings of both studies were independent of smoking history. A major limitation of both studies was the lack of spirometry during the first days after September 11, 2001, preventing the authors from determining whether some workers had an even more severe immediate decline in FEV1 and subsequent incomplete recovery. The possibility of systematic bias occurring due to the change of spirometer equipment between measurements and a loss-to-follow-up effect due to drop out of severely affected participants from the study over time (survivor effect) were additional concerns [Aldrich *et al.*]; however, these appeared to have been minimized by further statistical analyses and strong cohort retention rate, respectively.

In addition to the Weiden and Aldrich studies, strength of association was also demonstrated by Weakley *et al.*, who found that annual estimates from 2007–2009 indicated prevalence ratios of chronic bronchitis and COPD/emphysema that were significantly higher among exposed white male firefighters than unexposed white males (stratified by age and smoking status), with greater disparity in the younger age group (18–44 years). Similarly, Webber *et al.* reported significant associations of 9/11 exposures and reduced pulmonary function with physician-diagnosed asthma, chronic bronchitis, and COPD/emphysema in a high proportion of FDNY rescue workers, indicating that

persistent respiratory injury since exposure to the WTC had resulted in obstructive airways disease. A major limitation of both studies was the use of self-reported diagnoses, including diagnoses made by any physician (FDNY or otherwise) and self-diagnoses, which may have over-inflated the prevalence rates. This limitation is a concern, especially for COPD/emphysema, which can be defined in a variety of ways; the definition used can have a significant impact on the population estimates of the burden of disease. However, many cases of COPD/emphysema in this cohort were also diagnosed by FDNY physicians [Webber *et al.*] who were trained to diagnose respiratory diseases using defined diagnostic criteria after integrating the history, physical examination, spirometry, pulmonary function testing and chest imaging findings.

Finally, among WTC Health Registry (Registry) participants, exposure factors (dust cloud density, smoke at home or work, and dust at home or work) and IOS outcomes (indicative of distal airways obstruction) were statistically associated with persistent post-9/11 onset of lower respiratory symptoms [Friedman *et al.*]. Both acute and chronic exposures to the events of September 11, 2001 were independently associated with lower respiratory symptoms among individuals who lived and worked in the area of the WTC site [Maslow *et al.*]. Limitations of these studies include the use of spirometry and IOS measurements from a single visit and the possibility of selection bias from Registry surveys. However, the demographics were similar among Registry participants and those who were eligible but chose not to participate in the studies.

The studies were next assessed for consistency of their findings. Objective findings of new onset, post-9/11 and persistent airflow limitation, as well as physician-diagnosed cases of COPD, including chronic bronchitis and COPD/emphysema, were identified among symptomatic FDNY responders for whom pre-9/11 results were available [Weiden *et al.*; Aldrich *et al.*; Webber *et al.*; Weakley *et al.*]. Elevated rates of lung function abnormalities, including distal airway dysfunction, new and persistent lower respiratory symptomatology, and a few post-9/11 self-reported physician diagnoses of chronic bronchitis, COPD, and emphysema were also described among non-FDNY residents and area workers up to 9 years after September 11, 2001 [Friedman *et al.*; Maslow *et al.*].

The studies were also reviewed to assess the biological gradient or dose-

response relationships between 9/11 exposures and the health condition. Newly developed lower respiratory symptoms and persistent pulmonary function abnormalities suggestive of airways injury and obstruction were significantly associated with 9/11 exposure in the FDNY studies, even after accounting for cigarette smoking. [Weiden *et al.*; Aldrich *et al.*; Webber *et al.*; Weakley *et al.*] Maslow *et al.* observed strong, significant associations and dose-response relationships between lower respiratory symptoms and every measure of severity of dust cloud exposure among WTC Health Registry participants. Weiden *et al.* also found a dose-response gradient (upward trend) in FDNY responders presenting for pulmonary evaluation due to reports of functional impairment or abnormalities in screening spirometry or chest radiographs. However, in this group of patients, exposure intensity had a significant impact only when spirometry obtained within 1 year post-9/11 was compared to spirometry from 1 year pre-9/11. This suggests that while initial exposure intensity is the critical determinant of acute inflammation and early reductions in lung function, the clinical course of non-resolving airway inflammation and airways obstruction appears to be dependent not only on the intensity of the initial insult, but also on the host's inflammatory response, reflecting the complexity of genetic-environmental interactions.

Finally, the studies were reviewed for plausibility and coherence with known facts about the biology of the health condition. Exposure to the massive alkaline dust cloud produced by the collapse of the WTC buildings was reportedly associated with upper and lower airway irritation with penetration into the bronchial tree, distal airways, and alveoli leading to respiratory symptoms, pulmonary function changes, and chronic inflammation. These are known contributing risk factors for the development of COPD.²⁶ Persistent pulmonary function findings of reduced FEV1, FVC and the ratio of FEV1/FVC, bronchial hyperreactivity, variable response to bronchodilator, and abnormal oscillometry were indicative of airway injury. Airway disease was also identified as bronchial wall thickening and air trapping by HRCT [Weiden *et al.*]. Air trapping (demonstrated by increased residual volume) was correlated with

²⁶ Rom WN, Reibman J, Rogers L, Weiden MD, Oppenheimer B, Berger K, Goldring R, Harrison D, Prezant D [2010]. Emerging exposures and respiratory health: World Trade Center dust. *Proc Am Thorac Soc.* 7(2):142–145.

9/11 exposure and a health condition (including the magnitude of the effect and statistical significance); (ii) Consistency of the findings across multiple studies; (iii) Biological gradient, or dose-response relationships between 9/11 exposures and the health condition; and (iv) Plausibility and coherence with known facts about the biology of the health condition. See: Howard J, Administrator of the WTC Health Program. Policy and procedures for adding non-cancer conditions to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions. October 21, 2014. <http://www.cdc.gov/wtc/policies.html#46>.

bronchodilator responsiveness; however, the lack of quantitative radiographic measurement of air trapping was a limitation of this study. Interestingly, the authors noted that bronchodilator response can be seen in COPD patients when air trapping is present. Epidemiologically, identification of occupationally-related COPD is based on observing excess occurrence of COPD among exposed workers.²⁷ Among 9/11-exposed populations, this excess occurrence can be expressed not only by the increased prevalence ratios of new-onset post-9/11 self-reported and physician-diagnosed chronic bronchitis and emphysema/COPD in the FDNY cohort [Webber *et al.*; Weakley *et al.*], but also by evidence of persistent and progressive airflow limitation among all other symptomatic exposed groups [Friedman *et al.*; Maslow *et al.*].

In summary, obstructive airways disease is a category that includes both asthma and the umbrella term COPD, which itself includes obstructive chronic bronchitis, obstructive bronchiolitis, and emphysema. Upon assessment of the literature discussed above, the Administrator has found evidence that exposure to WTC dust is associated with the development of new-onset lower respiratory symptoms, prolonged airway inflammation and persistent airflow limitation, which are the main indicators of chronic airways obstruction. While it is difficult to demonstrate that the airway obstruction found in WTC survivors and responders is due to COPD versus asthma, three studies reported cases of physician-diagnosed COPD/emphysema, one reported on IOS findings of air trapping and increased small airways resistance, and another study reported on HRCT findings of bronchial wall thickening, air trapping and emphysema, indicating that some proportion of OAD cases found in WTC survivors and responders could be interpreted as COPD. Further, because some cases of asthma are known to progress to COPD, it is likely that some of the diagnosed cases of asthma seen in these and other epidemiologic studies of the 9/11-exposed populations have already progressed to COPD.

In order to propose the addition of a health condition to the List, the Administrator must determine with high confidence that the evidence supports the findings regarding a causal

association between 9/11 exposure(s) and the health condition. In this instance, the Administrator finds there is substantial evidence that the 9/11 exposures produced chronic airway inflammation manifested by persistent lower respiratory symptomatology and decline in pulmonary function which may have progressed to new-onset COPD in a proportion of exposed subjects in the period since exposure, independently from any cigarette smoking among the cohort. This evidence provides substantial support for a causal relationship between 9/11 exposures and new-onset COPD.

V. Acute Traumatic Injury

A. CCE and Data Center Request To Consider Adding Acute Traumatic Injury

On May 13, 2014, the Administrator received a letter from the directors of the WTC Health Program CCEs and Data Centers supporting “coverage of not only heavy lifting or repetitive strain but significant traumatic injuries like head trauma, burns, fractures, tendon tears and serious complex sprains” within the WTC Health Program.²⁸ The directors suggested that such significant traumatic injuries should be included under the Program’s existing coverage of musculoskeletal disorders. The directors offered data collected by the WTC Health Program Data Centers and the WTC Health Registry, demonstrating the numbers of individuals who might need chronic care for traumatic injuries. The Administrator was also aware that some individuals have experienced certain musculoskeletal injuries or other injuries caused by known hazards present at sites of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks that may not meet the definition provided in the Act for musculoskeletal disorders. Based on these concerns, the Administrator requested that the ADS conduct a literature review regarding acute traumatic injuries among 9/11-exposed individuals.

B. Literature Review

In accordance with the methodology discussed above, the ADS initiated a search of published, peer-reviewed studies of traumatic injuries suffered by responders, recovery workers, and survivors as a result of the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, and the subsequent response and recovery efforts. Search terms used in the

literature review included, “wounds,” “lacerations,” “brain injury(ies),” “injury(ies),” “crush(ing),” “burn(s),” “ocular,” and “fracture(s).”²⁹

The literature search yielded over 300 citations; the associated study abstracts were reviewed for relevance to 9/11-exposed populations.³⁰ Of the 300 citations identified, nine were determined to be relevant direct observational studies of 9/11-exposed populations. Relevant papers were then further reviewed for their quality and potential to provide a basis for deciding whether to propose adding the health condition to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions. Only papers that reported on acute traumatic injuries that occurred in at least one of the three September 11, 2001, terrorist attack sites during the period from September 11, 2001 to July 31, 2002 were found to exhibit potential for a recommendation. Quality was assessed by the absence of major study limitations and the use of standardized data collection methods such as standard forms or checklists. Based on these criteria, one relevant study was not found to be of sufficient quality to be included in the analysis because it did not identify the authors’ data collection methods. Of the remaining eight studies, the methods used to collect the information and the definitions of the types of injuries vary. The time frame studied and the populations covered sometimes overlap between the studies, but taken together the studies provide an overview of the types of traumatic injuries that were sustained at the sites of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks. Accordingly, the ADS found the eight relevant papers exhibited potential to provide a basis for a decision regarding whether to propose the addition of acute traumatic injury to the List. The studies are summarized below.

Berrios-Torres *et al.* [2003]³¹ reviewed the data collected by five Disaster Medical Assistance Teams (DMATs) deployed by the U.S. Public Health Service to the site of the terrorist attack in New York City and by four hospital emergency departments (EDs) located within a 3-mile radius of the site. The DMATs and EDs were tasked with conducting surveillance of injury and illness among construction workers,

²⁹ Databases searched include: PubMed, CINAHL, Web of Science, EMBASE, Health & Safety Science Abstracts, and NIOSHTIC-2.

³⁰ Only direct observational studies of 9/11-exposed populations were considered to be relevant.

³¹ Berrios-Torres SI, Greenko JA, Phillips M, Miller JR, Treadwell T, Ikeda RM [2003]. World Trade Center rescue worker injury and illness surveillance, New York, 2001. *Am J Prev Med* 25:79–87.

²⁷ Balmes J, Becklake M, Blanc P, Henneberger P, Kreiss K, Mapp C, Milton D, Schwartz D, Toren K, Viegi G [2003]. American Thoracic Society Statement: Occupational contribution to the burden of airway disease. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med*. 167:787–797.

²⁸ Musculoskeletal Conditions letter from WTC Health Program CCE and Data Center directors to Dori Reissman and John Halpin, WTC Health Program at 1. This letter is included in the docket for this rulemaking.

FDNY and other fire department members, New York Police Department (NYPD) and other police department members, emergency medical service technicians (EMS), and the Federal Emergency Management Agency's Urban Search and Rescue members, all of whom were considered rescue and recovery workers. Of the 5,222 rescue workers who received medical care from either the DMATs or EDs between September 14, 2001 and October 11, 2001, 89 percent visited DMAT facilities and 12 percent visited EDs. Injuries including, but not limited to, sprain/strain, laceration, abrasion, contusion, fracture, and crush were the leading cause of visits to DMATs and EDs (19 percent) and hospital admissions (40 percent). Other visits and admissions were caused by burns, concussions, and eye-related conditions, including corneal abrasion and eye irritation.

Perritt *et al.* [2005]³² analyzed DMAT data collected between September 14, 2001 and November 20, 2001. Patients who presented to the DMAT stations included rescue and recovery workers, as well as some members of the general public. Of the 9,349 patient visits recorded by the DMATs, more than 25 percent were attributed to traumatic injuries, not including eye injuries. Among the 22 patients with the highest triage severity classification, five involved traumatic injuries such as carbon monoxide poisonings, abrasions, needlesticks, electrical injuries, and first or second degree burns. Of the 149 patients with a moderate level of severity, 58 had traumatic injuries. For the 6,237 patients classified into the lowest severity category, 1,984 had traumatic injuries. Of the 116 patients transferred to a hospital emergency department, 67 were treated for traumatic injuries.

Banauch *et al.* [2002]³³ reported on all injuries and illnesses during the 24 hours after the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks and all traumatic injuries (including those sustained within the first 24 hours) sustained in the first 3 months after the attacks. Researchers identified cases from the FDNY Bureau of Health Services computerized medical data base. During the first 24 hours after the terrorist attacks, 240 FDNY rescue workers

sought emergency medical treatment, including 28 individuals who required hospitalization. Twenty-four of the hospitalized FDNY workers had traumatic injuries including fractures, back trauma, knee meniscus tears, and facial burns. Researchers compared monthly mean incidence rates for crush injuries, lacerations, and fractures for the 9 months preceding the attacks with rates during the month after the attacks and found a 200 percent increase in the incident rate for crush injuries, a 35 percent increase for lacerations, and a 29 percent increase for fractures. Incident rates for such traumatic injuries after the first month following the attack then returned to levels similar to those observed before the attacks. According to the authors, nearly a year after the terrorist attacks, a total of 90 FDNY rescue workers were on medical leave or light duty assignments because of orthopedic injuries reported during the first 3 months of activity at the New York City site.

The New York City Department of Health (NYCDOH) [2002]³⁴ issued a report summarizing findings of a field investigation to assess injuries and use of healthcare services by survivors of the terrorist attack. The researchers reviewed emergency department (ED) and inpatient medical records at the four hospitals closest to the WTC site and a fifth hospital that served as a burn referral center. Of 790 injured survivors treated within 48 hours of the terrorist attacks, 50 percent received care within the first 7 hours and 18 percent were hospitalized. Among those hospitalized survivors, many sustained burns. Survivors with fractures, burns, closed head injuries, and crush injuries were hospitalized for additional treatment.

Perritt *et al.* [2011]³⁵ reviewed data collected between July 2002 and April 2004 from the WTC Worker and Volunteer Medical Screening Program (which would later be known as the WTC Medical Monitoring and Treatment Program, the precursor to the WTC Health Program) to monitor the health of qualified New York City responders who worked and/or volunteered south of Canal Street in Manhattan, on the barge loading piers in Manhattan, or at the Staten Island landfill for at least 24 hours during September 11–30, 2001 or for at least 80

hours between September 11 and December 31, 2001. The screening program did not include FDNY members. Records from 7,810 participants were analyzed, with most participants' activities associated with work in either the construction industry or law enforcement. Approximately a third of the participants reported at least one injury or illness requiring medical treatment that was sustained during response activities. A total of 4,768 injuries/illnesses were reported by these participants, with 961 individuals reporting traumatic injuries such as lacerations, punctures, sprain/strains, tears, abrasions, contusions, burns, fractures, dislocations and 709 individuals reporting eye injuries.

Yurt *et al.* [2005]³⁶ reported on the number of burn patients (the authors did not specify whether the patients were responders or survivors) that had been transported to any of five burn units near the WTC site shortly after the attack. A total of 42 patients were transported from the WTC site and treated at one of the five burn units.

Rutland-Brown *et al.* [2007]³⁷ reviewed the medical records of hospitalized responders (the authors do not clarify whether FDNY members are included in the study) and survivors of the terrorist attacks in New York City with the goal of identifying diagnosed and undiagnosed traumatic brain injuries (TBIs).³⁸ The authors identified 14 cases of diagnosed and 21 cases of undiagnosed TBIs, from records provided by 36 hospitals. The leading cause of TBI was being hit by falling debris (22 cases), with other cases caused by being trampled or falling. One-third of the TBIs (13 cases) occurred among rescue workers. More than 3 years after the event, four out of six persons with an undiagnosed TBI who were contacted reported they currently were experiencing symptoms consistent with a TBI.

Wang *et al.* [2005]³⁹ reported on the experience of hospitals in the area around the Pentagon after the terrorist attacks. According to the authors, few

³² Perritt KR, Boal WL, Helix Group [2005]. Injuries and illnesses treated at the World Trade Center, 14 September–20 November 2001. *Prehosp Disast Med* 20:177–183.

³³ Banauch G, McLaughlin M, Hirschhorn R, Corrigan M, Kelly K, Prezant D [2002]. Injuries and illnesses among New York City Fire Department rescue workers after responding to the World Trade Center attacks. *MMWR* September 11, 2002, 51(Special Issue):1–5.

³⁴ New York City Department of Health (NYCDOH) [2002]. Rapid assessment of injuries among survivors of the terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center—New York City, September 2001. *MMWR* January 11, 2002, 51(01):1–5.

³⁵ Perritt KR, Herbert R, Levin SM, Moline J [2011]. Work-related injuries and illnesses reported by World Trade Center response workers and volunteers. *Prehosp Disast Med* 26(6): 401–407.

³⁶ Yurt RW, Bessey PQ, Bauer GJ, Dembicki R, Laznick H, Alden N, Rabbits A [2005]. A regional burn center's response to a disaster: September 11, 2001, and the days beyond. *J Burn Care Rehab* 26: 117–124.

³⁷ Rutland-Brown W, Langlois JA, Nicaj L, Thomas RG, Wilt SA, Bazarian JJ [2007]. Traumatic brain injuries after mass-casualty incidents: Lessons from the 11 September 2001 World Trade Center attacks. *Prehosp Disast Med* 22(3):157–164.

³⁸ Undiagnosed or undetected TBIs were identified by an adjudication team of TBI experts that reviewed the abstracted medical record information for signs and symptoms of TBIs.

³⁹ Wang D, Sava J, Sample G, Jordan M [2005]. The Pentagon and 9/11. *Crit Care Med* 33:S42–S47.

severely injured patients were treated at these hospitals and the traumatic injuries treated at these hospitals included orthopedic injuries, head injuries, burns, and lacerations. No reports of traumatic injuries that may have been treated at the site were identified.

C. Administrator's Determination Concerning Acute Traumatic Injury

The ADS assessed each of the identified studies according to the methodology established by the Administrator. All of the studies discussed above were observational reports of visits by responders and survivors to area hospitals, burn units, and DMATs. Because these were direct observational studies rather than epidemiologic studies, they were assessed for relevance, quality, and quantity to determine whether, taken together, they provide substantial evidence supporting the addition of acute traumatic injury to the List.

First, the ADS assessed the relevance of the eight studies described above. Because most of the individuals who were treated at the DMATs and in area hospitals sustained injuries from fires and falling debris in the conduct of rescue operations or fleeing from the site, all of the studies reference the period of time immediately following the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, and several refer to data collected for months after. The studies assessed by the ADS demonstrate the occurrence of the same types of acute traumatic injuries identified by the directors of the CCEs and Data Centers in their letter: Severe burns, head trauma, fractures, tendon tears, and complex sprains. Other similar injuries identified in the studies include eye injuries, lacerations, and orthopedic injuries. There were no severe types of injuries referenced in the surveillance literature that have not been documented by the CCEs. Furthermore, the ADS determined that all of the referenced types of injuries could be described as being caused by a brief exposure to energy. Accordingly, the ADS found these eight studies to be relevant.

Next, the ADS assessed the quality of the studies and found that many shared common limitations, such as: incomplete data sets (*e.g.*, potential inability to include individuals who sustained only minor injuries, or who were treated outside of Manhattan, by private doctors, or by themselves); missing or inconsistent information on hastily-completed medical forms, including lack of information about patients' work activity or residency; and

recall bias. It is understandable that certain demographic data were not captured by healthcare providers in the chaotic days and weeks after the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks; the missing data are not essential to the Administrator's understanding of the types of acute traumatic injuries sustained. Although injury rates are used to develop the economic analysis found in this document, the consideration of whether to propose the addition of acute traumatic injury to the List is not contingent upon knowing the exact prevalence of types of injuries sustained by responders or survivors. Accordingly, the ADS finds that the studies reviewed above are of sufficient quality and quantity to allow the Administrator to develop an understanding of the type and scope of the traumatic injuries suffered on September 11, 2001, or in its aftermath.

Finally, the ADS assessed the quantity of the studies and found it to be sufficient. The eight relevant studies analyzed and reviewed overlapping populations affected by the attacks and response activities. Taken together, the studies provide a broad coverage of the affected populations and consistent information on the types of acute traumatic injuries that occurred. Because data regarding responders to the Pentagon and Shanksville, Pennsylvania sites is limited, the ADS found it appropriate to extrapolate the findings discussed above, which predominantly concern the New York City site, to all responder populations because of the similar hazards at all three sites.

In summary, the 9/11 exposures for acute traumatic injuries were the conditions at the sites during the attacks, collapses, evacuations, recovery, and clean-up. Acute traumatic injuries documented in the published scientific literature were sustained by construction workers, police officers, firefighters, emergency medical service technicians, others engaged in response activities, and survivors. Hazards at the WTC site, at the Pentagon, and in Shanksville, Pennsylvania may have included, but are not limited to, falling debris, fires, chemical reactions, explosions, and other dangers. These hazards caused a range of injuries, such as abrasions, burns, concussions, contusions, corneal abrasions, crushes, dislocations, eye irritation, fractures, head trauma, lacerations, orthopedic injuries, punctures, sprains/strains, and tears. Many of these types of injuries were likely minor, and did not require substantial or on-going attention. In their letter to the Administrator, the CCE and Data Center directors identified

severe burns, head trauma, fractures, tendon tears, and complex sprains as those types of acute traumatic injuries that should be added to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions for all WTC Health Program members. Accordingly, the Administrator has determined that the types of injuries most likely to have resulted in the need for medical treatment and monitoring by the WTC Health Program are those types identified by the CCE and Data Center directors and in the injury surveillance literature reviewed above.

Upon review of the evidence provided by the relevant published, peer-reviewed direct observational studies discussed above, the Administrator finds substantial support for a causal association between 9/11 exposures and acute traumatic injuries.

VI. Effects of Rulemaking on Federal Agencies

Title II of the James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010 (Pub. L. 111-347) reactivated the September 11th Victim Compensation Fund (VCF). Administered by the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ), the VCF provides compensation to any individual or representative of a deceased individual who was physically injured or killed as a result of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks or during the debris removal. Eligibility criteria for compensation by the VCF include a list of presumptively covered health conditions, which are physical injuries determined to be WTC-related health conditions by the WTC Health Program. Pursuant to DOJ regulations, the VCF Special Master is required to update the list of presumptively covered conditions when the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions in 42 CFR 88.1 is updated.⁴⁰

VII. Summary of Proposed Rule

For the reasons discussed above, the Administrator proposes to amend 42 CFR 88.1, List of WTC-Related Health Conditions, paragraph (1)(v), to add "new-onset" to the existing "WTC-exacerbated chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)." This will permit the WTC Health Program to certify cases of COPD determined to have been caused or contributed to by 9/11 exposures (considered "new-onset" cases), in addition to those cases of COPD which were exacerbated by 9/11 exposures and which are already included on the List.

For the reasons discussed above, the Administrator also proposes to add "acute traumatic injury" to the List of

⁴⁰ 28 CFR 104.21(b).

WTC-Related Health Conditions. The Administrator proposes to define the term “acute traumatic injury” as a type of injury characterized by physical damage to a person’s body, including, but not limited to, eye injuries, severe burns, head trauma, fractures, tendon tears, complex sprains, and similar injuries. The injury must have been caused by and occurred immediately after exposure to hazards or adverse conditions characterized by a one-time exposure to energy resulting from the terrorist attacks or their aftermath; this requirement is intended to distinguish these types of injuries from musculoskeletal disorders, which are already on the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions. Musculoskeletal disorders are generally caused by repetitive motion; acute traumatic injuries are caused by a specific event or incident. Examples of acute traumatic injuries include but are not limited to a blow from falling debris, a fall from a height or a trip suffered during evacuation, rescue, or recovery activities, and burns or other injuries caused by the ignition of combustible materials, chemical reactions, and explosions. Although these types of injury occur at the time of the blow, fall, explosion, or other exposure, symptoms of the injury may not immediately manifest.

The Administrator proposes to limit the availability of certification of acute traumatic injuries to those WTC Health Program members who received initial medical treatment for the injury no later than September 11, 2003. The Administrator has determined that this date offers a reasonable amount of time in which to expect that an injured responder or survivor received treatment for an acute traumatic injury. The proposed end-date of September 11, 2003, is the date originally used to identify traumatic injuries determined to be eligible for treatment by the WTC Medical Monitoring and Treatment Program that pre-dated the WTC Health Program. In addition, the PHS Act uses this date as the treatment cut-off date to identify musculoskeletal disorders eligible for certification in responders. The Administrator seeks comment on whether September 11, 2003, is an appropriate deadline.

VIII. Regulatory Assessment Requirements

A. Executive Order 12866 and Executive Order 13563

Executive Orders (E.O.) 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is

necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). E.O. 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility.

This notice of proposed rulemaking has been determined not to be a “significant regulatory action” under sec. 3(f) of E.O. 12866. This rule proposes the addition of new-onset COPD⁴¹ and acute traumatic injury to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions established in 42 CFR 88.1. This rulemaking is estimated to cost the WTC Health Program between \$5,124,477 and \$9,350,966 for the years 2015 and 2016, the remaining years for which the WTC Health Program is currently funded under the Zadroga Act.⁴² All of the costs to the WTC Health Program will be transfers due to the implementation of provisions of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA) (Pub. L. 111–148) on January 1, 2014. This notice of proposed rulemaking has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The rule would not interfere with State, local, and Tribal governments in the exercise of their governmental functions.

Population Estimates

As of July 31, 2014, the WTC Health Program had enrolled 61,086 responders and 7,806 survivors (68,892 total). Of that total population, 56,334 responders and 4,754 survivors (61,088 total) were participants in previous WTC medical programs and were ‘grandfathered’ into the WTC Health Program established by Title XXXIII of the PHS Act.⁴³ From July 1, 2011 to July 31, 2014, 4,752 new responders and 3,052 new survivors (7,804 total) enrolled in the WTC Health Program. For the purpose of calculating a baseline estimate of new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury prevalence, the Administrator projected that new

⁴¹ WTC-exacerbated COPD is a statutorily covered condition pursuant to PHS Act sec. 3312(a)(3)(A)(v); this NPRM proposes to add new-onset COPD occurring after 9/11 exposures.

⁴² Future cost and prevalence estimates described below are discounted at 3% and 7% in accordance with OMB Circular A–94, Guidelines and discount rates for benefit-cost analysis of Federal programs. The estimates are discounted in order to compute net present value.

⁴³ These grandfathered members were enrolled without having to complete a new member application when the WTC Health Program started on July 1, 2011 and are referred to in the WTC Health Program regulations in 42 CFR part 88 as “currently identified responders” and “currently identified survivors.”

enrollment would be approximately 4,000 per year (2,800 new responders and 1,200 new survivors), based on the trend in enrollees through July 31, 2014.

CCE or Nationwide Provider Network physicians will conduct a medical assessment for each patient and make a determination, which the Administrator will then use to certify or not certify the health condition (in this case, new-onset COPD or an acute traumatic injury) for treatment by the WTC Health Program. However, for the purpose of this analysis, the Administrator has assumed that all diagnosed cases of new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury will be certified for treatment by the WTC Health Program. Finally, because there are no existing data on new-onset COPD rates related to 9/11 exposures at either the Pentagon or Shanksville, Pennsylvania sites, and only limited data on acute traumatic injuries at the Pentagon, the Administrator has used only data from studies of individuals who were responders or survivors in the New York City area.

Prevalence of New-Onset COPD

To estimate the number of potential cases of WTC-related new-onset COPD to be certified for treatment by the WTC Health Program, we first subtracted the number of current members certified for an obstructive airways disease, including WTC-exacerbated COPD, from the total number of members.⁴⁴ We then reviewed the surveillance literature to determine a prevalence rate for new-onset COPD among the non-OAD certified members. In studies of FDNY members with known pre-9/11 health status and high WTC exposure, Aldrich *et al.* reported that 2 percent of FDNY firefighters had an FEV1% below 70 percent of predicted⁴⁵ at year 1 after September 11, 2001 (a proportion that doubled 6.5 years later), and Webber *et*

⁴⁴ Cases of COPD diagnosed prior to September 11, 2001, are presumed to be eligible for coverage as WTC-exacerbated COPD and therefore would not need coverage for new-onset COPD. Members already certified for an obstructive airway disease are also removed from the analysis because any progression to COPD (*i.e.*, airflow limitation not fully reversible with bronchodilator) from their current certified WTC-related OAD condition could be considered a health condition medically-associated with the certified WTC-related OAD condition. See: Howard J [2014]. Health conditions medically associated with World Trade Center-related health conditions. <http://www.cdc.gov/wtc/pdfs/WTCHPMedically%20AssociatedHealthConditions7November2014.pdf>.

⁴⁵ FEV1% predicted is a marker for severity of airway obstruction. In the setting of post-bronchodilator FEV1/FVC ≤ 0.7 , FEV1% predicted ≥ 80 indicates mild COPD; 50–80, moderate; 30–50, severe, and < 30 , very severe. See: American Thoracic Society COPD Guidelines [2004]. <http://www.thoracic.org/clinical/copd-guidelines/for-health-professionals/definition-diagnosis-and-staging/definitions.php>.

al. reported an approximate 4 percent prevalence of new-onset, self-reported, physician-diagnosed COPD/emphysema nearly ten years after rescue/recovery efforts at the WTC site. Because pre-9/11 health records were not available in

studies of WTC survivors, the Administrator has determined that the 4 percent prevalence of new-onset COPD will be applied to survivor estimates as well.⁴⁶ We applied the 4 percent prevalence to the number of remaining

members and also to the projected annual enrollment of 4,000 new members to estimate the number of potential WTC-related new-onset COPD cases for 2015 and 2016. (See Table 1, below)

TABLE 1—ESTIMATED PREVALENCE OF 2015 AND 2016 NEW-ONSET COPD CASES

| | 2015 | 2016 | Total cases |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Undiscounted | | | |
| Responders | 2,013 | 2,125 | 4,138 |
| Survivors | 291 | 339 | 630 |
| Total | 2,304 | 2,464 | 4,768 |
| Discounted at 3% | | | |
| Responders | 1,954 | 2,003 | 3,957 |
| Survivors | 283 | 320 | 603 |
| Total | 2,237 | 2,323 | 4,560 |
| Discounted at 7% | | | |
| Responders | 1,881 | 1,856 | 3,737 |
| Survivors | 272 | 296 | 568 |
| Total | 2,153 | 2,152 | 4,305 |

Prevalence of Acute Traumatic Injury

While this rulemaking would make acute traumatic injuries eligible for certification, the Administrator assumes that the conditions most likely to receive treatment within the WTC Health Program will be those medically associated conditions which are the long-term consequences of the certified WTC-related acute traumatic injuries. Health conditions medically associated with WTC-related health conditions are determined on a case-by-case basis in accordance with WTC Health Program policy.⁴⁷ Examples of such health conditions medically associated with an acute traumatic injury may include chronic back pain caused by vertebrae fractures, chronic peripheral neuropathy due to severe burns, and problems with executive brain function due to closed head injuries.

Although we were able to estimate from the surveillance literature the

number of responders and survivors who received medical treatment for acute traumatic injuries on or in the aftermath of September 11, 2001, we do not know the number of individuals who still experience health problems because of those traumatic injuries and are in need of chronic care. First, we estimated the number of persons in the responder and survivor populations with 9/11-related acute traumatic injuries by reviewing the studies referenced above in the acute traumatic injury literature review; we derived estimates from Berrios-Torres *et al.* [2003], Banauch *et al.* [2002], Perritt *et al.* [2011], and NYCDOH [2002]. Using the estimated prevalence for injury types, we then calculated the prevalence for these injuries among the responder⁴⁸ and survivor⁴⁹ populations. We applied that prevalence to the number of current and expected WTC Health Program members to find

the number of individuals who may have suffered a WTC-related acute traumatic injury. Next, in order to estimate the proportion of those in the responder and survivor populations who suffered WTC-related acute traumatic injuries that require chronic care, we assumed that all patients with permanent partial and permanent total impairment caused by acute traumatic injuries will require chronic medical care and will enroll in the WTC Health Program. The National Safety Council estimated that 3.8 percent of non-fatal disabling injuries⁵⁰ are associated with permanent partial or permanent total impairment.⁵¹ We applied that estimate to the estimated number of current and expected WTC Health Program members who may have suffered a WTC-related acute traumatic injury to determine the number of individuals with WTC-related acute traumatic injuries who are in need of chronic care. (See Table 2,

⁴⁶ The 4 percent prevalence of new-onset COPD that was observed among firefighters was used to estimate the number of expected cases of new-onset COPD in the entire exposed cohort and may result in an overestimation because of the differences in initial exposure intensity between responders and survivors.

⁴⁷ Howard J [2014]. Health conditions medically associated with World Trade Center-related health conditions. http://www.cdc.gov/wtc/pdfs/WTCHP_Medically%20AssociatedHealthConditions7November2014.pdf.

⁴⁸ The responder estimate is subject to two main assumptions. First, Banauch *et al.* report on FDNY members from September 11 to December 10, 2001,

and we assume no additional injuries from December 11, 2001 until the site was closed in July 2002. The time period reported on by Banauch *et al.* likely encompasses a large majority of the injuries suffered by FDNY members. Second, Perritt *et al.* does not report directly on closed head injuries; therefore the number of closed head injuries reported by Berrios-Torres *et al.* for responders is used.

⁴⁹ We estimate the survivor prevalence from the NYCDOH study reports on survivors during the period from September 11–13, 2001. Although we understand that this reporting period likely encompasses a majority of the survivors who were injured, because the number of cases is based on those survivors who were treated for injuries only

within the first 48 hours after the terrorist attacks, the reported number of cases likely underestimates the total number of survivors who sustained acute traumatic injuries as a result of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks.

⁵⁰ In 2011, the National Safety Council replaced the term “disabling injury” with “medically consulted injury.” See National Safety Council [2014]. Injury facts.

⁵¹ A non-fatal disabling injury is one which results in some degree of permanent impairment or renders the injured person unable to effectively perform his regular duties or activities for a full day beyond the day of the injury. National Safety Council [1986]. Injury facts.

below.) The Administrator welcomes input on the assumptions and estimates used to determine the number of current and future WTC Health Program members who may seek certification of WTC-related acute traumatic injuries.

TABLE 2—ESTIMATED PREVALENCE OF 2015 AND 2016 ACUTE TRAUMATIC INJURY CASES

| | 2015 | 2016 | Total cases |
|-------------------------|------|------|-------------|
| Undiscounted | | | |
| Responders | 76 | 79 | 155 |
| Survivors | 9 | 10 | 19 |
| Total | 85 | 89 | 174 |
| Discounted at 3% | | | |
| Responders | 74 | 74 | 148 |
| Survivors | 9 | 9 | 18 |
| Total | 83 | 83 | 166 |
| Discounted at 7% | | | |
| Responders | 71 | 69 | 140 |
| Survivors | 8 | 9 | 17 |
| Total | 79 | 78 | 157 |

Costs of COPD Treatment

The Administrator estimated the medical treatment costs associated with COPD in this rulemaking, using the methods described below, to be between \$1,032 and \$1,930 per case in 2014.

The low estimate, \$1,032 per case, was based on WTC Health Program costs associated with the treatment of WTC-exacerbated COPD for the period October 1, 2013 through September 30, 2014. These medical costs included medical services only.⁵² Discounting future medical costs for the following year (2015) at 3 percent would result in \$1,002 and at 7 percent in \$965 per member. Discounting future medical costs for one more year (2016) at 3

percent would result in \$973 and at 7 percent in \$901 per member.

The high estimate, \$1,930 per case, was based on a study by Leigh *et al.* [2002].⁵³ The authors estimated the cost of occupational COPD by aggregating and analyzing national data sets collected by the National Center for Health Statistics, the Health Care Financing Administration, and other government agencies and private firms. They concluded that there were an estimated 2,395,650 occupational cases of COPD in 1996 that resulted in medical costs estimated at \$2.425 billion. Medical costs included payments to hospitals, physicians, nursing homes, and vendors of medical

supplies, including oxygen, and also included the cost of pharmaceuticals. The medical cost per case was about \$1,012 in 1996 dollars or about \$1,930 in 2014, after adjusting for inflation using the Medical Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers. Discounting future medical costs for the following year (2015) at 3 percent would result in \$1,874 and at 7 percent in \$1,804 per COPD case. Discounting future medical costs for one more year (2016) at 3 percent would result in \$1,819 and at 7 percent in \$1,686 per COPD case.⁵⁴

Table 3 below shows the net present value of the range of the medical treatment cost per COPD case for the period 2015–2016:

TABLE 3—PRESENT VALUE OF 2015 AND 2016 MEDICAL TREATMENT COST PER COPD CASE IN 2014 DOLLARS

| Source | Year | Undiscounted | Discounted at 3% | Discounted at 7% |
|----------------------------------|------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| WTC Health Program | 2015 | \$1,032 | \$1,002 | \$965 |
| | 2016 | 1,032 | 973 | 901 |
| Total | | 2,064 | 1,975 | 1,866 |
| Leigh <i>et al.</i> (2002) | 2015 | 1,930 | 1,874 | 1,804 |
| | 2016 | 1,930 | 1,819 | 1,686 |
| Total | | 3,860 | 3,693 | 3,490 |

⁵² Costs may be underestimated because pharmaceuticals are not included in the analysis. Although the WTC Health Program does treat patients with WTC-exacerbated COPD, the cost of pharmaceuticals for this health condition is not readily available.

⁵³ Leigh JP, Romano PS, Schenker MB, Kreiss K [2002]. Costs of occupational COPD and asthma. *Chest*. Jan;121(1):264–272.

⁵⁴ The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force does not recommend screening for COPD. Screening

for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Using Spirometry. <http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspstf/uspscprd.htm>. Accessed September 10, 2014.

Costs of Acute Traumatic Injury Treatment

The Administrator estimated the medical treatment costs associated with acute traumatic injury in this rulemaking using the methods described below. Because it is not possible to identify all possible types of acute traumatic injury for which a WTC responder or survivor might seek certification, we have identified several types of acute traumatic injury that may represent those types of acute traumatic injury that might be certified by the WTC Health Program. Representative examples of acute traumatic injuries include closed head injuries, burns, fractures, strains and sprains, orthopedic injuries (e.g., meniscus tear), ocular injuries, and crush injuries. The WTC Health Program estimates the cost

of providing medical treatment for acute traumatic injury to be around \$11,216 per case in 2014.

This cost figure was based on a study by the National Council on Compensation Insurance (NCCI).⁵⁵ The data source used in this study was NCCI's Medical Data Call (MDC). The MDC captures transaction-level detail on workers' compensation medical bills processed on or after July 1, 2010, including dates of service, charges, payments, procedure codes, and diagnosis codes; pharmaceutical costs are also included. The data used in this study were evaluated as of March 2013 for:

- Long-term medical services provided in 2011 and 2012 (i.e., 20 to 30 years post injury)
- Injuries occurring between 1983 and 1990

- Claimants with dates of birth between 1920 and 1970
- States for which NCCI collects MDC⁵⁶

For individuals born during 1951–1970, the medical cost per case was about \$11,216 in 2014 dollars, after adjusting for inflation using the Medical Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers.⁵⁷ Discounting future medical costs for the following year (2015) at 3 percent would result in \$10,890 and at 7 percent in \$10,482 per acute traumatic injury case. Discounting future medical costs for one more year (2016) at 3 percent would result in \$10,572 and at 7 percent in \$9,796 per traumatic injury case.

Table 4 below shows the present value of the range of the medical treatment cost per traumatic injury case for the period 2015–2016:

TABLE 4—PRESENT VALUE OF 2015 AND 2016 MEDICAL TREATMENT COST PER ACUTE TRAUMATIC INJURY CASE IN 2014 DOLLARS

| Source | Year | Undiscounted | Discounted at 3% | Discounted at 7% |
|-------------------|------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| NCCI (2014) | 2015 | \$11,216 | \$10,890 | \$10,482 |
| | 2016 | 11,216 | 10,572 | 9,796 |
| Total | | 22,432 | 21,462 | 20,278 |

Summary of Costs

This rulemaking is estimated to cost the WTC Health Program between \$5,124,477 and \$9,350,966 for the years 2015 and 2016.⁵⁸ The analysis above offers an assumption about the number of individuals who might enroll in the WTC Health Program and estimates the number of new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury cases and the resulting estimated treatment costs to the WTC Health Program. For the purpose of computing the treatment costs for new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury, the Administrator assumed that all of the individuals who are diagnosed with either condition will be certified by the WTC Health Program for treatment and

monitoring services. In the calculations found in Tables 5 and 6, below, estimated treatment costs were applied to the estimated number of cases of new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injuries. We assumed that 9 percent of new-onset COPD costs and 12 percent of acute traumatic injury costs for responders may be covered by workers' compensation each year;⁵⁹ accordingly, we adjusted only the responder estimates to clarify that 91 percent of COPD costs and 88 percent of acute traumatic injury costs will be paid by the WTC Health Program.⁶⁰ This analysis does not include administrative costs associated with certifying additional diagnoses of new-onset COPD or acute traumatic injuries that

are WTC-related health conditions that might result from this action. Those costs were addressed in the interim final rule that established regulations for the WTC Health Program (76 FR 38914, July 1, 2011).

Since the implementation of provisions of the Affordable Care Act on January 1, 2014, all of the members and future members are assumed to have or have access to medical insurance coverage other than through the WTC Health Program. Therefore, all treatment costs to be paid by the WTC Health Program through 2016 are considered transfers. Tables 5 and 6 describe the estimated allocation of WTC Health Program transfer payments.

⁵⁵ Colón D [2014]. The impact of claimant age on late-term medical costs. NCCI Research brief, October 2014. <https://www.ncci.com/documents/Impact-Claimant-Age-Late-Term-Med-Costs.pdf>. Accessed February 4, 2015.

⁵⁶ AK, AL, AR, AZ, CO, CT, DC, FL, GA, HI, IA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MA, MD, ME, MN, MO, MS, MT, NC, NE, NH, NJ, NM, NV, NY, OK, OR, RI, SC, SD, TN, UT, VA, VT, WI, and WV

⁵⁷ Bureau of Labor Statistics. Consumer Price Index. <https://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/series/CPIMEDSL/downloaddata?cid=32419>. Accessed November 5, 2014.

⁵⁸ The low cost estimate reflects the low COPD treatment cost estimate using WTC Health Program data, discounted at 7 percent, from Table 5 and the acute traumatic injury treatment cost estimate, discounted at 7 percent, from Table 6. The high cost estimate reflects the high COPD treatment cost estimate using data from Leigh *et al.* (2002),

discounted at 3 percent, from Table 5 and the acute traumatic injury treatment cost estimate, discounted at 3 percent, from Table 6.

⁵⁹ See: WTC Health Program. Policy and procedures for recoupment and coordination of benefits: workers' compensation payment. <http://www.cdc.gov/wtc/pdfs/WTCHP-PP-Recoupment-WComp-16-Dec-13.pdf>.

⁶⁰ Workers' compensation rates are derived from WTC Health Program data.

TABLE 5—PRESENT VALUE OF 2015 AND 2016 MEDICAL TREATMENT COST FOR NEW-ONSET COPD CASES IN 2014 DOLLARS

| Source (costs) | Year | Undiscounted | Discounted at 3% | Discounted at 7% |
|----------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Responders | | | | |
| WTC Health Program | 2015 | \$1,032 * 2,013 * .91 = \$1,890,449. | \$1,002 * 1,954 * .91 = \$1,781,696. | \$965 * 1,881 * .91 = \$1,651,800 |
| | 2016 | \$1,032 * 2,125 * .91 = \$1,995,630. | \$973 * 2,003 * .91 = \$1,773,516. | \$901 * 1,856 * .91 = \$1,521,753 |
| Survivors | | | | |
| | 2015 | \$1,032 * 291 = \$300,312 | \$1,002 * 283 = \$283,566 | \$965 * 272 = \$262,480 |
| | 2016 | \$1,032 * 339 = \$349,848 | \$973 * 320 = \$311,360 | \$901 * 296 = \$266,696 |
| | Total | \$4,536,239 | \$4,150,138 | \$3,702,729 |
| Responders | | | | |
| Leigh <i>et al.</i> (2002) | 2015 | \$1,930 * 2,013 * .91 = \$3,535,432. | \$1,874 * 1,954 * .91 = \$3,332,234. | \$1,804 * 1,881 * .91 = \$3,087,925 |
| | 2016 | \$1,930 * 2,125 * .91 = \$3,732,138. | \$1,819 * 2,003 * .91 = \$3,315,546. | \$1,686 * 1,856 * .91 = \$2,847,587 |
| Survivors | | | | |
| | 2015 | \$1,930 * 291 = \$561,630 | \$1,874 * 283 = \$530,342 | \$1,804 * 272 = \$490,688 |
| | 2016 | \$1,930 * 339 = \$654,270 | \$1,819 * 320 = \$582,080 | \$1,686 * 296 = \$499,056 |
| | Total | \$8,483,470 | \$7,760,202 | \$6,925,256 |

TABLE 6—PRESENT VALUE OF 2015 AND 2016 MEDICAL TREATMENT COST FOR ACUTE TRAUMATIC INJURY CASES IN 2014 DOLLARS

| Source (costs) | Year | Undiscounted | Discounted at 3% | Discounted at 7% |
|-------------------|-------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Responders | | | | |
| NCCI (2014) | 2015 | \$11,216 * 76 * .88 = \$750,126 | \$10,890 * 74 * .88 = \$709,157 | \$10,482 * 71 * .88 = \$654,915 |
| | 2016 | \$11,216 * 79 * .88 = \$779,736 | \$10,572 * 74 * .88 = \$688,449 | \$9,796 * 69 * .88 = \$594,813 |
| Survivors | | | | |
| | 2015 | \$11,216 * 9 = \$100,944 | \$10,890 * 9 = \$98,010 | \$10,482 * 8 = \$83,856 |
| | 2016 | \$11,216 * 10 = \$112,160 | \$10,572 * 9 = \$95,148 | \$9,796 * 9 = \$88,164 |
| | Total | \$1,742,966 | \$1,590,764 | \$1,421,748 |

Examination of Benefits (Health Impact)

This section describes qualitatively the potential benefits of the proposed rule in terms of the expected improvements in the health and health-related quality of life of potential new-onset COPD or acute traumatic injury patients treated through the WTC Health Program, compared to no treatment by the Program.

The Administrator does not have information on the health of the population that may have experienced 9/11 exposures and is not currently enrolled in the WTC Health Program. However, the Administrator assumes that all unenrolled responders and survivors are now covered by health insurance (due to the ACA) and may be

receiving treatment outside the WTC Health Program.

Although the Administrator cannot quantify the benefits associated with the WTC Health Program, members with new-onset COPD or acute traumatic injury would have improved access to care and thereby the Program should produce better treatment outcomes than in its absence. Under other insurance plans, patients may have deductibles and copays, which impact access to care and timeliness of care. WTC Health Program members who are certified for these conditions would have first-dollar coverage and, therefore, are likely to seek care sooner when indicated, resulting in improved treatment outcomes.

Limitations

The analysis presented here was limited by the dearth of verifiable data on the new-onset COPD and acute traumatic injury status of responders and survivors who have yet to apply for enrollment in the WTC Health Program. Because of the limited data, the Administrator was not able to estimate benefits in terms of averted healthcare costs. Nor was the Administrator able to estimate indirect costs such as averted absenteeism, short and long-term disability, and productivity losses averted due to premature mortality.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*, requires each

agency to consider the potential impact of its regulations on small entities including small businesses, small governmental units, and small not-for-profit organizations. The Administrator believes that this rule has “no significant economic impact upon a substantial number of small entities” within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*).

C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*, requires an agency to invite public comment on, and to obtain OMB approval of, any regulation that requires 10 or more people to report information to the agency or to keep certain records. This rule does not contain any information collection requirements; thus, HHS has determined that the PRA does not apply to this rule.

D. Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

As required by Congress under the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*), HHS will report the promulgation of this rule to Congress prior to its effective date.

E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) directs agencies to assess the effects of Federal regulatory actions on State, local, and Tribal governments, and the private sector “other than to the extent that such regulations incorporate requirements specifically set forth in law.” For purposes of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act, this proposed rule does not include any Federal mandate that may result in increased annual expenditures in excess of \$100 million in 1995 dollars by State, local or Tribal governments in the aggregate, or by the private sector. However, the rule may result in an increase in the contribution made by New York City for treatment and monitoring, as required by Title XXXIII, sec. 3331(d)(2).

F. Executive Order 12988 (Civil Justice)

This proposed rule has been drafted and reviewed in accordance with Executive Order 12988, “Civil Justice Reform,” and will not unduly burden the Federal court system. This rule has been reviewed carefully to eliminate drafting errors and ambiguities.

G. Executive Order 13132 (Federalism)

The Administrator has reviewed this proposed rule in accordance with Executive Order 13132 regarding

federalism, and has determined that it does not have “federalism implications.” The rule does not “have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.”

H. Executive Order 13045 (Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks)

In accordance with Executive Order 13045, the Administrator has evaluated the environmental health and safety effects of this proposed rule on children. The Administrator has determined that the rule would have no environmental health and safety effect on children.

I. Executive Order 13211 (Actions Concerning Regulations that Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use)

In accordance with Executive Order 13211, the Administrator has evaluated the effects of this proposed rule on energy supply, distribution or use, and has determined that the rule will not have a significant adverse effect.

J. Plain Writing Act of 2010

Under Public Law 111–274 (October 13, 2010), executive Departments and Agencies are required to use plain language in documents that explain to the public how to comply with a requirement the Federal Government administers or enforces. The Administrator has attempted to use plain language in promulgating the proposed rule consistent with the Federal Plain Writing Act guidelines.

Proposed Rule

List of Subjects in 42 CFR Part 88

Administrative practice and procedure, Health care, Lung diseases, Mental health programs.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Department of Health and Human Services proposes to revise 42 CFR part 88 as follows:

PART 88—WORLD TRADE CENTER HEALTH PROGRAM

■ 1. The authority citation for part 88 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 300mm–300mm–61, Pub. L. 111–347, 124 Stat. 3623.

■ 2. In § 88.1, under the definition “List of WTC-related health conditions,” revise paragraph (1)(v) and add paragraph (5) to read as follows:

§ 88.1 Definitions.

* * * * *

List of WTC-related health conditions

* * *

(1) * * * (v) WTC-exacerbated and new-onset chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).

* * * * *

(5) Acute traumatic injuries for those WTC responders and screening- and certified-eligible WTC survivors who received any medical treatment for such an injury on or before September 11, 2003. Acute traumatic injury means physical damage to the body caused by and occurring immediately after a one-time exposure to energy, such as heat, electricity, or impact from a crash or fall, resulting from a specific event or incident. Eligible acute traumatic injuries may include but are not limited to the following:

- (i) Eye injuries.
(ii) Severe burns.
(iii) Head trauma.
(iv) Fractures.
(v) Tendon tears.
(vi) Complex sprains.
(vii) Other similar acute traumatic injuries.

* * * * *

Dated: August 31, 2015.

John Howard,

Administrator, World Trade Center Health Program and Director, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Department of Health and Human Services.

[FR Doc. 2015–22599 Filed 9–9–15; 11:15 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

43 CFR Parts 3160 and 3170

[15X.LLWO300000.L13100000.NB0000]

RIN 1004–AE15

Onshore Oil and Gas Operations; Federal and Indian Oil and Gas Leases; Site Security

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule; extension of public comment period.

SUMMARY: On July 13, 2015, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) published in the Federal Register a proposed rule to establish minimum standards for site security at oil and gas facilities located on Federal and Indian (except Osage Tribe) lands. This proposed rule would

replace Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 3, Site Security (Order 3), with new regulations that would be codified in the Code of Federal Regulations. It includes provisions intended to ensure that oil and gas produced from Federal and Indian oil and gas leases are properly and securely handled, to ensure accurate measurement, production accountability, and royalty payments, and to prevent theft and loss.

The changes proposed as part of this proposed rule would allow the BLM to strengthen its policies governing production verification and accountability by updating Order 3's requirements to address changes in technology and industry practices that have occurred in the 25 years since Order 3 was issued, and to respond to recommendations made by the Government Accountability Office with respect to the BLM's production verification efforts. This notice extends the public comment period for 28 days beyond the initial comment-period deadline on the proposed rule.

DATES: The comment period for the proposed rule published on July 13, 2015 (80 FR 40768) is extended. Send your comments on this proposed rule to the BLM on or before October 9, 2015.

ADDRESSES: *Mail:* U.S. Department of the Interior, Director (630), Bureau of Land Management, Mail Stop 2134 LM, 1849 C St. NW., Washington, DC 20240, Attention: 1004-AE15. *Personal or messenger delivery:* Bureau of Land Management, 20 M Street SE., Room 2134 LM, Attention: Regulatory Affairs, Washington, DC 20003. *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions at this Web site.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Wade, BLM Colorado State

Office, at 303-239-3737. For questions relating to regulatory process issues, please contact Faith Bremner, BLM Washington Office, at 202-912-7441. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339 to contact the above individuals during normal business hours. FIRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to leave a message or question with the above individuals. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Public Comment Procedures

If you wish to comment, you may submit your comments by any one of several methods: *Mail:* You may mail comments to U.S. Department of the Interior, Director (630), Bureau of Land Management, Mail Stop 2134LM, 1849 C Street NW., Washington, DC 20240, Attention: 1004-AE15. *Personal or messenger delivery:* Bureau of Land Management, 20 M Street SE., Room 2134 LM, Attention: Regulatory Affairs, Washington, DC 20003. *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions at this Web site.

Please make your comments as specific as possible by confining them to issues directly related to the content of the proposed rule, and explain the basis for your comments. The comments and recommendations that will be most useful and likely to influence agency decisions are:

1. Those supported by quantitative information or studies; and
2. Those that include citations to, and analyses of, the applicable laws and regulations.

The BLM is not obligated to consider or include in the Administrative Record for the rule comments received after the close of the comment period (see **DATES**) or comments delivered to an address other than those listed above (see **ADDRESSES**). Comments, including names and street addresses of respondents, will be available for public review at the address listed under **ADDRESSES** during regular hours (7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m.), Monday through Friday, except holidays.

Before including your address, telephone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, be advised that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask in your comment to withhold from public review your personal identifying information, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Background

The proposed rule was published on July 13, 2015 (80 FR 40768), with a 60-day comment period closing on September 11, 2015. Since publication, the BLM has received requests for extension of the comment period on the proposed rule. In response to those comments, the BLM is extending the comment period on the proposed rule for 28 days. The closing date of the extended comment period is now October 9, 2015.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Janice M. Schneider,
Assistant Secretary, Land and Minerals Management.

[FR Doc. 2015-22903 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-84-P

Notices

Federal Register

Vol. 80, No. 176

Friday, September 11, 2015

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Food and Nutrition Service

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

September 8, 2015.

The Department of Agriculture has submitted the following information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. Comments regarding (a) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of burden including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology should be addressed to: Desk Officer for Agriculture, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), *OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov* or fax (202) 395-5806 and to Departmental Clearance Office, USDA, OCIO, Mail Stop 7602, Washington, DC 20250-7602. Comments regarding these information collections are best assured of having their full effect if they are received within 30 days of this notification. Copies of the submission(s) may be obtained by calling (202) 720-8958.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number and the agency informs potential persons who are to respond to

the collection of information that such persons are not required to respond to the collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Food and Nutrition Service

Title: National Hunger Clearinghouse Database Forms (FNS 543 and FNS 543A).

OMB Control Number: 0584-0474.

Summary of Collection: The National Hunger Clearinghouse FNS-543 form collects develops and distributes information and resources to help build the capacity of emergency food providers to address the immediate needs of struggling families and individuals while promoting self-reliance and access to healthy food. The Clearinghouse includes the National Hunger Hotline, which refers people in need anywhere in the U.S. to food pantries, soup kitchen, government programs and model grassroots organizations.

The FNS-543A is the instrument used to voluntarily collect information about summer meal sites from State agencies. It collects site name, location and operating details such as dates and times of the day that the sites are in operation that provide summer meals to children 18 years and younger in low-income communities during the summer.

Section 26 of the National School Lunch Act, which was added to the Act by Section 123 of Public Law 103-448 on November 2, 1994, mandated that the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) enter into a contract with a nongovernmental organization to develop and maintain a national information clearinghouse of grassroots organizations working on hunger, food, nutrition, and other agricultural issues, including food recovery, food assistance and self-help activities to aid individuals to become self-reliant and other activities that empower low-income individuals.

Need and Use of the Information: FNS will collect information to provide a resource for groups that assist low-income individuals or communities regarding nutrition assistance program or other assistance. The information aids FNS to fight hunger and improve nutrition by increasing participation in the FNS nutrition programs through the development, coordination, and evaluation of strategic initiatives, partnership, and outreach activities.

Description of Respondents: State Agencies (55), Business or other for-profit and Not-for-profit institutions (600).

Number of Respondents: 655.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Annually.

Total Burden Hours: 110.

Ruth Brown,

Departmental Information Collection Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-22948 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-30-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Beaverhead-Deerlodge National Forest; Montana; Supplemental EIS for the Beaverhead-Deerlodge National Forest Land and Resource Management Plan To Comply With District of Montana Court Order

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement.

SUMMARY: The Beaverhead-Deerlodge National Forest will prepare a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) to the 2009 Beaverhead-Deerlodge National Forest Revised Land and Resource Management Plan (Forest Plan) environmental analysis in response to an August 27, 2015 Order from the U.S. District Court for the District of Montana. The Court directed the Forest Service to “properly disclose the information underlying its analysis of snowmobile impacts on big game wildlife” and “adequately appl[y] the minimization criteria in the [2005 Travel Management Rule].”

DATES: Under 40 CFR 1502.9(c)(4), there is no formal scoping period for this proposed action. The Draft SEIS is expected to be published in November 2015, which will then begin, in accordance with 36 CFR 219.16(a)(2), a 90-day public comment period on the Draft SEIS.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jan Bowey, Beaverhead-Deerlodge National Forest, 125 Mill Street, Sheridan, MT 59749 (406) 842-5432. Individuals who use telecommunication devices for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at

800-877-8339 between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., Eastern Time, Monday through Friday.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The 2009 Forest Plan provides management direction for activities on the Beaverhead-Deerlodge National Forest for the next 10 to 15 years, including direction on eight topics (vegetation, wildlife, aquatic resources, recreation and travel management, fire management, livestock grazing, timber and recommended wilderness).

In 2010, WildEarth Guardians, Friends of the Bitterroot, Inc., and Montanans for Quiet Recreation, Inc., filed a complaint in U.S. District Court for the District of Montana (Case 9:10-cv-00104-DWM) alleging inadequate analysis of the “site-specific impacts of snowmobile use on big game winter habitat and conflicting recreational uses” when developing the Forest Plan, failure “to apply certain criteria [referred to as the minimization criteria] when designating areas open to snowmobile use” and that Subpart C of the 2005 Travel Management Rule concerning over-snow vehicles was invalid. In its June 22, 2015 Opinion (*WildEarth Guardians et al. v. Montana Snowmobile Ass’n*, 790 F.3d 920 (9th Cir. 2015)), the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit found the Forest Service provided sufficient information to establish that it took a “hard look” at the impacts of snowmobile use on non-motorized recreational uses and sufficiently analyzed these conflicts. Further, the U.S. Court of Appeals found that plaintiffs’ challenge to the Subpart C exemption in the Travel Management Rule was not ripe for review.

However, in the same opinion, the U.S. Court of Appeals held that the Forest Service did not provide the public adequate access to information about the impact of snowmobiles on big game wildlife and habitat and did not allow the public to play an appropriate role in the decision-making process. The U.S. Court of Appeals also found the Forest Service did not adequately apply the minimization criteria found in the Travel Management Rule. The matter was remanded to the U.S. District Court for the District of Montana.

In an August 27, 2015 Order, the U.S. District Court for the District of Montana ordered the Forest Service to “properly disclose the information underlying its analysis of snowmobile impacts on big game wildlife” and “adequately appl[y] the minimization criteria in the [2005 Travel Management Rule].” The SEIS will disclose information underlying its analysis of snowmobile impacts on big

game wildlife and apply the minimization criteria to areas on the Beaverhead-Deerlodge National Forest open to over-snow vehicle use during the winter recreation season (December 2 through May 15).

A Draft SEIS is expected to be available for public review and comment in November 2015. The comment period for the Draft SEIS will be 90 days from the date the Notice of Availability is published in the **Federal Register** 36 CFR 219.16(a)(2).

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Melany Glossa,

Forest Supervisor.

[FR Doc. 2015-22890 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Rural Utility Service

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

September 8, 2015.

The Department of Agriculture has submitted the following information collection requirement(s) to Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. Comments regarding (a) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of burden including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology should be addressed to: Desk Officer for Agriculture, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, 725—17th Street NW., Washington, DC 20502. Commenters are encouraged to submit their comments to OMB via email to: OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov or fax (202) 395-5806 and to Departmental Clearance Office, USDA, OCIO, Mail Stop 7602, Washington, DC 20250-7602. Comments regarding these information collections are best assured of having their full effect if received within 30 days of this notification.

Copies of the submission(s) may be obtained by calling (202) 720-8681.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number and the agency informs potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information that such persons are not required to respond to the collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Rural Utilities Service

Title: Advance of Loan Funds and Budgetary Control and Related Burdens.

OMB Control Number: 0572-0015.

Summary of Collection: The Rural Utilities Service (RUS) is authorized by the Rural Electrification Act (RE Act) of 1936, as amended, “to make loans in several States and territories of the United States for rural electrification and for the purpose of furnishing and improving electric and telephone service in rural areas and to assist electric borrowers to implement demand side management, energy conservation programs, and on-grid and off-grid renewable energy systems.” Borrowers will provide the agency with information that supports the use of the funds as well as identify the type of projects for which they will use the funds.

Need and Use of the Information: RUS electric borrowers will submit RUS form 595 and 219. Form 595, Financial Requirement & Expenditure Statement, to request an advance of loan funds remaining for an existing approved loan and to report on the expenditure of previously advanced loan funds. Form 219, Inventory of Work Orders, serves as a connecting line and provides an audit trail that verifies the evidence supporting the propriety of expenditures for construction of retirement projects that supports the advance of funds. The information collected will ensure that loan funds are expended and advanced for RUS approved budget process and amounts. Failure to collect proper information could result in improper determinations of eligibility or improper use of funds.

Description of Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 600.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: On occasion.

Total Burden Hours: 14,570.

Rural Utility Service

Title: 7 CFR 1773, Policy on Audits of RUS Borrowers.

OMB Control Number: 0572-0095.

Summary of Collection: Under the authority of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (ACT), as amended 7 U.S.C. 901 *et seq.*, the Administrator is authorized and empowered to make loans under certain specified circumstances for rural electrification and the furnishing of electric energy to persons in rural areas and for the purpose of furnishing and improving telephone service in rural areas. RUS, in representing the Federal Government as Mortgagee, relies on the information provided by the borrowers in their financial statements to make lending decisions as to borrowers' credit worthiness and to assure that loan funds are approved, advanced and disbursed for proper Act purposes. Borrowers are required to furnish a full and complete report of their financial condition, operations and cash flows, in form and substance satisfactory to RUS.

Need and Use of the Information: RUS will collect information to evaluate borrowers' financial performance, determine whether current loans are at financial risk, and determine the credit worthiness of future losses. If information is not collected, it would delay RUS' analysis of the borrowers' financial strength, thereby adversely impacting current lending decisions.

Description of Respondents: Not-for-profit institutions; Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 1,340.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: On occasion.

Total Burden Hours: 14,914.

Rural Utilities Service

Title: 7 CFR 1751 Subpart B/State Telecommunications Modernization Plan.

OMB Control Number: 0572-0104.

Summary of Collection: The Rural Electrification Loan Restructuring Act (RELRA, Pub. L. 103-129), November 1, 1993, amended the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, 7 U.S.C. 901 *et seq.* (the RE Act). RELRA required that a State Telecommunications Modernization Plan (Modernization Plan or Plan), meet all the statutory requirements of RELRA (Part 1751, Subpart B). The plan at a minimum must provide for: (1) The elimination of party line service; (2) the availability of telecommunications services for improved business, educational, and medical services; (3) must encourage computer networks and information highways for subscribers in rural areas; (4) must provide for subscribers in rural areas to be able to receive through telephone lines: (a) Conference calling; (b) video images; and (c) data at a rate of 1 million bits of information per second; and, the

proper routing of information to subscribers.

Need and Use of the Information: The Rural Utilities Service (RUS) telecommunications program staff will review the Modernization Plan and approve the plans, if it complies with the requirements of the regulation. If the proposed Modernization Plan is approved, RUS will notify the developer of the approval. If not, RUS will make specific written comments and suggestions for modifying the proposed Modernization Plan so that it will comply with the requirements of the regulation. If the information is not collected, RUS' authority to make loans under the Rural Electrification Act will be restricted.

Description of Respondents: Business or other for-profit; Not-for-profit institutions.

Number of Respondents: 1.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: On occasion.

Total Burden Hours: 350.

Charlene Parker,

Departmental Information Collection Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-22947 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau.

Title: Public Employment & Payroll Forms.

OMB Control Number: 0607-0452.

Form Number(s): E-1 through E-10.

Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Number of Respondents: 44,088.

Average Hours per Response: 1 hour and 5 minutes.

Burden Hours: 47,903.

Needs and Uses: This information collection request covers the questionnaires needed to conduct the public employment program for the 2015 Annual Survey of Public Employment & Payroll, the 2016 Annual Survey of Public Employment & Payroll, and the 2017 Census of Governments: Employment.

The Census of Governments: Employment and its related program, the Annual Survey of Public

Employment & Payroll, provide a rich source of data on state and local government employment and payroll in the United States. Data have been collected annually since 1957. A census is conducted every five years (years ending in '2' and '7'). A sample of state and local governments is used to collect data in the intervening years, with a new sample selected every five years (years ending in '4' and '9'). The survey provides state and local government data on full-time and part-time employment, part-time hours worked, full-time equivalent employment, and payroll statistics by governmental function (e.g., elementary and secondary education, higher education, police protection, fire protection, financial administration, central staff services, judicial and legal, highways, public welfare, etc.).

The 10 questionnaires for collecting the data are each tailored to the unique characteristics of the type and size of government or government agency to be surveyed. The type of employment and payroll data to be collected No changes will be made to the form content as currently approved. However, formatting changes will be made to the forms to facilitate data capture using current technology, Integrated Computer Assisted Data Entry (iCADE), and to clarify wording and form flow with respondents such as integrating the instruction in bullet form into the questions. These changes were cognitively tested.

The Census of Governments: Employment and its related program, the Annual Survey of Public Employment & Payroll, provide data on state and local government employment and payroll in the United States. Census Bureau staff apply a standard set of criteria while classifying government employment activity in order to provide what is perhaps the only complete and uniform set of data on the employment activities of governments in the United States.

Statistics compiled from data gathered using these forms are used in several important Federal government programs. Economists at the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) use the statistics for developing the National Income and Product Accounts. According to the Chief Statistician of BEA, "The data obtained from these forms are critical to BEA for maintaining reliable estimates. Specifically, BEA uses national, state, local, and type-of-government aggregate data by function for full-time and part-time employees, payroll, and number of part-time hours worked to prepare estimates of functional payrolls for the public sector

of the gross domestic product (GDP). BEA also uses these data to prepare estimates of state and local government compensation of employees in both the annual and benchmark input-output accounts.”

BEA also uses the Census of Governments and the Annual Survey of Public Employment & Payroll to derive state-level estimates of the employment and wages and salaries of students and their spouses who are employed by public institutions of higher education in which the students are enrolled. There is no other national or state source for information on student workers at state institutions of higher education.

The employment data are used for two other data collection efforts currently conducted by the Census Bureau. The Medical Expenditures Panel Survey (MEPS) collects data for the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) on health plans offered to state and local government employees. The MEPS sample of public employees is drawn from the Census of Governments: Employment component universe and employment data from the survey are used in statistical methods for creating national estimates on health plans. The Criminal Justice Employment and Expenditure program (CJEE), sponsored by the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS), uses employment data to provide employee and payroll statistics on police protection and correctional activities.

State and local government officials use these employment data to analyze and assess individual government labor force and wage levels. Both management and labor consult these data during wage and salary negotiations.

Public interest groups of many types produce analyses of public sector activities using these data. User organizations representing state and local government include the Council of State Governments, the National Conference of State Legislatures, Government Research Association, U.S. Conference of Mayors, National Association of Counties, National League of Cities, and the National Association of Towns and Townships. Another category of users, having a more specific focus on government activities, includes organizations such as the National School Boards Association and the National Sheriffs Association.

A variety of private sector organizations and individuals make use of these employment and payroll data. Notable research organizations include the Brookings Institution and the Nelson A. Rockefeller Institute of Government.

Both public and private universities utilize these data. Instructors, researchers, and students in schools of public administration, political science, management, and industrial relations as well as other members of the public also use employment data.

Affected Public: State, local or tribal government; Federal government.

Frequency: Annually.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary.

Legal Authority: Title 13, U.S.C., Section 161 and 182.

This information collection request may be viewed at www.reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov or fax to (202) 395-5806.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Glenna Mickelson,

Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-22897 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau.

Title: Quarterly Financial Report.

OMB Control Number: 0607-0432.

Form Number(s): QFR-200(MT), QFR-201(MG), QFR-300(S).

Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Number of Respondents: 11,890.

Average Hours per Response: 2 hours and 8 minutes.

Burden Hours: 101,258.

Needs and Uses: The Quarterly Financial Report (QFR) program has published up-to-date aggregate statistics on the financial results and position of U.S. corporations since 1947. The program currently collects and publishes financial data for the manufacturing, mining, wholesale trade, retail trade, information, and professional, scientific, and technical services (except legal) sectors. The survey is a principal economic indicator that provides financial data essential to calculation of key U.S. government

measures of national economic performance. The importance of this data collection is reflected by the granting of specific authority to conduct the program in Title 13 of the United States Code, Section 91, which requires that financial statistics of business operations be collected and published quarterly. Public Law 109-79, Section 91 extended the authority of the Secretary of Commerce to conduct the QFR program through September 30, 2015. Currently, QFR is in the process of reauthorizing this public law.

The Census Bureau is requesting approval to continue collection of the QFR program. QFR's last submission for forms approval included an announcement of an expansion of its coverage to include four new service sectors. The new sectors included subsectors in Sector 53 (Real Estate and Rental and Leasing), excluding subsector 533 (Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible Assets); Sector 56 (Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services); Sector 62 (Health Care and Social Assistance); and Sector 72 (Accommodation and Food Services) based on the 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). However, on June 9, 2014, the QFR ceased collection of these additional sectors due to sample restrictions and budget constraints. Notification of this change was announced on the QFR Business Help Site (BHS) Web site and the QFR Publication. Furthermore, we are pursuing funding to get the expansion reinstated.

The survey forms used to conduct the QFR are: QFR-200 (MT) Long Form (manufacturing, mining, wholesale trade, and retail trade); QFR-201 (MG) Short Form (manufacturing); and the QFR-300 (S) Long Form (services).

The primary purpose of the QFR is to provide timely, accurate data on business financial conditions for use by Government and private-sector organizations and individuals. The primary public users include the Bureau of Economic Analysis, Federal Reserve Board, Federal Trade Commission, Small Business Administration, U.S. Treasury-Office of Tax Analysis, and the Joint Committee on Taxation. These same organizations play a major role in providing guidance, advice, and support to the QFR program. The primary private-sector data users are a diverse group including universities, financial analysts, unions, trade associations, public libraries, banking institutions, and U.S. and foreign corporations.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit.

Frequency: Quarterly.

Respondent's Obligation: Mandatory.

Legal Authority: Title 13 U.S.C., Section 91.

This information collection request may be viewed at www.reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov or fax to (202) 395-5806.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Glenna Mickelson,

Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-22894 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau.

Title: Current Population Survey, School Enrollment Survey.

OMB Control Number: 0607-0464.

Form Number(s): There are no forms. We conduct all interviews on computers.

Type of Request: Regular Submission.

Number of Respondents: 59,000.

Average Hours Per Response: 3.0 minutes.

Burden Hours: 2,950.

Needs and Uses: These data provide basic information on the school enrollment status of various segments of the population necessary as background for policy formulation and implementation. This supplement is the only annual source of data on public/private elementary and secondary school enrollment, as well as the characteristics of private school students and their families. As part of the Federal Government's efforts to collect data and provide timely information to government entities for policymaking decisions, this supplement provides national trends in enrollment and progress in school. Consequently, this supplement is the only source of historical data at the national level on the age distribution and family characteristics of college students, and on the demographic

characteristics of preprimary school enrollment.

Affected Public: Individuals or households.

Frequency: Annual.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary.

Legal Authority: Title 13 U.S.C. Sections 8(b), 141, 182, and Title 29, U.S.C. Sections 1-9 authorize the collection of this information on individuals and households. Title 20 U.S.C. Sections 3475, 9543, 9544, and 9546 authorize the National Center for Education Statistics to collect this information.

This information collection request may be viewed at www.reginfo.gov.

Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov or fax to (202) 395-5806.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Glenna Mickelson,

Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-22904 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau.

Title: Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Survey.

OMB Control Number: 0607-0354.

Form Number(s): There are no forms. We conduct all interviews on computers.

Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Number of Respondents: 78,000.

Average Hours per Response: 0.41667.

Burden Hours: 32,500.

Needs and Uses: The income data from the ASEC are used by social planners, economists, government officials, and market researchers to gauge the economic well-being of the country as a whole, and selected population groups of interest. Government planners and researchers use these data to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of various assistance programs. Market researchers use these

data to identify and isolate potential customers. Social planners use these data to forecast economic conditions and to identify special groups that seem to be especially sensitive to economic fluctuations. Economists use ASEC data to determine the effects of various economic forces, such as inflation, recession, recovery, and so on, and their differential effects on various population groups.

Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Frequency: Annually.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary.

Legal Authority: Title 13, United States Code, Sections 8(b), 141, 182; and Title 20, United States Code, Sections 3475, 9543, 9544, and 9546.

This information collection request may be viewed at www.reginfo.gov.

Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov or fax to (202) 395-5806.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Glenna Mickelson,

Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-22893 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

RIN 0648-XE178

New England Fishery Management Council; Public Meeting

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; public meeting.

SUMMARY: The New England Fishery Management Council (Council) is scheduling a public meeting of its Observer Policy Committee meeting to consider actions affecting New England fisheries in the exclusive economic zone (EEZ). Recommendations from this group will be brought to the full Council for formal consideration and action, if appropriate.

DATES: This meeting will be held on Monday, September 28, 2015 at 1 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Radisson Hotel, 180 Water Street,

Plymouth, MA 02360; telephone: (508) 747-4900; fax: (508) 747-8937.

Council address: New England Fishery Management Council, 50 Water Street, Mill 2, Newburyport, MA 01950.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Thomas A. Nies, Executive Director, New England Fishery Management Council; telephone: (978) 465-0492.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Agenda

The Committee will review draft Environmental Assessment (EA) for NMFS-led omnibus amendment, which would establish provisions for industry-funded monitoring (IFM) across all New England and Mid-Atlantic Council-managed fisheries and also proposes requirements for IFM in the Atlantic herring and mackerel fisheries. The Committee will also review/discuss omnibus alternatives in the IFM amendment and options for IFM in the Atlantic herring and mackerel fisheries; herring/mackerel options may include requirements for industry-funded observer coverage, at-sea monitoring, portside sampling, and/or electronic monitoring (EM) as well as develop recommendations regarding any additional management measures to be considered in the omnibus IFM amendment. They will also develop recommendations regarding the selection of preferred alternatives for the omnibus IFM amendment and the approval of the Draft EA for public comment. The Committee may address other business as necessary.

Special Accommodations

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Thomas A. Nies, Executive Director, at (978) 465-0492, at least 5 days prior to the meeting date.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Tracey L. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2015-22936 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

RIN 0648-XE158

Fisheries of the South Atlantic, Gulf of Mexico, and Caribbean; Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review (SEDAR); Public Meeting

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting of the SEDAR Steering Committee.

SUMMARY: The SEDAR Steering Committee will meet to discuss the SEDAR process and assessment schedule. See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**.

DATES: The SEDAR Steering Committee will meet from 1 p.m. on Monday, September 28, until 4 p.m. on Tuesday, September 29, 2015.

ADDRESSES: The Steering Committee meeting will be held at the Crowne Plaza, 4381 Tanger Outlet Boulevard, North Charleston, SC 29418; telephone: (843) 744-4422.

SEDAR address: South Atlantic Fishery Management Council, 4055 Faber Place Drive, Suite 201, N. Charleston, SC 29405; www.sedarweb.org.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Carmichael, SEDAR Program Manager, 4055 Faber Place Drive, Suite 201, North Charleston, SC 29405; phone (843) 571-4366 or toll free (866) SAFMC-10; fax: (843) 769-4520; email: john.carmichael@safmc.net.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The items of discussion are as follows:

SEDAR Steering Committee Agenda, Monday, September 28, 2015, 1 p.m.-5 p.m. and Tuesday, September 29, 2015, 8:30 a.m.-4 p.m.

1. Review progress of ongoing assessment projects.
2. Receive a report on the Data Best Practices Workshop.
3. Review Southeast Fishery Science Center progress on recommendations from the Data and Assessment Program Reviews.
4. Receive a report on the NOAA Fisheries Stock Assessment Prioritization Plan.
5. Approve SEDAR Operating Procedures changes.
6. Address the SEDAR assessment schedule: identify assessment capability, determine 2017 priorities and identify projects for 2018-19.

Although non-emergency issues not contained in this agenda may come before this group for discussion, those issues may not be the subject of formal action during this meeting. Action will be restricted to those issues specifically identified in this notice and any issues arising after publication of this notice that require emergency action under section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, provided the public has been notified of the intent to take final action to address the emergency.

Special Accommodations

This meeting is accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for auxiliary aids should be directed to the SAFMC office (see **ADDRESSES**) at least 10 business days prior to the meeting.

Note: The times and sequence specified in this agenda are subject to change.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Tracey L. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2015-22935 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

RIN 0648-XE179

Pacific Fishery Management Council; Public Meeting

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: The Pacific Fishery Management Council's (Pacific Council) Scientific and Statistical Committee (SSC) Groundfish Subcommittee will hold a work session to review stock assessments for black rockfish off Oregon, new harvest specification projections for arrowtooth flounder, an updated rebuilding analysis for yelloweye rockfish, and a new proposed methodology for determining big skate harvest specifications.

DATES: The SSC's Groundfish Subcommittee meeting will be held beginning at 8:30 a.m., Monday, September 28, 2015 and end at 5:30 p.m. or as necessary to complete business for the day. The Subcommittee will reconvene on Tuesday, September 29, 2015 and will continue through Thursday, October 1, 2015 beginning at

8:30 a.m. and ending at 5:30 p.m. each day, or as necessary to complete business. The meeting may continue on Friday, October 2 at 8:30 a.m., if needed, to complete the subcommittee's business.

ADDRESSES: The SSC's Groundfish Subcommittee meeting will be held the National Marine Fishery Service Western Regional Center's Sand Point facility, Alaska Fisheries Science Center, 7600 Sand Point Way NE., Seattle, WA 98115; telephone: (206) 526-4000. The meeting will be held in Building 4, Traynor Room 2076 on September 28—October 1, 2015. If the SSC's Groundfish Subcommittee meeting needs to continue on Friday, October 2, 2015, the meeting will reconvene in Building 4, Observer Training Room 1055.

Council address: Pacific Council, 7700 NE Ambassador Place, Suite 101, Portland, OR 97220-1384.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. John DeVore, Pacific Council; telephone: (503) 820-2413.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The purpose of the SSC's Groundfish Subcommittee meeting is to review draft 2015 stock assessment documents and any other pertinent information for new full stock assessment of black rockfish off Oregon, work with the Stock Assessment Teams to make necessary revisions, and produce a report for use by the Pacific Council family and other interested persons for developing management recommendations for fisheries in 2017 and beyond. Additionally, the SSC Groundfish Subcommittee will review an updated yelloweye rockfish rebuilding analysis, review new overfishing limit (OFL) projections for arrowtooth flounder, and review new methodology for determining a big skate OFL. No management actions will be decided by the SSC Groundfish Subcommittee. The Subcommittee's role will be development of recommendations and reports for consideration by the SSC and the Pacific Council at its November meeting in Garden Grove, California.

Although non-emergency issues not contained in the meeting agenda may come before the subcommittee meeting participants for discussion, those issues may not be the subject of formal action during this meeting. Subcommittee action will be restricted to those issues specifically listed in this notice and any issues arising after publication of this notice that require emergency action under Section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, provided the public has been notified of the Subcommittee

participants' intent to take final action to address the emergency.

All visitors to the National Marine Fisheries Service Western Regional Center's Sand Point facility should bring one of the following forms of identification:

- Enhanced Driver's License from the states of Washington, Minnesota, and New York
- U.S. Passport
- U.S. Passport Card
- U.S. Department of Defense CAC
- U.S. Federal agency HSPD-12 compliant ID cards
- U.S. Veterans ID
- U.S. Military Dependent's ID Card
- U.S. Trusted Traveler Card—Global Entry, SENTRI, or NEXUS
- U.S. Transportation Workers Identification Credential (TWIC)
- State-issued Real ID Compliant Driver's Licenses and Identification Cards.

Visitors who are foreign nationals (defined as a person who is not a citizen or national of the United States) will require additional security clearance to access the Western Regional Center's Sand Point facility. Foreign national visitors should contact Dr. Martin Dorn at (206) 526-6548 at least 2 weeks prior to the meeting date to initiate the security clearance process.

Special Accommodations

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Mr. Kris Kleinschmidt at (503) 820-2425 at least 5 days prior to the meeting date.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Tracey L. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2015-22937 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

Procurement List; Proposed Addition

AGENCY: Committee for Purchase from People Who are Blind or Severely Disabled.

ACTION: Proposed addition to the Procurement List.

SUMMARY: The Committee is proposing to add a service to the Procurement List that will be provided by a nonprofit agency employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

DATES: *Comments must be received on or before 10/12/2015.*

ADDRESSES: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, 1401 S. Clark Street, Suite 715, Arlington, Virginia, 22202-4149.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information or to submit comments contact Barry S. Lineback, Telephone: (703) 603-7740, Fax: (703) 603-0655, or email CMTEFedReg@AbilityOne.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 8503(a)(2) and 41 CFR 51-2.3. Its purpose is to provide interested persons an opportunity to submit comments on the proposed actions.

Additions

If the Committee approves the proposed addition, the entities of the Federal Government identified in this notice will be required to provide the service listed below from the nonprofit agency employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

The following service is proposed for addition to the Procurement List for production by the nonprofit agency listed:

Service:

Service Type: Janitorial Service.

Service is Mandatory for: U.S.

Geological Survey, 4611 Research Park Circle, Suites D and E, Las Cruces, NM.

Mandatory Source(s) of Supply: Tresco, Inc., Las Cruces, NM.

Contracting Activity: Department of the Interior, Geological Survey, Office of Acquisition and Grants—Denver, Denver, CO.

Barry S. Lineback,

Director, Business Operations.

[FR Doc. 2015-22930 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6353-01-P

COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

Procurement List; Additions

AGENCY: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

ACTION: Additions to the Procurement List.

SUMMARY: This action adds products to the Procurement List that will be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

DATES: *Effective Date:* 10/12/2015.

ADDRESSES: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, 1401 S. Clark Street, Suite 715, Arlington, Virginia, 22202-4149.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Barry S. Lineback, Telephone: (703) 603-7740, Fax: (703) 603-0655, or email CMTEFedReg@AbilityOne.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Additions**

On 6/6/2014 (79 FR 32716-32718), 6/5/2015 (80 FR 32096-32097) and 6/12/2015 (80 FR 33485-33489), the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled published notices of proposed additions to the Procurement List.

After consideration of the material presented to it concerning capability of qualified nonprofit agencies to provide the products and impact of the additions on the current or most recent contractors, the Committee has determined that the products listed below are suitable for procurement by the Federal Government under 41 U.S.C. 8501-8506 and 41 CFR 51-2.4.

Regulatory Flexibility Act Certification

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the products to the Government.
2. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the products to the Government.
3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 8501-8506) in connection with the products proposed for addition to the Procurement List.

End of Certification

Accordingly, the following products are added to the Procurement List:

Products

NSN(s)—Product Name(s)

8455-00-NIB-0003—Badge Reel, ID, Retractable, Bulldog Clip, Black

8455-00-NIB-0050—Flight Line Lanyard, Cord Style, Breakaway, with Holder, Black, 36" x .25"

8455-00-NIB-0051—Holder, Badge, Vinyl, Re-Sealable, Clear, 3-3/4" x 2-5/8"

Mandatory Source of Supply: West Texas Lighthouse for the Blind, San Angelo, TX
Mandatory Purchase For: Total Government Requirement

Contracting Activity: General Services Administration, Fort Worth, TX
Distribution: A-List

NSN(s)—Product Name(s)

4240-00-NIB-0161—Lockout Tags, 25-pack
4240-00-NIB-0185—Kit, Lockout, Electrical/

Valve with AC Sensor
4240-00-NIB-0202—Lockout/Tagout Station, 3 Padlocks
4240-00-NIB-0203—Lockout/Tagout Station, 8 Padlocks
4240-00-NIB-0207—AC Sensor, 50V-1000V
4240-00-NIB-0228—Medium Electrical Lockout Kit with Breaker Lockouts
4240-00-NIB-0229—Large Electrical Lockout Kit
4240-00-NIB-0230—Large Electrical/Valve Lockout Kit
4240-00-NIB-0231—Small Standard Lockout Kit
4240-00-NIB-0232—Extra Small Personal Electrical Lockout Kit
4240-00-NIB-0233—Small Electrical Lockout Kit
4240-00-NIB-0234—Small Electrical Lockout Kit with Plug Lockouts
4240-00-NIB-0236—Small Electrical Valve Lockout Kit
Mandatory Source of Supply: Association for the Blind and Visually Impaired—Goodwill Industries of Greater Rochester, Rochester, NY
Mandatory Purchase For: Total Government Requirement
Contracting Activity: Defense Logistics Agency Troop Support
Distribution: B-List

Barry S. Lineback,

Director, Business Operations.

[FR Doc. 2015-22898 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6353-01-P

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

[CPSC Docket No. 15-C0007]

phil&teds USA, Inc., Provisional Acceptance of a Settlement Agreement and Order

AGENCY: Consumer Product Safety Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: It is the policy of the Commission to publish settlements which it provisionally accepts under the Consumer Product Safety Act in the **Federal Register** in accordance with the terms of 16 CFR 1118.20(e). Published below is a provisionally-accepted Settlement Agreement with phil&teds USA, Inc., containing a civil penalty of \$3,500,000, with \$3,300,000 of the total suspended, subject to the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement. phil&teds USA, Inc., shall pay the non-suspended portion of the penalty, \$200,000, in accordance with the terms set forth in the Settlement Agreement.¹

¹ The Commission voted (4-1) to provisionally accept the Settlement Agreement and Order regarding phil&teds USA, Inc. Chairman Kaye, Commissioner Adler, Commissioner Robinson and Commissioner Buerkle voted to provisionally accept the Settlement Agreement and Order.

The \$200,000 Payment shall be paid within thirty (30) calendar days after the phil&teds USA, Inc., receives service of the Commission's final Order accepting the Agreement.

DATES: Any interested person may ask the Commission not to accept this agreement or otherwise comment on its contents by filing a written request with the Office of the Secretary by September 28, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to comment on this Settlement Agreement should send written comments to the Comment 15-C0007 Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East-West Highway, Room 820, Bethesda, Maryland 20814-4408.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Leah Wade, Trial Attorney, Office of the General Counsel, Division of Compliance, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East-West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland 20814-4408; telephone (301) 504-7225.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The text of the Agreement and Order appears below.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Todd A. Stevenson,

Secretary.

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY
COMMISSION**

In the Matter of: phil&teds USA, Inc.
CPSC Docket No.: 15-C0007

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

1. In accordance with the Consumer Product Safety Act ("CPSA"), 15 U.S.C. 2051-2089 and 16 CFR 1118.20, phil&teds USA, Inc. ("phil&teds USA" or "Firm"), and the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission ("Commission"), through its staff ("Staff"), hereby enter into this Settlement Agreement. The Settlement Agreement and Affidavit of Corporate Officer, attached at Exhibit A (collectively the "Agreement") and the incorporated attached Order ("Order") resolve Staff's charges set forth below.

THE PARTIES

2. The Commission is an independent federal regulatory agency established pursuant to, and responsible for, the enforcement of the CPSA. By executing this Agreement, Staff is acting on behalf of the Commission, pursuant to 16 CFR § 1118.20(b). The Commission issues the Order under the provisions of the CPSA.

Commissioner Mohorovic voted to take other action and reject the Settlement Agreement and Order and return to staff to seek higher payment.

3. phil&teds USA is a corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the state of Colorado, with its principal corporate office located in Fort Collins, CO. phil&teds USA is an importer, distributor and retailer of children's strollers, child carriers and other baby products and accessories.

STAFF'S CHARGES

4. From May 2009 through January 2011, phil&teds USA imported and sold in the United States, approximately 13,500 clip-on high chairs under the brand name, MeToo Chairs ("Chairs"). The Firm sold the Chairs online and through independent retailers nationwide.

5. The Chairs are "consumer products," and, at all relevant times, phil&teds USA was either the importer, "distributor" or "retailer" of these consumer products, which were "distributed in commerce," as those terms are defined or used in sections 3(a)(5), (7), (8), and (13) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2052(a)(5), (7), (8), and (13).

6. The Chairs are defective and create an unreasonable risk of serious injury because the clamps on the Chairs can detach from the table, posing a fall hazard. If only one side of the Chair detaches, the lack of space between the metal cross bar and the clamps creates a finger pinching, laceration, and amputation hazard.

7. Between September 2009 and October 2010, the Firm obtained sufficient information that reasonably supported the conclusion that the Chairs contained a defect that could create a substantial product hazard or created an unreasonable risk of serious injury. Specifically, the Firm was aware of reports of incidents and injuries, including reports of fingertip amputations to children. The Firm was also aware that two design changes had been implemented to address the defects in the Chair.

8. Despite having information regarding the Chair's defect or risk, the Firm failed to inform the Commission immediately, as required by sections 15(b)(3) and (4) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2064(b)(3) and (4).

9. Because the information in the Firm's possession constituted actual and presumed knowledge, the Firm knowingly violated section 19(a)(4) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2068(a)(4), as the term "knowingly" is defined in section 20(d) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2069(d).

10. When the Firm filed its Full Report, the Firm:

a. underreported the total number of incidents and injuries involving the Chairs, stating that it was aware of 10 "instances" involving the product, but

provided no details on the instances and failed to indicate that the Firm was aware of two amputation injuries;

b. failed to notify staff that the Chairs posed an amputation hazard; and

c. withheld information that the Chair had been redesigned to address the hazard and that the sample product supplied with the Full Report was manufactured differently than the Chairs involved in the incident and injury reports.

11. The Firm's failure to report this information resulted in delayed implementation of the corrective action and recall of the product, which was not publicly announced until August 17, 2011.

12. By making these inaccurate and incomplete statements in the Full Report, the Firm knowingly committed a material misrepresentation to an officer or employee in the course of an investigation under the CPSA, which violates section 19(a)(13) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2068(a)(13), as the term "knowingly" is defined in section 20(d) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2069(d).

13. Under section 20 of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2069, the Firm is subject to civil penalties for its knowing violation of section 19(a)(4) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2068(a)(4) and for the Firm's knowing material misrepresentations in violation of section 19(a)(13) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2068(a)(13).

FIRM'S RESPONSE

14. This Agreement does not constitute an admission by the Firm to the charges set forth in paragraphs 4 through 13, including charges that phil&teds USA violated any statute or regulation, failed to timely report, or committed a material misrepresentation in violation of the CPSA. In fact, phil&teds USA took the initiative in reporting incidents surrounding the Chair to the CPSC, disclosed the number of those incidents, and further explained that unreasonable misuse of the product was the cause of serious injuries.

AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES

15. Under the CPSA, the Commission has jurisdiction over the matter involving the Chairs and over phil&teds USA, Inc.

16. In settlement of Staff's charges, and to avoid the cost, distraction, delay, uncertainty, and inconvenience of protracted litigation or other proceedings, the Firm shall pay a civil penalty in the amount of three million, five hundred thousand dollars (\$3,500,000) ("Total Civil Penalty Amount"). In reliance on the accuracy and completeness of the Firm's

representations and warranties in this Agreement, the Commission agrees to suspend all but two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) of the Total Civil Penalty Amount ("Total Civil Penalty Amount"), on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement. The \$200,000 Payment shall be paid within thirty (30) calendar days after the Firm receives service of the Commission's final Order accepting the Agreement. All payments to be made under the Agreement shall constitute debts owing to the United States and shall be made by electronic wire transfer to the United States via: <http://www.pay.gov> for allocation to and credit against the payment obligations of the Firm under this Agreement.

17. phil&teds USA represents and warrants that the financial statements of phil&teds USA provided to the Commission in connection with the matters addressed in this Agreement ("Financial Statements") are complete, accurate and current and have been prepared on a consistent basis throughout the periods indicated except as otherwise noted therein, and that the Financial Statements fairly present the financial condition and results of operations and cash flow of the Firm as of the dates, and for the periods, indicated therein, all consistently applied during the periods involved except as noted therein, and subject, in the case of the unaudited interim financial statements, to the absence of notes and normal year-end adjustments.

18. The Firm represents and warrants that the information supplied by the Firm to the Commission in connection with the matters addressed in the Agreement (including information about the Firm's financial resources and ability to pay the Total Civil Penalty Amount) did not, at the time provided to the Commission, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

19. The parties agree that an amount equal to Total Civil Penalty Amount minus any amounts paid by phil&teds USA pursuant to this Agreement shall become due and payable immediately upon the occurrence of an "Event of Default," without notice or further action by any party. An "Event of Default" means:

a. a failure of phil&teds USA to pay the \$200,000 Payment (or any portion thereof) when due and payable;

b. the breach or inaccuracy of any representation or warranty of phil&teds USA in this Agreement;

c. the breach or failure by phil&teds USA to observe or perform any of its obligations, covenants or agreements set forth in the Agreement; or

d. a failure of phil&teds USA to comply with all CPSC statutes or regulations for three (3) years after the effective date of this Agreement.

20. All unpaid amounts, if any, due and owing under the Agreement shall constitute a debt due and immediately owing by phil&teds USA to the United States, and interest shall accrue and be paid by phil&teds USA at the federal legal rate of interest set forth at 28 U.S.C. § 1961(a) and (b) from the date of Event of Default until all amounts due have been paid in full (hereinafter "Default Payment Amount" and "Default Interest Balance"). phil&teds USA shall consent to a Consent Judgment in the amount of the Default Payment Amount and Default Interest Balance, and the United States, at its sole option, may collect the entire Default Payment Amount and Default Interest Balance or exercise any other rights granted by law or in equity, including but not limited to referring such matters for private collection, and phil&teds USA agrees not to contest, and hereby waives and discharges any defenses to, any collection action undertaken by the United States or its agents or contractors pursuant to this paragraph. phil&teds USA shall pay the United States all reasonable costs of collection and enforcement under this paragraph, respectively, including reasonable attorney's fees and expenses.

21. phil&teds USA shall notify CPSC in writing if any financial information supplied or to be supplied in writing by phil&teds USA to the Commission in connection with the Agreement is, in any material respect, discovered not to be true, accurate or complete; is no longer true, accurate or complete as a result of subsequent events; is discovered to contain an untrue statement of a material fact or to omit a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or contains as a result of subsequent events an untrue statement of a material fact or an omission of a material fact required to be stated, not misleading.

22. After Staff receives this Agreement executed on behalf of phil&teds USA, Staff shall promptly submit the Agreement to the Commission for provisional acceptance. Promptly following the Commission's provisional acceptance of the Agreement, the Agreement shall be placed on the public record and published in the **Federal**

Register, in accordance with the procedures set forth in 16 CFR § 1118.20(e). If within fifteen (15) calendar days the Commission does not receive any written request not to accept the Agreement, the Agreement shall be deemed finally accepted on the sixteenth (16th) calendar day after the date the Agreement is published in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 16 CFR § 1118.20(f).

23. This Agreement is conditioned upon, and subject to, the Commission's final acceptance, as set forth above, and is subject to the provisions of 16 CFR § 1118.20(h). Upon the later of: (i) The Commission's final acceptance of this Agreement and service of the accepted Agreement upon phil&teds USA, and (ii) the date of issuance of the final Order, this Agreement shall be in full force and effect, and shall be binding upon the parties.

24. Effective upon the later of: (i) The Commission's final acceptance of the Agreement and service of the accepted Agreement upon phil&teds USA, and (ii) the date of issuance of the final Order, for good and valuable consideration, phil&teds USA hereby expressly and irrevocably waives and agrees not to assert any past, present, or future rights to the following, in connection with the matter described in the Agreement: (a) An administrative or judicial hearing; (b) judicial review or other challenge or contest of the validity of the Order or of the Commission's actions; (c) a determination by the Commission of whether phil&teds USA failed to comply with the CPSA and the underlying regulations; (d) a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law; and (e) any claims under the Equal Access to Justice Act.

25. phil&teds USA shall implement and maintain a compliance program designed to ensure compliance with the statutes and regulations enforced by the Commission that, at a minimum, contains the following elements:

a. written standards and policies concerning products sold by phil&teds USA in the United States that may relate to, or impact, CPSA compliance;

b. procedures for verifying the accuracy and completeness of information conveyed to the Commission;

c. procedures for implementing corrective and preventive actions when compliance deficiencies or violations are identified;

d. procedures for collecting information from phil&teds USA's affiliates on incidents and injuries occurring outside the United States;

e. a mechanism for confidential employee reporting of compliance-

related questions or concerns to either a compliance officer or to another senior manager with authority to act as necessary;

f. effective communication of company compliance-related policies and procedures to all employees through training programs or otherwise;

g. senior manager responsibility for compliance and accountability for violations of the statutes and regulations enforced by the Commission;

h. board oversight of compliance; and

i. retention of all compliance-related records for at least five (5) years and availability of such records to Staff, upon request.

26. phil&teds USA shall implement, maintain and enforce a system of internal controls and procedures designed to ensure that:

a. information required to be disclosed by phil&teds USA to the Commission is recorded, processed and reported in accordance with applicable law;

b. all reporting made to the Commission is timely, truthful, complete and accurate; and

c. prompt disclosure is made to phil&teds USA's management of any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of such internal controls that are reasonably likely to adversely affect in any material respect phil&teds USA's ability to record, process, and report to the Commission in accordance with applicable law.

27. Upon Staff's request, phil&teds USA shall provide written documentation of its compliance program and system of internal controls and procedures, including, but not limited to, the effective dates of the program, controls and procedures and improvements thereto. phil&teds USA shall cooperate fully and truthfully with Staff and shall make available all information, materials, and personnel deemed necessary by Staff to evaluate phil&teds USA's compliance with the terms of the Agreement.

28. phil&teds USA agrees that any settlement agreements with consumers involving products over which the Commission has jurisdiction, and which include a confidentiality clause, must include an exception to the confidentiality clause that allows consumers to discuss any issues related to their settlement agreement with officers and employees of the Commission and other local, state and federal government representatives.

29. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Commission may make public disclosure of the terms of the Agreement and Order.

30. phil&ted's USA represents that the Agreement: (i) Is entered into freely and voluntarily, without any degree of duress or compulsion whatsoever; (ii) has been duly authorized; and (iii) constitutes the valid and binding obligation of phil&ted's USA, and each of its successors, transferees, and/or assigns.

31. The signatories represent that they are authorized to execute this Agreement.

32. The Agreement is governed by the laws of the United States.

33. The Agreement and the Order shall apply to, and be binding upon, phil&ted's USA and each of its successors, transferees, and/or assigns, and a violation of the Agreement or Order may subject phil&ted's USA and each of its successors, transferees, and/or assigns to appropriate legal action.

34. The Agreement and the Order constitute the complete agreement between the parties on the subject matter.

35. The Agreement may be used in interpreting the Order. Understandings, agreements, representations, or interpretations apart from those contained in the Agreement and the Order may not be used to vary or contradict their terms. For purposes of construction, the Agreement shall be deemed to have been drafted by both of the parties, and therefore, shall not be construed against any party for that reason in any subsequent dispute.

36. The Agreement shall not be waived, amended, modified, or otherwise altered, except as in accordance with the provisions of 16 CFR 1118.20(h). The Agreement may be executed in counterparts.

37. If any provision of the Agreement or the Order is held to be illegal, invalid, or unenforceable under present or future laws effective during the terms of the Agreement and the Order, such provision shall be fully severable. The balance of the Agreement and the Order shall remain in full force and effect, unless the Commission and phil&ted's USA agree that severing the provision materially affects the purpose of the Agreement and Order.

PHIL&TEDS USA, INC.

Dated: _____
8/12/15

By: _____
Michael Grant, *President,*
phil&ted's USA, Inc.,
221 Jefferson Street, Suite 100
Fort Collins, Colorado 80524

Dated: _____
8/13/15

By: _____
Jonathan Judge,
Schiff Hardin LLP,

233 Wacker Drive, Suite 6600
Chicago, Illinois 60606
Counsel for phil&ted's USA, Inc.

U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY
COMMISSION STAFF

Dated: _____
8/13/15

By: _____
Stephanie Tsacoumis,
General Counsel
Mary T. Boyle,
Deputy General Counsel
Mary B. Murphy,
Assistant General Counsel
Leah Wade,
Trial Attorney

EXHIBIT A

AFFIDAVIT OF CORPORATE OFFICER MICHAEL GRANT

I, the undersigned, swear and affirm that I am employed by phil&ted's USA, Inc., that I hold the position indicated below, and, by reason of my position, I am authorized and qualified to make the following statements. All capitalized terms not defined in this affidavit shall have the meanings given to them in the Agreement between phil&ted's USA, Inc. and the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, of which this Affidavit is a part.

1. The financial statements of phil&ted's USA provided to the Commission in connection with the matters addressed in this Agreement ("Financial Statements") are complete, accurate and current and have been prepared on a consistent basis throughout the periods indicated except as otherwise noted therein, and that the Financial Statements fairly present the financial condition and results of operations and cash flow of phil&ted's USA as of the dates, and for the periods, indicated therein, all consistently applied during the periods involved except as noted therein, and subject, in the case of the unaudited interim financial statements, to the absence of notes and normal year-end adjustments.

2. phil&ted's USA has supplied all documents and information responsive to CPSC's requests.

3. The information supplied by phil&ted's USA to the Commission in connection with the matters addressed in the Agreement (including information about the Firm's financial resources and ability to pay the Total Civil Penalty Amount) did not, at the time provided to the Commission, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

4. For each of the fiscal years ended March 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the net income, the net worth/stockholder's equity and working capital of phil&ted's USA, Inc., was negative and to satisfy liabilities, phil&ted's USA, Inc. relied on payments from its parent entity, Most Excellent World Holdings, Limited ("MEW"), pursuant to an intercompany agreement.

5. phil&ted's USA, Inc. has insufficient cash or other liquid assets to satisfy a civil penalty payment in excess of \$200,000, has no sources of funding that could be used to provide the liquidity to make such a payment, and is unable to secure funds from MEW to fulfill a civil penalty payment obligation.

6. phil&ted's USA, Inc. will not directly or indirectly receive reimbursement, indemnification, insurance-related payment or other payment in connection with the matters addressed in the Agreement.

7. Any civil penalty payment by phil&ted's USA, Inc. in excess of \$200,000 will require phil&ted's USA, Inc. to cease operations as an ongoing business.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. I understand that any intentional false statement in this declaration may be a criminal offense under 18 U.S.C. § 1001.

Executed on August 12, 2015

Signed: _____

Michael Grant
President, phil&ted's USA, Inc.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

In the Matter of: phil&ted's USA, Inc.
CPSC Docket No.: 15-C0007

ORDER

Upon consideration of the Settlement Agreement entered into between phil&ted's USA, Inc. ("phil&ted's USA"), and the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission ("Commission"), and the Commission having jurisdiction over the subject matter and over phil&ted's USA, and it appearing that the Settlement Agreement and the Order are in the public interest, it is

ORDERED that the Settlement Agreement be, and is, hereby, accepted; and it is

FURTHER ORDERED, that phil&ted's USA shall comply with the terms of the Settlement Agreement and shall pay a civil penalty of \$3,500,000, with \$3,300,000 of the total suspended, subject to the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement. phil&ted's USA shall pay the non-suspended portion of the penalty, \$200,000, in

accordance with the terms set forth in the Settlement Agreement. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, an amount equal to \$3,500,000 (representing the entire civil penalty, including the suspended portion), plus any accrued and unpaid interest, minus any penalty amounts paid by phil&teds USA, shall immediately become due and payable.

Provisionally accepted and provisional Order issued on the 8th day of September, 2015.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION:

Todd A. Stevenson,
Secretary U.S. Consumer Product Safety
Commission

[FR Doc. 2015-22892 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6355-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Air Force

Notice Is Given of the Names of Members of the Performance Review Board for the Department of the Air Force

AGENCY: Department of the Air Force, Department of Defense.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is given of the names of members of the Performance Review Board for the Department of the Air Force.

DATES: *Effective Date:* November 1, 2015.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 4314(c) (1-5), the Department of the Air Force (AF) announces the appointment of members to the AF's Senior Executive Service (SES) Performance Review Board (PRB). Appointments are made by the authorizing official. Each board member shall review and evaluate performance scores provided by the SES' immediate supervisor. Performance standards must be applied consistently across the AF. The board will make final recommendations to the authorizing official relative to the performance of the executive.

The members of the 2015 Performance Review Board for the U.S. Air Force are:

1. Board President—Gen McDew, Commander, United States Transportation Command.
2. Gen Goldfein, Vice Chief of Staff of the Air Force.
3. Honorable Lisa Disbrow, Under Secretary of the Air Force.
4. Honorable Miranda Ballentine, Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for

Installations, Environment, and Logistics.

5. Lt Gen James McLaughlin, Deputy Commander at United States Cyber Command.

6. Lt Gen Andrew Busch, Director, Defense Logistics Agency.

7. Ms. Thomas, Deputy Chief Management Officer of the Air Force.

8. Mr. Gill, Executive Director, Air Force Materiel Command.

9. Mr. Hartley, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Installations, Environment and Energy.

10. Mr. Bennett, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Financial Management and Comptroller.

11. Mr. Lombardi, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Air Force (Acquisition).

12. Mr. Corsi, Assistant Deputy Chief of Staff for Manpower, Personnel and Services.

13. Mr. Salvatori, Director, Capabilities Management Office.

14. Mr. Geurts, Acquisition Executive, U.S. Special Operations Command.

15. Mr. Fedrigo, Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Reserve Affairs and Airman Readiness.

16. Ms. Kay, Director of Security, Special Program Oversight and Information Protection. Additionally, all career status Air Force Tier 3 SES members not included in the above list are eligible to serve on the 2015 Performance Review Board and are hereby nominated for inclusion on an ad hoc basis in the event of absence(s).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Please direct any written comments or requests for information to Dr. Daramia Hinton, Deputy Director, Senior Executive Management, AF/DPS, 1040 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1040 (PH: 703-695-7677; or via email at daramia.t.hinton.civ@mail.mil).

Henry Williams,

Acting, Air Force Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-22889 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001-10-P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

[Docket ID USA-2015-HQ-0035]

Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Army & Air Force Exchange Service (Exchange), DoD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the *Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995*, the

Army & Air Force Exchange announces a proposed public information collection and seeks public comment on the provisions thereof. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed information collection; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Consideration will be given to all comments received by November 10, 2015.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by docket number and title, by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Mail:* Department of Defense, Office of the Deputy Chief Management Officer, Directorate of Oversight and Compliance, Regulatory and Audit Matters Office, 9010 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301-9010.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name, docket number and title for this **Federal Register** document. The general policy for comments and other submissions from members of the public is to make these submissions available for public viewing on the Internet at <http://www.regulations.gov> as they are received without change, including any personal identifiers or contact information.

Any associated form(s) for this collection may be located within this same electronic docket and downloaded for review/testing. Follow the instructions at <http://www.regulations.gov> for submitting comments. Please submit comments on any given form identified by docket number, form number, and title.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on this proposed information collection or to obtain a copy of the proposal and associated collection instruments, please write to the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, Office of the General Counsel, Compliance Division, Attn: Teresa Schreurs, 3911 South Walton Walker Blvd., Dallas, TX 75236-1598 or call the Exchange Compliance Division at 800-967-6067.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title; Associated Form; and OMB Number: Exchange Security Clearance Process for Contractor/Vendor Personnel, Exchange Form 3900–013 “Electronic Questionnaires for Investigations Processing (e-QIP) Request”, Exchange Form 3900–002 “Trusted Associate Sponsorship System (TASS Request Form)”, Exchange Form 3900–006 “Background Check for Vendors/Contractors”, OMB Control Number 0702–XXXX.

Needs and Uses: The information collection requirement is necessary for the processing of all Army and Air Force Exchange security clearance actions, to record security clearances issued or denied; and to verify eligibility for access to classified information or assignment to a sensitive position.

Affected Public: Individuals and/or households, Business or other for profit.

Annual Burden Hours: 4,600.

Number of Respondents: 2,300.

Responses per Respondent: 1.

Annual Responses: 2,300.

Average Burden per Response: 120 minutes.

Frequency: On occasion.

Respondents are individuals and/or households affiliated with Army and Air Force Exchange Service (Exchange) by assignment, employment contractual relationship, or as a result of an inter service support agreement on which personnel security clearance determination has been completed or is pending. Information collected is utilized to process the personnel security clearance of contractors and/or vendors to work at an Exchange facility, record the security clearances issued or denied, and to verify the eligibility for access to classified information or assignment to a sensitive position. In addition to utilizing the information for processing security clearances, the information may also be used by Exchange executives for adverse personnel actions such as removal from sensitive duties, removal from contract agreement, denial to a restricted or sensitive area, and revocation of security clearance.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Aaron Siegel,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

[FR Doc. 2015–22854 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001–06–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Navy

Notice of Availability of Government-Owned Inventions; Available for Licensing

AGENCY: Department of the Navy, DoD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The inventions listed below are assigned to the United States Government, as represented by the Secretary of the Navy and are available for domestic and foreign licensing by the Department of the Navy.

The following patents are available for licensing: Patent No. 9,054,544: ACCESSORY MOUNTING APPARATUS FOR A VEHICLE//Patent No. 9,083,078: UNIVERSAL ANTENNA MOUNTING BRACKET//Patent No. 9,079,211: INTERGRANULAR CORROSION (IGC) AND INTERGRANULAR STRESS CORROSION CRACKING (IGSCC) RESISTANCE IMPROVEMENT METHOD FOR METALLIC ALLOYS//Patent No. 9,080,989: WHISKER MANUFACTURING, DETECTION, RESPONSE, AND COMPOUND MANUFACTURING APPARATUS AND METHOD//Patent No. 9,081,409: EVENT DETECTION CONTROL SYSTEM FOR OPERATING A REMOTE SENSOR OR PROJECTILE SYSTEM//Patent No. 9,083,418: VERSATILE ANTENNA RECEIVED SIGNAL STRENGTH MEASUREMENT SYSTEM NOT AFFECTING PATTERN AND RECEIVER PERFORMANCE.

ADDRESSES: Requests for copies of the patents cited should be directed to Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane Div, Code OOL, Bldg 2, 300 Highway 361, Crane, IN 47522–5001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Christopher Monsey, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane Div, Code OOL, Bldg 2, 300 Highway 361, Crane, IN 47522–5001, telephone 812–854–4100.

Authority: 35 U.S.C. 207, 37 CFR Part 404.

Dated: August 28, 2015.

N.A. Hagerty-Ford,

Commander, Judge Advocate General's Corps, U.S. Navy, Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015–22921 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3810–FF–P

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

National Advisory Committee on Institutional Quality and Integrity Meeting

AGENCY: National Advisory Committee on Institutional Quality and Integrity

(NACIQI), Office of Postsecondary Education, U.S. Department of Education.

ACTION: Announcement of an open meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the agenda for the December 16, 17, and 18, 2015, meeting of the National Advisory Committee on Institutional Quality and Integrity (NACIQI), and provides information to members of the public on submitting written comments and on requesting to make oral comments at the meeting. The notice of this meeting is required under section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) and section 114(d)(1)(B) of the Higher Education Act (HEA) of 1965, as amended.

DATES: The NACIQI meeting will be held December 16, 17, and 18, 2015, from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. at a location in the Washington DC area to be announced in a later notice.

ADDRESSES: The exact location of the meeting will be published at a later date in the **Federal Register** and on the Department's Web site at <http://www2.ed.gov/about/bdscomm/list/naciqi.html#meetings> by November 13, 2015.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

NACIQI's Statutory Authority and Function: The NACIQI is established under section 114 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (HEA), 20 U.S.C. 1011c. The NACIQI advises the Secretary of Education about:

- The establishment and enforcement of the criteria for recognition of accrediting agencies or associations under subpart 2, part H, title IV of the HEA, as amended.

- The recognition of specific accrediting agencies or associations or a specific State public postsecondary vocational education or nurse education approval agency.

- The preparation and publication of the list of nationally recognized accrediting agencies and associations.

- The eligibility and certification process for institutions of higher education under title IV of the HEA, together with recommendations for improvement in such process.

- The relationship between (1) accreditation of institutions of higher education and the certification and eligibility of such institutions, and (2) State licensing responsibilities with respect to such institutions.

- Any other advisory function relating to accreditation and institutional eligibility that the Secretary may prescribe.

Meeting Agenda: Below is a list of agencies, including their current and requested scopes of recognition, scheduled for review during the December 2015 meeting:

Application for Initial Recognition

Association of Institutions for Jewish Studies Requested scope of recognition: The accreditation of postsecondary institutions of Jewish Studies within the United States exclusively offering educational programs leading to a certificate, associate degree, baccalaureate degree or their equivalent credential in Jewish Studies or Classical Torah Studies.

(The agency does not accredit any institution or program that offers credit for distance education or correspondence education.)

Applications for Renewal of Recognition

1. American Board of Funeral Service Education

Scope of recognition: The accreditation of institutions and programs within the United States awarding diplomas, associate degrees and bachelor's degrees in funeral service or mortuary science, including the accreditation of distance learning courses and programs offered by these programs and institutions.

2. American Speech-Language-Hearing Association, Council on Academic Accreditation in Audiology and Speech—Language Pathology

Scope of recognition: The accreditation and preaccreditation (Accreditation Candidate) throughout the United States of education programs in audiology and speech-language pathology leading to the first professional or clinical degree at the master's or doctoral level, and the accreditation of these programs offered via distance education.

3. Commission on Massage Therapy Accreditation

Scope of recognition: The accreditation of institutions and programs in the United States that award postsecondary certificates, postsecondary diplomas, academic Associate degrees and occupational Associate degrees, in the practice of massage therapy, bodywork, and aesthetics/esthetics and skin care, including components of programs which are offered through distance learning modalities.

4. Council on Naturopathic Medical Education

Scope of recognition: The accreditation and preaccreditation throughout the United States of graduate-level, four-year naturopathic medical education programs leading to the Doctor of Naturopathic Medicine (N.M.D.) or Doctor of Naturopathy (N.D.)

5. Midwifery Education Accreditation Council

Scope of recognition: The accreditation and preaccreditation throughout the United States of direct-entry midwifery educational institutions and programs conferring degrees and certificates, including the accreditation of such programs offered via distance education.

6. Montessori Accreditation Council for Teacher Education

Scope of recognition: The accreditation of Montessori teacher education institutions and programs throughout the United States, including those offered via distance education.

7. National Accrediting Commission of Career Arts and Sciences, Inc.

Scope of recognition: The accreditation throughout the United States of postsecondary schools and departments of cosmetology arts and sciences and massage therapy.

Compliance Reports

1. Accrediting Commission for Education in Nursing (Consideration of relevant and material information not contained in the record pursuant to 34 CFR 602.36(g)(1)(i) and (ii).)

Scope of recognition: Accreditation of nursing education programs and schools, both postsecondary and higher degree, which offer a certificate, diploma, or a recognized professional degree including clinical doctorate, masters, baccalaureate, associate, diploma, and practical nursing programs in the United States and its territories, including those offered via distance education.

2. Council on Accreditation of Nurse Anesthesia Educational Programs

Scope of recognition: The accreditation of institutions and programs of nurse anesthesia at the post master's certificate, master's, or doctoral degree levels in the United States, and its territories, including programs offering distance education.)

3. Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities

Scope of recognition: The accreditation and preaccreditation ("Candidacy status") of postsecondary

degree-granting educational institutions in Alaska, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington, and the accreditation of programs offered via distance education within these institutions.

4. Western Association of Schools and Colleges, Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges

Scope of recognition: The accreditation and preaccreditation ("Candidate for Accreditation") of two-year, associate degree-granting institutions located in California, Hawaii, the United States territories of Guam and American Samoa, the Republic of Palau, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Republic of the Marshall Islands, including the accreditation of such programs offered via distance education at these colleges.

Requested Scope of Recognition: The accreditation and preaccreditation ("Candidate for Accreditation") of community and other colleges with a primarily pre-baccalaureate mission located in California, Hawaii, the United States territories of Guam and American Samoa, the Republic of Palau, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Republic of the Marshall Islands, which offer certificates, associate degrees, and the first baccalaureate degree by means of a substantive change review offered by institutions that are already accredited by the agency, and such programs offered via distance education and correspondence education at these colleges. This recognition also extends to the Committee on Substantive Change of the Commission, for decisions on substantive changes, and the Appeals Panel.

State Approval Agency for Public Postsecondary Vocational Education—Applications for Renewal of Recognition

1. New York State Board of Regents (Public Postsecondary Vocational Education)
2. Oklahoma Department of Career & Technology Education
3. Pennsylvania State Board for Vocational Education, Bureau of Career and Technical Education
4. Puerto Rico State Agency for the Approval of Public Postsecondary Vocational, Technical Institutions and Programs

State Approval Agency for Nurse Education—Applications for Renewal of Recognition

1. Kansas State Board of Nursing

2. Maryland Board of Nursing
3. New York State Board of Regents (Nursing Education)

Degree Modification (substantive change notification) for Military Educational Institutions

United States Air Force Institute of Technology, Graduate School of Engineering and Management (request to offer Masters in Operations Management degree at an additional location at Kirtland Air Force Base, Albuquerque, NM).

Pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 9314, the United States Air Force Institute of Technology has submitted a request for modification of existing degree-granting authority to the U.S. Secretary of Education. The NACIQI is the designated review committee for matters concerning degree-granting authority of military educational institutions as outlined in the U.S. Department of Defense Instruction 5545.04 (DoDI 5545.04) and the Federal Policy Governing the Granting of Academic Degrees by Federal Agencies and Institutions (approved by a letter, dated December 23, 1954, from the Director, Bureau of the Budget, to the Secretary for Health, Education, and Welfare). Under DoDI 5545.04, recommendations by the U.S. Secretary of Education regarding substantive change requests submitted by military educational institutions will be included with subsequent notification to the House and Senate Armed Services Committees.

Submission of written comments regarding a specific accrediting agency or state approval agency under review: Written comments about the recognition of a specific accrediting or State agency must be received by September 25, 2015, in the *ThirdPartyComments@ed.gov* mailbox and include the subject line "Written Comments: (agency name)." The email must include the name(s), title, organization/affiliation, mailing address, email address, and telephone number of the person(s) making the comment. Comments should be submitted as a Microsoft Word document or in a medium compatible with Microsoft Word (not a PDF file) that is attached to an electronic mail message (email) or provided in the body of an email message. Comments about an agency's recognition after review of a compliance report must relate to issues identified in the compliance report and the criteria for recognition cited in the Secretary's letter that requested the report. Comments about the renewal of an agency's recognition based on a review of the agency's petition must relate to its compliance with the Criteria for the Recognition of

Accrediting Agencies, or the Criteria and Procedures for Recognition of State Agencies for Approval of Public Postsecondary Vocational Education, as appropriate, which are available at <http://www.ed.gov/admins/finaid/accred/index.html>. Only material submitted by the deadline to the email address listed in this notice, and in accordance with these instructions, become part of the official record concerning agencies scheduled for review and are considered by the Department and NACIQI in their deliberations. Please do not send material directly to NACIQI members.

Submission of requests to make an oral comment regarding a specific accrediting agency or state approval agency under review: There are two methods the public may use to make a third-party oral comment of three minutes concerning one of the agencies scheduled for review at the December 16, 17, and 18, 2015 meeting. Oral comments about agencies undergoing review must relate to the Criteria for Recognition of Accrediting Agencies, or the Criteria and Procedures for Recognition of State Agencies for Approval of Public Postsecondary Vocational Education, as appropriate, which are available at: <http://www.ed.gov/admins/finaid/accred/index.html>

Method One: Submit a request by email to the *ThirdPartyComments@ed.gov* mailbox. Please do not send material directly to NACIQI members. Requests must be received by September 25, 2015, and include the subject line "Oral Comment Request: (agency name)." The email must include the name(s), title, organization/affiliation, mailing address, email address, telephone number, of the person(s) requesting to speak, and a brief summary (not to exceed one page) of the principal points to be made during the oral presentation. All individuals submitting an advance request in accordance with this notice will be afforded an opportunity to speak.

Method Two: Register at the meeting location on December 16, 17, or 18, 2015, to make an oral comment during NACIQI's deliberations concerning a particular agency or institution scheduled for review. The requestor must provide his or her name, title, organization/affiliation, mailing address, email address, and telephone number. A total of up to fifteen minutes during each agency review will be allotted for oral commenters who register on December 16, 17, or 18, 2015. Individuals will be selected on a first-come, first-served basis. If selected, each

commenter may not exceed three minutes.

The oral comments made will become part of the official record and will be considered by the Department and NACIQI in their deliberations. No individual in attendance or making oral presentations may distribute written materials at the meeting.

Access to Records of the Meeting: The Department will post the official report of the meeting on the NACIQI Web site 90 days after the meeting. Pursuant to the FACA, the public may also inspect the materials at 1990 K Street NW., Washington, DC, by emailing aslrecordsmanager@ed.gov by calling (202) 502-7696 to schedule an appointment.

Reasonable Accommodations: The meeting site is accessible to individuals with disabilities. If you will need an auxiliary aid or service to participate in the meeting (e.g., interpreting service, assistive listening device, or materials in an alternate format), notify the contact person listed in this notice at least two weeks before the scheduled meeting date. Although we will attempt to meet a request received after that date, we may not be able to make available the requested auxiliary aid or service because of insufficient time to arrange it.

Electronic Access to this Document: The official version of this document is the document published in the **Federal Register**. Free Internet access to the official edition of the **Federal Register** and the Code of Federal Regulations is available via the Federal Digital System at: www.gpo.gov/fdsys. At this site you can view this document, as well as all other documents of this Department published in the **Federal Register**, in text or Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF). To use PDF, you must have Adobe Acrobat Reader, which is available free at the site.

You may also access documents of the Department published in the **Federal Register** by using the article search feature at: www.federalregister.gov. Specifically, through the advanced search feature at this site, you can limit your search to documents published by the Department.

Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1011c.

Jamienne S. Studley,
Deputy Under Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22925 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**Federal Energy Regulatory Commission**

[Docket Nos. CP14-554-000; CP15-16-000; CP15-17-000]

Florida Southeast Connection, LLC; Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Company, LLC; Sabal Trail Transmission, LLC

Notice of Availability of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Southeast Market Pipelines Project

The staff of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) has prepared a draft environmental impact statement (EIS) for the Hillabee Expansion, Sabal Trail, and Florida Southeast Connection (FSC) Projects as proposed by Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Company, LLC (Transco), Sabal Trail Transmission, LLC (Sabal Trail), and Florida Southeast Connection, LLC (FSC), respectively, in the above-referenced dockets. These are separate, but connected, natural gas transmission pipeline projects collectively referred to as the Southeast Market Pipelines (SMP) Project. The applicants request authorization to construct and operate a total of about 685.5 miles of natural gas transmission pipeline and associated facilities, six new natural gas-fired compressor stations, and modify existing compressor stations in Alabama, Georgia, and Florida. The SMP Project would provide about 1.1 billion cubic feet per day of natural gas to meet growing demands by the electric generation, distribution, and end use markets in Florida and the southeast United States.

The draft EIS assesses the potential environmental effects of the construction and operation of the SMP Project in accordance with the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). The FERC staff concludes that approval of the SMP Project would have some adverse environmental impacts; however, these impacts would be reduced to less-than-significant levels with the implementation of the applicants' proposed mitigation and the additional measures recommended in the draft EIS.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) participated as a cooperating agency in the preparation of the draft EIS. The USACE has jurisdiction by law or special expertise with respect to resources potentially affected by the proposals and is participating in the

NEPA analysis. The USACE has jurisdictional authority pursuant to section 404 of the Clean Water Act, which governs the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States; section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act, which regulates any work or structures that potentially affect the navigable capacity of navigable waters of the United States; and section 14 of the Rivers and Harbors Act which regulates the temporary occupation of water-related structures constructed by the United States. The USACE may adopt and use the EIS to support its review of the SMP Project. Although the cooperating agency provides input to the conclusions and recommendations presented in the draft EIS, the agency will present its own conclusions and recommendations in its Record of Decision for the project. A copy of the USACE's public notice of its receipt of applications from Transco, Sabal Trail, and FSC is enclosed with our draft EIS.

The draft EIS of the SMP Project addresses the potential environmental effects of the construction and operation of the following project facilities:

The Hillabee Expansion Project would include:

- Approximately 43.5 miles of new 42- and 48-inch-diameter natural gas pipeline loop¹ in Alabama;
- one new compressor station in Choctaw County, Alabama and modifications to three existing compressor stations in Dallas, Chilton, and Coosa Counties, Alabama; and
- installation of pig² launchers/receivers and mainline valves (MLVs).

The Sabal Trail Project would include:

- Approximately 515.5 miles of new natural gas pipeline in Alabama, Georgia, and Florida, including:
 - 480.9 miles of 36-inch-diameter mainline pipeline in Alabama, Georgia, and Florida;
 - the 21.5-mile-long, 24-inch-diameter Citrus County Line in Florida; and
 - the 13.1-mile-long, 36-inch-diameter Hunters Creek Line in Florida;
- five new compressor stations in Tallapoosa County, Alabama; Dougherty County, Georgia; and Suwannee, Marion, and Osceola Counties, Florida;
- subsequent modifications to two of the new compressor stations in Dougherty County, Georgia and Suwannee County, Florida; and

¹ A loop is a segment of pipe that is installed adjacent to an existing pipeline and connected to it at both ends. A loop generally allows more gas to move through the system.

² A pig is an internal tool that can be used to clean and dry a pipeline and/or to inspect it for damage or corrosion.

- installation of pig launchers/receivers, MLVs, and meter and regulating stations.

The FSC Project would include:

- Approximately 126.4 miles of new 30- and 36-inch-diameter natural gas pipeline in Florida; and
- installation of pig launchers/receivers, MLVs, and meter and regulating stations.

The FERC staff mailed copies of the draft EIS to federal, state, and local government representatives and agencies; elected officials; environmental and public interest groups; Native American tribes; potentially affected landowners and other interested individuals and groups; newspapers and libraries in the project area; and parties to this proceeding. Paper copy versions of this draft EIS were mailed to those specifically requesting them; all others received a CD version. In addition, the draft EIS is available for public viewing on the FERC's Web site (www.ferc.gov) using the eLibrary link. A limited number of copies are available for distribution and public inspection at:

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Public Reference Room, 888 First Street NE., Room 2A, Washington, DC 20426, (202) 502-8371.

Any person wishing to comment on the draft EIS may do so. To ensure consideration of your comments on the proposal in the final EIS, it is important that the Commission receive your comments by October 26, 2015.

For your convenience, there are four methods you can use to submit your comments to the Commission. In all instances, please reference the appropriate docket numbers (CP14-554-000 for the FSC Project; CP15-16-000 for the Hillabee Expansion Project; or CP15-17-000 for the Sabal Trail Project) with your submission. The Commission encourages electronic filing of comments and has expert staff available to assist you at (202) 502-8258 or efiling@ferc.gov. Please carefully follow these instructions so that your comments are properly recorded.

(1) You can file your comments electronically using the eComment feature on the Commission's Web site (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. This is an easy method for submitting brief, text-only comments on a project;

(2) You can file your comments electronically by using the eFiling feature on the Commission's Web site (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. With eFiling, you can provide comments in a variety of formats by attaching them as a file

with your submission. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on “eRegister.” If you are filing a comment on a particular project, please select “Comment on a Filing” as the filing type; or

(3) You can file a paper copy of your comments by mailing them to the following address. Be sure to reference

the project docket numbers (CP14–554–000, CP15–16–000, and CP15–17–000) with your submission:

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE., Room 1A, Washington, DC 20426.

(4) In lieu of sending written or electronic comments, the Commission

invites you to attend one of the public meetings its staff will conduct in the SMP Project area to receive comments on the draft EIS. We encourage interested groups and individuals to attend and present oral comments on the draft EIS. The meetings are scheduled as follows:

| Date and time | Location |
|---|---|
| Monday, September 28, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. Eastern Daylight Time (EDT). | Albany Civic Center—Meeting Room, 100 West Oglethorpe, Albany, GA 31701. |
| Tuesday, September 29, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. EDT. | Colquitt County High School (Old High School), Withers Auditorium, 1800 Park Avenue, Moultrie, GA 31776. |
| Wednesday, September 30, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. EDT. | Holiday Inn Valdosta, Conference Center, Magnolia Ballroom, 1805 West Hill Ave., Valdosta, GA 31601. |
| Thursday, October 1, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. EDT. | Columbia High School—Auditorium, 469 SE Fighting Tiger Drive, Lake City, FL 32025. |
| Monday, October 5, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. Central Daylight Time (CDT). | Central Alabama Community College, Betty Carol Graham Technology Center—Multi Purpose Room, 1675 Cherokee Road, Alexander City, AL 35010. |
| Monday, October 5, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. EDT | Indian River State College, Williamson Conference Center Auditorium, 2229 Northwest 9th Avenue, Okeechobee, FL 34972. |
| Tuesday, October 6, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. CDT | South Girard School Auditorium, 521 Fontaine Road, Phenix City, AL 36869. |
| Tuesday, October 6, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. EDT | Dunnellon Middle School Auditorium, 21005 Chestnut Street, Dunnellon, FL 34431. |
| Wednesday, October 7, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. EDT. | Davenport School of the Arts Cafeteria, 4751 County Road 547, (Lee Jackson Highway), Davenport, FL 33837. |
| Thursday, October 8, 2015, 6:00–8:00 p.m. EDT. | Bell High School Auditorium, 930 South Main Street, Bell, FL 32619. |

We will begin our sign up of speakers at 5:30 p.m. The comment meetings will begin at 6:00 p.m. with a presentation by Commission staff on our environmental review process, after which speakers will be called. The meeting will end once all speakers have provided their comments or at 8:00 p.m., whichever comes first. Please note that there may be a time limit of 3 minutes to present comments, and speakers should structure their comments accordingly. If time limits are implemented, they will be strictly enforced to ensure that as many individuals as possible are given an opportunity to comment. The meetings are recorded by a stenographer to ensure comments are accurately recorded. Transcripts will be entered into the formal record of the Commission proceeding. It is important to note that verbal comments hold the same weight as written or electronically submitted comments.

Any person seeking to become a party to the proceeding must file a motion to intervene pursuant to Rule 214 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedures (18 CFR part 385.214).³ Only intervenors have the right to seek rehearing of the Commission’s decision. The Commission grants affected landowners and others with environmental concerns intervenor

status upon showing good cause by stating that they have a clear and direct interest in this proceeding which no other party can adequately represent. Simply filing environmental comments will not give you intervenor status, but you do not need intervenor status to have your comments considered.

Questions?

Additional information about the SMP Project is available from the Commission’s Office of External Affairs, at (866) 208–FERC, or on the FERC Web site (www.ferc.gov) using the eLibrary link. Click on the eLibrary link, click on “General Search,” and enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the Docket Number field (*i.e.*, CP14–554, CP15–16, and CP15–17). Be sure you have selected an appropriate date range. For assistance, please contact FERC Online Support at FERCOnlineSupport@ferc.gov or toll free at (866) 208–3676; for TTY, contact (202) 502–8659. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

In addition, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription that allows you to keep track of all formal issuances and submittals in specific dockets. This can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings by automatically providing you with notification of these filings, document

summaries, and direct links to the documents. Go to www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/esubscription.asp.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015–22914 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Project No. 14628–001]

Minneapolis Leased Housing Associates IV, Limited Partnership; Notice of Availability of Environmental Assessment

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission’s (Commission or FERC) regulations, 18 Code of Federal Regulations Part 380 (Order No. 486, 52 **Federal Register** 47879), the Office of Energy Projects has reviewed Minneapolis Leased Housing Associates IV, Limited Partnership’s application for an original license to operate the A-Mill Artist Lofts Hydroelectric Project (FERC Project No. 14628–001), which would be located on the Mississippi River in the City of Minneapolis, Hennepin County,

³ See the previous discussion on the methods for filing comments.

Minnesota, and prepared an environmental assessment (EA).

In the EA, Commission staff analyze the potential environmental effects of licensing the project and conclude that licensing the project, with appropriate measures, would not constitute a major federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment.

A copy of the EA is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission's Web site at www.ferc.gov using the "eLibrary" link. Enter the docket number, excluding the last three digits, in the docket number field to access the document. For assistance, contact FERC Online Support at FERCOnlineSupport@ferc.gov or toll-free number at 1-866-208-3676, or for TTY, 202-502-8659.

You may also register online at www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/esubscription.asp to be notified via email of new filings and issuances related to this or other pending projects. For assistance, contact FERC Online Support.

For further information, please contact Shana Murray by telephone at (202) 502-8333 or by email at Shana.Murray@ferc.gov.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22918 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP15-513-000]

Texas Gas Transmission, LLC; Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Assessment for the Proposed Northern Supply Access Project and Request for Comments on Environmental Issues

The staff of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) will prepare an environmental assessment (EA) that will discuss the environmental impacts of the Northern Supply Access Project (Project), which would involve construction and operation of facilities by Texas Gas Transmission, LLC (Texas Gas) in Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, and Louisiana. The Commission will use this EA in its decision-making process to determine whether the Project is in the public convenience and necessity.

This notice announces the opening of the scoping process the Commission

will use to gather input from the public and interested agencies on the Project. You can make a difference by providing use with your specific comments or concerns about the Project. Your comments should focus on the potential environmental effects, reasonable alternatives, and measures to avoid or lessen environmental impacts. Your input will help the Commission staff determine what issues need to be evaluated in the EA. To ensure that your comments are timely and properly recorded, please send your comments so that the Commission receives them in Washington, DC on or before October 5, 2015.

If you sent comments on this project to the Commission before the opening of this docket on June 5, 2015, you will need to file those comments in Docket No. CP15-513-000 to ensure they are considered as part of this proceeding.

This notice is being sent to the Commission's current environmental mailing list for this Project. State and local government representatives should notify their constituents of this planned Project and encourage them to comment on their areas of concern.

If you are a landowner receiving this notice, a pipeline company representative may contact you about the acquisition of an easement to construct, operate, and maintain the proposed facilities. The company would seek to negotiate a mutually acceptable agreement. However, if the Commission approves the Project, that approval conveys with it the right of eminent domain. Therefore, if easement negotiations fail to produce an agreement and the Project is approved, the pipeline company could initiate condemnation proceedings where compensation would be determined in accordance with state law.

Texas Gas provided landowners with a fact sheet prepared by the FERC entitled "An Interstate Natural Gas Facility On My Land? What Do I Need To Know?" This fact sheet addresses a number of typically asked questions, including the use of eminent domain and how to participate in the Commission's proceedings. It is also available for viewing on the FERC Web site (www.ferc.gov).

Public Participation

For your convenience, there are three methods you can use to submit your comments to the Commission. In all instances, please reference the Project docket number (CP15-513-000) with your submission. The Commission encourages electronic filing of comments and has expert staff available to assist you at (202) 502-8258 or

efiling@ferc.gov. Please carefully follow these instruction so that your comments are properly recorded.

(1) You can file your comments electronically using the *eComment* feature on the Commission's Web site (www.ferc.gov) under the link to *Documents and Filings*. This is an easy method for submitting brief, text-only comments on a project;

(2) You can file your comments electronically using the *eFiling* feature on the Commission's Web site (www.ferc.gov) under the link to *Documents and Filings*. With eFiling, you can provide comments in a variety of formats by attaching them as a file with your submission. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on "eRegister." If you are filing a comment on a particular project, please select "Comment on a Filing" as the filing type; or

(3) You can file a paper copy of your comments by mailing them to the following address: Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE., Room 1A, Washington, DC 20426.

Summary of the Planned Project

Texas Gas proposes to construct, install, own, operate, and maintain the proposed Northern Supply Access Project, which (as described more fully below) would involve modifications at eight existing compressor stations along its existing pipeline and one new compressor station located in Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, and Louisiana. The project is designed to provide an additional 384,000 million standard cubic feet of natural gas per day of north to south transportation capacity on Texas Gas's system while maintaining bi-directional flow capability on its system.

Texas Gas proposes to modify seven existing compressor stations located in Lawrence and Dearborn Counties, Indiana; Webster, Breckinridge, and Jefferson Counties, Kentucky; Tipton County, Tennessee; and Coahoma County, Mississippi, by installing yard and station pipeline and various auxiliary facilities. Texas Gas also proposes to modify the existing Bastrop Compressor Station in Morehouse Parish, Louisiana by classifying four existing compressor units as back-up units (a total of 7,040 horsepower) and adding one new 9,688 horsepower turbine compressor unit. The Project also includes the construction and operation of the new 23,877 horsepower Harrison Compressor Station in Hamilton County, Ohio.

The general location of the Project facilities is shown in Appendix 1.¹

Land Requirements for Construction

Construction of the proposed facilities would disturb about 146 acres of land. Following construction, Texas Gas would retain about 13 acres to operate the new facilities, the remaining acreage would be restored and revert to former uses.

The EA Process

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requires the Commission to take into account the environmental impacts that could result from an action whenever it considers the issuance of a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity. NEPA also requires us² to discover and address concerns the public may have about proposals. This discovery process is referred to as “scoping”. The main goal of the scoping process is to focus the analysis in the EA on the important environmental issues. By this notice, the Commission requests public comments on the scope of the issues to address in the EA. We will consider all filed comments during the preparation of the EA.

In the EA we will discuss impacts that could occur as a result of the construction and operation and maintenance of the planned Project under these general headings:

- Geology and soils;
- water resources, fisheries, and wetlands;
- vegetation and wildlife, including migratory birds;
- endangered and threatened species;
- land use, including residential, commercial, and prime farmland uses;
- cultural resources;
- socioeconomic;
- air quality and noise;
- public safety; and
- cumulative impacts.

We will also evaluate reasonable alternatives to the proposed Project or portions of the Project, and make recommendations on how to lessen or avoid impacts on the various resource areas.

The EA will present our independent analysis of the issues. The EA will be available in the public record through

¹ The appendices referenced in this notice will not appear in the **Federal Register**. Copies of appendices were sent to all those receiving this notice in the mail and are available at www.ferc.gov using the link called “eLibrary” or from the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 888 First Street NE., Washington, DC 20426, or call (202) 502-8371. For instructions on connecting to eLibrary, refer to the last page of this notice.

² “We,” “us,” and “our” refer to the environmental staff of the Commission’s Office of Energy Projects.

eLibrary. Depending on the comments received during the scoping process, we may also publish and distribute the EA to the public for an allotted comment period. We will consider all comments on the EA before making our recommendations to the Commission. To ensure we have the opportunity to consider and address your comments, please carefully follow the instructions in the Public Participation section of this notice, beginning on page 2.

With this notice, we are asking agencies with jurisdiction by law and/or special expertise with respect to the environmental issues related to this Project to formally cooperate with us in the preparation of the EA.³ Agencies that would like to request cooperating agency status should follow the instructions for filing comments provided under the Public Participation section of this notice.

Consultations Under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

In accordance with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation’s implementing regulations for Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, we are using this notice to initiate consultation with applicable State Historic Preservation Offices (SHPO), and to solicit their views and those of other government agencies, interested Indian tribes, and the public on the Project’s potential effects on historic properties.⁴ We will define the Project-specific Area of Potential Effects (APE) in consultation with the SHPOs as the Project develops. On natural gas facility projects, the APE at a minimum encompasses all areas subject to ground disturbance (examples include construction right-of-way, contractor/pipe storage yards, compressor stations, and access roads). Our EA for this project will document our findings on the impacts on historic properties and summarize the status of consultations under Section 106.

Environmental Mailing List

The environmental mailing list includes: federal, state, and local government representatives and agencies; elected officials; environmental and public interest groups; Native American Tribes; other

³ The Council on Environmental Quality regulations addressing cooperating agency responsibilities are at Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1501.6.

⁴ The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation regulations are at Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 800. Those regulations define historic properties as any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.

interested parties; and local libraries and newspapers. This list also includes all affected landowners (as defined in the Commission’s regulations) who are potential right-of-way grantors, whose property may be used temporarily for Project purposes, or who own homes within certain distances of aboveground facilities, and anyone who submits comments on the Project. We will update the environmental mailing list as the analysis proceeds to ensure that we send the information related to this environmental review to all individuals, organizations, and government entities interested in and/or potentially affected by the proposed Project.

If we publish and distribute the EA, copies will be sent to the environmental mailing list for public review and comment. If you would prefer to receive a paper copy of the document instead of the CD version or would like to remove your name from the mailing list, please return the attached Information Request (Appendix 2).

Becoming an Intervenor

In addition to involvement in the EA scoping process, you may want to become an “intervenor” which is an official party to the Commission’s proceeding. Intervenors play a more formal role in the process and are able to file briefs, appear at hearings, and be heard by the courts if they choose to appeal the Commission’s final ruling. An intervenor formally participates in the proceeding by filing a request to intervene. Instructions for becoming an intervenor are in the “Document-less Intervention Guide” under the “e-filing” link on the Commission’s Web site. Motions to intervene are more fully described at <http://www.ferc.gov/resources/guides/how-to/intervene.asp>.

Additional Information

Additional information about the Project is available from the Commission’s Office of External Affairs, at (866) 208-FERC, or on the FERC Web site (www.ferc.gov) using the eLibrary link. Click on the eLibrary link, click on “General Search” and enter the docket number, excluding the last three digits in the Docket Number field (*i.e.*, CP15-513). Be sure you have selected an appropriate date range. For assistance, please contact FERC Online Support at FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov or toll free at (866) 208-3676, or for TTY, contact (202) 502-8659. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

In addition, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription that

allows you to keep track of all formal issuances and submittals in specific dockets. This can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings by automatically providing you with notification of these filings, document summaries, and direct links to the documents. Go to www.ferc.gov/esubscribenow.htm.

Finally, public meetings or site visits will be posted on the Commission's calendar located at www.ferc.gov/EventCalendar/EventsList.aspx along with other related information.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Kimberly D. Bose,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22916 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 pm]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP15-498-000]

Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company; Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Assessment For the Proposed System Reliability Project and Request for Comments on Environmental Issues

The staff of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) will prepare an environmental assessment (EA) that will discuss the environmental impacts of the System Reliability Project involving construction and operation of facilities by Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company (Eastern Shore) in Kent, New Castle, and Sussex Counties, Delaware. The Commission will use this EA in its decision-making process to determine whether the project is in the public convenience and necessity.

This notice announces the opening of the scoping process the Commission will use to gather input from the public and interested agencies on the project. You can make a difference by providing us with your specific comments or concerns about the project. Your comments should focus on the potential environmental effects, reasonable alternatives, and measures to avoid or lessen environmental impacts. Your input will help the Commission staff determine what issues they need to evaluate in the EA. To ensure that your comments are timely and properly recorded, please send your comments so that the Commission receives them in Washington, DC on or before October 5, 2015.

If you sent comments on this project to the Commission before the opening of this docket on May 22, 2015, you will need to file those comments in Docket No. CP15-498-000 to ensure they are considered as part of this proceeding.

This notice is being sent to the Commission's current environmental mailing list for this project. State and local government representatives should notify their constituents of this proposed project and encourage them to comment on their areas of concern.

If you are a landowner receiving this notice, a pipeline company representative may contact you about the acquisition of an easement to construct, operate, and maintain the proposed facilities. The company would seek to negotiate a mutually acceptable agreement. However, if the Commission approves the project, that approval conveys with it the right of eminent domain. Therefore, if easement negotiations fail to produce an agreement, the pipeline company could initiate condemnation proceedings where compensation would be determined in accordance with state law.

Eastern Shore provided landowners with a fact sheet prepared by the FERC entitled "An Interstate Natural Gas Facility on My Land? What Do I Need to Know?" This fact sheet addresses a number of typically asked questions, including the use of eminent domain and how to participate in the Commission's proceedings. It is also available for viewing on the FERC Web site (www.ferc.gov).

Public Participation

For your convenience, there are three methods you can use to submit your comments to the Commission. The Commission encourages electronic filing of comments and has expert staff available to assist you at (202) 502-8258 or efiling@ferc.gov. Please carefully follow these instructions so that your comments are properly recorded.

(1) You can file your comments electronically using the *eComment* feature on the Commission's Web site (www.ferc.gov) under the link to *Documents and Filings*. This is an easy method for submitting brief, text-only comments on a project;

(2) You can file your comments electronically by using the *eFiling* feature on the Commission's Web site (www.ferc.gov) under the link to *Documents and Filings*. With *eFiling*, you can provide comments in a variety of formats by attaching them as a file with your submission. New *eFiling* users must first create an account by clicking on "*eRegister*." If you are filing

a comment on a particular project, please select "Comment on a Filing" as the filing type; or

(3) You can file a paper copy of your comments by mailing them to the following address. Be sure to reference the project docket number (CP15-498-000) with your submission:

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE., Room 1A, Washington, DC 20426.

Summary of the Proposed Project

Eastern Shore proposes to construct and operate 10.1 miles of new natural gas pipeline loops¹ in New Castle and Kent County, Delaware, and modify its existing Bridgeville Compressor Station in Sussex County, Delaware. According to Eastern Shore, its project would increase the reliability of natural gas to Eastern Shore's existing customers during high demand winter months; this need was not fully met in 2014 and 2015 and resulted in gas service "brown outs."

The Eastern Shore System Reliability Project would consist of the following facilities:

- 2.5 miles of 16-inch-diameter looping pipeline in New Castle County;
- pigging facilities² at the existing Glasgow Control Station in New Castle County;
- about 7.6 miles of 16-inch diameter looping pipeline, one mainline valve assembly, pigging facilities, and one permanent access road in Kent County; and
- an additional 1,775 horsepower of compression, a new operations control station, and one permanent access road at the existing Bridgeville Compressor Station in Sussex County.

The general location of the project facilities is shown in appendix 1.³

Land Requirements for Construction

Construction of the proposed facilities would disturb about 156.7 acres of land for the aboveground facilities and the pipeline. Following construction, Eastern Shore would maintain about

¹ A pipeline loop is a segment of pipe constructed parallel to an existing pipeline to increase capacity.

² A "pig" is a tool that the pipeline company inserts into and pushes through the pipeline for cleaning the pipeline, conducting internal inspections, or other purposes. A pipeline loop is a segment of pipe constructed parallel to an existing pipeline to increase capacity.

³ The appendices referenced in this notice will not appear in the **Federal Register**. Copies of appendices were sent to all those receiving this notice in the mail and are available at www.ferc.gov using the link called "eLibrary" or from the Commission's Public Reference Room, 888 First Street NE., Washington, DC 20426, or call (202) 502-8371. For instructions on connecting to eLibrary, refer to the last page of this notice.

11.8 acres for permanent operation of the project's facilities; the remaining acreage would be restored and revert to former uses. All of the proposed pipeline route would parallel existing pipeline, utility, or road rights-of-way; about 3 percent of the proposed project would be contained within Eastern Shore's existing right-of-way and the rest of the project (97%) would be constructed on adjacent property.

The EA Process

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requires the Commission to take into account the environmental impacts that could result from an action whenever it considers the issuance of a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity. NEPA also requires us⁴ to discover and address concerns the public may have about proposals. This process is referred to as "scoping." The main goal of the scoping process is to focus the analysis in the EA on the important environmental issues. By this notice, the Commission requests public comments on the scope of the issues to address in the EA. We will consider all filed comments during the preparation of the EA.

In the EA we will discuss impacts that could occur as a result of the construction and operation of the proposed project under these general headings:

- geology and soils;
- land use;
- water resources, fisheries, and wetlands;
- cultural resources;
- vegetation and wildlife;
- air quality and noise;
- endangered and threatened species;
- public safety; and
- cumulative impacts.

We will also evaluate reasonable alternatives to the proposed project or portions of the project, and make recommendations on how to lessen or avoid impacts on the various resource areas.

The EA will present our independent analysis of the issues. The EA will be available in the public record through eLibrary. Depending on the comments received during the scoping process, we may also publish and distribute the EA to the public for an allotted comment period. We will consider all comments on the EA before making our recommendations to the Commission. To ensure we have the opportunity to consider and address your comments, please carefully follow the instructions

in the Public Participation section, beginning on page 2.

With this notice, we are asking agencies with jurisdiction by law and/or special expertise with respect to the environmental issues of this project to formally cooperate with us in the preparation of the EA.⁵ Agencies that would like to request cooperating agency status should follow the instructions for filing comments provided under the Public Participation section of this notice.

Consultations Under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

In accordance with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's implementing regulations for section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, we are using this notice to initiate consultation with the applicable State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), and to solicit their views and those of other government agencies, interested Indian tribes, and the public on the project's potential effects on historic properties.⁶ We will define the project-specific Area of Potential Effects (APE) in consultation with the SHPO as the project develops. On natural gas facility projects, the APE at a minimum encompasses all areas subject to ground disturbance (examples include construction right-of-way, contractor/pipe storage yards, compressor stations, and access roads). Our EA for this project will document our findings on the impacts on historic properties and summarize the status of consultations under section 106.

Environmental Mailing List

The environmental mailing list includes federal, state, and local government representatives and agencies; elected officials; environmental and public interest groups; Native American Tribes; other interested parties; and local libraries and newspapers. This list also includes all affected landowners (as defined in the Commission's regulations) who are potential right-of-way grantors, whose property may be used temporarily for project purposes, or who own homes within certain distances of aboveground facilities, and anyone who submits comments on the project. We will

⁵ The Council on Environmental Quality regulations addressing cooperating agency responsibilities are at Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1501.6.

⁶ The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's regulations are at Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 800. Those regulations define historic properties as any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.

update the environmental mailing list as the analysis proceeds to ensure that we send the information related to this environmental review to all individuals, organizations, and government entities interested in and/or potentially affected by the proposed project.

If we publish and distribute the EA, copies will be sent to the environmental mailing list for public review and comment. If you would prefer to receive a paper copy of the document instead of the CD version or would like to remove your name from the mailing list, please return the attached Information Request (appendix 2).

Becoming an Intervenor

In addition to involvement in the EA scoping process, you may want to become an "intervenor" which is an official party to the Commission's proceeding. Intervenor play a more formal role in the process and are able to file briefs, appear at hearings, and be heard by the courts if they choose to appeal the Commission's final ruling. An intervenor formally participates in the proceeding by filing a request to intervene. Instructions for becoming an intervenor are in the "Document-less Intervention Guide" under the "e-filing" link on the Commission's Web site. Motions to intervene are more fully described at <http://www.ferc.gov/resources/guides/how-to/intervene.asp>.

Additional Information

Additional information about the project is available from the Commission's Office of External Affairs, at (866) 208-FERC, or on the FERC Web site at www.ferc.gov using the "eLibrary" link. Click on the eLibrary link, click on "General Search" and enter the docket number, excluding the last three digits in the Docket Number field (*i.e.*, CP15-498). Be sure you have selected an appropriate date range. For assistance, please contact FERC Online Support at FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov or toll free at (866) 208-3676, or for TTY, contact (202) 502-8659. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

In addition, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription which allows you to keep track of all formal issuances and submittals in specific dockets. This can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings by automatically providing you with notification of these filings, document summaries, and direct links to the documents. Go to www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/esubscription.asp.

⁴ "We," "us," and "our" refer to the environmental staff of the Commission's Office of Energy Projects.

Finally, public meetings or site visits will be posted on the Commission's calendar located at www.ferc.gov/EventCalendar/EventsList.aspx along with other related information.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Kimberly D. Bose,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22915 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. CP15-539-000; CP15-514-000]

Columbia Gulf Transmission, LLC; Columbia Gas Transmission, LLC; Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for the Rayne Xpress Expansion Project, and Request for Comments on Environmental Issues

The staff of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) will evaluate the environmental impacts of the Rayne Xpress Expansion Project (project) in an environmental impact statement (EIS) being prepared for the related Leach Xpress Project filed by Columbia Gas Transmission (Columbia Gas) in Docket No. CP15-514.¹ The Rayne Xpress Expansion Project involves construction and operation of facilities by Columbia Gulf Transmission, LLC (Columbia Gulf) in Carter, Menifee and Montgomery Counties, Kentucky. The Commission will use this EIS in its decision-making process to determine whether the project is in the public convenience and necessity.

This notice announces the opening of the scoping process the Commission will use to gather input from the public and interested agencies on the project. You can make a difference by providing us with your specific comments or concerns about the project. Your comments should focus on the potential environmental effects, reasonable alternatives, and measures to avoid or lessen environmental impacts. Your input will help the Commission staff determine what issues they need to evaluate in the EIS. To ensure that your comments are timely and properly

recorded, please send your comments so that the Commission receives them in Washington, DC on or before October 5, 2015.

If you sent comments on this project to the Commission before the opening of this docket on July 29, 2015, you will need to file those comments in Docket No. CP15-539-000 to ensure they are considered as part of this proceeding.

This notice is being sent to the Commission's current environmental mailing list for this project. State and local government representatives should notify their constituents of this proposed project and encourage them to comment on their areas of concern.

If you are a landowner receiving this notice, a pipeline company representative may contact you about the acquisition of an easement to construct, operate, and maintain the proposed facilities. The company would seek to negotiate a mutually acceptable agreement. However, if the Commission approves the project, that approval conveys with it the right of eminent domain. Therefore, if easement negotiations fail to produce an agreement, the pipeline company could initiate condemnation proceedings where compensation would be determined in accordance with state law.

Columbia Gulf provided landowners with a fact sheet prepared by the FERC entitled "An Interstate Natural Gas Facility On My Land? What Do I Need To Know?" This fact sheet addresses a number of typically asked questions, including the use of eminent domain and how to participate in the Commission's proceedings. It is also available for viewing on the FERC Web site (www.ferc.gov).

Public Participation

For your convenience, there are three methods you can use to submit your comments to the Commission. The Commission encourages electronic filing of comments and has expert staff available to assist you at (202) 502-8258 or efiling@ferc.gov. Please carefully follow these instructions so that your comments are properly recorded.

(1) You can file your comments electronically using the *eComment* feature on the Commission's Web site (www.ferc.gov) under the link to *Documents and Filings*. This is an easy method for submitting brief, text-only comments on a project;

(2) You can file your comments electronically by using the *eFiling* feature on the Commission's Web site (www.ferc.gov) under the link to *Documents and Filings*. With eFiling, you can provide comments in a variety

of formats by attaching them as a file with your submission. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on "eRegister." If you are filing a comment on a particular project, please select "Comment on a Filing" as the filing type; or

(3) You can file a paper copy of your comments by mailing them to the following address. Be sure to reference the project docket number (CP15-539-000) with your submission:

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE., Room 1A, Washington, DC 20426.

Summary of the Proposed Project

Columbia Gulf plans to construct and operate 51,800 horsepower (hp) of new compression in Carter, Menifee and Montgomery Counties, Kentucky, and modification of the existing Means Measurement and Regulation Station in Montgomery County, Kentucky. The project would provide about 621,000 Dekatherms per day of firm transportation on its system.

The project would consist of the following facilities:

- A new 36,400 hp Grayson Compressor Station consisting of two gas-driven compressor units at Milepost (MP) 68 on Columbia Gulf's existing Mainline 100, 200 and 300 pipelines in in Carter County, Kentucky;
- a new 15,400 hp Means Compressor Station consisting of two gas-driven compressor units at MP 6.5 on Columbia Gulf's existing Mainline 100, 200 and 300 pipelines in in Menifee and Montgomery Counties, Kentucky; and
- modifications to station piping and Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition systems at the existing Means Measurement and Regulation Station in Montgomery County, Kentucky.

The general location of the project facilities is shown in appendix 2.

Land Requirements for Construction

Construction of the proposed facilities would disturb about 34 acres of land, converting about 17 acres of land to industrial land use under permanent operation of the project's facilities. Columbia Gulf would restore the remaining acreage to former uses.

The EIS Process

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requires the Commission to take into account the environmental impacts that could result from an action whenever it considers the issuance of a Certificate of Public Convenience and

¹ A Notice of Application was issued on June 22, 2015 for the Leach Xpress Project. The NOI stated that Columbia Gulf, one of Columbia Gas's affiliates, may be proposing a project which may have some connection to the Leach Xpress Project. The Leach Xpress Project was in the pre-filing phase until filed on June 8, 2015 under Docket No. PF14-023.

Necessity. NEPA also requires us² to discover and address concerns the public may have about proposals. This process is referred to as scoping. The main goal of the scoping process is to focus the analysis in the EIS on the important environmental issues. By this notice, the Commission requests public comments on the scope of the issues to address in the EIS. We will consider all filed comments during the preparation of the EIS.

In the EIS we will discuss impacts that could occur as a result of the construction and operation of the proposed project under these general headings:

- Geology;
- soils;
- water resources, including surface water and groundwater;
- wetlands;
- vegetation and wildlife, including migratory birds;
- fisheries and aquatic resources;
- threatened, endangered, and other special status species;
- land use, recreation, special interest areas, and visual resources;
- socioeconomics;
- cultural resources;
- air quality and noise;
- public safety and reliability; and
- cumulative environmental impacts.

We will also evaluate possible alternatives to the proposed project or portions of the project, and make recommendations on how to lessen or avoid impacts on the various resource areas.

The EIS will present our independent analysis of the issues. We will publish and distribute the draft EIS for public comment. After the comment period, we will consider all timely comments and revise the document, as necessary, before issuing a final EIS. To ensure we have the opportunity to consider and address your comments, please carefully follow the instructions in the Public Participation section beginning on page 2.

With this notice, we are asking agencies with jurisdiction by law and/or special expertise with respect to the environmental issues related to this project to formally cooperate with us in the preparation of the EIS.³ Agencies that would like to request cooperating agency status should follow the instructions for filing comments

provided under the Public Participation section of this notice.

Consultations Under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act

In accordance with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's implementing regulations for section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, we are using this notice to initiate consultation with the applicable State Historic Preservation Office(s), and to solicit their views and those of other government agencies, interested Indian tribes, and the public on the project's potential effects on historic properties.⁴ We will define the project-specific Area of Potential Effects (APE) in consultation with the SHPO(s) as the project develops. On natural gas facility projects, the APE at a minimum encompasses all areas subject to ground disturbance (examples include construction right-of-way, contractor/pipe storage yards, compressor stations, and access roads). Our EIS for this project will document our findings on the impacts on historic properties and summarize the status of consultations under section 106.

Environmental Mailing List

The environmental mailing list includes federal, state, and local government representatives and agencies; elected officials; environmental and public interest groups; Native American Tribes; other interested parties; and local libraries and newspapers. This list also includes all affected landowners (as defined in the Commission's regulations) who are potential right-of-way grantors, whose property may be used temporarily for project purposes, or who own homes within certain distances of aboveground facilities, and anyone who submits comments on the project. We will update the environmental mailing list as the analysis proceeds to ensure that we send the information related to this environmental review to all individuals, organizations, and government entities interested in and/or potentially affected by the proposed project.

Copies of the completed draft EIS will be sent to the environmental mailing list for public review and comment. If you would prefer to receive a paper copy of the document instead of the CD version or would like to remove your name from the mailing list, please return the

attached Information Request (appendix 2).

Becoming an Intervenor

In addition to involvement in the EA scoping process, you may want to become an "intervenor" which is an official party to the Commission's proceeding. Intervenors play a more formal role in the process and are able to file briefs, appear at hearings, and be heard by the courts if they choose to appeal the Commission's final ruling. An intervenor formally participates in the proceeding by filing a request to intervene. Instructions for becoming an intervenor are in the "Document-less Intervention Guide" under the "e-filing" link on the Commission's Web site. Motions to intervene are more fully described at <http://www.ferc.gov/resources/guides/how-to/intervene.asp>.

Additional Information

Additional information about the project is available from the Commission's Office of External Affairs, at (866) 208-FERC, or on the FERC Web site at www.ferc.gov using the "eLibrary" link. Click on the eLibrary link, click on "General Search" and enter the docket number, excluding the last three digits in the Docket Number field (*i.e.*, CP15-539). Be sure you have selected an appropriate date range. For assistance, please contact FERC Online Support at FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov or toll free at (866) 208-3676, or for TTY, contact (202) 502-8659. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

In addition, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription which allows you to keep track of all formal issuances and submittals in specific dockets. This can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings by automatically providing you with notification of these filings, document summaries, and direct links to the documents. Go to www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/subscription.asp.

Finally, public meetings or site visits will be posted on the Commission's calendar located at www.ferc.gov/EventCalendar/EventsList.aspx along with other related information.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22917 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

² "We," "us," and "our" refer to the environmental staff of the Commission's Office of Energy Projects.

³ The Council on Environmental Quality regulations addressing cooperating agency responsibilities are at Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1501.6.

⁴ The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation regulations are at Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 800. Those regulations define historic properties as any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OAR-2015-0202; FRL-9933-72-OEI]

Information Collection Request Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval; Comment Request; Recordkeeping and Reporting Related to E15**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).**ACTION:** Notice.**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency has submitted an information collection request (ICR),

“Recordkeeping and Reporting Related to E15” (EPA ICR No. 2408.04, OMB Control No. 2060-0675) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). Public comments were previously requested via the **Federal Register** (80 FR 15595) on March 24, 2015 during a 60-day comment period. This notice allows for an additional 30 days for public comments. A fuller description of the ICR is given below, including its estimated burden and cost to the public. An Agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

DATES: Additional comments may be submitted on or before October 13, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, referencing Docket ID Number EPA-HQ-OAR-2015-0202, to (1) EPA online using www.regulations.gov (our preferred method), by email to a-and-r-Docket@epa.gov, or by mail to: EPA Docket Center, Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Code 28221T, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460, and (2) OMB via email to oira_submission@omb.eop.gov. Address comments to OMB Desk Officer for EPA.

EPA’s policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes profanity, threats, information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Geanetta Heard, Fuel Compliance Center, 6406J, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: 202-343-9017 fax number:

202-565-2085 email address: heard.geanetta@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Supporting documents, which explain in detail the information that the EPA will be collecting, are available in the public docket for this ICR. The docket can be viewed online at www.regulations.gov or in person at the EPA Docket Center, EPA West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The telephone number for the Docket Center is 202-566-1744. For additional information about EPA’s public docket, visit <http://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

Abstract: Under the Clean Air Act (CAA), EPA granted partial waivers that allow gasoline containing greater than 10 volume percent (vol%) ethanol up to 15 vol% ethanol (E15) to be introduced into commerce for use in model year (MY) 2001 and newer light-duty motor vehicles, subject to certain conditions. EPA issued final rule establishing several measures to mitigate misfueling of other vehicles, engines and equipment with E15 and the potential emissions consequences of misfueling. The rule prohibits the use of gasoline containing more than 10 vol% ethanol in vehicles, engines and equipment that are not covered by the partial waiver decisions. The rule also requires all E15 gasoline fuel dispensers to have a specific label when a retail station or wholesale-purchaser consumer chooses to sell E15. In addition, the rule requires that product transfer documents (PTDs) specifying ethanol content and Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) accompany the transfer of gasoline blended with ethanol, and a survey of retail stations to ensure compliance with these requirements. The rule also modifies the Reformulated Gasoline (RFG) program by updating the Complex Model to allow fuel manufacturers to certify batches of gasoline containing up to 15 vol% ethanol. This ICR supporting statement addresses associated recordkeeping and reporting items.

Respondent’s obligation to respond: Mandatory (40 CFR part 80).

Estimated number of respondents: 2,103 (total).

Estimated number of responses: 44,000,103.

Frequency of response: On occasion.
Total estimated burden: 13,270 hours (per year). Burden is defined at 5 CFR 1320.03(b).

Total estimated cost: \$ 1,340,292, which includes no annualized capital or operation & maintenance costs.

Changes in Estimates: We expect there will be a decrease in the total estimated respondents, responses and

cost to the industry compared to the ICR currently approved by OMB. This change in burden is due to no longer requiring the programing of product transfer codes in this collection. The respondent universe decreased from 6,211 to 2,103, a difference of 4,108 members. The number of responses declined from 44,010,211 to 44,000,103, a difference of 10,108 reports. This reduced the industry burden hours from 37,350 to 13,270.

Courtney Kerwin,

Acting Director, Collection Strategies Division.

[FR Doc. 2015-22900 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

[ER-FRL-9022-8]

Environmental Impact Statements; Notice of Availability

Responsible Agency: Office of Federal Activities, General Information (202) 564-7146 or <http://www2.epa.gov/nepa>. Weekly receipt of Environmental Impact Statements (EISs). Filed 08/31/2015 Through 09/04/2015. Pursuant to 40 CFR 1506.9.

Notice

Section 309(a) of the Clean Air Act requires that EPA make public its comments on EISs issued by other Federal agencies. EPA’s comment letters on EISs are available at: <http://www.cdxdodengn.epa.gov/cdx-enepa-public/action/eis/search>.

EIS No. 20150253, Draft, USACE, PR, Caño Martín Peña Ecosystem Restoration Project, Comment Period Ends: 10/26/2015, Contact: Jim Suggs 904-232-1018.

EIS No. 20150254, Draft, FRA, AZ, Arizona Passenger Rail Corridor: Tucson to Phoenix, Comment Period Ends: 10/30/2015, Contact: Andrea Martin 202-493-6201.

EIS No. 20150255, Draft, USACE, TX, Sabine Pass to Galveston Bay, Texas, Coastal Storm Risk Reduction and Ecosystem Restoration, Comment Period Ends: 10/26/2015, Contact: Janelle Stokes 409-766-3039.

EIS No. 20150256, Draft, FERC, FL, Southeast Market Pipeline Project, Comment Period Ends: 10/26/2015, Contact: John Peconom 202-502-6352.

EIS No. 20150257, Final, USDA, PRO, Programmatic—Asian Longhorned Beetle Eradication Program, Review Period Ends: 10/12/2015, Contact: Jim E. Warren 202-316-3216.

EIS No. 20150258, Draft, USACE, CA,
Panoche Valley Solar Facility,
Comment Period Ends: 10/26/2015,
Contact: Lisa M. Gibson 916-557-
5288.

Amended Notices

EIS No. 20150210, Draft, USFS, WY,
Teton to Snake Fuels Management,
Comment Period Ends: 10/05/2015,
Contact: Steve Markason 307-739-
5431 Revision to FR Notice Published
08/07/2015; Extending Comment
Period from 09/21/2015 to 10/05/
2015.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Karin Leff,

*Acting Director, NEPA Compliance Division,
Office of Federal Activities.*

[FR Doc. 2015-22932 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OECA-2014-0089; FRL-9933-
40-OEI]

Information Collection Request Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval; Comment Request; NESHP for Semiconductor Manufacturing (Renewal)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection
Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency has submitted an information collection request (ICR), "NESHP for Semiconductor Manufacturing (40 CFR part 63, subpart BBBBB) (Renewal)" (EPA ICR No. 2042.06, OMB Control No. 2060-0519), to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). This is a proposed extension of the ICR, which is currently approved through September 30, 2015. Public comments were previously requested via the **Federal Register** (79 FR 30117) on May 27, 2014 during a 60-day comment period. This notice allows for an additional 30 days for public comments. A fuller description of the ICR is given below, including its estimated burden and cost to the public. An Agency may neither conduct nor sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

DATES: Additional comments may be submitted on or before October 13, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, referencing Docket ID Number EPA-HQ-OECA-2014-0089, to: (1) EPA online using www.regulations.gov (our preferred method); or by email to docket.oeca@epa.gov, or by mail to: EPA Docket Center, Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Code 28221T, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460; and (2) OMB via email to oira_submission@omb.eop.gov. Address comments to OMB Desk Officer for EPA.

EPA's policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes profanity, threats, information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI), or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Patrick Yellin, Monitoring, Assistance, and Media Programs Division, Office of Compliance, Mail Code 2227A, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 564-2970; fax number: (202) 564-0050; email address: yellin.patrick@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Supporting documents which explain in detail the information that the EPA will be collecting are available in the public docket for this ICR. The docket can be viewed online at www.regulations.gov or in person at the EPA Docket Center, WJC West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The telephone number for the Docket Center is 202-566-1744. For additional information about EPA's public docket, visit: <http://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

Abstract: The affected entities are subject to the General Provisions of the NESHP (40 CFR part 63, subpart A), and any changes, or additions to the Provisions specified at 40 CFR part 63, subpart BBBBB. Owners or operators of the affected facilities must submit an initial notification report, performance tests, and periodic reports and results. Owners or operators are also required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility, or any period during which the monitoring system is inoperative. Reports, at a minimum, are required semiannually.

Form Numbers: None.

Respondents/affected entities:

Semiconductor manufacturing facilities.

Respondent's obligation to respond: Mandatory (40 CFR part 63, subpart BBBBB).

Estimated number of respondents: 1 (total).

Frequency of response: Initially, occasionally and semiannually.

Total estimated burden: 41 hours (per year). Burden is defined at 5 CFR 1320.3(b).

Total estimated cost: \$4,710 (per year), including \$550 in either annualized capital/start-up and/or operation & maintenance costs.

Changes in the Estimates: There is a small increase in the respondent burden from the most-recently approved ICR due to an update in assumption and an adjustment in labor rates. In this ICR, we assume the existing major source will read and re-familiar with the rule requirement annually. We have also updated all burden calculations using the latest labor rates from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Courtney Kerwin,

*Acting Director, Collection Strategies
Division.*

[FR Doc. 2015-22896 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OECA-2014-0031; FRL-9933-
85-OEI]

Information Collection Request Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval; Comment Request; NSPS for Petroleum Dry Cleaners (Renewal)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection
Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency has submitted an information collection request (ICR), "NSPS for Petroleum Dry Cleaners (40 CFR part 60, subpart JJJ) (Renewal)" (EPA ICR No. 0997.11, OMB Control No. 2060-0079), to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). This is a proposed extension of the ICR, which is currently approved through September 30, 2015. Public comments were previously requested via the **Federal Register** (79 FR 30117) on May 27, 2014 during a 60-day comment period. This notice allows for an additional 30 days for public comments. A fuller description of the ICR is given below, including its estimated burden and cost to the public. An Agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

DATES: Additional comments may be submitted on or before October 13, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, referencing Docket ID Number EPA-HQ-OECA-2014-0031, to: (1) EPA online using www.regulations.gov (our preferred method), or by email to docket.oeca@epa.gov, or by mail to: EPA Docket Center, Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Code 28221T, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460; and (2) OMB via email to oira_submission@omb.eop.gov. Address comments to OMB Desk Officer for EPA.

EPA's policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes profanity, threats, information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI), or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick Yellin, Monitoring, Assistance, and Media Programs Division, Office of Compliance, Mail Code 2227A, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 564-2970; fax number: (202) 564-0050; email address: yellin.patrick@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Supporting documents which explain in detail the information that the EPA will be collecting are available in the public docket for this ICR. The docket can be viewed online at www.regulations.gov or in person at the EPA Docket Center, WJC West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The telephone number for the Docket Center is 202-566-1744. For additional information about EPA's public docket, visit: <http://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

Abstract: The affected entities are subject to the General Provisions of the NSPS (40 CFR part 60, subpart A) and any changes, or additions, to the Provisions are specified at 40 CFR part 60, subpart JJJ. Owners or operators of the affected facilities must make an initial notification, performance tests, and maintain records of the initial and repeat performance test.

Form Numbers: None.

Respondents/affected entities: Petroleum dry cleaners.

Respondent's obligation to respond: Mandatory (40 CFR part 60, subpart JJJ).

Estimated number of respondents: 20 (total).

Frequency of response: Initially.

Total estimated burden: 1,850 hours (per year). Burden is defined at 5 CFR 1320.3(b).

Total estimated cost: \$186,000 (per year), including \$0 for annualized capital/startup and/or operation & maintenance costs.

Changes in the Estimates: In addition, we have updated all calculations using the latest labor rates, which results in an adjustment increase in total labor costs.

Courtney Kerwin,

Acting Director, Collection Strategies Division.

[FR Doc. 2015-22901 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OECA-2014-0071; FRL-9933-70-OEI]

Information Collection Request Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval; Comment Request; NESHAP for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (Renewal)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency has submitted an information collection request (ICR), "NESHAP for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (40 CFR part 63, subpart VVV) (Renewal)" (EPA ICR No. 1891.07, OMB Control No. 2060-0428), to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). This is a proposed extension of the ICR, which is currently approved through September 30, 2015. Public comments were previously requested via the **Federal Register** (79 FR 30117) on May 27, 2014 during a 60-day comment period. This notice allows for an additional 30 days for public comments. A fuller description of the ICR is given below, including its estimated burden and cost to the public. An Agency may neither conduct nor sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

DATES: Additional comments may be submitted on or before October 13, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, referencing Docket ID Number EPA-HQ-OECA-2014-0071, to (1) EPA online using www.regulations.gov (our preferred method), or by email to docket.oeca@epa.gov, or by mail to: EPA

Docket Center, Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Code 28221T, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460; and (2) OMB via email to oira_submission@omb.eop.gov. Address comments to OMB Desk Officer for EPA.

EPA's policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes profanity, threats, information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI), or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick Yellin, Monitoring, Assistance, and Media Programs Division, Office of Compliance, Mail Code 2227A, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 564-2970; fax number: (202) 564-0050; email address: yellin.patrick@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Supporting documents which explain in detail the information that the EPA will be collecting are available in the public docket for this ICR. The docket can be viewed online at www.regulations.gov or in person at the EPA Docket Center, WJC West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The telephone number for the Docket Center is (202) 566-1744. For additional information about EPA's public docket, visit: www.epa.gov/dockets.

Abstract: The affected entities are subject to the General Provisions of the NESHAP (40 CFR part 63, subpart A), and any changes or additions to the Provisions are specified at 40 CFR part 63, subpart VVV. Owners or operators of the affected facilities must submit initial notification reports, performance tests, and periodic reports and results. Owners or operators are also required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility, or any period during which the monitoring system is inoperative. Reports, at a minimum, are required semiannually.

Form Numbers: None.

Respondents/affected entities: Owners and operators of publicly owned treatment works.

Respondent's obligation to respond: Mandatory (40 CFR part 63, subpart VVV).

Estimated number of respondents: 6 (total).

Frequency of response: Initially, occasionally, and semiannually.

Total estimated burden: 17 hours (per year). Burden is defined at 5 CFR 1320.3(b).

Total estimated cost: \$1,730 (per year), including no annualized capital/startup and/or operation & maintenance costs.

Changes in the Estimates: There is an increase in the respondent burden from the most recently approved ICR. This increase is not due to any program changes. EPA revised the burden calculations to assume that all respondents incur a rule familiarization burden annually. Previously, EPA assumed that only new sources would incur this burden. This change resulted in the burden increase in this ICR.

Courtney Kerwin,

Acting-Director, Collection Strategies Division.

[FR Doc. 2015-22902 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-R08-OAR-2015-0450; FRL-9933-91-Region 8]

Adequacy Determination for the Cache County PM_{2.5} Attainment Plan's Motor Vehicle Emissions Budgets for Transportation Conformity Purposes; State of Utah

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of adequacy.

SUMMARY: In this notice, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is notifying the public that the EPA has found the following adequate for transportation conformity purposes: The Cache County, Logan, UT-ID PM_{2.5} Attainment Plan, Utah State Implementation Plan Section IX. Part A.23 and its motor vehicle emissions budgets (MVEB). As more fully explained in the Supplementary Information section of this notice, this finding will affect future transportation conformity determinations.

DATES: This finding is effective on September 28, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Russ, Air Program, Mailcode 8P-AR, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8, 1595 Wynkoop Street, Denver, Colorado 80202-1129, telephone number (303) 312-6479, fax number (303) 312-6064, or email russ.tim@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document, whenever "we," "us," or "our," are used, we mean

the EPA. Whenever "State" is used, we mean the State of Utah.

Transportation conformity is required by section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act (CAA). The conformity rule provisions at 40 CFR 93 require that transportation plans, programs, and projects conform to a State Implementation Plan (SIP) and establish the criteria and procedures for determining whether or not they do. Conformity to a SIP means that transportation activities will not produce new air quality violations, worsen existing violations, or delay timely attainment of the National Ambient Air Quality Standard.

The criteria by which we determine whether a SIP revision's MVEBs are adequate for conformity purposes are outlined in 40 CFR 93.118(e)(4), which was promulgated August 15, 1997 (62 FR 43780). We described our process for determining the adequacy of submitted SIP MVEBs in our July 1, 2004 Transportation Conformity Rule Amendments (69 FR 40004). We used these resources in making our adequacy determinations announced in this notice.

This notice is simply an announcement of findings that we have already made and are as described below:

The Governor submitted the Cache County, Logan, UT-ID PM_{2.5} Attainment Plan, Utah SIP Section IX. Part A.23¹ to EPA on December 16, 2014. The State prepared the SIP revision submittal to meet the requirements of Part D of Title I of the CAA for PM_{2.5} attainment plans, subparts 1 and 4 for "moderate" areas. As part of our adequacy review, we posted the Cache County, Logan, UT-ID PM_{2.5} Attainment Plan, Utah SIP Section IX. Part A.23, with its identified MVEBs, for adequacy review on EPA's transportation conformity Web site on March 23, 2015 (see: <http://www.epa.gov/otaq/stateresources/transconf/currstips.htm>). We requested public comments by April 22, 2015. We did not receive any comments. The EPA sent a letter to the Utah Division of Air Quality on June 17, 2015, stating that the submitted Cache County, Logan, UT-ID PM_{2.5} Attainment Plan, Utah SIP Section IX. Part A.23 and its MVEBs were adequate for transportation conformity purposes.

For the Cache County, Logan, UT-ID PM_{2.5} Attainment Plan, Utah SIP Section IX. Part A.23, the MVEBs we found adequate were 0.32 tons per day (tpd) for PM_{2.5}, 4.49 tpd for nitrogen oxides, and 3.23 tpd for volatile organic compounds. Following the effective

¹ PM_{2.5} refers to particulate matter less than or equal to 2.5 microns in diameter.

date listed in the **DATES** section of this notice, the Cache County Metropolitan Planning Organization, the Utah Department of Transportation, and the U.S. Department of Transportation are required to use these MVEBs for future transportation conformity determinations for projects in the Cache County, Logan, UT-ID PM_{2.5} nonattainment area.

Please note that our adequacy review of the MVEBs as described above is separate from our future rulemaking action on the Cache County, Logan, UT-ID PM_{2.5} Attainment Plan, Utah SIP Section IX. Part A.23 revision discussed above and should not be used to prejudge our ultimate approval or disapproval of that SIP revision. Even if we find the Cache County, Logan, UT-ID PM_{2.5} Attainment Plan and its MVEBs adequate for transportation conformity purposes now, we may later find it necessary to disapprove the SIP revision. Should this situation arise, we would then revisit our adequacy finding.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

Dated: August 26, 2015.

Shaun L. McGrath,

Regional Administrator, Region 8.

[FR Doc. 2015-22942 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

[Docket No. 15-08]

General Motors LLC v. Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha; Wallenius Wilhelmsen Logistics As; Eukor Car Carriers Inc.

Notice of Filing of Complaint and Assignment

Notice is given that a complaint has been filed with the Federal Maritime Commission (Commission) by General Motors LLC, hereinafter "Complainant," against Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha ("NYK Japan"), Wallenius Wilhelmsen Logistics AS ("WWL Norway"), and EUKOR Car Carriers Inc. ("EUKOR"), hereinafter "Respondents." Complainant states it is a Delaware limited liability company and "one of the world's largest automobile original equipment manufacturers." Complainant alleges that Respondent NYK Japan is a Japanese company that ships vehicles "into and out of the United States." Complainant alleges that Respondent WWL Norway is a Norwegian company that provides "Vehicle Carrier Services for shipments to and from the United States." Complainant alleges that Respondent

EUKOR is a South Korean company that provides "Vehicle Carrier Services for shipments to and from the United States."

Complainant alleges that "Respondents have entered in to a secret, unfiled, and not yet effective and/or unlawful agreement and or agreements to allocate customers, raise and fix prices, and rig bids in violation of the Shipping Act. These statutory violations include, but are not limited to 46 U.S.C. 40302(a), 41102(b)(1), 41102(c), 41103(a)(1) and (2), 41104(10), 41105(1) and (6), and 46 CFR 535.401, *et. seq.*"

Complainant seeks reparations "in a sum to be proven under 46 U.S.C. 41305, with interest . . . and reasonable attorney's fees . . ." and that it "be awarded double its proven actual injury under 46 U.S.C. 41102(b) and 41105(1)."

The full text of the complaint can be found in the Commission's Electronic Reading Room at www.fmc.gov/15-08/.

This proceeding is assigned to the Office of Administrative Law Judges. The initial decision of the presiding officer in this proceeding shall be issued by September 6, 2016, and the final decision of the Commission shall be issued by March 6, 2017.

Rachel E. Dickon,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22910 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Notice of Request for Additional Information

The Commission gives notice that it has formally requested that the parties to the below listed agreement provide additional information pursuant to 46 U.S.C. 40304(d). This action prevents the agreement from becoming effective as originally scheduled. Interested parties may file comments within fifteen (15) days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

Agreement No.: 202202-006.

Title: Oakland MTO Agreement.

Parties: Ports America Outer Harbor Terminal, LLC; Seaside Transportation Service LLC; SSA Terminals, LLC; SSA Terminals (Oakland), LLC; and Trapac, LLC.

By Order of the Federal Maritime Commission.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Rachel E. Dickon,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22909 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Notice of Agreement Filed

The Commission hereby gives notice of the filing of the following agreement under the Shipping Act of 1984. Interested parties may submit comments on the agreement to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, DC 20573, within twelve days of the date this notice appears in the **Federal Register**. A copy of the agreement is available through the Commission's Web site (www.fmc.gov) or by contacting the Office of Agreements at (202) 523-5793 or tradeanalysis@fmc.gov.

Agreement No.: 011795-005.

Title: Puerto Rican Cross Space Charter and Sailing Agreement.

Parties: Compania Sud Americana de Vapores S.A.; Norasia Container Lines Limited; and Compania Chilena de Navegacion Interocceanica S.A.

Filing Party: Wayne Rohde, Esq.; Cozen O'Connor; 1200 19th Street NW.; Washington, DC 20036.

Synopsis: The amendment would delete CCNI, CSAV and Norasia as parties to the agreement and replace them with Hamburg Sud (in the case of CCNI) and Hapag-Lloyd (in the case of CSAV and Norasia). The amendment would also delete obsolete language from the agreement.

By Order of the Federal Maritime Commission.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Rachel E. Dickon,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22912 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting

AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING: Federal Maritime Commission.

TIME AND DATE: September 16, 2015; 10:00 a.m.

PLACE: 800 N. Capitol Street NW., First Floor Hearing Room, Washington, DC.

STATUS: The first portion of the meeting will be held in Open Session; the second in Closed Session.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

Open Session

1. Time and Service in Commission Adjudicatory Proceedings—Direct Final Rule

Closed Session

1. Ocean Common Carrier and Marine Terminal Operator Agreements

Subject to the 1984 Shipping Act—Regulatory Review
2. Staff Briefing on the West Coast Marine Terminal Operator Agreement, FMC Agreement No. 201143

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Karen V. Gregory, Secretary, (202) 523-5725.

Rachel E. Dickon,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-23058 Filed 9-9-15; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

[Docket No. 15-07]

Goodwin International Ltd v. Air Sea International Forwarding Inc. and Ray Tobia; Notice of Filing of Complaint and Assignment

Notice is given that a complaint has been filed with the Federal Maritime Commission (Commission) by Goodwin International Ltd., hereinafter "Complainant," against Air Sea International Forwarding Inc. and Ray Tobia, hereinafter "Respondents." Complainants states it is a United Kingdom corporation that "designs, manufactures, and supplies check valves and exports the check valves internationally." Complainant alleges that Respondent is a Commission licensed non-vessel operating common carrier and a New Jersey corporation.

Complainant alleges that in connection with delivery of Complainant's imports Respondent collected from Complainant "for the correct duty rate at 5%, and by paying the U.S. Customs through the Customs broker a lower rate at 2%, 3% or zero" and by "filing of false and fraudulent documentation" violated 46 U.S.C. 41102(c), 46 CFR 515.11(a)(1), and 46 CFR 515.31(e).

Complainants seek reparations in the amount of \$209,712.24, plus "interest and any penalties, as may be proven during the course of this proceeding, with interest as may lawfully [sic] permitted by law, costs, and attorney's fees.

The full text of the complaint can be found in the Commission's Electronic Reading Room at www.fmc.gov/15-07/.

This proceeding has been assigned to the Office of Administrative Law Judges. Complainant also filed a Motion for Confidential Treatment of certain attachments to the complaint, which will be directed to the Office of Administrative Law Judges. The initial decision of the presiding officer in this proceeding shall be issued by

September 6, 2016, and the final decision of the Commission shall be issued by March 6, 2017.

Rachel E. Dickon,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2015-22913 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6731-AA-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Agency Information Collection Activities: Announcement of Board Approval Under Delegated Authority and Submission to OMB

AGENCY: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given of the final approval of proposed information collections by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board) under OMB delegated authority, as per 5 CFR 1320.16 (OMB Regulations on Controlling Paperwork Burdens on the Public). Board-approved collections of information are incorporated into the official OMB inventory of currently approved collections of information. Copies of the Paperwork Reduction Act Submission, supporting statements and approved collection of information instrument(s) are placed into OMB's public docket files. The Federal Reserve may not conduct or sponsor, and the respondent is not required to respond to, an information collection that has been extended, revised, or implemented on or after October 1, 1995, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Federal Reserve Board Clearance Officer—Nuha Elmaghrabi—Office of the Chief Data Officer, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551 (202) 452-3829. Telecommunications Device for the Deaf (TDD) users may contact (202) 263-4869, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551.

OMB Desk Officer—Shagufta Ahmed—Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, 725 17th Street NW., Washington, DC 20503.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Final approval under OMB delegated authority of the extension for three years, without revision, of the following reports:

1. *Report title:* Notice of Mutual Holding Company Reorganization and the Application for Approval of a

Minority Stock Issuance by a Savings Association Subsidiary of a Mutual Holding Company.

Agency form number: Form 1522; Form 1523.

OMB control number: 7100-0340.

Frequency: On occasion.

Reporters: Mutual savings associations and savings association subsidiaries or subsidiary holding companies of a mutual holding company.

Estimated annual reporting hours: Form 1522: 400 hours; Form 1523: 1,050 hours.

Estimated average hours per response: Form 1522: 400 hours; Form 1523: 350 hours.

Number of respondents: Form 1522: 1; Form 1523: 3.

General description of report: Forms 1522 and 1523 are mandatory and authorized pursuant to section 10 of the Home Owners' Loan Act (HOLA). Section 10 of HOLA ("Regulations of holding companies") provides generally that "[t]he Board is authorized to issue such regulations . . . as the Board deems necessary or appropriate to enable the Board to administer and carry out the purposes of this section, and to require compliance therewith and prevent evasions thereof." (12 U.S.C. 1467a(g)(1)). With respect to mutual holding companies, HOLA states that a mutual holding company "shall be subject to such regulations as the Board may prescribe." (12 U.S.C. 1467a(o)(7)). Section 10 of HOLA also requires a savings and loan holding company to file "such reports as may be required by the Board" and provides that such reports "shall contain such information concerning the operations of such savings and loan holding company and its subsidiaries as the Board may require." (12 U.S.C. 1467a(b)(2)).

The information on Forms 1522 and 1523 generally are not considered confidential. However, the notificant or applicant may request confidential treatment for portions of these forms pursuant to exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act, (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4)) if it believes disclosure of those portions would likely result in substantial competitive harm. All such requests for confidential treatment would need to be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and in response to a specific request for disclosure.

Abstract: Any mutual savings association that wishes to reorganize to form a mutual holding company must submit a notice (Form 1522) to the Federal Reserve. The notice provides details of the reorganization plan, which is to be approved by the majority of the

association's board of directors and any acquired association. Details of the reorganization plan should contain a complete description of all significant terms of the proposed reorganization, shall attach and incorporate any Stock Issuance Plan proposed in connection with the reorganization plan, and comply with other informational requirements specified in (12 CFR 239.6).

Any savings association subsidiary or subsidiary holding company of a mutual holding company must file an application (Form 1523) for minority stock issuance. Minority stock issuances applications are required to provide the Federal Reserve with information to determine whether mutual holding companies and their subsidiaries are conducting insider abuse or unsafe and unsound practices.

The Federal Reserve intends to update and revise the Notice and Application to conform to Federal Reserve standards in the near future.

Current Actions: On June 17, 2015, the Federal Reserve published a notice in the **Federal Register** (80 FR 34641) requesting public comment for 60 days on the extension, without revision, of the Notice of Mutual Holding Company Reorganization and the Application for Approval of a Minority Stock Issuance by a Savings Association Subsidiary of a Mutual Holding Company. The comment period for this notice expired on August 17, 2015. The Federal Reserve did not receive any comments. The information collection will be extended as proposed.

2. *Report title:* Application for Conversion, Proxy Statement, Offering Circular, and Order Form.

Agency form number: Form 1680, Form 1681, Form 1682, Form 1683.

OMB control number: 7100-0335.

Frequency: On occasion.

Reporters: Mutual holding companies.

Estimated annual reporting hours: Form 1680: 2,990 hours; Form 1681: 50 hours; Form 1682: 1.50 hours; Form 1683: 10 hours.

Estimated average hours per response: Form 1680: 299 hours; Form 1681: 500 hours; Form 1682: 150 hours; Form 1683: 1 hour.

Number of respondents: Form 1680: 10; Form 1681: 10; Form 1682: 10; Form 1683: 10.

General description of report: The mutual stock conversion forms are mandatory and authorized by Home Owners' Loan Act (HOLA) section 10, which provides generally that "the Board is authorized to issue such regulations . . . as the Board deems necessary or appropriate to enable the Board to administer and carry out the

purposes of this section, and to require compliance therewith and prevent evasions thereof.” (12 U.S.C. 1467a(g)(1)). With respect to mutual holding companies, HOLA states that a mutual holding company “shall be subject to such regulations as the Board may prescribe.” (12 U.S.C. 1467a(o)(7)). Section 10 of HOLA also requires a savings and loan holding company to file “such reports as may be required by the Board” and provides that such reports “shall contain such information concerning the operations of such savings and loan holding company and its subsidiaries as the Board may require.” (12 U.S.C. 1467a(b)(2)).

Forms 1681, 1682, and 1683 are distributed to the owners of the mutual holding company; no issues of confidentiality should arise in connection with these forms. One of the elements required for the application on Form 1680 is a consolidated business plan showing how the capital acquired in the conversion will be used. Business plans are not considered confidential, although the applicant may request confidential treatment pursuant to sections (b)(4), of the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4),) for portions of the business plan if disclosure would likely result in substantial competitive harm. All such requests for confidential treatment would need to be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and in response to a specific request for disclosure.

Abstract: Sections 5(i) (standard conversions) and 5(p) (supervisory conversions) of HOLA authorize mutual to stock conversions. The four individual forms are all one-time submissions that are used by mutual holding companies requesting approval to convert to a stock institution. The Federal Reserve intends to update and revise the mutual stock conversion application forms to conform to Federal Reserve standards in the near future.

Current Actions: On June 17, 2015, the Federal Reserve published a notice in the **Federal Register** (80 FR 34641) requesting public comment for 60 days on the extension, without revision, of the Application for Conversion, Proxy Statement, Offering Circular, and Order Form. The comment period for this notice expired on August 17, 2015. The Federal Reserve did not receive any comments. The information collection will be extended as proposed.

3. *Report title:* Savings and Loan Holding Company Application.

Agency form number: Form H–(e).

OMB control number: 7100–0336.

Frequency: On occasion.

Reporters: Entities seeking prior approval to become a savings and loan holding company (SLHC).

Estimated annual reporting hours: 6,000 hours.

Estimated average hours per response: 500 hours.

Number of respondents: 12.

General description of report: The Savings and Loan Holding Company Application is mandatory and authorized pursuant to section 10 of HOLA, which provides that “the Board is authorized to issue such regulations . . . as the Board deems necessary or appropriate to enable the Board to administer and carry out the purposes of this sections, and require compliance therewith and prevent evasions thereof.” (12 U.S.C. 1467a(g)(1)). Section 10 of HOLA also requires a savings and loan holding company to file “such reports as may be required by the Board” and provides that such reports “shall contain such information concerning the operations of such savings and loan holding company and its subsidiaries as the Board may require (12 U.S.C. 1467a(b)(2)).

The information on Form H–(e) is not considered confidential unless the applicant requests confidential treatment pursuant to exemption 4 or 6 of the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4),(6)). All such requests for confidential treatment would need to be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and in response to a specific request for disclosure.

Abstract: The Federal Reserve analyzes each holding company application to determine whether the applicant meets the statutory criteria set forth in section 10(e) of the Home Owners’ Loan Act (Act), as amended, to become a savings and loan holding company. The applications are reviewed for adequacy of answers to items and completeness in all material respects. The applications are event-generated and provide the Federal Reserve with information necessary to evaluate the proposed transaction. The Federal Reserve intends to update and revise the Application forms to conform to Federal Reserve standards in the near future.

Current Actions: On June 17, 2015, the Federal Reserve published a notice in the **Federal Register** (80 FR 34641) requesting public comment for 60 days on the extension, without revision, of the Savings and Loan Holding Company Application. The comment period for this notice expired on August 17, 2015. The Federal Reserve did not receive any comments. The information collection will be extended as proposed.

4. *Report title:* Recordkeeping Requirements Associated with the

Guidance on Sound Incentive Compensation Policies.

Agency form number: FR 4027.

OMB control number: 7100–0327.

Frequency: On occasion.

Reporters: State member banks, U.S. bank holding companies, savings and loan holding companies, Edge Act and agreement corporations, and the U.S. operations of foreign banks with a branch, agency, or commercial lending company in the United States.

Estimated annual reporting hours:

One-time implementation: Large institutions: 2,400 hours and small institutions: 400 hours; Ongoing maintenance: 228,400 hours.

Estimated average hours per response:

One-time implementation: Large institutions: 480 hours and small institutions: 80 hours; Ongoing maintenance: 40 hours.

Number of respondents: One-time implementation: Large institutions: 5 respondents and small institutions: 5 respondents; Ongoing maintenance: 5,710 respondents.

General description of report: This information collection is authorized pursuant to sections 9, 11(a), 11(i), 25, and 25A of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 248(a), 248(i), 324, 602, and 625), section 5 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1844), section 10(b)(2) of the Home Owners’ Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1467a(b)(2)), and section 7(c) of the International Banking Act (12 U.S.C. 3105(c)). Because the recordkeeping requirements are contained within guidance (and not a statute or regulation) they are voluntary. Because the records will be maintained by each banking institution, the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) would only be implicated if the Board’s examiners retained a copy of the records as part of an examination or supervision of the banking institution. To the extent the Board collects this information during the course of an examination or supervision of a banking institution, the information is considered confidential under exemption 8 of the FOIA (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(8)). In addition, the information may also be kept confidential under exemption 4 of the FOIA which protects commercial or financial information obtained from a person that is privileged or confidential (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4)).

Abstract: Incentive compensation practices in the financial services industry were one of many factors contributing to the financial crisis that began in 2007. Banking organizations too often rewarded employees for increasing the firm’s short-term revenue or profit without adequate recognition of the risks the employees’ activities

posed for the firm. More importantly, problematic compensation practices were not limited to the most senior executives at financial firms.

Compensation practices can encourage employees at various levels of a banking organization, either individually or as a group, to undertake imprudent risks that can significantly and adversely affect the risk profile of the firm.

The Sound Incentive Compensation Policies (the Guidance) was developed to help protect the safety and soundness of banking organizations and promote the prompt improvement of incentive compensation practices throughout the banking industry. In addition, the guidance is consistent with the Principles for Sound Compensation Practices adopted by the Financial Stability Board (FSB) in April 2009, as well as the Implementation Standards for those principles issued by the FSB in September 2009.

Compatibility With Effective Controls and Risk Management

Principle 2 of the Guidance states that a banking organization should have strong controls governing its process for designing, implementing, and monitoring incentive compensation arrangements. An organization's policies and procedures should:

- Identify and describe the role(s) of the personnel, business units, and control units authorized to be involved in the design, implementation, and monitoring of incentive compensation arrangements;
- identify the source of significant risk-related inputs into these processes and establish appropriate controls governing the development and approval of these inputs to help ensure their integrity; and
- identify the individual(s) and control unit(s) whose approval is necessary for the establishment of new incentive compensation arrangements or modification of existing arrangements. Banking organizations also should create and maintain sufficient documentation to permit an audit of the organization's processes for establishing, modifying, and monitoring incentive compensation arrangements.

The Guidance also states that a banking organization should conduct regular internal reviews to ensure that its processes for achieving and maintaining balanced incentive compensation arrangements are consistently followed. Such reviews should be conducted by audit, compliance, or other personnel in a manner consistent with the organization's overall framework for compliance monitoring. An

organization's internal audit department also should separately conduct regular audits of the organization's compliance with its established policies and controls relating to incentive compensation arrangements. The results should be reported to appropriate levels of management and, where appropriate, the organization's board of directors.

Strong Corporate Governance

Principle 3 of the Guidance states that the board of directors should review and approve the overall goals and purposes of the firm's incentive compensation system. The board of directors should provide clear direction to management to ensure that its policies and procedures are carried out in a manner that achieves balance and is consistent with safety and soundness.

The board of directors should approve and document any material exceptions or adjustments to the incentive compensation arrangements established for senior executives and should carefully consider and monitor the effects of any approved exceptions or adjustments on the balance of the arrangement, the risk-taking incentives of the senior executive, and the safety and soundness of the organization.

The board of directors should receive and review, on an annual or more frequent basis, an assessment by management, with appropriate input from risk management personnel, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the organization's incentive compensation system in providing risk taking incentives that are consistent with the organization's safety and soundness. These reports should include an evaluation of whether or how incentive compensation practices may be encouraging excessive risk taking. These reviews and reports should be appropriately scoped to reflect the size and complexity of the banking organization's activities and the prevalence and scope of its incentive compensation arrangements. In addition, at banking organizations that are significant users of incentive compensation arrangements, the board should receive periodic reports that review incentive compensation awards and payments relative to risk outcomes on a backward-looking basis to determine whether the organization's incentive compensation arrangements may be promoting excessive risk-taking.

Current Actions: On June 23, 2015, the Federal Reserve published a notice in the **Federal Register** (80 FR 35953) requesting comment for 60 days on the Recordkeeping Requirements Associated with the Guidance on Sound Incentive Compensation Policies. The

comment period for this notice expired on August 24, 2015. The Federal Reserve did not receive any comments. The information collection will be extended as proposed.

5. *Report title:* Interagency Guidance on Managing Compliance and Reputation Risks for Reverse Mortgage Products.

Agency form number: FR 4029.

OMB control number: 7100-0330.

Frequency: On occasion.

Reporters: State member banks that originate proprietary and Home Equity Conversion Program (HECM) reverse mortgages.

Estimated annual reporting hours: Implementation of policies and procedures, 680 hours; Review and maintenance of policies and procedures, 136 hours.

Estimated average hours per response: Implementation of policies and procedures, 40 hours; Review and maintenance of policies and procedures, 8 hours.

Number of respondents: Implementation of policies and procedures, 17 respondents; Review and maintenance of policies and procedures, 17 respondents.

General description of report: Previously, the Board's Legal Division determined that the Board was authorized to issue this guidance pursuant to its authority under section 18(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, which authorized the Board to prescribe regulations regarding unfair or deceptive acts or practice by banks (15 U.S.C. 57a(f)) and section 105 of the Truth in Lending Act, which authorized the Board to prescribe regulations to carry out the purposes of the Truth in Lending Act (TILA) (15 U.S.C. 1604). However, under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank Act) much of the Board's authority under these laws was transferred to the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau. Nonetheless, we continue to believe that the Board has the authority to issue this guidance pursuant to its authority under section 39 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDI Act), which generally authorizes the Board to establish safety and soundness standards for depository institutions supervised by the Board (12 U.S.C. 1381p-1(a)). Financial institutions' obligation under this guidance is voluntary. Because the documentation required by the guidance is maintained by each institution, the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) would only be implicated if the Board's examiners retained a copy of this information as part of an examination or supervision of a bank. However, records

obtained as a part of an examination or supervision of a bank are exempt from disclosure under FOIA exemption (b)(8), for examination material (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(8)). In addition, the information may also be kept confidential under exemption 4 of the FOIA which protects commercial or financial information obtained from a person that is privileged or confidential (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4)).

Abstract: Reverse mortgages are home-secured loans typically offered to elderly consumers. Financial institutions currently provide two types of reverse mortgage products: the lenders' own proprietary reverse mortgage products and reverse mortgages insured by the Department of Housing and Urban Development's Federal Housing Administration (FHA). Reverse mortgage loans insured by the FHA are made pursuant to the guidelines and rules established by HUD's HECM program. HECM loans and proprietary reverse mortgages are also subject to the rules that implement consumer protection laws such as the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (RESPA) and TILA.

In August 2010, the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council, on behalf of its member agencies,¹ published a **Federal Register** notice adopting supervisory guidance titled "Reverse Mortgage Products: Guidance for Managing Compliance and Reputation Risks."² The guidance is designed to help financial institutions with risk management and assist financial institutions' efforts to ensure that their reverse mortgage lending practices adequately address consumer compliance and reputation risks.

The guidance describes reporting, recordkeeping, and disclosures for both proprietary and HECM reverse mortgages. A number of these disclosures are "usual and customary" business practices for proprietary and HECM reverse mortgages, and these would not meet the PRA's definition of "paperwork." Other included disclosure requirements are currently mandated by RESPA or TILA for all reverse mortgage loans and information collections required by HUD's rules for HECM loans.³ Discussion of these requirements in the guidance is also not considered additional paperwork burden imposed by the guidance.

Proprietary reverse mortgage products, however, are not subject to HUD's rules for HECM loans. To the

extent that the interagency guidance applies HECM requirements to proprietary loans, this would meet the PRA's definition of paperwork burden.

There are also additional provisions in the guidance that apply to both proprietary and HECM reverse mortgages that do not meet the "usual and customary" standard, are not covered by already approved information collections and, therefore, likewise meet the PRA's definition of paperwork burden.

Proprietary Reverse Mortgages

Financial institutions offering proprietary reverse mortgages are encouraged under the guidance to follow or adopt relevant HECM requirements for mandatory counseling, disclosures, affordable origination fees, restrictions on cross-selling of ancillary products, and reliable appraisals.

Proprietary and HECM Reverse Mortgages

Financial institutions offering either proprietary or HECM reverse mortgages are encouraged to develop clear and balanced product descriptions and make them available to consumers shopping for a mortgage. They should set forth a description of how disbursements can be received and include timely information to supplement disclosures mandated by TILA and other disclosures. Promotional materials and product descriptions should include information about the costs, terms, features, and risks of reverse mortgage products.

Financial institutions should adopt policies and procedures that prohibit directing a consumer to a particular counseling agency or contacting a counselor on the consumer's behalf. They should adopt clear written policies and establish internal controls specifying that neither the lender nor any broker will require the borrower to purchase any other product from the lender in order to obtain the mortgage. Policies should be clear so that originators do not have an inappropriate incentive to sell other products that appear linked to the granting of a mortgage. Legal and compliance reviews should include oversight of compensation programs so that lending personnel are not improperly encouraged to direct consumers to particular products.

Financial institutions making, purchasing, or servicing reverse mortgages through a third party should conduct due diligence and establish criteria for third-party relationships and compensation. They should set requirements for agreements and

establish systems to monitor compliance with the agreement and applicable laws and regulations. They should also take corrective action if a third party fails to comply. Third-party relationships should be structured in a way that does not conflict with RESPA.

Current Actions: On June 23, 2015, the Federal Reserve published a notice in the **Federal Register** (80 FR 35953) requesting comment for 60 days on the Supervisory Guidance on Managing Compliance and Reputation Risks for Reverse Mortgage Products. The comment period for this notice expired on August 24, 2015. The Federal Reserve did not receive any comments. The information collection will be extended as proposed.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, September 8, 2015.

Robert deV. Frierson,
Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2015-22931 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

[Document Identifiers CMS-855S]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is announcing an opportunity for the public to comment on CMS' intention to collect information from the public. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA), federal agencies are required to publish notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information (including each proposed extension or reinstatement of an existing collection of information) and to allow 60 days for public comment on the proposed action. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding our burden estimates or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or

¹ The Board, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union Administration, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Office of Thrift Supervision.

² 75 FR 50801.

³ OMB Control No. 2502-0524.

other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

DATES: Comments must be received by November 10, 2015.

ADDRESSES: When commenting, please reference the document identifier or OMB control number. To be assured consideration, comments and recommendations must be submitted in any one of the following ways:

1. *Electronically.* You may send your comments electronically to <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for "Comment or Submission" or "More Search Options" to find the information collection document(s) that are accepting comments.

2. *By regular mail.* You may mail written comments to the following address: CMS, Office of Strategic Operations and Regulatory Affairs, Division of Regulations Development, Attention: Document Identifier/OMB Control Number _____, Room C4-26-05, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

To obtain copies of a supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed collection(s) summarized in this notice, you may make your request using one of following:

1. Access CMS' Web site address at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/PaperworkReductionActof1995>.

2. Email your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@cms.hhs.gov.

3. Call the Reports Clearance Office at (410) 786-1326.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Reports Clearance Office at (410) 786-1326.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Contents

This notice sets out a summary of the use and burden associated with the following information collections. More detailed information can be found in each collection's supporting statement and associated materials (see **ADDRESSES**).

CMS-855S Medicare Enrollment Application—Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics and Supplies (DMEPOS) Suppliers

Under the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. The term "collection of information" is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes agency requests

or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA requires federal agencies to publish a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension or reinstatement of an existing collection of information, before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, CMS is publishing this notice.

Information Collection

1. *Type of Information Collection Request:* Revision of a currently approved collection;

Title of Information Collection: Medicare Enrollment Application—Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics and Supplies (DMEPOS) Suppliers; *Use:* The primary function of the CMS 855S Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics and Supplies (DMEPOS) supplier enrollment application is to gather information from a supplier that tells us who it is, whether it meets certain qualifications to be a health care supplier, where it renders its services or supplies, the identity of the owners of the enrolling entity, and information necessary to establish correct claims payment.

The goal of this revision of the CMS 855S is to simplify and clarify the current data collection and to remove obsolete and/or redundant questions. Grammar and spelling errors were corrected. Limited informational text has been added within the application form and instructions in conjunction with links to Web sites when greater detail is needed by the supplier. To clarify current data collection differentiations and to be in sync with accreditation coding, Section 3D ("Products and Services Furnished by This Supplier") has been updated. This revision does not offer any new material data collection. *Form Number:* CMS-855S (OMB Control Number: 0938-1056); *Frequency:* Annually; *Affected Public:* Private Sector (Business or other for-profits and Not-for-profit institutions); *Number of Respondents:* 31,915; *Total Annual Responses:* 31,915; *Total Annual Hours:* 36,842. (For policy questions regarding this collection contact Kim McPhillips at 410-786-5374.)

Dated: September 8, 2015.

William N. Parham, III,
Director, Paperwork Reduction Staff, Office of Strategic Operations and Regulatory Affairs.

[FR Doc. 2015-22944 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4120-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2015-N-3156]

Drug Interactions With Hormonal Contraceptives: Public Health and Drug Development Implications; Public Meeting

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing a public meeting entitled "Drug Interactions with Hormonal Contraceptives: Public Health and Drug Development Implications" and an opportunity for public comment on the topic of drug interactions with hormonal contraceptives (HCs). The goal of this public meeting is to provide an opportunity for FDA to seek input from experts on the public health concerns associated with use of HCs and interacting drugs that might affect efficacy and safety, pharmacokinetic (PK)/pharmacodynamic (PD) considerations in designing drug interaction studies with HCs during drug development, and approaches to translating the results of drug interaction information into informative labeling and communication. The input received may be used to refine FDA's thinking on HC drug interaction study design and interpretation, and labeling communication on drug interaction risk.

DATES: The public meeting will be held on November 9, 2015, from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Individuals who wish to attend the meeting in person or via Web cast must register by October 9, 2015. Please submit either electronic or written comments by December 15, 2015, to receive consideration. See the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for information on how to register for the meeting and submit electronic or written comments.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the FDA White Oak Campus, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 31 Conference Center, Section A of the Great Room (Rm. 1503), Silver Spring, MD 20993. Entrance for the public

meeting participants (non-FDA employees) is through Building 1, where routine security check procedures will be performed. For more information on parking and security procedures, please refer to <http://www.fda.gov/AboutFDA/WorkingatFDA/BuildingsandFacilities/WhiteOakCampusInformation/ucm241740.htm>.

Submit electronic comments to <http://www.regulations.gov>. Submit written comments to the Division of Dockets Management (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. All comments should be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

FDA will post the agenda approximately 5 days before the meeting at: <http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/NewsEvents/ucm459342.htm>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christine Le, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, Rm. 3196, Silver Spring, MD 20993, 301-796-2398, email: Christine.Le@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

In general, HCs are highly effective in preventing pregnancy when used correctly. However, concomitant use of other drugs may affect the safety and/or efficacy of HCs due to drug interactions affecting either blood levels (PK) and/or physiologic effects (PD) of HC components (e.g., estrogen and progestins). Understanding drug interaction potential of HCs and other drugs is important when investigating HC-related issues, and in the design and conduct of clinical trials. Evolving knowledge on drug interaction mechanisms has led to new insights and increased interest in the clinical investigation of drug interactions with HCs.

Historically, most drug interaction studies conducted during drug development with HCs have not had a clearly stated rationale for the choice of HCs being studied. Questions remain as to whether the study results of specific contraceptive steroids can be extrapolated to other progestins or estrogens or other dose strengths. The choice of HC is important because different progestins may have different metabolic and/or transporter pathways and safety profiles. Without a mechanistic understanding of the underlying drug-drug interaction (DDI) mechanism, it is difficult to interpret and extrapolate study results from one HC to another.

II. Discussion Topics for the Meeting and for Public Comments

The public meeting on November 9, 2015, will include a discussion of the following topics on which FDA is also seeking public comment:

- Public health concerns associated with use of HCs and interacting drugs that might affect efficacy and safety.
- PK and PD considerations in designing drug interaction studies with HCs during drug development. Key elements in designing a study include a mechanistic understanding of potential DDI mechanisms, the choice of contraceptive products and their dose, study population/duration, and proper selection of a PK alone or PK-PD-based drug interaction study approach.
- Drug interaction study result interpretation and its potential impact on guidance of HC use in women of childbearing potential who are enrolled in clinical trials for other therapeutic agents during drug development.
- The current approach of translating the results from drug interaction studies into labeling recommendations and opportunities to improve the communication to healthcare providers.
- Research opportunities and tools for investigating the safe use of HCs in the presence of other drugs.

The input received may be used to refine FDA's thinking on the drug interaction study design with HCs and labeling communication of drug interaction risks with HCs.

III. Meeting Attendance and Participation

If you wish to attend these meetings, register online at <https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/HC-DDIMeeting>. Please register by October 9, 2015. Those who are unable to attend the meetings in person can register to view a live Web cast of the meetings. You will be asked to indicate in your registration whether you plan to attend in person or via the Web cast. Your registration should also contain your complete contact information, including name, title, affiliation, address, email address, and phone number.

Seating will be limited, so early registration is recommended. Registration is free and will be on a first-come, first-served basis. However, FDA may limit the number of participants from each organization based on space limitations. Registrants will receive confirmation once they have been accepted. Onsite registration on the day of the meetings will be based on space availability. If you need special accommodations because of disability, please contact Christine Le (see **FOR**

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT) at least 7 days before the meeting.

FDA will hold an open public comment period during the November 9, 2015, public meeting to give the public an opportunity to comment. Registration for open public comment will occur at the registration desk on the day of the meeting on a first-come, first-served basis.

IV. Comments

Regardless of whether you attend this meeting, you can submit electronic or written comments, including responses to the public docket (see **ADDRESS** above), by December 15, 2015. Received comments may be seen in the Division of Dockets Management between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, and will be posted to the docket at <http://www.regulations.gov>.

V. Transcripts

Transcripts for the November 9, 2015, meeting will be posted, when available, at <http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/NewsEvents/ucm459342.htm>.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Leslie Kux,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 2015-22949 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Meeting of the Presidential Advisory Council on Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, Office of the Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: As stipulated by the Federal Advisory Committee Act, the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is hereby giving notice that a meeting of the Presidential Advisory Council on Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria (the Advisory Council) is scheduled for September 29, 2015, from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. ET. The meeting will be open to the public; a public comment session will be held during the meeting. Pre-registration is required for members of the public who wish to attend the meeting and who wish to participate in the public comment session. Individuals who wish to attend the meeting and/or send in their public comment via email should email CARB@hhs.gov. Registration information is available on the Web site <http://www.hhs.gov/ash/>

carb/ and must be completed by September 21, 2015; all in-person attendees must pre-register by this date. Additional information about registering for the meeting and providing public comment can be obtained at <http://www.hhs.gov/ash/carb/>.

DATES: The meeting is scheduled to be held on September 29, 2015, from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. ET. Pre-registration for attending the meeting in person is required to be completed no later than September 21, 2015; public attendance at the meeting is limited to the available space.

ADDRESSES: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Hubert H. Humphrey Building, Great Hall, 200 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20201.

The meeting also can be accessed through a live webcast the day of the meeting. For more information, visit <http://www.hhs.gov/ash/carb/>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bruce Gellin, Designated Federal Official, Presidential Advisory Council on Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Room 715H, Hubert H. Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20201. Phone: (202) 260-6638; email: CARB@hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Under Executive Order 13676, dated September 18, 2014, authority was given to the Secretary of Health and Human Services to establish the Presidential Advisory Council on Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria (Advisory Council), in consultation with the Secretaries of Defense and Agriculture. Activities of the Advisory Council are governed by the provisions of Public Law 92-463, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), which sets forth standards for the formation and use of federal advisory committees.

The Advisory Council will provide advice, information, and recommendations to the Secretary of HHS regarding programs and policies intended to support and evaluate the implementation of Executive Order 13676, including the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria and the National Action Plan for Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria. The Advisory Council shall function solely for advisory purposes.

In carrying out its mission, the Advisory Council will provide advice, information, and recommendations to the Secretary regarding programs and policies intended to preserve the effectiveness of antibiotics by

optimizing their use; advance research to develop improved methods for combating antibiotic resistance and conducting antibiotic stewardship; strengthen surveillance of antibiotic-resistant bacterial infections; prevent the transmission of antibiotic-resistant bacterial infections; advance the development of rapid point-of-care and agricultural diagnostics; further research on new treatments for bacterial infections; develop alternatives to antibiotics for agricultural purposes; maximize the dissemination of up-to-date information on the appropriate and proper use of antibiotics to the general public and human and animal healthcare providers; and improve international coordination of efforts to combat antibiotic resistance.

The September public meeting will be the inaugural meeting for the Advisory Council. The Advisory Council members will be sworn in and presented with an overview of different topics surrounding antibiotic resistance, including an overview of the National Strategy for Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria and Action Plan for Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria. The meeting agenda will be posted on the Advisory Council Web site at <http://www.hhs.gov/ash/carb/> when it has been finalized.

Public attendance at the meeting is limited to the available space. Individuals who plan to attend and need special assistance, such as sign language interpretation or other reasonable accommodations, should notify the National Vaccine Program Office at the address/telephone number listed above at least one week prior to the meeting. For those unable to attend in person, a live webcast will be available. More information on registration and accessing the webcast can be found at <http://www.hhs.gov/ash/carb/>.

Members of the public will have the opportunity to provide comments prior to the Advisory Council meeting by emailing CARB@hhs.gov. Public comments should be sent in by midnight September 28, 2015, and should be limited to no more than one page. All public comments will be read during the public comment period designated on the agenda; limited to two minutes per comment.

Dated: August 19, 2015.

Bruce Gellin,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Health, Designated Federal Official, Presidential Advisory Council on Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria.

[FR Doc. 2015-22920 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4150-44-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), notice is hereby given of the following meetings.

The meetings will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Molecular Targets for Cancer Intervention.

Date: October 5-6, 2015.

Time: 7:30 a.m. to 6:30 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: The Westin St. Francis, 335 Powell Street, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Contact Person: Careen K. Tang-Toth, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 6214, MSC 7804, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 435-3504, tothct@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Healthcare Delivery and Methodologies Integrated Review Group; Nursing and Related Clinical Sciences Study Section.

Date: October 8-9, 2015.

Time: 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: The Dupont Hotel, 1500 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20036.

Contact Person: Martha L. Hare, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 3154, MSC 7770, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 451-8504, harem@mail.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Biological Chemistry and Macromolecular Biophysics Integrated Review Group; Macromolecular Structure and Function B Study Section.

Date: October 15-16, 2015.

Time: 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: Pier 2620 Hotel at Fisherman's Wharf, 2620 Jones St, San Francisco, CA 94133.

Contact Person: C-L Albert Wang, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 4146, MSC 7806, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301-435-1016, wangca@csr.nih.gov.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.306, Comparative Medicine; 93.333, Clinical Research, 93.306, 93.333, 93.337, 93.393–93.396, 93.837–93.844, 93.846–93.878, 93.892, 93.893, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Anna Snouffer,

Deputy Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2015–22938 Filed 9–10–15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

In compliance with Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 concerning opportunity for public comment on proposed collections of information, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the information collection plans, call the SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer on (240) 276–1243.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collections of information are necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the

collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Proposed Project: Services Accountability Improvement System—(OMB No. 0930–0208)—Revision

The Services Accountability Improvement System (SAIS) is a real-time, performance management system that captures information on the substance abuse treatment and mental health services delivered in the United States. A wide range of client and program information is captured through SAIS for approximately 650 grantees. Continued approval of this information collection will allow SAMHSA to continue to meet Government Performance and Results Act of 1993 (GPRA) reporting requirements that quantify the effects and accomplishments of its discretionary grant programs which are consistent with OMB guidance.

Based on current funding and planned fiscal year 2015 notice of funding announcements (NOFA), the CSAT programs that will use these measures in fiscal years 2015 through 2017 include: Access to Recovery 3 (ATR3); Adult Treatment Court Collaboratives (ATCC); Enhancing Adult Drug Court Services, Coordination and Treatment (EADCS); Offender Reentry Program (ORP); Treatment Drug Court (TDC); Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention—Juvenile Drug Courts (OJJDP–JDC); Teen Court Program (TCP); HIV/AIDS Outreach Program; Targeted Capacity Expansion Program for Substance Abuse Treatment and HIV/AIDS Services (TCE–HIV); Addictions Treatment for the Homeless (AT–HM); Cooperative Agreements to Benefit Homeless Individuals (CABHI); Cooperative Agreements to Benefit Homeless Individuals—States (CABHI–

States); Recovery-Oriented Systems of Care (ROSC); Targeted Capacity Expansion—Peer to Peer (TCE–PTP); Pregnant and Postpartum Women (PPW); Screening, Brief Intervention and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT); Targeted Capacity Expansion (TCE); Targeted Capacity Expansion—Health Information Technology (TCE–HIT); Targeted Capacity Expansion Technology Assisted Care (TCE–TAC); Addiction Technology Transfer Centers (ATTC); International Addiction Technology Transfer Centers (I–ATTC); State Adolescent Treatment Enhancement and Dissemination (SAT–ED); Grants to Expand Substance Abuse Treatment Capacity in Adult Tribal Healing to Wellness Courts and Juvenile Drug Courts; and Grants for the Benefit of Homeless Individuals—Services in Supportive Housing (GBHI). Grantees in the Adult Treatment Court Collaborative program (ATCC) will also provide program-level data using the CSAT Aggregate Instrument.

SAMHSA and its Centers will use the data for annual reporting required by GPRA and for National Outcome Measures (NOMs) comparing baseline with discharge and follow-up data. GPRA requires that SAMHSA’s report for each fiscal year include actual results of performance monitoring for the three preceding fiscal years. The additional information collected through this process will allow SAMHSA to report on the results of these performance outcomes as well as be consistent with the specific performance domains that SAMHSA is implementing as the NOMs, to assess the accountability and performance of its discretionary and formula grant programs.

Note that there are no changes to the instrument from the previous OMB submission.

ESTIMATES OF ANNUALIZED HOUR BURDEN
[CSAT GPRA Client Outcome Measures for Discretionary Programs]

| SAMHSA program title | Number of respondents | Responses per respondent | Total number of responses | Burden hours per response | Total burden hours |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Baseline Interview Includes SBIRT Brief TX and Referral to TX | 182,153 | 1 | 182,153 | 0.47 | 85,612 |
| Follow-Up Interview ¹ | 134,793 | 1 | 134,793 | 0.47 | 63,353 |
| Discharge Interview ² | 94,720 | 1 | 94,720 | 0.47 | 44,518 |
| SBIRT Program—Screening Only ³ | 594,192 | 1 | 594,192 | 0.13 | 77,244 |
| SBIRT Program—Brief Intervention Only ⁴ Baseline | 111,411 | 1 | 111,411 | .20 | 22,282 |
| SBIRT Program—Brief Intervention Only Follow-Up ¹ | 82,444 | 1 | 82,444 | .20 | 16,489 |
| SBIRT Program—Brief Intervention Only Discharge ² | 57,934 | 1 | 57,934 | .20 | 11,587 |
| CSAT Total | 887,756 | | 1,257,647 | | 321,085 |

Notes:

¹ It is estimated that 74% of baseline clients will complete this interview.

² It is estimated that 52% of baseline clients will complete this interview.

³The estimated number of SBIRT respondents receiving screening services is 80% of the total number SBIRT participants. No further data is collected from these participants.

⁴The estimated number of SBIRT respondents receiving brief intervention services is 15% of the total number SBIRT participants.

Send comments to Summer King, SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer, Room 2-1057, One Choke Cherry Road, Rockville, MD 20857 OR email a copy at summer.king@samhsa.hhs.gov. Written comments should be received by November 10, 2015.

Summer King,
Statistician.

[FR Doc. 2015-22886 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4162-20-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID FEMA-2014-0022]

Technical Mapping Advisory Council

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Committee Management; Notice of Federal Advisory Committee Meeting.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Technical Mapping Advisory Council (TMAC) will meet via conference call on September 29, 2015. The meeting will be open to the public.

DATES: The TMAC will meet via conference call on Tuesday, September 29, 2015 from 10:00 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Eastern Daylight Savings Time (EDT). Please note that the meeting will close early if the TMAC has completed its business.

ADDRESSES: For access to the conference call bridge, information on services for individuals with disabilities, or to request special assistance at the meeting, contact the person listed in **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** below as soon as possible. Members of the public who wish to dial in for the meeting must register in advance by sending an email to FEMA-TMAC@fema.dhs.gov (attention Mark Crowell) by 11 p.m. EDT on Friday, September 18, 2015.

To facilitate public participation, members of the public are invited to provide written comments on the issues to be considered by the TMAC, as listed in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section below. Associated meeting materials will be available at www.fema.gov/TMAC for review by Thursday, September 22, 2015. Written comments to be considered by the committee at the time of the meeting

must be submitted and received by Monday, September 21, 2015, identified by Docket ID FEMA-2014-0022, and submitted by one of the following methods:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- **Email:** Address the email TO: FEMA-RULES@fema.dhs.gov and CC: FEMA-TMAC@fema.dhs.gov. Include the docket number in the subject line of the message. Include name and contact detail in the body of the email.

- **Mail:** Regulatory Affairs Division, Office of Chief Counsel, FEMA, 500 C Street SW., Room 8NE, Washington, DC 20472-3100.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the words “Federal Emergency Management Agency” and the docket number for this action. Comments received will be posted without alteration at <http://www.regulations.gov>, including any personal information provided. **Docket:** For docket access to read background documents or comments received by the TMAC, go to <http://www.regulations.gov> and search for the Docket ID FEMA-2014-0022.

A public comment period will be held on September 29, 2015, from 4:00–4:30 p.m. Speakers are requested to limit their comments to no more than three minutes. The public comment period will not exceed 30 minutes. Please note that the public comment period may end before the time indicated, following the last call for comments. Contact the individual listed below to register as a speaker by close of business on Friday, September 18, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark Crowell, Designated Federal Officer for the TMAC, FEMA, 1800 South Bell Street Arlington, VA 22202, telephone (202) 646-3432, and email mark.crowell@fema.dhs.gov. The TMAC Web site is: <http://www.fema.gov/TMAC>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice of this meeting is given under the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. Appendix.

As required by the *Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012*, the TMAC makes recommendations to the FEMA Administrator on: (1) How to improve, in a cost-effective manner, the (a) accuracy, general quality, ease of use, and distribution and dissemination of flood insurance rate maps and risk data; and (b) performance metrics and

milestones required to effectively and efficiently map flood risk areas in the United States; (2) mapping standards and guidelines for (a) flood insurance rate maps, and (b) data accuracy, data quality, data currency, and data eligibility; (3) how to maintain, on an ongoing basis, flood insurance rate maps and flood risk identification; (4) procedures for delegating mapping activities to State and local mapping partners; and (5)(a) methods for improving interagency and intergovernmental coordination on flood mapping and flood risk determination, and (b) a funding strategy to leverage and coordinate budgets and expenditures across Federal agencies. Furthermore, the TMAC is required to submit an annual report to the FEMA Administrator that contains: (1) A description of the activities of the Council; (2) an evaluation of the status and performance of flood insurance rate maps and mapping activities to revise and update Flood Insurance Rate Maps; and (3) a summary of recommendations made by the Council to the FEMA Administrator.

The TMAC must also develop recommendations on how to ensure that flood insurance rate maps incorporate the best available climate science to assess flood risks and ensure that FEMA uses the best available methodology to consider the impact of the rise in sea level and future development on flood risk. The TMAC must collect these recommendations and present them to the FEMA Administrator in a future conditions risk assessment and modeling report. Further, in accordance with the *Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014*, the TMAC must develop a review report related to flood mapping in support of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

Agenda: On September 29, 2015, the TMAC members will present and deliberate on draft narrative and proposed recommendations concerning (1) the flood hazard mapping process and product, and (2) future conditions methods and considerations that will be incorporated into both the 2015 Annual Report and Future Conditions Report. A brief public comment period will take place prior to the end of the meeting, and before any voting on recommendations that takes place before the full TMAC. In addition, the TMAC members will identify and coordinate next steps of TMAC report

development. The full agenda and related briefing materials will be posted for review by September 22, 2015, at <http://www.fema.gov/TMAC>.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Roy E. Wright,

Deputy Associate Administrator for Insurance and Mitigation.

[FR Doc. 2015-22950 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-12-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R5-R-2015-N090;BAC-4311-K9-S3]

Chincoteague National Wildlife Refuge and Wallops Island National Wildlife Refuge, Accomack County, Virginia; Final Comprehensive Conservation Plan and Environmental Impact Statement

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability; final comprehensive conservation plan and environmental impact statement.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, announce the availability for review of our final comprehensive conservation plan (CCP) and environmental impact statement (EIS) for Chincoteague National Wildlife Refuge (NWR, refuge) and Wallops Island NWR. The CCP/EIS describes how we propose to manage both the staffed 14,032-acre Chincoteague NWR and the unstaffed 373-acre Wallops Island NWR over the next 15 years.

DATES: We will sign a record of decision no sooner than 30 days after the publication of this notice.

ADDRESSES: You may view, obtain, or request CD-ROM copies of the final CCP/EIS by any of the following methods.

Agency Web site: Download a copy of the document at http://www.fws.gov/refuge/Chincoteague/what_we_do/conservation.html.

Email: Send requests to northeastplanning@fws.gov. Include "Chincoteague NWR" in the subject line of your email.

U.S. Mail: Thomas Bonetti, Natural Resource Planner, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 300 Westgate Center Drive, Hadley, MA 01035.

In-Person Viewing or Pickup: Visit during regular business hours at refuge headquarters, 8231 Beach Road, Chincoteague Island, VA 23336.

To view comments on the final CCP-EIS from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), or for information on

EPA's role in the EIS process, see EPA's Role in the EIS Process under **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.**

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Thomas Bonetti, Natural Resource Planner, 413-253-8307 (phone); northeastplanning@fws.gov (email).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Introduction

With this notice, we continue the CCP process for Chincoteague NWR and Wallops Island NWR, which we began by publishing a notice of intent in the **Federal Register** (75 FR 57056) on September 17, 2010. For more about the initial process and the history of the refuges, see that notice. On May 15, 2014, we announced the release of the draft CCP/EIS to the public and requested comments in a notice of availability in the **Federal Register** (79 FR 27906). We subsequently extended the public comment period in another notice in the **Federal Register** (79 FR 41300) on July 15, 2014. In addition, EPA published a notice announcing the draft CCP and EIS (79 FR 29759; May 23, 2014), as required under section 309 of the Clean Air Act (CAA) (42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*). We now announce the final CCP and EIS. Under the CAA, EPA also will announce the final CCP and EIS via the **Federal Register**.

EPA's Role in the EIS Process

The EPA is charged under section 309 of the Clean Air Act to review all Federal agencies' EISs and to comment on the adequacy and the acceptability of the environmental impacts of proposed actions in the EISs.

EPA also serves as the repository (EIS database) for EISs prepared by Federal agencies and provides notice of their availability in the **Federal Register**. The EIS Database provides information about EISs prepared by Federal agencies, as well as EPA's comments concerning the EISs. All EISs are filed with EPA, which publishes a notice of availability on Fridays in the **Federal Register**.

The notice of availability is the start of the 45-day public comment period for draft EISs, and the start of the 30-day "wait period" for final EISs, during which agencies are generally required to wait 30 days before making a decision on a proposed action. For more information, see <http://www.epa.gov/compliance/nepa/eisdata.html>. You may search for EPA comments on EISs, along with EISs themselves, at <https://cdxnodengn.epa.gov/cdx-enepa-public/action/eis/search>. We completed a thorough analysis of impacts on the human environment in the final CCP/EIS, and responded to public comments.

The CCP will guide us in managing and administering the refuges for 15 years. Alternative B, as we described in the final CCP/EIS, is our preferred alternative.

Background

The CCP Process

The National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 668dd-668ee) (Refuge Administration Act), as amended by the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997, requires us to develop a CCP for each NWR. The purpose for developing a CCP is to provide refuge managers with a 15-year plan for achieving refuge purposes and goals and contributing to the mission of the National Wildlife Refuge System. CCPs should be consistent with sound principles of fish and wildlife management, conservation, legal mandates, and our policies, as well as respond to key issues and public concerns. In addition to outlining broad management direction on conserving wildlife and their habitats, CCPs identify wildlife-dependent recreational opportunities available to the public, including opportunities for hunting, fishing, wildlife observation and photography, and environmental education and interpretation. We will review and update the CCP at least every 15 years, in accordance with the Refuge Administration Act.

CCP/EIS Alternatives

We evaluated three alternatives for managing Chincoteague NWR and Wallops Island NWR; alternative B is our preferred alternative. Based on feedback on the draft CCP/EIS, some modifications have been made to alternative B and are summarized below. A full description of all alternatives, including changes to our preferred alternative, can be found in the final CCP/EIS at the sources identified in **ADDRESSES**.

Changes to Alternative B, the Service's Preferred Alternative

- The assigned area, consisting of the 1-mile recreational beach, associated parking, and new Visitor Contact Station, would extend south 1 more mile to the terminus of Swan Cove Trail (2 miles total), thus doubling the length of the assigned area.
- Over sand vehicles (OSV) and hiking access would continue via Beach Road across Toms Cove south to Fishing Point September 16 through March 14.
- A new 1/2-mile, OSV zone to facilitate the six priority uses (March 15 through September 15) would be

developed south of new recreational beach, and added to the new assigned area. We would continue current management of the Overwash and Hook area for shorebirds until the new recreational beach is established, at which time the March 15 through September 15 closure would go into effect.

- We will keep current biking access open via Swan Cove Trail and will not propose an alternative bike route north to the relocated public beach (from Wildlife Loop to Mallard (C Dike)).
- The Service Road would continue to be open year-round to hikers north to the refuge/National Seashore boundary.
- A section of the Affected Environment (Chapter 3) on cultural resources was inadvertently left out of the draft CCP/EIS. This section, which has been coordinated with the Virginia Department of Historic Resources, is included in the final CCP/EIS.

Other Features of Alternative B

Alternative B would continue established habitat and wildlife management strategies but focus them in light of the new goals and vision established by the CCP. The alternative balances habitat management, public use and access, and administration of the refuge. We would continue to preserve approximately 2,650 acres of wetland impoundments, but make adjustments in accordance with a new impoundment management plan that takes into account various factors, such as the habitat needs of black ducks and monarch butterflies, climate change and natural coastal processes, and relocated beach access and parking. The refuge would continue to protect and enhance the wilderness character of the 1974 proposed wilderness area, and there would be no change in its size (1,300 acres) or location.

In recognition of the vulnerability of the current parking, the refuge would develop and implement a site design plan for parking and access to a new beach location, approximately 1.5 miles north of the existing beach. We are committed to working with the National Park Service (NPS) and others to future design, refine, and analyze beach relocation infrastructure in a separate National Environmental Policy Act document.

Over the next 15 years, the refuge would maintain and, where possible, expand current hunting opportunities by including additional species, extending hours, and providing special events. The refuge would add mourning doves, light geese, and non-migratory Canada goose hunting opportunities to the refuge's migratory bird hunting

program. Additionally, the refuge would allow migratory bird hunting on Federal holidays within the Commonwealth of Virginia hunting seasons. The refuge would also add turkeys to the big game hunting program and pursue development of a trapping program for furbearers. The refuge would continue sika hunting and would conduct research to identify a desired population size.

The refuge would pursue partnerships to enhance land conservation, environmental education, and interpretation on the Delmarva Peninsula. The "Chincoteague ponies" have a strong cultural tie to the community, and the refuge would implement a Chincoteague pony management plan that meets multiple objectives: visitor viewing, habitat management, and pony health. The refuge would allow grazing of the current pony population, with a maximum pony herd size of 150, per the management agreement with the Chincoteague Volunteer Fire Company.

Public Availability of Documents

You can view or obtain the final CCP/EIS as indicated under **ADDRESSES**.

Comments

During the public comment period, a total of 236 emails and 94 letters were received, including official comments from the town of Chincoteague, the Chincoteague Chamber of Commerce, The Nature Conservancy, NPS, Environmental Protection Agency, various departments from the Commonwealth of Virginia, and other local interest groups. In addition a petition was submitted supporting Alternative "A plus," an alternative with elements of both alternative A and B, with approximately 600 individuals signing. Another petition supporting the preferred alternative (alternative B) was submitted with 112 individuals signing. We held two public open house meetings in Chincoteague, and additional meetings in Melfa, Virginia, and Pocomoke City, Maryland. As part of the public involvement process, we held a public hearing on June 26, 2014, in Chincoteague with 28 people formally raising a variety of issues and concerns.

We evaluated all the letters and emails sent to us during that comment period, along with comments recorded at our public hearing, and addressed all substantive comments. A summary of those comments and our responses to them is included in the final CCP/EIS as appendix X.

Next Steps

We will document the final decision in a record of decision, which will be published in the **Federal Register** after a 30-day "wait period" that begins when EPA announces this final CCP-EIS. For more information, see EPA's Role in the EIS Process.

Dated: August 18, 2015.

Deborah Rocque,

*Acting Regional Director, Northeast Region,
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.*

[FR Doc. 2015-21925 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

**[LLNVB01000. L51100000.GN0000. LVEMF
1503550.15X MO# 4500077415]**

Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Gold Bar Mine Project, Eureka County, NV

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended (NEPA), and the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, as amended, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Mount Lewis Field Office, Battle Mountain, Nevada, intends to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and by this notice is announcing the beginning of the scoping process to solicit public comments and identify issues.

DATES: This notice initiates the public scoping process for the EIS. Comments on issues may be submitted in writing until October 13, 2015. The date(s) and location(s) of any scoping meetings will be announced at least 15 days in advance through local media, newspapers and the BLM Web site at: http://www.blm.gov/nv/st/en/fo/battle_mountain_field/blm_information/national_environmental.html. In order to be included in the Draft EIS, all comments must be received prior to the close of the 30-day scoping period or 15 days after the last public meeting, whichever is later. We will provide additional opportunities for public participation upon publication of the Draft EIS.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments related to the Gold Bar Mine Project by any of the following methods:

- **Web site:** http://www.blm.gov/nv/st/en/fo/battle_mountain_field/blm_

[information/national_environmental.html](#).

- Email: blm_nv_bmdo_mlfo_gold_bar_project_eis@blm.gov.
- Fax: 775-635-4034.
- Mail: 50 Bastian Road, Battle Mountain, Nevada 89820.

Documents pertinent to this proposal may be examined at the Mount Lewis Field Office.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Joseph Moskiewicz—Project Manager, telephone 775-635-4000; address 50 Bastian Road, Battle Mountain, Nevada 89820; email blm_nv_bmdo_mlfo_gold_bar_project_eis@blm.gov. Contact Mr. Joseph Moskiewicz to have your name added to our mailing list. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339 to contact the above individual during normal business hours. The FIRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question with the above individual. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: McEwen Mining Inc. (McEwen) proposes to develop a gold mine in the southwest portion of the Roberts Mountains, approximately 30 miles northwest of Eureka, Nevada. The proposed McEwen Gold Bar Mine Project (Project) consists of a mining Plan of Operations and four ROW grant authorizations to be analyzed in a single NEPA analysis document. Mining would occur from the existing Gold Pick and Gold Ridge pits and the proposed Cabin Creek North and South pits. Additional disturbance would be result from activities associated with gold mining operations, including waste rock disposal areas, crusher and ore stockpile pad, growth media stockpiles, process ponds, haul roads, access roads and power lines, heap leach facility, ancillary facilities, and diversion channels and sediment basins. Total proposed Project disturbance would be approximately 1,300 acres, including disturbance associated with the ROWs (consisting of approximately 1,137 acres of surface disturbance on public land and 163 acres of surface disturbance on private land controlled by McEwen, as well as other private land owners); 366 acres of the total disturbance would occur on areas disturbed by previous mining operations. The proposed Project would take up to 17 years to complete, including: A year of pre-stripping and construction, 8 years of mining, 4 years of reclamation following mine closure, and 4 years of post-reclamation monitoring. The proposed

pit depths would not intercept groundwater. No pit dewatering would be necessary and no pit lakes are expected to form after mining operations end. The Project is expected to employ 151 individuals comprised of 90 contractors and 61 staff.

Mt. Wheeler Power requested a ROW grant authorization to supply needed power to the Project. McEwen has requested three ROW grant authorizations for the following: 1) Primary access along the Atlas Haul Road; 2) Employee transport and emergency secondary access along North Roberts Creek Road and GB Process Road; and 3) A water supply pipeline.

The Gold Bar Project boundary contains 916.5 acres of Greater Sage-Grouse Preliminary Priority Habitat (PPH) on BLM-managed public lands. The total mine disturbance, including the right-of-way (ROW), affecting Greater Sage-Grouse habitat on public land is 294 acres of PPH and 36 acres of Preliminary General Habitat (PGH). Since 2013, BLM biologists at the Mount Lewis Field Office have coordinated with the Nevada Department of Wildlife and the BLM State Office regarding Gold Bar's ROW and disturbance to Greater Sage-Grouse habitat. Collectively, the organizations formulated best management practices for Greater Sage-Grouse and other wildlife species and developed measures to offset the potential disturbance associated with the project to benefit Greater Sage-Grouse habitat. For example, as a result of this collaboration, the proposed project's power line was re-routed to use pre-existing routes in order to minimize effects to Greater Sage-Grouse habitat. These and other measures, including compliance with the Nevada and Northeastern California Greater Sage-Grouse Land Use Plan Amendment, if finalized, will be among the issues analyzed in the EIS.

The purpose of the public scoping process is to determine relevant issues that will influence the scope of the environmental analysis, including alternatives, and guide the process for developing the EIS. At present, the BLM has identified the following preliminary issues: Water resources; air quality; vegetation resources (including noxious weeds); wildlife (including migratory birds and Greater Sage-Grouse); special status species; grazing management; land use and access; aesthetics (noise and visual); cultural resources; geological resources; minerals; soils; recreation; social and economic values; hazardous materials; Native American cultural concerns; and wild horses.

The BLM will utilize and coordinate the NEPA scoping process to help fulfill the public involvement requirements under the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) (54 U.S.C. 306108) as provided in 36 CFR 800.2(d)(3). The information about historic and cultural resources within the area potentially affected by the proposed Project will assist the BLM in identifying and evaluating impacts to such resources in the context of both NEPA and NHPA.

The BLM will consult with Indian tribes on a government-to-government basis in accordance with Executive Order 13175 and other policies. Tribal concerns, including impacts on Indian trust assets and potential impacts to cultural resources, will be given due consideration. Federal, State, and local agencies, along with tribes and other stakeholders that may be interested in or affected by the proposed Project that the BLM is evaluating, are invited to participate in the scoping process and, if eligible, may request or be requested by the BLM to participate in the development of the environmental analysis as a cooperating agency.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Authority: 40 CFR 1501.7

Joseph S. Moskiewicz, Jr.,
Acting Field Manager, Mount Lewis Field Office.

[FR Doc. 2015-22907 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-HC-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[LLCAC09000, L1430; CACA 008215]

**Public Land Order No. 7840;
Revocation of Withdrawal Created by
Executive Order No. 5732, California**

AGENCY: The Bureau of Land Management.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order revokes in its entirety the withdrawal created by Executive Order No. 5732 dated October 14, 1931, which withdrew 40 acres of public land from settlement, location, sale, or entry for use as a lookout station

in connection with cooperative forest protection work. The withdrawal for the lookout station is no longer needed. This action will restore the land to operation of the public land laws.

DATES: Effective date: September 11, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Christine Sloand, Realty Specialist, at 831-630-5022 or via email at csloand@blm.gov. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339 to reach the BLM contact person. The FIRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question with the above individual. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Executive Order withdrew 40 acres of land on Smith Mountain for a lookout station used by the State of California Division of Forestry. Because the land is no longer used for lookout station purposes, the Bureau of Land Management has determined that the withdrawal is no longer needed.

Order

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714, it is ordered as follows:

The withdrawal created by Executive Order No. 5732 of October 14, 1931, which temporarily withdrew the following described land from settlement, location, sale, or entry for use as a lookout station, is hereby revoked in its entirety:

Mount Diablo Meridian

T. 21 S., R. 13 E.,
Sec. 29, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$.

The area described contains 40.00 acres, more or less, in Monterey and Fresno Counties.

At 10 a.m., on October 13, 2015, the above-described land will be open to operation of the public land laws, generally, including the mining laws, and to settlement, location, sale, or entry, subject to valid existing rights, and the provisions of existing withdrawals, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications received at or prior to 10 a.m. on October 13, 2015, shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time. Those received

thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

Janice M. Schneider,

Assistant Secretary—Land and Minerals Management.

[FR Doc. 2015-22908 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-40-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701-TA-539 and 731-TA-1280-1282 (Preliminary)]

Heavy Walled Rectangular Welded Carbon Steel Pipes and Tubes From Korea, Mexico, and Turkey; Determinations

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (“Commission”) determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of heavy walled rectangular welded carbon steel pipes and tubes from Korea, Mexico, and Turkey, provided for in subheadings 7306.61.10 and 7306.61.30 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (“LTFV”) and that are allegedly subsidized by the government of Turkey.

Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission’s rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigations. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the **Federal Register** as provided in section 207.21 of the Commission’s rules, upon notice from the Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) of affirmative preliminary determinations in the investigations under sections 703(b) or 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determinations are negative, upon notice of affirmative final determinations in those investigations under sections 705(a) or 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigations. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under

investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations.

Background

On July 21, 2015, Atlas Tube, a division of JMC Steel Group (Chicago, Illinois), Bull Moose Tube Company (Chesterfield, Missouri), EXLTUBE (North Kansas City, Missouri), Hannibal Industries, Inc. (Los Angeles, California), Independence Tube Corporation (Chicago, Illinois), Maruichi American Corporation (Santa Fe Springs, California), Searing Industries (Rancho Cucamonga, California), Southland Tube (Birmingham, Alabama), and Vest, Inc. (Los Angeles, California) filed petitions with the Commission and Commerce, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured and threatened with material injury by reason of LTFV and subsidized imports of heavy walled rectangular welded carbon steel pipes and tubes from Korea, Mexico, and Turkey. Accordingly, effective July 21, 2015, the Commission, pursuant to sections 703(a) and 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 1673b(a)), instituted countervailing duty investigation No. 701-TA-539 and antidumping duty investigation Nos. 731-TA-1280-1282 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission’s investigations and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** of July 27, 2015 (80 FR 44383). The conference was held in Washington, DC, on August 11, 2015, and all persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to appear in person or by counsel.

The Commission made these determinations pursuant to sections 703(a) and 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 1673b(a)). It completed and filed its determinations in these investigations on September 4, 2015. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 4563 (September 2015), entitled *Heavy Walled Rectangular Welded Carbon Steel Pipes and Tubes from Korea, Mexico, and Turkey: Investigation Nos. 701-TA-539 and 731-TA-1280-1282 (Preliminary)*.

¹ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

By order of the Commission.

Issued: September 4, 2015.

Lisa R. Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2015-22883 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[USITC SE-15-029]

Government in the Sunshine Act Meeting Notice

AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING: United States International Trade Commission.

TIME AND DATE: September 15, 2015 at 11:00 a.m.

PLACE: Room 101, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, Telephone: (202) 205-2000.

STATUS: Open to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Agendas for future meetings: None
2. Minutes
3. Ratification List
4. Vote in Inv. Nos. 701-TA-523 and 731-TA-1259 (Final) (Boltless Steel Shelving Units Prepackaged for Sale from China). The Commission is currently scheduled to complete and file its determinations and views of the Commission on September 28, 2015.

5. Outstanding action jackets: None

In accordance with Commission policy, subject matter listed above, not disposed of at the scheduled meeting, may be carried over to the agenda of the following meeting. Earlier notification of this meeting was not possible.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: September 9, 2015.

William R. Bishop,

Supervisory Hearings and Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-23044 Filed 9-9-15; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[USITC SE-15-030]

Government in the Sunshine Act Meeting Notice

AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING: United States International Trade Commission.

TIME AND DATE: September 18, 2015 at 11:00 a.m.

PLACE: Room 101, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, Telephone: (202) 205-2000.

STATUS: Open to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Agendas for future meetings: None.
2. Minutes.
3. Ratification List.
4. Vote in Inv. Nos. 701-TA-464 and 731-TA-1160 (Review) (Prestressed Concrete Steel Wire Strand from China). The Commission is currently scheduled to complete and file its determinations and views of the Commission on September 28, 2015.

5. Vote in Inv. No. 731-TA-1047 (Second Review) (Ironing Tables and Certain Parts Thereof from China). The Commission is currently scheduled to complete and file its determination and views of the Commission on September 28, 2015.

6. Outstanding action jackets: None. In accordance with Commission policy, subject matter listed above, not disposed of at the scheduled meeting, may be carried over to the agenda of the following meeting.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: September 9, 2015.

William R. Bishop,

Supervisory Hearings and Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-23045 Filed 9-9-15; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Proposed Consent Decree Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act ("CERCLA")

On September 4, 2015, the Department of Justice lodged a proposed Consent Decree with the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania in the lawsuit entitled *United States of America v. Dunbar Asphalt Products, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 15-1158.

The proposed settlement resolves the United States' claims against Dunbar Asphalt Products, Inc. ("Dunbar") for past and future response costs and injunctive relief pursuant to CERCLA Sections 106(a), 107(a)(1), and 113(g), at Operable Unit Two ("OU-2") of the Sharon Steel Corporation (Farrell Works Disposal Area) Superfund Site in the City of Hermitage, Mercer County, Pennsylvania ("the Site"). The proposed Consent Decree requires that Dunbar perform the interim OU-2 remedial action at the 30 acre OU-2, which includes Dunbar's owned 25-acre property and approximately five acres owned by another party. The estimated cost of the selected interim remedy for OU-2 is approximately \$1.7 million. In exchange for Dunbar's agreement to

perform the interim remedy on the portion of OU-2 it does not own, the United States will compromise its claim for past response costs related to OU-2. Dunbar will also pay 90% of the government's future response costs for OU-2.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to *United States of America v. Dunbar Asphalt Products, Inc.*, D.J. Ref. No. 90-11-3-11103. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

| To submit comments: | Send them to: |
|---------------------|---|
| By email | pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov . |
| By mail | Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044-7611. |

During the public comment period, the Consent Decree may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department Web site: <http://www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees>. We will provide a paper copy of the Consent Decree upon written request and payment of reproduction costs. Please mail your request and payment to: Consent Decree Library, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044-7611.

Please enclose a check or money order for \$39.75 (25 cents per page reproduction cost), or \$11.50 for the Consent Decree without the Appendices, payable to the United States Treasury.

Robert Brook,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 2015-22865 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[OMB Number 1105-0094]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed eCollection Comments Requested; Applications for Special Deputation

AGENCY: U.S. Marshals Service, Department of Justice.

ACTION: 30-Day notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Justice (DOJ), U.S. Marshals Service (USMS), will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This proposed information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** at 80 FR 39800, on July 10, 2015, allowing for a 60 day comment period.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for an additional 30 days until October 13, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have additional comments especially on the estimated public burden or associated response time, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions or additional information, please contact Nicole Feuerstein, Publications Specialist, U.S. Marshals Service, CS-3, 10th Floor, Washington, DC 20530-0001 (phone: 202-307-5168). Written comments and/or suggestions can also be directed to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention Department of Justice Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20530 or sent to OIRA_submissions@omb.eop.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and/or
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of This Information Collection

1. *Type of Information Collection:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

2. *The Title of the Form/Collection:* Applications for Special Deputation.

3. *The agency form number:* The form numbers are USM-3A and USM-3C.

4. *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* Primary: Federal government and State/local government. Form USM-3A Application for Special Deputation/Sponsoring Federal Agency Information; Form USM-3C Group Special Deputation Request. The collection of information for these forms is authorized by 28 U.S.C. 562. The USMS is authorized to deputize selected persons to perform the functions of a Special Deputy U.S. Marshal whenever the law enforcement needs of the USMS so require and as designated by the Associate Attorney General pursuant to 28 CFR 0.19(a)(3). USMS Special Deputation files serve as a centralized record of the special deputations granted by the USMS to assist in tracking, controlling and monitoring the Special Deputation Program.

5. *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:* It is estimated that 6,000 respondents will complete a 15 minute form (Form USM-3A) and 4,500 respondents will complete a 10 minute form (Form USM-3C).

6. *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:* 2,250 annual burden hours.

If additional information is required contact: Jerri Murray, Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Justice Management Division, Policy and Planning Staff, Two Constitution Square, 145 N Street NE., 3E.405B, Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: September 8, 2015.

Jerri Murray,
Department Clearance Officer for PRA, U.S.
Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 2015-22899 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-04-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of Workers' Compensation Programs

Division of Federal Employees' Compensation Proposed Extension of Existing Collection; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. Currently, the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs is soliciting comments concerning its proposal to extend OMB approval of the information collection: Representative Fee Request (CA-143/CA-155). A copy of the proposed information collection request can be obtained by contacting the office listed below in the addresses section of this Notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the addresses section below on or before November 10, 2015.

ADDRESSES: Ms. Yoon Ferguson, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Ave. NW., Room S-3323, Washington, DC 20210, telephone/fax (202) 354-9647, Email ferguson.yoon@dol.gov. Please use only one method of transmission for comments (mail, fax, or Email).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. *Background:* Individuals filing for compensation benefits with the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP) may be represented by an attorney or other representative. The representative is entitled to request a fee for services under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act (FECA) and under the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (LHWCA). The fee must be approved by the OWCP before any demand for payment can be made by the representative. This information collection request sets forth the criteria for the information, which must be presented by the respondent in order to have the fee approved by the OWCP. The information collection does not have a particular form or format; the respondent must present the information in any format which is convenient and which meets all the required information criteria. This information collection is currently approved for use through January 31, 2016.

II. *Review Focus*: The Department of Labor is particularly interested in comments which:

* Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

* evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

* enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and

* minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

III. *Current Actions*: The Department of Labor seeks the approval for the extension of this currently approved information collection in order to carry out its responsibility to approve representative fees under the two Acts.

Type of Review: Extension.

Agency: Office of Workers' Compensation Programs.

Title: Representative Fee Request.

OMB Number: 1240-0049.

Agency Number: CA-143/CA-155.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit, Individuals or households.

Total Respondents: 9,307.

Total Annual Responses: 9,307.

Average Time per Response: 30 minutes.

Estimated Total Burden Hours: 4,654.

Frequency: On occasion.

Total Burden Cost (capital/startup): \$0.

Total Burden Cost (operating/maintenance): \$8,609.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval of the information collection request; they will also become a matter of public record.

Dated: September 4, 2015.

Yoon Ferguson,

Agency Clearance Officer, Office of Workers' Compensation Programs, U.S. Department of Labor.

[FR Doc. 2015-22866 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-CH-P

NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION

Sunshine Act: Notice of Agency Meeting

TIME AND DATE: 2:00 p.m., Wednesday, September 16, 2015.

PLACE: Board Room, 7th Floor, Room 7047, 1775 Duke Street, Alexandria, VA 22314-3428.

STATUS: Closed

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Consideration of Supervisory Action. Closed pursuant to Exemptions (8), (9)(i)(B) and (9)(ii).

2. Consideration of Supervisory Action. Closed pursuant to Exemptions (8), (9)(i)(B) and (9)(ii).

3. Consideration of Supervisory Action. Closed pursuant to Exemptions (8), and (9)(i)(B).

4. Consideration of Supervisory Action. Closed pursuant to Exemptions (8), (9)(i)(B) and (9)(ii).

RECESS: 3:30 p.m.

TIME AND DATE: 10:00 a.m., Thursday, September 17, 2015.

PLACE: Board Room, 7th Floor, Room 7047, 1775 Duke Street (All visitors must use Diagonal Road Entrance), Alexandria, VA 22314-3428.

STATUS: Open.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Corporate Stabilization Fund Quarterly Report.

2. Request to Expand Community Charter, Charlotte Metro Federal Credit Union.

3. NCUA Rules and Regulations, Aggregate Lending Limit for Corporate Credit Unions.

4. NCUA's Rules and Regulations, Implementing Statutory Inflation of Civil Money Penalties.

5. NCUA's Rules and Regulations, Regulatory Flexibility Act Asset Threshold.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gerard Poliquin, Secretary of the Board, Telephone: 703-518-6304.

Gerard Poliquin,

Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2015-23057 Filed 9-9-15; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 7535-01-P

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Advisory Committee for Education and Human Resources; Notice of Meeting

In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92-463, as amended), the National Science Foundation announces the following meeting:

NAME: Advisory Committee for Education and Human Resources (#1119).

DATE/TIME: September 29, 2015; 3:00-4:00 p.m. Eastern.

PLACE: NSF, 4201 Wilson Blvd., Arlington, VA 22230.

This will be a virtual meeting. All participants may join the conference call and webinar by clicking this link: <https://nsf.webex.com/nsf/j.php?MTID=m864fc994f1187144465d519bf2281ab5>.

Please follow the teleconference instructions to connect to the audio using a telephone. If you have trouble with the video portion of the meeting please contact dial 703-292-4357. Press 1 for videoconference support.

Those who wish to listen only please dial: 800-857-3133, Password: EHR AC.

If you have trouble with the audio portion of the meeting please contact customer service: 800-857-8777 (Audio only).

Meeting materials and minutes will also be available on the EHR Advisory Committee Web site at: <http://www.nsf.gov/ehr/advisory.jsp>.

TYPE OF MEETING: OPEN.

CONTACT PERSON: Michael Sullivan, National Science Foundation, 4201 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22230; (703) 292-8600; ehr_ac@nsf.gov.

PURPOSE OF MEETING: To review, deliberate, and provide recommendations and the report of the Subcommittee on Advancing Historically Black Colleges and Universities of the Advisory Committee of the National Science Foundation Directorate for Education and Human Resources to the NSF (EHR AC).

AGENDA:

- Introduction by Joan Ferrini-Mundy, Assistant Director for Education and Human Resources and Francisco Rodriguez, Chair, Education and Human Resources Advisory Committee
- Review of Findings by Lee Todd, EHR AC Subcommittee Liaison and Tuajuanda Jordan, Subcommittee Co-Chair
- Deliberation by Advisory Committee members
- Comments from the public
- Determine disposition of Report

Dated: August 7, 2015.

Crystal Robinson,

Committee Management Officer.

[FR Doc. 2015-22887 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7555-01-P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #14448 and #14449]

Illinois Disaster #IL-00046

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a notice of an Administrative declaration of a disaster for the State of Illinois dated 09/03/2015.

Incident: Severe Storms, Flooding, and Tornadoes.

Incident Period: 06/07/2015 through 07/31/2015.

Effective Date: 09/03/2015.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: 11/02/2015.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: 06/03/2016.

ADDRESSES: Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW., Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the Administrator's disaster declaration, applications for disaster loans may be filed at the address listed above or other locally announced locations.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties:

Grundy, Iroquois.

Contiguous Counties:

Illinois: Ford, Kankakee, Kendall, La Salle, Livingston, Vermilion, Will.
Indiana: Benton, Newton.

The Interest Rates are:

| | Percent |
|---|---------|
| <i>For Physical Damage:</i> | |
| Homeowners With Credit Available Elsewhere | 3.375 |
| Homeowners Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 1.688 |
| Businesses With Credit Available Elsewhere | 6.000 |
| Businesses Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 4.000 |
| Non-Profit Organizations With Credit Available Elsewhere ... | 2.625 |
| Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 2.625 |
| <i>For Economic Injury:</i> | |
| Businesses & Small Agricultural Cooperatives Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 4.000 |

| | Percent |
|---|---------|
| Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 2.625 |

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 14448 B and for economic injury is 14449 0.

The States which received an EIDL Declaration # are Illinois, Indiana.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers 59002 and 59008)

Dated: September 3, 2015.

Maria Contreras-Sweet,
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2015-22939 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8025-01-P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #14450 and #14451]

California Disaster # CA-00237

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a notice of an Administrative declaration of a disaster for the State of CALIFORNIA dated 09/03/2015.

Incident: Rocky Fire.

Incident Period: 07/29/2015 through 08/14/2015.

Effective Date: 09/03/2015.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: 11/02/2015.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: 06/03/2016.

ADDRESSES: Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW., Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the Administrator's disaster declaration, applications for disaster loans may be filed at the address listed above or other locally announced locations.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

Primary Counties:

Lake.

Contiguous Counties:

California: Colusa, Glenn, Mendocino, Napa, Sonoma, Yolo.

The Interest Rates are:

| | Percent |
|---|---------|
| <i>For Physical Damage:</i> | |
| Homeowners With Credit Available Elsewhere | 3.750 |
| Homeowners Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 1.875 |
| Businesses With Credit Available Elsewhere | 6.000 |
| Businesses Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 4.000 |
| Non-Profit Organizations With Credit Available Elsewhere ... | 2.625 |
| Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 2.625 |
| <i>For Economic Injury:</i> | |
| Businesses & Small Agricultural Cooperatives Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 4.000 |
| Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere | 2.625 |

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 14450 5 and for economic injury is 14451 0.

The State which received an EIDL Declaration # is California.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers 59002 and 59008)

Dated: September 3, 2015.

Maria Contreras-Sweet,
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2015-22940 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8025-01-P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #14415 and #14416]

Missouri Disaster Number MO-00076

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration.

ACTION: Amendment 1.

SUMMARY: This is an amendment of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Missouri (FEMA-4238-DR), dated 08/07/2015.

Incident: Severe Storms, Tornadoes, Straight-line Winds, and Flooding.

Incident Period: 05/15/2015 through 07/27/2015.

Effective Date: 08/31/2015.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: 10/06/2015.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: 05/07/2016.

ADDRESSES: Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration,

409 3rd Street SW., Suite 6050,
Washington, DC 20416.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of the President's major disaster declaration for Private Non-Profit organizations in the State of Missouri, dated 08/07/2015, is hereby amended to include the following areas as adversely affected by the disaster.

Primary Counties: Camden, Jackson, New Madrid, Nodaway, Oregon, Pemiscot, Phelps, Saint Clair.

All other information in the original declaration remains unchanged.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers 59002 and 59008)

James E. Rivera,

Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2015-22928 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8025-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

[Docket No. NHTSA-2015-0055]

Notice of Public Information Meeting and Comment Deadline in the Coordinated Remedy Program Proceeding for the Replacement of Certain Takata Air Bag Inflators

AGENCY: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of public information meeting; notice of comment deadline.

SUMMARY: NHTSA will hold a public information meeting in the Coordinated Remedy Program Proceeding, including presentation of facts established through this proceeding and possible actions that could aid in prioritizing, organizing, and phasing the multiple recalls to remedy defective Takata air bag inflators pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 30120(c)(3) and other authority. This notice also sets the comment deadline for Docket No. NHTSA-2015-0055.

DATES: The public information meeting will be held beginning at 10:00 a.m. ET on October 22, 2015, at the U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590. If you wish to attend the public information meeting, you must register in advance no later than October 18, 2015 (and October 15, 2015 for non-U.S. citizens), by following the instructions in the PROCEDURAL MATTERS section of this notice. Space is limited. NHTSA will consider late registrants to the extent space allows, but cannot ensure that all registrants

will be able to attend the public information meeting.

To ensure that NHTSA has an opportunity to consider all comments regarding a possible Coordinated Remedy Program, NHTSA must receive those written comments not later than October 28, 2015, submitted following the instructions provided in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments to the docket number identified in the heading of this document by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* go to <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.

- *Mail:* Docket Management Facility, M-30, U.S. Department of Transportation, West Building Ground Floor, Rm. W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590.

- *Hand Delivery or Courier:* U.S. Department of Transportation, West Building Ground Floor, Rm. W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590 through 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. ET, Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

- *Fax:* (202) 493-2251.

Regardless of how you submit your comments, you should mention the docket number of this document.

You may call the Docket at 202-366-9324.

Note that all comments received will be posted without change to <http://www.regulations.gov>, including any personal information provided.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For registration to attend the public information meeting: Carla Bridges, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590 (Telephone: 202-366-5263) (Fax: 202-366-3820). For meeting procedures: Arija Flowers, Office of the Chief Counsel, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590 (Telephone: 202-366-5263). Information regarding NHTSA's investigation into Takata Air Bag Inflator ruptures is available on NHTSA's Web site at: <http://www.safercar.gov/rs/takata/index.html>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As set forth in the **Federal Register** notice of June 5, 2015 (80 FR 32197), NHTSA has opened a Coordinated Remedy Program Proceeding to consider whether and, if so, how to exercise its authority under the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966, as amended and recodified (the "Safety Act"), 49 U.S.C. 30101, *et seq.*, to mitigate and control

the risk of serious injury or death due to an air bag inflator rupture, and to ensure that all affected vehicles in the United States are equipped with safe air bags as quickly as possible, by providing national-level leadership in facilitating the prioritization, organization, and phasing of the remedy programs of TK Holdings, Inc. ("Takata") and all vehicle manufacturers with the affected air bag inflators. Currently, this includes the remedy programs of BMW of North America, LLC ("BMW"), FCA US, LLC ("Chrysler"), Daimler Trucks North America ("DTNA"), Daimler Vans USA, LLC ("Daimler Vans"), Ford Motor Company ("Ford"), General Motors, LLC ("GM"), American Honda Motor Company ("Honda"), Mazda North American Operations ("Mazda"), Mitsubishi Motors North America, Inc. ("Mitsubishi"), Nissan North America, Inc. ("Nissan"), Subaru of America, Inc. ("Subaru"), and Toyota Motor Engineering and Manufacturing ("Toyota").¹

Based on information obtained through the Coordinated Remedy Program Proceeding, NHTSA may issue one or more administrative orders that would coordinate remedy programs associated with defective Takata air bag inflators. 49 U.S.C. 30120(c)(3); 49 CFR 573.14. Coordination of the remedy programs may include "acceleration," prioritization, organization, and/or phasing of some or all such air bag inflator remedy programs to ensure that defective vehicles and equipment are recalled and remedied. 49 U.S.C. 30118-30120; 49 CFR 573, 577. It may further include, among other things, coordination as to air bag inflator sourcing, production, allocation, delivery, installation, and adequacy of the remedy. 49 U.S.C. 30120(c)(3); 49 CFR 573.14.

NHTSA has decided to hold a public information meeting on facts established through the Coordinated Remedy Program Proceeding, analyses being conducted by industry and NHTSA, separately and cooperatively, and possible actions that could aid in prioritizing, organizing, and phasing the multiple recalls to remedy defective Takata air bag inflators pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 30120(c)(3) and other authority. This may include, among other things, information on supply challenges of

¹ In the **Federal Register** notice published June 5, 2015 (80 FR 32197), that opened the Coordinated Remedy Program Proceeding, Mercedes-Benz, LLC-DBA Sprinter ("M-B Sprinter") (as to Sprinter Vans only) was listed as an affected vehicle manufacturer. However, the affected M-B Sprinter vehicles are being recalled by Daimler Vans. Similarly, based on relationships of companies and products, DTNA is working with Chrysler to carry out the recalls of the DTNA trucks.

multiple manufacturers implementing recalls of the same or substantially similar parts simultaneously; risk factors that support prioritizing certain vehicles for remedy; efforts at maximizing recall completion rates to achieve NHTSA's goal of one-hundred percent remedy rates both in high-priority vehicles and nation-wide; and addressing specific questions and concerns consumers may have about how such a coordinated remedy program would work. NHTSA anticipates that information will be provided in presentations by NHTSA personnel and vehicle manufacturers, and that inflator suppliers and organizations conducting inflator testing may also present information relevant to the investigation into the defective Takata air bag inflators and to the Coordinated Remedy Program Proceeding.

NHTSA has determined that given the importance of the subject matter and of public education on this significant defect and recall, it is appropriate to hold a public information meeting to provide updated information relevant to NHTSA's decision-making process in the Coordinated Remedy Program Proceeding.

Any interested person may provide written comments regarding a possible Coordinated Remedy Program, including questions or factors the individual believes NHTSA should consider in deciding whether, and if so how, NHTSA should exercise its authority under the Safety Act. Comments must be submitted by October 28, 2015, following the directions in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice.

Procedural Matters: Persons wishing to attend the public information meeting must register by contacting Carla Bridges, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590, (Telephone: 202-366-5263) (Fax: 202-366-3820), before the close of business on October 18, 2015 (and October 15, 2015 for non-U.S. citizens). Each person wishing to attend must provide his or her name and country of citizenship. Non-U.S. citizens must also provide date of birth, title or position, and passport or diplomatic ID number, along with expiration date.

For security purposes, photo identification is required to enter the U.S. Department of Transportation building. To allow sufficient time to clear security and enter the building, NHTSA recommends that meeting participants arrive 30 to 60 minutes prior to the start of the public information meeting.

The meeting will be held at a site accessible to individuals with disabilities. Individuals who require accommodations, such as sign language interpreters, should contact Ms. Arija Flowers using the contact information in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section above no later than October 14, 2015. A transcript of the proceedings will be placed in the docket for this notice at a later date.

Persons who wish to file written comments should submit them so that they are received by NHTSA no later than October 28, 2015, following the submission instructions provided in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 30101, *et seq.*, 30118-30120, 30120(c)(3); 49 CFR 573, 577; delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.95(a), 501.2(a)(1).

Issued: September 3, 2015.

Mark R. Rosekind,
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2015-22712 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-59-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board

[Docket No. FD 35954]

Camp Chase Railway Company, LLC— Acquisition and Operation Exemption—Camp Chase Railroad Company

Camp Chase Railway Company, LLC (CCRY),¹ a noncarrier, has filed a verified notice of exemption under 49 CFR 1150.31 to acquire from Camp Chase Railroad Company (CCRA), and to operate, approximately 14 miles of rail line known as the Camp Chase Industrial Track (the Line). The Line extends between milepost 141.4 in Columbus, Ohio, and milepost 155.4 in Lilly Chapel, Ohio.²

This transaction is related to a concurrently filed verified notice of exemption in *Indiana Boxcar Corporation—Continuance in Control Exemption—Camp Chase Railway Company, LLC*, FD 35955, wherein Indiana Boxcar Corporation seeks Board approval to continue in control of CCRY, upon CCRY's becoming a Class III rail carrier.

The transaction may not be consummated until September 27, 2015

¹ CCRY is a new subsidiary of Indiana Boxcar Corporation.

² CCRA, previously known as Camp Chase Industrial Railroad Corporation, acquired the Line from Consolidated Rail Corporation in 1994. See *Camp Chase Indus. R.R. Corp.—Acquisition and Operation Exemption—Line of Consol. Rail Corp.*, FD 32581 (ICC served Oct. 21, 1994).

(30 days after the notice of exemption was filed).

CCRY certifies that its projected annual revenues as a result of this transaction will not result in its becoming a Class II or Class I rail carrier and will not exceed \$5 million.

CCRY states that the transaction does not involve any provision or agreement that limits future interchange with a third-party connecting carrier.

If the verified notice contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void *ab initio*. Petitions to revoke the exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) may be filed at any time. The filing of a petition to revoke will not automatically stay the effectiveness of the exemption. Petitions to stay must be filed no later than September 18, 2015 (at least seven days before the exemption becomes effective).

An original and 10 copies of all pleadings, referring to Docket No. FD 35954, must be filed with the Surface Transportation Board, 395 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20423-0001. In addition, a copy of each pleading must be served on John D. Heffner, Strasburger & Price, LLP, 1025 Connecticut Ave. NW., Suite 717, Washington, DC 20036.

Board decisions and notices are available on our Web site at "WWW.STB.DOT.GOV."

Decided: September 4, 2015.

By the Board, Rachel D. Campbell,
Director, Office of Proceedings.

Tia Delano,
Clearance Clerk.

[FR Doc. 2015-22905 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4915-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board

[Docket No. FD 35955]

Indiana Boxcar Corporation— Continuance in Control Exemption— Camp Chase Railway Company, LLC

Indiana Boxcar Corporation (IBCX), a noncarrier, has filed a verified notice of exemption pursuant to 49 CFR 1180.2(d)(2) to continue in control of Camp Chase Railway Company, LLC (CCRY), upon CCRY's becoming a Class III rail carrier.

This transaction is related to a concurrently filed verified notice of exemption in *Camp Chase Railway Company, LLC—Acquisition and Operation Exemption—Camp Chase Railroad Company*, Docket No. FD 35954, wherein CCRY seeks Board approval to acquire from Camp Chase

Railroad Company (CCRA), and to operate, approximately 14 miles of rail line known as the Camp Chase Industrial Track, extending between milepost 141.4 in Columbus, Ohio, and milepost 155.4 in Lilly Chapel, Ohio. Once consummation has occurred, CCRY will replace CCRA as the owner and operator of the Camp Chase Industrial Track.

The transaction may be consummated on or after September 27, 2015, the effective date of the exemption (30 days after the notice of exemption was filed).

IBCX currently owns three Class III rail carriers operating in four states: Vermilion Valley Railroad Company, Inc., operating in Illinois; Chesapeake & Indiana Railroad Company, Inc., operating in Indiana; and Youngstown & Southeastern Railway Company, Inc., operating in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

IBCX certifies that: (1) The Camp Chase Industrial Track does not connect with any carrier which IBCX owns; (2) the transaction is not part of a series of

anticipated transactions that would connect these railroads with each other; and (3) the transaction does not involve a Class I rail carrier. Therefore, the transaction is exempt from the prior approval requirements of 49 U.S.C. 11323. *See* 49 CFR 1180.2(d)(2).

Under 49 U.S.C. 10502(g), the Board may not use its exemption authority to relieve a rail carrier of its statutory obligation to protect the interests of its employees. Section 11326(c), however, does not provide for labor protection for transactions under § 11324 and § 11325 that involve only Class III rail carriers. Accordingly, the Board may not impose labor protective conditions here because all of the carriers involved are Class III carriers.

If the verified notice contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void *ab initio*. Petitions to revoke the exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) may be filed at any time. The filing of a petition to revoke will not automatically stay the effectiveness of

the exemption. Stay petitions must be filed no later than September 18, 2015 (at least seven days before the exemption becomes effective).

An original and 10 copies of all pleadings, referring to Docket No. FD 35955, must be filed with the Surface Transportation Board, 395 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20423-0001. In addition, one copy of each pleading must be served on John D. Heffner, Strasburger & Price, LLP, 1025 Connecticut Ave. NW., Suite 717, Washington, DC 20036.

Board decisions and notices are available on our Web site at “WWW.STB.DOT.GOV.”

Decided: September 8, 2015.

By the Board, Rachel D. Campbell,
Director, Office of Proceedings.

Tia Delano,

Clearance Clerk.

[FR Doc. 2015-22906 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4915-01-P



FEDERAL REGISTER

Vol. 80

Friday,

No. 176

September 11, 2015

Part II

Department of Housing and Urban
Development

Federal Property Suitable as Facilities To Assist the Homeless; Notice

**DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND
URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

[Docket No. FR-5828-N-37]

**Federal Property Suitable as Facilities
To Assist the Homeless**

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This Notice identifies unutilized, underutilized, excess, and surplus Federal property reviewed by HUD for suitability for use to assist the homeless.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Juanita Perry, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street SW., Room 7266, Washington, DC 20410; telephone (202) 402-3970; TTY number for the hearing- and speech-impaired (202) 708-2565 (these telephone numbers are not toll-free), or call the toll-free Title V information line at 800-927-7588.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 24 CFR part 581 and section 501 of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11411), as amended, HUD is publishing this Notice to identify Federal buildings and other real property that HUD has reviewed for suitability for use to assist the homeless. The properties were reviewed using information provided to HUD by Federal landholding agencies regarding unutilized and underutilized buildings and real property controlled by such agencies or by GSA regarding its inventory of excess or surplus Federal property. This Notice is also published in order to comply with the December 12, 1988 Court Order in *National Coalition for the Homeless v. Veterans Administration*, No. 88-2503-OG (D.D.C.).

Properties reviewed are listed in this Notice according to the following categories: Suitable/available, suitable/unavailable, and suitable/to be excess, and unsuitable. The properties listed in the three suitable categories have been reviewed by the landholding agencies, and each agency has transmitted to HUD: (1) Its intention to make the property available for use to assist the homeless, (2) its intention to declare the property excess to the agency's needs, or (3) a statement of the reasons that the property cannot be declared excess or made available for use as facilities to assist the homeless.

Properties listed as suitable/available will be available exclusively for homeless use for a period of 60 days from the date of this Notice. Where

property is described as for "off-site use only" recipients of the property will be required to relocate the building to their own site at their own expense.

Homeless assistance providers interested in any such property should send a written expression of interest to HHS, addressed to: Ms. Theresa M. Ritta, Chief Real Property Branch, the Department of Health and Human Services, Room 5B-17, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, (301)-443-2265 (This is not a toll-free number.) HHS will mail to the interested provider an application packet, which will include instructions for completing the application. In order to maximize the opportunity to utilize a suitable property, providers should submit their written expressions of interest as soon as possible. For complete details concerning the processing of applications, the reader is encouraged to refer to the interim rule governing this program, 24 CFR part 581.

For properties listed as suitable/to be excess, that property may, if subsequently accepted as excess by GSA, be made available for use by the homeless in accordance with applicable law, subject to screening for other Federal use. At the appropriate time, HUD will publish the property in a Notice showing it as either suitable/available or suitable/unavailable.

For properties listed as suitable/unavailable, the landholding agency has decided that the property cannot be declared excess or made available for use to assist the homeless, and the property will not be available. Properties listed as unsuitable will not be made available for any other purpose for 20 days from the date of this Notice. Homeless assistance providers interested in a review by HUD of the determination of unsuitability should call the toll free information line at 1-800-927-7588 for detailed instructions or write a letter to Ann Marie Oliva at the address listed at the beginning of this Notice. Included in the request for review should be the property address (including zip code), the date of publication in the **Federal Register**, the landholding agency, and the property number.

For more information regarding particular properties identified in this Notice (*i.e.*, acreage, floor plan, existing sanitary facilities, exact street address), providers should contact the appropriate landholding agencies at the following addresses: *Air Force:* Mr. Robert E. Moriarty, P.E., AFCEC/CI, 2261 Hughes Avenue, Ste. 155, JBSA, Lackland TX 78236-9853; *Army:* Ms. Veronica Rines, Office of the Assistant

Chief of Staff for Installation Management, Department of Army, Room 5A128, 600 Army Pentagon, Washington, DC 20310, (571)-256-8145; *Energy:* Mr. David Steinau, Department of Energy, Office of Property Management, OECM MA-50, 4B122, 1000 Independence Ave. SW., Washington, DC 20585 (202) 287-1503; *GSA:* Mr. Flavio Peres, General Services Administration, Office of Real Property Utilization and Disposal, 1800 F Street NW., Room 7040, Washington, DC 20405, (202) 501-0084 (These are not toll-free numbers).

Dated: September 1, 2015.

Brian P. Fitzmaurice,
*Director, Division of Community Assistance,
Office of Special Needs Assistance Programs.*

**TITLE V, FEDERAL SURPLUS
PROPERTY PROGRAM FEDERAL
REGISTER REPORT FOR 09/11/2015**

Suitable/Available Properties

Building

Alabama

C1301

Ft. McClellan

Ft. McClellan AL 36205

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201220017

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 2,232 sq. ft.; barracks; extensive repairs needed; secured area; need prior approval to access property.

11 Buildings

Redstone Arsenal

Redstone Arsenal AL 35898

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201340002

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 4469, 7328, 7352A, 7352B,

7353A, 7635, 7668A, 7688A, 7902, 7908

(Please Note: 7352A, 7352B, and 7688A are Suitable/Unavailable)

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; sq. ft. varies; major repairs needed; secured area; contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessibility reqs.

4 Buildings

Redstone Arsenal

Redstone Arsenal AL 35898

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201410026

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 3535 (150 sq. ft.); 3538 (48 sq. ft.);

4637 (2,095 sq. ft.); 7330 (75 sq. ft.)

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; repairs needed; secured area; contact Army for more information.

5 Buildings

Redstone Arsenal

Redstone Arsenal AL 35898

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201420016

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 7742A; 7742B; 7740A; 7740B;

7740

Comments: off-site removal only; must be dismantled; no future agency need;

- extensive repairs required; contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessibility/removal reqs.
- 4811
Redstone Arsenal
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430024
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4811
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 221 sq. ft.; Flammable/explosive storage facility; 12+ months vacant; deteriorated; secured area; contact Army for more information.
- 6 Buildings
Redstone Arsenal
Madison AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510040
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 3757 (800 sq. ft.); 3759 (39 sq. ft.); 3762 (288 sq. ft.); 6209 (130 sq. ft.); 6210 (130 sq. ft.); 7859 (522 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; prior approval to gain access is required; for more info. contact Agriculture.
- 3 Buildings
Fort Rucker
Fort Rucker AL 36362
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520022
Status: Unutilized
Directions: L241G (64 sq.ft.); 1329 (64 sq.ft.); 1328 (693 sq.ft.)
Comments: off-site removal; range from 20–23 yrs. old; fair condition; vacant 5–8 mos.; nav bldg.; flam mat; prior approval to gain access is required; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- Building 40188
Lowe Airfield Road
Fort Rucker AL 36362
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520037
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 17+ yrs. Old; 480 sq. ft.; admin.; 2+ mos. Vacant; poor condition; no future agency need; prior approval to gain access required; contact Army for more information.
- 2 Building
Lake Shore Drive
Fort Rucker AL 36362
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520038
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Building 24110 (1,427 sq. ft.); 24109 (1,358 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; 69+ yrs. old; rec billets; 2+ mos. vacant; poor conditions; prior approval needed for access; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- Building 5001T
Fort Rucker
Fort Rucker AL 36362
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520039
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 17+ yrs. old; 1,440 sq. ft.; gen inst. bldg.; 2+ mos. vacant; fair condition; prior approval to gain access required; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- Building L264A
Fort Rucker
Fort Rucker AL 32425
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520040
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 23+ yrs. old; 64 sq. ft.; NAV bldg.; 5+ mos. vacant; fair condition; prior approval needed to gain access; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- Building L241F
Fort Rucker
Fort Rucker AL
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520041
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 32+ yrs. old; 1,018 sq. ft.; 5+ mos. vacant; nav. bldg.; fair conditions; prior approval needed to gain access; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- 2 Buildings
Redstone Arsenal
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530058
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Building 7359 (4,547 sq. ft.); 7369 (7,288 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal; 48–70+ yrs. old; rocket plants; vacant 4 mos.; major reno. needed; contaminates; asbestos; no future agency need; prior approval needed to gain access; contact Army for more info.
- Building 3540
Redstone Arsenal
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530092
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 150 sq. ft.; range support; removal may be diff. due to type (brick); major renov.; LBP; endangered species-var. bat species; contact Army for more info.
- Alaska
Bldg. 00001
Holy Cross Armory
High Cross AK 99602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710051
Status: Excess
Comments: 1200 sq. ft. armory, off-site use only.
- Building 00001
9679 Tuluksak Rd.
Toksook AK 99679
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320038
Status: Excess
Comments: 1,200 sf.; armory; 60+ months vacant; poor conditions.
- Building 00001
Lot 7 Block 11 US Survey 5069
Noorvik AK 99763
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330030
Status: Excess
Comments: 1,200 sf. armory; 60+ months vacant; poor conditions; contact Army for more info.
- Building 00001
P.O. Box 22
Gambell AK 99742
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330031
Status: Excess
Comments: 1,208 sf.; armory; 60+ months vacant; poor conditions; contact Army for more info.
- Building 0001
Kivalina Armory
Kivalina AK 99750
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330032
Status: Excess
Comments: 1,200 sf. armory; 600+ months vacant; poor conditions; contact Army for more info.
- Akiachak 00001
500 Philips St.
Akiachak AK 99551
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330033
Status: Excess
Comments: 1,200 sf.; armory; 60+ months vacant; poor conditions; contact Army for more info.
- Arizona
Building 90890
Fort Huachuca
Fort Huachuca AZ 85613
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440051
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 40 sq. ft.; 80+ months vacant; repairs needed; contact Army for more information.
- 7 Buildings
Papago Park Military Reservation
Phoenix AZ 85008
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510025
Status: Excess
Directions: M5358 (1500 sq. ft.); M5356 (1,500 sq. ft.); M5354 (1,500 sq. ft.); M5352 (1,500 sq. ft.); M5218 (1,097 sq. ft.); M5331 (2,460 sq. ft.); M5502 (5,856 sq. ft.)
Comments: Fair condition prior approve to gain access is required, for more information contact Army about a specific property.
- 2 Building
5636 E. McDowell Road
Phoenix AZ 85008
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520007
Status: Excess
Directions: Building M5502 (5,856 sq. ft.) & M5331 (2,460 sq. ft.)
Comments: 45+ & 62+ yrs. old for buildings respectively above; administration; restricted access; escort required; contact Army for more information.
- Arkansas
Bldg. 16440
Pine Bluff Arsenal
Pine Bluff AR 71602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210095
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal; 1,660 sf.; current use; office; extensive mold damage; needs major repairs.
- Building 60330

- 60330 Ave 6160
Pine Bluff AR 71602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520035
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 23+ yrs. Old; 560 sq. ft.; break/lunch room; needs repairs; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- Building 54050
54050 507 St.
Pine Bluff AR 71602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520036
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal; 24+ yrs. old; 2,973 sq. ft.; employee changing bldg.; repairs needed; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- 4 Buildings
Pine Bluff Arsenal
Pine Bluff AR 71602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530056
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Building's 16270 (3,100 sq. ft.); 16230 (4,720 sq. ft.); 16250 (1,500 sq. ft.); 10021 (165 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal; 38-73+ yrs. old; pwr. Storage; admin gen; ACS ctr.; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- California
Bldgs. 18026, 18028
Camp Roberts
Monterey CA 93451-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130081
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Comments: 2024 sq. ft. sq. ft., concrete, poor condition, off-site use only.
- 5 Buildings
JFTB
Los Alamitos CA 90720
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230043
Status: Excess
Directions: 148, 149, 261, 280, 281
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; use: storage; poor conditions; contamination; permission required to access property to remove of installation.
- 1201T
Tower Rd.
Dubin CA 94568
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310060
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 30 sf.; control tower; poor conditions; restricted area; transferee must obtain real estate doc. to access/remove; contact Army for more info.
- 1201S & 1205S
Tower Rd.
Dublin CA 94568
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310062
Status: Unutilized
Directions: previously reported under 21201010006
Comments: REDETERMINATION: off-site removal only; 396 & 252 sf. repectively;
- storage; poor conditions; transferee will need to obtain real estate doc. to access/remove property; contact Army for more info.
- 2 Building
Parks Reserve Forces Training Area
Dublin CA 94568
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330002
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 1108, 1109
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; sf. varies; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army for info. on a specific property & accessibility removal reqs.
- 7 Building
Parks Reserve Forces Training Area
Dublin CA 94568
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330003
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 200, 00974, 1080, 1085, 1100, 1101, 1176
Comments: sf varies; no future agency need; poor/deteriorated conditions; secured area; escort required; contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessibility reqs./removal options.
- Building 4230
Ord Military Community
Seaside CA 93955
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330007
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4230
Comments: 15,908 sf.; theater; vacant since 2000; 43 yes.-old; mold; lead-based paint; asbestos; contact Army for more info.
- Building 4230
Ord Military Community
Seaside CA 93955
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330010
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4230
Comments: 15,908 sf.; theater; vacant since 2000; 43 yes.-old; mold; lead-based paint; asbestos; contact Army for more info.
- 11 Building
Fort Hunter Liggett
FF Hunter Liggett CA 93928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330018
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 0100A, 0178B, 00306, 00408, 0418A, 00850, 00851, 00932, 00945, 00946, 00947
Comments: offsite removal only; no future agency need; St. varies, conditions range from good to dilapidated secured area, contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessibility/removal reqs.
- 22 Buildings
Hwy. 101, Bldg. 109
Camp Roberts CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330019
Status: Excess
Directions: 00902, 00936, 01019, 06079, 06080, 06125, 06320, 14212, 14308, 14801, 25012, 25013, 27108, 27110, 27126, RB001, RB003, RB004, RB005, RB006, RB007, RB043
Comments: CORRECTION: Bldg. 14801 incorrectly published on 08/30/2013; off-
- site removal only; 6+ months vacant; poor conditions; contamination; secured area; contact Army for info.
- 11 Building
Fort Hunter Liggett
Fort Hunger Liggett CA 93928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330023
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 0100A, 0178B, 00306, 00408, 0418A, 00850, 00851, 00932, 00945, 00946, 00947
Comments: offsite removal only; no future agency need; St. varies, conditions range from good to dilapidated secured area, contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessibility/removal reqs.
- 23 Buildings
Hwy 101, Bldg. 109
Camp Robert CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330025
Status: Excess
Directions: T0805, T0831, T0834, T0874, T0876, T0917, T0920, T0922, T0923, T0925, T0933, T0934, T0935, T0955, T0956, T0955, T0956, T0966, T0967, T0992, T6005, T6029, T6406, T7025, T7037
Comments: off-site removal only; sf varies; 6t months vacant; poor conditions; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessility removal reqs.
- 11 Building
Fort Hunter Liggett
Fort Hunter Ligget CA 93928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330026
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 0100A, 0178B, 00306, 00408, 0418A, 00850, 00851, 00932, 00945, 00946, 00947
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; St. varies, conditions range from good to dilapidated secured area, contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessibility/removal reqs.
- 7 Buildings
Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA 96113
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330067
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00478, 00548, 00681, 00682, 00683, 00684, and 00685
Comments: sf. varies, 36-204+ months vacant; fair to deteriorated; secured area; extensive background check required; contact Amry for info. on a specifc property & accessibility reqs.
- 2 Buildings
Camp Roberts MTC
Camp Roberts CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410024
Status: Excess
Directions: 14102 (864 sq. ft); 14801 (200 sq. ft)
Comments: off-site removal only; 72+ yrs.-old; secured area; contact Army for accessibility/removal requirements.
- 4 Buildings
Fort Hunter Liggett
711 ASP Road

- Fort Hunter Liggett CA 93928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420004
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 711; 710; 0408A; 719
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; poor conditions; must obtain access documentation; contact Army for information on a specific property and accessibility/removal request.
- Bldg. 53
Navy Lodge on RT Jones Rd.
Mountain View CA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430003
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 960 sq. ft.; storage; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.
- 00294
Los Alamitos Joint Forces Training Base (JFTB)
Los Alamitos CA 90720-5002
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430018
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 00294
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 980 sq. ft.; storage/general purpose; very poor condition; secured area; contact Army for more information.
- Building 37
Defense Distribution
San Joaquin CA 95304
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510007
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 200 sq. ft.; shipping office; age: 2013; fair/good conditions; asbestos/lead; contact Army for more information.
- Camp Roberts MTC (H) Bldg.
T0864
Hwy 101; Bldg. 109
Camp Roberts CA 93451-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510028
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal; 73+ yrs. old; 400 sq. ft. storage; residential; fair to poor condition; vacant 72 months; contact Army for more info.
- 3 Buildings
Park Reserve Forces Training Area
Dubin CA 94568
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530048
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Building: 973 RPUID: 376805 (1,933 sq. ft.); 1194 RPUID: 377058 (1,020 sq. ft.); 1195 RPUID: 377059 (1,020 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 61/71+ yrs. old; Vacant Storage; recreation center; poor condition; contact Army for more info. on a specific property accessibility/removal requirements.
- 6 Buildings
Fort Hunter Liggett
Fort Hunter Liggett CA 93928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530049
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Building: 0100B (124 sq. ft.); 124 (2,001 sq. ft.); 149 (1,196 sq. ft.); 283 (4,225 sq. ft.) 393 (58 sq. ft.); 394 (58 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 35/86+ yrs. old; usage varies; contact Army for more info. on a specific property; access./removal requirements.
- Building 0132A
Fort Hunter Liggett
For Hunter Liggett CA 93928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530050
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal; no future agency need; 64+ yrs. old; 943 sq. ft.; residential; poor condition; contact Army for more information and accessibility/removal requirements.
- Colorado
Building 01852
6359 Barkley Ave.
Ft. Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320036
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 9,822 sf.; BDE HQ; repairs needed; asbestos; secured area; contact Army for access/removal requirements.
- Building 01854
6370 Porter St.
Ft. Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320037
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 3,800 sf.; Admin.; repairs needed; asbestos; secured area; contact Army for access/removal requirements.
- Building 00304
5020 Tevis St.
Ft. Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320039
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 15,484 sf.; Admin.; 4 months vacant; repairs needed; asbestos; contact Army for access/removal requirements.
- Building 01430
6101 Wetzel Ave.
Fort Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330028
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency use; 4t months; 41,098 sf.; admin.; maint./repairs needed; secured area; contact Army for more info. re. accessibility/removal reqs.
- 3 Buildings
Fort Carson
Fort Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340017
Status: Unutilized
Directions: R043A (120 sq. ft.); R043D (240 sq. ft.); R111A (120 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; sq. ft. varies; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army for more information on a specific property & accessibility requirements.
- 4 Buildings
Fort Carson
6466 Specker Ave., Building 1520
Fort Carson CO 80913-4001
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420007
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 01520; 01909; 05510; 06250
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; contamination; repairs required; secured area; contact Army for information on a specific property and accessibility/removal request.
- 8 Buildings
Fort Carson
3446 Airfield Road, Building 9600
Fort Carson CO 80913-4001
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420008
Status: Excess
Directions: 09600; 09601; 09602; 9605; 9608; 09610; 9634A; 9635A
Comments: off-Site removal only; contamination; repairs required; secured area; contact Army for information on a specific property and accessibility/removal request.
- Building 09611
Fort Carson
Ft. Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420012
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 4,255 sq. ft.; org. classroom; 49+ yrs. old; repairs required; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more info.
- 9745
Fort Carson
Fort Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430046
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 100 sq. ft.; access control point; repairs needed; secured area; contact Army for more information.
- Building 01431
6101 Wetzel Ave.
Ft. Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440050
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 202 sq. ft.; 4+ months vacant; repair needed; contact Army for more information.
- Building 00209
4809 Tevis Street
Fort Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520018
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal; 49+ yrs. old; 400 sq. ft.; housing; vacant 3 mos.; repairs required; asbestos; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- Building 00220
4860 Tevis Street
Fort Carson CO 80913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520033
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 73+ yrs. old; 690 sq. ft.; Eng./housing; repairs required; concrete; maybe difficult to

- move; asbestos; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- Georgia
Building 904
2022 Veterans Pkwy
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310004
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 9,993 sf.; museum; poor conditions; asbestos & lead-based paint; w/in secured area; Gov't escort required to access/remove property.
- Building 862
259 N. Lightning Rd.
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310010
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 826 sf.; Battery Shop; poor conditions; w/in secured area; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal reqs.
- Building 853
140 Barren Loop Rd.
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310011
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 4,100 sf.; Admin. 3 mons. vacant; fair conditions; w/in secured area; contact Army for accessibility/removal reqs.
- Building 866
null
395 N. Lightning Rd.
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310012
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 2,100 sf.; Admin.; fair conditions; w/in secured area; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal reqs.
- Building 9597
Bultman Ave.
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310013
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 324 sf.; storage; 6 mons. vacant; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Building 8056
N. Lightning Rd.
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310015
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 3,790 sf.; navigation bldg.; 10 mons. vacant; fair conditions; asbestos; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Buildings 7736 & 7740
Chip Rd.
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310016
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- 3 Buildings
McFarland Ave.
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310017
Status: Excess
Directions: 1710, 1711, 1712
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Buildings 1303 & 1304
Warrior Rd.
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310018
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Building 1155 & 1156
N. Lightning Rd.
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310019
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Buildings 1139 & 1151
Veterans Pkwy
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310020
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Building 1104
Frank Cochran Dr.
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310022
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 240 sf.; storage; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort required to access/remove property.
- Building 1105
Veterans Pkwy
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310023
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 7,132 sf.; Maint. Facility; poor conditions; asbestos & lead; w/in secured area; Gov't escort required to access/remove property.
- Building 1130
Veterans Pkwy
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310024
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 322 sf.; storage; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Building 1132
Veterans Pkwy
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310025
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 182 sf.; latrine; poor conditions; w/in secured area;
- Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Building 1133
Veterans Pkwy
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310026
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 501 sf.; latrine; poor conditions; w/in secured area; Gov't escort only to access/remove property.
- Building OT022
46 22nd Street
Fort Gordon GA 30905
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330005
Status: Unutilized
Comments: no future agency need; Off-site removal only; 960 sf.; classroom; 120 months; dilapidated; contamination; closed post; contact Army for accessibility/removal requirements.
- Building OT007
31 22nd Street
Fort Gordon GA 30905
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330006
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 960 sf.; classroom; 120 months; dilapidated; contamination; closed post; contact Army for accessibility/removal reqs.
- 3 Buildings
Veterans Pkwy.
Fort Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330036
Status: Excess
Directions: 1101, 1108, 1129
Comments: off-site removal only; poor conditions; contamination; secured area; contact Army for info. on a specific property; accessibility removal reqs.
- Building 00TR4
43 Pistol Range Road
Whitfield GA 30755
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330045
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 2,560 sf.; dining facility; 78 yrs. old; poor conditions; contact Army for more info.
- Building 1157
Hunter Army Airfield
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410033
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 5,809 sq. ft.; poor conditions; secured area; gov't escort required; contact Army for more info.
- Building 7097
Fort Stewart
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440007
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation difficult due to size/type; 9,520 sq. ft.; child development center; 6+ months vacant; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.

- 100
Hunter Army Airfield
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440008
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; relocation extremely difficult due to size; 13,331 sq. ft.; classroom; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.
- 1020
Hunter Army Airfield
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440009
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation extremely difficult due to size/type; 39,653 sq.ft.; storage; 1+ month vacant; contact Army for more information.
- 9002
Hunter Army Airfield
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31406
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440010
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation difficult due to type; 221 sq. ft.; 12+ months vacant; poor conditions; asbestos; contact Army for more information.
- 00977
Ft. Benning
Ft. Benning GA 31905
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530009
Status: Unutilized
Directions: RPUID 280829
Comments: off-site removal only; 789 sq. ft.; no future agency need; 23+ yrs. old; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.
- 2 Buildings
Ft. Benning
Ft. Benning GA 31905
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530012
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 02671 (RPUID: 282337; 110 sq. ft.); 02296 (RPUID: 282250; 468 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; 789 sq. ft.; no future agency need; relocation difficult due to type; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.
- 2 Buildings
Ft. Benning
Ft. Benning GA 31905
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530014
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 04218 (RPUID: 282317; 485 sq. ft.); 04219 (RPUID: 282318; 577 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation difficult due to type; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.
- 2 Buildings
Ft. Benning
Ft. Benning GA 31905
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530015
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 09128 (RPUID: 281864; 120 sq. ft.); 09132 (RPUID: 281868; 289 sq. ft.)
- Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.
- Hawaii
P-88
Aliamanu Military Reservation
Honolulu HI 96818
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030324
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Approximately 600 feet from Main Gate on Aliamanu Drive.
Comments: 45,216 sq. ft. underground tunnel complex, pres. of asbestos clean-up required of contamination, use of respirator required by those entering property, use limitations.
- 3377Z
Schofield Barracks
Wahiawa HI 96786
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210054
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 196 sf.; current use: transformer bldg.; poor conditions—needs repairs.
- Bldg 0300B
308 Paalaa Uka Pupukea
Wahiawa HI 96786
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210083
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 114 sf.; current use: valve house for water tank; fair conditions.
- 12 Bldgs.
Schofield Barracks
Wahiawa HI
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220009
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2516, 2517, 3030, 3031, 3032, 3035
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; usage varies; storage; good conditions.
- A0300
308 Paalaa Uka Pupukea Rd.
Helemano
Wahiawa HI 96786
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230009
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 17.25 x 21ft.; water storage.
- Buildings 1421 & 1422
510 CW2 Latchum Rd.
Wahiawa HI 97686
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310046
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; office & toilet; fair conditions; military reservation.
- Buildings 3363, 3366, & 3371
Schofield Barracks
Wahiawa HI 96786
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310047
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; abandoned; 230 mons. vacant; transformer bldgs.
- Building A0750
613 Ayers Ave. (Schofield Barracks)
- Wahiawa HI 96786
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330038
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 512 sf.; storage; 46 yrs. old; poor conditions; contact Army for more info.
- 00038
Pohakuloa Training Area
Hilo HI 96720
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410007
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 102 sq. ft.; storage; 49+ yrs. old; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.
- 3 Buildings
Joint Base Pearl Harbor Hickam
Joint Base Pearl Harb HI 96860
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530046
Status: Excess
Directions: Building: 2266 (1,536 sq. ft.); 2267 (1,536 sq. ft.) 2268 (2,190 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; 32+ yrs. old; Child Development Centers; 24 mos. Vacant; poor condition; relocation may not be feasible due to deteriorated condition; contact Army for more information.
- Idaho
R1A11
16 Miles South
Boise ID 83634
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320005
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 1,040 sf., dilapidated, repairs a must, temp. shelter, 9 months vacant, has hanta virus presence.
- R1A13
16 Miles South
Boise ID 83634
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320015
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 1,040 sf.; temp. shelter; 9 months vacant; dialpidated; Hanta virus; repairs a must.
- R1A10
16 Miles South
Boise ID 83634
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320041
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 1,040 sf.; dilapidated; repairs a must; 9 months vacant; Hanta virus.
- R1A12
16 Miles South
Boise ID 83634
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320042
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 1,040 sf.; temp. shelter; 9 months vacant; dilapidated; repairs a must; Hanta virus.
- R1A15
16 Miles South
Boise ID 83634
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320043
Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 1,040 sf.; temp. shelter; 9 months vacant; dilapidated; Hanta virus; repair a must.

Illinois

6 Buildings

Granite City USARC
Granite City IL 62040
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410040

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 401 (3,194 sq. ft.); 402 (4,913 sq. ft.); 403 (1,474 sq. ft.); 413 (739 sq. ft.); 434 (249 sq. ft.); 416 (1,387 sq. ft.)

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; disassemble may be required; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army on a specific property & accessibility/removal requirements.

2 Buildings

Phillip H. Sheridan Reserve Center
Ft. Sheridan IL 60037

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410041

Status: Underutilized

Directions: 564 (4,840 sq. ft.); 5659840 sq. ft.)

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; disassemble may be required; fair conditions; asbestos; secured area; contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessibility/removal reqs.

2 Buildings

Joliet USARC/JTA
Elwood IL 60421

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410042

Status: Unutilized

Directions: JT837 (4,000 sq. ft.); JT834 (4,000 sq. ft.)

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; disassemble may be required; poor conditions; contact Army for more info. on a specific property & accessibility/removal reqs.

Building 140

1515 W. Central Rd.
Arlington Heights IL 60005

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520034

Status: Unutilized

Comments: off-site removal only; 58+ yrs old; 4,737 sq. ft.; 42+ mos. vacant; housing equipment; poor conditions; prior approval needed to gain access; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.

Indiana

2 Buildings

Ft. Ben Harrison USARC
Indianapolis IN 46216

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530007

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 00334 (652 sq. ft.); 00337 (675 sq. ft.)

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; removal difficult; recreational center & restroom/shower; poor conditions contact Army for more information.

Iowa

Y11Q0

Camp Dodge
Johnston IA 50131

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330060

Status: Unutilized

Comments: 3,076 sf.; family housing; 816+months vacant; deteriorated; secured area; escort required; contact Army for accessibility requirements.

2 Buildings

Camp Dodge
Johnston IA 50131

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330064

Status: Unutilized

Directions: Y1200 & TC030

Comments: 1,686 & 1,026 sf. respectively; garage; deteriorated; secured area; escort required; contact Army for accessibility requirements.

Kansas

Building 9109

Mallon Rd.
Ft. Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310051

Status: Unutilized

Comments: off-site removal only; 128 sf.; latrine; deteriorating conditions; located on controlled area; contact Army for more info.

Building 00620

Mitchell Terr.
Ft. Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320014

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 12,640 sf.; lodging; deteriorating; asbestos.

Building 09098

Vinton School Rd.
Ft. Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320016

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 120 sf.; guard shack; fair/moderate conditions.

Building 07856

Drum St.
Ft. Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320017

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 13,493 sf.; dining facility; deteriorating; asbestos.

Building 07636

Normandy Dr.
Ft. Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320018

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 9,850 sf.; deteriorating; asbestos.

Building 05309

Ewell St.
Ft. Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320019

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 23,784 sf.; lodging; deteriorating; asbestos.

Building 00918

Caisson Hill Rd.
Ft. Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320020

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 3,536 sf.; admin. general purpose; deteriorating;

possible contamination; secured area; however, prior approval to access is needed; contact Army for more info.

Building 00621

Mitchell Terr.
Ft. Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320021

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 12, 640 sf.; lodging; deteriorating; asbestos.

Building 7610

Fort Riley
Fort Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410049

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; may not be feasible to relocate due to sq. ft./type of structure; 41,892 sq. Ft. barracks contact Army for more information.

8 Buildings

Fort Riley
610 Warrior Rd.

Fort Riley KS 66442
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201420002
Status: Excess

Directions: 610, 7610, 7614, 7616, 7842, 7846, 7850, 8063

Comments: off-site removal only; major repairs needed, mold and asbestos; secured area; contact Army for information on a specific property and accessibility/removal request.

502

Fort Riley
Fort Riley KS 66442

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430009

Status: Excess

Directions: 502

Comments: off-site removal only; 316 sq. ft.; office; structure type: Police Station; 55+ years old; fair condition; contact Army for more information.

Kentucky

Fort Knox

Eisenhower Avenue
Fort Knox KY 40121

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110011

Status: Unutilized

Directions: Bldgs: 06559, 06571, 06575, 06583, 06584, 06585, 06586

Comments: off-site removal only; multiple bldgs. w/various sq. footage (2,578–8,440 sq. ft), current use varies (classroom–dental clinic), lead base paint, asbestos & mold identified.

Fort Knox, 10 Bldgs.

Bacher Street
2nd Dragoons Rd & Abel St

Fort Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201110012
Status: Unutilized

Directions: Bldgs: 06547, 06548, 06549, 06550, 06551, 06552, 06553, 06554, 06557, 06558

Comments: off-site removal only, multiple bldgs. w/various sq. footage (8,527–41,631 sq. ft.) lead base paint, asbestos & mold identified in all bldgs. Current use varies.

- Fort Knox, 10 Bldgs
Eisenhower Ave
Fort Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110015
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Bldgs: 06535, 06536, 06537, 06539, 06540, 06541, 06542, 06544, 06545, 06546
Comments: off-site removal only, multiple bldgs. w/various sq. ft. (2,510–78,436 sq. ft.) lead base paint, asbestos & mold has been identified in all bldgs. Current use varies.
- 11 Bldgs.
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140002
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 02422, 02423, 02424, 02425, 02956, 02960, 00173, 02197, 02200, 00097, 00098
Comments: off-site removal only; possible lead based paint, asbestos, and mold in all bldgs.; sq. ft. varies; current use: office.
- 5 Bldgs.
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140003
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 02317, 02323, 02324, 02349, 02421
Comments: off-site removal only; possible lead base paint, asbestos, and mold; sq. ft. varies; current use: office.
- 10 Bldgs.
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140016
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 120, 161, 166, 171, 101, 114, 115, 116, 117, 1196
Comments: off-site removal only; sq. ft. varies; current use: office space to storage; possible asbestos and mold.
- 18 Bldgs.
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140032
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 51, 52, 70, 73, 74, 76, 2961, 2963, 2964, 2969, 2970, 2971, 2972, 2973, 2974, 2975, 2979, 2316
Comments: off-site removal only; possible asbestos, mold, and lead base paint; sq. ft. varies; current use: office.
- Bldg. 2980
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140078
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 6,900 sq. ft.; current use: office; possible asbestos and mold.
- Bldg. 1197
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140079
Status: Unutilized
- Comments: off-site removal only; 2,969 sq. ft; current use: office; possible lead base paint, asbestos, and mold.
- 23 Bldgs.
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210034
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 6097, 6098, 6099, 6113, 6114, 6115, 6116, 6118, 6120, 6121, 6123, 6124, 6614, 6615, 6616, 7107, 9209, 9215, 9231, 9254, 9256, 9361, 9619
Comments: off-site removal only; sq. ft. varies, current use: varies; poor conditions—need repairs; lead, mold, and asbestos identified.
- 20 Bldgs.
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210035
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 45, 46, 64, 75, 79, 107, 114, 155, 202, 205, 299, 1373, 1997, 2319, 2350, 3007, 6033, 6034, 6035, 6036
Comments: off-site removal only; sq. ft. varies, current use: varies; poor conditions—need repairs; lead, mold, and asbestos identified.
- 5 Bldgs.
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210036
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 6038, 6039, 6040, 6093, 6094
Comments: off-site removal only; sq. ft. varies, current use: varies; poor conditions—need repairs; lead, mold, and asbestos identified.
- 22 Bldgs.
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220020
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 79, 204, 1610, 1996, 2955, 2959, 2965, 2980, 2991, 6531, 6533, 6560, 6561, 6563, 6564, 6565, 6566, 6592, 6594, 9183, 9319, 9320.
Comments: off-site removal only; sf varies; usage varies; need repairs; lead and asbestos identified; need remediation.
- 15 Buildings
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230030
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 2991, 3006, 6127, 7345, 7346, 9254, 9264, 9294, 9302, 9311, 9315, 9335, 9427, 9503, 9504
Comments: use: maintenance; extremely poor conditions; contamination identified; contact Army for further details & accessibility requirements.
- 10 Buildings
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230031
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 9505, 9506, 9507, 9508, 9509, 9617, 9675, 9681, 9706, 9707
- Comments: sf. varies; extremely poor conditions; contamination identified; contact Army for further details & accessibility requirements.
- 6 Buildings
Ft. Campbell
Ft. Campbell KY 42223
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530030
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 07110 (23,628 sq. ft.; barracks); 07112 (25,625 sq. ft.; barracks); 07114 (7,173 sq. ft.; office); 07116 (7,602 sq. ft.; office); 07118 (25,625 sq. ft.; barracks); 07120 (25, 625 sq. ft.; barracks)
Comments: fair conditions; needs repairs; contamination; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.
- 6 Buildings
Fort Campbell
Fort Campbell KY 42223
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530070
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Building 00098 RPUID: 617032; (110,74 sq.ft.); 00099 RPUID: 607082 (5,236 sq.ft.); 05005 RPUID: 584422 456 sq.ft.); 06139 RPUID: 570559 (2,686 sq.ft.); 06254 RPUID: 580305 (9,189 sq.ft.); 06921 RPUID: 618134 (38,993 sq.ft.)
Comments: 57–61+yrs.; offices; sales; health clinic; sewage plt.; barracks; fair condition; daily registration required to access; contact Army for more information.
- 9 Buildings
Fort Campbell
Fort Campbell KY 42223
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530071
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 06922 RPUID: 618298 (38,961 sq.ft.); 06923 RPUID: 621105 (38,544 sq.ft.); 06925 RPUID: 581379 (3,610 sq.ft.); 06930 RPUID: 602890 (38,044 sq.ft.); 06931 RPUID: 613237 (31,586 sq.ft.); 07042 RPUID: 614204 (4,808 sq.ft.); 07043 RPUID: 621983 (4,748 sq.ft.); 07049 RPUID: 608997 (5,217 sq.ft.) 07160 RPUID: 621648 (12,372 sq.ft.)
Comments: 57–61+yrs. old; veh maint; offices; barracks; fire station; fair conditions; daily registration required to access; contact Army for more information.
- Building 07164
Fort Campbell
Fort Campbell KY 42223
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530072
Status: Unutilized
Directions: RPUID: 619432
Comments: 63+ yrs old; 9,936 sq.ft.; fair condition; asbestos; flt control tower; daily registration required to access; contact Army for more information.
- 2 Buildings
Fort Campbell
Ft. Campbell KY 42223
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530080
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 07168 (610334; 1,504 sq. ft.); 07187 (583711; 308 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; removal diff. due to type/size;

- good/fair conditions; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.
- Building A7140
Fort Campbell
Ft. Campbell KY 42223
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530102
Status: Underutilized
Comments: 414 sq. ft.; 56+ yrs.-old; fair conditions; registration required on daily basis to access property; contact Army for more information.
- Louisiana
B-8248
Ft. Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210069
Status: Underutilized
Comments: 3,141 sf.; current use: Admin. Bldg.; poor conditions—need repairs.
- B-8401
Ft. Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210070
Status: Underutilized
Comments: 3,141 sf.; current use: Admin. Bldg.; poor conditions—need repairs.
- 21 Buildings
Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230034
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 9515, 9537, 9554, 9570, 9593, 9594, 9601, 9602, 9603, 9604, 9607, 9609, 9618, 9619, 9666, 9703, 9741, 9744, 9751, 9753, 9755
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; use: varies; poor conditions; contact Army for further details re: a specific property.
- 18 Buildings
Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230035
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 9764, 9765, 9773, 9793, 9794, 9797, 9803, 9812, 9818, 9830, 9836, 9837, 9840, 9854, 9913, 9914, 9917, 9920
Comments: off-site removal only; sq.ft. varies; use: varies; poor conditions; contact Army for further details re: a specific property.
- 7 Building
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330044
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 00916, 03313, 03314, 03315, 3316, 3320, 3323
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; no future agency need; poor conditions; contact Army for more info. on a specific property & removal reqs.
- 13 Buildings
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330056
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 3335, 3341, 3342, 3344, 3348, 4798, 7144, 7192, 7193, 7194, 7199, 08091, 8092
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; sf. varies; storage to picnic/rec. shelter; poor conditions; contact Army for more info. on a specific property and removal requirements.
- 7318D
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530037
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 4,539 sq. ft.; recreation center; contact Army for more information.
- 7604B
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530038
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 3,740 sq. ft.; contact Army for more information.
- 7604C
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530039
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 3,740 sq. ft.; relocatable company building; contact Army for more information.
- 7308E
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530040
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 5,396 sq. ft.; relocatable office; contact Army for more information.
- 7802B
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530041
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 3,740 sq. ft.; relocatable company building; contact Army for more information.
- 7525C
Fort Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530042
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 913 sq. ft.; relocatable shower/toilet facility; contact Army for more information.
- 7318C
Fort Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530043
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 6,016 sq. ft.; no future agency need; relocatable battalion aid station; contact Army for more information.
- 7306C
Fort Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530044
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocatable office; 1,800 sq. ft.; contact Army for more information.
- 7604D
Fort Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530045
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 3,740 sq. ft.; relocatable office; contact Army for more information.
- 9 Buildings
Fort Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530073
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 00002 (190857; 4,070 sq. ft.); 00003 (292997; 97 sq. ft.); 02531 (191515; 4,830 sq. ft.); 02599 (191521; 159 sq. ft.); 04250 (191272; 240 sq. ft.); 07526 (299361; 480 sq. ft.); 09787 (293242; 608 sq. ft.); 09806 (188086; 2,834 sq. ft.); M0350 (188086)?
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; removal difficult due to type/size; poor conditions; contact Army for more details on a specific property.
- Building 07043
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530101
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 1,200 sq. ft.; maintenance building; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.
- Maryland
Bldg. 06186
Ft. Detrick
Fredrick MD 21702
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110026
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only, 14,033 sq. ft., current use: communications ctr., bldg. not energy efficient but fair condition.
- 5 Buildings
Ft. George G. Meade
Ft. George MD 20755
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330008
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4, 239, 700, 2790, 8608
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; sf. varies; fair to deteriorating conditions; secured area; contact Army re. info. on a specific property & accessibility/removal reqs.
- Building 01245
1245 Rocky Springs Road
Frederick MD 21702
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520042
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 20+ yrs. old; 120 sq. ft.; vacant 1+ mos.; arms

- storage; good condition; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.
- Michigan
6 Buildings
Detroit Arsenal
Warren MI 48092
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340026
Status: Unutilized
Directions: WH001 (4,680 sq. ft.); WH002 (3,910 sq. ft.); WH003 (5,256 sq. ft.); WH004 (3,840 sq. ft.) WH005 (5,236 sq. ft.); WH006 (5,940 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; residential; repairs needed; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more information on a specific property accessibility requires.
- 6 Buildings
Detroit Arsenal
Warren MI 48092
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340027
Status: Unutilized
Directions: WH013 (4,680 sq.ft.); WH014 (5,236 sq.ft.); WH015 (3,000 sq.ft.); WH016 (3,840 sq.ft.); WH017 (3,000 sq.ft.); WH018 (5,940 sq.ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; residential; repairs needed; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more information on a specific property & accessibility requirements.
- 6 Building
Detroit Arsenal
Warren MI 48092
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340028
Status: Unutilized
Directions: WH007 (3,840 sq. ft.); WH008 (5,940 sq. ft.); WH009 (5,236 sq. ft.); WH010 (4,680 sq. ft.); WH011 (5,236 sq. ft.); WH012 (5,236 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; residential; repairs needed; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more information on a specific property and accessibility requires.
- 6 Buildings
Detroit Arsenal
Warren MI 48092
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340029
Status: Unutilized
Directions: WH019 (4,680 sq.ft.); WH020 (5,940 sq.ft.); WH021 (5,940 sq.ft.); WH022 (4,680 sq.ft.); WH023 (5,940 sq.ft.); WH024 (1,760 sq.ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; residential; repairs needed; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more information on a specific property & accessibility requirements.
- 4 Buildings
Detroit Arsenal
Warren MI 48092
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340031
Status: Unutilized
Directions: WH025 (1,760 sq.ft.); WH026 (1,760 sq. ft.); WH027 (1,760 sq.ft.); WH028 (400 sq.ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; residential; repairs needed; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more information on a specific property & accessibility requirements.
- Minnesota
18 Bldgs.
1245 Hwy 96 West
Arden Hills Army TRNG Site
Arden Hills MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210059
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 12155, 12156, 12157, 01200, 01201, 01202, 01203, 01204, 01205, 01206, 04202, 11218, 11219, 11220, 11221, 11222, 11223, 04203
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; current use: storage; poor conditions—need repairs.
- Missouri
Bldg. T2139
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420446
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments: 3663 sq. ft., 1-story, presence of lead base paint, most recent use—admin/gen. purpose, off-site use only.
- Bldg. 2167
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820179
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: 1296 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.
- Bldgs. 2192, 2196, 2198
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820183
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: 4720 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—barracks, off-site use only.
- 12 Bldgs
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410110
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 07036, 07050, 07054, 07102, 07400, 07401, 08245, 08249, 08251, 08255, 08257, 08261.
Comments: 7152 sq. ft. 6 plex housing quarters, potential contaminants, off-site use only.
- 6 Bldg
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410111
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 07044, 07106, 07107, 08260, 08281, 08300
Comments: 9520 sq ft., 8 plex housing quarters, potential contaminants, off-site use only.
- Bldgs 08283, 08285
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
- Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410113
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2240 sq ft, 2 plex housing quarters, potential contaminants, off-site use only.
- 15 Bldgs
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-0827
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410114
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 08267, 08269, 08271, 08273, 08275, 08277, 08279, 08290, 08296, 08301
Comments: 4784 sq ft., 4 plex housing quarters, potential contaminants, off-site use only.
- Bldg 09432
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410115
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 8724 sq ft., 6-plex housing quarters, potential contaminants, off-site use only.
- Bldgs. 5006 and 5013
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200430064
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 192 sq. ft., needs repair, most recent use—generator bldg., off-site use only.
- Bldgs. 13210, 13710
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200430065
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 144 sq. ft. each, needs repair, most recent use—communication, off-site use only.
- P0002
88th Reginal Support Command
Cape Girardeau MO 63701
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510006
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 96 sq. ft.; storage; no future agency need; 14+ mons. vacant; asbestos; contact Army for more information.
- Montana
Bldg. 00405
Fort Harrison
Ft. Harrison MT 59636
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130099
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Comments: 3467 sq. ft., most recent use—storage, security limitations.
- Bldg. T0066
Fort Harrison
Ft. Harrison MT 59636
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130100
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Comments: 528 sq. ft., needs rehab, presence of asbestos, security limitations.

- New Jersey
4 Bldgs.
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220011
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1179, 1179A, 1179C, 1179D
Comments: off-site removal only; sf varies; usage varies; need repairs; contamination; remediation required; secured area; need prior approval to access property; contact Army for more details.
- 4 Building
Route 15 North
Picatinny Arsenal NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240026
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 3701, 3702, 3706, 3709
Comments: off-site removal only, sq. varies, moderate conditions, restricted area; contact Army for information on accessibility removal and specific details on a particular property.
- Building 00063
Picatinny Arsenal
Picatinny Arsenal NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310039
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 44,000 sf.; storage; very poor conditions; w/in secured area; contact Army for accessibility/removal requirements.
- Building 01186
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310040
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 192 sf.; storage; very poor conditions; w/in restricted area; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal requirements.
- Building 03223
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330046
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 312 sf.; 102 yrs.-old; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army for more info.
- New York
Bldg. 2218
Stewart Newburg USARC
New Windsor NY 12553-9000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510067
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 32,000 sq. ft., poor condition, requires major repairs, most recent use—storage/services.
- 7 Bldgs.
Stewart Newburg USARC
New Windsor NY 12553-9000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510068
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
2122, 2124, 2126, 2128, 2106, 2108, 2104
- Comments: sq. ft. varies, poor condition, needs major repairs, most recent use—storage/services.
- Bldg. 4802
Fort Drum
Jefferson NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201010019
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 3300 sq. ft., most recent use—hdqts. facility, off-site use only.
- Bldgs. 4813
Fort Drum
Jefferson NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201010020
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 750 sq. ft., most recent use—wash rack, off-site use only.
- Bldgs. 1240, 1255
Fort Drum
Jefferson NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201010022
Status: Unutilized
Comments: various sq. ft., most recent use—vehicle maint. facility, off-site use only.
- 6 Bldgs.
Fort Drum
Jefferson NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201010023
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1248, 1250, 1276, 2361, 4816, 4817
Comments: various sq. ft., most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
- Bldgs. 02700 and 22630
Fort Drum
Fort Drum NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210080
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; current use: varies; need repairs.
- Bldg. 1345
Ft. Drum
Ft. Drum NY
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220030
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 7,219 sf.; vehicle maint. shop.; extensive repairs needed; secured area; need prior approval to access property.
- Building 191
First Street West
Ft. Drum NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230005
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; 5,922 sf.; use: Admin.; extensive structural damage; remediation required before occupying bldg.; secured area; contact Army to schedule appt. to access property.
- 5 Buildings
Ft. Drum
Ft. Drum NY 13601
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230006
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1454, 1456, 2443, 4890, 4893
- Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; use; varies; extensive repairs needed due to age; secured area; contact Army re: details on accessing property.
- Building 1560
Rte. 293
West Point NY 10996
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240024
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only, 4544 sf., storage severely damage from hurricane Irene, restricted area, contact Army on information on accessibility/removal.
- 2 Buildings
Wheeler-Sack Army
Ft. Drum NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320034
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Bldgs. 2908 & 2909 are each 11,809 sf.
Comments: no future Army use; off-site removal only; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army re: accessibility/removal requirements.
- 3 Buildings
Ft. Drum
Ft. Drum NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330011
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 2150, 2190, 2360
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; sf. varies; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army re a specific property & accessibility/removal reqs.
- Building 2022
Wheeler Sack Army Airfield
Ft. Drum NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330020
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 115 sf.; communication ctr.; 12+ months vacant; poor conditions; secure area; contact Army for accessibility/removal reqs.
- 3 Buildings
Fort Drum
Fort Drum NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340018
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 2890 (560 sq.ft.); 1388 (296 sq.ft.); 4779 (296 sq.ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army for more information on a specific property & accessibility requirements.
- 01004
Fort Drum
Watertown NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340038
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; obstacle course; disassemble required to relocate; restricted area; contact Army for more info.
- 3 Buildings
Fort Drum
Fort Drum NY 13602
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201420010
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: 1395; 1495; 22639
 Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army for more info. on a specific property & removal accessibility reqs.

Building 2560
 Munns Corners Road
 Fort Drum NY 13601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201520032
 Status: Underutilized
 Comments: off-site removal; 36 sq. ft.; no future agency need; communication ctr.; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.

Building 1438
 West Point; Range Rd. (Range 8)
 West Point NY 10996
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530095
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 81 sq. ft.; range observance tower; 12+ months vacant; very poor conditions; contact Army for more information.

North Carolina
 Building 42843
 Ft. Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201240034
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: 42843
 Comments: located in a secured area, public access is denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Building D1209
 4285 Gruber Road
 Ft. Bragg NC 28308
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201330069
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 15,327 sf; 21 yrs. old; extensive repairs needed; secured area; extensive background check required; contact Army for accessibility requirements.

D3039
 3912 Donovan Street
 Ft. Bragg NC 28308
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201330070
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 13,247 sf.; 42 yrs. old; dining facility; extensive repairs; extensive background check; secured area; contact Army for accessibility requirements.

Ohio
 125
 1155 Buckeye Rd.
 Lima OH 45804
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201230025
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: Joint Systems Manufacturing Center
 Comments: off-site removal only; 2,284 sf.; use: storage; poor conditions; asbestos identified; secured area; contact Army re: accessibility requirements.

Oklahoma
 Bldg. T-838, Fort Sill
 838 Macomb Road
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199220609
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: 151 sq. ft., wood frame, 1 story, off-site removal only, most recent use—vet facility (quarantine stable).

Bldg. T-3325, Fort Sill
 3325 Naylor Road
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199240681
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: 8832 sq. ft., 1 story wood frame, needs rehab, off-site use only, most recent use—warehouse.

Bldg. T-810
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730350
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: 7205 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—hay storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-837, T-839
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730351
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: approx. 100 sq. ft. each, possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-934
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730353
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: 402 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-2184
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730364
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: 454 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. T-3001, T-3006
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730383
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: approx. 9300 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-3314
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730385
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: 229 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—office, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-7775
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730419
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments: 1452 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—private club, off-site use only.

4 Bldgs.
 Fort Sill
 P-617, P-1114, P-1386, P-1608
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910133
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 106 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—utility plant, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-746
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910135
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 6299 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. S-6430
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910156
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 2080 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—range support, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-6461
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910157
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 200 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—range support, off-site use only.

Bldg. T-6462
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910158
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 64 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—control tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-7230
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910159
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:

Comments: 160 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—transmitter bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. P-747

Fort Sill

Lawton OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120120

Status: Unutilized

GSA Number:

Comments: 9232 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—lab, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-842

Fort Sill

Lawton OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120123

Status: Unutilized

GSA Number:

Comments: 192 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. P-1672

Fort Sill

Lawton OK 73503-5100

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120126

Status: Unutilized

GSA Number:

Comments: 1056 sq. ft., possible asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldgs. 01509, 01510

Fort Sill

Lawton OK 73501

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200920060

Status: Unutilized

Comments: various sq. ft., most recent use—vehicle maint. shop, off-site use only.

26 Buildings

Fort Sill

Fort Sill OK 93503

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201330055

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 2596, 2597, 2774, 2838, 2839, 2840, 2841, 2843, 2844, 2847, 2850, 2851, 2853, 2854, 2855, 2856, 2858, 2860, 2861, 2862, 2863, 2864, 2865, 2866, 2868, 2869

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 6+ months vacant; sf. varies; contact Army for more info. on a specific property and removal requirements.

7 Buildings

Fort Sill

Fort Sill OK 73503

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201420030

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 1541, 1760, 2602, 2960, 5727, 6021, 6449

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; repairs required; contact Army for more info. on a specific property removal reqs.

Pennsylvania

Building 01015

11 Hap Arnold Blvd.

Tobyhanna PA 18466

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201320031

Status: Unutilized

Comments: off-site removal only; 3,120 sf.; recruiting station; 1 month vacant; poor conditions; asbestos; secured area; contact Army for more info.

Building 01001

11 Hap Arnold Blvd.

Tobyhanna PA 18466

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201320035

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 4,830 sf.; youth center/admin.; 1 month vacant; poor conditions; asbestos; secured area; contact Army for more info.

00018

Dekense Distributin Susquehanna, PA

DDS PA 17070

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530005

Status: Unutilized

Directions: RPWD 270000

Comments: off-site removal only; 160 sq. ft.; office; average condition; no future agency need; 24+ months vacant; contact Army for more information.

Puerto Rico

5 Buildings

Ft. Buchanan

Guaynabo PR 00934

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201330037

Status: Excess

Directions: 00141, 00551, 00558, 00570, 00579

Comments: off-site removal only; deteriorated; secured area; contact Army for info. on a specific property & accessibility removal reqs.

6 Buildings

Fort Buchanan

00176 Chrisman Road

Fort Buchanan PR 00934

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201420011

Status: Excess

Directions: 00176; 00218; 00219; 00220; 00674; 00800

Comments: off-site removal only; deteriorated; restricted access contact Army on a specific property and accessibility removal request.

00801

Fort Buchanan

Fort Buchanan PR 00934

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201430001

Status: Excess

Directions: 00801

Comments: off-site removal only; 2.128 sq. ft.; 12+ months vacant; deteriorated; secured area; contact Army for more information.

Tennessee

00869

Fort Campbell

Fort Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201430036

Status: Excess

Comments: 3,076 sq. ft.; storage; fair conditions; asbestos in floor tiles; secured area; contact Army for more information.

07612

Fort Campbell

Fort Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201430044

Status: Excess

Comments: 600 sq. ft.; storage; fair condition; secured area; contact Army for more information.

9 Buildings

Fort Campbell

Ft. Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440002

Status: Excess

Directions: 00039; 00846; 05123; 05638; 05640; 05641; 05646; 07540; 07811

Comments: off-site removal only; relocation may be extremely difficult due to size/type; sq. ft. varies; poor conditions; contamination; contact Army for more information.

03R28, 02r28, & 01R28

Fort Campbell

Ft. Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440005

Status: Underutilized

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 552 sq. ft.; range support facility; major repairs; secured area; contact Army for more information.

05127

Fort Campbell

Ft. Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440058

Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 224 sq. ft.; storage; fair conditions; contact Army for more information on accessibility/removal requirements.

4 Buildings

Fort Campbell

Ft. Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440059

Status: Excess

Directions: 05211 (320 sq. ft.); 05665 (800 sq. ft.); 00100 (800 sq. ft.); 01604 (126 sq. ft.)

Comments: off-site removal only; fair conditions; usage varies; contact Army for more information on a specific property.

06601

Ft. Campbell

Ft. Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530023

Status: Unutilized

Comments: 4,320 sq. ft.; hrse stable; 56+ yrs. old; poor conditions; need repairs; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more information.

05740

Ft. Campbell

Ft. Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530024

Status: Underutilized

Comments: 2,587 sq. ft.; office; 56+ yrs. old; fair conditions; need repairs; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more information.

5 Buildings

Ft. Campbell

Ft. Campbell TN 42223

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530025
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: 06603 (3,000 sq. ft.; office); 06604 (2,000 sq. ft. storage igloo); 06605 (2,006 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 06606 (2,000 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 06607 (2,000 sq. ft.; storage igloo)
 Comments: fair conditions; needs repair; contamination; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

4 Buildings
 Ft. Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530026
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: 06608 (2,000 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 06609 (2,000 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 06610 (2,000 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 06611 (2,000 sq. ft.; storage igloo)
 Comments: fair conditions; needs repair; contamination; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

6924
 Ft. Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530027
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 2,581 sq. ft.; office; 53+ yrs. old; poor conditions; needs repair; daily registration required to access property; contamination; contact Army for more information.

5 Buildings
 Ft. Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530028
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 06926 (2,581 sq. ft.; office); 06927 (38,118 sq. ft.; barracks); 06928 (7,003 sq. ft.; barracks); 06929 (40,839 sq. ft.; barracks); 06997 (7,003 sq. ft.; office)
 Comments: fair conditions; needs repair; contamination; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

6 Buildings
 Ft. Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530031
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 07700 (4,086 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 07702 (3,648 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 07704 (3,358 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 07706 (4,180 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 07710 (3,099 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 07712 (2,798 sq. ft.; storage igloo)
 Comments: fair conditions; needs repair; contamination; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

3 Buildings
 Ft. Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530032
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 07714 (3,657 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 07716 (3,543 sq. ft.; storage igloo); 07718 (3,657 sq. ft.; storage igloo)

Comments: fair conditions; needs repairs; contamination; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

5 Buildings
 Fort Campbell
 Fort Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530067
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Building 00088 RPUID:598754 (8,240 sq.ft.); 00091-RPUID:598267 (9,621 sq.ft.); 00092 RPUID:574974 (3,074 sq.ft.); 00093 RPUID:618186 (17,717 sq.ft.); 02570 RPUID:611264 (1,364 sq.ft.)
 Comments: 16-72+ yrs. old; post office; veh maint.; movie theatre; credit union; pool svc.bldg.; fair-good condition; daily registration required to access; contact Army for more information.

5 Buildings
 Fort Campbell
 Fort Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530068
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Building 02699 RPUID:608400 (3,319 sq.ft.); 02762 RPUID:590529 (1,200 sq.ft.); 05661 RPUID:581083 (22,314 sq.ft.); 05663 RPUID:617178 (12,432 sq.ft.); 05702 RPUID:603138 (14,000 sq.ft.)
 Comments: 26-53+ yrs. old; offices, storages, museum; fair condition; daily registration required to access; contact Army for more information.

5 Buildings
 Fort Campbell
 Fort Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530069
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Building 05710 RPUID:568441(2,200 sq.ft.); 05733 RPUID:591957 (7,699 sq.ft.); 00094 RPUID:598755 (3,142 sq.ft.); 00095 RPUID:602816 (21,883 sq.ft.); 00097 RPUID:613544 (3,250 sq.ft.)
 Comments: 30-61+ yrs. old; storages; PX; cafe; office; fair condition; daily registration required to access; contact for Army for more information.

9 Buildings
 Fort Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530078
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 06803(594075; 100 sq. ft.); 06901(619691; 9,111 sq. ft.); 6905(578828; 2,581 sq. ft.); 6906(584680; 2,581 sq. ft.); 06909(577569; 12,273 sq. ft.); 6993(597459; 3,687 sq. ft.); 07504 (594079; 5,926 sq. ft.); 07510 (592284; 14,280 sq. ft.); 07520(612221; 5,904 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; fair conditions; removal difficult due to type/size; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

7 Buildings
 Fort Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530079
 Status: Unutilized

Directions: 00096(616049; 6,059 sq. ft.); 02575 (607916; 8,523 sq. ft.); 05207(602457;16,755 sq. ft.); 05210(573507; 87,708 sq. ft.); 06694(611473; 28 sq. ft.); 06729 (571050; 3,610 sq. ft.); 06801 (586713; 37,217 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; fair conditions; removal difficult due to type/size; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

5 Buildings
 Fort Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530081
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 07541 (590369; 8,764 sq. ft.); 07563(582834; 903 sq. ft.); 07573 (592285; 4,060 sq. ft.); 07580 (618092; 12,550 sq. ft.); 07604 (595159; 4,000 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; removal difficult due to type/size; fair conditions; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

7 Buildings
 Fort Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530082
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 07607 (590370; 2,400 sq. ft.); 07609(571747; 1,559 sq. ft.); 07620 (592287; 4,660 sq. ft.); 07621 (599509; 4,552 sq. ft.); 07626 (579801; 800 sq. ft.); 07630 (594077; 288 sq. ft.); 07705 (603934; 36 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; fair/poor conditions; removal diff. due to type/size; daily registration required to access property; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

12 Buildings
 Fort Campbell
 Ft. Campbell TN 42223
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530088
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 07720 (4,383 sq. ft.); 07722 (3,874 sq. ft.); 07726 (3,465 sq. ft.); 07724 (1,035 sq. ft.); 07728 (4,912 sq. ft.); 07732 (4,549 sq. ft.); 07734 (1,926 sq. ft.); 07736 (3,590 sq. ft.); 07738 (3,590 sq. ft.); 07748 (3,174 sq. ft.); 07752 (2,970 sq. ft.); 07742 (2,796 sq. ft.)
 Comments: storage igloos; fair conditions; need repairs; daily registration required to access property; asbestos/lead; contact Army for more details on a specific property.

Texas
 Bldg. 92043
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200020206
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 450 sq. ft., most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 92044
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200020207
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 1920 sq. ft., most recent use—
 admin., off-site use only.
 Bldg. 92045
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200020208
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 2108 sq. ft., most recent use—
 maint., off-site use only.
 Bldgs. P6220, P6222
 Fort Sam Houston
 Camp Bullis
 San Antonio TX
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200330197
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 384 sq. ft., most recent use—
 carport/storage, off-site use only.
 Bldgs. P6224, P6226
 Fort Sam Houston
 Camp Bullis
 San Antonio TX
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200330198
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Comments: 384 sq. ft., most recent use—
 carport/storage, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 92039
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200640101
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 80 sq. ft., most recent use—
 storage, off-site use only.
 Bldgs. 04281, 04283
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720085
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 4000/8020 sq. ft., most recent
 use—storage shed, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 04285
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720087
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 8000 sq. ft., most recent use—
 storage shed, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 04286
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720088
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 36,000 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—storage shed,
 off-site use only.
 Bldg. 04291
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720089
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 6400 sq. ft., presence of
 most recent use—storage shed, off-site use
 only.
 Bldg. 4410
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720090
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 12,956 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—simulation
 center, off-site use only.
 Bldgs. 10031, 10032, 10033
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720091
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 2578/3383 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—admin., off-site
 use only.
 Bldg. 56435
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720093
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 3441 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—barracks, off-site
 use only.
 Bldg. 05708
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720094
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 1344 sq. ft., most recent use—
 community center, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 93013
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720099
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 800 sq. ft., most recent use—club,
 off-site use only.
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810048
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00229, 00230, 00231, 00232
 Comments: various sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—training aids
 center, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 00324
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810049
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 13,319 sq. ft., most recent use—
 roller skating rink, off-site use only.
 Bldgs. 00710, 00739, 00741
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810050
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: various sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—repair shop, off-
 site use only.
 Bldg. 00713
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810052
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 3200 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—hdqts. bldg., off-site
 use only.
 Bldgs. 1938, 04229
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810053
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 2736/9000 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—admin., off-site
 use only.
 Bldgs. 02218, 02220
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810054
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 7289/1456 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—museum, off-
 site use only.
 Bldg. 0350
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810055
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 28,290 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—veh. maint.
 shop, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 04449
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810056
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 3822 sq. ft., most recent use—
 police station, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 91077
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810057
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 3200 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—educational facility, off-
 site use only.
 Bldg. 57005
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200840073
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 500 sq. ft., presence of
 asbestos, most recent use—water supply/treatment,
 off-site use only.
 B-42
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210007
 Status: Excess
 Comments: off-site removal only; 893 sq. ft.;
 current use: storage; asbestos identified.
 B-2319
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210010

Status: Unutilized
 Comments: off-site removal only; 1,339 sq. ft.; current use: exchange cafe; asbestos identified.

B-4237
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210011
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: off-site removal only; 7,840 sq. ft.; current use: storage; asbestos identified.

2 Bldgs.
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210012
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 4238, 4239
 Comments: off-site removal only; sq. ft. varies; current use: varies; asbestos identified.

6 Bldgs.
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210013
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 4240, 4241, 4253, 4254, 4271, 4444
 Comments: off-site removal only; sq. ft. varies; current use: varies; asbestos identified.

2 Bldgs.
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210014
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 5652, 56272
 Comments: off-site removal only; sq. ft. varies; current use: varies.

4 Bldgs.
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210015
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 4428, 4437, 4452, 56423
 Comments: off-site removal; sq. ft. varies; current use: varies; asbestos identified.

B-1301
 Ft. Bliss
 Ft. Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201220001
 Status: Underutilized
 Comments: off-site removal only; 18,739 sq. ft.; current use: theft shop; poor conditions; need repairs.

Bldg. 7194
 Ft. Bliss
 Ft. Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201220002
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: off-site removal only; 2,125 sq. ft.; current use: housing; poor conditions—need repairs; asbestos & lead identified; need remediation.

2 Buildings
 West Ft. Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201230012
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 90047 & 92080
 Comments: off-site removal only; 1,680 sf. (90047); 1,059 sf. (92080); restricted military installation; contact Army re: accessibility.

6 Buildings
 Ft. Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201230057
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 9541, 4478, 9511, 41003, 41002, 70005
 Comments: off-site removal only; need repairs; asbestos identified in some bldgs.; restricted area; prior permission to access & relocate; contact Army for details on specific bldgs.

Building 6951
 11331 Montana Ave.
 Ft. Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201240010
 Status: Excess
 Comments: off-site removal only; 288 sf.; utility bldg.; poor conditions; limited public access; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal.

Building 6942
 11331 Montana Ave.
 Ft. Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201240011
 Status: Excess
 Comments: off-site removal only; 1,059 sf.; storage; poor conditions; limited public access; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal.

Bldg. 2432
 Carrington Rd.
 Ft. Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201240013
 Status: Excess
 Comments: off-site removal only; 180 sf.; dispatch bldg.; poor conditions; limited public access; asbestos/lead identified; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal.

Building 50
 50 Slater Rd.
 Ft. Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201240014
 Status: Excess
 Comments: off-site removal only; 9,900 sq. ft.; office; poor conditions; limited public access; asbestos/lead identified; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal.

2 Building
 Ft. Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201240044
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 706, 4286
 Comments: off-site removal only, sf. varies; fair conditions, asbestos, restricted area, contact Army for accessibility/removal & specific details on a property.

6 Buildings
 Ft. Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201310044
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 4209, 4490, 4479, 4402, 4214, 4401
 Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; right of entry restricted; contact Army for info. on a specific property & accessibility/removal requirements.

7 Buildings
 Fort Hood
 Fort Hood TX 96544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201330004
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 40066, 40067, 40068, 40069, 40070, 40071, 92070
 Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; contamination; secured area; contact Army for info on a specific property & accessibility/removal requirements.

2 Building
 Fort Bliss
 Fort Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201330029
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 05015 (22,915 sq. ft.); 05019 (23,495 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; poor conditions; 6+ months vacant; contact Army for info. on accessibility; removal reqs.

Building 40072
 Meteorpool Rd.
 Fort Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201330057
 Status: Excess
 Comments: off-site removal; 1,943 sq. ft., health clinic; asbestos; 12+ months vacant; fair/moderate conditions; restricted area; contact Army for accessibility/removal reqs.

5 Buildings
 Fort Hood
 Fort Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201340032
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 4416 (4,243 sq. ft.); 4417 (2,400 sq. ft.); 4433 (2,306 sq. ft.); 4442 (3,307 sq. ft.); 4458 (1,519 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; 8+ months vacant; restricted access; contact Army for more information on a specific property and accessibility requires.

2 Buildings
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201410034
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 90084 (13,125 sq. ft.); 90000 (217 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; removal difficult due to structure type; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more info.

92065
 92065 Supply Rd.
 Fort Hoop TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201420021
 Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 3,994 sq. ft.; admin general purpose; 1+ month vacant; contact Army for more information.

4285

Fort Hood
Fort Hood TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430019
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4285

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; semi-perm. Structure type; 10,552 sq. ft.; removal may be difficult due to size; poor condition; secured area; contact Army for more information.

2 Buildings

Fort Hood
Fort Hood TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430020
Status: Excess

Directions: 4461 (6,515 sq. ft.); 4611 (3,311 sq. ft.)

Comments: off-site removal only; removal may be difficult due to size/type; fair to poor condition; asbestos present in building 4611; secured area; contact Army for more information.

4408

Fort Hood
Fort Hood TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430021
Status: Excess

Directions: 4408

Comments: off-site removal only; semi-perm. Structure type; 9,812 sq. ft.; removal difficult due to size; fair condition; secured area; contact Army for more information.

6 Buildings

Red River Army Depot
Texarkana TX 75507-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430022
Status: Excess

Directions: 02159; 02193; 02343; 02371; 02435; 02481

Comments: off-site removal only; relocation may be difficult due to structure type; deteriorating; secured area; contact Army for more information on a specific property.

9 Buildings

Fort Hood
Fort Hood TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430030
Status: Unutilized

Directions: 4640 (1,606sq.ft.); 4641 (2,021sq.ft.); 4644 (4,080sq.ft.); 4656 (4,045sq.ft.); 4657 (4,040sq.ft.); 36019 (3,192sq.ft.); 36027 (2,425sq.ft.); 36028 (2,400sq.ft.); 36043 (5,000sq.ft.)

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; due to site relocation may be difficult; poor condition; secured area; contact Army for more information.

715

Fort Hood
Fort Hood TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430047
Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 2,810 sq. ft.; semi-permanent structure type; 11+

months vacant; fair condition; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more information.

07133

Fort Bliss
Ft. Bliss TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440011
Status: Unutilized

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation difficult due to size/type; 12,178 sq. ft.; storage; 120+ months vacant; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.

5 Buildings

Fort Bliss
Ft. Bliss TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440012
Status: Unutilized

Directions: 07134; 07142; 07153; 07162; 07178

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation difficult due to size/type; sq. ft. varies; 120+ months vacant; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.

05095

Fort Bliss
Ft. Bliss TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440022
Status: Unutilized

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 12+ months vacant; good conditions; secured area; contact Army for more information.

07113

Fort Bliss
Ft. Bliss TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440023
Status: Unutilized

Comments: off-site removal only; 8,855 sq. ft.; no future agency need; relocation difficult due to size/type; 120+ months vacant; child-care center; poor conditions; contact Army for more information.

2 Buildings

Yoakum USARC
Yoakum TX 77995
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440035
Status: Underutilized

Directions: P1005; P1006

Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 30 sq. ft.; storage for flammable materials; 53+ yrs.-old; remediation needed; contact Army for more information.

01113

Red River Army Depot
Texarkana TX 75507
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440043
Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 257 sq. ft.; access control facility; 50+ yrs.-old; contact Army for more information.

00930

Red River Army Depot
Texarkana TX 75507
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440046
Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal only; 200 sq. ft.; ammunition storage; 31+ yrs.-old; extensive deterioration; secured area; contact Army for more information.

4 Buildings

Fort Hood
Fort Hood TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520026
Status: Unutilized

Directions: Buildings 12000 (284 sq.ft.); 4496 (284 sq.ft.); 27000 (284 sq.ft.); 86000 (284 sq.ft.)

Comments: off-site removal; 32+ yrs. old; equipment bldgs.; 1+ mos. vacant; no future agency need; contact Army for more information.

10 Buildings

USAG Fort Bliss
USAG Fort Bliss TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520043
Status: Unutilized

Directions: Building 05096 (768 sq.ft.); 08396 (198 sq.ft.); 08395 (198 sq.ft.); 08380 (900 sq.ft.); 08365 (132 sq.ft.); 08364 (432 sq.ft.); 08309 (120 sq.ft.); 08348 (108 sq.ft.); 08268 (432 sq.ft.); 08349 (100 sq.ft.)

Comments: off-site removal; 28-70 yrs. old for bldgs. respectively above; admin; toilet; storg; range bldg; off. qtrs.; vacant 12-60 mos.; poor cond; no future agency need; contact Army for more info.

Building 01129

Red River Army Depot
100 James Carlow Drive
Taxarkana TX 75507
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520046
Status: Excess

Comments: off-site removal; 37+ yrs. old; 200 sq. ft.; storage; poor conditions; asbestos; contact Army for more information.

Utah

Building 00118
1 Tooele Army Depot
Tooele UT 84074
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310002
Status: Underutilized

Directions: previously reported under HUD property number 21200740163

Comments: off-site removal only; 6,136 sf.; 4 mons. vacant; barracks; major repairs needed; w/in secured area; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal reqs.

Building 00155

1 Tooele Army Depot
Tooele UT 84074
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310003
Status: Underutilized

Directions: previously reported under HUD property number 21200740165

Comments: off-site removal only; 8,960 sf.; bowling ctr.; major repairs needed; w/in secured area; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal reqs.

Building 00030

Tooele Army Depot
Tooele UT 84074
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310067
Status: Underutilized

- Comments: off-site removal only; playground; disassembly required; minor restoration needed; restricted area; contact Army for accessibility/removal reqs.
- Building 01322
1 Tooele Army Depot
Tooele UT 84074
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330047
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 53 sf.; 26+ months vacant; access control facility; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army for more info. on accessibility removal reqs.
- Virginia
Fort Story
null
Ft. Story VA 23459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720065
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 525 sq. ft., most recent use— power plant, off-site use only.
- 8 Bldgs.
Ft. Belvoir
Ft. Belvoir VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220004
Status: Excess
Directions: 808, 1150, 1197, 2303, 2903, 2905, 2907, 3137
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; usage varies; good to poor conditions; may require repairs; contact Army for more details on specific properties.
- 9 Buildings
Ft. Belvoir
Ft. Belvoir VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240003
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 358, 361, 1140, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1498, 1499, 2302
Comments: off-site removal only; sf. varies; Admin.; fair conditions; located in restricted area; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal & specific info. on a property.
- Building 3327
1410 Bryd St.
Ft. Lee VA 23801
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320008
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 10,800 sf.; repairs needed; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more info.
- Building 3324
Bryd St. btw. 13th & 16th Sts.
Ft. Lee VA 23801
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320010
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 5,092 sf.; repairs needed; secured area; contact Army for more info.
- Building 3108
Corner of Adam & 13th St.
Ft. Lee VA 23801
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320012
Status: Excess
- Comments: off-site removal only; 51,718 sf.; repairs needed; secured area; contamination; contact Army for more info.
- Building 3701
16th & Bryd St.
Ft. Lee VA 23801
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320013
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 40,920 sf.; repairs needed; secured area; contact Army for more info.
- 510
Defense Supply Center
Richmond VA 23237
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430007
Status: Excess
Directions: 510
Comments: off-site removal only; removal may be difficult due to structure type; Barbeque Pit; 20 sq. ft.; 22+ years old; secured area; contact Army for more information.
- Building 22696
Fort Drum
Ft. Drum VA 13602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510015
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; removal may be difficult; 400 sq. ft.; range operations bldg.; deteriorated; contact Army for more information.
- Washington
Bldg. 8956
Fort Lewis
Ft. Lewis WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199920308
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Comments: 100 sq. ft., needs repair, presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use— storage, off-site use only.
- E1302 & R7610
JBLM
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230028
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 80 sf. (E1302); 503 sf. (R7610); use: varies; major repairs needed; secured area; contact Army re: accessibility requirements.
- Bldg. 06239
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 90433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430053
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; deconstruct to relocate; difficult to relocate due to size/type; poor conditions; contact Army for more info.
- 23 Buildings
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430054
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 03223; 03225; 03627; 03628; 03629; 03632; 03638; 03640; 03641; 03643; 03644; 03645; 06991; 09663; 09998; 11680;
- A0303; C1342; F0017; F0018; J0831; J0833; W3641
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; deconstruct to relocate; difficult to relocate due to type/size; poor conditions; secured area; contact for more info.
- Building 02080
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440048
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation may be difficult due to type/size; 2, 031 sq. ft.; storage; 1+ month vacant; major repairs needed; contact Army for more information.
- 2 Buildings
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440057
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 01036; 01037
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation extremely difficult due to size; 8, 142 sq. ft. for each; major repairs needed; contact Army for more information.
- 5 Buildings
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510042
Status: Underutilized
Directions: D0110 (148 sq. ft.); 03933 (192 sq. ft.); O04ED (48 sq. ft.); 14109 (225 sq. ft.); 09643 (720 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; significant repairs needed; contact Army for more information on a specific property.
- Building 03932
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520001
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 120 sq. ft.; storage; 49+ yrs.; significant repairs for restoration; contamination; contact Army for accessibility and removal requirements.
- Wisconsin
7 Buildings
Fort McCoy
Ft. McCoy WI 54656
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440053
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00822; 01146; 01350; 02559; 02866; 09020; 09030
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; relocation may be difficult due to size/type; contamination; poor conditions; sq.ft. varies; secured area; contact Army for more info.
- Suitable/Unavailable Properties**
- Building*
Arizona
Bldg. 22541
Fort Huachuca

Cochise AZ 85613-7010
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520078
Status: Excess
Comments: 1300 sq. ft., most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 22040
Fort Huachuca
Cochise AZ 85613
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540076
Status: Excess
Comments: 1131 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only

California
00806
Fort Hunter Liggett
Fort Hunter Liggett CA 93928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410017
Status: Unutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; 1,600 sq. ft.; 60+ months vacant; poor conditions; exposed to elements/wildlife; secured area; contact Army for more info.

Georgia
1096
Fort Stewart
Ft. Stewart GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410001
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; due to structure type relocation may be difficult; poor conditions; 7,643 sq. ft; secured area; contact Army for more information.

3 Buildings
Hunter Army Airfield
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410002
Status: Excess
Directions: 1126 (1,196 sq.ft.); 1127 (1,196 sq. ft.); 1129 (5,376 sq. ft.)
Comments: off-site removal only; disassemble required; poor conditions; secured area; gov't escort required; contact Army for more information.

1124
Hunter Army Airfield
Hunter Army Airfield GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410010
Status: Excess
Comments: off-site removal only; 1,188 sq. ft.; due to structure type relocation may be difficult; poor conditions; secured area; contact Army for more info.

Louisiana
Bldgs. T406, T407, T411
Fort Polk
Ft. Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540085
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 6165 sq. ft., most recent use—admin., off-site use only

8 Buildings
Fort Polk
Fort Polk LA 71459
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201340023
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 3337, 3339, 3405, 3409, 3491, 3728, 4550, 4798
(Please Note: buildings 3728 and 4798 are SUITABLE/AVAILABLE)
Comments: off-site removal only; no future agency need; sq. ft. varies; poor conditions; contact Army for more information on a specific property & removal requirements.

Maryland
Bldg. 1007
Ft. George G. Meade
Ft. Meade MD 20755
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200140085
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Comments: 3108 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/lead paint, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 8608
Fort George G. Meade
Ft. Meade MD 20755-5115
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410099
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2372 sq. ft., concrete block, most recent use—PX exchange, off-site use only.

Bldg. 0001C
Federal Support Center
Olney MD 20882
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520115
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2904 sq. ft., most recent use—mess hall.

Bldgs. 00032, 00H14, 00H24
Federal Support Center
Olney MD 20882
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520116
Status: Unutilized
Comments: various sq. ft., most recent use—storage.

Bldgs. 00034, 00H016
Federal Support Center
Olney MD 20882
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520117
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 400/39 sq. ft., most recent use—storage.

Bldgs. 00H10, 00H12
Federal Support Center
Olney MD 20882
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520118
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2160/469 sq. ft., most recent use—vehicle maintenance.

Missouri
Bldg. 1230
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340087
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Comments: 9160 sq. ft., most recent use—training, off-site use only.

Bldg. 1621
Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340088
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Comments: 2400 sq. ft., most recent use—exchange branch, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5760
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410102
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2000 sq. ft., most recent use—classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5762
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410103
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 104 sq. ft., off-site use only.

Bldg. 5763
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410104
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 120 sq. ft., most recent use—observation tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5765
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200410105
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 800 sq. ft., most recent use—range support, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5760
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420059
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2000 sq. ft., most recent use—classroom, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5762
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420060
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 104 sq. ft., off-site use only.

Bldg. 5763
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420061
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 120 sq. ft., most recent use—obs. tower, off-site use only.

Bldg. 5765
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420062
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 800 sq. ft., most recent use—support bldg., off-site use only.

Bldg. 00467
Fort Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200530085

Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2790 sq. ft., most recent use—fast food facility, off-site use only.
Texas
Bldgs. 4219, 4227
Fort Hood
Ft. Hood TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200220139
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Comments: 8056, 500 sq. ft., most recent use—admin., off-site use only.
Bldgs. 4229, 4230, 4231
Fort Hood
Ft. Hood TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200220140
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Comments: 9000 sq. ft., most recent use—hq. bldg., off-site use only.
Bldg. 04335
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200440090
Status: Excess
Comments: 3378 sq. ft., possible asbestos, most recent use—general, off-site use only.
Bldg. 04468
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200440096
Status: Excess
Comments: 3100 sq. ft., possible asbestos, most recent use—misc., off-site use only.
Bldg. 07002
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200440100
Status: Excess
Comments: 2598 sq. ft., possible asbestos, most recent use—fire station, off-site use only.
Bldg. 57001
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200440105
Status: Excess
Comments: 53,024 sq. ft., possible asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
Bldg. 02240
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620078
Status: Excess
Comments: 487 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—pool svc bldg, off-site use only.
Bldg. 04164
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620079
Status: Excess
Comments: 2253 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
Bldgs. 04218, 04228
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620080
Status: Excess
Comments: 4682/9000 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—admin, off-site use only.
Bldg. 04272
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620081
Status: Excess
Comments: 7680 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
Bldg. 04415
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620083
Status: Excess
Comments: 1750 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—classroom, off-site use only.
Bldg. 04493
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620091
Status: Excess
Comments: 3108 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—housing maint., off-site use only.
Bldg. 04494
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620092
Status: Excess
Comments: 2686 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—repair bays, off-site use only.
Bldg. 04632
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620093
Status: Excess
Comments: 4000 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
Bldg. 04640
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620094
Status: Excess
Comments: 1600 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
Bldg. 20121
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620097
Status: Excess
Comments: 5200 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—rec center, off-site use only.
Bldg. 91052
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620101
Status: Excess
Comments: 224 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—lab/test, off-site use only.
Bldg. 1345
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740070
Status: Excess
Comments: 240 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—oil storage, off-site use only.
Bldgs. 1348, 1941
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740071
Status: Excess
Comments: 640/900 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.
Bldg. 1943
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740073
Status: Excess
Comments: 780 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—rod & gun club, off-site use only.
Bldg. 1946
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740074
Status: Excess
Comments: 2880 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
Bldg. 4207
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740076
Status: Excess
Comments: 2240 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—maint. shop, off-site use only.
Bldg. 4208
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740077
Status: Excess
Comments: 9464 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—warehouse, off-site use only.
Bldgs. 4210, 4211, 4216
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740078
Status: Excess
Comments: 4625/5280 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—maint., off-site use only.
Bldg. 4219A
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740079
Status: Excess
Comments: 446 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
Bldg. 04252
Fort Hood
Bell TX 76544
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200740081
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 9000 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 04485
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740084
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 640 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—maint., off-site use only.
 Bldg. 04489
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740086
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 880 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.
 Bldgs. 4491, 4492
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740087
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 3108/1040 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—maint., off-site use only.
 Bldgs. 04914, 04915, 04916
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740089
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 371 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—animal shelter, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 20102
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740091
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 252 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—recreation services, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 20118
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740092
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 320 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—maint., off-site use only.
 Bldg. 56017
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740094
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 2592 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.
 Bldg. 56202
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740095
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 1152 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—training, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 56224
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740096
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 80 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 56329
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740100
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 2080 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—officers qtrs., off-site use only.
 Bldg. 92043
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740102
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 450 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—storage, off-site use only.
 Bldg. 92072
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740103
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 2400 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.
 Bldg. 92083
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740104
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 240 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—utility bldg., off-site use only.
 Bldgs. 04213, 04227
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740189
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 14183/10500 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—admin., off-site use only.
 Bldg. 4404
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740190
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 8043 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—training bldg., off-site use only.
 Bldg. 56607
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740191
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 3552 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—chapel, off-site use only.
 5 Bldgs.
 Fort Hood
 93010, 93011, 93012, 93014
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740193
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 210/800 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—private club, off-site use only.

Bldg. 94031
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740194
 Status: Excess
 Comments: 1008 sq. ft., presence of asbestos, most recent use—training, off-site use only.
 Building 6924
 11331 Montana Ave.
 Ft. Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201240012
 Status: Excess
 Comments: off-site removal only; 10,340 sf.; aircraft hanger; poor conditions; limited public access; contact Army for info. on accessibility/removal.
 8 Buildings
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201410020
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 94030 (2,567 sq. ft.); 90083 (150 sq. ft.); 26011 (4,789 sq. ft.); 26010 (4,735 sq. ft.); 26009 (4,735 sq. ft.); 26008 (4,735 sq. ft.); 26007 (4,735 sq. ft.); 08640 (3,735 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; removal difficult due to structure type; contamination; secured area; contact Army for more information.
 9 Buildings
 Fort Hood
 Fort Hood TX 96544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201410021
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 04481 (48 sq. ft.); 4292 (1,830 sq. ft.); 4291 (6,400 sq. ft.); 04290 (674 sq. ft.); 4283 (8,940 sq. ft.); 4281 (2,000 sq. ft.); 04273 (687 sq. ft.); 04206 (651 sq. ft.); 04203 (2,196 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; removal may be difficult due to structure type; secured area; contact Army for more information.
 8 Buildings
 Fort Hood
 Fort Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201410023
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 07035 (1,702 sq. ft.); 7008 (288 sq. ft.); 6987 (192 sq. ft.); 04643 (4,017 sq. ft.); 04642 (4,017 sq. ft.); 04619 (4,103 sq. ft.); 04496 (284 sq. ft.); 04495 (347 sq. ft.)
 Comments: off-site removal only; removal may be difficult due to structure type; secured area; contact Army for more information.
 8 Buildings
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201410028
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 04163, 04165, 51015, 51016, 51017, 51018, 51019, 51020
 Comments: off-site removal only; sq. ft. varies; secured area; contact Army for specific property and/or accessibility/removal reqs.

Virginia
Bldg. T2827
Fort Pickett
Blackstone VA 23824
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320172
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Comments: 3550 sq. ft., presence of asbestos,
most recent use—dining, off-site use only.

Bldg. 01014
Fort Story
Ft. Story VA 23459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720067
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 1014 sq. ft., most recent use—
admin., off-site use only.

Bldg. 01063
Fort Story
Ft. Story VA 23459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720072
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2000 sq. ft., most recent use—
storage, off-site use only.

Bldg. 00215
Fort Eustis
Ft. Eustis VA 23604
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720073
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2540 sq. ft., most recent use—
admin., off-site use only.

Washington
03215
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410008
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; still
existing Federal need; due to age/structure
relocation may be difficult; 33,460 sq. ft.;
61+ yrs.-old; barracks; significant
renovations; secured area; contact Army.

03221
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410039
Status: Underutilized
Comments: off-site removal only; still
existing Federal need; disassemble may be
required; 33,460 sq. ft.; may be difficult to
relocate due to sq. ft. & structure type;
contact Army for more info.

Unsuitable Properties

Building

Alabama
Bldg. 7339A
Redstone Arsenal
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898–5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340011
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area; Extensive
deterioration
Bldgs. 04122, 04184
Redstone Arsenal
Madison AL 35898

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920011
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg 7358A
Sandpiper Road
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140047
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area; Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material

Alabama
Bldg C1302
null
Fort McClellan AL 36205
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140073
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area; Extensive
deterioration
106
Red Arsenal
Red Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430048
Status: Unutilized
Comments: Documented Deficiencies:
building is collapsing; extensive conditions
that represents a clear threat to personal
physical safety
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
C1310
Fort McClellan
Ft. McClellan AL 36205
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440032
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising national security
Reasons: Secured Area

7134
Redstone Arsenal
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440038
Status: Unutilized
Comments: Documented deficiencies:
suffered severe flood damage; severe
structural damage; clear threat to physical
safety
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4812
Redstone Arsenal
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440039
Status: Unutilized
Comments: Documented deficiencies:
suffered major damage from tornado; roof
torn completely off; clear threat to physical
safety.
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
2 Buildings
Redstone Arsenal
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520024
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Buildings 4122, 4123
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area; Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material
Building 4120A
4120A Redstone Road
Redstone AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520025
Status: Unutilized
Comments: flammable/explosive material are
located on adjacent industrial, commercial,
or Federal facility. Further detailed
provided under “comments” below.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material
Building 4120
4120 Redstons Road
Madison AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520045
Status: Unutilized
Comments: Flam./explosive material are
located on adjacent indus.; commercial, or
Federal facility; Further details provided.
Public access denied & no alt. method to
gain access w/out compromising Nat. Sec.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material; Secured Area
Building 00405 (RPUID235723)
Anniston Army Depot;
7 Frankford Ave.
Anniston AL 36201
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530001
Status: Excess
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
7 Buildings
Annston Army Depot;
7 Frsnkford Ave.
Annston AL 36201
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530002
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00087 (RPUID 236367); 0087A
(RPUID 235723); 00803 (RPUID 235534);
00804 (RPUID 225535); 00805 (RPWUI
235536); 00807(RPUID 235537); 00802
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 7352
Redstone Arsenal ; Flicker Rd.
Redstone Arsenal AL 35898
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530090
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 2,000 ft. within explosive testing
conducted on surrounding properties;
suffered major damage due to explosive
testing; structurally unsound
Reasons: Extensive deterioration; Within
2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
3 Buildings
Redstone Arsenal
Redstone Arsenal AL
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530091
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 7358; 7309; 7810
Comments: 2,000 ft. w/in explosive testing
conducted on surrounding properties.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material

Alaska
Bldgs. 55294, 55298, 55805
Fort Richardson
Ft. Richardson AK 99505
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340006
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 02A60
Noatak Armory
Kotzebue AK
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740105
Status: Excess
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 00604
Ft. Richardson
Ft. Richardson AK 99505
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200830006
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 789-790
Fort Richardson
Anchorage AK 99505
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030001
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
Fort Wainwright
Ft. Wainwright AK 99703
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420028
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Directions: 3005; 3008
Comments: public access denied & no alter. to gain w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
Ft. Wainwright
Ft. Wainwright AK 99703
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530074
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 1907; 2097
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Arizona
Bldg. 004 (4118)
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014560
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 6
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014561
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 8
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014562
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 31 (45)
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014569
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 33
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014570
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 211
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014582
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 214
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014583
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 216
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014584
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 218
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014585
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 239
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014587
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 240
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014588
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 241
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014589
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 304
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014590
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 351
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014591
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
G101-242
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014592
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40. (91 Earth covered igloos)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
H101-220
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014593
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40. (80 Earth covered igloos)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
C101-518
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014595
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff, Arizona on I-40. (100 Earth covered igloos)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
A101-434

Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014597
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff,
Arizona on I-40. (90 Earth covered igloos)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
B386-387
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014598
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff,
Arizona on I-40. (2 Earth covered igloos)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
D101-433
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014600
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff,
Arizona on I-40. (100 Earth covered igloos)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
F101-324
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014601
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff,
Arizona on I-40. (100 Earth covered igloos)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 308
Navajo Depot Activity
Bellemont AZ 86015-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030273
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 12 miles west of Flagstaff on I-
40
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg.316-Navajo Depot Activity
12 Miles West of Flagstaff on I-40
Bellemont AZ 86015-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120177
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg.318-Navajo Depot Activity
12 Miles West of Flagstaff on I-40
Bellemont AZ 86015-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120178
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg.350-Navajo Depot Activity
12 Miles West of Flagstaff on I-40
Bellemont AZ 86015-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120181
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. S0220
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200140006
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within
2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material,
Secured Area
Bldg. 00310
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200140008
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within
2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material,
Secured Area
Bldg. S0327
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200140010
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
deterioration
Bldgs. M5218, M5219, M5222
Papago Park Military Rsv
Phoenix AZ 85008
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740001
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Within airport
runway clear zone, Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Papago Park Military Rsv
M5234, M5238, M5242, M5247
Phoenix AZ 85008
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740002
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Within airport
runway clear zone, Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00002
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740109
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 00203, 00216, 00218
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740110
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
deterioration
Bldgs. 00244, 00252, 00253
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740111
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured
Area
7 Bldgs.
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740112
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00302, 00303, 00304, 00311,
S0312, S0313, S0319
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740113
Status: Unutilized
Directions: S0320, 00323, S0324, 00329
Reasons: Secured Area
7 Bldgs.
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740114
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00330, 00331, 00332, 00335,
00336, 00338, S0340
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 30025, 43003
Fort Huachuca
Cochise AZ 85613
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920030
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
S0350
Camp Navajo
Bellemont AZ 86015
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410006
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
L5322
FMR East
Florence AZ 85232
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510044
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
5636 E. McDowell Road
Phoenix AZ 85008
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520006
Status: Excess
Directions: Building M5352, M5354, M5358,
M5356
Comments: flammable materials located on
adjacent property w/in 200 ft.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material
Arkansas
Bldg. 1672
Fort Chaffee
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199640466
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 1682
Fort Chaffee

Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199640467
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 1756
Fort Chaffee
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199640468
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 1786
Fort Chaffee
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199640470
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 2327
Fort Chaffee
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199640475
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 2425
Fort Chaffee
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199640476
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
11 Bldgs.
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110001
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 1300, 1304, 1307, 1308, 1311,
1363, 1431, 1434, 1534, 1546, Demo 2
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
17 Bldgs.
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110002
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 1301, 1302, 1303, 1305, 1306,
1309, 1310, 1360, 1505, 1529, 1537, 1543,
1577, 1581, 1700, 1711, Demo 1
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 1326
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110003
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
7 Bldgs.
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110005
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 1449, 1528, 1591, 1592, 1593,
1596, 1735
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110006
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 1571, 1703, 1758, 1760
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 1692, 1693
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110007
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 1707, Demo 3
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110008
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
7 Bldgs.
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110009
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 1749-1754, 1551
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 2040, 2041
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110010
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 2208
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110012
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 2421
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110014
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 3850
Ft. Chaffee Maneuver Training Center
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200110016
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 1336
Fort Chaffee
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200140011
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 1759
Fort Chaffee
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200140012
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 2513, 2515
Fort Chaffee
Ft. Chaffee AR 72905-1370
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200140014
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
8 Bldgs.
Pine Bluff Arsenal
Jefferson AR 71602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200820059
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 12330, 12332, 12334, 12336,
12338, 12340, 12342, 12406
Reasons: Secured Area
12 Bldgs.
Pine Bluff Arsenal;
Jefferson AR 71602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200820060
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13698, 13710, 13740 thru 13749
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 57230
Pine Bluff Arsenal
Pine Bluff AR 71602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140080
Status: Unutilized
Comments: REDETERMINATION: Previously
w/property #21201140055; agency
submitted additional info. re: the
deteriorated state of property due to chem.
contamination; non-removable.
Reasons: Contamination, Extensive
deterioration
2 Buildings
Pine Bluff Arsenal
Pine Bluff AR 71602
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530099
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 23422, 23421
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
California
Bldg. 18
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012554
Status: Unutilized
Directions:

Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 2
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013582
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 3
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013583
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 0 0000000
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 5
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013585
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 6
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013586
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 7
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013587
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 8
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013588
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg.13 Riverbank Ammun Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120162
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg.171 Riverbank Ammun Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120163
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg.178 Riverbank Ammun Plant
5300 Claus Road
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120164
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 120
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199240445
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 181
Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant
Riverbank CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199240446
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building S-45
DDRW Sharpe Facility
Lathrop CA 95331
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610289
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 18013, 18030
Camp Roberts
Camp Roberts CA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199730014
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
2 Div. HQ Bldgs.
Camp Roberts
Camp Roberts CA 93446
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820205
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
Clorinator Bldg.
Camp Roberts
Camp Roberts CA 93446
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820217
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Scale House
Camp Roberts
Camp Roberts CA 93446
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820222
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Insect. Storage Fac.
Camp Roberts
Camp Roberts CA 93446
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820225
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Oil Storage Bldg.
Camp Roberts
Camp Roberts CA 93446
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820234
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
Bldg. 576
Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA 96113
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199920033
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 578
Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA 96113
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199920034
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 597
Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA 96113
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199920035
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 598
Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA 96113
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199920036
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. S-9
Sharpe Site
French Camp CA 95231
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199930021
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area
24 Garages
Presidio of Monterey

Monterey CA 93944
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199940051
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. S-10
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200030005
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-11
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200030006
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-14
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200030007
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-380
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200030010
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-648
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200030012
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-654
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200030013
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-3A
 Tracy Facility
 Tracy CA 95376
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200030015
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-508
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200040015
 Status: Underutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-1
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200120029
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-2
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120030
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. P-32
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120031
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-42
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120032
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-213
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120034
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. P-217
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120035
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-218
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120036
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-288
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120037
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. P-403
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120038
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. P-405
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200120039
 Status: Unutilized

GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S-647
 Sharpe Site
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200130004
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Bldg. T-451
 Fort Irwin
 Ft. Irwin CA 92310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200210002
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 3 Bldgs.
 DDJC Sharpe
 S00004, 00006, 00012
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200240025
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S00108
 DDJC Sharpe
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200240026
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. S00161, 00162
 DDJC Sharpe
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200240027
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. S00221
 DDJC Sharpe
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200240028
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. P00620
 DDJC-Sharpe
 Lathrop CA 95231
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200330007
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 00079
 Riverbank Army Ammo Plant
 Stanauslaus CA 95357-7241
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530003
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 00302, 00306, 00321
 Camp Roberts
 San Miguel CA 93451
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200540008
 Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Camp Roberts
00921, T0929, T2014, T0948
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540009
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. T1003, T1008
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540010
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. T1121, T1221, T3014
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540012
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
54 Bldgs.
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540014
Status: Unutilized
Directions: T1202–T1209, T1212–T1219,
T1302, T3102–T3109, T3112–T3119,
T3302–T3309, T3312–T3316, T6102–
T6107, T6308–T6309
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540015
Status: Unutilized
Directions: T1222, T1223, T1225, T1226
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
8 Bldgs.
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540021
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 03121, 03122, 03124–03125,
T1122, T1123, T1125–T1126
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. T3321, T3322, T3324
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540022
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. T3325
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540023
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 06409, T6411
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540027
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 07006
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540028
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 27110
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540030
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 76910
Camp Roberts
San Miguel CA 93451
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540031
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00548, 00549, 00550
March AFRC
Riverside CA 92518
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710001
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00117
Riverbank AAP
Stanislaus CA 95367
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200840009
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
deterioration
Bldgs. 00040, 00412
SHARPE
Lathrop CA 95231
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920031
Status: Underutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 00234
DDJC Tracy
San Joaquin CA 95304
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200930005
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 00005
Los Alamitos Joint Force Training Base
Orange CA 90720
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200940023
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
13 Bldgs.
Fort Irwin
San Bernardino CA 92310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201040003
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 100, 338, 343, 385, 411, 412, 413,
486, 489, 490, 491, 493, 5006
Reasons: Secured Area
4 Bldgs.
JFTB
Los Alanitos CA 90720
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110046
Status: Excess
Directions: 00147, 00207, 00259, 00297
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00023
Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201120054
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Bldgs
Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA 96113
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140076
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00349, 00587
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured
Area, Contamination
Bldg 00203
4th Street, Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA 96113
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140077
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured, Area Contamination
13 Building
Sierra Army Depot
Herlong CA 96113
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240032
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 10, 20, 54, 141, 202, 227, 633, 634,
639, 640, 641, 642, 643
Comments: located in a secured area, public
access is denied and no alternative method
to gain access without compromising
national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 305, 308, 205, 408, 208
700 E. Roth Rd.
Lathrop CA 95231
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330001
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 179
Sharpe Site
Lathrop CA 95231
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330072
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 179
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 178
Defense Distribution San Joaquin, Sharpe
Site
700 E Roth Road
San Joaquin CA 95231
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340024
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 178
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
6 Buildings
Fort Irwin
Ft. Irwin CA 92311
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510020
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 288; 500; 502; 507; 601; 867

Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

3 Buildings

Sierra Army Depot

Herlong CA 96113

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201520023

Status: Unutilized

Directions: Buildings 00502, 00503, 00504

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Building 275

275 7th Division Road

Fort Hunter Liggett CA 93928

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201520027

Status: Unutilized

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

10 Buildings

Military Ocean Terminal Concord

Concord CA 94520

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530033

Status: Unutilized

Directions: Building's 0E103-RPUID: 960149, 0E101-960148, 00A32-959952, 00A29-959951, 00A17-959945, 00A16-959944, 00A14-1039400, 00A11-1039401, 00A10-959942, 00407-959923

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Building 00083

Sierra Army Depot

Herlong CA 96113

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530034

Status: Underutilized

Directions: RPUID:200781

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

4 Buildings

Sierra Army Depot

Herlong CA 96113

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530035

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 536-RPUID:7277536, 129-197360, 00577-202547, 679-203542

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

2 Buildings

Sierra Army Depot

Herlong CA 96113

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530036

Status: Excess

Directions: Building 00187-RPUID:197384, 00183-197382

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Building 01265

Sierra Army Depot

Herlong CA 96113

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530057

Status: Unutilized

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.

Reasons: Secured Area

2 Buildings

Sierra Army Depot

Herlong CA 96113

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530086

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 02105 RPUID:203564; 02106 RPUID:203565

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

2 Buildings

Sierra Army Depot

Herlong CA 96113

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530097

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 02105 (203564); 012106 (203565)

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Colorado

Bldg. T-317

Rocky Mountain Arsenal

Commerce CO 80022-2180

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199320013

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. T-412

Rocky Mountain Arsenal

Commerce CO 80022-2180

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199320014

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Other—Extensive deterioration, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

4 Bldgs.

Fort Carson

56231, 56232, 56234, 56250

El Paso CO 80913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200720003

Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Secured Area

Bldgs. S6231, S6232

Fort Carson

El Paso CO 80913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200740003

Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Secured Area

Bldgs. S6234, S6250

Fort Carson

El Paso CO 80913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200740004

Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 06284

Fort Carson

El Paso CO 80913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200820063

Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Secured Area

Building 00593

45825 Hay 96 East

Pueblo CO 81006

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201320006

Status: Underutilized

Comments: public access denied & no alter. method w/out compromising nat'l sec.

Reasons: Secured Area

4 Buildings

Fort Carson

Fort Carson CO 80913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201520016

Status: Underutilized

Directions: Buildings 01669, 00221, 00210, 00207

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

2 Buildings

Fort Carson

Fort Carson CO 80913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201520017

Status: Unutilized

Directions: Building 00812, 0209A

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Georgia

Fort Stewart

Sewage Treatment Plant

Ft. Stewart GA 31314

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199013922

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Other—Sewage treatment

Bldg. 308, Fort Gillem

null

Ft. Gillem GA 30050-5000

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199620815

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

Bldg. P8121

Fort Stewart

Ft. Stewart GA 31314-3913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199940060

Status: Excess

GSA Number:

Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 00933

Fort Gillem

Ft. Gillem GA 30050-5233

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200220011
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00934
Fort Gillem
Ft. Gillem GA 30050-5233
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200220012
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00111
Fort Gillem
Ft. Gillem GA 30050-5101
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340013
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00116
Fort Gillem
Ft. Gillem GA 30050-5101
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340014
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00226
Fort Gillem
Ft. Gillem GA 30050-5101
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340015
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00733, 00753
Fort Gillem
Ft. Gillem GA 30050-5101
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340016
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 404
Fort Gillem
Forest Park GA 30297
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420075
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00813
Fort Gillem
Forest Park GA 30297
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420076
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00814
Fort Gillem
Forest Park GA 30297
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420077
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00817
Fort Gillem
Forest Park GA 30297
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420078
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00819
Fort Gillem

Forest Park GA 30297
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420080
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00822
Fort Gillem
Forest Park GA 30297
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420082
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00022
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710005
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 01001, 01080, 0113
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710006
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 02110, 02111
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710007
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 07703, 07783
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710008
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 08061, 08091
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710009
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 08053
Hunter Army Airfield
Savannah GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710010
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00205, 01016, 01567
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720011
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00129, 00145
Hunter Army Airfield
Savannah GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720012
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00956, 00958, 00966
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740007
Status: Excess

Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00930
Hunter Army Airfield
Savannah GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740117
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 01241, 01246
Hunter Army Airfield
Savannah GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740118
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 06052
Hunter Army Airfield
Savannah GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740119
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00957, 01001
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740123
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 01013, 01014, 01016
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740124
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 01080, 07337, 15016
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740125
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00902
Fort Gillem
Forest Park GA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200810003
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 00816
Hunter Army Airfield
Savannah GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200820065
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00021
Fort Stewart
Hinesville GA 31314
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200820066
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00705, 00706, 00803
Hunter Army Airfield
Chatham GA 31409
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920012
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
5 Bldgs.
Fort Stewart
Liberty GA 31314

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200920013
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 00270, 00272, 00276, 00277,
 00616, 00718
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 728, 729
 Fort Stewart
 Liberty GA 31314
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200920034
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Secured Area
 7 Bldgs.
 Fort Stewart
 Liberty GA 31314
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200940025
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 918, 1076, 1103, 1268, 7803,
 7804, 7805
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 240, 701, 719
 Hunter Army Airfield
 Savannah GA 31409
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200940026
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 815
 Hunter Army Airfield
 Savannah GA 31409
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201030008
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 1257
 Fort Stewart
 Hinesville GA 31314
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201030009
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 08708
 Hunter Army Airfield
 Savannah GA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120050
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 08711
 Hunter Army Airfield
 Savannah GA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120051
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 08712
 Hunter Army Airfield
 Savannah GA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120052
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 4 Buildings
 Ft. Benning
 Ft. Benning GA 31905
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530008
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00219 (RPUID: 281628); 00220
 (RPUID: 281629); 00222 (RPUID: 281631);
 00221 (RPUID: 281630)

Comments: public access denied and no
 alternative method to gain access without
 compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 01695
 Ft. Benning
 Ft. Benning GA 31905
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530010
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: RPUID: 278171
 Comments: public access denied and no
 alternative method to gain access without
 compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 2 Buildings
 Ft. Benning
 Ft. Benning GA 31905
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530011
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 02291 (RPUID: 282245); 02746
 (RPUID: 281558)
 Comments: public access denied and no
 alternative method to gain access without
 compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 4 Buildings
 Ft. Benning
 Ft. Benning GA 31905
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530013
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 03708 (RPUID: 282291); 03716
 (RPUID: 282293); 03739 (RPUID: 282296);
 03746 (RPUID: 282300)
 Comments: public access denied and no
 alternative method to gain access without
 compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 2 Buildings
 Ft. Bragg
 FT. Bragg GA 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530016
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 42101 (RPUID: 297832); 83846
 (RPUID: 289837)
 Comments: public access denied and no
 alternative method to gain access without
 compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Hawaii
 PU-01, 02, 03, 04, 05
 Schofield Barracks
 Kolekole Pass Road
 Wahiawa HI 96786
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199014836
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 PU-06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
 Schofield Barracks
 Kolekole Pass Road
 Wahiawa HI 96786
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199014837
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 71 Tunnels

Aliamanu
 Honolulu HI 96818
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200440015
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—contamination
 10 Tunnels
 Aliamanu
 Honolulu HI 96818
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200440016
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—contamination
 49 Tunnels
 Aliamanu
 Honolulu HI 96818
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200440017
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—contamination
 Bldgs. 01500 thru 01503
 Wheeler Army Airfield
 Honolulu HI 96786
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200520008
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 10 Bldgs.
 Aliamanu
 Honolulu HI 96818
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200620005
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 9, A0043, A0044, C0001, C0002,
 C0003, C0004, C0005, C0029, E0027
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 1124, 1125
 Schofield Barracks
 Wahiawa HI 96786
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200620009
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 00182
 Kalaeloa
 Kapolei HI
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200640108
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 01676, 01677
 Kalaeloa
 Kapolei HI 96707
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200640110
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 01818, 01875
 Kalaeloa
 Kapolei HI 96707
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200640111
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 01954
 Kalaeloa
 Kapolei HI 96707
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200640112
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 75073
 Wheeler Army Airfield
 Wahiawa HI 96786

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201030011
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within airport runway clear zone
 6 Bldgs.
 Schofield Barracks
 Wahiawa HI 96786
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201110020
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 01070
 Wheeler Army Airfield
 Denny Rd
 Wahiawa HI 96786
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201110021
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: between Denny Rd & wastewater treatment plant on Wheeler Army Airfield.
 Reasons: Within airport runway clear zone, Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 224
 124 Danis Road
 Wahiawa HI 96857
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120101
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within airport runway clear zone, Secured Area
 7 Bldgs.
 91-1227 Enterprise Ave
 Kalaeloa
 Kapolei HI 96707
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201140046
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 01676, 01677, 01818, 01875, 01954, 00537, 00182
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Bldg 01537
 124 Takata Road
 Honolulu HI 96819
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201140075
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Idaho
 Bldg 00253
 4097 W. Cessna St.
 Gowen Field 16A20
 Boise ID 83705
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201140068
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Illinois
 Bldgs. T-20, T-21, T-23
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820027
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldg. T-105
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930042

Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. T-108
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930043
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Floodway
 Bldg. T-401
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930045
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Floodway, Secured Area
 Bldg. T-402
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930046
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Floodway
 Bldg. T-404
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930047
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Floodway, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. T-413
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930048
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Floodway, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. T-416
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930049
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldg. S-434
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930050
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. S-593
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930051
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 Bldg. S-594
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930052
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldg. S-595
 Charles Melvin Price Support Center
 Granite City IL 62040
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199930053
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 Building 227
 1516 Gillespie Street
 Rock Island Arsenal IL 61299
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530062
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: RPUID:365275
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Indiana
 Bldg. 1417-51
 Newport Army Ammunition Plant
 Newport IN 47966
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199011640
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Fuel Station
 Atterbury Reserve Forces Training Area
 Edinburgh IN 46124-1096
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199230030
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Post Exchange
 Atterbury Reserve Forces Training Area
 Edinburgh IN 46124-1096
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199230031
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 2 Buildings
 3008 Hospital Rd.
 Edinburgh IN 46124
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201320002
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00126 & 00331
 Comments: located in secured area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 00400
 3008 Hospital Road (Camp Atterbury)

Edinburgh IN 46124
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201330034
 Status: Underutilized
 Comments: public access denied & no
 alternative to gain access w/out
 compromising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area

00435
 Camp Atterbury
 Edinburgh IN 46124
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530003
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: public access denied and no
 alternative method to gain access without
 compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area

Iowa
 Bldg. 5B-137-1
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012605
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
 flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 5B-137-2
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012607
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
 flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 600-52
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012609
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
 explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 6-137-3
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012611
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
 explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 30-137-2
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012613
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
 flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1-129
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012620

Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
 flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1-78
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012624
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
 flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 600-85
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013706
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 800-70-2
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013708
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 5B-03-3
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013712
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 5B-09-1
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013713
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 5B-25
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013715
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 5B-26
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013716
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 5B-27
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013717

Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 5B-28
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013718
 Status: Unutilized

Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 5B-55
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013720
 Status: Unutilized

Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 5B-56
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013721
 Status: Unutilized

Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6-98
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013722
 Status: Unutilized

Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6-28
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013723
 Status: Unutilized

Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6-33
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013724
 Status: Unutilized

Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6-34
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013725
 Status: Unutilized

Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6-69-6
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013727
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 6-88
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013728
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6-09-1
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013730
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 1-08-1A
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013733
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 1-60
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013734
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 1-67-2E
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013736
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 1-207-1
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013738
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 5A-137-2
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120173
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 5A-137-3
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120174
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1021
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199230024
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 6-09-2
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199310017
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. A218
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440112
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 219
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440113
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 220
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440114
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 221
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440115
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 222
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440116
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 223
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199440117
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 224
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440118
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 225
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440119
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 227
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440121
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 228
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440122
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 230
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440123
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 231
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440124
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. CO231
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440125
Status: Excess

Directions:
Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 233
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440127
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 234
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440128
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 235
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440129
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 236
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440130
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 238–256
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440131
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 259
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440133
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. A0260
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440134
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 261–263
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440135
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 264–266
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440136
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 267
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440137
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 276
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440138
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 280
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440139
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 284
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440140
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 285
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440141
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 312
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440142
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 313
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440143
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 317
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440144
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 743
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440145
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 745
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440146
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 973–990
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440147
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 992
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440148
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 994–995
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440149
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 998–1005
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant

Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440150
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1008
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440151
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 1010–1018
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440152
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1040
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440154
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1064
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440155
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1088
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440157
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 5390
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199440158
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 27, 340
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199520002
Status: Unutilized
Directions:

Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 237
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199520070
Status: Surplus
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 500–128
Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740027
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 01075
Iowa AAP
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200220022
Status: Underutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 00310
Iowa AAP
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200230019
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 00887
Iowa AAP
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200230020
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 00912, 00913
Iowa AAP
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200230021
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 01059
Iowa AAP
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200230023
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 00765
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200330012
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 05274
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200330013
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 05325
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200330014
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 01073
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420083
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 01072, 01074
Iowa AAP
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200430018
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 00677, 00671
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52601
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200440018
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
Facility 00844
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510004
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Facilities 01025, 01026
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52638
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510006
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00700
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52601
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540038
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 01091, 01092
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52601
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200540039
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 01039
Iowa Army Ammo Plant
Middletown IA 52601

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200620012
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 00344
 Iowa AAP
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200710020
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 4 Bldgs.
 Iowa AAP
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200710021
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00903, 00993, 00996, 00997
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 4 Bldgs.
 Iowa AAP
 01000, 01006, 01007, 01009
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200710022
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 01063
 Iowa AAP
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200710023
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 05366
 Iowa AAP
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200710024
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 9 Bldgs.
 Iowa Army Ammo Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740126
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00176, 00204, B0205, C0205, 00206, 00207, 00208, 00209, 00210
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 6 Bldgs.
 Iowa Army Ammo Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740127
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00211, 00212, 00213, 00217, 00218, C0218
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 13 Bldgs.
 Iowa Army Ammo Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740128
 Status: Unutilized

Directions: 00287, 00288, 00289, 00290, A0290, 00291, 00292, 00293, A0293, B0293, C0293, D0293, E0293
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 8 Bldgs.
 Iowa Army Ammo Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740129
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: A0294, 00295, 00296, 00316, 00326, 00328, 00330, 00341
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 11 Bldgs.
 Iowa Army Ammo Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740130
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00949, 00962, 00963, 00964, 00965, 00967, 00968, 00969, 00970, 00971, 00972
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 9 Bldgs.
 Iowa Army Ammo Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740131
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 01028, 01029, 01030, 01031, 01032, 01033, 01035, 01036, 01037
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 7 Bldgs.
 Iowa Army Ammo Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740132
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 01038, B1038, C1038, D1038, E1038, 01042, 01043
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldgs. 00013, C0847
 Iowa Army Ammo Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810008
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. TD010, TD020
 Camp Dodge
 Johnson IA 50131
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200920036
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. A0190, 00190, 01069
 Iowa AAP
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201040007
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration
 Bldg 01110, Iowa Army Ammo
 17575 State Highway 79
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201120005
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration, Not accessible by road
 10 Buildings
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52638
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201230019
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: 620, 626, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 5207
 Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security
 Reasons: Secured Area
 4 Buildings
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201340034
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 0023A, 00128, 00153, 05213
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 9 Buildings
 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant
 17575 Highway 79
 Middletown IA 52601
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201420031
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00028; 00029; 00030; 00031; 00033; 00918; 00920; 05026; 05072
 Comments: Public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Kansas
 Bldg. 3013 KAAP
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Production Area
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199011909
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 1066 KAAP
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Production Area
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199011911
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons:
 Secured Area
 Bldg. 507 KAAP
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Production Area
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199011912
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Property Number: 21199011935
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 918 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011936
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1014 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011937
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1015 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011938
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 932 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011939
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 933 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011940
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 934 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011941
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 809 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area

Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011942
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 816 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011943
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 3001 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011944
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 3002 KAAP
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Production Area
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011945
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Building 50
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620518
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 112
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620519
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 210
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620520
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 212, 221
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620521
Status: Unutilized
Directions:

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 219
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620522
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 209, 509, 724, 813,
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620523
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 902, 1002
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 231, 244
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620524
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 247
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620526
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 248, 252
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620527
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 302
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620528
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 304
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620529
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 305
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620530
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 306
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620531
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 308
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620532
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 311
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620533
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 312
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620534
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 315
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620535
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 316
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620536
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 321
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620537
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 324
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620539
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 325
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620540
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 326
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620541
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 327
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620542
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 328
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620543
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 503
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620545
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Buildings 504, 512
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620546
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 513
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620548
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 515
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620549
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 701
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620550
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Buildings 702, 704, 707, 709,
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620551
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 711, 712, 727, 729, 735, 737, 738,
742, 743, 747
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Buildings 705, 706,
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620553
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Buildings 715, 716, 717
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620554
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 722
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620555
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 723
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620556
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 725
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620557
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 726
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620558
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Building 741
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620560

Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 744
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620561
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 745
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620562
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 749
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620563
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 750
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620564
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 782
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620565
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Buildings 802, 808
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620566
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Buildings 804
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620567
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 812
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620568
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:

Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 818
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620569
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 841
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620571
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 903
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620573
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 905
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620575
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Buildings 906, 908, 911,
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620576
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 916, 993
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 910
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620578
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 912
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620579
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 913
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620580
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area

Building 915
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620581
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Buildings 921, 923, 973, 974,
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620583
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 983, 984, 986, 989
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 924
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620584
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 929
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620586
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 946
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620588
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 951
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620589
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 927
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620591
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 997
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620592
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Buildings 1004, 1018
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant

Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620594
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1005
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620595
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 1007, 1009
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620597
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1008
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620598
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1011
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620599
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 1012, 1022, 1023
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620600
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1019
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620602
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1020
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620603
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1025
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199620604
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1028
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620605
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1047
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620606
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 1048, 1068, 1090
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620607
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1064
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620608
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1065
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620609
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 1072, 1082, 1095
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620610
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1202
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620612
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1205
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620613
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1206
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620614
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1207
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620615
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1223
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620616
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1225
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620617
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 1402, 1403, 1404
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620618
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1405, 1406, 1407, 1408, 1409,
1410
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 1502 thru 1556
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620619
Status: Unutilized
Directions: (55 total)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 1602 thru 1625
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620620
Status: Unutilized
Directions: (24 total)
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 1702 thru 1721
Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
Parsons KS 67357
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620621
Status: Unutilized
Directions: (20 total)

Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Buildings 1803, 1804, 1805,
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620622
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 1806, 1807, 1810, 1811, 1812,
 1813, 1816, 1818, 1819, 1823, 1825
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Buildings 1931 thru 1989
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620623
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Except 1961, 1974, 1976
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 2002
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620624
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 2105A
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620625
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3004
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620626
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3007
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620629
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3008
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620630
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3009
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620631
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3011
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620633
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3012
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620634
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3015
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620636
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3016
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620637
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 3017
 Kansas Army Ammunition Plant
 Parsons KS 67357
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199620638
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 09451
 9455 Rifle Range Road
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120068
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—Temporary bldg., gas
 chamber
 Bldg. 00745
 745 Ray Rd.
 Fort Riley USAR
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120069
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—aviation storage shed; off
 site removal
 Bldg. 8329
 8329 Wells St.
 Ft. Riley
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120072
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—vehicle maint.; oil storage
 Bldg. 08324
 8324 Wells St.
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120073
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—to be demolished
 Bldg. 07634
 7634 McGlachlin
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120074
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—Power Plant
 Bldg. 00747
 747 Ray Rd.
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120078
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—Power plant; off site
 removal
 Bldg. 00613
 null
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120079
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—off site removal only
 Bldg. 01781
 1781 “K” Street
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120082
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—work animal storage (DNE)
 Other environmental
 Bldg 09455
 9455 Rifle Range Road
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120085
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—Gas Chamber; off site
 removal only
 Bldg. 00615
 615 Huebner Rd.
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120087
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—off site removal only
 Bldg. 08323
 8323 Wells St.
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120088
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other—vehicle maint. shop; off site
 removal
 Bldg. 08328
 8328 Wells St.
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120089
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other environmental
 Bldg. 07739
 7739 Apennines Drive
 Fort Riley KS
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120090
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Other environmental, Other—oil
 storage bldg.; off site removal
 Bldg 01780
 1780 “K” Street

Fort Riley KS
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201120091
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Other environmental
Bldg. 09382
Fort Riley
Fort Riley KS 66442
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130035
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
null
Fort Riley KS
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130037
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 09081, 07123, 1865, 00747
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
6 Bldgs.
null
Fort Riley KS
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130038
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 09079, 09078, 09455, 09382, 09087, 09381
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 09133 and 1865
null
Fort Riley KS 66442
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130043
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 612
null
Fort Riley KS 66442
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130045
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
5 Bldgs.
null
Fort Riley KS 66442
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130060
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 09455, 07634, 00852, 00853
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
2 Bldgs.
null
Fort Riley KS 66442
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130064
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 09098, 00613
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg 00512 & 00617
Fort Riley
Fort Riley KS 66442
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140064
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area

Kentucky
Bldg. 126
Lexington-Blue Grass Army Depot
Lexington KY 40511
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011661
Status: Unutilized

Directions: 12 miles northeast of Lexington, Kentucky.
Comments:
Reasons: Other—Sewage treatment facility, Secured Area
Bldg. 12
Lexington—Blue Grass Army Depot
Lexington KY 40511
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011663
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 12 miles Northeast of Lexington Kentucky.
Comments:
Reasons: Other—Industrial waste treatment plant
8 Buildings
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240043
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 5260, 5261, 6589, 7718, 7726, 7727, 7728, 9247
Comments: located on secured military installation, where public access is denied & no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
8 Buildings
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240047
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 93, 430, 445, 1414, 2768, 2798, 4016, 5250
Comments: located in secured area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
11 Buildings
Ft. Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310042
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00112, 00577, 01068, 01489, 06529, 06555, 06596, 06598, 07359, 09281, 09285
Comments: located w/in military containment area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 6117
Eisenhower Ave.
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320026
Status: Unutilized
Comments: w/in Ft. Know cantonment area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
21 Buildings
Fort Knox
Ft. Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420003
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 487; 01124; 01996; 02001; 02774; 02782; 07713; 07724; 07725; 09200; 09240;

09249; 09259; 09323; 09364; 09365; 09697; 09879; 09910; 09362; 09363
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Fort Knox Bldg. #487
Spearhead Division Avenue
Fort Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510022
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 487
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
Reasons: Secured Area
6 Buildings
Fort Knox
Fort Knox KY 40121
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510031
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 09910; 09697; 09365; 09364; 09363; 09362;
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
Reasons: Secured Area
3 Buildings
Blue Grass Army Depot
431 Battlefield Memorial Hwy
Richmond KY 40475
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520004
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Building 00570, 00571, 00572
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 01159
Blue Grass Army Depot
431 Battlefield Memorial Hwy
Richmond KY 40475
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520005
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area

Louisiana
Bldg. 108
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Area A
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011714
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 110
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Area A
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011715
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

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| <p>Bldg. 111 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Area A Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199011716 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material</p> <p>Bldg. A133 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doylin LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199011735 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. A132 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Area K Doylin LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199011736 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. A131 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doylin LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199011737 Status: Underutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. A130 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Area A Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199012112 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. X5093 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199013863 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. X5094 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199013865 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. S1627 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199013868 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments:</p> | <p>Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. X5032 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199013869 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. J1015m Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199110131 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material</p> <p>Bldg. B-1442 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199240138 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. B-1453 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199240139 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. D1249 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199240140 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. K1104 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199240147 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. X-5033 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199420332 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration, Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. D1253 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199610050 Status: Unutilized Directions:</p> | <p>Comments: Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material</p> <p>Bldg. E1727 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199610051 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration</p> <p>Bldgs. C1300, C1346, D1200 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199610054 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material</p> <p>Bldgs. S1600, S1606 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199610055 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area</p> <p>Bldgs. M2700 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199610056 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. S-1636 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199610060 Status: Unutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. S-1635 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199610061 Status: Underutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. D-1237 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Doyline LA 71023 Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21199610063 Status: Underutilized Directions: Comments: Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area</p> <p>Bldg. C-1344</p> |
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Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. D-1202
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610101
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. C-1302
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610102
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. S-1613
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610104
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldgs. K-1105, K-1111, K-1110
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610105
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. A-149
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610107
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. J-1011
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610115
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 4 Bldgs.
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 X-5013, X-5043, X-5083, X-5091
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610116
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldgs. D-1262, D-1263, D-1264
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610118
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. C-1370
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610119
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. S-1637
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610126
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldgs. E-1736, E-1734, E-1733
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610129
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. Y-2621
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610130
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. D-1256
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610131
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. X-5016
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610132
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldgs. X-5026, X-5106
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610133

Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldgs. D-1248, D-1251
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610134
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. E-1715
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610135
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. S-1629
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610137
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. D-1239
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610139
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. E-1732
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610140
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. J-1014
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610141
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. C-1347, C-1349
 Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610142
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. C-1362
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610143
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. D-1259
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610144
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldgs. M-2702, M-2706
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610145
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. X-6112
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610147
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. C-1361
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610148
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldgs. D-1257, D-1267
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610149
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldgs. A-154, A-155
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610151
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldgs. S-1652, S-1653
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610153
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldgs. Y-2613, Y-2614
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610154
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldgs. A-115, A-153
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610155
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldgs. M-2708, M-2709
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610157
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldgs. S-1639, S-1646
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610158
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldgs. C-1356, C-1366, C-1367
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610164
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. A-157
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610165
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. S-1624
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610170
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. M-0218
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610171
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. M-0217
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610172
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. D-1258
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610173
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. C-1363
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610174
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building C-1319
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610175
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building C-1317
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610176
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building C-1345
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610178
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Building C-1333
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610180

Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building L-2321
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620780
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Buildings L-2322, L-2323,
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620781
Status: Unutilized
Directions: L-2324, L-2325, L-2326, L-2327, L-2328
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Buildings L-2329, L-2330,
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620782
Status: Unutilized
Directions: L-2331, L-2332, L-2333, L-2334, L-2335
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building P-2500
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620793
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building P-2501
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620794
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Building Y-2608
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620795
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building Y-2632
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620797
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building Y-2633
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620798
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Building Y-2640
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620799
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Building X-5108
Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620801
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. M3-208
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820047
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway

Bldg. M4-2704
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820049
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway

Bldg. B-1412
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820051
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. B-1427
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820052
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. B-1433
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820053
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:

Reasons:
Secured Area, Floodway

Bldg. B-1434
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820054
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area

Bldg. B-1472
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820058
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area

Bldg. C-1322
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820059
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway

Bldg. C-1323
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820060
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway

Bldg. C-1348
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820061
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. D-1232
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820063
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldgs. STP-2000, 2001, 2002
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820065
Status: Excess
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway

Bldg. STP-2004
Louisiana AAP
Doyline LA 71023
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199820066
Status: Excess
Directions:

Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldg. W-2900
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820067
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldgs. W-2905, 2906
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820069
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 Bldg. W-2907
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820070
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldgs. X-5080, 5101, 5102
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820071
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldg. X-5104
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820072
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 Bldg. X-5105
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820073
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 Bldgs. X-5107, X-5115
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820074
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 Bldg. X-5114
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820075
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldg. X-5116
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820076
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 Bldg. X-5117
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820077
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 Bldg. Y-2604
 Louisiana AAP
 Doyline LA 71023
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820078
 Status: Excess
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Floodway
 2 Bldgs.
 Fort Polk
 00414, 00418
 Vernon LA 71459
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530008
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments:
 00417 is demolished
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 Maryland
 Bldg. E5760
 Aberdeen Proving Ground
 Edgewood Area
 Aberdeen City MD 21010-5425
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012610
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
 explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. E5375
 Aberdeen Proving Ground
 Edgewood Area
 Aberdeen City MD 21010-5425
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012638
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
 explosive material
 Bldg. E5441
 Aberdeen Proving Ground
 Edgewood Area
 Aberdeen City MD 21010-5425
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012640
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
 explosive material
 Bldg. 0909A
 Aberdeen Proving Ground
 MD 21005-5001
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730077
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 00211
 Curtis Bay Ordnance Depot
 Baltimore MD 21226-1790
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200320024
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 0001B
 Federal Support Center
 Olney MD 20882
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530018
 Status: Underutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
 explosive material
 Bldg. SPITO
 Adelphi Lab Center
 Prince George MD 20783
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201010008
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg 00517
 517 Blossom Point Road
 Blossom Point Research Facility
 Welcome MD 20693
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201140040
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured
 Area
 Bldg. 00402
 402 Blossom Point Road
 Blossom Point Research Facility
 Welcome MD 20693
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201140041
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
 flammable or explosive material
 0184C
 Fort Detrick Forest Glen Annex
 Silver Spring MD 20910
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201430031
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: Public access denied & no
 alternative without compromising National
 Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 E5868
 Aberdeen Proving Ground
 5868 Austin Rd.
 Harford MD 21005
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201520049
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: public access denied and no
 alternative method to gain access without
 compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 3713
 USAG Devens
 Devens MA 01434
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200840022
 Status: Excess

Reasons: Secured Area

Michigan

Bldg. 5756
Newport Weekend Training Site
Carleton MI 48166
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199310061
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration; Secured Area.

Bldg. 930
U.S. Army Garrison-Selfridge
Selfridge MI 48045
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420093
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 001
Crabble USARC
Saginaw MI 48601-4099
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200420094
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 00714
Selfridge Air Natl Guard Base
Macomb MI 48045
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200440032
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

20 Bldgs.
US Army Garrison-Selfridge
Macomb MI 48045
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510020
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 256 thru 270
Reasons: Secured Area

4 Bldgs.
US Army Garrison-Selfridge
Macomb MI 48045
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510021
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 769, 770, 774, 775
Reasons: Secured Area

9 Bldgs.
US Army Garrison-Selfridge
Macomb MI 48045
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510022
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 905, 907-909, 929-931, 935-936
Reasons: Secured Area

5 Bldgs.
US Army Garrison-Selfridge
Macomb MI 48045
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510023
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 50905, 50907-50909, 50911
Reasons: Secured Area

4 Buildings
Detroit Arsenal
T0209, T0216, T0246, T0247
Warren MI 48397-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520022
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area

6 Bldgs.
Detroit Arsenal
Warren MI 48397
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201010009
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 521, 213, 214, 237, 00007, 00008
Reasons: Secured Area

Minnesota

Bldg. 575
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120166
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 187
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220227
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 188
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220228
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 507
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220231
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 972
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220233
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 973
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220234
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 975
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220235
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 595
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199240328
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 586
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199310056
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 598
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199320152
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 901
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199320153
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 5530
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199320155
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 5554
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199320156
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 174
null
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199330096
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 176
null
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112

Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420273
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 338D
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420274
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 372
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420275
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 908
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420279
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration, Secured Area

Bldg. 1190
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420281
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1490
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420282
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 5154
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420283
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 158
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199430060
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 567A
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199430062
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 567B
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199430063
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 570, 571
Twin Cities AAP
Arden Hills MN 55112-3928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130053
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldgs. 917A, 917B
Twin Cities AAP
Arden Hills MN 55112-3928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130054
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Missouri
Lake City Army Ammo. Plant 59
Independence MO 64050
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013666
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Lake City Army Ammo. Plant 59A
Independence MO 64050
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013667
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Lake City Army Ammo. Plant 59C
Independence MO 64050
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013668
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg #1
St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
4800 Goodfellow Blvd.
St. Louis MO 63120-1798
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120067
Status: Unutilized
Directions:

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg #2
St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
4800 Goodfellow Blvd.
St. Louis MO 63120-1798
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120068
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. T-2350
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199430075
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 149
Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
Independence MO 64050
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199530136
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4
St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
St. Louis MO 63120-1584
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610469
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 7
St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
St. Louis MO 63120-1584
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610470
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 11
St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
St. Louis MO 63120-1584
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610471
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 13
St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
St. Louis MO 63120-1584
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199610472
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 14
St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
St. Louis MO 63120-1584
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199610473
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Bldg. 15
 St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
 St. Louis MO 63120-1584
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610474
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Bldg. 16
 St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant
 St. Louis MO 63120-1584
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199610475
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 5396
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473-8994
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910020
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 5539
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473-8994
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910021
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 6 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 40A, B, C, 41A, 41B, 41C
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910023
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 3 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 52B, 52C, 71A
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910025
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 131A, 132A
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910028
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldgs. 133A-133E
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910029
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 10 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 134A-134E, 135A-135E
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910030
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldgs. 141A-141B
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910033
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 144A, 144B
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910034
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 3 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 145A, 145B, 145C
 Independence MO 65050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199910035
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 3A
 Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199920082
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 58A
 Lake City AAP
 Independence MO 64050
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200030049
 Status: Underutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. P4122
 U.S. Army Reserve Center
 St. Louis MO 63120-1794
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200240055
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. P4074, P4072, P4073
 St. Louis Ordnance Plant
 St. Louis MO 63120-1794
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200310019
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 02200, 02205, 02223
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200320025
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 01360
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200330030
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 01361
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200330031
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 5402, 5742
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65743-8944
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200430029
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 00645
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65743
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200640051
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 02553
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65743
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200640052
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 1448, 1449
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740145
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 2841, 2842
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740146
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 5234, 5339, 5345, 5351
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740147
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 5535, 5742
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200740148
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 0071B, 0072
 Lake City Army Ammo Plant
 Independence MO 64056
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200820001
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 2282, 2841, 2842
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200830017
 Status: Underutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 528
 Weldon Springs LTA
 Saint Charles MO 63304
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200840034
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 5 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200840035
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 05360, 05361, 05367, 05368, 05369
 Reasons: Secured Area
 6 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200840036
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 05370, 05371, 05372, 05373, 05374, 05376
 Reasons: Secured Area
 9 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200840037
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 06120, 06124, 06125, 06128, 06129, 06130, 06131, 06133, 06135
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 204, 802, 2563
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200930012
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area
 13 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200940044
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 401, 761, 762, 766, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798
 Reasons: Secured Area
 7 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200940045
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 851, 852, 853, 854, 857, 859, 2305
 Reasons: Secured Area
 9 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200940047
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 9031, 9033, 9035, 9037, 9039, 9041, 9043, 9045, 9047
 Reasons: Secured Area
 6 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200940048
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 9057, 9059, 9061, 9063, 9071, 12315
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 06020
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201010010
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area
 15 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammo Plant
 Independence MO 64051
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201010011
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 11A, 20B, 22A, 22B, 22C, 23A, 23B, 23C, 24A, 24B, 24C, 24D, 24E, 25A, 29A
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 9 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammo Plant
 Independence MO 64051
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201010012
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 31, 32A, 33A, 33B, 34A, 34B, 38F, 38G, 38H
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 9 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammo Plant
 Independence MO 64051
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201010013
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 52A, 53, 55, 59, 60, 73W, 79, 79A, 79B
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 7 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammo Plant
 Independence MO 64051
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201010014
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 80F, 91D, 91F, 94D 120A, 120D, 120G
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 6 Bldgs.
 Lake City Army Ammo Plant
 Independence MO 64051
 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201010015
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: T056R, T94B, T94C, T239, T247, T260
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 14 Bldgs.
 Lake City AAP
 Independence MO 64051
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201040010
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 59, 59A, 59B, 59C, 60, 66A, 66B, 66C, 66D, 66E, 67, 70A 70B 80D
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 10 Bldgs.
 Fort Leonard Wood
 Pulaski MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201040011
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 1228, 1255, 1269, 2101, 2112, 2551, 2552, 5280, 5506, 6824
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Harry S. Truman Reservoir
 15968 Truman Rd.
 Warsaw MO 65355
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201110001
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: 07015 and L43002
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 12 Bldgs.
 Ft. Leonard Woods
 Ft. Leonard Woods MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201110043
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 00642, 00650, 00651, 00652, 00653, 00654, 00655, 00656, 00657, 00658, 00659, 00660
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 01604 and 05130
 Ft. Leonard Woods
 Ft. Leonard Woods MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201110044
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 8 Bldgs.
 Ft. Leonard Woods
 Ft. Leonard Woods MO 65473
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201110062
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 00618, 0618A, 00618B, 00619, 0619A, 0619B, 00906, 00907
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 5130 and 5136
 Ft. Leonard Woods
 FLW MO
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120011
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Bldg. 1269
 Ft. Leonard Woods
 FLW MO
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120013
 Status: Excess

Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 1255
Ft. Leonard Woods
FLW MO
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201120014
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 1228
Ft. Leonard Woods
FLW MO
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201120015
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 906 and 907
Ft. Leonard Woods
FLW MO
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201120016
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
14 Bldgs.
Camp Clark
Nevada MO 64772
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130046
Status: Unutilized
Directions: K0001, K0002, K0003, K0004, K0005, K0006, K0007, K0008, K0010, K0012, K0014, K0016, K0018, K0020
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
11 Bldgs.
Camp Clark
Nevada MO 64772
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130047
Status: Unutilized
Directions: J0006, J0007, J0008, J0009, J0010, J0011, J0012, J0013, J0015, J0017, J0019
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
12 Bldgs.
Camp Clark
Nevada MO 64772
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130048
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 435, 436, 438, 460, 466, 504, 506, J0001, J0002, J0003, J0004, J0005
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
13 Bldgs.
Camp Clark
Nevada MO 64772
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130049
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00383, 00384, 00385, 00386, 00388, 00389, 00391, 00392, 00402, 00410, 00411, 00425, 00433
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
Bldg T62-9
Lake City Army Ammunition Plant
Independence MO 64051
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140071
Status: Underutilized
Reasons: Contamination, Secured Area
2 Bldgs.
Railroad Ave.
Fort Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140072
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 02351, 02352
Reasons: Secured Area
11 Bldgs.
Ft. Leonard Woods
Ft. Leonard Woods MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220019
Status: Excess
Directions: 499, 720, 745, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 5076, 8208, 8370, 30
Comments: nat'l security concerns; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
14 Buildings
Camp Crowder
Neosho MO 64850
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230010
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 18, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 51
Comments: military personnel only; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
11 Buildings
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230032
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 2314, 2313, 1614, 1230, 786, 689, 404, 690, 763, 764, 766
Comments: no public access & no alternative method w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
19 Buildings
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230033
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 9613, 9611, 6127, 6125, 6124, 6120, 5125, 5124, 5122, 5073, 2565, 2349, 1134, 978, 975, 758, 9615, 9617, 9619
Comments: no public access & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230038
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 565, 566, 567, 569
Comments: no public access & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
5 Buildings
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230039
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 664, 665, 669, 686, 687
Comments: no public access & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.

Reasons: Secured Area
3 Buildings
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230040
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 688, 759, 760
Comments: no public access & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
9 Buildings
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230041
Status: Excess
Directions: 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 720, 721, 722, 723
Comments: no public access & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 724
Utah St.
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230059
Status: Excess
Comments: no public access; no alternative method for public to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 31
Camp Crowder
Neosha MO 64850
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230061
Status: Unutilized
Comments: military personnel/authorized use personnel; public access denied & no alternative method for public to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240017
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 691, 692, 693, 694
Comments: located in secured area, public access denied & no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Ft. Leonard Wood
Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320022
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 05343, 05382, 05394, 06501
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 00007
890 Ray A. Carver Ave. (Camp Crowder)
Neosho MO 64850
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330035
Status: Excess

Comments: Public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.

Reasons: Secured Area

15 Buildings

Camp Clark MOARING

Nevada MO 64772

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201340003

Status: Unutilized

Directions: H0001, H0002, H0003, H0004, H0005, H0006, H0007, H0008, H0009, H0010, H0011, H0012, H0013, H0015, H0016

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

T151D

Lake City Army Ammunition Plant

Independence MO 64056

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201430017

Status: Excess

Directions: T151D

Comments: Public access denied and no alternative without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

13 Buildings

Fort Leonard Wood

Fort Leonard Wood MO 65473

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440024

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 02431; 02433; 02435; 02462; 02464; 02466; 02468; 02470; 02472; 02474; 02476; 02478; 02480

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

11 Buildings

Fort Leonard Wood

Fort Leonard Wood MO 65473

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440029

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 02461; 02463; 02465; 02467; 02469; 02471; 02473; 02475; 02477; 02479; 02481

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

3 Buildings

Fort Leonard Wood

Fort Leonard Wood MO 65473

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440030

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 02430; 02432; 02434

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

2 Buildings

Fort Leonard Wood Lake of Ozarks Rec. Area

Fort Leonard Wood MO 65473

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440031

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 00550; 00500

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

3 Buildings

Ft. Leonard Wood Lake of the Ozarks Rec. Area

Fort Leonard Wood MO 65049

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201510026

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 00555; 00550; 00500

Comments: Fair condition prior approve to gain access is required, for more information contact Army about a specific property.

Reasons: Secured Area

39 Buildings

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530076

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 600OL; 00671; 06695; 700OL; 00769; 773; 775; 777; 777A; 780; 800OL; 00860; 00870; 00981; 0981A; 0981B; 0981C; 0981D; 0981E; 0981F; 0981G; 0981H; 0981I; 0981J; 0981K; 0981L; 0981M; 0981N; 0981O; 0981P; 1027; 02370; 5015; 5270; 5282; 0981Q; 771; 772

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

4 Buildings

Fort Leonard Wood

Ft. Leonard Wood MO 65473

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530096

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 662; 1611; 2387; 2388

Comments: Properties w/in an airport military airfield; public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Within airport runway clear zone, Secured Area

Montana

Bldg. P0516

Fort Harrison

Ft. Harrison MT 59636

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200420104

Status: Excess

Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

4 Bldgs.

Ft. Harrison

0003A, T0003, T0024, T0562

Lewis & Clark MT 59636

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200740018

Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Nebraska

Building 00051

Camp Ashland

220 County Road A

Ashland NE 68003

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201520008

Status: Unutilized

Comments: Public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security; Property located within floodway which has not be correct or contained.

Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area

Building 00464

Camp Ashland

220 County Road A

Ashland NE 68003

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201520009

Status: Excess

Comments: Public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security; Property located within floodway which has not be correct or contained.

Reasons: Floodway, Secured Area

Nevada

Bldg. 101-2

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant

Group Mine Filling Plant, Central Mag. Area

Hawthorne NV 89415

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199013615

Status: Underutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 101-3

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant

Group Mine Filling Plant, Central Mag. Area

Hawthorne NV 89415

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199013616

Status: Underutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 101-4

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant

Group Mine Filling Plant, Central Mag. Area

Hawthorne NV 89415

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199013617

Status: Underutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 101-5

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant

Group Mine Filling Plant, Central Mag. Area

Hawthorne NV 89415

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199013618

Status: Underutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 101-7

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant

Group Mine Filling Plant, Central Mag. Area

Hawthorne NV 89415

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199013619

Status: Underutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 101-8

Hawthorne Army Ammunition Plant

Group Mine Filling Plant, Central Mag. Area

Hawthorne NV 89415

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
17 Buildings
Hawthorne Army Depot
Howthorne NV 89415
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530055
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Building's 00522 RPUID: 327231; 00524-327232; 00525-330745; 00539-317384; 01038-324157; 01039-319502; 01072-330014; 01073-327412; 01075-321403; 01084-322599; 01085-330760; 01086-324111; 01087-324112; 01088-319045; 02021-322596; 04932-330789; 0A273-327372
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
24 Buildings
Hawthorne Army Depot
Hawthorne NV 89415
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530075
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 0A350 (322632); 0A354 (326593); 0A388 (327371); 0A395 (319492); 0A518 (327229); 0A669 (324262); 0C429 (323329); 0PA14 (1055821); 1S100 (319056); 00040 (324168); 71; 86BT4; 00097 (330820); 107Z8 (324429); 143; 00171; 00192; 00275; 00328; 00360; 00379; 00504; 11099; 00074
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
14 Buildings
Hawthorne Army Depot
Hawthorne NV 89415
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530087
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 10317 RPUID: 319511; 10320-320932; 10310-324158; 10311-319509; 11067-1044155; 10610-330071; 10338-324121; 10337-327406; 10336-319516; 10335-319515; 10334-319514; 10333-319057; 10330-327729; 10329-327728
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 1242
Armament R, D, Center
Picatinny Arsenal NJ 07806-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130062
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
New Jersey
Bldg. 1381/2
Armament R, D, Center
Picatinny Arsenal NJ 07806-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130063
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 00492
Fort Monmouth
Monmouth NJ 07703
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510025
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00908
Fort Monmouth
Monmouth NJ 07703
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510026
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Picatinny Arsenal
230, 230A, 230B, 230G
Dover NJ 07806-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520026
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 232, 234, 235
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520027
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
5 Bldgs.
Picatinny Arsenal
427, 427B, 429A, 430B, 477
Dover NJ 07806-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520030
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 1241, 1242, 1242A
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520035
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 224, 225
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620017
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 221a was demolished
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 230, 230f
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620018
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 231, 232a, 236
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620019
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 252c
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620020
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 403
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620022
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 224
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200630001
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 221A was demolished
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 230F, 232A, 252C
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200630002
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 427A, 429
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200630003
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 430, 430B
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200630004
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 436, 437
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200630005
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 471, 471A, 471B
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200630006
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 1517, 1518, 1529
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200630014
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 1609A
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200630015
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 3716
Picatinny Arsenal
Dover NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200820047
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 3715 was demolished
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Buildings
 Picatinny Arsenal
 Dover NJ 07806
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201440056
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 3208B; 3208G
 Comments: documented deficiencies: roof caving in; walls are rotted; overgrown vegetation; clear threat to physical safety.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration

New York
 Bldg. 12
 Watervliet Arsenal
 Watervliet NY
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730099
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. B9008, B9009
 Youngstown Training Site
 Youngstown NY 14131
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200220064
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. B9016, B9017, B9018
 Youngstown Training Site
 Youngstown NY 14131
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200220065
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. B9025, B9026, B9027
 Youngstown Training Site
 Youngstown NY 14131
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200220066
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. B9033, B9034
 Youngstown Training Site
 Youngstown NY 14131
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200220067
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. B9042
 Youngstown Training Site
 Youngstown NY 14131
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200220068
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 108
 Fredrick J ILL, Jr. USARC
 Bullville NY 10915-0277
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200510028
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 107, 112, 113

Kerry P. Hein USARC
 NY058
 Shoreham NY 11778-9999
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200510054
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 214, 215, 228
 Fort Hamilton
 Brooklyn NY 11252
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201010031
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Hamilton
 Brooklyn NY 11252
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201020018
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: FENCC, 214, 215, 228
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 08703
 null
 Ft. Drum NY
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120049
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 01404
 U.S. Army Garrison
 West Point NY 10996
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210006
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: beyond repair; no potential to meet habitation or any other use to assist the homeless.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 2 Buildings
 Fort Hamilton
 Wainwright Dr. NY 11252
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201510018
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 0137A; 0137B
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 0137C
 Fort Hamilton
 Wainwright Dr. NY 11252
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201510019
 Status: Underutilized
 Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 2018; US Army Garrison 9W South
 Morgan's Farm Rte. 9W South
 West Point NY 10996
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201510038
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: RPU ID 358939
 Comments: documented deference's; interior & exterior wood rotten beyond repair; foundation unsound; roof collapsing; clear threat to physical safety.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 3 Buildings
 Fort Drum

Fort Drum NY 13602
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201520021
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: Buildings 2153, 175, 173
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 00849
 U.S. Army Garrison, West Point
 West Point NY 10996
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530059
 Status: Underutilized
 Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 4 Buildings
 U.S. Army Garrison, West Point
 West Point NY 10996
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530060
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 1240; 1764; 1765; 1766
 Comments: documented deficiencies: buildings are condemned; severe dilapidation due to significant rotten of ceiling/walls/floors; clear threat to physical safety.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Buildings 1486 & 2552
 Fort Drum
 Ft. Drum NY 13602
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530077
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 RPUID: 314900 and 300780 respectively
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security
 Reasons: Secured Area
 North Carolina
 Bldg. A-1815
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28307
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199640074
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 #A5230, A5231, A5232, A5233
 Ft. Bragg NC 28307
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199710107
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 #A5430, A5431, A5432, A5433
 Ft. Bragg NC 28307
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199710108
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. A5435
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28307
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199710109
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 #A5628, A5630, A5631, A5632
 Ft. Bragg NC 28307
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199710110
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. M-2362, Fort Bragg
 null
 Ft. Bragg NC 28307
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199710224
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. H4886
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28307
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199810167
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 09066
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28314
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200430042
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 09039,
 Fort Bragg
 Cumberland NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200440050
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: 09134 demolished 12/7/2009.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. P4544
 Fort Bragg
 Cumberland NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200440051
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments:
 P4443 was demolished on 9/16/2008.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. A5451, A5452
 Fort Bragg
 Cumberland NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530041
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: A5454 demolished
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. A5646 thru A5654
 Fort Bragg
 Cumberland NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530044
 Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. C7646, C7845
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200610020
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. A3872, A3879, A3881
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200620024
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. A4118, A4119
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200620026
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: bldg. A4318 was demo in 3/13/
 2008.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. A4685, A4686, A4687
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200620030
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. M6750, M6751,
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200620034
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: M6753 was demolished on 03/
 13/2008.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200630029
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: A2003, A2205, A2207, A2302
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. T2758
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200630031
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. T2857, T2858, T2954
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200630034
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. D3548, D3555
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200630041
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200630043

Status: Unutilized
 Directions: A3703, A3872, A3879, A3881
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. A4118, A4119, A4318
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200630046
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 5 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200630047
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: A4620, A4622, A4623, A4626,
 A4628
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. A4635, A4636
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200630048
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 02723
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720029
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 9656
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720032
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. P3839
 Fort Bragg
 Cumberland NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740020
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
 deterioration
 2 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740154
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 2847 and 3236
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within
 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material,
 Secured Area
 6 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740155
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 3241, 3245, 3249, 3253, 3258,
 3262
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
 deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable
 or explosive material
 5 Bldgs.
 Fort Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740157

Status: Unutilized
Directions: 5024, 5028, 5032, 5034, 5071
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

8 Bldgs.
Fort Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740158
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 5182, 5381, 5473, 5645, 5779, 5849, 5878, 5880
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

7 Bldgs.
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200830018
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 21414, 21559, 21755, 21757, 21859, 21862, 21957
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 31602, 31603, 31604
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200830019
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 55047
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200830021
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 55353 and 55250 was demolished.
Reasons: Secured Area

4 Bldgs.
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200830022
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 83015, 83019, 83201, 83502
Comments: 82807, 82809 were demolished.
Reasons: Secured Area
M4020
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200830023
Status: Unutilized
Comments: M5865, M5868, C4614 were demolished.
Reasons: Secured Area

6 Bldgs.
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920049
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A1355, A2029, A2031, A2032, A2144, P2352
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area

8 Bldgs.
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920050

Status: Unutilized
Directions: C4125, 09045, 11460, 22809, 23212, 23810, 30844, 55010
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

5 Bldgs.
Simmons Army Airfield
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920053
Status: Unutilized
Directions: P2455, P2457, P2542, P2757, P2852
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

Bldg. T3361
Fort Bragg
Camp Mackall NC 28373
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200940033
Status: Unutilized
Comments: T3354 demolished.
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area

12 Bldgs.
Fort Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201020019
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 661A, M2146, C2629, F2630, A3527, C3609, A3726, A3728, C3731, A3732, A3734, A3736
Reasons: Secured Area

3 Bldgs.
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030017
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 31743, M5044, M5040
Comments: T2139 demolished.
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 83022
Fort Bragg
Cumberland NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201040020
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

4 Bldgs.
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110031
Status: Unutilized
Directions: X5062, X5066, X6260, X6266
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

5 Bldgs.
null
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110032
Status: Unutilized
Directions: X5041, X5045, X5049, X5053, X5058
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area

5 Bldgs.
null
Ft. Bragg NC

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110033
Status: Unutilized
Directions: X4134, X4137, X4139, X4141, X5036
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area

5 Bldgs.
null
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110034
Status: Unutilized
Directions: N3305, X3266, X3770, X4126, X4130
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 31802
null
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130004
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 1537
null
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130005
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 22017 and 91765
Fort Bragg
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210061
Status: Unutilized
Comments: Nat'l security concerns; restricted access and no alternative method of access.
Reasons: Secured Area

B-H1607
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210094
Status: Unutilized
Comments: nat'l security concerns; no public access; restricted area; no alternative method to gain access.
Reasons: Secured Area

4 Buildings
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28308
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230004
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 276, 31335, C1624, D1910
Comments: restricted access to authorized military personnel only; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area

2 Buildings
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240015
Status: Underutilized
Directions: W2976, W2979
Comments: located on secured military installation; authorized personnel only; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.

Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201240016
Status: Unutilized
Directions: M6135, M6151, O3305, O4305
Comments: located on secured military installation; authorized personnel only; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.

Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 6036 & 7556
4030 & 4551 Normandy Dr.
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310032
Status: Underutilized
Comments: located w/in military reservation; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.

Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310057
Status: Underutilized
Directions: F2131, F2534, F3040, F3134
Comments: restricted military installation; public denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.

Reasons: Secured Area
7 Buildings
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320001
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 21817, A5886, C8310, D2302, D2307, D2502, D2507
Comments: military reservation; access limited to military personnel only; access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.

Reasons: Secured Area
2 Building
FT Bragg
FT Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340006
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 41571, 42472
Comments: public access denied and no alternative to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
Building 21452
Ft. Bragg
FT. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340039
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
5 Buildings
Fort Bragg
Fort Bragg NC
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201410014
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 41367, 41467, 41469, 41567, 42172
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
Fort Bragg
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420015
Status: Unutilized
Directions: M6453; O9055
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
U1704
Fort Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420034
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Fort Bragg
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430033
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 69241; A5424, D2236; D2336
Comments: public access denied & no alternative without compromising National Security.

Reasons: Secured Area
7 Buildings
Fort Bragg
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430034
Status: Underutilized
Directions: B5356; 42101; 68444; 83749; 83846; Z1943; AFSCH
Comments: public access denied & no alternative without compromising National Security.

Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Fort Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440001
Status: Unutilized
Directions: M6450; M2346; 14865; 03554
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
7 Buildings
Fort Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440021
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 12732; 69262; 69357; 85703; 85706; 86103; 42102
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

9 Buildings
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510016
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A5030; A5031; A5033; A5221; A5222; A5224; A5225; A5234; A5420
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
10 Buildings
Fort Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510017
Status: Underutilized
Directions: A4920; A4921; A4922; A4923; A4930; A4931; A5020; A5021; A5022; A5023
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
21 Buildings
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520013
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Buildings W3276, W3173, M6748, M6148, A5436, A5421, A5236, A5036, A5035, A5025, A5024, A4935, A4934, A4933, A4932, A4928, A4927, A4926, A4925, A4924, 229
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
Building 14930
3225 Normandy Drive
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520014
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area
717
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530017
Status: Unutilized
Directions: RPUID: 506663
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.

Reasons: Secured Area
D2919
FT. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530018
Status: Underutilized
Directions: RPUID: 611669
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.

Reasons: Secured Area
O9101
Ft. Bragg
Ft. Bragg NC 28310

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530019
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: RPUID: 304533
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 O9102
 Ft. Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530020
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: RPUID: 304534
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 T3122
 Ft. Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530021
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: RPIUD: 25170
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 5 Buildings
 Ft. Bragg
 Ft. Bragg NC 28310
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530022
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: E1351; E1541; E1650; E1743; E3825
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 North Dakota
 Bldg. 440
 Stanley R. Mickelsen
 Nekoma ND 58355
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199940103
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 455
 Stanley R. Mickelsen
 Nekoma ND 58355
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199940104
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 456
 Stanley R. Mickelsen
 Nekoma ND 58355
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199940105
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 3101
 Stanley R. Mickelsen
 Langdon ND 58355
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199940106
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:

Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 3110
 Stanley R. Mickelsen
 Langdon ND 58355
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199940107
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Ohio
 Bldg. S0390
 Lima Army Tank Plant
 Lima OH 45804-1898
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730104
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. T0441
 Lima Army Tank Plant
 Lima OH 45804-1898
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730105
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 00442
 Lima Army Tank Plant
 Lima OH 45804-1898
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730106
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 00443
 Lima Army Tank Plant
 Lima OH 45804-1898
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730107
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 00452
 Lima Army Tank Plant
 Lima OH 45804-1898
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199730108
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Oklahoma
 Bldg. 00445
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73501
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200330065
 Status: Unutilized
 GSA Number:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 01193
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73501-5100
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200430043
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 1500, 1515, 1539

Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530053
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 2185
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530054
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 2306, 2332
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530055
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 6 Bldgs.
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530056
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 2452, 2458, 2464, 2473, 2485, 2491
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 3359
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530058
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Sill
 3455, 3461, 3475, 3491
 Lawton OK 73503
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530059
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldgs. 5150, 6101, 6111
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73503
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200530060
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Sill
 Lawton OK 73501
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200840047
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: M5680, M5681, M5682, M5683
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 RS Kerr Lake
 HC61
 Sallisaw OK 74955
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201040042
 Status: Underutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Fort Sill, (4 Bldgs)

Fort Sill
Lawton OK
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110027
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Bldgs: 00208, M4902, M4903, 06204
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
14 Bldgs.
Fort Sill
Lawton OK 73501
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130056
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00214, 00216, 01445, 01447, 01448, 01468, 02524, 02594, 02809, 6472, 6473, 6474, M1453, M4905
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Contamination
5 Building
McAlester Army Ammunition Plant
McAlester OK 74501
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330015
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 00029, 00139, 00148, 00159, 00235
Comments: anti-terrorism/force protection security reqs., public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
6 Buildings
Fort Sill
Ft. Sill OK 73503
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440054
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 6280; 6281; 6283; 6292; 6295; 6293
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security
Reasons: Secured Area
Oregon
Bldg. 38
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012174
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 53
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012175
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 54
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012176
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 8 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 83
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012178
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 85
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012179
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 127
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Army Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012185
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 128
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012186
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 155
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012189
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 208
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012190
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 211
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012191
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 417
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012195
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8 miles east of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 418
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012196
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8 Miles East of Hermiston, Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 433
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012197
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 13 Miles East of Hermiston, Oregon I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 457
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012198
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 8 Miles East of Hermiston, Oregon I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 482
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012199
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 Miles East of Hermiston, Oregon I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 483
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012200
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 Miles East of Hermiston Oregon on I-84
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 484
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity

Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012201
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 Miles East of Hermiston
Oregon I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 485
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012202
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 Miles East of Hermiston
Oregon on I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 486
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012203
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8 Miles East of Hermiston Oregon
I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 488
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012204
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8 Miles East of Hermiston Oregon
on I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 490
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012205
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 Miles East of Hermiston
Oregon on I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 493
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012207
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8 Miles East of Hermiston, Oregon
I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 494
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012208
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 Miles East of Hermiston,
Oregon on I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 608

Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012217
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 8 Miles East of Hermiston, Oregon
I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 616
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012225
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 Miles East of Hermiston,
Oregon I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 624
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012229
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 8 Miles East of Hermiston, Oregon
on I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 431
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012279
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 202
Tooele Army Depot, Umatilla Depot
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014304
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston,
Oregon on I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 203
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014305
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 13 miles east of Hermiston,
Oregon on I-84.

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 137
Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199014782
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8 miles east of Hermiston, OR on
I-84

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 489

Tooele Army Depot
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030362
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8 miles East of Hermiston, OR. on
I-84.

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 619
Umatilla Depot Activity
Hermiston OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120032
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8 miles east of Hermiston, Oregon
on I-84.

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldgs. 122, 123, 125
Umatilla Chemical Depot
OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199840108
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldgs. 204, 205
Umatilla Chemical Depot
OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199840109
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 346
Umatilla Chemical Depot
OR 97838
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199840110
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Pennsylvania
11 Bldgs.
Fort Indiantown Gap
Annville PA 17003-5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199810190
Status: Unutilized
Directions: T-10-24, T-10-25, T-10-26, T-10-27, T-10-28, T-10-29, T-10-30, T-10-31, T-10-32, T-10-33, T-10-34

Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 00635
Carlisle Barracks
Carlisle PA 17013
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200640115
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 00302, 00630, 00846
Carlisle Barracks
Cumberland PA 17013
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720107
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00301

Carlisle Barracks
Cumberland PA 17013
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740026
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00257
Carlisle Barracks
Cumberland PA 17013
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200830001
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00017
Scranton Army Ammo Plant
Scranton PA 18505
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200840048
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
5 Bldgs.
Letterkenny Army Depot
Chambersburg PA 17201
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920063
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 01466, 03231, 03243, 03244, 03245
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. S0093
Tobyhanna Army Depot
Monroe PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920065
Status: Underutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
4 Bldgs.
Letterkenny Army Depot
Franklin PA 17201
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200940034
Status: Unutilized
Directions: S3627, 03811, S4344, S5298
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 891
Carlisle Barracks
Cumberland PA 17013
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201020023
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 70
Tobyhanna Army Depot
Tobyhanna PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210048
Status: Underutilized
Comments: nat'l security concerns; no public access and no alternative method to gain access.
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 71
Tobyhanna Army Depot
Tobyhanna PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220008
Status: Underutilized
Comments: nat'l security concerns; public access is denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Buildings 00039 & 00068
Tobyhanna Army Depot
Tobyhanna PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330049
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
00026
Tobyhanna Army Depot
Tobyhanna PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410036
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Tobyhanna Army Depot
11 Hap Arnold Bulverde
Tobyhanna PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420023
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00500; 00501; 00502; 00509
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
Tobyhanna Army Depot
Tobyhanna PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420027
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 0511A; 0511B
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
6 Buildings
Tobyhanna Army Depot
Tobyhanna PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440036
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00046; 00245; 00246; A0031; A0132; S0051
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Letterkenny Army Depot
Bldg. 2365; 1465; 1456
Intersection of Georgia Avenue
Chambersburg PA 17201
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510001
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 2365; 1465; 1456
Comments: public Access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 1008
11 Hap Arnold Blvd.
Tobyhanna PA 18466
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530047
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Puerto Rico
8 Bldgs.
Fort Buchanan
Guaynabo PR
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200620041
Status: Excess
Directions: 01003, 01004, 01005, 01006, 01007, 01008, 01009, 01026
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
13 Buildings
USAG Ft. Buchanan, RQ327
Fort Buchanan PR 00934
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520015
Status: Excess
Directions: Buildings T0009, 01322, 01305, 01147, 01146, 01145, 01144, 01143, 01142, 01141, 01140, 00802, 00519
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 00215
Ft. Allen Trng. Center
Juan Diaz PR 00795
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530004
Status: Unutilized
Comments: doc. deficiencies; documentation provided represents a dear threat to personal phys. safety. Public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat. Sec.
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Rhode Island
Bldgs. 0A65V, 340, 382
Camp Fogarty Training Site
Kent RI 02818
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201040022
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 000P2
570 Read Schoolhouse Rd.
NG Coventry RI 02816
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440049
Status: Excess
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building OSKRG
Camp Fogarty
East Greenwich RI 02818
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440052
Status: Unutilized
Comments: documented Deficiencies: structural damage; several large holes; severely rotten foundation; extreme rodent infestation; clear threat to physical safety.
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
SAMOA
Bldg. 00002
Army Reserve Center
Pago Pago AQ 96799
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200810001
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area Floodway
 Bldg. 00644
 Tree Top U.S. Army Reserve Ctr
 Pago AQ
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201040039
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 South Carolina
 Bldg. 01916
 DRMS Storage Facility
 Ft. Jackson SC
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120020
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Bldg. 1727
 Ft. Jackson
 Ft. Jackson SC
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201220024
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: nat'l security concerns; public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 3 Bldgs.
 Ft. Jackson
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201220026
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 2441, 4461, 2451
 Comments: nat'l security concerns; public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 J5800
 Wildcat Rd.
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201230013
 Status: Underutilized
 Comments: controlled access pts.; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 4 Buildings
 Golden Arrow Rd.
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201230014
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: F5035, F5036, F5037, F5048
 Comments: controlled access pts.; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 11 Buildings
 Ft. Jackson
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201310031
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: P8654, P8655, Q8374, O7160, O7165, O7170, O7178, O7179, M7507, N7657, N7664

Comments: located w/in controlled military installation; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 24 Buildings
 Ft. Jackson
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201310035
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: F7123, F7124, F7125, F7132, F7133, F7903, F6685, F6792, F6794, F6800, F6802, F6926, F7017, F7023, F6050, F6051, F6142, F6143, F6461, F6462, F6467, F6681, F6684, E5991
 Comments: located w/in controlled military installation; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 5 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Fort Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201410012
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 1708, 10802, P8670, Q8381, Q8384
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 P8663
 Fort Jackson
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201410029
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 27 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Fort Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201430025
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 1444, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 2139, 2260, 2275, 2285, 2462, 2464, 2522, 2785, 3058, 3210, 3270, 3280, 4325, 4354, 4376, 4400, 4407, 11559, E4830
 Comments: public access denied & no alternative without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 FT. Jackson Bldg. 4325 & 4376
 Jackson Blvd.
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201510033
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 4325; 4376
 Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Ft. Jackson Bldg. 2570
 2570 Warehouse Rd.
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201510034
 Status: Unutilized

Directions: 2570
 Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 3 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201510035
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Bldg. 2571; 2572; 2567
 Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 6 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Ft. Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201510036
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Bldg. 2580; 2590; 3500; 3510; 3511; 3521
 Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 20 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Fort Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530051
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Building: 1920; 2253; 2495; 2500; 2510; 2512; 2520; 2522; 2524; 2530; 2545; 2533; 2558; 2562; 2563; 2567; 2570; 2571; 2572; 2580
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 20 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Fort Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530052
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Buildings: 2590; 3220; 3290; 3295; 3500; 3510; 3511; 3521; 4205; 4210; 4215; 4225; 4230; 4235; 4325; 4376; 4470; 4475; 5578; 5579
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 24 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Fort Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530053
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Building's: 5580; 5581; 5582; 5583; 5585; 5586; 5590; 10613; E4801; E4802; E4803; E4811; E4816; E4821; E4822; E4823; E4824; E4825; E4828; E4829; E4830; E4832; E4833; 5584
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 4 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Fort Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530054
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: Building's: 9451; 9452; 9453; 9455
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 5 Buildings
 Fort Jackson
 Fort Jackson SC 29207
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201530083
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 10612, 10614, 10624, 10625, 10628
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Tennessee
 Bldg. 225
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012304
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 226
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012305
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. F9
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012306
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. P5
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012307
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. P9
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012308
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. V1
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012309

Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. V3
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012311
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. F-1
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012314
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 107
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012316
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. R9
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012317
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. V9
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199012337
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. R1
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199013790
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 4509 West Stone Drive
 Kingsport TN 37660-9982
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199140613
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. I010

Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440212
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. J010
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440213
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. K010
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440214
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. L010
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440215
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. M010
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN 61299-6000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199440216
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. J001
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510025
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. M001
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510026
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. N001
 Holston Army Ammunition Plant
 Kingsport TN
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510027
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:

Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 227
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200310040
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. D-1, D-2, D-6 thru D-10
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320054
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
6 Bldgs.
Holston Army Ammo Plant
E-1, E-2, E-5, E-7 thru E-9
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320055
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. G-1, G-2, G-3, G-9
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320056
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
5 Bldgs.
Holston Army Ammo Plant
I-1, I-2, I-7, I-8, I-9
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320058
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
Bldgs. K-1, K-7, K-9
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320059
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. L-1M, L-2, L-9
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320060
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. O-1, O-7, O-9
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320061
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. J-2, J-6 thru J-9
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320062
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. M-2, M-7, M-9
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320063
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Bldg. U-2
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320064
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. P-3, P-7
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320065
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 4, A-5, B-5, B-9
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320066
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. A14, A20, A28
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320068
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
4 Bldgs.
Holston Army Ammo Plant
301, 303B, 304, 312
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320071
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 401, 408
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320073
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. A-35
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340056
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 4-A
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510042
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. X0028
Milan Army Ammo Plant
Gibson TN 38358
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200520052
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 8(1), 8(2), 8(4)
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200530064
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. H-8
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200640070
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 136, 148
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200640071
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 8(3)
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710035
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 00001, 00003, 00030

John Sevier Range
Knoxville TN 37918
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200930021
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
9 Bldgs.
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030020
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 6, 8A, 24A, 25A, 40A, 101, 118, 143, 154
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
9 Bldgs.
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030021
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 249, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 302B, 315, 331
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
8 Bldgs.
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030022
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 404, 405, 406, 407, 411, 414, 423, 427
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
9 Bldgs.
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030023
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A-0, B-11, C-3A, F-3, G-1A, M-8, N-10A, O-5, D-6A
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
11 Bldgs.
Holston Army Ammo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030024
Status: Unutilized
Directions: YM-1, YM-2, YM-3, YM-4, YM-5, YM-6, YM-7, YM-8, YM-9, YM-10, YM-11
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
2 Buildings
Holston Army Amo Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310037
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 328, 328A
Comments: located w/in secured area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 50139
2280 Hwy 104 W. Suite 2
(Milan Army Ammunition Plant)

Milan TN 38358
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330012
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 50139
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat. security
Reasons: Secured Area
J0139
Milan AAP
Milan TN 38358
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330073
Status: Unutilized
Comments: restricted area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access is/out compromising nat'l security
Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Milan AAP
Milan TN 38358
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340035
Status: Excess
Directions: I0205; I0206; I0207; T0114
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
0302B
Holston Army Ammunition Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410005
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
A0018
Holston Army Ammunition Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410031
Status: Underutilized
Comments: property is adjacent to a building that processes explosive materials as part of an acid manufacturing plant.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Building 348
Holston Army Ammunition Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420025
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 127
Holston Army Ammunition Plant
Kingsport TN 37660
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520031
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
Milan APP
Milan TN 38358
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201530098
Status: Excess
Directions: S0021; S0022
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Texas
Bldg. M-3
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012524
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. C-11
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012529
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. C-10
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012533
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. C-15
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012536
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. J-17
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012540
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. J-21
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012542
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. M-24

Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199012545
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg C-42
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030337
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. C-6
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030338
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. J-1
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030339
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. J-3
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030340
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. J-6
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030341
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. J-7
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030342
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. M-1
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030343
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. M-6
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030344
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. M-7
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Highway 82 West
Texarkana TX 75505-9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199030345
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1ST-1
Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant
Karnack TX 75671
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620827
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 3156
Fort Bliss
El Paso TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830171
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 7139
Fort Bliss
El Paso TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830186
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 7151, 7154, 7157-7159
Fort Bliss
El Paso TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830187
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 9901
Fort Bliss
El Paso TX 79916
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200320079

Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. YAREA
Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
Karnack TX 75661
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340062
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Directions: 0003Y, 0004Y, 004Y2, 0013Y, 0016Y, 16Y1, 16Y2, 0018Y, 018Y1 0029Y, 0032Y, 0034Y, 0038Y, 0040Y, 0045Y
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. P-3X, 3X-4of5
Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
Karnack TX 75661
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340063
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Directions: 00P10, 00P11, 0046A, 0049B, 0053B, 0054B, 0055B, 0056B, 0059B, 0060B 0068F, 0026E, 0032E, 0029D
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. P-3X, 3X-3of5
Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
Karnack TX 75661
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340064
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Directions: 00S13, 00P13, 00B10, 00B16, SHEDC, 00B15, 00B13, 00B11, 000B9, 000B7, SHEDJ, SHEDD, 000M4, 000P3, 000P1
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. P-3X 5of5
Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
Karnack TX 75661
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340065
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Directions: 0025D, 0025C, 0050G, 0054F, 0053D, 0054G, 0031G, 00403, 00406, 00408, 00409, 0016T, 0020T, 0035T, 0036T036T1
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. Inert SH10F3
Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
Karnack TX 75661
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340066
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Directions: 00101, 00102, 0102R, 00103, 000L6, 00402, 000L5, SHEDL, SHEDB, 0061I, 0060I, 0022B, 0032B, 0029A, 0031A
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. Inert SH3of3
Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
Karnack TX 75661
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340067
Status: Excess
GSA Number:
Directions: 016T1, 020T1, 0034T, 034T1, 0020X, 022X1
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. SH2of3
Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
Karnack TX 75661
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200340068

Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Directions: 068G1, 068F1, 0022B, 0032B,
 054F1, 0040H, 00402, 00404, 00405,
 0018G, 0015G, 0009G, 0010G, 0011G
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. Inert
 Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
 Karnack TX 75661
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200340069
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Directions: 00703, 0703A, 0703C, 0707E,
 0018K, 01ST1, 0201A, 00202, 00204,
 0022G, 0025G, 0031W, 0049W, 0501E,
 510B2, 0601B, 018K1
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. SHOPS
 Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
 Karnack TX 75661
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200340070
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Directions: 00723, 0722P, 0704D, 00715,
 00744, 0722G
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. Magaz
 Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
 Karnack TX 75661
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200340071
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Directions: 08111, 08117, 81110, 81111,
 81112, 81113, 81114, 81117, 81118, 81121,
 81122, 81124, 81128, 81141, 81143, 81156
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. P-3X SHT1of5
 Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
 Karnack TX 75661
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200340072
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Directions: 02121 thru 21211, 21214 thru
 21221, 21223, 21225, 21227, 21231 thru
 21240, 21242, 21244, 21246, 21248
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. P-3X SHT2of5
 Longhorn Army Ammo Plant
 Karnack TX 75661
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200340073
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number:
 Directions: 21250 thru 21257, 21259, 0027X,
 0022X, 0035X
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 56208, 56220
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200420146
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 7122, 7125
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200540070
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 7136

Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200540071
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. D5040
 Grand Prairie Reserve Complex
 Tarrant TX 75051
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200620045
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
 deterioration
 Bldgs. 1177, 1178, 1179
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200640073
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 199, 1271, 11306
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200710036
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 56226, 56228
 Fort Hood
 Bell TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200720109
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 1235
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200740030
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
 deterioration
 Bldg. 00002
 Denton
 Lewisville TX 76102
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200810034
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 9 Bldgs.
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200820013
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 1610, 1680, 2322, 2323, 2332,
 2333, 2343, 2353, 3191
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 08017
 Fort Worth
 Tarrant TX 76108
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200830028
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured
 Area
 9 Bldgs.
 Fort Worth
 Tarrant TX 76108
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200830029
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 8501, 8504, 8505, 8506, 8507,
 8508, 8509, 8511, 8514

Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive
 deterioration
 Bldgs. 617, 619, 889, 890
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200830030
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 4 Bldgs.
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200830039
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 11411, 11530, 11540, 11550
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 5817
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200920071
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 9550, 9557, 9558, 11301
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200930025
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 11284, 11304
 Fort Bliss
 El Paso TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200940036
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 25
 Brownwood
 Brown TX 76801
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201020033
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 00046
 Ft. Bliss
 El Paso TX
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120056
 Status: Unutilized
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 6 Bldgs.
 Ft. Bliss
 El Paso TX
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201120059
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 07180, 07184, 07186, 07188,
 07190, 07192
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg 1674
 42nd & Old Ironsides
 Fort Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201140065
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Secured Area, Contamination
 5 Buildings
 Ft. Wolters
 Ft. Wolters TX 76067
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201410004
 Status: Excess

Directions: 1178, 1179, 1180, 1201, 1213?
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 6 Buildings
 Red River Army Depot
 Texarkana TX 75507-5000
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201430023
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 00349; 00678; 01191; 01185; 01131; 00911
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 01445
 Red River Army Depot
 Texarkana TX 75507
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201440040
 Status: Excess
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security; documented deficiencies: roof caving-in; clear threat to physical safety.
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 3 Buildings
 Red River Army Depot
 Red River Army Depot TX 75507
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201440041
 Status: Excess
 Directions: 01161; 01162; 01165
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 01154
 Red River Army Depot
 Texarkana TX 75507
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201440042
 Status: Excess
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 4 Buildings
 Fort Hood
 Ft. Hood TX 76544
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201440061
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 36019; 36027; 36028; 36043
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building 01249
 1249 Irwin Rd.
 Fort Bliss TX 79916
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201520044
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Utah
 Bldg. 5145

Deseret Chemical Depot
 Tooele UT 84074
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820120
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 8030
 Deseret Chemical Depot
 Tooele UT 84074
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199820121
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
 Bldgs. 04546, 04550
 Deseret Chemical Depot
 Stockton UT 84071
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200610034
 Status: Excess
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration
 Bldg. 5126
 Deseret Chemical Depot
 Stockton UT
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21200820075
 Status: Excess
 Comments: Bldg. 4535 was demolished 04/12/2012
 Reasons: Secured Area
 16 Bldgs.
 Green River Test Complex
 Green River UT 84525
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210043
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 50101, 50102, 50106, 50108, 50109, 50130, 50131, 50133, 50210, 50253, 50291, 50308, 50331, 50400
 Comments: nat'l security concerns; no public access and no alternative method to gain access.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 14 Bldgs.
 Green River Test Complex
 Green River UT 84525
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210044
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 50001, 50002, 50003, 50006, 50019, 50020, 50022, 50024, 50027, 50029, 50031, 50032, 50040, 50043
 Comments: nat'l security concerns; no public access and no alternative method to gain access.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 2 Bldgs.
 Green River Test Complex
 Green River UT 84525
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201210096
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 50105, 50207
 Comments: nat'l security concerns; no public access and no alternative method to gain access.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Building Z2206 & Z2212
 11550 Stark Rd.
 Stockton UT 84071

Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201330027
 Status: Unutilized
 Comments: Secured facility access denied to general public & no alter. method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Vermont
 6 Buildings
 Ethan Allen Range
 Jericho VT 05465
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21201240035
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 004-2, 004-3, 03020, 04009, 04010, 04011
 Comments: located on secured military installation where public access is denied & no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Virginia
 Bldg. 4327-07 Warehouse
 Radford Army Ammunition Plant
 Radford VA 24141
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199010833
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: State Highway 114
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldgs. 4339-23
 Radford Army Ammunition Plant
 Latrine
 Radford VA 24141
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199010835
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: State Highway 114
 Comments:
 Reasons: Other—Latrine, detached structure, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 3012, Nitrating House
 Radford Army Ammunition Plant
 Radford VA 24141
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199010836
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: State Highway 114
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 4339-02
 Radford Army Ammunition Plant
 Radford VA 24141
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199010837
 Status: Underutilized
 Directions: State Highway 114
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other—Latrine, detached structure, Secured Area
 Bldg. 4339-10
 Radford Army Ammunition Plant
 Latrine
 Radford VA 24141
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199010838
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: State Highway 114
 Comments:

Reasons: Other—Latrine, detached structure,
Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive
material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4339-11

Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Latrine

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010840

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Other—Latrine, detached structure,
Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable
or explosive material

Bldg. 4339-24

Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Latrine

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010841

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Other—Latrine,
detached structure, Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4710-01

Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Latrine

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010843

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area, Other—
Latrine, detached structure

Bldg. 3511-00

Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Blocker Press

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010844

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4710-02

Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Latrine

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010845

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area, Other—
Latrine, detached structure

Bldg. 4343-00

Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Cadmium Plating House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010848

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4901-00

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Block Press House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010849

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3553-00, A-1

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Press Cutting House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010851

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4905-00

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Control House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010852

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4909-01

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Solvent Recovery House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010853

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4909-02

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Solvent Recovery House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010854

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3649-00

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Premix House No. 3

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010855

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4909-03

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Solvent Recovery House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010856

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4909-04

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Solvent Recovery House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010857

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4909-05

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Solvent Recovery House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010858

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3662-00

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Screen Storehouse

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010859

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4910-01

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Water Dry House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010860

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4910-02

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Water Dry House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010861

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4910-03

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Water Dry House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010862

Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3670-00

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Perchlorate Grind House

Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010863

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

State Highway 114

Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4910-04
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010864
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4910-05
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010865
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3672-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Perchlorate Grind House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010866
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3675-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Air Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010867
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4911-02
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Air Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010868
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4912-05
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Waste Powder and Solvent Storage
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010869
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3676-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
C-7 Mix House
Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010870
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4913-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Large Grain Disassembly House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010871
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3678-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Air Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010872
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4933-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Filter House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010874
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3688
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Control House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010875
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4935-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Chilled Water Refrigeration
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010876
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4945-02
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Coating House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010877
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3702-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Chemical Grind House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010878
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4952-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Beaker Wrap House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010879
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3706-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Pre-Mix Rest House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010880
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3723-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Nibbling House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010881
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3742-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Catch Tank House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010882
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3743-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Weigh House No. 1
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010883
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 5501-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Finishing Bldg.
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010884
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 5502-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Waste Water Treatment Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010885
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 7112-01
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Increment House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010886
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 5500-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Manufacturing Bldg.
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010887
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 7126-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Halfway House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010889
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 7160-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Area Maintenance Office
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010890
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 7800-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Extruded Grain Finishing House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010892
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 7806-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Latrine and Utility House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010893
Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9203-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Solvent Preparation Bldg.
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010894
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9205
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Green Line Complex
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010895
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9209
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Traying Bldg.
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010896
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9210
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Traying Bldg.
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010897
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9211
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Traying Bldg.
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010898
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 9206
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Green Line Complex
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010899
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 9207
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Green Line Complex
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199010900
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9310-01
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Rolled Powder Bldg.
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010901
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 9361-06
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Material Storage
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010903
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9500-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Nitrating House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010904
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 9503-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Finishing House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010905
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 9510-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Spent Acid Recovery
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010907
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9546-01
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Soda Ash Mix House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010909
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 9550-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Storage Bldg.

Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199010910
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1600
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Solvent Recovery House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011521
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1604
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Solvent Recovery House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011522
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1608
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Solvent Recovery House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011523
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. NR 0221-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Boiler House
Dublin VA 24084
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011524
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1618
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Solvent Recovery House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011525
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1619
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Solvent Recovery House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011526
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1622
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Solvent Recovery House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011527
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1625
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Solvent Recovery House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011528
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1650
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011530
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1651
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011531
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1652
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011532
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 221-25
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Burning Ground Office
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011533
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1653
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011534
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1654
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011535
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. NR 222-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Change House, New River Facility
Dublin VA 24084
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011536
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1655
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011537
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1656
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011538
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. NR-225
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Maintenance Office, New River Facility
Radford VA 24084
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011539
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1657
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011540
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1658
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011541
Status: Unutilized

Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 0407-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Filter Plant Station
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011542
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 0403-09
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Control House Water Monitoring
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011543
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1659
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011544
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1675
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011545
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1676
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Water Dry House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011547
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1007
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Acid Screening House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011548
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1008
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Acid Heat And Circulating House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011549
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1010
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Dry House and Conveyor
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011550
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1012
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Nitrate House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011551
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1014-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Emergency Catch House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011553
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1019
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Boiling Tub House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011554
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1024-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Poacher House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011555
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1026-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Final Wringer House Equipment
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011556
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1500-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Dehy Press House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011557
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1501-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Alcohol Pump and Accumulator House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011558
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1508-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Mix House No. 1
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011560
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1509-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Mix House No. 2
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011561
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1510-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Block Press House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011562
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1511-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Block Press House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011563
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1512-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Block Press House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011564
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 1513-00

Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Finishing Press House No. 2
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011565
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1514-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Finishing Press House No. 3
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011566
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1521-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Hydraulic Station
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011567
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1548-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Oil Storage House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011568
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1549-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Area Maintenance Shop
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011569
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1554-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Powder Line Office
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011570
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1558-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Ingredient Storehouse
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011571
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1567-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Lunch Room
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011573
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1685-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Sorting House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011574
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1703-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Coating House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011575
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1851-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Screening House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011577
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1980-06
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011579
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Other—latrine; detached structure, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1980-17
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011580
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Other—latrine; detached structure, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 2051-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
NC Fines Separation
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011581
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114

Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 2509-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Mix House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011582
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 2518
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Finishing Press and Cutting House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011585
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 2519
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Finishing Press and Cutting House
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011588
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 2559-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Refrigeration Building
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011591
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3045-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013559
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3022-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013560
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3050-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013561

Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 3046-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013562
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 3007-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013563
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 3002-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013564
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 3010-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013566
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 3019-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013567
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 9544-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013569
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 206
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013570
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 221-05
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199110142
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 221-06
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Highway 114
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199110143
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. B1826 Elev. Motor House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
State Hwy. 114
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199120071
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. A426
Powder Burning Ground Office
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140618
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 456, Filter House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140619
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 734
AOP Plant Control House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140620
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. D1733, Control Shelter
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140621
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. B3553, Lunch Room
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140622
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. B3670, Control House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140623
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. B3671, Control House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140624
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. B3677, Elevator House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140627
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. A4912-05, Blower House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140628
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. B4912-11, Control House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140629
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. C4913, Control House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140630
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. D4915, Storage Building
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140631
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 7103-01, HE Saw House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140632
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. A7103-01, Motor House
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199140633
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. T0117
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830223
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
5 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830224
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 0221-03, 0221-30, 0221-31, 0221-32, 0221-33
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830225
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A0266-01, 0266-03, 0266-08
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 0267-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830226
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
2 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830227
Status: Unutilized
Directions: State Highway 114
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. A0425-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830228
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. A0428-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830229
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 0525-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830230
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830231
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 0602-00N, 0603-00N, 0604-00N
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1035-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830233
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. D1601-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830235
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830236
Status: Unutilized
Directions: B1608-00, C1608-00, D1608-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830237
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1651-00, A1651-00, B1651-00
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
4 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830238
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A1652-00, B1652-00, A1653-00, B1653-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1732-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830240
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 19803-23
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830242
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830243
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 2002-00, T2018-00, 2050-00
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
2 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830244
Status: Unutilized
Directions: B2518-00, A2519-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
2 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830245
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A3553-00, C3553-00
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. A3561-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830246
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

4 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830248
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 3641-00, 3647-00, A3647-00, B3647-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

4 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830250
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A3670-00, C3670-00, A3676-00, B3676-00
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3727-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830251
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3901-00
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830252
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830254
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4334-00, 4339-26, 4339-36
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830255
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4703-00, 4708-00, 4712-00
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

7 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830256
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A4909-04, B4909-04, C4909-04, B4910-04, A4911-02, B4911-02, C4911-02
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

15 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830257
Status: Unutilized
Directions: B4912-10, C4912-10, 4912-11, A4912-11, 4912-12, A4912-12, B4912-12, C4912-12, 4912-32, A4912-32, B4912-32, 4912-38, A4912-38, 4912-47, A4912-47
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

2 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830258
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4915-00, A4915-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

4 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830259
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4922-00, A4924-02, 4924-07, 4928-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830260
Status: Unutilized
Directions: A4945-02, B4945-02, 4951-06
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830261
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 5002-00, 5020-00, 5027-00
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

3 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830263
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 5510-00, 5511-00, 5512-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

6 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830264
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 7100-00, A7102-02, B7102-02, 7105-00, A7105-00, 7120-02
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

10 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199830265
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 9200-00, 9201-00, 9202-00, 9204-00, 9208-00, 9212-00, 9215-00, 9216-00, 9217-00, 9218-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. C3677-00
Radford AAP
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020079
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 5504-00
Radford AAP
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020080
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 7503-00
Radford AAP
Radford VA 24141
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020081
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldgs. 3074, 3075
Fort Belvoir
Ft. Belvoir VA 22060-5110
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200130077
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. A0415
Radford AAP
Radford VA 24143-0100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200230038
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 00200
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24143-0100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200240071
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. T4022
Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Radford VA 24143-0100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200240072
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
Bldg. 00723
Fort Story
Ft. Story VA 23459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200310046
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 00222
Radford Army Ammo Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510045
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 22127, 22128
Radford Army Ammo Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200510046
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 00677
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710043
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00705, 00706, 00771
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710044
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 01112, 01139
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710045
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
5 Bldgs.
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710046
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 01141, 01146, 01147, 01148, 01153
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 3065-3071
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710047
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 3086, 3087, 3099
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710048
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 05089, 05093, 05099
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200710049
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720043
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 0629, 0630, 00704, 00771
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 01147, 01148
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720044
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720045
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 05002, 05009, 05010, 05014
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
5 Bldgs.
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720046
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 05033, 05034, 05035, 05036, 05037
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 05040, 05043
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720047
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
6 Bldgs.
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720049
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 05071, 05072, 05073, 05075, 05076, 05077
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 05081, 05088
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720050
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
7 Bldgs.
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200720051
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 05090, 05092, 05094, 05095, 05096, 05097, 05098
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. US042, US044, US45B
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24013
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740031
Status: Underutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 01001
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24013
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740032
Status: Underutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
4 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammo Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200740170
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 36410, 36470, 36500, 37060
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
4 Bldgs.
Fort Story
Ft. Story VA 23459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200810037
Status: Unutilized
Directions: T0540, T0750, T0753, T0762
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 01140, 01154
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200810042
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 05015, 05021
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200810043
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldg. P0545
Fort Story
Ft. Story VA 23459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200830040
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Bldgs. 00187, 00189, 00707
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200840056
Status: Underutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. T0514
Fort Story
Ft. Story VA 23459
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200920077
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
4 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammo Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200930028
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1030, 1031, 1038, 1044
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldgs. 1000, 2000, 2010
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200940038
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldgs. 1106, 1109, 1110
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201010037
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

4 Bldgs.
Radford Army Ammo Plant
Montgomery VA 24013
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201010038
Status: Unutilized
Directions: US042, US044, US45B, 51565
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

8 Bldgs.
Hampton Readiness Center
Hampton VA 23666
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201020026
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 23
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

4 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030030
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1002, 1003, 1026, 1045
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

16 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030032
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1666A, 1666B, 1668A, 1671A, 1671B, 1672A, 1672B, 1674, 1674A, 1674B, 1675, 1675A, 1675B, 1676, 1676A, 1676B
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

12 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030033
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1751, 1754, 1762, 1765, 2002, 2003, 2007, 2026, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050A
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

10 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030034
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 3621, 3652, 3655, 3658, 3675, 3675B, 3675C, 3678A, 3678B, 3678C
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

6 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030035
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4703, 9101A, 9101B, 9102A, 9102B, 9103B
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

9 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030036
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 49102, 49103, 49126, 71022, 71032, 72215, 91248, 91253, 91254
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

18 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030038
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 98206, 98209, 98216, 98217, 98218, 98224, 98226, 98227, 98231, 98232, 98242, 98244, 98280, 98289, 98291, 98294, 98297, 98298
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

8 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Montgomery VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030039
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 98303, 98304, 98307, 98327, 98332, 98347, 98348, 98364
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. ANTEN
Fort Eustis
Ft. Eustis VA 23604
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201040032
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 1132, 1133, 1134
Fort Belvoir
Fairfax VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201040033
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration

6 Bldgs.
Radford AAP
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201040036
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1000, 1010, 2000, 2010, 22116, USO43
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

1618B
Radford Army Ammo Plant
Rte 114, P.O. Box 2
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201110007
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg 1618B
Rte. 114, P.O. Box 2
Radford Army Ammo Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201120063
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Not accessible by road, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg 1621
Rte., P.O. Box 2
Radford Army Ammo Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201120064
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Not accessible by road, Contamination, Secured Area

Bldg. 98241
Rte., 114, P.O. Box 2
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201120065
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Not accessible by road

Bldg. 00731
null
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130009
Status: Excess
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 0731A
Rte 114 P.O. Box 2
Radford VA
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130011
Status: Excess
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 07352
null
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130012
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 00736 & 0736A
null
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130013
Status: Excess
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 2302 & 2303
null
Fort Belvoir VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201130031
Status: Excess
Reasons: Secured Area

4 Bldgs.
8000 Jefferson Davis Hwy
Defense Supply Center
Richmond VA 23297

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140063
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 00091, 00006, 00007, 00010
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg 00104
8000 Jefferson Davis Hwy
Richmond VA 23297
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140069
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Secured Area
12 Bldgs.
Ft. Pickett Trng Ctr
Blackstone VA 23824
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210051
Status: Excess
Directions: T2823, T2826, T2828, T2829,
T2838, T2860, T2861, T2856, T2862,
T2863, T2864, T2865
Comments: nat'l security concerns; no public
access and no alternative method to gain
access.
Reasons: Secured Area
16 Bldgs.
Ft. Pickett Trng Ctr
Blackstone VA 23824
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220038
Status: Excess
Directions: T2814, T2815, T2816, T2817,
T2823, T2826, T2827, T2828, T2829,
T2838, T2841, T2856, T2860, T2861,
T2863, T2862
Comments: nat'l security concerns; public
access denied & no alternative method to
gain access w/out comprising nat'l
security.
Reasons: Secured Area
12 Bldgs.
Ft. Pickett Trng Ctr
Blackstone VA 23824
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220042
Status: Excess
Directions: A1811, AT306, AT307, R0013,
R0014, R0021, R0026, R0027, R0040,
R0055, R0063, R0064
Comments: nat'l security concerns; public
access denied and no alternative method to
gain access w/out comprising nat'l
security.
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
114 P.O. Box 2
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230047
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 2045, 2046
Comments: restricted area; public access
denied & no alternative method to gain
access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
26 Building
null
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320007
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1506A, 1506B, 1609, 1609A,
1609B, 1609C, 1616, 1616A, 1616B, 1616C,
2500, 2501, 2506, 2508, 2510, 2512, 2515,
2516, 2518, 2555, 2555A, 2560A, 2558,
2560, 3740, 9379

Comments: w/in restricted area, public assess
denied & no alter. method w/out
compromising nat'l sec.
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
Fort Pickett Training Cener
Plackstone VA 23824
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201330054
Status: Unutilized
Directions: T1710, T2606
Comments: public access denied & no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
T1810
Fort Pickett Training Center
Blackstone VA 23824
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201340022
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201410018
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 726, 730
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
2 Buildings
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Rte 114, P.O. Box 2
Radford VA 24143-0002
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420029
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 726; 730
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
726 and 730
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24143-0002
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201430002
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 726; 730
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative without compromising national
security.
Reasons: Secured Area
5 Buildings
Fort Pickett Training Center
Blackstone VA 23824
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440006
Status: Unutilized
Directions: T2362; T2363; T2364; T2411;
T2603
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
6 Buildings
Fort Belvoir
Ft. Belvoir VA 22060
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21201440017
Status: Excess
Directions: 1151; 1906; 1141; 1186; 1194;
1195
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area.
2 Buildings
Defense Distribution San Joaquin
Tracy Site 00046, 0234A
Tracy VA 95304
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440018
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area.
Building 00215
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510045
Status: Excess
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area.
16 Buildings
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520019
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Buildings 71063, 7106-02A,
71062, 49103B, 49103A, 49102B, 2560B,
2521, 2518B, 2518A, 2517B, 2517A,
2515A, 7106-03A, 71064, 7106-04A.
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
16 Buildings
Radford Army Ammunition Plant
Radford VA 24143
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201520020
Status: Unutilized
Directions: Buildings 71091, 71092A, 71101,
71101A, 7115, 7136, 2511, 2516A, 2516B,
2521, 2521A, 2554, 71102A, 71092, 71102,
71122.
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
3 Buildings
Defense Supply Center
Richmond VA 25297
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530006
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 19 (RPWD: 268718); 20 (RPWD:
268698); 53 (RPWD: 238700)
Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area.
Building 06202
Fort Lee; 19th Street
Ft. Lee VA 23801
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530100
Status: Unutilized

Comments: documented deficiencies: structural issues due to flooding; clear threat to personal safety.
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
Washington
Bldg. 6991
Fort Lewis
Ft. Lewis WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199810242
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
15 Bldgs.
Fort Lewis
Pierce WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201030041
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 3417, 3418, 3423, 3424, 3427, 3428, 3429, 3430, 3433, 3434, 3435, 3436, 3439, 3442, 3444
Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
Bldgs. 00852 and 00853
Yakima Trng. Ctr.
Yakima WA 98901
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201140001
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Extensive deterioration
8995
American Lake Ave.
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201230021
Status: Unutilized
Comments: secured military cantonment area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
3 Buildings
Joint Base Lewis-McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310043
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 1158, 3151, 8066
Comments: secured military cantonment area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
10 Buildings
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201310066
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 03154, 03156, 03157, 03158, 03160, 03161, 03163, 03164, 03165, 03167
Comments: secured military cantonment area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
5 Buildings
Division Dr.
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320024
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 03131; 03135, 03139, 03317, 03320
Comments: secured military cantonment area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
3 Buildings
Libbey Ave.
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201320025
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 03316, 03322, 03330
Comments: secured military cantonment area; public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area
23 Buildings
Joint Base Lewis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201440047
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 07517; 07514; 07507; 07500; 03422; 03421; 03420; 03419; 03416; 03415; 03414; 03413; 03412; 03324; 03287; 03286; 03279; 03278; 03277; 03214; 03212; 03213; 03080.
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
6 Buildings
Sloane St.
Joint Base Lewis McCh WA 03933
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510021
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 004ED; D0110; 14109; 09643; 03932; 03933
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
Reasons: Secured Area
Joint Base Lewis McChord
Bldg. #08277
8277 Shoreline Beach Rd.
Pierce WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510024
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within airport runway clear zone
Yakima Training Ctr. Bldg. 223
223 Firing Center Road
Yakima WA 98901
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510029
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising Nat'l Sec.
Reasons: Secured Area
Building 223
Joint Base Lweis McChord
JBLM WA 98433
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201510043
Status: Underutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Wisconsin
Bldg. 1993-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011094
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental
Bldg. 227-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011104
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area
Bldg. 513-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011106
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area
Bldg. 513-4
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011108
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 720-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011110
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 2016
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011111
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 4563-3
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011138
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4563-4
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011139
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 5557-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011141
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 5557-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011142
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 5557-5
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011144
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 273
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Training Facility
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011148
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 229
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration Building
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011149
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 2030
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration-General Purpose
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011150
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 268
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration Bldg.
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011151
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 267
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration Bldg.
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011152
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1900-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011154
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1900-3
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011155
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1900-4
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011156
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 3030
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration-General Purpose
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011157
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 1900-7
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011160
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4030
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration-General Purpose
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011161
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1906-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011162
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1906-10
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011163
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-21
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011164
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 5030
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration-General Purpose
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011165
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 1906-31
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011166
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 1993-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration-General Purpose
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011167
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-42
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011168
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 1906-46
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011169
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 1906-4
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011171
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-12
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011172
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 1906-13
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011173
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-23
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011174
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 1906-28
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011175
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1932-25
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011176
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-34
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011177
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 1906-33
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011178
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1906-39
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011179
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 1932-7
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011181
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1906-43
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011182
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1932-21
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011183
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-40
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011184
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1906-48
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011185
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental,
Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive
material

Bldg. 1906-51
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011186
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000
ft. of flammable or explosive material,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1932-33
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011187
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Other environmental,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-53
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011188
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000
ft. of flammable or explosive material,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-8
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011189
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Other environmental,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1932-8
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011190
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Other environmental,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-9
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011191
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area,
Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive
material

Bldg. 1932-17
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011192
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material, Other
environmental

Bldg. 1906-14
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011193
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000
ft. of flammable or explosive material,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-15
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011194
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000
ft. of flammable or explosive material,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-20
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011195
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000
ft. of flammable or explosive material,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-19
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011196
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material, Other
environmental

Bldg. 1906-25
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011197

Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Other environmental,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-24
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011198
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Secured Area, Other
environmental

Bldg. 1932-5
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011199
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of
flammable or explosive material, Other
environmental

Bldg. 1906-29
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011200
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Other environmental,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1932-23
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011202
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or
explosive material, Other environmental,
Secured Area

Bldg. 1906-45
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011203
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental,
Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive
material

Bldg. 1906-49
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011204
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 1932-9
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Cannon Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011205
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 1906-56
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011206
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 9100-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011207
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1906-54
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Standard Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011208
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 3000
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Warehouse
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011209
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 5000
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Warehouse
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011210
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 275
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Warehouse
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011211
Status: Underutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 9100-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011213
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 214
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011214
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1975-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011215
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 9100-4
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011218
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 9100-5
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011219
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 9100-6
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011220
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 9100-8
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011221
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 9100-10
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011222
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 9100-12
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011224
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 9100-19
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Richmond Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011225
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 9102-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Igloo Magazine
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011227
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1975-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011229
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1975-4
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011230
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 1975-5
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011231
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 1975-7
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011233
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 1975-8
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011234
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 205
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Clinic
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011236
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 2554
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011238
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 5554
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011240
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3554
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011242
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Other environmental

Bldg. 4554
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011244
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 4568
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011247
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 8010
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011249
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 6535
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Bus Station
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011256
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 2015
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011259
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3015
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011263
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 4015
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011265
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 5015
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Administration
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011268
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 6532-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011270
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 6532-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Change House
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011275
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Other environmental, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 6532-3
Badger Army Ammunition Plant Change House

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011317
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 9504-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011319
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental

Bldg. 9504-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011320
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Other environmental, Secured Area

Bldg. 9504-4
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Change House

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199011323
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments: friable asbestos.
Reasons: Other environmental, Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 264
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013872
Status: Underutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6861-6
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013875
Status: Underutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6861-1
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013876
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6861-3
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013877
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6861-5
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013878
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-27
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199210097
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 6823-2
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199210098
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 6861-4
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199210099
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 6513-28
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220295
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-31
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220296
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-32
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220297
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-33
Badger Army Ammunition Plant

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220298

Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area
Bldg. 6513-34
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220299
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-35
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220300
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-36
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220301
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-37
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220302
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-38
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220303
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-39
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220304
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-40
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199220305
Status: Unutilized

Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Bldg. 6513-41
Badger Army Ammunition Plant
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199220306
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6513-47
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199220308
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6513-48
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199220309
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6513-49
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199220310
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldg. 6513-50
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199220311
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 6657-2, 6659-2
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510065
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 6668-2 thru 6668-4
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510067
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area
 Bldgs. 6808-9 thru 6808-16
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510069
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
 28 Buildings
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510070
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 9 Buildings
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510071
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Include: 6806-3, 6806-4, 6805-8 thru 6805-10, 6803-5 thru 6803-8
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 7 Buildings
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510073
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Include: 6953-2, 6956-2, 6955-2, 6957-2
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 8 Buildings
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510074
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Include: 6828-3, 6828-4, 6828-9, 6828-10, 6868-4 thru 6868-6, 6868-9
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 5 Buildings
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510075
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Include: 906-1-SL5, 6864-2, 6850-2, 6829-4, 6826-3
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 21 Buildings
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510076
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Include: 6815-1 thru 6815-13, 6816-7, 6816-8, 6816-10, 6814-6 thru 6814-10
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 31 Buildings
 Badger Army Ammunition Plant
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199510077
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Include: 6810-17 thru 6810-32, 6810-39 thru 6810-44 6812-11 thru 6812-16, 6812-20 thru 6812-22
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 Comments:
 Reasons: Extensive deterioration, Secured Area
 5 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Paste Weigh House
 6805-01 thru 6805-05
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740184
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
 10 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Roll House
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740185
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 4 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Slitting Roll
 6802-02, 6802-3, 6802-5, 6802-7
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740186
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Press House
 6810-04, 6810-07
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740187
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 7 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Inspection House
 6816-01 thru 6816-06, 6816-09
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740188
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 6826-01, Badger AAP
 Supersonic Scanning House
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740189
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 8008-00, Badger AAP
 null
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740191
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

Bldg. 9016-02, Badger AAP
null

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740192

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 9045-00, Badger AAP
null

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740193

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

13 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Latrines

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740194

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 9101-00, Badger AAP
null

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740196

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

3 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Telpher System

0923-03, 0923-04, 0923-07

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740201

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

12 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Solvent Recovery House

1600-19 thru 1600-30

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740202

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

11 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Water Dry House

1650-20 thru 1650-30

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740203

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

8 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Rest House

1750-13 thru 1750-19, 1750-21

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740205

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

6 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Glaze House

1800-02 thru 1800-07

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740206

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

8 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Screening House

1850-01 thru 1850-08

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740207

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

4 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Screen Storehouse

1852-02 thru 1852-05

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740208

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

23 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Magazine Standard

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740209

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

Bldg. 3566-02, Badger AAP

null

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740211

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

2 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Dehy Press House

4500-00, 5500-00

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740212

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

2 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Alcohol Pump House

4501-00, 5501-00

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740213

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

2 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Ingredient Mix House

4506-00, 5506-00

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740215

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

4 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Mixer Macerator

4508-01, 4508-02, 5508-01, 5508-02

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740216

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

6 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Block Press

4510-01 thru 4510-03, 5510-01 thru 5510-03

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740217

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

5 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Final Press

4513-01 thru 4513-03, 5513-01, 5513-02

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740218

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

5 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Cutting House

4515-01 thru 4516-03, 5516-01, 5516-02

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740219

Status: Unutilized

Directions:

Comments:

Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material

5 Bldgs., Badger AAP

Loading Platform

4517-01 thru 4517-03, 5517-01, 5517-02

Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21199740220
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Hydraulic Station
4521-00, 5521-00
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740221
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
3 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Maintenance Shop
4549-00, 5549-00, 5045-00
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740222
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 4555-00, Badger AAP
ACR Bldg.
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740223
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
6 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Material Store
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740224
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 4558-01, 4558-02, 4567-00, 5558-01, 5558-02, 5567-00
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Acid Mix
5002-00, 9002-00
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740225
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Acid Screening
5007-00, 9007-00
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740226
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Acid Heat
5008-00, 9008-00
Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740227
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
3 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Cellulose Drying House
5010-00, 5044-00, 9010-00
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740228
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Nitrating House
5012-00, 9012-00
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740230
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Steam Pressure Reducing Station
000E-02, 000F-02
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740232
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 0021-03, Badger AAP
null
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740233
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 0202-04, Badger AAP
null
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740234
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 0204-B1, Badger AAP
null
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740235
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 0271-00, Badger AAP
null
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740236

Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
4 Bldgs., Badger AAP
0308-01, 0308-02, 0308-03, 0316-00
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740237
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 0312-00, Badger AAP
null
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740238
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area, Extensive deterioration
Bldg. 0318-00, Badger AAP
null
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740239
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 0402-00, Badger AAP
null
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740240
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
Waste Acid Disposal Plant
0420-04, 0420-06
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740241
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 0425, Badger AAP
PH Recorder
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740242
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 0534-00, Badger AAP
Fire Station #2
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740244
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Nitric Circulator
 0705-00, 0706-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740246
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Fume Exhaust
 5013-00, 9013-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740247
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 NC Pump House
 5014-00, 9014-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740248
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Boiling Tub House
 5019-00, 9019-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740249
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 4 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Settling Pit
 5020-00, 9020-00, 5025-00, 9025-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740250
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Beater House
 5022-00, 9022-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740251
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Poacher
 5024-00, 9024-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740252
 Status: Unutilized

Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 4 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Final Wringer
 5026-00, 5043-00, 9026-00, 9043-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740253
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Spent Acid Pump
 5035-00, 9035-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740254
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Maintenance Shop
 5037-00, 9037-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740255
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Chemical Storehouse
 5038-00, 9038-00
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740256
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 5555-00, Badger AAP
 ACR Bldg. Work
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740257
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 Bldg. 5557-03, Badger AAP
 Change House
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740258
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 13 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Latrines
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740259
 Status: Unutilized

Directions: 6513-05, 11, 25, 26, 29, 45, 9063-06 thru 10, 13, 14
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Transfer Shed
 6531-01, 02
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740260
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 Bldg. 6538-00, Badger AAP
 Powerhouse #2
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740261
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 2 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Gate House
 6543-02, 6543-04
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740262
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 3 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Inspection House
 6543-11, 13, 14
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740264
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
 10 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Pre-Dry House
 6709-14, 15, 16, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740268
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions:
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Extensive deterioration
 11 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Rest House
 Baraboo WI 53913
 Landholding Agency: Army
 Property Number: 21199740269
 Status: Unutilized
 Directions: 6726-02, 6803-01, 02, 03, 04, 6812-08, 17, 18, 19, 6828-07, 6882-02
 Comments:
 Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
 3 Bldgs., Badger AAP
 Rest House
 6804-01, 08, 14
 Baraboo WI 53913

Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199740271
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 0423-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020083
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 0931-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020084
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 1800-1
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020085
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 1805-1, 1805-2, 1852-1
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020086
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 1994-0, 1995-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020087
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 3502-0, 3566-1
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020088
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 4524-4
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020089
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldg. 6536-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020090
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 6662-0, 6666-0, 6669-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020091
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area
Bldgs. 6706-2, 6712-0, 6724-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020092
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 6731-2, -3, -4
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020093
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
5 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020094
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6732-0, 6732-1, 6736-0, 6738-0, 6738-1
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
5 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020095
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6826-2, 6850-1, 6863-0, 6881-0, 6882-1
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
4 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020096
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6953-1, 6955-1, 6956-1, 6957-1
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
12 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020097
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 1725-1 thru 7, 1725-13 thru 17
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 1825-1 thru 4
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020099
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 1875-1 thru 4
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020100
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
13 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020101
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 1996-1 thru 10, 1996-19 thru 21
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 2002-0, 3002-0, 4002-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020102
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2003-0, 3003-0, 4003-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020103
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2005-0, 3005-0, 4005-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020104
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2007-0, 3007-0, 4007-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020105
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2011-0, 3011-0, 4011-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020107
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 2012-0, 3012-0, 4012-0
Badger AAP

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020108
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2013-0, 3013-0, 4013-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020109
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
4 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020110
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 8002-0, 8003-0, 8004-0, 8006-0
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 0420-01, 02, 03
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020111
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 0712-17, 18, 19
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020112
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 0923-01, 02, 05, 06, 08
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020113
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
29 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020114
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 1600-01 thru 18, 1600-31 thru 39, 41, 42
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 1650-36 thru 42
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020115
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2014-0, 3014-0, 4014-0

Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020116
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2019-0, 3019-0, 4019-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020117
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 2022-0, 3022-0, 4022-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020119
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
6 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020120
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 2024-0, 3024-0, 4024-0, 2025-0, 3025-0, 4025-0
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 2026-0, 3026-0, 4026-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020121
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 2035-0, 3035-0, 4035-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020122
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2043-0, 3043-0, 4043-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020123
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 2500-0, 3500-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020125
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 2501-0, 3501-0

Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020126
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
7 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020127
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 2506-0, 3506-0, 4506-0, 2508-1, 2508-2, 3508-1, 3508-2
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
13 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020128
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 2510-1 thru 3, 3510-1 thru 3, 2513-1 thru 4, 3513-1 thru 3
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
5 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020129
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 2517-1, 2517-2, 3517-1, 3517-2, 3517-3
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
6 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020130
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 2546-1 thru 4, 2555-0, 3555-0
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 3044-0
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020131
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 3502-1, 3502-2
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020132
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 3516-1, 2, 3
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020133
Status: Unutilized

GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 4524-1, 2, 3
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020134
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 6529-0, 6586-1
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020136
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 6672-1, 6672-2
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020138
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
4 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020139
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6702-3, 6702-4, 6704-3, 6704-4
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 6705-3, 6705-4
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020140
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
15 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020141
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6709-2, 6709-5 thru 13, 6709-17 thru 19, 6709-21, 6709-27
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
11 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020142
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6804-2 thru 7, 6804-9 thru 13
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
4 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200020144
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6808-1, 4, 6, 8
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
20 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020145
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6810-1 thru 3, 6810-5, 6810-6, 6810-8, 6810-10 thru 16, 33 thru 38
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
7 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020146
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 6812-1 thru 7
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 6814-1 thru 5
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020147
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 6817-1 thru 4
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020148
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 6828-1, 2, 8
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020149
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 6829-1, 2
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020150
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 6837-1, 2
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020151
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 6868-1, 2, 3, 7, 8
Badger AAP

Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020152
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
28 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020154
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: 9062-01 thru 18, 25, 28, 9063-01 thru 05, 11, 12, 15
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
45 Bldgs.
Badger AAP
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200020155
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Directions: Steam Pressure Reducing Station
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldg. 420-8
Badger Army Amo Plant
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200240074
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 750, 751, 753
Badger Army Amo Plant
Baraboo WI 3913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200240075
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 763, 765, 768
Badger Army Amo Plant
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200240077
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Secured Area, Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material
Bldgs. 770-1 thru 770-3
Badger Army Amo Plant
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200240078
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 771, 00778
Badger Army Amo Plant
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200240079
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area
Bldgs. 791, 793

Badger Army Amo Plant
Baraboo WI 53913
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21200240080
Status: Unutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

3 Buildings
Fort McCoy
Ft. McCoy WI 54656
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201530094
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 01263 (605927); 01264 (604357); 01265 (600270)
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security
Reasons: Secured Area

California
91110
Fort Hunter Liggett
Ft. Hunter Liggett CA 93928
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201420001
Status: Underutilized
Directions: government-owned land w/ privately owned historic building
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising national security
Reasons: Secured Area

Minnesota
Portion of R.R. Spur
Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant
New Brighton MN 55112
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199620472
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Other—landlocked

New Jersey
Land
Armament Research Development Center
Route 15 North
Picatinny Arsenal NJ 07806
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199013788
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Spur Line/Right of Way
Armament Rsch., Dev., Center
Picatinny Arsenal NJ 07806–5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199530143
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Floodway

2.0 Acres, Berkshire Trail
Armament Rsch, Development Center
Picatinny Arsenal NJ 07806–5000
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199910036
Status: Underutilized
GSA Number:
Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area

South Carolina
Basketball Court
Ft. Jackson
Ft. Jackson SC
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201220025
Status: Unutilized
Comments: nat'l security concerns; public access denied and no alternative method to gain access w/out comprising nat'l security.
Reasons: Secured Area

Texas
Land—Approx. 50 acres
Lone Star Army Ammunition Plant
Texarkana TX 75505–9100
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21199420308
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Comments:
Reasons: Secured Area

Land 1
Brownwood
Brown TX 76801
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201020034
Status: Unutilized
Reasons: Contamination

Utah
B–50000
Green River Test Complex
Green River UT 84525
Landholding Agency: Army
Property Number: 21201210047
Status: Unutilized
Comments: nat'l security concerns; no public access and no alternative method to gain access.
Reasons: Secured Area
08/18/2015

Suitable/Available Properties

Building

Florida
2 Buildings
Eglin AFB
Eglin AFB FL 32542
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530019
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 9449 (900 sq. ft.; storage); 12711 (2,638 sq. ft.; communication bldg.)
Comments: buildings need repairs; controlled access required to get on range; contact AF for more details on a specific property.

Building 9450
Eglin AFB
Eglin AFB FL 32542
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530020
Status: Unutilized
Comments: 360 sq. ft.; storage; 61+ yrs.-old; repairs needed; controlled access required to get on range; contact AF for more information.

Building 9456
Eglin AFB
Eglin FL 32542
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530021
Status: Unutilized

Comments: 1,033 sq. ft.; storage; repairs needed; controlled access required to get on range; contact AF for more information.

Minnesota

Erving L. Peterson Memorial
USARC
1813 Industrial Blvd.
Fergus Falls MN 56537
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201520012
Status: Excess
GSA Number: 1–D–MN–0599–AA
Directions:
Disposal Agency: GSA; Landholding Agency: US Army Reserve Command
Comments: The property consist of a 6 acre parcel of land w/an 18,537 sf admin. bldg. and 1,548 sf maintenance bldg.; contact GSA for more information.

Virginia

2 Buildings
JBLE (Ft. Eustis)
Ft. Eustis VA 23604
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530006
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 1609 (870 sq. ft.; storage); 1606 (1,076 sq. ft.; storage)
Comments: very poor conditions; visitor's must check-in at the Ft. Eustis visitor's gate; contact AF for more details on a specific property

Land

Tennessee
Parcel ED–3 E
and W (168.30 +/- acres)
South Side of Oak Ridge Turnpike
Oak Ridge TN 37763
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201520015
Status: Surplus
GSA Number: 4–B–TN–0664–AG
Directions: GSA- Disposal Agency; Energy- Landholding Agency; (State Rte. 58)
Comments: accessibility/usage subjected to Federal, state, & local laws including but not limited to historic preservation, floodplains, wetlands, endangered species, Nat'l EPA; contact GSA for more information.

Wisconsin

TACAN Annex
6400 Block of Lake Rd.
Windsor WI 53598
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201320005
Status: Excess
GSA Number: 1–D–WI–611
Comments: 1 acre; moderate conditions

Suitable/Unavailable Properties

Building

Alabama
SGT Jack Richburg USARC
107 Kinston Highway
Opp AL 36467
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201520016
Status: Excess
GSA Number: 4–D–AL–0816AA
Directions: GSA- Disposal Agency; US Army Reserve- Landholding Agency

Comments: 4,316 sq. ft.; administrative bldg.; office; built: 1967; sits on 4.53 acres; asbestos; remediation required; contact GSA for more information.

Alaska

FAA Housing

111 Henrichs Loop Road
Cordova AK 99754
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201440002

Status: Excess

GSA Number: 9-U-AK-0854

Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA; Land Holding Agency: Transportation.

Comments: 25+ yrs. old; 2,688 sq. ft.; 3 months vacant; residential good condition; may be difficult to move; contact GSA for more information.

Arizona

San Carlos Irrigation Project

BIA Old Main Office Bldg.
255 W. Roosevelt
Coolidge AZ 85128
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201440008

Status: Surplus

GSA Number: 9-I-AZ-1706-AA

Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA;
Landholding Agency: Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Comments: 83+ yrs. old; 6,745 sq. ft.; 36 mos. vacant; residential and commercial; brick structure; fair condition; asbestos & lead based paint; contact GSA for more information.

California

Southern Parcel-Alameda Fed Ct

620 Central Avenue
Alameda CA 94501
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201510008

Status: Unutilized

GSA Number: 9-G-CA-1604-AB

Directions: Building #7 (4,000 sq.ft.);
Building #3 (5,000 sq.ft.)?

?

CORRECTION: PUBLISHED AS SUITABLE/
AVAILABLE IN THE MARCH 13, 2015 FR;
HOWEVER, THERE IS EXISTING
FEDERAL NEED. THIS PROPERTY IS
SUITABLE/UNAVAILABLE UNTIL
FURTHER NOTIFICATION IS RECEIVED
BY GSA.

Comments: 73+yrs.old; office; auditorium;
wood; #7 fair condition; #3 leaky roof; sits
on 3.899 acres; parking lot; term use up to
4 yrs.; contact GSA for more info.

Colorado

6 Bldgs.Grand Junction Complex

500 South 10th Street
Grand Junction CO 81501
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201510002

Status: Excess

GSA Number: 7-I-CO-0698-AA

Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA ?

Landholding Agency: Bureau of
Reclamation.?

Comments: 50+ yrs. old; Brick/Metal
structure; 11,244 sq. ft., total 6 bldgs.; sits
on 1.2 acres; office/storage/warehouse;
repairs needed totaling \$10,000; contact
GSA for more info.

Shepard of the Sea Chapel & Community

Center

231 Gungywamp Rd.
Groton CT 06340
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201510010

Status: Excess

GSA Number: CT-0933

Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA;

Landholding Agency: Navy

Comments: 49+ yrs.-old; 28,777 sq. ft.; vacant
48+ mons.; wood & concrete; severe water
damage; mold; sits on 13.5 acres; contact
GSA for more information.

District of Columbia

49 L Street

49 L St. SE

Washington DC 20003

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201520003

Status: Excess

GSA Number: DC-496-1

Comments: 32,013 sq. ft.; storage; 67+ mons.
vacant; poor condition; roof leaks;
extensive structural repairs needed; cracks
in walls; contamination; est. repair cost
\$4,000,000; contact GSA for more info.

Idaho

BOR Upper Snake River

Field Office

1359 Hansen Ave.

Burley ID 83318

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201420012

Status: Excess

GSA Number: 9-I-ID-0586

Directions: Landholding Agency: Interior;

Disposal Agency: GSA

Comments: 9,828 sq. ft.; office; 48+ months
vacant; good to moderate conditions;
contact GSA for more info.

Illinois

Peoria Radio Repeater Site

Between Spring Creek and Caterpillar Lane

Peoria IL

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201420008

Status: Excess

GSA Number: I-D-IL-806

Directions: Landholding Agency: COE;

Disposal agency GSA

Comments: 8x12 equipment storage shed; fair
conditions contact GSA for more
information.

Maryland

Appraisers Store

null

Baltimore MD 21202

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201030016

Status: Excess

GSA Number: 4-G-MD-0623

Comments: redetermination: 169,801 sq. ft.,
most recent use—federal offices, listed in
the Natl Register of Historic Places, use
restrictions.

Metro West

300 N. Green St.

Baltimore MD 21201

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201440004

Status: Excess

GSA Number: 4-G-MD-0624AA

Directions: 2 Federal office buildings totaling
1,085,741 sq. ft.

Comments: bldgs. located on 11 acres; 7
months vacant; good to fair conditions;
includes garage w/410 spaces; coordinate
access w/landholding agency's facilities
management; contact GSA for more
information.

Michigan

Natl Weather Svc Ofc

214 West 14th Ave.
Sault Ste. Marie MI
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54200120010

Status: Excess

GSA Number: 1-C-MI-802

Comments: 2230 sq. ft., presence of asbestos,
most recent use—office.

Missouri

Former NMCB15 Richards-Gedaur

RPSUID 212

600 Seabee Drive

Belton MO 64068

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201510004

Status: Surplus

GSA Number: 7-D-MO-0705

Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA;

Landholding Agency: Navy

Comments: 10 bldgs. ranging from 960 to
4,980 sq. ft.; 12+ months vacant; some
recent use includes: admin./classroom/
warehouse; 14.67 acres; asbestos/lead/
mold may be present; contact GSA for
more information.

Montana

Huntley Townsite Tract 127

Near Hwy 522

Huntley MT 59037

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201410006

Status: Surplus

GSA Number: 7-I-MT-0633-AB

Directions: disposal Agency: GSA;

Landholding Agency: Interior

Comments: sits on 2.37 acres; contact GSA
for more information

Nevada

Alan Bible Federal Bldg.

600 S. Las Vegas Blvd.

Las Vegas NV 89101

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201210009

Status: Excess

GSA Number: 9-G-NV-565

Comments: 81,247 sf.; current use: federal
bldg.; extensive structural issues; needs
major repairs; contact GSA for further
details.

2 Buildings

Military Circle

Tonopah NV

Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201240012

Status: Excess

GSA Number: 9-I-NV-514-AK

Directions: bldg. 102: 2,508 sf.; bldg. 103:
2,880 sf.

Comments: total sf. for both bldgs. 5,388;
Admin.; vacant since 1998; sits on 0.747
acres; fair conditions; lead/asbestos
present.

New Jersey

Former SSA Trust Fund Bldg.
396 Bloomfield Ave.
Montclair NJ 07042
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201310004
Status: Surplus
GSA Number: 1-G-NJ-0676
Comments: 7,183 sf.; office; vacant since March 2012.

Portion of former Sievers-Sandberg US Army Reserves Center (Camp Pedric

Artillery Ave at Garrison St.
Oldmans NJ 08067

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201320003
Status: Surplus

GSA Number: 1-D-NJ-0662-AB
Directions: On the north side of Rte 130, between Perkintown Road (Rte 644) and Pennsgove-Pedricktown Rd (Rte 642)
Comments: #171; mess hall bldg. #173; 14,282 total sf.; fair/poor conditions; asbestos/lead-based paint; potential legal constraints in accessing property; Contact GSA for more info.

Portion of Former Sievers-Sandberg US Army Reserves Center- Tract 1 NW Side of Artillery Ave. at Rte. 130
Oldmans NJ 08067

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201320015
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 1-D-NJ-0662-AA
Directions: Previously reported under 54200740005 as suitable/available ; 16 bldgs. usage varies: barracks/med./warehouses/garages; property is being parcelized.

Comments: 87,011 sf.; 10+ yrs. vacant fair/poor conditions; property may be landlocked; transferee may need to request access from Oldmans Township planning & zoning comm.; contact GSA for more info.

New York

Portion of GSA Binghamton "Hillcrest" Depot- Tract 1
1151 Hoyt Ave.
Fenton NY 13901

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201320017
Status: Surplus

GSA Number: 1-G-NY0760-AC
Directions: Previously reported on March 24, 2006 under 54200610016; this property includes 40 acres of land w/6 structures; property is being parcelized

Comments: warehouses range from approx. 16,347 sf.-172,830 sf.; admin. bldg. approx. 5,700 sf; guard house & butler bldg. sf. is unknown; 10 vacant; fair conditions; bldgs. locked; entry by appt. w/GSA.

Former TSG Harold Lockwood US Army Reserves Center
111 Finney Boulevard
Malone NY 12953

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201340007
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 1-D-NY-0966-AA
Comments: 29960 Sq. Ft.; office/administrative/garage; sits on 4.82 +/- acres; age 1961-1983; entry by appointment with

USAR/GSA; asbestos and lead based paint; contact GSA for more information.

A Scotia Depot
One Amsterdam Road
Scotia NY 12302
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201420003
Status: Surplus

GSA Number: 54201420003
Directions: Previously reported in 2006 but has been subdivided into smaller parcel.
Comments: 325,000 sq. ft.; storage; 120+ months vacant; poor conditions; holes in roof; contamination; access easement, contact GSA for more information.

Ohio

N. Appalachian Experimental Watershed Reseach Ctr.
28850 State Rte. 621
Coshocton OH 43824

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201420006
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 1-A-OH-849
Directions: Landholding Agency: Agriculture; Disposal Agency: GSA
Comments: 70,539 total sq. ft. for two bldgs.; storage/office; fair to poor conditions; lead-based paint; asbestos; PCBs; mold; remediation required; contact GSA for more information.

Glenn Research Center-Plumbrook Station: Big Island Plumbing Station; 6100 Columbus Ave.
Sandusky OH 44870

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201440014
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 1-Z-OH-0598-3-AC
Directions: Landholding Agency: NASA; Disposal Agency: GSA
Comments: off-site removal only; 3,756 sq. ft.; 24+ months vacant; may be difficult to relocate due to size/type; contact GSA for more information.

Oklahoma

Clarmore Federal Office Building
118 South Missouri Avenue
Claremore OK 74017

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201440001
Status: Surplus

GSA Number: 7-I-OK-0568-AB
Directions: Disposal Agency; GSA; Landholding Agency; Bureau of Indian Affairs.
Comments: 79+ yrs. old; 8,798 sq. ft.; vacant 114 months; office; brick; may be difficult to remove; ok condition; secure area; contact GSA for more information.

South Carolina

Former US Vegetable Lab
2875 Savannah Hwy
Charleston SC 29414

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201310001
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 4-A-SC-0609AA
Directions: headhouse w/3 greenhouses, storage bins
Comments: 6,400 sf.; lab; 11 yrs. vacant; w/ in 100 yr. floodplain/floodway; however is contained; asesbos & lead based paint.

South Dakota

Lemmon Vehicle Storage Building
207 10th Street W.
Lemmon SD 57638

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201510009
Status: Surplus

GSA Number: 7-D-SD-0633-AA
Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA; Landholding Agency: COE
Comments: 2,000 sq. ft.; vehicle storage barn; sits on 0.77 acres; contact GSA for more information.

Texas

FT Hancock Border Patrol Station
235 Knox Avenue

Ft. Hancock TX 79839
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201430010

Status: Surplus
GSA Number: 7-X-TX-1157-AA
Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA; Landholding Agency; US Customs and Border Protection
Comments: 3,022 sq. ft.; office, storage, detention; 49+ years old; fair to moderate condition; contact GSA for more information.

Utah

Little Mountain Communication
40.53807749-109.69935286
Maeser UT 84078

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201520002
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 7-A-UT-0536-AA
Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA? Landholding Agency: Agriculture
Comments: Off-site removal; 190 sq. ft.; 12+mos. vacant; radio tower, commercial; contact Forest Service to gain access; contact Agriculture for more information.

Virginia

Building 641
216 Hunting Ave.
Hampton VA 23681

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201320006
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 4-Z-VA-0602-A1
Comments: 11,671 total sf.; office; fair/moderate conditions; existing Federal need.

Johnson House and Shed
12503 Cavalry Court
Spotsylvania VA 22553

Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201430005
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 4-I-VA-1145AA
Directions: Landholding Agency; Interior; Disposal Agency; GSA
Comments: off-site removal only; 1,357 +/- sq. ft.; repairs needed; contact GSA for more information.

Washington

712 Records Center Printing & Repro Plant
712B IRM

940 Northgate Dr.
Richland WA 99352
Landholding Agency: GSA

Property Number: 54201320025
Status: Excess

GSA Number: 9-B-WA-1268
 Directions: Property is improved w/2 contiguous bldgs., totaling approx. 22,714 sf.; Disposal: GSA, Landholding: Energy
 Comments: 22,714 sf.; storage; moderate conditions; 60+ months vacant; asbestos & lead.

Old Oroville Border Patrol Station
 1105 Main St.
 Oroville WA 98844
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201420010
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 9-Z-WA-1272-AB
 Directions: Landholding Agency: Dept. of Homeland Security; Disposal Agency: GSA
 Comments: 5,500 sq. ft.; office; 18+ months vacant; good to moderate conditions; contact GSA for more info.

old Lynden Border Patrol Station;
 8334 Guide Meridian Rd.
 Lynden WA 98264
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201510003
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 9-Z-WA-1276
 Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA; Landholding Agency: Dept. of Homeland Security
 Comments: 50+ yrs.-old; 2,763 sq. ft.; vacant 18+ months; contact GSA for more information.

West Virginia
 Naval Information Operations Center
 133 Hedrick Drive
 Sugar Grove WV 26815
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201430015
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 4-N-WV-0560
 Directions: Land holding agency—Navy; Disposal Agency GSA
 Comments: 118 Buildings; 445,134 sq. ft.; Navy base; until 09/15 military checkpoing; wetlands; contact GSA for more info.

Wisconsin
 St. Croix National Scenic Riverway
 Residential Structures
 401 N. Hamilton St.
 St. Croix Falls WI 54204
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201430001
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 1-I-WI-541B
 Directions: Landholding Agency: Interior; Disposal Agency: GSA
 Comments: House #1: 1,048 sq. ft.; House #2: 2,376 sq. ft.; House #3: 2,936 sq. ft.; good to fair conditions; LBP; contact GSA for more information.

Wyoming
 2 Buildings
 Cheyenne Naval Reserve Center
 4700 Ocean Loop Drive
 Cheyenne WY 82009
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201520009
 Status: Surplus
 GSA Number: 7-G-WY-0542-AC
 Directions: Previously reported under HUD property number 54200510015. The property was originally conveyed from the GSA to the Wyoming Coalition of

Homeless as a PBC for homeless use.
 Grantee unable to continue to use the property for homeless purposes. The title reverted to the Government.
 Comments: 36+ yrs. old, building (11,858 sq. ft.); shed (613 sq. ft.); 12+ mos. vacant; contact GSA for more information.

Land

California
 Delano Transmitting Station
 1105 Melcher Rd.
 Delano CA 93215
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201330005
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 9-X-CA-1671
 Directions: Landholding Agency: Broadcasting Board of Governors Disposal Agency: GSA
 Comments: 800 acres; mostly land and some bldgs.; unavailable due to Federal interest; transmitting station; vacant since 2007; access can be gain by appt. only; contact GSA for more info.

Colorado
 Grand Valley Project
 39.25326873-108.84370271
 Unincorporated CO 81524
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201520001
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 7-I-CO-0699-AA
 Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA? Land Holding Agency: Interior
 Comments: 30.12 acres; agricultural; silage pits; contact Interior for more information.

Illinois
 FAA Outer Marker
 5549 Elizabeth Place
 Rolling Meadows IL
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201430004
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 1-U-IL-807
 Directions: Landholding Agency; FAA; Disposal Agency; GSA
 Comments: 9,640 sq. ft.; 12+ months vacant; outer marker to assist planes landing at O'Hare Airport; contact GSA for more information.

Maine
 Former Non Directional Beacon
 "Waterville, Maine NDB"
 3176 Middle Road
 Sidney ME 04330
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201510012
 Status: Surplus
 GSA Number: 1-U-ME-0696-AA
 Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA? Landholding Agency: DOT
 Comments: 0.69+/- acres, unimproved; Contact GSA for more information.

Massachusetts
 FAA Site
 Massasoit Bridge Rd.
 Nantucket MA 02554
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54200830026
 Status: Surplus
 GSA Number: MA-0895
 Comments: approx 92 acres, entire parcel within MA Division of Fisheries & Wildlife

Natural Heritage & Endangered Species Program.
 New York
 QTP Radio Comm. Link
 Repeater Facility
 N. of Tennenah Rd.
 Fremont NY 12736
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201510006
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 1-U-NY-0988-AA
 Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA; Landholding Agency: FAA
 Comments: approx. 4.99 acres; deeded access road to property; adjacent property has metal gate;? ongoing discussions w/owner to remove gate; contact GSA for more information.
 Former ELM Directional Finder
 N. of Halderman Hollow Rd.
 Big Flats NY 14903
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201520004
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 1-U-NY-0990-AA
 Directions: Disposal Agency: GSA; Land Holding Agency: Federal Aviation Admin.
 Comments: reversed Suitability Determination: Approx. 0.57 acres; deeded right of way for access to site; contact GSA for more information.

Nevada
 Ditchrider Sorensen Road
 2105 Sorensen Road
 Fallon NV 89406
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201440006
 Status: Surplus
 GSA Number: 9-I-NV-0572-AB
 Directions: Disposal Agency; GSA; Landholding Agency; Interior.
 Comments: 2.73 acres; formerly used as contractor/employee housing structure removal from the land 02/2011. Contact GSA for more information.
 Ditchrider South East Street
 207 South East St.
 Fallon NV 89406
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201440007
 Status: Surplus
 GSA Number: 9-I-NV-0572-AA
 Directions: Disposal Agency; GSA; Land Holding Agency; Interior.
 Comments: 0.32 acres; formerly used as contractor/employee housing structure demolished on land 02/2011. Contact GSA for more information.

Ohio
 Glenn Research Center—
 Plumbrook Station: Parcel #63
 6100 Columbus Ave.
 Sandusky OH 44870
 Landholding Agency: GSA
 Property Number: 54201440012
 Status: Excess
 GSA Number: 1-Z-OH-0598-5-AE
 Directions: Landholding Agency: NASA; Disposal Agency: GSA
 Comments: 11.5 acres; contamination; various illegally dumped solid waste items (e.g., lead acid batteries, oil filters & containers, & gas cylinders); contact GSA for more information.

Pennsylvania

FAA 0.65 Acres Vacant Land
Westminster Rd.
Wilkes-Barre PA 18702
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201520013
Status: Surplus
GSA Number: 4-U-PA-0828AA
Directions: GSA—Disposal Agency; FAA—
Landholding Agency
Comments: cleared area w/gravel; contact
GSA for more information.

South Carolina

Marine Corps Reserve Training Center
2517 Vector Ave.
Goose Creek SC 29406
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201410009
Status: Excess
GSA Number: 4-N-SC-0630-AA
Directions: Landholding Agency: Navy;
Disposal Agency: GSA
Comments: 5.59 acres; contact GSA for more
information.

Former FAA Outer Marker

Facility—Greer
Brookfield Parkway
Greer SC 29651
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201410011
Status: Excess
GSA Number: 1-U-SC-0631
Comments: 0.99 acres; contact GSA for more
information.

Tennessee

Parcel 279.01
Northwest corner of Administration Rd. &
Laboratory Rd
Oak Ridge TN 37830
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201520014
Status: Surplus
GSA Number: 4-B-TN-0664-AD
Directions: Disposal Agency; Energy-
Landholding Agency
Comments: corner lot w/out an est.
driveway/curb; transferee will need to
contact the City of Oak Ridge for ingress/
egress requirements (865-425-3581;
www.oakridgetn.gov); contact GSA for more
information.

Washington

FAS Fleet Motor Pool Parcel C
920 Northgate Drive
Richland WA 99352
Landholding Agency: GSA
Property Number: 54201510007
Status: Excess
GSA Number: 9-Z-WA-1277
Comments: 0.52 acre; asphalt paved; parking
lot; contact GSA for more information.

Unsuitable Properties

Building

Alaska

10 Buildings
Clear AFS
Clear AK 99704
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530008
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 101; 102; 103; 105; 104; 106; 126;
127; 128; 129

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Colorado

Tringle Parcel
Buckley AFB
Buckley (Aurora) CO 80011
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530004
Status: Excess
Comments: property located w/in floodway
which has not been corrected or contained.

Reasons: Floodway

Building 605

Peterson AFB

Peterson CO 80914

Landholding Agency: Air Force

Property Number: 18201530012

Status: Underutilized

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

2 Buildings

Perterson AFB

Peterson CO 80914

Landholding Agency: Air Force

Property Number: 18201530013

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 1102; B615

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Delaware

2 Buildings

Dover AFB

Dover DE

Landholding Agency: Air Force

Property Number: 18201530018

Status: Underutilized

Directions: 913; 919

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Georgia

5 Buildings

Dobbins AFB

Dobbins GA 30069

Landholding Agency: Air Force

Property Number: 18201530017

Status: Underutilized

Directions: 451; 452; 453; 454; 455

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Illinois

Master Sub Station

Fermi National Accelerator Lab

Batavia IL 60510

Landholding Agency: Energy

Property Number: 41201510001

Status: Excess

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access w/out
compromising Nat'l Sec.

Reasons: Secured Area

Nevada

14 Buildings

Mercury Hwy. on the Nevada National
Security Site

Mercury NV 89093

Landholding Agency: Energy

Property Number: 41201510003

Status: Excess

Directions: ID #997008; 997007; 993291;
993292; 993293; 997003; 997006; 997009;
997010; 997011; 997012; 997013; 997014;
997015;

Comments: highly classified secured area;
Public access denied & no alternative
method to gain access w/out compromising
Nat'l Sec.

Reasons: Secured Area

New Mexico

3 Buildings

Kirtland AFB

Kirtland NM 87117

Landholding Agency: Air Force

Property Number: 18201530009

Status: Underutilized

Directions: 467; 912; 913

Comments: property located within military
airfield; public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area Within airport
runway clear zone

7 Buildings

Kirtland AFB

Kirtland NM 87117

Landholding Agency: Air Force

Property Number: 18201530010

Status: Underutilized

Directions: 20160; 20338; 20341; 20344;
20348; 20349; 20356

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

New Jersey

3 Buildings

Joint Base McGuire-Dix

Lakehurst

JBMDL NJ

Landholding Agency: Air Force

Property Number: 18201530022

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 9906; 2525; 9913

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising national security.

Reasons: Secured Area

New York

2 Buildings

Brookhaven National Laboratory

Upton NY 11973

Landholding Agency: Energy

Property Number: 41201520004

Status: Excess

Directions: Buildings: 580 & 528A

Comments: public access denied and no
alternative method to gain access without
compromising National Security.

Reasons: Secured Area

Oklahoma

2 Buildings

Altus AFB

Altus OK

Landholding Agency: Air Force

Property Number: 18201530011

Status: Unutilized

Directions: 81; 83
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
South Carolina
5 Buildings
JB Charleston
JB Charleston SC
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530014
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 662; 663; 2240; 2220; 664
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Tennessee
Acid Storage Shed 1460
RPUID 391917
Arnold AFB
Arnold TN 37389
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530005
Status: Unutilized
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
3 Buildings
Y-12 National Security Complex

Oak Ridge TN 37831
Landholding Agency: Energy
Property Number: 41201510004
Status: Unutilized
Directions:
Building 9949.BC; 9949.BG; 9949.69
Comments: public access denied & no alternative method to gain access w/out compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
3 Buildings
Y-12 National Security Complex
Oak Ridge TN 37831
Landholding Agency: Energy
Property Number: 41201520003
Status: Unutilized
Directions: 9409-34 Cooling Tower; 9727-04a Annex Building. 9727-04 Utility
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area
Washington
Building 9005
Fairchild AFB
Fairchild WA 99011
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530015
Status: Unutilized
Directions: RPUID: 432166

Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area
4 Buildings
Fairchild AFB
Fairchild WA 99011
Landholding Agency: Air Force
Property Number: 18201530016
Status: Underutilized
Directions: 2101 (437393); 21200 (437398); 21100 (437392); 2170 (437420)
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising national security.
Reasons: Secured Area

Land

New Mexico
Sandia National Laboratories
6596
Albuquerque NM 87123
Landholding Agency: Energy
Property Number: 41201520002
Status: Excess
Comments: public access denied and no alternative method to gain access without compromising National Security.
Reasons: Secured Area

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Part III

Department of Labor

Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs

41 CFR Part 60-1

Government Contractors, Prohibitions Against Pay Secrecy Policies and
Actions; Final Rule

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs****41 CFR Part 60–1**

RIN 1250-AA06

Government Contractors, Prohibitions Against Pay Secrecy Policies and Actions**AGENCY:** Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), Labor.**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) publishes this final rule to implement Executive Order 13665 (also referred to as “the Order,” *infra*) issued on April 8, 2014 to prohibit Federal contractors from discriminating against, in any manner, employees and job applicants who inquire about, discuss, or disclose their own compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants. Executive Order 13665 amends Executive Order 11246, which prohibits employment discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin, by revising the mandatory equal opportunity clauses that are included in Federal contracts and subcontracts, and federally assisted construction contracts, and creating contractor defenses. This final rule defines key terms used in Executive Order 13665 and adopts other key provisions in the notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM). The final rule also adds a section to the implementing regulations for Executive Order 11246. This section not only describes potential defenses for contractors but also requires contractors to notify employees and job applicants of the nondiscrimination protection created by section 2(b) of Executive Order 13665 using existing methods of communicating to applicants and employees.

The implementing regulations for Executive Order 11246 set forth the basic equal employment opportunity requirements that apply to Federal contractors and subcontractors.

DATES: *Effective Date:* These regulations are effective January 11, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Debra A. Carr, Director, Division of Policy and Program Development, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Room C–3325, Washington, DC 20210. Telephone: (202) 693–0104 (voice) or (202) 693–1337 (TTY). Copies

of this rule in alternative formats may be obtained by calling (202) 693–0104 (voice) or (202) 693–1337 (TTY). The rule also is available on the Regulations.gov Web site at <http://www.regulations.gov> or on the OFCCP Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/ofccp>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Executive Summary**

The Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) is a civil rights and worker protection agency. OFCCP enforces an Executive Order and two laws that prohibit employment discrimination and require affirmative action by companies doing business with the Federal Government.¹ Specifically, Federal contractors must not discriminate because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, disability, or status as a protected veteran. They must also engage in affirmative action and provide equal employment opportunity without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, disability, or status as a protected veteran. OFCCP evaluates the employment practices of nearly 4,000 Federal contractors and subcontractors² annually, and investigates individual complaints. OFCCP also engages in outreach to employees of Federal contractors to educate them about their rights, and provides technical assistance to contractors on their nondiscrimination and affirmative action obligations.

These compliance evaluations and complaint investigations determine contractor compliance with VEVRAA, which prohibits employment discrimination against certain protected veterans. OFCCP also determines compliance with Section 503, which prohibits employment discrimination against qualified individuals with disabilities. Finally, OFCCP assesses compliance with Executive Order 11246, as amended, which prohibits employment discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Compensation discrimination is one form of discrimination prohibited by Executive Order 11246.

On April 8, 2014, President Obama issued Executive Order 13665, entitled

¹ Executive Order 11246, Sept. 24, 1965, 30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR, 1964–1965, Comp., p. 339, as amended; Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 793, (Section 503); and the Vietnam Era Veterans’ Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. 4212 (VEVRAA).

² References to “contractors” throughout the Final Rule are intended to include both contractors and subcontractors unless stated to the contrary.

“Non-Retaliation for Disclosure of Compensation Information,” amending section 202 of Executive Order 11246 to prohibit Federal contractors from discharging or discriminating in any way against employees or applicants who inquire about, discuss, or disclose their own compensation or the compensation of another employee or applicant.³ This final rule adopts key provisions in the NPRM⁴ to promulgate new regulations implementing Executive Order 13665, which apply to covered federal contracts and federally assisted construction contracts. The provisions of this final rule and Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Order 13665, apply to covered contracts entered into or modified on or after the rule’s effective date. Modified contracts are contracts with any alteration in their terms and conditions, including supplemental agreements, amendments, and extensions. See 41 CFR 60–1.3 Definitions (definition of “Government contract”).

Despite the existence of laws protecting workers from gender-based compensation discrimination for more than five decades, a pay gap between men and women persists today. Among the possible contributing factors to the enduring pay gap is the prevalence of workplace prohibitions on discussing compensation.

A comparison of average annual wage data from 2013 reveals that women make 78 cents for every dollar that men make.⁵ Data on average weekly wages from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) for the same year shows a similar gap, with women making 82 cents for every dollar that men make.⁶ The wage

³ Executive Order 13665, Non-Retaliation for Disclosure of Compensation Information, 79 FR 20749 (April 11, 2014).

⁴ Government Contractors, Prohibitions Against Pay Secrecy Policies and Actions, 79 FR 55712 (Sept. 17, 2014).

⁵ U.S. Bureau of the Census, Income and Poverty in the United States: 2013 (Sept. 2014), available at <https://www.census.gov/library/publications/2014/demo/p60-249.html> (last accessed Feb. 10, 2015). Calculation of the pay gap using average weekly wages has the advantage of accounting for differences in hours worked, which is not captured in calculations using annual wage data. However, calculations using weekly wage data do not account for forms of compensation other than those paid as weekly wages, unlike annual wage calculations. While neither method is perfect, analyses that account for factors like occupation and qualifications further support the existence of a significant gender-based pay disparity.

⁶ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Highlights of Women’s Earnings (Dec. 2014) (averaging annual data collected from the Current Population Survey, Median Weekly Earnings of Full-Time Wage and Salary Workers), available at <http://www.bls.gov/opub/reports/cps/highlights-of-womens-earnings-in-2013.pdf> (last accessed Feb. 10, 2015).

gap is wider for some women of color when compared to non-Hispanic white men. On average in 2014, BLS median weekly earnings data shows that African-American women earn 68 cents and Latina women earn 61 cents, and Asian women earn 94 cents for every dollar earned by a non-Hispanic white man.⁷ Census data shows similar disparities, with African-American women making 64 cents, Latina women making 56 cents, and Asian women making 86 cents per dollar earned by a non-Hispanic white man.⁸ Research has found that many factors contribute to the wage gap, including discrimination and occupational differences.

The impact of the wage gap remains a significant problem, especially for the working poor. While the gap may not be larger for poor women when compared to more affluent women, the economic impact of the disparity is greater for poor women who are already in financial jeopardy. U.S. Census data show that more than 15.2 million family households in the United States are headed by women.⁹ Nearly 31 percent of these families, or nearly 4,700,000 family households, have incomes that fall below the poverty level.¹⁰ Eliminating the wage gap could go a long way toward closing the overall

income gap and reducing the poverty rate for working women. A 2014 report by Maria Shriver and the Center for American Progress found that a third of all American women are living at or near a space called “the brink of poverty.”¹¹ According to the report, this equals to 42 million women plus the 28 million children who depend on them.

Generally, it is true that men and women tend to work in different industries and occupations. Women are much more likely than men to be clustered in a limited number of occupations, with slightly less than half or 44 percent of all working women employed in the 20 most common occupations for women. These occupations include secretaries and administrative assistants, registered nurses, and school teachers.¹² Only about 35 percent of men are employed in the 20 most common occupations for male workers, including truck drivers, managers, and supervisors.¹³ According to some studies, these differences in occupations result in occupational segregation that significantly contributes to the wage gap. Occupational segregation contributes to the suppression of earnings for women as research shows that women-dominated industries pay lower wages than male-dominated industries requiring similar skill levels,¹⁴ and the effect is more pronounced in jobs requiring higher

levels of education.¹⁵ Women are more likely to be concentrated in low-wage work, and they make up the majority of minimum-wage workers in the United States.

Although some of the wage gap is due to occupational segregation, that does not mean that the wage difference can be overcome by women making different career or work choices. In part, the gap is due to factors such as sex discrimination, including gender stereotyping.¹⁶ By age 65, the typical woman will have lost \$420,000 over her working lifetime because of the earnings gap. This is based on median annual earnings for full-time, year-round workers at age 25 and above in 2013 and assumes that the woman works every year between ages 25 and 65.¹⁷

In every racial group, women earn less than their male counterparts, according to U.S. Census Bureau data analyzed by the Institute for Women's Policy Research (IWPR).¹⁸ In addition to demonstrating a wage gap between men and women, the research also reveals a wage gap amongst various racial groups. Moreover, at the beginning of 2015, median weekly earnings for African-American men working at full-time jobs totaled \$680 per week, only 76 percent of the median for white men (\$897), according to BLS data, and the median weekly earnings for African-American women equaled \$611 per week, only 68 percent of the median for white men.¹⁹

⁷ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Current Population Survey, Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, annual averages, available at <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/wkyeng.t07.htm> (last accessed Feb. 10, 2015).

⁸ U.S. Census, Current Population Survey, 2012 Person Income, “Table PINC-10: Wage and Salary Workers—People 15 Years Old and Over, by Total Wage and Salary Income in 2012, Work Experience in 2012, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex,” (comparing median wage for people working 50 or more weeks), available at https://www.census.gov/hhes/www/cpstables/032013/perinc/pinc10_000.htm (last accessed Feb. 10, 2015).

⁹ U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, “Survey 1-Year Estimates 2013, Table DP02: Selected Social Characteristics in the United States,” available at <http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk> (last accessed Aug. 4, 2015). The calculation uses family households headed by females living in a household with family and no husband. A family household includes a householder, one or more people living in the same household who are related to the householder, and anyone else living in the same household.

¹⁰ U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, “1-Year Estimates 2013, Geographies: United States, Table DP03: Selected Economic Characteristics,” available at http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_13_1YR_DP03&prodType=table (last accessed Aug. 4, 2015). To determine whether a household falls below the poverty level, the U.S. Census Bureau considers the income of the householder, size of family, number of related children, and, for 1- and 2-person families, age of householder. The poverty threshold in 2013 was \$18,769 for a single householder and two children under 18.

¹¹ Maria Shriver, “The Shriver Report A Women’s Nation Pushes Back from the Brink,” Executive Summary (Jan. 2014). The “brink” is defined in the report as less than 200 percent of the federal poverty line, or about \$47,000 per year for a family of four.

¹² Sarah Jane Glynn, Center for American Progress, “Explaining the Gender Wage Gap,” (May 2014), available at <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/economy/report/2014/05/19/90039/explaining-the-gender-wage-gap/> (last accessed Aug. 3, 2015). See also Jane Farrell and Sarah Jane Glynn, “What Causes the Gender Wage Gap?,” (Apr. 10, 2013). This report concluded that more than 40 percent of the gender wage gap is “unexplained,” meaning that there is no obvious measurable reason for a difference in pay. This leaves us with possible explanations that range from overt sexism to unintentional gender-based discrimination to reluctance among women to negotiate for higher pay.

¹³ Sarah Jane Glynn, Center for American Progress, “Explaining the Gender Wage Gap,” (May 2014), available at <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/economy/report/2014/05/19/90039/explaining-the-gender-wage-gap/> (last accessed Aug. 3, 2015).

¹⁴ Sarah Jane Glynn, Center for American Progress, “Explaining the Gender Wage Gap,” (May 2014), available at <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/economy/report/2014/05/19/90039/explaining-the-gender-wage-gap/> (last accessed Aug. 3, 2015). See also National Women’s Law Center, “The 10 Largest Jobs Paying Under \$10.10/Hour Are Majority Women” (Apr. 2013), available at <http://www.nwlc.org/sites/default/files/pdfs/womendominatedminwageoccupations.pdf>.

¹⁵ Sarah Jane Glynn, Center for American Progress, “Explaining the Gender Wage Gap,” (May 2014), available at <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/economy/report/2014/05/19/90039/explaining-the-gender-wage-gap/> (last accessed Aug. 3, 2015).

¹⁶ Shelley J. Correll, Stephan Benard, and In Paik, “Getting a Job: Is There a Motherhood Penalty?” American Journal of Sociology, (Mar. 2007): 1297–1339, available at http://gender.stanford.edu/sites/default/files/motherhoodpenalty_0.pdf. This study found that, when comparing equally qualified women job candidates, women who were mothers were recommended for significantly lower starting salaries, perceived as less competent, and less likely to be recommended for hire than non-mothers.

¹⁷ Calculation is based on U.S. Census Table P-24: Historical Income Tables: People. See Alex Wall, “Why It’s Time for Equal Pay,” available at <https://www.whitehouse.gov/blog/2015/04/15/tens-thousands-people-have-shared-why-its-time-equal-pay> (last accessed Aug. 21, 2015).

¹⁸ *Id.* at 2. This study shows that Hispanic men and women, grouped together, had the smallest within-group gap yet earned the least when compared to the other major racial and ethnic groups including white, Asian American, and African-American. Asian Americans earned the most as a group yet had the largest within-group gap.

¹⁹ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, “Current Population Survey, Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, annual averages,” available at <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/wkyeng.t07.htm> (last accessed Feb. 12, 2015).

A study based on the hiring pattern of male and female workers in the state of New Jersey found that employers offered African-Americans lower wages, compared to their white counterparts, when re-entering the job market after periods of unemployment.²⁰ The study showed that the pay gap between these two groups is typically 30 percent.²¹ Controlling for various factors such as skills and previous earnings, the study found that up to a third of this pay gap could be attributed to racial discrimination in the labor market.²² Similarly, a study based on National Longitudinal Survey data found that the pay gap between African-Americans and whites continues to exist, even after controlling for abilities and schooling choices.²³

Many of the studies analyzing pay disparities for Hispanic populations focus on differences in education and age as compared to white workers.²⁴ However, even after analyzing the effect of these factors, these studies showed that these factors do not account for the entire pay gap for Hispanics.²⁵

Potentially nondiscriminatory factors can explain some of the gender wage differences, but accounting for them does not account for the full pay gap.²⁶

²⁰ Roland G. Fryer Jr. et al., *Racial Disparities in Job Finding and Offered Wages* (2013), at 27, available at, http://scholar.harvard.edu/files/fryer/files/racial_disparities_in_job_finding_and_offered_wages.pdf (last accessed April 29, 2014).

²¹ *Id.* at 29.

²² *Id.*

²³ Sergio Urzua, "Racial Labor Market Gaps: The Role of Abilities and Schooling Choices," 43.4 *J. Hum. Resources*, 919, 919-971.

²⁴ Richard Fry & B. Lindsay Lowell, "The Wage Structure of Latino-Origin Groups across Generations," 45 *Indus. Relations* 2 (2006); Abelardo Rodriguez and Stephen Devados, "Wage Gap between White Non-Latinos and Latinos by Nativity and Gender in the Pacific Northwest," U.S.A., 4 *Journal of Management and Sustainability* 1 (2014).

²⁵ *Id.*

²⁶ U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration and the Office of Management and Budget, "Women in America: Indicators of Social and Economic Well-Being," (March 2011), available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/rss_viewer/Women_in_America.pdf (last accessed March 7, 2015). This report found that while earnings for women and men typically increase with higher levels of education, male-female pay gap persists at all levels of education for full-time workers (35 or more hours per week), according to 2009 BLS wage data. See, e.g., June Elliot O'Neill, "The Gender Gap in Wages, Circa 2000," *American Economic Review* (May 2003). Even so, after controlling for differences in skills and job characteristics, women still earn less than men. Council of Economic Advisers, "Explaining Trends in the Gender Wage Gap," (June 1998), <http://clinton4.nara.gov/WH/EOP/CEA/html/gendergap.html> (last accessed March 6, 2015). Ultimately, the research literature still finds an unexplained gap exists even after accounting for potential explanations, and finds that the narrowing of the pay gap for women has slowed since the 1980's. Joyce P. Jacobsen, *The*

Additionally, women earn less even within occupations. In a recent study of newly trained doctors, after considering the effects of specialty, practice setting, work hours and other factors, the gender pay gap was nearly \$17,000 in 2008.²⁷ Catalyst, a nonprofit research organization, reviewed 2011 government data showing a gender pay gap for women lawyers,²⁸ and that data confirms that the gap exists for a range of professional and technical occupations.²⁹ In fact, according to a study by IWPR that used 2011 information from BLS, women frequently earn less than men within the same occupations.³⁰ Despite differences in the types of jobs women and men typically perform, women earn less than men in male dominated occupations such as managers, software developers and CEO's and even in those jobs commonly filled by women such as teachers, nurses and receptionists.³¹

These statistics provide an overview of the full societal impact of the pay gap, which will not be fully addressed by this rule. For example, such general information about pay differentials among men and women includes pay differentials that may not be attributed to discrimination. In addition, these statistics include all employers and all employees in the U.S., whereas this final rule applies only to Federal contractors and their employees. Therefore, the potential impact of this rule in reducing the pay gap would be much smaller than the impact of eliminating the pay gap among all working men and women.

Whether communicated through a written employment policy or through informal means, restrictions on revealing compensation can conceal compensation disparities that exist among employees. Although very little

Economics of Gender 44 (2007); Francine D. Blau and Lawrence M. Kahn, "The U.S. Gender Pay Gap in the 1990s: Slowing Convergence," 60 *Industrial and Labor Relations Review* 45 (2006).

²⁷ Anthony T. LoSasso, et al., "The \$16,819 Pay Gap For Newly Trained Physicians: The Unexplained Trend of Men Earning More Than Women," 30 *Health Affairs* 193 (2011) available at <http://content.healthaffairs.org/content/30/2/193.abstract> (last accessed Feb.13, 2015).

²⁸ Catalyst, "Catalyst Quick Take: Women in Law in Canada and the U.S.," (2015) <http://www.catalyst.org/knowledge/women-law-us> (last accessed Feb.13, 2015).

²⁹ Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex," 2014, available at <http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat39.pdf> (last accessed Feb.13, 2015).

³⁰ Ariane Hegewisch, Claudia Williams, Vanessa Harbin, "The Gender Wage Gap by Occupation," (2012), available at <http://www.iwpr.org/publications/pubs/the-gender-wage-gap-by-occupation-1/> (last accessed Feb.13, 2015).

³¹ *Id.*

research has been conducted about pay secrecy policies and their effects, a recent survey by IWPR provides some insight into the prevalence of workplace rules against discussing compensation. The survey found that 51 percent of female respondents and 47 percent of male respondents reported that the discussion of wage and salary information is either discouraged or prohibited and/or could lead to punishment.³² Further, the IWPR study found that institutional barriers to discussing compensation were much more common among private employers than among public employers.³³ Sixty-two percent (62 percent) of women and 60 percent of men working for private employers reported that discussion of wage and salary information is discouraged or prohibited, compared to only 18 percent of women and 11 percent of men working in the public sector.³⁴

In a different survey of private sector employers, 49 percent of the employers surveyed admitted having a specific policy regarding pay secrecy or confidentiality issues,³⁵ and most managers agreed with the use of pay secrecy policies.³⁶ This survey also found that only 1 in 14 employers

³² Institute for Women's Policy Research, "Quick Figures: Pay Secrecy and Wage Discrimination," IWPR #Q016, January 2014, available at <http://www.iwpr.org/publications/pubs/pay-secrecy-and-wage-discrimination-1> (last checked Feb.13, 2015).

³³ *Id.* See also Rafael Gely and Leonard Bierman, "Love, Sex and Politics? Sure. Salary? No Way": Workplace Social Norms and the Law," 25 *Berkeley J. Emp. & Lab. L.* 167, 171 (2004) (arguing that pay-secrecy policies are the prevalent workplace norm); cf. Matthew A. Edwards, "The Law and Social Norms of Pay Secrecy," 26 *Berkeley J. Emp. & Lab. L.* 41 (2005) (rebutting Gely and Bierman's conclusions about the prevalence and causes of pay secrecy).

³⁴ Institute for Women's Policy Research, "Quick Figures: Pay Secrecy and Wage Discrimination," IWPR #Q016, January 2014, available at <http://www.iwpr.org/publications/pubs/pay-secrecy-and-wage-discrimination-1> (last accessed Feb.13, 2015).

³⁵ Rafael Gely and Leonard Bierman, "Pay Secrecy/Confidentiality Rules and The National Labor Relations Act," (citing HRnext, "More Employers Ducking Pay Confidentiality Issue: HRnext Survey Shows Many View it As Hot Potato," <http://www2.hrnext.com/Vabout/pr/pay-survey.cfm> (Apr. 4, 2001)), 6 U. Pa. Journal of Labor and Employment Law 125 (2003), available at <http://scholarship.law.upenn.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1162&context=jbl> (last accessed March 6, 2015).

³⁶ *Id.* at 122-123, 125 (citing Charles M. Futrell and Omer C. Jenkins, "Pay Secrecy Versus Pay Disclosure for Salesmen: A Longitudinal Study," 15 *J. Marketing Res.* 214 (1978) ("Most sales managers contend that peer pay information should not be disclosed to their salesmen."); and Mary Williams Walsh, "Workers Challenge Employer Policies on Pay Confidentiality," *New York Times*, July 28, 2000, available at <http://www.nytimes.com/library/financial/O72800discuss-pay.html> (discussing wrongful termination actions brought by employees who violated employer wage confidentiality policies).

actively adopted “pay openness” policies.³⁷

Prohibitions on discussing pay prevent employees from knowing whether they are underpaid in comparison to their peers. Underpaid employees, who may be paid less because of their gender or race, will remain unaware of the disparity if compensation remains hidden. Thus, they are precluded from exercising their rights through OFCCP’s complaint procedures. OFCCP enforces the prohibition against compensation discrimination by investigating class complaints of compensation discrimination and conducting compliance evaluations under Executive Order 11246.³⁸ If a contractor’s employees are unaware of how their compensation compares to that of employees with similar jobs because the risk of punitive action inhibits discussions about compensation, employees will not have the information they need to assert their rights. An unwarranted difference in rates of pay, or other forms of compensation, that is based on a protected status like sex or race will likely continue and potentially grow more severe over time. Simply allowing employees to discuss compensation may help bring illegal compensation practices to light and allow employees to obtain appropriate legal redress.

Policies prohibiting employee conversations about compensation can also serve as a significant barrier to Federal enforcement of the laws against compensation discrimination. OFCCP primarily enforces prohibitions in Executive Order 11246 against pay and other forms of compensation discrimination by conducting compliance evaluations of Federal contractors.³⁹ While OFCCP typically develops statistical analyses to establish systemic compensation discrimination, interviewing managers, human resources professionals, and employees

potentially impacted by discriminatory compensation is also an invaluable way for the agency to determine whether compensation discrimination in violation of Executive Order 11246 has occurred and to support its statistical findings. Therefore, the accuracy of OFCCP’s investigative findings depends in part on the willingness of a contractor’s employees to speak openly with OFCCP investigators about a contractor’s compensation practices. If a contractor has a policy or practice of punishing or discouraging employees from discussing their pay, the employees may be fearful and less forthcoming during interviews with OFCCP staff. Prohibiting discrimination against workers who discuss, inquire about, or disclose compensation will help dispel an atmosphere of secrecy around the topic of compensation and promote the agency’s ability to uncover illegal compensation discrimination.

The experience of Lilly Ledbetter demonstrates how pay secrecy enables illegal compensation discrimination. For Ledbetter, her employer’s insistence on pay secrecy likely cost her the ability to seek justice for the compensation discrimination she suffered throughout her career. Ledbetter was employed at the Gadsden, Alabama plant of Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company. While there, she filed a charge with the EEOC alleging that she was paid a discriminatorily low salary as an area manager because of her sex in violation of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.⁴⁰ Ledbetter discovered how much her male co-workers were earning years after she began working at the plant and only after she found an anonymous note in her mailbox disclosing her pay and the pay of three males who were doing the same job. In an interview, she said that her employer told her, “You do not discuss wages with anyone in this factory.”⁴¹ The Supreme Court, in 2007, issued its ruling in *Ledbetter v. Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.* holding that Ledbetter’s claim was untimely.⁴² The Court held that Ledbetter was required to have filed her claim within 180 days of when Goodyear initially made its discriminatory pay decision, regardless of whether Ledbetter’s

paycheck continued to reflect the discriminatory pay policy and regardless of when she discovered that Goodyear was discriminating against her. Congress addressed the timing issues in the Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009,⁴³ which states that each discriminatory paycheck is a separate violation and resets the 180-day limitations period. It remains necessary, however, to end pay secrecy policies so that workers can more easily discover if they are victims of discriminatory pay policies.

Pay secrecy policies interfere with the Federal Government’s interest in efficiency in procurement. Economy and efficiency in Federal procurement require that contractors compensate employees under merit-based practices, without any barriers to success. As set out in Executive Order 13665, the Federal contractors with pay secrecy practices are subject to enforcement actions and, as a result, may face a higher risk of disruption, delay and expense associated with contract performance. Allowing discussions of pay by employees of these contractors will contribute to minimizing these risks. This final rule eliminates some of the barriers created by pay secrecy policies and helps ensure that Federal contractors compensate employees based on merit.

In addition to disruptions and delays, Federal contractors with pay secrecy policies may also experience a decrease in worker productivity. Workers, due to a lack of compensation information, may experience a reduction in performance motivation and are likely to perceive their employer as unfair or untrustworthy. Both reduce work productivity.⁴⁴ For example, one study has shown that workers without access to compensation information are less satisfied and less productive.⁴⁵ The precise reasons for this drop in productivity have not been investigated; however, a number of theories can be drawn from the empirical evidence gathered in this field. Two such theories on the loss of productivity are that employees are unable to link their performance or their worth to the organization, and that employer secrecy policies foster distrust of management.

The first of these theories is based on the idea that because of pay secrecy

³⁷ *Id.* at 125 (citing HRnext Survey).

³⁸ Pursuant to a Memorandum of Understanding between OFCCP and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC), OFCCP generally refers individual discrimination complaints subject to both Executive Order 11246 and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to the EEOC for investigation, but keeps systemic discrimination complaints, 76 FR 71029 (Nov. 16, 2011).

³⁹ OFCCP reviews approximately 4,000 Federal contractors annually. These contractors are scheduled for compliance evaluations based on various sources of information, including federal procurement databases, Employer Information Reports (EEO-1 reports), Dun & Bradstreet (D&B) data, U.S. Census data, and statistical thresholds such as industry type and employee counts of federal contractor establishments. The scheduling process is “neutral” rather than “random” because it is based on a methodology that includes specific criteria. OFCCP does not target specific contractors.

⁴⁰ White House National Pay Task Force, “Fifty Years After the Equal Pay Act: Assessing the Past, Taking Stock of the Future,” June 2013, available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/equalpay/equal_pay_task_force_progress_report_june_2013_new.pdf, citing TAP Talks with Lilly Ledbetter. The American Prospect, April 23, 2008, http://www.prospect.org/cs/articles?article=tap_talks_with_lilly_ledbetter (last accessed Feb. 13, 2015).

⁴¹ *Id.* at 22.

⁴² *Ledbetter v. Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.*, 550 U.S. 618 (2007).

⁴³ Public Law 111–2, 123 Stat. 5 (Jan. 29, 2009).

⁴⁴ Adrienne Colella, Ramona L. Paetzold, Asghar Zardkoobi, and Michael J. Wesson, “Exposing Pay Secrecy,” 32 Acad. of Management Rev. 55, 58 (2007).

⁴⁵ Peter Bamberger and Elena Belogolovsky, “The Impact of Pay Secrecy on Individual Task Performance,” 63 Personnel Psychol. 965, 967 (2010).

policies, some workers do not know whether their own wages are reflective of job performance. This information gap makes it more difficult for workers to make informed choices about their own compensation and creates unnecessary barriers to enforcing laws against compensation discrimination. Information asymmetries provide an advantage and market power to the party with more information. When workers have access to more information about colleagues' compensation, salaries may be likely to be more closely linked to productivity on the job and compensation may be much less likely to be influenced by factors unrelated to job performance such as sex and race. As a result, workers with the ability to inquire about, discuss, and disclose compensation information may make informed decisions about their careers. These workers may become aware of their current value to the organization, but also of their potential value, based on information they receive about the salaries of longer tenured employees or employees in higher wage positions.

This phenomenon has a unique consequence in labor markets where those involved in the transaction are people who, unlike machines, are likely to be affected by the information in terms of motivation and effort. In companies with pay secrecy policies, negative influences on productivity may stem from workers overestimating the lower limits of pay for others in similar positions leading to an inaccurate compression of the pay range, and causing a perception that increased work will not result in a corresponding reward.⁴⁶ Workers with knowledge of compensation information are given accurate aspirational goals because they are aware of the salaries of the best-compensated employees, and can make rational decisions about the cost of increased effort at work in relation to the benefit of increased compensation resulting from success in the job.⁴⁷

The second theory is that worker distrust of corporate management may be another potential cause of the lag in productivity for workers subject to pay secrecy policies. Restrictions on sharing compensation information may create a sense that the company has something

to hide with respect to compensating employees. Feelings of institutional unfairness may have a negative impact on workers' productivity.⁴⁸

Eliminating pay secrecy policies may have benefits beyond improving the productivity of Federal contractors and their employees. Generally, employers seek to provide opportunities for employees to advance within the corporate hierarchy because these employees will work harder to achieve goals and secure advancement. The result of this may be not only higher productivity and better quality, but also lower turnover, retention of organizational knowledge, and lower training and onboarding expenses.⁴⁹ Employers, including Federal contractors, may encounter more difficulty achieving these benefits if they have pay secrecy policies. Another benefit of eliminating these policies is that younger employees and jobseekers view employers without these policies more favorably. A report found that younger employees value openness in general and are more suspicious of companies instituting pay secrecy rules.⁵⁰

Under the final rule, contractors could also realize a reduction in the cost and burden associated with investigating baseless claims of compensation discrimination. Workers with knowledge of compensation relative to other employees can make more accurate determinations about the presence or absence of discriminatory practices.⁵¹ When workers' suspicions of discriminatory practices are discredited by information about other employees' compensation, the company avoids the costs and time associated with defending against discrimination lawsuits filed by employees.

Transparency about compensation also allows companies and their employees to identify and resolve unwarranted disparities in compensation prior to the employee filing a formal complaint or pursuing litigation. This additional openness about compensation could decrease discrimination complaints and investigations, saving both the contractor and the government time and money. Moreover, the employees may

receive a faster remedy through internal resolution than would be possible through a complaint process or subsequent litigation.

The preceding paragraphs present several reasons why the final rule could yield productivity benefits or cost savings for covered Federal contractors. However, OFCCP notes that, in addition to these benefits, and in order to achieve its goal of ensuring employees receive fair wages, this final rule is expected to result in increased wage payments to employees. This may be the result of employees using the information that they receive about the compensation paid to others to pursue increased wage payments. Employers may either voluntarily increase wages or be required to do so through actions taken by employees. These higher wage payments may, in some instances, result in net costs to covered contractors.

I. Statement of Legal Authority

Issued in 1965, and amended several times in the intervening years, Executive Order 11246 has two purposes. First, it prohibits covered Federal contractors and subcontractors from discriminating against employees and applicants because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.⁵² Second, it requires covered Federal contractors and subcontractors to take affirmative action to ensure that they provide equal opportunity in all aspects of employment. The nondiscrimination and affirmative action obligations of Federal contractors and subcontractors cover all aspects of employment, including rates of pay and other compensation.

The requirements in Executive Order 11246 generally apply to any business or organization that (1) holds a single Federal contract, subcontract, or federally assisted construction contract in excess of \$10,000; (2) has Federal contracts or subcontracts that combined total in excess of \$10,000 in any 12-month period; or (3) holds Government bills of lading, serves as a depository of Federal funds, or is an issuing and paying agency for U.S. savings bonds and notes in any amount.

Pursuant to Executive Order 11246, receiving a Federal contract comes with a number of responsibilities. Section

⁴⁶ See Bamberger and Belogolovsky *supra* note 44.

⁴⁹ Heather Boushey and Sarah Jane Glynn, "There Are Significant Business Costs to Replacing Employees," Center for American Progress, Nov. 16, 2012, available at <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/labor/report/2012/11/16/44464/there-are-significant-business-costs-to-replacing-employees/> (last accessed Feb. 13, 2015).

⁵⁰ *Id.*

⁵¹ See Weber and Silverman *supra* note 46.

⁵² OFCCP generally interprets Executive Order 11246 consistently with Title VII principles. To the extent that this rule uses terms or concepts borrowed from Title VII or other EEO statutes, however, their usage here is limited to claims brought pursuant to Executive Order 13665 and this final rule. OFCCP's interpretation of Executive Order 13665 does not in any way limit the enforcement of Title VII or other EEO statutes.

⁴⁶ *Id.* at 969.

⁴⁷ Lauren Weber and Rachel Emma Silverman, "Workers Share Their Salary Secrets," *Wall St. J.* (April 16, 2013), available at <http://online.wsj.com/news/articles/SB10001424127887324345804578426744168583824?mg=reno64-wsj&url=http%3A%2F%2Fonline.wsj.com%2Farticle%2F%2FSB10001424127887324345804578426744168583824.html> (last accessed Feb. 13, 2015).

202 of Executive Order 11246 requires every contractor to agree to comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 and the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor. A contractor in violation of the Executive Order 11246 may have its contracts canceled, terminated, or suspended or may be subject to debarment after the opportunity for a hearing.⁵³

II. Major Proposed Revisions in the Final Rule

The final rule protects employees' inquiries, discussions, and disclosures of their own pay and benefits, and similar employee activities related to the pay and benefits of others, if they obtained that information through ordinary means such as conversations with co-workers. What the Order, and in turn this final rule, does not protect is the disclosure of others' pay information that an employee obtained as part of the employee's essential job functions. So, for example, if the employee making the disclosure to others had access to the information as a part of carrying out the essential job functions of the position of payroll administrator or benefits administrator, the contractor may be justified in taking adverse action based on that disclosure. This is because the employee, as payroll or benefits administrator, had access to the information as an essential part of the job and shared that information with others who do not otherwise have access to such information, which could undermine a contractor's ability to maintain necessary confidentiality concerning compensation. The nondiscrimination provision of the final rule may not protect this employee. The final rule specifically allows a contractor to take adverse action when an employee, with access to compensation information as part of an essential job function, discloses that information to others and the disclosure does not fall into one of the exemptions. The exemptions are disclosures made in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing or action, including an investigation by the contractor, or disclosures consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish the information.

Nothing in the final rule prohibits contractors from proactively promoting what they view as good about their pay policies and practices. As a best practice, contractors are encouraged to remove barriers to employees knowing

that the contractor's pay and benefit practices are competitive with other companies within the same industry, and to promote their company's practices regarding advancement opportunities, merit increases in pay, and other factors that affect their employees' pay. The more a contractor's employees know about where they stand in terms of their pay within the company, the more the employees should feel that they have a stake in the company and its financial success.

The final rule applies to all Federal contractors with contracts entered into or modified on or after the effective date of the rule that exceed \$10,000 in value. The major provisions in the final rule:

- Revise the equal opportunity clause that is currently included in qualifying Federal Government contracts, federally assisted construction contracts, subcontracts, and purchase orders. The revised clause includes a provision prohibiting contractors from discharging, or in any manner discriminating against, any employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant.

- Define "compensation" in a manner consistent with the definition used by OFCCP in other existing guidance. Compensation is defined for these purposes as any payments made to, or on behalf of, an employee or offered to an applicant as remuneration for employment, including but not limited to salary, wages, overtime pay, shift differentials, bonuses, commissions, vacation and holiday pay, allowances, insurance and other benefits, stock options and awards, profit sharing, and retirement.

- Define "compensation information" as the amount and type of compensation provided to employees or offered to applicants, including but not limited to the desire of the contractor to attract and retain a particular employee for the value they are perceived to add to the contractor's profit or productivity; the availability of employees with like skills in the marketplace; market research about the worth of similar jobs in the relevant marketplace; job analysis, descriptions, and evaluations; salary and pay structures; salary surveys; labor union agreements; and contractor decisions, statements, and policies related to setting or altering employee compensation.

- Define "essential job function" to provide clarity about the positions covered by minimizing the degree of subjectivity involved in the determination. A job function may be considered essential if: (1) The access to compensation information is necessary in order to perform that function or other routinely assigned business task; or (2) the function or duties of the position include protecting and maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records, including compensation information.

- Establish a *General defenses* provision and an *Essential job functions defense* provision. Both provide contractor defenses to alleged violations of the nondiscrimination obligation for employees who inquired about, disclosed or discussed compensation. The nature of the defenses differs, however. The essential job functions defense, per the text of the Order, is a complete defense, such that if an employee discloses compensation information accessed or received through performance of an essential job function, *unless* the disclosure falls into one or more exemptions, the protections of the Order shall not apply and a contractor is allowed to take adverse action on those grounds. Contractors may also pursue a general defense if the discipline it imposes is for violation of a consistently and uniformly applied rule, policy, practice, agreement, or other instrument that does not prohibit, or tend to prohibit, employees or applicants from discussing or disclosing their compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants. Given the difference in structure and function of this defense, this rule clarifies that it is not a complete defense, but rather is to be employed within the analytical framework discussed herein.

- Require contractors to disseminate a nondiscrimination provision, as prescribed by the Director of OFCCP and made available on the OFCCP Web site. Contractors must disseminate the provision to employees and applicants using their existing employee manuals or handbooks, and either electronically or by posting the prescribed provision in conspicuous places available to employees and job applicants.

III. Cost and Benefits

This is not economically significant under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866, though it is a "significant regulatory action." The total cost of the final rule is \$42,726,188.

⁵³E.O. 11246, sec. 209(5); 41 CFR 60-1.27.

TABLE 1—TOTAL ESTIMATED COST SUMMARY

| | Hours | Costs | Total cost per company |
|------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------|
| First Year Costs | 1,045,000 | \$42,726,188 | \$85 |
| Recurring Costs | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The final rule provisions primarily require contractors to refrain from discriminatory activity, and notify employees, job applicants, and subcontractors of the nondiscrimination obligation using existing or common methods of communication. Notice to subcontractors is provided by amending the existing equal opportunity clause that contractors are currently required to include in their subcontracts and purchase orders. Contractors are not required to develop and deliver new staff or management training on the new nondiscrimination obligation in the final rule; however, providing such training is considered a best practice. The final rule also includes a defenses provision that allow contractors to pursue a defense to a claim of discrimination under certain circumstances.

At an estimated cost of \$85 per company, the final rule should result in benefits to workers who have historically experienced pay discrimination, and also transfers between groups of employees and from contractors, employers, or taxpayers to workers. The provisions in the final rule should help to ensure that fear of discrimination does not inhibit the employees of Federal contractors from sharing information with one another about their compensation. The final rule’s provisions, as discussed earlier in the preamble, also promote economy and efficiency in Federal Government procurement, potentially contribute to the economic security of working women and their families, and support enforcement of nondiscrimination and equal employment opportunity protections.

Overview of the Final Rule

Prior to issuing an NPRM, OFCCP conducted listening sessions with individuals from the contractor community, civil rights groups, and other interested parties to understand their perspectives on the scope and intent of Executive Order 13665 amending Executive Order 11246. After reviewing all of the comments on the NPRM, OFCCP’s final rule incorporates many of the provisions in the NPRM. However, in order to clarify and focus the scope of one or more provisions in the final rule, while not increasing the

estimated burden, the final rule revises some of the NPRM’s provisions.

OFCCP received 6,524 comments on the NPRM, of which 6,443 were the result of organized efforts using form letters generally in support of the NPRM. The remaining group of 81 unique or non-form letter comments represented diverse perspectives including one contractor, three law firms, four contractor associations, 13 civil rights organizations, four employee associations and unions, and 56 individuals. The commenters raised a range of issues, including concerns about the definitions of “compensation,” “compensation information,” and “essential job functions.” A few commenters urged OFCCP to make the definition of “compensation” consistent with existing OFCCP Directive 2013–03, *Procedures for Reviewing Contractor Compensation Systems and Practices*. The final rule adopts this definition.

Another commenter was concerned that the proposed definition of “compensation information” would include information covered by the attorney-client privilege or the attorney work product doctrine. As discussed in the section-by-section analysis, the final rule modifies the definition of compensation information. It provides more specificity as to the type of information covered but the final rule does not adopt other suggested changes related to concerns about attorney-client privilege or the attorney work product doctrine. The information that OFCCP could request would not involve legal opinions or advice, but would include factual data that informed the contractor’s compensation decisions. The information sought is not significantly different in nature from what OFCCP could request during a compliance evaluation or complaint investigation.

A definition for “essential job functions” that was proposed in the NPRM was based on the approach used in the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), as amended, and OFCCP’s regulations implementing Section 503. The “essential job function” analysis and evidence in these instances relate to issues of reasonable accommodation and qualification. However, in the context of Executive Order 13665, the

purpose or goal of the “essential job functions” analysis is different. Most of the commenters stated that the definition proposed in the NPRM for “essential job functions” is too broad. They proposed narrowing it to employees whose jobs are to maintain and protect the privacy of employee personnel records, and minimizing the amount of subjectivity available to contractors when determining what constitutes essential job functions. Others commented that the proposed definition of essential job functions was too narrow. Some commenters believed that the definition of essential job functions is inconsistent with the National Labor Relations Act (NLRA), and that the proposals in the NPRM are unnecessary because the NLRA covers pay secrecy issues under the right to discuss “terms and conditions of employment.” The final rule rejects the ADA, as amended, definition of essential job functions as proposed in the NPRM. The final rule also rejects the comparison made by some commenters with the NLRA. Instead, the final rule identifies two types or categories of essential job functions to minimize subjectivity and provide specificity for the types of job functions that would be covered as essential.

Some commenters sought to expand the defenses provisions in the NPRM to allow contractors to take action when employees or applicants access information without the contractor’s authorization, or violate contractor policies or other limitations created pursuant to applicable laws protecting private or confidential information. The final rule does not expand the defenses to include these recommendations, nor does it limit the ability of contractors to take disciplinary actions for violations of security policies and applicable privacy laws.

A significant number of commenters raised issues about the legal framework that would apply to analyzing an alleged violation. Commenters were concerned that the NPRM proposed prohibiting “discrimination” for conduct that is more appropriately considered “retaliation.” The commenters noted that the proposed prohibition is not based on the employees’ or applicants’ membership in one of the protected categories under

Title VII. Similarly, several commenters wrote that it is unclear whether a violation would be analyzed under the “motivating factor” standard or “but for” standard under Title VII—the “but for” standard being applicable to retaliation claims while “motivating factor” applies to discrimination claims. Other commenters viewed the NPRM’s prohibition as a nondiscrimination provision and asserted that the motivating factor standard would be appropriate. One commenter requested that OFCCP expressly state that it could use all Title VII discrimination remedies once a violation is established, including declaratory and injunctive relief, and attorneys’ fees and costs. This final rule, as discussed in the section-by-section analysis, clarifies that adverse action taken by a contractor against an employee or applicant that violates the provisions of Executive Order 13665 and these regulations is appropriately viewed as discrimination and analyzed as such under that legal framework.

Other commenters proposed that OFCCP require contractors to take additional measures to disseminate the equal opportunity clause such as requiring mandatory training to ensure that managers and employees understand the proposed protections. The commenters considered this training especially necessary where a contractor has longstanding pay secrecy policies or a culture of secrecy surrounding pay disclosures. One commenter would require training for departmental leadership responsible for handling compensation-related matters. Several commenters opposed mandatory training but encouraged it as a best practice, including one noting that training is no guarantee of effectiveness and that compliance is best achieved through clear guidance to contractors. Another commenter believed that training on the proposed new protections described in the NPRM could result in confusion, and encourage frivolous claims because employees are already aware that compensation discrimination is unlawful. The minority of the comments included one that proposed eliminating the equal opportunity clause altogether and focusing on collecting data. The final rule declines to require mandatory staff and management training.

There were also comments associated with the cost and burden of the proposed rule, and the authority of OFCCP to undertake this rulemaking. Other comments on the NPRM addressed access to technical assistance and training, alternatives to the proposals in the NPRM, and the absence

of a provision obligating the government to intervene and pay costs and attorneys’ fees should a prime contractor terminate a subcontractor under a government mandate. OFCCP carefully considered all comments in the development of this final rule.

Section-By-Section Analysis

41 CFR Part 60–1—Obligations of Contractors and Subcontractors

SUBPART A—Preliminary Matters; Equal Opportunity Clause; Compliance Reports

Section 60–1.3 Definitions

The proposed rule provided definitions for three terms used in Executive Order 13665. The NPRM defined the term “compensation” to include payments made to an employee, or on behalf of an employee, or offered to an applicant as remuneration for employment, including but not limited to salary, wages, overtime pay, shift differentials, bonuses, commissions, vacation and holiday pay, allowances, insurance and other benefits, stock options and awards, profit sharing, and retirement. This definition of “compensation” aligns with the definition OFCCP uses in the context of compensation discrimination investigations. OFCCP received three comments regarding the definition of “compensation.” One commenter generally supported the proposed definition. Another commenter supported the definition, but suggested expanding it to include “sick time” and “paid leave.” The third commenter stated that the definition of “compensation” in the NPRM differed from the definition of that term in OFCCP’s Directive 2013–03, and further suggested that both the final rule and the Directive contain the same definition.

After consideration, OFCCP does not believe it would be appropriate to include “sick time” and “paid leave” expressly in the definition of compensation. The NPRM’s definition of “compensation” includes a general list of compensation types, but was not meant to be exhaustive. As a matter of consistency OFCCP will use the definition as stated in the NPRM, which aligns with the definition used in the context of its compensation discrimination investigations. OFCCP also notes the comment regarding the differing definitions in Directive 2013–03 and the NPRM, which advocates for making them consistent. However, OFCCP’s guidance and regulations have historically included salary, wages, overtime pay, shift differentials,

bonuses, commissions, vacation and holiday pay, allowances, insurance and other benefits, stock options, profit sharing and retirement. Though the definition of compensation in Directive 2013–03 and the final rule are not identical, Directive 2013–03 should be interpreted in a manner consistent with the final rule.

The proposed definition in the NPRM for the term “compensation information” is consistent with the approach described in OFCCP’s existing compensation guidance.⁵⁴ The definition covers information related to any aspect of compensation, including but not limited to information about the amount and type of compensation as well as decisions, statements, or actions related to setting or altering employees’ compensation. OFCCP intended the proposed definition of “compensation information” to be broad enough to encompass any information directly related to employee compensation, as well as the process or steps that led to a decision to award a particular type or amount of compensation. OFCCP received one comment on the definition of “compensation information.” The commenter was critical of the proposed definition, stating that it was “vaguely defined and may be deemed broad enough to encompass information related to compensation that is subject to the attorney-client privilege.” OFCCP does not believe that the definition of “compensation information” would interfere with the operation of the attorney-client privilege. The attorney-client privilege only protects disclosure of communication; it does not protect the disclosure of the factual bases underlying the communication between a client and his or her attorney. Therefore, the privilege generally would not cover “compensation information” data. However, in reviewing the proposed definition, the final rule slightly modifies the definition so that it would mean the amount and type of compensation provided to employees or offered to applicants, including, but not limited to, factual information about the desire of the contractor to attract and retain a particular employee for the value they are perceived to add to the contractor’s profit or productivity; the availability of employees with like skills in the marketplace; market research about the worth of similar jobs in the relevant marketplace; job analysis, descriptions, and evaluations; salary and pay structures; salary surveys; labor union agreements; and contractor

⁵⁴ Directive 2013–03, Procedures for Reviewing Contractor Compensation Systems and Practices, Feb. 28, 2013.

decisions, statements and policies related to setting or altering employee compensation. This modification in the final rule, by way of including several examples, provides contractors with additional guidance.

Lastly, the NPRM also proposed a definition for the term “essential job functions.” OFCCP had proposed to use the ADA, as amended, definition of essential job functions. Under that definition, a job function may be considered essential for any of several reasons, including: (1) The function may be essential because the reason the position exists is to perform that function; (2) the function may be essential because of the limited number of employees available among whom the performance of that job function can be distributed; and/or (3) the function may be highly specialized so that the incumbent in the position is hired for his or her expertise or ability to perform the particular function.

OFCCP received a number of comments, some indicating that the ADA, as amended, definition was too narrow, and others indicating that it was too broad or needed further specificity. In response to these comments, the final rule modifies the proposal in the NPRM by eliminating the use of the ADA, as amended, definition of essential job functions in favor of identifying two categories or types of essential job functions. In the final rule, a job function may be considered an essential job function if: (1) The access to compensation information is necessary in order to perform that function or another routinely assigned business task; or (2) the function or duties of the position include protecting and maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records, including compensation information.

Generally, those commenters who favored broadening the definition of “essential job functions,” and therefore the exception to the rule’s protections, suggested that OFCCP adopt a definition that relies more on whether employees required access to confidential compensation information in the performance of their job duties, rather than on whether the employee’s position description related to handling compensation information. One commenter noted that the complexity of large enterprises made it unrealistic that such employers could effectively operate through only selected employees whose “fundamental” job duties involved access to pay information or whose job exists only to perform those functions or who have specialized expertise or ability somehow related to pay information.

Another commenter suggested that the test for what constitutes an essential job function should rely on whether access to compensation information was granted as necessary to the performance of a legitimate, assigned business task. Another commenter suggested that the definition of “essential job functions” should include all employees who have authorized access to an employer’s compensation information, whether or not that access falls within the employee’s primary job responsibilities.

OFCCP agrees with many of these comments and has determined that a definition of “essential job functions” that is driven by the employee’s position description, rather than the assigned tasks, could create confusion among employers in determining which employees are covered by the definition. Instead, the revised definition makes clear that employees performing job functions or routinely assigned tasks that require them to have access to confidential compensation information will be covered. Additionally, job functions that require protecting or maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records will be covered by the revised definition.

Some commenters identified specific occupations that they thought should be covered by the definition, such as IT employees and program staffers who prepare bids for government contracts that regularly require access to compensation information, even if the position was not created for the purpose of handling compensation data. The determination of whether any particular employee received compensation information in the course of their “essential job functions” will be determined on a case-by-case basis by OFCCP. OFCCP agrees, however, that a position where the functions of that position require access to compensation information, or protecting and maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records, should generally fall within the definition of “essential job functions.”

Some commenters, on the other hand, were concerned that the exception could be construed too broadly, such that groups of employees with access to compensation information, such as human resource employees, could be denied protection under the regulations. Many of these commenters suggested that the employer’s ability to assert “essential job functions” as an affirmative defense must be limited to only a very narrow subset of employees whose job is to maintain and protect the privacy of employee personnel records. One commenter also suggested that the definition should focus on whether

employees used compensation information as part of their essential job functions, rather than whether they have access to such information.

The revised definition includes “protecting and maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records” as one category of “essential job functions.” However, it also includes functions and routinely assigned business tasks for which accessing compensation information is necessary to their performance. This definition provides adequate protection to employers in preserving the confidentiality of compensation and personnel data but limits the scope of the exception to those positions that require access to the information to perform their job functions and tasks. Furthermore, as discussed below, the application of the “essential job functions” defense is narrowed by the fact that even employees in positions covered by the definition are protected if they discuss compensation information that they obtained from a source outside of their essential job functions, or if they discuss information relating to their own possible claim of compensation discrimination, or if they discuss compensation information of others accessed within their essential job functions so long as the discussion takes place internally with a management official of the contractor or while using the contractor’s internal complaint process.

Some of the commenters favoring a narrow interpretation also wanted the definition of “essential job functions” to rely less on subjective factors. They suggested that an employer’s judgment should not be given conclusive weight on the question of what constitutes an essential job function. The revised definition replaces the more subjective factors under the ADA, as amended, definition with two categories that more clearly identify which classes of job functions should be deemed essential for purposes of these regulations. As noted in paragraph 3 of the regulatory definition, this definition of “essential job functions” is limited to the discrimination claims governed by Executive Order 13665 and its implementing regulations, and does not apply to claims brought pursuant to other EEO laws.

Section 60–1.4 Equal Opportunity Clause

As proposed in the NPRM, the final rule revises the equal opportunity clause in § 60–1.4(a) and § 60–1.4(b) to include the new nondiscrimination provision. Section 60–1.4 requires contracting agencies to include this

equal opportunity clause in government contracts and modifications to government contracts if the clause was not included in the original contract. By accepting Federal contracts, contractors accept the discrimination and affirmative action requirements contained in the equal opportunity clause and agree to include the requirements contained in the clause in their subcontracts and purchase orders unless exempted by law, regulations, or order of the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Labor.

The final rule revises § 60–1.4(a) by inserting a new paragraph 3 into the equal opportunity clause and by renumbering the subsequent paragraphs in the clause. The text of the new paragraph in § 60–1.4(a) is identical to the text in section 2(b) of Executive Order 13665. Under the terms of this new provision, it is unlawful for contractors to discharge or discriminate in any other manner against any employee or job applicant because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision does not apply when an employee with access to the compensation information of other employees or job applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in support of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.

Under the equal opportunity clause in § 60–1.4(b), administering agencies involved in federally assisted construction through grants, loans, insurance, or guarantee must include text in their contracts for construction work informing the funding applicant that the equal opportunity clause must be incorporated into the contracts and contract modifications if they are funded in whole or in part by Federal money. This section further provides the exact language for the equal opportunity clause. As with § 60–1.4(a), by accepting funding the contractor agrees to assume the nondiscrimination and affirmative action obligations of Executive Order 11246, including incorporating the equal opportunity clause into their subcontracts and purchase orders unless exempted by law, regulations, or order of the Secretary of the U.S. Department of

Labor. The final rule revises § 60–1.4(b) by inserting a new paragraph 3 into the equal opportunity clause, and renumbering the subsequent paragraphs in the clause. The text of the new paragraph is identical to the text in section 2(b) of Executive Order 13665.

OFCCP made changes to § 60–1.4 with the intent to eliminate the secrecy and fear surrounding a discussion or disclosure of compensation information. When employees lack access to compensation information it is more difficult for them to make informed choices about their own compensation, and it creates unnecessary barriers to filing complaints with civil rights agencies such as OFCCP. Secrecy may also have a detrimental impact on business productivity, employee morale and retention, and could drive increased cost related to human resources management as discussed earlier in the preamble to the final rule.⁵⁵ Studies have shown that these pay secrecy policies are common among contractors and foster negative consequences for some employees and applicants for employment.⁵⁶ The final rule does not require employees to share information about compensation with other employees.

OFCCP received three comments on the proposed revisions to § 60–1.4. One commenter suggested that OFCCP eliminate the proposed equal opportunity clause provisions and focus instead on establishing “thorough but undemanding reporting requirements” to detect compensation discrimination. With respect to that comment, OFCCP proposed an NPRM on August 8, 2014, entitled “Government Contractors, Requirement To Report Summary Data on Employee Compensation.”⁵⁷ OFCCP

⁵⁵ Cappelli, Peter, and Kevin Chauvin, “An Interplant Test of the Efficiency Wage Hypothesis,” *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 106, 769–787, available at <http://dx.doi.org/10.2307/2937926>(1991); Reich, Michael, Dube, Arindrajit, and Naidu, Suresh, “Economics of Citywide Minimum Wages,” Institute for Industrial Relations, University of California, Berkeley Policy Brief (2005); Cowherd, D.M. and Levine, D.I., “Product Quality and Pay Equity Between Lower-level Employees and Top Management: An Investigation of Distributive Justice Theory,” *Administrative Science Quarterly* 37: 302–320 (1992).

⁵⁶ See Bamberger and Belogolovsky *supra* note 44; Adrienne Colella, Ramona L. Paetzold, Asghar Zardkoohi and Michael J. Wesson, “*Exposing Pay Secrecy*,” 32 *Acad. of Management Rev.* 55, 58 (2007).

⁵⁷ *Government Contractors, Requirement To Report Summary Data on Employee Compensation*, 79 FR 46562 (Aug. 8, 2014). This notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) would amend the regulation by adding a requirement that certain Federal contractors and subcontractors supplement their Employer Information Report (EEO–1 Report) with summary information on compensation paid to employees, as contained in the Form W–2 Wage and Tax Statement (W–2) forms, by sex, race,

will address any changes to compensation reporting requirements through this separate rulemaking. Further, eliminating the proposed equal opportunity clause provisions would be contrary to the express requirements of Executive Order 13665. OFCCP, therefore, adopts the revised equal opportunity clause provisions into the final rule.

Another commenter suggested that the final rule modify the equal opportunity clause by adding language from Sections 7 and 8 of the National Labor Relations Act (NLRA).⁵⁸ Although the language may not be identical to the NLRA, the revised equal opportunity clause language includes language detailing employees' right to engage in wage discussions and employers' nondiscrimination obligations related to this right. Consequently, OFCCP believes that inclusion of the suggested NLRA language is unnecessary. Furthermore, the language inserted into the equal opportunity clause mirrors language contained in the Order giving OFCCP the authority and responsibility to ensure Federal contractors do not discriminate against any employee or job applicant because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant.

The other comment regarding revisions to § 60–1.4 asserted that it is not necessary for OFCCP to alter the heading for § 60–1.4(d) from “Incorporation of the equal opportunity clause by reference” to “Inclusion of the equal opportunity clause by reference;” or to alter the first sentence of § 60–1.4(d) by deleting “incorporated by reference” and inserting “included by reference.” OFCCP does not agree that this change is unnecessary and will change the current regulatory language of the heading and first sentence of § 60–1.4(d). Making the change to “inclusion” is consistent with the

ethnicity, and specified job categories, as well as other relevant data points such as hours worked, and the number of employees.

⁵⁸ Section 7 of the NLRA examines the right of employees to “self-organization, to form, join, or assist labor organizations, to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, and to engage in other concerted activities” for the purpose of collective bargaining or other “mutual aid or protection.” Section 8 of the NLRA describes unfair employer and labor organization practices that interfere with the rights granted employees in section 7. See 29 U.S.C. 157–158 (1935). OFCCP recognizes that the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) interprets Section 7 to protect employees and applicants from discrimination based on discussion or disclosure of their own compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants. *Paraxel International LLC*, 356 NLRB No. 82, slip op. at 3 (2011).

language used in other recent OFCCP rulemakings, including regulations for section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended. As proposed in the NPRM, the final rule removes the outdated reference to the “Deputy Assistant Secretary” in § 60–1.4(d), and replaces it with the “Director of OFCCP.”

SUBPART B—General Enforcement; Compliance Review and Complaint Procedure

Section 60–1.35 Contractor Obligations and Defenses to Violation of the Nondiscrimination Requirement for Compensation Disclosures

As proposed in the NPRM, § 60–1.35 becomes a new section to part 60–1 in this final rule, to implement the requirements of section 2(b), as well as the contractor defenses set forth in the Executive Order.

Analytical Framework

In the NPRM, OFCCP stated that it viewed Executive Order 13665 “as establishing a new prohibition against discrimination against any employee or applicant” and announced its intent to use the burdens and standards of proof applicable to Title VII discrimination claims—including the use of a motivating factor framework for analyzing causation. OFCCP provided three broad reasons for adopting this approach in the NPRM: (1) the equal opportunity clause paragraph set out in section 2(b) of Executive Order 13665 is framed in terms of discrimination; (2) the prohibitions set forth in Executive Order 13665 diverged from the traditional Title VII retaliation framework, to which the different “but-for” standard of review applies; and (3) the application of the motivating factor framework would maintain consistency with the review of similar claims under the National Labor Relations Act (NLRA), which also utilizes the motivating factor approach.

OFCCP received seven comments on the proposed analytical framework. Five of these comments, largely from organizations representing employers, opposed the proposal, and urged instead that OFCCP adopt a “but-for” causation standard, citing the recent *Univ. of Texas Southwestern Med. Ctr. v. Nassar* Supreme Court case.⁵⁹ Two commenters, both civil rights advocacy organizations, strongly supported the proposed motivating factor framework and urged its inclusion in the Final Rule. As discussed below, OFCCP adopts the framework as proposed in the NPRM with some further

clarification. A discussion of the various issues raised in the comments follows.

The most frequent comments on the proposed analytical framework concerned the applicability of the *Nassar* decision to Executive Order 13665. In *Nassar*, the Court analyzed the retaliation statute under Title VII, codified at 42 U.S.C. 2000e–3, which prohibits adverse employment action against an employee for opposing a practice made unlawful by Title VII, or for filing a charge, testifying, or otherwise participating in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under Title VII.⁶⁰ The Court held that but-for causation, rather than a motivating factor review, applied to retaliation claims under Title VII.⁶¹

The comments from the organizations representing employers all stated that the holding in *Nassar* dictated the analytical framework that must be utilized under Executive Order 13665, as the protections under the Order are akin to Title VII retaliation claims as opposed to Title VII discrimination claims for which the motivating factor analysis is reserved. Some of these commenters also pointed to the text of the Order—such as the lack of specific “motivating factor” language—to buttress their conclusions. Comments from civil rights advocacy groups disagreed. These commenters stated that pay secrecy policies are inextricably intertwined with compensation discrimination. They further asserted that because the adverse action in the pay secrecy context often occurs before an employee engages in activity that would be protected under Title VII, the protections in the Order are fundamentally different in kind from anti-retaliation protections under Title VII.

Historically, OFCCP has followed Title VII principles in cases brought under Executive Order 11246.⁶² While that approach continues, we agree with the commenters echoing our position in the NPRM that the protection afforded by Executive Order 13665 “diverges from the traditional Title VII retaliation framework” at issue in *Nassar*. Title VII retaliation claims require, as an initial matter, that the plaintiff oppose an unlawful employment practice, file a charge of discrimination, or participate in an “investigation, proceeding, or hearing” related to Title VII claims. 42 U.S.C. 2000e–3. Executive Order 13665 is different, as it protects *any*

compensation inquiries, discussions, or disclosures and requires neither opposition to an alleged violation of the underlying law nor participation in an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or litigation asserting rights protected by the underlying law.⁶³ A benign question from co-worker to co-worker about the annual bonus she received or an employee’s inadvertent disclosure of a difference in pay between herself and a colleague are conceivable predicates for a claim under the Order.

This difference in scope underpinned OFCCP’s position in the NPRM that the Order is “framed in terms of discrimination” and that its protections are uniquely directed toward “protecting workers from pay discrimination itself,” thus supporting a discrimination analysis. While two of the commenters took issue with this latter statement, asserting that Title VII’s retaliation statute serves the same purpose, we believe there is an important difference—the Order’s protections are geared not only to safeguard the integrity of existing pay discrimination laws, but to also allow workers to *discover discrimination* that would otherwise be hidden. This purpose is explicitly referenced multiple times in the text of Executive Order 13665.⁶⁴ This also dovetails with OFCCP’s existing regulations, as the Order’s protection of open communication regarding compensation is interrelated with contractors’ existing and ongoing affirmative action obligations to evaluate and report on their compensation systems for the existence of potentially discriminatory disparities. See 41 CFR 60–2.17(b)(3).

While OFCCP recognizes the lack of specific “motivating factor” language in the Order and the other textual arguments raised by commenters,⁶⁵ the policy language embedded in the Order, the differences between the Order’s protections and current case law

⁵⁹ E.O. 13665, sec. 2(b).

⁶⁰ *Id.* at sec. 1 (“When employees are prohibited from inquiring about, disclosing, or discussing their compensation with fellow workers, compensation discrimination is much more difficult to discover and remediate, and more likely to persist. . . . Ensuring that employees of Federal contractors may discuss their compensation without fear of adverse action will enhance the ability of Federal contractors and their employees to detect and remediate unlawful discriminatory practices. . . .”).

⁶¹ While the title of the Order uses the term “non-retaliation,” this is not dispositive and must be read in the context of the rest of the Order. See *Lawson v. FMR, LLC*, 134 S. Ct. 1158, 1169 (2014) (“[H]eadings and titles can do no more than indicate the provisions in a most general manner,” and they are “not meant to take the place of the detailed provisions of the text.”) (citing *Trainmen v. Baltimore & Ohio R. Co.*, 331 U.S. 519, 67 S. Ct. 1387, 91 L. Ed. 1646 (1947)).

⁶² *Id.*

⁶³ *Id.*

⁶⁴ See *OFCCP v. Greenwood Mills, Inc.*, No. 00–044, 2002 WL 31932547, at *4 (Admin. Rev. Bd. Dec. 20, 2002).

⁵⁹ 133 S.Ct. 978 (2013).

interpretations of the Title VII retaliation provision, and related affirmative action and nondiscrimination obligations under the existing regulations provide important text and context for determining the appropriate analytical framework to employ. Accordingly, OFCCP does not believe that *Nassar* dictates that a “but-for” analytical framework must be used to analyze pay secrecy claims under Executive Order 13665.

The NPRM also included the motivating factor framework in part because of the overlap in legal protections offered by the Order and the National Labor Relations Act, which also uses a motivating factor analysis. Two commenters took issue with this rationale. One stated simply that the NLRA was “not applicable” to claims under the Order, while another asserted that there are differences in the scope and remedial schemes of the NLRA and the Order that necessitated differing analytical frameworks.

Regarding the first of these commenters, OFCCP respectfully disagrees that the NLRA is simply “not applicable” to the discussion of how claims under Executive Order 13665 should be analyzed. As we stated in the NPRM, there is a close relationship in the type of activity each law protects. Section 7 of the NLRA guarantees the right to engage in “concerted activities for the purpose of . . . mutual aid or protection,” 29 U.S.C. 157, and the National Labor Relations Board has long held that this includes the right “to ascertain what wages are paid by their employer, as wages are . . . probably the most critical element in employment.”⁶⁶ This makes the NLRA the federal law that most closely mirrors the types of pay secrecy policies that the Order addresses. Given that millions of workers, employed by thousands of employers, will be affected by pay secrecy policies under both the NLRA and the Order, reference to the NLRA in an attempt to provide, to the extent possible, a uniform framework of analysis and reduce confusion over the appropriate legal standard is appropriate.

The second commenter raised two broad issues. First, it stated that the analytical framework under the NLRA was different from that proposed under the Executive Order 13665, in that under the NLRA an employer can escape all liability if it can establish that it would have taken the adverse action against the employee in any event. As stated in the NPRM, the reasoning

behind the proposed motivating factor framework was “consistency with Title VII and NLRA principles.” 79 FR 55720 (emphasis added). The initial motivating factor analysis under both laws is essentially the same: the complainant must demonstrate that discrimination was a motivating factor in the employer’s action, and then the employer has a defense provided that it demonstrates that it would have taken the same action even in the absence of protected conduct. Were OFCCP to abandon a motivating factor framework, the analyses under the Order and the NLRA would then be out of alignment despite the existence of substantially identical claims under each.

The NLRA and Title VII then diverge in the remedial structure following a successful articulation of the defense: under the NLRA, the employer can escape all liability, whereas under Title VII, the court may still grant injunctive and declaratory relief, as well as attorneys’ fees. While the final rule follows Title VII rather than NLRA principles in this regard, the enforcement mechanisms in the Order significantly lessen the distinction with the NLRA in two ways. First, the Order does not permit OFCCP to recover attorneys’ fees and costs, thus, as with the NLRA, monetary remedies are not available if an employer establishes a defense in a case proceeding under the motivating factor framework. Second, the inclusion of a specific, complete “essential job functions” defense in the Order, discussed elsewhere in the preamble, provides a mechanism for contractors to avoid liability in certain circumstances consistent with the NLRA.

The commenter also noted that the interpretation of the Order in the NPRM covers more people and more types of activity than does the NLRA and that this will lead to an “exponential increase” in claims, and that applying a motivating factor analysis will further result in an increase in the number of frivolous claims, thus raising costs for the contractor community. As to any potential increase in claims, it is true that one specific purpose of the Order is to expand protections against pay secrecy policies to individuals and types of activities beyond that protected by the NLRA; otherwise, there would be no need for the Order. As discussed at length in the NPRM and in the preamble here, pay discrimination, as well as the existence of pay secrecy policies, remains widespread despite the protections in the NLRA. To the extent there is an increase in meritorious claims, this would indicate the Order’s success at addressing these widespread

problems. As to the assertion that there would be an untenable increase in the number of frivolous claims solely because of the availability of a motivating factor framework, we respectfully disagree. Significantly, there is no private right of action under Executive Orders 11246 or 13665; OFCCP is responsible for investigating complaints filed and bringing enforcement actions, which it has discretion to do only if there is a violation and it has attempted to resolve such violations through informal means. See 41 CFR 60–1.24. Simply put, OFCCP will not pursue frivolous claims, which substantially addresses the concerns raised by the commenter.

For the foregoing reasons, OFCCP concludes that the motivating factor framework is a permissible approach for claims brought under the Executive Order 13665. However, the fact that it is a permissible approach should not be interpreted to say that it is *the only* approach OFCCP may use to prove discrimination. For instance, numerous circuit courts examining Title VII discrimination claims since the Civil Rights Act of 1991, which codified the motivating factor framework, have held that, despite the availability of the motivating factor analysis, plaintiffs may also proceed under the more traditional burden shifting framework first set forth in *McDonnell Douglas Corp. v. Green*, 411 U.S. 792 (1973).⁶⁷ Under this approach, often referred to as the “determinative factor” approach, the plaintiff must first make a *prima facie* showing of discrimination, which includes evidence that he or she is a member of a protected class and was subjected to an adverse action. The employer then has the opportunity to articulate a legitimate nondiscriminatory reason for the adverse employment action it has taken, which the plaintiff must then demonstrate was a pretext for discrimination in order to succeed. Which approach OFCCP uses will be heavily influenced by the facts of the case as they are developed in its investigation and in discovery. In true “mixed motive” cases—where, for instance, the employer can show that it fired an employee in part for taking excessive breaks, but where there is also evidence that the employer fired the employee in part for discussing compensation—the motivating factor approach would be appropriate. Conversely, where the evidence appears

⁶⁷ See, e.g., *Makky v. Chertoff*, 541 F.3d 205, 213–15 (3d Cir. 2008); *Fogg v. Gonzales*, 492 F.3d 447, 451 (D.C. Cir. 2007); *McGinest v. GTE Serv. Corp.*, 360 F.3d 1103, 1122 (9th Cir. 2004).

⁶⁶ *Parexel International LLC*, 356 NLRB No. 82, slip op. at 3 (2011).

clear that there was only a single motive—where, for instance, the employer claims that it fired an employee for taking excessive breaks but the evidence shows that this is demonstrably false or otherwise unworthy of credence—OFCCP may opt to proceed under the more traditional pretext approach. OFCCP may also opt to prove its case via both frameworks, arguing, for instance, that discrimination was the determinative factor in an employer's adverse action but, in the alternative, that it was at least a motivating factor. The Supreme Court and multiple circuit courts have recognized this approach as consistent with the way in which many Title VII cases are litigated.⁶⁸ In sum, while the motivating factor analytical framework is permissible under this Final Rule, OFCCP may use other approaches, based on the evidence available in a particular case, to demonstrate that unlawful discrimination occurred.

Consistency and Compatibility With NLRA

A number of comments concerned the compatibility or consistency of the Order with the NLRA beyond those comments addressed in the analytical framework section above. Some commenters noted that the NLRA already provides some protection for disclosure of compensation information and, therefore, believe this rule is unnecessary. As an initial matter, the Order plainly requires OFCCP to draft implementing regulations. *See* E.O. 13665, sec. 3. Further, as discussed at length in the NPRM and above in this final rule, pay secrecy policies continue to be prevalent despite the existence of the NLRA, preventing workers from discovering and remedying potential discrimination. Finally, also discussed above, the scope of the Order is broader, covering a broader range of workers, including supervisors, and a broader scope of protected activity than that covered under the NLRA.

One commenter took issue with this last point, stating that the Department has not presented sufficient data to

justify coverage of supervisors. Another commenter noted, conversely, that coverage of supervisors is important specifically because they are not covered by the NLRA.

We decline the recommendation to limit coverage of the Order solely to employees who are not supervisors. Neither the Order nor any of the comments provide a basis for doing so. The plain text of the Order extends protections to “any employee or applicant for employment,” providing no language in any way limiting the scope of workers who should be covered by the rule.⁶⁹ Significantly, as discussed in the proposed rule, one of the catalysts for the signing of the Order is the case of *Ledbetter v. Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.*⁷⁰ That case concerned a supervisor who discovered that her wages were less than that of male supervisors and who was warned by company management not to disclose or otherwise discuss this information. Ms. Ledbetter's experience, by no means unique, exemplifies the fact that pay secrecy policies and pay discrimination negatively affect workers on all rungs of the company ladder, and demonstrates the necessity for the broad protections in this rule. We also note that the NLRA concerns the rights of employees to organize and bargain and, therefore, excludes supervisors from its protections for reasons unrelated to this rule. This rule concerns a different policy purpose, that is, the promotion of pay transparency to ensure equitable pay for all of a contractor's employees. Therefore, it is appropriate that this rule covers a wider class of employees.

One commenter raised an issue about having the opportunity to comment on coordination it believes is necessary between the Department and the NLRB in terms of having a consistent standard and a consistent class of covered employees for pay transparency cases. Because sufficient notice about the standard to be applied as well as the covered class was provided during this comment period, there was sufficient opportunity for input on these issues. The Department enforces statutes with overlapping jurisdiction with other agencies and coordinates when necessary. There is no justification for not covering all employees who are covered generally by the protections provided under Executive Order 11246.

Contractor Defenses

As was proposed in the NPRM, and as was established in Executive Order 13665, the final rule contains contractor defenses to alleged violations. First, the

contractor may pursue a defense if its adverse action against an employee or applicant is not based on a rule, policy, practice, agreement or other instrument that prohibits employees and applicants from disclosing compensation. Second, the protections of the Order do not apply, and thus a contractor is allowed to take adverse action against an employee or applicant, if the employee discloses compensation information accessed or received based on performing an essential job function unless the disclosure falls into one or more exemptions.

The structure and function of these defenses are notably different from each other in the text of Executive Order 13665 and, accordingly, are so under these regulations. The “essential job functions” defense is set forth in the same paragraph as the prohibition on discrimination, and states that the prohibition “shall not apply” in instances in which employees disclose compensation data that they have access to as part of their essential job functions.⁷¹ This prohibition, and the defense, are incorporated into the text of Executive Order 11246, as amended.⁷² The second type of defense is phrased quite differently. It is not listed alongside the complete “essential job functions” defense in the text of the Order, nor is it incorporated into the amended Executive Order 11246; rather, it is listed separately in a “General Provisions” section.⁷³ Further, it is described as a defense that the Order does not prohibit a contractor from pursuing, rather than one that completely excises the application of the Executive Order.⁷⁴ We believe these differences are intentional and important, and frame how the defenses are to be employed in actions brought under the Order. A discussion of the function of these defenses, and a response to the comments we received, follows.

Section 60–1.35(a) General Defenses

The NPRM proposed to include a general contractor defense to an alleged violation of paragraph (3) of the equal opportunity clauses listed in § 60–1.4(a) and (b) under which a contractor's actions would not be deemed to be discrimination if the contractor could show that it disciplined the employee for violation of a consistently and uniformly applied rule, policy, practice, agreement, or other instrument that does not prohibit, or tend to prohibit,

⁶⁸ *Price Waterhouse v. Hopkins*, 490 U.S. 228, 247 n.12 (1989) (plurality op.) (“Nothing in this opinion should be taken to suggest that a case must be correctly labeled as either a “pretext” case or a “mixed-motives” case from the beginning . . . indeed, we expect that plaintiffs often will allege, in the alternative, that their cases are both.

Discovery often will be necessary before the plaintiff can know whether both legitimate and illegitimate considerations played a part in the decision against her.”); *see also Ponce v. Billington*, 679 F.3d 840, 845 (D.C. Cir. 2012) (citing *Price Waterhouse*, and noting that “a plaintiff may ultimately decide to proceed under both theories of liability.”); *Rapold v. Baxter Int'l*, 718 F.3d 602, 611–12 (7th Cir. 2013) (citing *Price Waterhouse*).

⁶⁹ E.O. 13665, sec. 2.

⁷⁰ 550 U.S. 618 (2007).

⁷¹ E.O. 13665, sec. 2.

⁷² E.O. 11246, sec. 202(3).

⁷³ E.O. 13665, sec. 5(a).

⁷⁴ *Id.*

employees or applicants from discussing or disclosing their compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants. OFCCP invited comments on how to harmonize contractors' enforcement of legitimate workplace rules with the rights of applicants and employees to discuss, disclose, or inquire about compensation.

OFCCP received several comments on this proposed defense. Some commenters were concerned that the defense was so broad that it could be used as pretext for discrimination and that it allowed for excessive employer subjectivity. These commenters explained that the example cited in the NPRM, where a contractor disciplines an employee for standing on her desk and repeatedly shouting out her pay in violation of a workplace rule prohibiting disruptive behavior, illustrated that contractors could apply such workplace rules in a subjective and discriminatory manner because contractors could define "disruptive" to include all conversations about compensation. These commenters suggested that OFCCP should provide specific definitions and examples of legitimate workplace rules. One commenter also suggested that OFCCP should identify sources that employers could draw from when citing a legitimate workplace rule, such as employee handbooks or collective bargaining agreements.

One other commenter suggested that OFCCP delete "and uniformly" from the phrase "by proving that the contractor disciplined the employee for violation of a consistently and uniformly applied rule . . ." because "uniformly" was superfluous and because contractors should not be required to apply a rule "uniformly" in situations when circumstances warrant a different approach.

OFCCP believes that the defense, as proposed in the NPRM, adequately prevents contractors from using a legitimate workplace rule as a way to avoid liability in the event that it discriminated against an employee or applicant for discussing compensation. The defense requires the contractor to show that it applied a legitimate workplace rule to the employee or applicant in a consistent and uniform manner. If the contractor cannot demonstrate a track record of consistent and uniform application of the workplace rule, then the contractor will not be able to successfully use this defense. Although a contractor need not discipline all employees in an identical way under the workplace rule, it must show that it did not discipline the employee or applicant in question more severely under the rule because of the

employee's or applicant's protected activity.

In response to the concern that contractors could use workplace rules, such as those that prohibit disruptive employee behavior, to target discussions of compensation, OFCCP notes that contractors may only rely on workplace rules that do not prohibit, or tend to prohibit, employees or applicants from discussing or disclosing their compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants. A rule that treated all discussions of pay as "disruptive" would violate these regulations.

OFCCP declines to articulate specific workplace rules that contractors may assert pursuant to this defense. There are many legitimate workplace rules that contractors may be entitled to enforce; OFCCP cannot predict the content or the source of any particular rule that a contractor may rely upon in asserting this defense. Regardless of the type of workplace rule relied upon, however, every contractor must show that the identified workplace rule does not prohibit, or tend to prohibit, employees or applicants from discussing their compensation and that any such rule has been consistently and uniformly applied. For example, if a contractor disciplined an employee or applicant, who was also discussing pay, pursuant to an allegedly legitimate workplace rule, but, for example, had never promulgated or enforced that rule before, the contractor may not be able to show that the workplace rule qualified as a legitimate workplace rule under this defense.

Finally, OFCCP will retain the word "uniformly" in the final rule. OFCCP recognizes that different circumstances may warrant different forms of discipline under the same workplace rule; the fact that an employee or applicant was also discussing compensation, however, should not justify applying the workplace rule in a non-uniform manner. For example, it may be a consistent application for a contractor to suspend all employees who exceed their allotted break time by an hour, even if the contractor only provides a verbal warning to employees who exceed their allotted break time one time by five minutes. For the contractor to act in a uniform manner, it should apply the same corrective action—here, a verbal warning—to employees who exceed their allotted break time once by five minutes, including any employees who may have been discussing compensation. As mentioned above, an employee's or applicant's protected activity should not affect the severity of the discipline they

receive pursuant to a workplace rule. Requiring that contractors uniformly apply workplace rules to similarly situated employees, regardless of their protected activity, prevents contractors from using the rule as a way to avoid liability for discrimination. Therefore, OFCCP believes that the use of the word "uniformly" is not superfluous and will remain in the final rule.

Two commenters proposed adding more specific defenses to the regulation. One commenter suggested that OFCCP add a defense for contractors who limit discussion or disclosure of compensation information pursuant to laws enacted to protect private and/or confidential information. Another commenter recommended that the rule include a specific defense against hacking, such that if an employee obtained salary information through unauthorized access, then the employer should be able to discipline the employee for doing so.

As previously mentioned, the final rule does not expand the defenses to include these recommendations; however, it does not limit the ability of contractors to take disciplinary actions for violations of security policies and applicable privacy laws. Furthermore, as noted in the preamble to the proposed rule, the general defense provision is intended to permit employers to have personnel policies that are uniformly applied to maintain discipline in the workplace and to protect their business. We note generally that a policy that would have the effect of broadly prohibiting employee communication about compensation would be unlawful under this rule. However, a company policy that is narrowly tailored to prohibit disclosure of specific proprietary business information or trade secrets, or that is otherwise designed to be consistent with federal or state privacy laws, if violated, could fall within the general defenses already set forth in the rule. Similarly, if a contractor consistently and uniformly applies a rule prohibiting employees from accessing information without authorization, then this too could potentially fall within the general defense provision. Whether a company policy concerning confidentiality or unauthorized access would be deemed unlawful would be a highly fact-specific inquiry. However, because the general defense set forth could potentially be invoked for these purposes, OFCCP declines to adopt the recommendations to include these specific defenses.

Accordingly, OFCCP declines to make the suggested changes and adopts the defense requirements outlined in the

NPRM into the final rule. OFCCP is, however, rewording the defense to make clear that relying on a workplace rule will not serve as a complete defense, but rather is subject to the analytical framework as discussed above. Consistent with Title VII principles, and the language of Executive Order 13665, a contractor cannot escape all liability within the “motivating factor” framework if the agency can show that discrimination motivated the contractor, even in part, to discipline an employee or applicant. The focus of the Executive Order is on “[e]nsuring that employees of Federal contractors may discuss their compensation without fear of adverse action” so that contractors and their employees can “detect and remediate unlawful discriminatory practices.” E.O. 13665, sec. 1. This policy will not be truly effectuated until all forms of discriminatory actions, even if they are combined with some lawful motivations, are rooted out of the workplace. To the extent that a desire to perpetuate unlawful pay secrecy policies motivated a contractor’s actions, OFCCP will seek to enjoin such practices in the future. A contractor may, however, limit the scope of an adverse remedial order if it can show that it would have taken the same action against the employee or applicant in the absence of any discriminatory motive.⁷⁵

Section 60–1.35(b) Essential Job Functions

As proposed in the NPRM, § 1.35(b) contains a second contractor defense to a claim of discrimination under these regulations. Pursuant to this defense, a contractor will not violate these regulations if it takes adverse action against an employee, who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as part of his or her essential job functions, for disclosing the compensation of other employees or applicants, unless the disclosure occurs in certain limited circumstances. These limited circumstances include disclosures in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing or action, including an investigation conducted by the contractors, or consistent with the contractor’s legal duty to provide information. A formal complaint or charge would include, for

⁷⁵ As discussed *supra*, if the facts of the case dictate that proceeding under the *McDonnell Douglas* determinative factor model is appropriate in a given case, the contractor could use its workplace rule as its asserted legitimate nondiscriminatory reason, which OFCCP would then have the opportunity to demonstrate was a pretext for discrimination.

example, written and oral complaints submitted by the employee, or someone on behalf of the employee, to the contractor’s human resources or other appropriate office or official, and to a Federal, state or local government entity, including courts and administrative boards and councils. Under § 1.35(b), the employee would typically be making the disclosure within, related to, or pursuant to some sort of official action, process, policy, or procedure if the conduct is to be protected from adverse action by the contractor.

As discussed above, OFCCP has revised the definition of “essential job functions” to identify two specific categories of job functions: (1) the access to compensation information is necessary in order to perform that function or other routinely assigned business task; or (2) the function or duties of the position include protecting and maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records, including compensation information. Many of the comments that OFCCP received on this topic related to the definition of “essential job functions” and have been previously addressed. To reiterate, some commenters felt that the definition of essential job functions, and therefore the accompanying defense, should be broadened, while others felt it should be narrowed.

As stated in the NPRM, this defense acknowledges that an employee who has access to compensation information of others within an organization as part of his or her essential job functions has a duty to protect such information from disclosure. The revised definition of “essential job functions” reflects these concerns, while also limiting an employer’s subjectivity in deciding what functions constitute essential job functions. As was stated in the NPRM, however, if an employee discloses or discusses the compensation of other applicants or employees based on information that the employee receives through means other than essential job functions access, the defense would not apply. Similarly, the defense would not apply where such an employee pursues her own possible compensation discrimination claim or raises possible disparities involving the compensation of other employees to a management official with the contractor or while using the contractor’s internal complaint process. This balance protects employers’ confidential information, but does not inhibit those workers with access to such information from pursuing their own claims of compensation discrimination or raising possible disparities to the contractor’s

own management to consider and address if necessary to comply with the law. Without this distinction, employees with essential job functions access, who primarily work in human resources departments and who are predominantly women,⁷⁶ would receive less protection than other employees who learn of possible compensation disparities in a similar manner.

As with any defense, OFCCP will evaluate the availability of a defense under section 1.35(b) based on the specific facts and circumstances of each case. As discussed above, this defense may serve as a complete bar to liability under these regulations. The “motivating factor” framework will not limit the application of the essential job functions defense because releasing compensation information obtained during the course of an employee’s essential job functions is not protected by Executive Order 13665 or this final rule. The policy underlying Executive Order 13665 recognizes that contractors are entitled to prohibit some of their employees from releasing sensitive and confidential information relating to compensation; accordingly, such prohibitions will not give rise to impermissible “motivating factors” under these regulations, and therefore will not implicate the remedial structure under the “motivating factor” framework.

Section 60–1.35(c) Dissemination of nondiscrimination provision

The NPRM proposed to require that Federal contractors incorporate the nondiscrimination provision described in section 2(b) of Executive Order 13665 into existing employee manuals or handbooks, and disseminate the nondiscrimination provision to employees and job applicants. The NPRM proposed that the Director of OFCCP would prescribe the language in the nondiscrimination provision, and that OFCCP would make the language available on the OFCCP Web site. The NPRM stated that contractors would disseminate the provision either electronically or by posting a copy of the provision in conspicuous places available to employees and job applicants. The NPRM did not require or recommend in-person or face-to-face communication of the provision, however, the proposed rule stated that contractors might use this method if they typically communicate information

⁷⁶ As was mentioned in the NPRM, in 2013 at least 71.9 percent of human resources professionals in three occupational categories were women. For further discussion, please refer to the NPRM at 79 FR 55721 (September 17, 2014).

to all employees or applicants in this manner.

OFCCP received six comments on this proposed requirement. One commenter encouraged OFCCP to create a new “pay transparency” poster and add a requirement for contractors to post it in the workplace. Two commenters recommended that OFCCP revise the current “EEO is the Law” poster to include language describing the prohibition against discrimination based on compensation inquiries, discussions, or disclosures, instead of requiring publication of the prescribed nondiscrimination provision in employee manuals and handbooks. Another commenter challenged the use of prescribed language by the OFCCP’s Director. The commenter stated that contractors would be best suited to develop language that articulates both employee and employer rights and obligations.

OFCCP believes that contractors can accomplish the goal of providing notice of the nondiscrimination provision to applicants and employees through existing structures, such as handbooks and manuals. Moreover, OFCCP is mindful of the additional burden that a new posting requirement would impose on contractors, as explained in the below Regulatory Procedures section of this preamble. OFCCP also considered the suggestion that individual contractors develop the language they would use to describe the nondiscrimination provision in their employee handbooks and manuals. However, OFCCP believes that uniformity of such language is necessary to ensure consistency and clarity in the information provided to applicants and employees. Of course, nothing in this rule limits contractors’ ability to provide additional information to their employees about employer and employee rights and obligations. Further, OFCCP seeks to lessen the costs and burden associated with dissemination of the nondiscrimination provision by prescribing the language to describe it. Accordingly, OFCCP declines to make the suggested changes and adopts the dissemination requirements proposed in the NPRM into the final rule.

OFCCP agrees with the suggested inclusion of language describing the prohibition against discrimination based on compensation inquiries, discussions, or disclosures on the “EEO is the Law” poster that contractors are currently required to post. OFCCP will take necessary steps toward producing a poster with this new language. However, posting the “EEO is the Law” poster will not eliminate the obligation

to publish the prescribed nondiscrimination provisions in employee manuals and handbooks.

In the proposed rule, OFCCP sought comments on the feasibility of a proposition that would require contractors with existing manager trainings or meetings to include in them a review of the prohibition on discrimination based on an employee or applicant inquiring about, discussing, or disclosing compensation information. The training requirement, as proposed, would have applied only to contractors that provide manager trainings or meetings; OFCCP would have encouraged other contractors to adopt such training as a best practice for minimizing the likelihood of workplace discrimination. OFCCP received five comments in support and three comments in opposition of this proposed requirement.

Generally, commenters supporting the training proposal asserted that requiring manager training should be required for all contractors. Such a requirement would ensure effective implementation of the new provision, particularly for those contractors with longstanding policies that prohibit wage discussions. Some of these commenters asserted further that contractors with existing training could incorporate required new training into already existing training sessions, as proposed. One commenter suggested extending the training requirement to require contractors to provide employees with individual notice at staff meetings, performance reviews, and other channels.

However, commenters in opposition to the training requirement generally asserted that the proposed training provision would not guarantee effectiveness, would create confusion, would involve significant expense, and would be unnecessary given that contractors are likely already subject to similar Federal and state provisions. One commenter specifically asserted that requiring training for some contractors while only encouraging it for other contractors would create confusion amongst the regulated community with regard to what is required for compliance. Another commenter stated that contractors would achieve increased compliance with the new nondiscrimination provision through clearer guidance from OFCCP as opposed to mandated contractor training. Yet another commenter opposed the requirement because the expense for contractors to update existing training programs would be significant. Such an update would require several levels of internal company review, in addition to costs to

re-deploy training modules. Rather than impose a training requirement on some contractors, some of the comments in opposition suggested that OFCCP only encourage providing this training as a best practice for all contractors.

After consideration of the foregoing comments, the final rule does not require any contractors to modify their existing trainings or meetings to include a review of the prohibition on discriminating based on an employee or applicant inquiring about, discussing, or disclosing compensation information. In making this determination, OFCCP considered the added burden to contractors resulting from them modifying their training materials, as well as the potential for contractors to become confused about which of them would be covered by the training requirement. Although this final rule does not require training, OFCCP encourages all contractors to incorporate personnel training on this new nondiscrimination provision as a best practice.

Alternatives or Additions to Proposed Regulations

In the NPRM, OFCCP requested comments from small contractors on possible alternatives that would minimize the impact of the proposed rule while still accomplishing its goals. Specifically, OFCCP invited interested persons to submit comments on NPRM estimates, including the number of small entities affected by the Order’s prohibition on Federal contractors discriminating against employees and job applicants, the compliance cost estimates, and whether alternatives exist that would reduce burden on small entities while still remaining consistent with the objectives of Executive Order 13665.

OFCCP received two comments proposing alternative approaches. The commenters suggested that the final rule require Federal contractors to create and maintain publicly available employee pay scales, similar to the pay scales maintained for Federal employees. The commenters’ proposal is beyond the scope of Executive Order 13665 and, even if within its scope, such an alternative would be more burdensome than what was proposed in the NPRM. OFCCP further finds that the proposed requirement to disseminate the nondiscrimination provision is the least burdensome means of fostering discussion among employees about pay and allowing for openness among employees to discuss compensation practices.

Regulatory Procedures

Executive Order 12866 (Regulatory Planning and Review) and Executive Order 13563 (Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review)

OFCCP is issuing this final rule in conformity with Executive Orders 13563 and 12866, which directs agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). Executive Order 13563 recognizes that some benefits are difficult to quantify and provides that, where appropriate and permitted by law, agencies may consider and discuss qualitatively values that are difficult or impossible to quantify, including equity, human dignity, fairness, and distributive impacts.

Under Executive Order 12866, OFCCP must determine whether a regulatory action is significant and therefore subject to the requirements of the Executive Order and to review by OMB.⁷⁷ Section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 defines a “significant regulatory action” as an action that is likely to result in a rule that: (1) has an annual effect of \$100 million or more, or adversely affects in a material way a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities (also referred to as economically significant); (2) creates serious inconsistency or otherwise interferes with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially alters the budgetary impacts of entitlement grants, user fees, or loan programs, or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or (4) raises novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the Presidents priorities, or the principles set forth in Executive Order 12866.⁷⁸

This rule has been designated a “significant regulatory action” although not economically significant under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866. The rule is not economically significant because it will not have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more. Accordingly, the rule has been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

The Need for the Regulation

On April 8, 2014, President Barack Obama signed Executive Order 13665,

Non-Retaliation for Disclosure of Compensation Information. 79 FR 20749 (April 11, 2014). This Executive Order prohibits Federal contractors from discharging or discriminating in any other way against employees or applicants who inquire about, discuss, or disclose their own compensation or the compensation of another employee or applicant. Executive Order 13665 necessitates the regulatory changes in this rule to ensure that employees of Federal contractors and subcontractors are able to discuss their compensation without fear of adverse action. Federal contractors also need the regulatory changes to enhance their ability to detect and remediate unlawful discriminatory practices. OFCCP designed the rule to contribute to a more efficient market in Federal contracting, and to ensure that the most qualified and productive workers receive fair wages. The existence of pay secrecy practices means some workers can be fired for even disclosing their compensation or asking their co-workers how much they earn. Even employers who do not specifically restrict employee communications about compensation take great care to guard individual compensation information. This final rule benefits OFCCP’s enforcement by incorporating into the equal opportunity clauses the prohibition against pay secrecy policies, specifically that an employer cannot discriminate against an employee or applicant who has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed compensation information.⁷⁹ By including the provision in the equal opportunity clauses OFCCP clearly defines such actions as discriminatory and enhances its ability to take action when it finds pay secrecy policies or practices during compliance evaluations and investigations.

Currently, OFCCP lacks sufficient, reliable data to assess the gender- or race-based pay gap experienced by employees of Federal contractors or subcontractors, including how much of the potential pay gap is attributable to pay discrimination instead of nondiscriminatory factors, and how many contractors are violating the pay discrimination laws OFCCP enforces. Pay secrecy ranks among one of the most prevalent employer policies and practices that makes discrimination

⁷⁹ The final rule includes an exception for employees (e.g., payroll personnel) who have access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee’s essential job functions. In certain instances, employers may take adverse action against these employees for making compensation disclosures.

more difficult to discover and remediate.⁸⁰ OFCCP’s work led to the determination that there is a substantial need for regulatory action.

U.S. Census data show that more than 15.2 million family households in the United States are headed by women.⁸¹ Nearly 31 percent of these families, or nearly 4,700,000 family households, have incomes that fall below the poverty level.⁸² These and other data provide general information about the potential impact of eliminating pay differentials among men and women, including pay differentials not attributed to discrimination, on the poverty rate of women and their families.⁸³ The data on earnings and the pay gap includes all

⁸⁰ National Equal Pay Task Force, “Fifty Years After the Equal Pay Act,” (June 2013), available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/equalpay/equal_pay_task_force_progress_report_june_2013_new.pdf (last accessed Mar. 8, 2015).

⁸¹ U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey “1-Year Estimates 2013, Table DP02: Selected Social Characteristics in the United States,” available at <http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk> (last accessed Aug. 4, 2015). The calculation uses family households headed by females living in a household with family and no husband. A family household includes a householder, one or more people living in the same household who are related to the householder, and anyone else living in the same household.

⁸² U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, “1-Year Estimates 2013, Geographies: United States, Table DP03: Selected Economic Characteristics,” available at http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_13_1YR_DP03&prodType=table (last accessed Aug. 4, 2015). To determine whether a household falls below the poverty level, the U.S. Census Bureau considers the income of the householder, size of family, number of related children, and, for 1- and 2-person families, age of householder. The poverty threshold in 2013 was \$18,769 for a single householder and two children under 18.

⁸³ National Women’s Law Center, “Closing the Wage Gap is Crucial for Women of Color and Their Families,” (Nov. 2013), available at http://www.nwlc.org/sites/default/files/pdfs/2013.11.13_closing_the_wage_gap_is_crucial_for_woc_and_their_families.pdf (last accessed Aug. 20, 2015). Unequal wages exacerbate poverty rates for many women of color and their families, even among lower-wage earners. The wage gap also makes it difficult to women of color to move upward into the middle class; National Women’s Law Center, “Insecure and Unequal: Poverty and Income Among Women and Families, 2000–2012,” (Sept. 26, 2013), available at <http://www.nwlc.org/resource/insecure-unequal-poverty-among-women-and-families-2000-2012>. Compares poverty rates for adults 18 and older for women and men, for white, non-Hispanics, Asians and Native Americans. Only Native American women have higher poverty rates than Hispanic and African-American women; Lauren Howard, “Wage Disparity Still a Concern?,” available at <http://www.state.tn.us/sos/ecw/Wage%20Disparity%20Article.pdf> citing the Institute for Women’s Policy Research, “Still a Man’s Labor Market: The Long-Term Earnings Gap.” Vulnerability resulting from the damaging effects of lifelong pay inequity is evident in the 20 percent poverty rate shared by senior citizen women who are widowed or divorced or have never married.

⁷⁷ 58 FR 51735.

⁷⁸ *Id.*

employers and all employees in the U.S., whereas this rule would apply to only a subset of such employers and employees. Therefore, the potential impact of this rule would be much smaller than the impact of eliminating pay differentials among all working men and women.

Discrimination, occupational segregation, and other factors contribute to creating and maintaining a gap in earnings and keeping a significant percentage of women in poverty. It is worth noting, however, that some research has established that women earn less than men regardless of the field or occupation.⁸⁴ According to some studies, differences in occupations result in occupational segregation which contributes to the wage gap⁸⁵ and the effect is more pronounced in jobs requiring higher levels of education.⁸⁶ The gender pay gap may also affect the economy as a whole as it exists for both women and men of color when compared to white, non-Hispanic men. At the beginning of 2015, median weekly earnings for African-American men working at full-time jobs totaled \$680 per week, only 76 percent of the median for white men (\$897).⁸⁷ According to BLS data, the median weekly earnings for African-American women equaled \$611 per week, only 68 percent of the median for white men.

⁸⁴ Ariane Hegewisch et al., "Separate and Not Equal? Gender Segregation in the Labor Market and the Gender Wage Gap," Briefing Paper IWPR #C377, Institute for Women's Policy Research (2010).

⁸⁵ Ariane Hegewisch and Heidi Hartmann, Ph.D., *Occupational Segregation and the Gender Wage Gap: A Job Half Done*, (Jan. 2014), sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor Women's Bureau, available at <http://www.iwpr.org/publications/pubs/occupational-segregation-and-the-gender-wage-gap-a-job-half-done> (last accessed Aug. 20, 2015); U.S. Department of Labor, Women's Bureau, "The Economic Status of Women of Color: A Snapshot," available at http://www.dol.gov/wb/media/reports/WB_WomenColorFactSheet.pdf (last accessed Aug. 20, 2015). Ongoing occupational segregation is a persistent contributor to the wage gap for all women, but particularly so for Black and Hispanic women. See also National Women's Law Center, "The 10 Largest Jobs Paying Under \$10.10/Hour Are Majority Women" (Apr. 2013), available at <http://www.nwlc.org/sites/default/files/pdfs/womendominatedminwageoccupations.pdf> (last accessed Aug. 4, 2015).

⁸⁶ Sarah Jane Glynn, Center for American Progress, "Explaining the Gender Wage Gap," (May 2014), available at <https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/economy/report/2014/05/19/90039/explaining-the-gender-wage-gap/> (last accessed Aug. 3, 2015).

⁸⁷ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, "Current Population Survey, Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, annual averages," available at <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/wkyeng.t07.htm> (last accessed Feb. 12, 2015).

Discussion of Impacts

In this section, OFCCP presents a summary of the costs associated with the requirements in the final rule at §§ 60–1.3, 60–1.4 and 60–1.35. The estimated labor cost to contractors is based on Bureau of Labor Statistics data in the publication "Employer Costs for Employee Compensation" issued in December 2013, which lists total compensation for management, professional, and related occupations as \$51.58 per hour and for administrative support as \$24.23 per hour. Unless specified otherwise, OFCCP estimates that 25 percent of the time burden for complying with this rule will be spent by persons in management, professional and related occupations and 75 percent will be spent by persons in administrative support occupations.

There are approximately 500,000 contractor companies or firms registered in the General Service Administration's System for Award Management (SAM). Therefore, OFCCP estimates that 500,000 contractor companies or firms may be affected by the final rule.⁸⁸ This may be an overestimate because SAM captures firms that do not meet OFCCP's jurisdictional dollar threshold. OFCCP's jurisdiction covers active contracts with a value in excess of \$10,000.

Cost of Regulatory Familiarization

OFCCP acknowledges that 5 CFR 1320.3(b)(1)(i) requires agencies to include in the burden analysis for new information collection requirements the estimated time it takes for contractors to review and understand the instructions for compliance. In order to minimize the burden, OFCCP will publish compliance assistance materials including, but not limited to, fact sheets and "Frequently Asked Questions." OFCCP will also host webinars for the contractor community that will describe the new requirements and conduct listening sessions to identify any specific challenges contractors believe they face, or may

⁸⁸ Legacy CCR Extracts Public ("FOIA") Data Package, May 2014, available at <https://www.sam.gov/portal/public/SAM/> (last accessed February 12, 2015). There is at least one reason to believe the SAM data yield an underestimate of the number of entities affected by this rule and other reasons to believe the data yield an overestimate. SAM does not necessarily include all subcontractors, thus potentially leading to an underestimate, but this limitation of the data is offset somewhat because of the overlap among contractors and subcontractors; a firm may be a subcontractor on some activities but have a contract on others and thus be included in the SAM data. The SAM data may produce an overestimate of the entities affected by this rule because the data set includes: inactive contractors, contracts below this proposed rule's \$10,000 threshold, and recipients of Federal grants and Federal financial assistance.

face, when complying with the requirements.

OFCCP believes that Federal contractors' human resources or personnel managers will be responsible for understanding or becoming familiar with the new requirements. OFCCP estimates that it will take one hour for a management professional at each contractor company to either read the compliance assistance materials provided by OFCCP or participate in an OFCCP webinar to learn more about the new requirements. One commenter asserted that one hour was an underestimation of the time needed for familiarization. The commenter asserted that multiple individuals at each contractor company would be required to become familiar with the requirements. OFCCP acknowledges that the precise amount of time each company will take to engage in certain activities will be difficult to estimate. However, the estimate used does take into account the fact that many contractors are smaller and may not have the same staff or human resources capabilities. Therefore, OFCCP retains its original estimate that it will take 60 minutes for regulatory familiarization. The estimated cost of this burden is assumed to be entirely at the Management, Professional, and Related Occupations level. Consequently, the estimated time burden for rule familiarization is 500,000 hours (500,000 contractor companies × 1 hour = 500,000 hours). The estimated cost is \$25,790,000 (500,000 hours × \$51.58/hour = \$25,790,000).

Cost of New Provisions

The final rule prohibits discrimination based on employees and applicants inquiring about, discussing, or disclosing their compensation or the compensation of others unless the employee has access to compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions. The prohibition against discrimination would apply to all Federal contractors and subcontractors and federally assisted construction contractors and subcontractors with contracts or subcontracts in excess of \$10,000. The new requirements are located at §§ 60–1.3, 60–1.4 and 60–1.35.

The final rule amends § 60–1.3 to include definitions for compensation, compensation information, and essential job functions as it relates to employees who have access to compensation information. Some commenters indicated that OFCCP should be required to assess additional burden because of the compensation

definition. The commenter asserted that the definition would require contractors to change their analysis of employment processes. Another commenter suggested that OFCCP assess the burden for additional data requests that are made during compliance evaluations. OFCCP declines to adopt either of these two positions. The final rule does not change the requirement to conduct an in-depth analysis of employment practices. Contractors are required by existing regulations to analyze their personnel activity data annually, including compensation, to determine whether and where impediments to equal employment opportunity exist. The final rule establishes a definition of compensation, but does not change the existing regulatory requirement at 41 CFR 60–2.17(b)(3). OFCCP's guidance and regulations have historically included salary, wages, overtime pay, shift differentials, bonuses, commissions, vacation and holiday pay, allowances, insurance and other benefits, stock options, profit sharing and retirement.⁸⁹ Thus, OFCCP found no need to change the assessed burden for this requirement. The provision of a definition for compensation does not increase the costs of compliance with this rule. In response to the comment related to requests made during compliance evaluations, the addition of a definition of compensation does not change the manner by which OFCCP conducts its compliance evaluations, nor does it require the compliance officers to collect more data. The Federal Contract Compliance Manual and OFCCP's Directive 2013–03 instruct compliance officers to analyze all aspects of pay. Thus, the requests for additional data are not a new cost or burden to contractors.

In § 60–1.4(a)(3), the final rule mandates that each contracting agency incorporate the prohibition into the equal opportunity clause of Federal contracts and contract modifications, if the provision was not included in the original contract. More specifically, existing § 60–1.4(a)(3) provisions on notices sent to each labor union or representative of workers would be placed in § 60–1.4(a)(4); existing § 60–1.4(a)(4) would be placed in § 60–1.4(a)(5); existing § 60–1.4(a)(5) would be placed in § 60–1.4(a)(6); existing § 60–1.4(a)(6) would be placed in § 60–1.4(a)(7); and existing § 60–1.4(a)(7) would be placed in new § 60–1.4(a)(8). The equal opportunity clause may be

incorporated by reference into Federal contracts and subcontracts.

In § 60–1.4(b)(3), the final rule mandates that each administering agency incorporate the prohibition into the equal opportunity clause of a grant, contract, loan, insurance, or guarantee involving federally assisted construction that is not exempted from the equal opportunity clause. More specifically, existing § 60–1.4(b)(3) provisions on notices sent to each labor union or representative of workers would be placed in § 60–1.4(b)(4); existing § 60–1.4(b)(4) would be placed in § 60–1.4(b)(5); existing § 60–1.4(b)(5) would be placed in § 60–1.4(b)(6); existing § 60–1.4(b)(6) would be placed in § 60–1.4(b)(7); and existing § 60–1.4(b)(7) would be placed in new § 60–1.4(b)(8). The equal opportunity clause may be incorporated by reference into federally assisted contracts and subcontracts.

To comply with this requirement, contractors may incorporate the equal opportunity clause into their nonexempt subcontracts either in its entirety or by including it by reference. While some contractors may need to locate the revised equal opportunity clause and incorporate it into existing contract templates, other contractors that include the clause by reference will make no change to existing subcontract language. One commenter asserted that it would take at least ten hours to comply with the new requirement. The commenter asserted that it would involve attorneys, procurement, logistics, and vendor services. However, the commenter did not provide any specificity that would explain or support this estimate. OFCCP disagrees with this assessment as the activity simply involves finding the new clause, provided by either OFCCP or the procurement officer, and incorporating that new wording into a contract template. OFCCP's estimate takes into account the fact that many contractors are smaller and may not have staffing or departments devoted to procurement, logistics, or vendor services. Therefore, OFCCP retains its original estimate that contractors will spend approximately 15 minutes modifying existing contract templates to ensure the additional language is included. The estimated time burden for this provision is 125,000 hours (500,000 contractors × 0.25 hours = 125,000 hours). The estimated cost of this provision is \$3,883,438 ((125,000 hours × 0.25 × \$51.58) + (125,000 × 0.75 × \$24.23) = \$3,883,438).

The final rule adds § 60–1.35(a) and (b) discussing contractor defenses to an allegation of violation of § 60–1.4(a)(3) and (b)(3). The text of paragraph (a) incorporates the text in section 5(a) of

Executive Order 13665. The text of paragraph (b) is drawn from the text in section 2(b) of the same Executive Order. There is no burden associated with the inclusion of these new paragraphs.

Section 60–1.35(c) of the final rule requires contractors to disseminate the nondiscrimination provision by incorporating it into existing employee manuals or handbooks, and disseminating it to employees and to job applicants. This dissemination can be executed electronically or by posting a copy of the provision in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment. In person or face-to-face communication of the provision is not required or recommended, however, contractors may use this method if they typically communicate information to all employees or applicants in this manner. In order to reduce the burden to contractors associated with disseminating the provision, the final rule requires contractors to adopt the nondiscrimination language provided by OFCCP into contractors' existing employee manuals or handbooks and otherwise make it available to employees and applicants. One commenter indicated that disseminating the policy to employees and applicants would take considerably more time as it would not only be necessary to incorporate the provision into handbooks and post the policy, but it would also require additional personnel to communicate and approve the changes to handbooks and postings. The provisions of this rule apply to all Federal contractors and subcontractors, thus when estimating the cost, it is necessary to factor in that many Federal contractors are small and do not have the same staff or human resources capabilities. Thus, OFCCP retains its original calculation, as it is more reflective of the range of Federal contractors and their respective practices. A second commenter indicated that contractors should be allowed to develop their own statements for incorporation into handbooks. OFCCP disagrees with both of these commenters. By providing the required language, OFCCP significantly reduces the burden of this requirement. The statement as written in the regulations must be included verbatim into existing handbooks. Allowing contractors to develop their own statements would be more burdensome for contractors, requiring additional resources for the development and review of the statement. Moreover, using a uniform statement eliminates confusion about

⁸⁹ Federal Contract Compliance Manual Chapter 2, Section 2L03 and Chapter 3, section 3H03 (Oct. 2014).

the appropriateness of the statement, and minimizes possible confusion by employees and applicants about the nature and purpose of the statement. Thus, OFCCP has selected the least burdensome alternative.

Section 60–1.35(c)(i) requires contractors to include the nondiscrimination provision in existing employee manuals or handbooks. OFCCP assumes that most contractors (98 percent) maintain these documents electronically.⁹⁰ For those contractors that maintain the documents electronically, we are not requiring contractors to physically reproduce their manuals to include the provision if they do not maintain hardcopies of manuals and handbooks. However, for those contractors that do not maintain their handbooks electronically, OFCCP believes those contractors (2 percent) will prepare and print a single errata sheet to update their hardcopy manual. OFCCP estimates it will take 20 minutes for contractors to locate, review, and reproduce the provision as provided by OFCCP and 15 minutes to incorporate it into existing employee manuals or handbooks; the total time required is 35 minutes (or 0.58 hours) to comply with this provision. Therefore, OFCCP estimates the time burden of this provision is 290,000 hours (500,000 contractor companies × 0.58 hours = 290,000 hours). The estimated cost of this provision is \$9,009,575 ((290,000 hours × 0.25 × \$51.58) + (290,000 hours × 0.75 × \$24.23)).⁹¹ OFCCP believes that this estimation may overstate the burden as it assumes that all 500,000 contractors have a handbook including contractors with fewer than 10 employees. The smaller contractors, those with 10 or fewer employers, represent 58 percent of the contractors in the SAM database and are the less

likely to have formal employee handbooks.

Section 60–1.35(c)(ii) requires contractors to disseminate the nondiscrimination provision to employees and to job applicants. This dissemination can be executed by electronic posting or by posting a copy of the provision in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment. OFCCP believes that 99 percent of contractors will post the information electronically while 1 percent will post the provision on employee bulletin boards. OFCCP’s estimate is that it will take 15 minutes (or 0.25 hours) for contractors posting the provision electronically to prepare and post the provision. Additionally, OFCCP estimates it will take 75 minutes (or 1.25 hours) for contractors posting the provision manually to prepare the provision and post it in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment. Therefore, OFCCP estimates that the time burden of this provision is 130,000 hours ((500,000 contractor companies × 99% × 0.25 hours) + (500,000 contractor companies × 1% × 1.25 hours) = 130,000 hours). The estimated cost of this provision is \$4,038,775 ((123,750 hours × 0.25 × \$51.58 + 123,750 hours × 0.75 × \$24.23) + (6,250 hours × 0.25 × \$51.58) + (6,250 hours × 0.75 × \$24.23)).⁹²

Contractors are required to maintain documentation of other notices; the regulations implementing Executive Order 11246, VEVRAA and Section 503 currently require recordkeeping related to personnel and employment activity. See 41 CFR 60–1.12; 60–4.3(a)(7); 60–300.80; 60–741.80. Consequently, there is no new time burden or cost for retaining copies of the notices to employees.

OFCCP estimates that the combined time burden for becoming familiar with

and complying with the final rule is 1,045,000 hours (500,000 hours + 125,000 hours + 290,000 hours + 130,000 hours = 1,045,000 hours).

Operations and Maintenance Costs

In addition to the time burden calculated above, OFCCP estimates that contractors will incur operations and maintenance costs, mostly in the form of materials.

Section 60–1.35(c)(i)

OFCCP estimates that 1 percent of contractors (5,000 contractor companies) will incorporate the nondiscrimination provision into their existing hardcopy handbook or manual. OFCCP estimates that these 5,000 contractor companies will incorporate into an existing handbook or manual a single one-page errata sheet that includes the nondiscrimination provision. OFCCP estimates the one-time operations and maintenance cost of this provision is \$400 (500,000 contractors × 1% × 1 page × \$0.08 = \$400).

Section 60–1.35(c)(ii)

OFCCP estimates that 1 percent of contractors will inform employees by posting the provision on existing employee bulletin boards. OFCCP assumes that on average these contractors will post the policy on 10 bulletin boards. Therefore OFCCP estimates the operations and maintenance cost of this provision is \$4,000 (500,000 contractor companies × 1% × 10 pages × \$0.08 = \$4,000).

The estimated total first year cost of the final rule is \$42,726,188 or \$85 per contractor company. Below, in Table 1, is a summary of the burden hours and costs; Table 2 shows the total cost summary for the first year and recurring years.

TABLE 1—CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS

| Estimated First-Year Burden Hours and Costs | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Section | Burden hours | Costs |
| Regulatory Familiarization | 500,000 | \$25,790,000 |
| 60–1.3 Definitions | 0 | 0 |
| 60–1.4(a) and (b) Contracting agencies amend the equal opportunity clause | 125,000 | 3,883,438 |
| 60–1.4(d) Change “Deputy Assistant Secretary” to “Director of OFCCP” | 0 | 0 |
| 60–1.35(c)(i) Incorporation into manuals or handbooks | 290,000 | 9,009,575 |
| 60–1.35(c)(ii) Making the provision available to employees and applicants via electronic posting or manually posting a copy | 130,000 | 4,038,775 |

⁹⁰This is based on the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission representation that 98 percent of the employers submitting the EEO–1 report file their submissions electronically through a Web based online filing system. See Supporting Statement for Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements for Employer Information Report

(EEO–1), p. 1, OMB Control 3046–0007 Employer Information Report (EEO–1), available at http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAViewDocument?ref_nbr=201412-3046-001 (last accessed May 5, 2015).

⁹¹OFCCP assumes that administrative support will identify the appropriate clause, and insert it

into the handbook (75 percent) with management oversight (25 percent).

⁹²OFCCP assumes that administrative support will copy and paste the clause into a notice and either post or send it electronically (75 percent) with management oversight (25 percent).

TABLE 1—CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS—Continued

| Estimated First-Year Burden Hours and Costs | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Section | Burden hours | Costs |
| Total First-Year Burden Hours and Costs | 1,045,000 | 42,721,788 |
| Estimated Recurring Burden Hours and Costs | | |
| Section | Burden hours | Costs |
| 60–1.35(a) and (b) Defenses | 0 | 0 |
| Total Annual Recurring Burden Hours and Costs | 0 | 0 |
| Total Operations and Maintenance Costs | 0 | 4,400 |
| Total Burden Hours and Cost of the Final Rule | 1,045,000 | \$42,726,188 |

TABLE 2—TOTAL COST SUMMARY

| | Hours | Costs | Per contractor company |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------|
| First Year Hours/Costs | 1,045,000 | \$42,726,188 | \$85 |
| Annual Recurring Hours/Cost | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Summary of Benefits and Transfers

Executive Order 13563 recognizes that some rules have benefits that are difficult to quantify or monetize but are, nevertheless, important and states that agencies may consider such benefits. This rule, to the extent that it is effective, has equity and fairness benefits, which are explicitly recognized in Executive Order 13563. Enabling the employees and applicants of Federal contractors to discuss their compensation without fear of adverse action can contribute to reducing pay discrimination and ensuring that qualified and productive employees receive fair compensation. OFCCP designed the final rule to achieve these benefits by:

- Supporting more effective enforcement of the prohibition against compensation discrimination.
- Providing better remedies to workers victimized by compensation discrimination.
- Increasing employees' and applicants' understanding of the value of their skills in the labor market.
- Enhancing the ability of Federal contractors and their employees to detect and remediate unlawful discriminatory practices.

Social Benefits of Improved Nondiscrimination Enforcement

Social science research suggests antidiscrimination law can have broad social benefits, not only to those workers who are explicitly able to mobilize their rights and obtain redress,

but also to the workforce and the economy as a whole. In general, discrimination is incompatible with an efficient labor market. Discrimination interferes with the ability of workers to find jobs that match their skills and abilities and to obtain wages consistent with a well-functioning marketplace.⁹³ Discrimination may reflect market failure, where collusion or other anti-discriminatory practices allow majority group members to shift the costs of discrimination to minority group members.⁹⁴

For this reason, effective nondiscrimination enforcement can promote economic efficiency and growth. For example, a number of scholars have documented the benefits of the civil rights movement and the adoption of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 on the economic prospects of workers and the larger economy.⁹⁵ One recent study estimated that improved workforce participation by women and minorities, including

⁹³ Shelley J. Lundberg and Richard Starz, "Private Discrimination and Social Intervention in Competitive Labor Markets," 73 *American Economic Review* 340 (1983); Dennis J. Aigner and Glen G. Cain, "Statistical Theories of Discrimination in Labor Markets," 30 *Industrial and Labor Relations Review*, 175 (1977).

⁹⁴ Kenneth J. Arrow, "What Has Economics to Say about Racial Discrimination?," 12 *The Journal of Economic Perspectives* 91 (1998).

⁹⁵ J. Hoult Verkerke, "Free to Search," 105 *Harvard Law Review* 2080 (1992); James J. Heckman and Brook S. Payner, "Determining the Impact of Federal Anti-Discrimination Policy on the Economic Status of Blacks: A Study of South Carolina," 79 *American Economic Review* 138 (1989).

through adoption of civil rights laws and changing social norms, accounts for 15–20 percent of aggregate wage growth between 1960 and 2008.⁹⁶ On a smaller scale, the benefits of this rule have the potential to make an economic impact by providing employees of Federal contractors with a tool that allows them to identify potential compensation discrimination that undermines their financial security.

Regulatory Flexibility Act and Executive Order 13272 (Consideration of Small Entities)

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (RFA) 5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*, as amended requires agencies to prepare regulatory flexibility analyses and make them available for public comment, when proposing regulations that will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. See 5 U.S.C. 603. If the rule is not expected to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities the RFA allows an agency to certify such, in lieu of preparing an analysis. See 5 U.S.C. 605. As explained in the initial Regulatory Flexibility Act and Executive Order 13272 section of the proposed rule, OFCCP did not expect the proposed rule to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. 79 FR 55712 (September 17, 2014). However in the interest of transparency and to provide

⁹⁶ Hsieh, C., Hurst, E. Jones, C. I., Klenow, P. J. "The Allocation of Talent and U.S. Economic Growth," *NBER Working Paper* (2013).

an opportunity for public comment, OFCCP prepared an initial regulatory flexibility analysis rather than certifying that the proposed rule was not expected to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. In the NPRM, OFCCP specifically requested comments on the initial regulatory flexibility analysis, including the number of small entities affected by the Executive Order's prohibition on Federal contractors from discriminating against employees and job applicants, the compliance cost estimates, and whether alternatives exist that will reduce burden on small entities while still remaining consistent with the objective of Executive Order 13665. See 79 FR 55726 (September 17, 2014). While OFCCP received eleven comments that addressed the costs and burdens of the proposed rule, none commented on the initial regulatory flexibility analysis. Thus, as explained below, OFCCP is adopting the proposed rule's economic analysis for purposes of the final rule.

In the NPRM, OFCCP estimated the impact on small entities that are covered contractors of complying with the requirements contained in this final rule. OFCCP certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. In making this certification, OFCCP determined that all small entities subject to Executive Order 11246 would be required to comply with all of the provisions of the final rule and that the compliance cost would be approximately \$85 per contractor. Such compliance requirements are more fully described above in other portions of this preamble. The following section analyzes the cost of complying with Executive Order 13665.

In estimating the annual economic impact of this rule on the economy, OFCCP determined the compliance cost of the rule and whether the costs would be significant for a substantial number of small contractor firms (*i.e.* small business firms that enter into contracts with the Federal Government). If the estimated compliance costs for affected small contractor firms are less than 3 percent of small contractor firms' revenues, OFCCP considered it appropriate to conclude that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on the small contractor firms covered by Executive Order 13665. OFCCP has chosen 3 percent as the significance criteria; however, using this benchmark as an indicator of significant impact may overstate the significance of such an impact, since the costs associated with prohibiting discrimination against employees and

job applicants who inquire about or discuss their own compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants are expected to be mitigated to some degree by the benefits of the rule. The benefits, which may include improved employee productivity and decreased employee turnover, are discussed more fully in the preamble of this final rule.

The data sources used in the analysis of small business impact are the Small Business Administration's (SBA) Table of Small Business Size Standards,⁹⁷ the Current Population Survey (CPS), and the U.S. Census Bureau's Statistics of U.S. Businesses (SUSB).⁹⁸ Since Federal contractors are not limited to specific industries, OFCCP assessed the impact of the proposed rule across the 19 industrial classifications.⁹⁹ Because data limitations do not allow OFCCP to determine which of the small firms within these industries are Federal contractors, OFCCP assumes that these small firms are not significantly different from the small Federal contractors that will be directly affected by the rule.

OFCCP used the following steps to estimate the cost of the proposed rule per small contractor firm as measured by a percentage of the total annual receipts. First, OFCCP used Census SUSB data that disaggregates industry information by firm size in order to perform a robust analysis of the impact on small contractor firms. OFCCP applied the SBA small business size standards to the SUSB data to determine the number of small firms in the affected industries. Then OFCCP used receipts data from the SUSB to calculate the cost per firm as a percent of total receipts by dividing the estimated

annual cost per firm by the average annual receipts per firm. This methodology was applied to each of the industries and the results by industry are presented in Tables 3–21 below.

In sum, the increased cost of compliance resulting from the proposed rule is *de minimis* relative to revenue at small contractor firms no matter their size. All of the industries had an annual cost per firm as a percent of receipts of 3 percent or less. For instance, the manufacturing industry cost is estimated to range from 0.00 percent for firms that have average annual receipts of approximately \$985 million to 0.02 percent for firms that have average annual receipts of under \$500,000. Management of companies and enterprises is the industry with the highest relative costs, with a range of 0.00 percent for firms that have average annual receipts of approximately \$2 million to 0.36 percent for firms that have average annual receipts of under \$24,000. Therefore, OFCCP determined that in no instance was the effect of the proposed rule greater than 3 percent of total receipts.

OFCCP then determined the number of small contractor firms actually affected by the proposed rule. This information is not readily available. The best source for the number of small contractor firms that are affected by this proposed rule is GSA's System for Award Management (SAM). OFCCP used SAM data to estimate the number of affected small contractor firms since SAM data allow us to directly estimate the number of small contractor firms. Federal contractor status cannot be discerned from the SBA firm size data. It can only be used to estimate the number of small firms, not the number of small contractor firms. OFCCP used the SBA data to estimate the impact of the proposed regulation on a "typical" or "average" small firm in each of the 19 industries. OFCCP then assumed that a typical small firm is similar to a small contractor firm. Thus, based on its analysis, OFCCP believes that this rule will not have a significant economic effect on a substantial number of small businesses.

Based on the most current SAM data available, if OFCCP defines small as fewer than 500 employees, then there are 328,552 small contractor firms. If OFCCP defines small as firms with less than \$35.5 million in revenues, then there are 315,902 small contractor firms. Thus, OFCCP established the range from 315,902 to 328,552 as the total number of small contractor firms. Of course, not all of these contractor firms will be impacted by the proposed rule; only those contractor firms that have policies

⁹⁷ U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Firm Size Data, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, Business Dynamics Statistics, Business Employment Dynamics, and Nonemployer Statistics," available at <http://www.sba.gov/advocacy/849/12162#susb> (last accessed June 9, 2014).

⁹⁸ U.S. Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, "Latest SUSB Annual Data," available at <http://www.census.gov/econ/susb/> (last accessed June 9, 2014).

⁹⁹ Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting Industry (North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 11, Mining NAICS 21, Utilities NAICS 22, Construction NAICS 23, Manufacturing, NAICS 31–33, Wholesale Trade NAICS 42, Retail Trade NAICS 44–45, Transportation and Warehousing NAICS 48–49, Information NAICS 51, Finance and Insurance NAICS 52, Real Estate and Rental and Leasing NAICS 53, Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services NAICS 54, Management of Companies and Enterprises NAICS 55, Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services NAICS 56, Educational Services NAICS 61, Healthcare and Social Assistance NAICS 62, Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation NAICS 71, Accommodation and Food Services NAICS 72, Other Services NAICS 81.

that prohibit employees and job applicants from inquiring about, discussing or disclosing their own compensation or the compensation of other employees or job applicants. Thus, this range is an overestimate of the number of firms affected by the proposed rule because some of those small contractor firms do not have such a policy or practice. As the proposed

regulation applies to contractors covered by Executive Order 11246, OFCCP estimates that the range of small firms impacted ranges from 315,902 to 328,552 or all covered Federal contractor companies.

OFCCP has closely reviewed the economic analysis it utilized in the proposed rule and carefully considered all the comments received. Based on its

review and consideration, OFCCP has concluded that the method used to conduct the economic analysis in the proposed rule reasonably estimated the annual effect of the rule, based on the data sources available to OFCCP. OFCCP is accordingly adopting the proposed rule's economic analysis for purposes of the final rule.

TABLE 3—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND HUNTING INDUSTRY, THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$0.75 MILLION–\$27.5 MILLION

| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm ¹ | Annual cost per firm ² | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm ³ | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts ⁴ (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 5,086 | N/A | N/A | \$85 | \$247,056,000 | \$48,576 | 0.17 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 8,939 | 21,523 | 2.4 | 85 | 2,231,355,000 | 249,620 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 3,670 | 19,631 | 5.3 | 85 | 2,620,344,000 | 713,990 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 3,230 | 30,944 | 9.6 | 85 | 4,975,078,000 | 1,540,272 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 1,117 | 20,049 | 17.9 | 85 | 3,811,000,000 | 3,411,817 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 289 | 8,997 | 31.1 | 85 | 1,730,128,000 | 5,986,602 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 165 | 7,588 | 46.0 | 85 | 1,340,763,000 | 8,125,836 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 112 | 6,130 | 54.7 | 85 | 1,288,588,000 | 11,505,250 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 55 | 4,042 | 73.5 | 85 | 874,841,00 | 15,906,200 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 44 | 5,325 | 121.0 | 85 | 858,761,000 | 19,517,295 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 26 | 2,800 | 107.7 | 85 | 595,387,000 | 22,899,500 | 0.00 |

N/A = not available, not disclosed

¹ In the case of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting firms with receipts of \$100,000 to \$499,999, the average number of employees per firm (2.4) was derived by dividing the total number of employees (21,523) by the number of firms (8,939).

² The annual cost per firm (\$85) accounts for regulatory familiarization, including the policy in existing handbooks, including it in existing manager meetings, and informing employees of the prohibition.

³ In the case of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting firms with receipts of \$100,000 to \$499,999, the average receipts per firm (\$249,620) was derived by dividing the total annual receipts (\$2,231,355,000) by the number of firms (8,939).

⁴ In the case of agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting firms with receipts of \$100,000 to \$499,999, the annual cost per firms as a percent of receipts (0.03 percent) was derived by dividing the annual cost per firm (\$119) by the average receipts per firm (\$249,620).

TABLE 4—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE MINING INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS 500 EMPLOYEES

| Mining industry | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm ¹ | Annual cost per firm ² | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm ³ | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts ⁴ (percent) |
| Firms with 0–4 employees | 11,223 | 17,874 | 1.6 | \$85 | \$6,809,517,000 | \$606,747 | 0.01 |
| Firms with 5–9 employees | 3,186 | 21,314 | 6.7 | 85 | 6,304,810,000 | 1,978,911 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 10–19 employees | 2,451 | 33,344 | 13.6 | 85 | 9,092,457,000 | 3,709,693 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 20–99 employees | 2,775 | 107,447 | 38.7 | 85 | 32,035,288,000 | 11,544,248 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 100–499 employees | 690 | 102,299 | 148.3 | 85 | 38,463,690,000 | 55,744,478 | 0.00 |

¹ In the case of mining firms with 0–4 employees, the average number of employees per firm (1.6) was derived by dividing the total number of employees (17,874) by the number of firms (11,223).

² The annual cost per firm (\$85) accounts for regulatory familiarization, including the policy in existing handbooks, including it in existing manager meetings, and informing employees of the prohibition.

³ In the case of mining firms with 04 employees, the average receipts per firm (\$606,747) was derived by dividing the total annual receipts (\$6,809,517,000) by the number of firms (11,223).

⁴ In the case of mining firms with 04 employees, the annual cost per firm as a percent of receipts (0.01 percent) was derived by dividing the annual cost per firm (\$119) by the average receipts per firms (\$606,747).

TABLE 5—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE UTILITIES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS 250–1,000 EMPLOYEES

| Utilities industry | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with 0–4 employees | 3,212 | 6,181 | 1.9 | \$85 | \$7,238,519,000 | \$2,253,586 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 5–9 employees | 1,020 | 6,546 | 6.4 | 85 | 4,373,888,000 | 4,288,125 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 10–19 employees | 513 | 6,722 | 13.1 | 85 | 5,657,251,000 | 11,027,780 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 20–99 employees | 870 | 38,602 | 44.4 | 85 | 27,513,924,000 | 31,625,200 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 100–499 employees | 309 | 52,294 | 169.2 | 85 | 53,091,123,000 | 171,815,932 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 500+ employees ¹ | 199 | 512,412 | 2,574.9 | 85 | 475,894,489,000 | 2,391,429,593 | 0.00 |

¹ The small business size for several subsectors within the utilities industry is 750 or 1,000 employees; however, data are not disaggregated for firms with more than 500 employees.

TABLE 6—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$15 MILLION–\$36.5 MILLION.

| Construction industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 151,986 | N/A | N/A | \$85 | \$7,636,718,000 | \$50,246 | 0.17 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 316,475 | 776,806 | 2.5 | 85 | 81,110,428,000 | 256,293 | 0.03 |

TABLE 6—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$15 MILLION–\$36.5 MILLION.—Continued

| Construction industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 124,214 | 642,823 | 5.2 | 85 | 88,028,843,000 | 708,687 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 110,546 | 1,049,670 | 9.5 | 85 | 173,054,634,000 | 1,565,454 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 47,962 | 864,701 | 18.0 | 85 | 167,758,626,000 | 3,497,740 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 16,992 | 492,370 | 29.0 | 85 | 102,502,053,000 | 6,032,371 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 7,801 | 308,512 | 39.5 | 85 | 66,977,650,000 | 8,585,777 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 8,259 | 427,159 | 51.7 | 85 | 99,174,146,000 | 12,008,009 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 4,354 | 289,441 | 66.5 | 85 | 73,881,089,000 | 16,968,555 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 2,611 | 209,081 | 80.1 | 85 | 56,928,754,000 | 21,803,429 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 1,621 | 150,754 | 93.0 | 85 | 43,119,720,000 | 26,600,691 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 1,171 | 121,928 | 104.1 | 85 | 36,848,837,000 | 31,467,837 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 831 | 94,903 | 114.2 | 85 | 30,307,198,000 | 36,470,756 | 0.00 |

N/A = not available, not disclosed

TABLE 7—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS 500–1,500 EMPLOYEES

| Manufacturing industry | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with 0–4 employees | 114,635 | 213,123 | 1.9 | \$85 | \$46,236,636,000 | \$403,338 | 0.02 |
| Firms with 5–9 employees | 53,500 | 358,110 | 6.7 | 85 | 53,036,608,000 | 991,338 | 0.01 |
| Firms with 10–19 employees | 44,939 | 612,113 | 13.6 | 85 | 97,897,887,000 | 2,178,462 | 0.00 |

TABLE 7—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS 500–1,500 EMPLOYEES—Continued

| Manufacturing industry | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with 20–99 employees | 55,603 | 2,288,585 | 41.2 | 85 | 440,739,564,000 | 7,926,543 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 100–199 employees | 13,945 | 2,445,779 | 175.4 | 85 | 634,737,830,000 | 45,517,234 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 500+ employees ¹ | 4,079 | 7,402,462 | 1,814.8 | 85 | 4,019,587,050,000 | 985,434,432 | 0.00 |

¹ The small business size standard for many subsectors within the manufacturing industry is 750, 1,000, or 1,500 employees; however, data are not disaggregated for firms with more than 500 employees.

TABLE 8—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE WHOLESALE TRADE INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS 100 EMPLOYEES

| Wholesale trade industry | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with 0–4 employees | 190,153 | 325,412 | 1.7 | \$85 | \$297,267,502,000 | \$1,563,307 | 0.01 |
| Firms with 5–9 employees | 57,366 | 377,841 | 6.6 | 85 | 249,842,292,000 | 4,355,233 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 10–19 employees | 39,354 | 525,216 | 13.3 | 85 | 325,243,478,000 | 8,264,560 | 0.00 |
| Firms with 20–99 employees | 36,783 | 1,365,914 | 37.1 | 85 | 899,443,843,000 | 24,452,705 | 0.00 |

TABLE 9—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE RETAIL TRADE INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION

| Retail trade industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 98,659 | N/A | N/A | \$85 | \$5,008,702,000 | \$50,768 | 0.17 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 251,705 | 727,585 | 2.9 | 85 | 67,380,242,000 | 267,695 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 122,575 | 634,006 | 5.2 | 85 | 87,491,736,000 | 713,781 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 120,985 | 1,019,672 | 8.4 | 85 | 190,373,341,000 | 1,573,528 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 55,634 | 774,581 | 13.9 | 85 | 193,186,239,000 | 3,472,449 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 19,594 | 418,263 | 21.3 | 85 | 117,223,823,000 | 5,982,639 | 0.00 |

TABLE 9—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE RETAIL TRADE INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Retail trade industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 9,582 | 272,697 | 28.5 | 85 | 80,790,141,000 | 8,431,449 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 9,824 | 366,889 | 37.3 | 85 | 115,236,313,000 | 11,730,081 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 5,310 | 256,826 | 48.4 | 85 | 86,999,536,000 | 16,384,093 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 3,498 | 201,289 | 57.5 | 85 | 72,964,681,000 | 20,858,971 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 2,438 | 167,596 | 68.7 | 85 | 61,987,531,000 | 25,425,566 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 1,835 | 144,987 | 79.0 | 85 | 55,162,317,000 | 30,061,208 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 1,491 | 122,188 | 82.0 | 85 | 50,711,404,000 | 34,011,673 | 0.00 |

N/A = not available, not disclosed.

TABLE 10—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION

| Transportation and warehousing industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 40,510 | N/A | N/A | \$85 | \$1,939,749,000 | \$47,883 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 67,987 | 181,924 | 2.7 | 85 | 16,284,066,000 | 239,517 | 0.04 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 22,377 | 151,091 | 6.7 | 85 | 15,756,895,000 | 704,156 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 20,915 | 271,012 | 13.0 | 85 | 32,305,484,000 | 1,544,608 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 9,183 | 223,156 | 24.3 | 85 | 31,359,227,000 | 3,414,922 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 3,550 | 136,436 | 38.4 | 85 | 20,463,648,000 | 5,764,408 | 0.00 |

TABLE 10—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Transportation and warehousing industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 1,800 | 91,408 | 50.8 | 85 | 14,261,554,000 | 7,923,086 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 1,840 | 123,966 | 67.4 | 85 | 19,933,921,000 | 10,833,653 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 988 | 85,367 | 86.4 | 85 | 14,057,603,000 | 14,228,343 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 621 | 68,836 | 110.8 | 85 | 11,060,118,000 | 17,810,174 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 429 | 51,989 | 121.2 | 85 | 8,257,805,000 | 19,248,963 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 311 | 45,274 | 145.6 | 85 | 7,184,425,000 | 23,101,045 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 235 | 32,922 | 140.1 | 85 | 5,902,588,000 | 25,117,396 | 0.00 |

N/A = not available, not disclosed.

TABLE 11—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE INFORMATION INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION

| Information industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 15,960 | N/A | N/A | \$85 | \$767,642,000 | \$48,098 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 27,678 | 80,336 | 2.9 | 85 | 6,876,130,000 | 248,433 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 10,311 | 67,954 | 6.6 | 85 | 7,260,927,000 | 704,192 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 9,808 | 120,499 | 12.3 | 85 | 15,248,992,000 | 1,554,750 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 4,508 | 100,331 | 22.3 | 85 | 15,472,313,000 | 3,432,190 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 1,837 | 65,601 | 35.7 | 85 | 10,856,893,000 | 5,910,121 | 0.00 |

TABLE 11—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE INFORMATION INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Information industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 1,018 | 46,846 | 46.0 | 85 | 8,447,070,000 | 8,297,711 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 1,092 | 68,058 | 62.3 | 85 | 12,300,328,000 | 11,264,037 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 601 | 49,812 | 82.9 | 85 | 9,293,544,000 | 15,463,468 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 389 | 37,522 | 96.5 | 85 | 7,616,666,000 | 19,580,118 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 270 | 30,523 | 113.0 | 85 | 6,512,265,000 | 24,119,500 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 175 | 25,649 | 146.6 | 85 | 4,971,718,000 | 28,409,817 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 136 | 21,553 | 158.5 | 85 | 4,082,897,000 | 30,021,301 | 0.00 |

N/A = not available, not disclosed.

TABLE 12—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE FINANCE AND INSURANCE INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION

| Finance and insurance industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 61,548 | N/A | N/A | \$85 | \$2,931,522,000 | \$47,630 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 118,169 | 308,539 | 2.6 | 85 | 29,379,598,000 | 248,624 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 33,703 | 177,822 | 5.3 | 85 | 23,302,679,000 | 691,413 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 23,023 | 222,822 | 9.7 | 85 | 35,135,972,000 | 1,526,125 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 9,728 | 185,783 | 19.1 | 85 | 33,574,070,000 | 3,451,282 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 4,108 | 118,100 | 28.7 | 85 | 24,483,200,000 | 5,959,883 | 0.00 |

TABLE 12—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE FINANCE AND INSURANCE INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Finance and insurance industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 2,405 | 90,442 | 37.6 | 85 | 20,088,983,000 | 8,353,007 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 2,820 | 148,252 | 52.6 | 85 | 33,267,079,000 | 11,796,837 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 1,564 | 106,896 | 68.3 | 85 | 25,663,650,000 | 16,408,983 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 1,028 | 87,611 | 85.2 | 85 | 21,843,640,000 | 21,248,677 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 685 | 65,621 | 95.8 | 85 | 17,478,694,000 | 25,516,342 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 515 | 58,841 | 113.6 | 85 | 15,619,023,000 | 30,328,200 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 418 | 51,263 | 122.6 | 85 | 14,150,222,000 | 33,852,206 | 0.00 |

N/A = not available, not disclosed.

TABLE 13—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE REAL ESTATE AND RENTAL AND LEASING INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION

| Real estate and rental and leasing industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 86,219 | N/A | N/A | \$85 | \$4,165,673,000 | \$48,315 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 124,930 | 299,041 | 2.4 | 85 | 30,501,166,000 | 244,146 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 39,747 | 191,958 | 4.8 | 85 | 27,836,936,000 | 700,353 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 29,717 | 269,366 | 9.1 | 85 | 45,164,417,000 | 1,519,818 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 10,013 | 181,600 | 18.1 | 85 | 33,652,743,000 | 3,360,905 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 3,288 | 95,418 | 29.0 | 85 | 18,788,566,000 | 5,714,284 | 0.00 |

TABLE 13—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE REAL ESTATE AND RENTAL AND LEASING INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Real estate and rental and leasing industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 1,553 | 62,482 | 40.2 | 85 | 12,221,244,000 | 7,869,442 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 1,518 | 81,675 | 53.8 | 85 | 16,329,830,000 | 10,757,464 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 771 | 48,442 | 62.8 | 85 | 11,037,708,000 | 14,316,093 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 464 | 36,318 | 78.3 | 85 | 8,012,159,000 | 17,267,584 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 365 | 32,555 | 89.2 | 85 | 7,621,190,000 | 20,879,973 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 228 | 25,638 | 112.4 | 85 | 5,610,499,000 | 24,607,452 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 161 | 17,743 | 110.2 | 85 | 4,144,542,000 | 25,742,497 | 0.00 |

N/A = not available, not disclosed.

TABLE 14—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND TECHNICAL SERVICES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION

| Professional, scientific and technical services industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 207,967 | N/A | N/A | \$85 | \$9,968,674,000 | \$47,934 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 339,834 | 814,116 | 2.4 | 85 | 82,241,004,000 | 242,003 | 0.04 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 102,144 | 584,473 | 5.7 | 85 | 71,850,790,000 | 703,426 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 78,520 | 870,369 | 11.1 | 85 | 120,442,007,000 | 1,533,902 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 28,337 | 631,182 | 22.3 | 85 | 97,339,397,000 | 3,435,064 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 9,714 | 355,210 | 36.6 | 85 | 57,721,674,000 | 5,942,112 | 0.00 |

TABLE 14—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND TECHNICAL SERVICES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Professional, scientific and technical services industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 4,863 | 245,206 | 50.4 | 85 | 40,592,738,000 | 8,347,263 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 4,658 | 313,530 | 67.3 | 85 | 53,578,044,000 | 11,502,371 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 2,338 | 211,940 | 90.7 | 85 | 36,728,134,000 | 15,709,210 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 1,381 | 147,737 | 107.0 | 85 | 27,448,191,000 | 19,875,591 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 954 | 122,039 | 127.9 | 85 | 22,622,723,000 | 23,713,546 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 603 | 91,258 | 151.3 | 85 | 15,961,413,000 | 26,470,005 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 511 | 83,414 | 163.2 | 85 | 15,941,272,000 | 31,196,227 | 0.00 |

N/A = not available, not disclosed.

TABLE 15—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE MANAGEMENT OF COMPANIES AND ENTERPRISES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$20.5 MILLION

| Management of companies and enterprises industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 1,895 | 11,318 | 6.0 | \$85 | \$44,606,000 | \$23,539 | 0.36 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 1,387 | 4,529 | 3.3 | 85 | 293,971,000 | 211,947 | 0.04 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 964 | 5,082 | 5.3 | 85 | 373,917,000 | 387,881 | 0.02 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 2,039 | 18,829 | 9.2 | 85 | 1,087,692,000 | 533,444 | 0.02 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 2,242 | 26,723 | 11.9 | 85 | 1,698,014,000 | 757,366 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 1,717 | 28,312 | 16.5 | 85 | 1,855,703,000 | 1,080,782 | 0.01 |

TABLE 15—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE MANAGEMENT OF COMPANIES AND ENTERPRISES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$20.5 MILLION—Continued

| Management of companies and enterprises industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 1,258 | 22,469 | 17.9 | 85 | 1,711,464,000 | 1,360,464 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 1,942 | 41,651 | 21.4 | 85 | 3,120,558,000 | 1,606,878 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 1,423 | 34,363 | 24.1 | 85 | 2,997,064,000 | 2,106,159 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 1,075 | 30,583 | 28.4 | 85 | 2,508,188,000 | 2,333,198 | 0.00 |

TABLE 16—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT AND WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$5.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION

| Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services industry | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 99,021 | 139,832 | 1.4 | \$85 | \$4,500,981,00 | \$45,455 | 0.19 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 129,948 | 513,457 | 4.0 | 85 | 31,661,803,000 | 243,650 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 40,405 | 409,563 | 10.1 | 85 | 28,444,220,000 | 703,978 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 31,127 | 725,649 | 23.3 | 85 | 47,963,623,000 | 1,540,901 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 12,294 | 678,340 | 55.2 | 85 | 42,093,718,000 | 3,423,924 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 4,589 | 434,622 | 94.7 | 85 | 26,428,877,000 | 5,759,180 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 2,411 | 311,321 | 129.1 | 85 | 19,304,673,000 | 8,006,915 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 2,309 | 424,912 | 184.0 | 85 | 24,412,659,000 | 10,572,828 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 1,266 | 292,501 | 231.0 | 85 | 17,408,483,000 | 13,750,776 | 0.00 |

TABLE 16—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT AND WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$5.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services industry | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 724 | 208,939 | 288.6 | 85 | 12,542,375,000 | 17,323,722 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 528 | 174,359 | 330.2 | 85 | 10,341,768,000 | 19,586,682 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 402 | 173,953 | 432.7 | 85 | 9,015,658,000 | 22,427,010 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 267 | 122,013 | 457.0 | 85 | 6,382,657,000 | 23,905,082 | 0.00 |

TABLE 17—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION

| Educational services industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 21,831 | 50,906 | 2.3 | \$85 | \$1,003,931,000 | \$45,986 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 27,938 | 158,913 | 5.7 | 85 | 6,788,475,000 | 242,984 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 8,504 | 112,142 | 13.2 | 85 | 5,984,604,000 | 703,740 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 8,465 | 213,786 | 25.3 | 85 | 13,376,338,000 | 1,580,194 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 4,302 | 209,778 | 48.8 | 85 | 14,792,101,000 | 3,438,424 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 1,588 | 117,648 | 74.1 | 85 | 9,314,307,000 | 5,865,433 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 888 | 83,741 | 94.3 | 85 | 7,129,969,000 | 8,029,244 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 1,003 | 127,781 | 127.4 | 85 | 11,306,008,000 | 11,272,191 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 461 | 79,059 | 171.5 | 85 | 6,983,007,000 | 15,147,521 | 0.00 |

TABLE 17—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Educational services industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 355 | 73,045 | 205.8 | 85 | 6,992,060,000 | 19,695,944 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 268 | 70,191 | 261.9 | 85 | 6,343,422,000 | 23,669,485 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 172 | 60,202 | 350.0 | 85 | 5,119,182,000 | 29,762,686 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 138 | 55,753 | 404.0 | 85 | 4,536,897,000 | 32,876,065 | 0.00 |

TABLE 18—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION

| Health care and social assistance industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 107,112 | 162,265 | 1.5 | \$85 | \$5,064,756,000 | \$47,285 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 242,566 | 1,027,234 | 4.2 | 85 | 66,168,531,000 | 272,786 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 125,095 | 1,054,985 | 8.4 | 85 | 88,227,442,000 | 705,284 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 84,361 | 1,466,391 | 17.4 | 85 | 126,989,626,000 | 1,505,312 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 26,466 | 1,107,445 | 41.8 | 85 | 91,034,690,000 | 3,439,685 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 9,453 | 712,840 | 75.4 | 85 | 56,541,818,000 | 5,981,362 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 4,867 | 501,258 | 103.0 | 85 | 41,063,966,000 | 8,437,223 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 5,198 | 760,603 | 146.3 | 85 | 61,116,459,000 | 11,757,687 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 2,468 | 497,184 | 201.5 | 85 | 40,851,963,000 | 16,552,659 | 0.00 |

TABLE 18—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Health care and social assistance industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 1,374 | 347,358 | 252.8 | 85 | 29,140,498,000 | 21,208,514 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 978 | 284,827 | 291.2 | 85 | 25,026,728,000 | 25,589,701 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 665 | 230,360 | 346.4 | 85 | 20,167,268,000 | 30,326,719 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 485 | 185,982 | 383.5 | 85 | 16,744,181,000 | 34,524,085 | 0.00 |

TABLE 19—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT, AND RECREATION INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION

| Arts, entertainment, and recreation industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 33,186 | 53,994 | 1.6 | \$85 | \$1,569,733,000 | \$47,301 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 46,210 | 199,647 | 4.3 | 85 | 11,295,277,000 | 244,434 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 15,493 | 162,642 | 10.5 | 85 | 10,894,947,000 | 703,217 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 12,148 | 259,480 | 21.4 | 85 | 18,531,141,000 | 1,525,448 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 4,674 | 209,762 | 44.9 | 85 | 16,040,448,000 | 3,431,846 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 1,718 | 120,586 | 70.2 | 85 | 9,983,571,000 | 5,811,159 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 806 | 74,628 | 92.6 | 85 | 6,466,756,000 | 8,023,270 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 660 | 77,131 | 116.9 | 85 | 7,102,423,000 | 10,761,247 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 344 | 49,061 | 142.6 | 85 | 4,965,644,000 | 14,435,012 | 0.00 |

TABLE 19—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT, AND RECREATION INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Arts, entertainment, and recreation industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 224 | 40,309 | 180.0 | 85 | 4,136,002,000 | 18,464,295 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 155 | 33,220 | 214.3 | 85 | 3,428,904,000 | 22,121,961 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 115 | 28,855 | 250.9 | 85 | 2,873,044,000 | 24,982,991 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 84 | 25,163 | 299.6 | 85 | 2,569,574,000 | 30,590,167 | 0.00 |

TABLE 20—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION—\$38.5 MILLION

| Accommodation and food services industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 99,592 | 207,093 | 2.1 | \$85 | \$4,845,922,000 | \$48,658 | 0.17 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 216,446 | 1,349,187 | 6.2 | 85 | 55,536,558,000 | 256,584 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 79,875 | 1,260,097 | 15.8 | 85 | 55,913,962,000 | 700,018 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 56,476 | 1,777,649 | 31.5 | 85 | 84,117,236,000 | 1,489,433 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 14,095 | 896,373 | 63.6 | 85 | 46,231,300,000 | 3,279,979 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 3,720 | 403,866 | 108.6 | 85 | 21,249,810,000 | 5,712,315 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 1,621 | 244,772 | 151.0 | 85 | 12,835,230,000 | 7,918,094 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 1,628 | 340,741 | 209.3 | 85 | 17,984,834,000 | 11,047,195 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 859 | 252,279 | 293.7 | 85 | 13,054,878,000 | 15,197,763 | 0.00 |

TABLE 20—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$7.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Accommodation and food services industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 446 | 170,201 | 381.6 | 85 | 8,420,579,000 | 18,880,222 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 363 | 153,594 | 423.1 | 85 | 7,987,110,000 | 22,003,058 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 241 | 115,452 | 479.1 | 85 | 6,405,041,000 | 26,576,934 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales/receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 170 | 90,301 | 531.2 | 85 | 4,832,335,000 | 28,425,500 | 0.00 |

TABLE 21—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE OTHER SERVICES (EXCEPT PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION) INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$5.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION

| Other services industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue below \$100,000 | 195,234 | 322,002 | 1.6 | \$85 | \$9,308,948,000 | \$47,681 | 0.18 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$100,000 to \$499,999 | 307,613 | 1,225,144 | 4.0 | 85 | 75,113,021,000 | 244,180 | 0.03 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$500,000 to \$999,999 | 87,833 | 756,786 | 8.6 | 85 | 61,131,552,000 | 695,998 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 | 55,883 | 926,035 | 16.6 | 85 | 4,065,314,000 | 1,504,309 | 0.01 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 | 16,522 | 531,104 | 32.1 | 85 | 55,620,907,000 | 3,366,475 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999 | 4,967 | 252,838 | 50.9 | 85 | 28,838,406,000 | 5,806,001 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999 | 2,326 | 151,376 | 65.1 | 85 | 18,502,407,000 | 7,954,603 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$10,000,000 to \$14,999,999 | 2,114 | 173,393 | 82.0 | 85 | 23,140,184,000 | 10,946,161 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$15,000,000 to \$19,999,999 | 1,005 | 104,997 | 104.5 | 85 | 14,696,909,000 | 14,623,790 | 0.00 |

TABLE 21—COST PER SMALL FIRM IN THE OTHER SERVICES (EXCEPT PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION) INDUSTRY THE SBA SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD FOR THIS INDUSTRY IS \$5.5 MILLION–\$38.5 MILLION—Continued

| Other services industry | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Number of firms | Total number of employees | Average number of employees per firm | Annual cost per firm | Annual receipts | Average receipts per firm | Annual cost per firm as percent of receipts (percent) |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$20,000,000 to \$24,999,999 | 620 | 73,209 | 118.1 | 85 | 11,076,548,400 | 17,865,400 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$25,000,000 to \$29,999,999 | 405 | 50,974 | 125.9 | 85 | 8,159,095,000 | 20,145,914 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$30,000,000 to \$34,999,999 | 274 | 42,041 | 153.4 | 85 | 6,643,223,000 | 24,245,339 | 0.00 |
| Firms with sales receipts/revenue of \$35,000,000 to \$39,999,999 | 227 | 37,259 | 164.1 | 85 | 5,392,740,000 | 23,756,564 | 0.00 |

Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*, and its attendant regulations, 5 CFR part 1320, requires that OFCCP consider the impact of paperwork and other information collection burdens imposed on the public. Under the PRA an agency may not collect or sponsor the collection of information, nor may impose an information collection requirement unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. *See* 5 CFR 1320.8(b)(3)(vi). The OMB has assigned control number 1250–0008 to the third party disclosure of the equal opportunity clause provisions to subcontractors. The OMB has assigned control numbers 1250–0001 and 1250–0003 to the general recordkeeping provisions of the laws administered by OFCCP. In accordance with the PRA, OFCCP solicited public comments on the proposed changes to the information collection proposed in the NPRM, as discussed below. *See* 79 FR 55712 (September 17, 2014). OFCCP also submitted a contemporaneous request for OMB review of the proposed information collection in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 3507(d). On December 5, 2014, the OMB issued a notice that instructed the agency to resubmit the information collection request upon promulgation of the final rule and after consideration of public comments received.

Compliance Date

Affected parties do not have to comply with the new information

collection requirements under § 60–1.35 until the Department publishes a Notice in the **Federal Register** stating that OMB has approved the information collections under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*, or until this rule otherwise takes effect, whichever is later.

Circumstances Necessitating Collection

Executive Order 13665 amends the equal opportunity clause provided in Executive Order 11246 by adding the prohibition that Federal contractors may not discriminate against employees and job applicants who inquire about, discuss or disclose their own compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants. Federal contractors are required to amend the equal opportunity clauses incorporated into their subcontracts, and notify job applicants and employees of the requirement. Executive Order 13665 became effective at signing and applies to contracts entered into on or after the effective date of this final rule.

The final rule contains several provisions that could be considered “collections of information” as defined by the PRA: The amendment to the equal opportunity clause incorporated into contracts and subcontracts, and the notification given to employees and job applicants.

Proposed § 60–1.35(c)(i) and (ii) required the incorporation of the new provision verbatim into existing handbooks and manuals, and the dissemination of a notification to employees and applications. The disclosure of information originally

supplied by the Federal government to the recipient for the purpose of disclosure is not included within the PRA’s definition of “collection of information.” *See* 5 CFR 1320.3(c)(2). OFCCP determined that proposed § 60–1.35(c)(i) and (ii) did not meet the PRA’s definition of “collection of information” and therefore these provisions are not subject to the PRA’s requirements. However, OFCCP determined that the proposed changes to § 60–1.4 could be considered information collections, therefore an information collection request (ICR) was submitted to OMB for PRA authorization.

Information and Technology

Each contractor determines its own methods for developing and maintaining information, including creating electronic templates. Contractors may meet the requirements of this rule using paper or electronic means.

Public Comments

OFCCP sought public comments regarding the potential burdens imposed by information collections contained in the NPRM which reflected burden related to the amendment to the equal opportunity clause incorporated into contracts and subcontracts.

OFCCP received 11 comments regarding costs and burdens from employer groups, women’s groups, employers and individuals. Of the 11 comments, one stated that the new rule should not incur any significant cost as the language will be prescribed by OFCCP and that the rule eliminates a

policy of taking adverse action against employees.

Some of the commenters indicated that the rule was unduly burdensome or unnecessary because it had no clear effect on addressing the pay gap. Some of these commenters indicated that the pay gap could be explained by other nondiscriminatory explanations. OFCCP disagrees that the rule is unnecessary and unduly burdensome. OFCCP worked with several other Federal agencies on the National Equal Pay Task Force to identify the persistent challenges to equal pay enforcement and to develop an action plan for implementing recommendations to resolve those challenges. OFCCP also consulted a number of sources in order to assess the need for the rule. For instance, OFCCP reviewed national statistics on earnings by gender produced by BLS and the U.S. Census Bureau. Those statistics show persistent pay gaps for female and minority workers. These well-documented earnings differences based on race and sex have not been fully explained by nondiscriminatory factors including differences in worker qualifications such as education and experience, occupational differences, work schedules or other similar factors. Thus, some of the remaining unexplained portion of the pay gap may be attributable to discrimination. In addition, prohibiting pay secrecy policies will enhance the ability of Federal contractors and their employees to detect and remediate unlawful discriminatory practices. Thus, the rule improves the efficacy of Executive Order 11246 and the efficiency of the market in Federal contracting. In order to reduce the burden of implementing Executive Order 13665, OFCCP allows contractors to incorporate the equal opportunity clause by reference into its subcontracts. In addition, OFCCP is providing specific language for incorporation into handbooks and the notice for applicants and employees. Thus, OFCCP has proposed the most efficient manner to implement the amendments.

Other commenters asserted that OFCCP underestimated the burdens created by the new rule. In this area, one commenter proposed alternative calculations related to the implementation of the rule. In considering the alternative calculations of burden, OFCCP took into consideration that although the commenter represents a segment of the contractor universe, it is not reflective of the entire SAM contractor universe. OFCCP expects the costs to vary by contractor. While some contractors may

incur more costs, others will likely incur less. Thus, the estimates of burden reflect an average estimate for all covered contractors in the SAM contractor universe. Therefore, OFCCP has retained its calculation of the burden as proposed in the NPRM. Another commenter indicated that OFCCP did not include burdens associated with the definition of compensation and the impact that the definition proposed in the NPRM may have on Federal contractors. The commenter indicated that OFCCP should take the burden that the compensation definition “will impose on annual evaluations under contractors’ identification of problem areas section of their affirmative action programs.” OFCCP disagrees with this commenter’s assertion. Contractors are required to perform an in-depth analysis of its total employment process to determine whether and where impediments to equal employment opportunity exist. *See* 41 CFR 60–2.17(b). The evaluation includes an analysis of each contractor’s compensation system. OFCCP’s guidance and regulations have historically included salary, wages, overtime pay, shift differentials, bonuses, commissions, vacation and holiday pay, allowances, insurance and other benefits, stock options, profit sharing and retirement.¹⁰⁰ Thus, OFCCP did not assess additional burden as this obligation has not changed. Another commenter asserted that OFCCP did not assess the additional burden associated with data requests received during compliance evaluations. The collection of information during an investigation or the conduct of a civil action is an exception within the PRA’s definition of collection of information. *See* 5 CFR 1320.4(a)(2).

One commenter suggested that OFCCP allow contractors discretion regarding the wording of the notice for incorporation in the handbook and posting. In order to reduce burden, OFCCP provides the wording for the notification. As the majority of comments received related to burden were opposed to increasing burden, OFCCP declines to increase burden and instead will provide the exact wording for the notice and language to incorporate into existing employee handbooks.

OFCCP has resubmitted the revised information collection (1250–0008) to OMB for approval, and OFCCP intends to publish a notice announcing OMB’s

¹⁰⁰ Federal Contract Compliance Manual, Chapter 2, Section 2L03 and Chapter 3, section 3H03 (Oct. 2014).

decision regarding this information collection request. A copy of the information collection request can be obtained by contacting OFCCP as shown in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this preamble.

Comments to the OMB should be directed to: Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention OMB Desk Officer for the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503; Telephone: 202–395–7316 (these are not toll-free numbers). Comments can be submitted to OMB by email at OIRA_submission@omb.eop.gov. The OMB will consider all written comments it receives within 30 days of publication of this final rule. The OMB and the Department are particularly interested in comments that:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collections of information are necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of IT (e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses).

Number of Respondents

All nonexempt Federal contractors with contracts, subcontracts, federally assisted construction contracts or subcontracts in excess of \$10,000 are required to comply with this final rule. There are approximately 500,000 contractor firms registered in the General Service Administration’s SAM. Therefore, OFCCP estimates there are 500,000 contractor firms.

Summary of Paperwork Burdens

The estimated total annual burden for complying with the new regulatory requirement is listed in Table 22, below. The burden is calculated as an annual burden based on a three-year approval of this information collection request. OFCCP believes that in the first year of implementation contractors will modify their equal opportunity clauses. Additionally, OFCCP estimates that in subsequent years 1 percent of the contractors will be required to modify

their equal opportunity clauses, as they will be new contractors.

TABLE 22—ESTIMATED ANNUAL BURDEN FOR CONTRACTOR COMPANIES

| New requirement | Estimated annual burden hours | Monetization |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| § 60–1.4 | 42,500 | \$ 1,320,369 |
| Total Cost | 42,500 | \$1,320,369 |

These paperwork burden estimates are summarized as follows:

Type of Review: New collection.

Agency: Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Department of Labor.

Title: Prohibitions Against Pay Secrecy Policies and Actions.

OMB ICR Reference Number: 1250–0008.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit; individuals.

Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 500,000.

Frequency of Response: On occasion.

Estimated Total Annual Burden

Hours: 42,500.

Estimated Total Annual PRA Costs: \$0.

Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996

This rule is not a major rule as defined by section 804 of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996. This rule will not result in an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more; a major increase in costs or prices; or significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of the United States-based companies to compete with foreign-based companies in domestic and export markets.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

For purposes of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, 2 U.S.C. 1532, this rule does not include any Federal mandate that may result in excess of \$100 million in expenditures by state, local, and tribal governments in the aggregate or by the private sector.

Executive Order 13132 (Federalism)

OFCCP has reviewed this rule in accordance with Executive Order 13132 regarding federalism, and has determined that it does not have “federalism implications.” This rule will not “have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of

power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.”

Executive Order 13175 (Consultation and Coordination With Indian Tribal Governments)

This rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175 that requires a tribal summary impact statement. The rule does not have substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes.

Effects on Families

The undersigned hereby certifies that the rule would not adversely affect the well-being of families, as discussed under section 654 of the Treasury and General Government Appropriations Act, 1999.

Executive Order 13045 (Protection of Children)

This rule would have no environmental health risk or safety risk that may disproportionately affect children.

Environmental Impact Assessment

A review of this rule in accordance with the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*; the regulations of the Council on Environmental Quality, 40 CFR part 1500 *et seq.*; and DOL NEPA procedures, 29 CFR part 11, indicates the rule would not have a significant impact on the quality of the human environment. There is, thus, no corresponding environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement.

Executive Order 13211 (Energy Supply)

This rule is not subject to Executive Order 13211. It will not have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy.

Executive Order 12630 (Constitutionally Protected Property Rights)

This rule is not subject to Executive Order 12630 because it does not involve implementation of a policy that has takings implications or that could impose limitations on private property use.

Executive Order 12988 (Civil Justice Reform Analysis)

This rule was drafted and reviewed in accordance with Executive Order 12988 and will not unduly burden the Federal court system. The rule was: (1) reviewed

to eliminate drafting errors and ambiguities; (2) written to minimize litigation; and (3) written to provide a clear legal standard for affected conduct and to promote burden reduction.

List of Subjects in 41 CFR Part 60–1

Civil rights, Employment, Equal employment opportunity, Government contracts, Government procurement, Investigations, Labor, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Patricia A. Shiu,

Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs.

Accordingly, part 60–1 of title 41 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 60–1—OBLIGATIONS OF CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 60–1 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 201, E.O. 11246, 30 FR 12319, 3 CFR, 1964–1965 Comp., p. 339, as amended by E.O. 11375, 32 FR 14303, 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 684, E.O. 12086, 43 FR 46501, 1978 Comp., p. 230 and E.O. 13279, 67 FR 77141, 3 CFR, 2002 Comp., p. 258, E.O. 13665, 79 FR 20749 and E.O. 13672, 79 FR 42971.

■ 2. Section 60–1.3 is amended by adding definitions in alphabetical order for “Compensation,” “Compensation information,” and “Essential job functions” to read as follows:

§ 60–1.3 Definitions.

* * * * *

Compensation means any payments made to, or on behalf of, an employee or offered to an applicant as remuneration for employment, including but not limited to salary, wages, overtime pay, shift differentials, bonuses, commissions, vacation and holiday pay, allowances, insurance and other benefits, stock options and awards, profit sharing, and retirement.

Compensation information means the amount and type of compensation provided to employees or offered to applicants, including, but not limited to, the desire of the contractor to attract and retain a particular employee for the value the employee is perceived to add to the contractor’s profit or productivity; the availability of employees with like skills in the marketplace; market research about the worth of similar jobs in the relevant marketplace; job analysis, descriptions, and evaluations; salary and pay structures; salary surveys; labor union agreements; and contractor decisions, statements and

policies related to setting or altering employee compensation.

* * * * *

Essential job functions—(1) *In general.* The term *essential job functions* means the fundamental job duties of the employment position an individual holds.

(2) A job function may be considered essential if:

(i) The access to compensation information is necessary in order to perform that function or another routinely assigned business task; or

(ii) The function or duties of the position include protecting and maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records, including compensation information.

(3) The application or interpretation of the “essential job functions” definition in this part is limited to the discrimination claims governed by Executive Order 13665 and its implementing regulations.

* * * * *

■ 3. Section 60–1.4 is revised to read as follows:

§ 60–1.4 Equal opportunity clause.

(a) *Government contracts.* Except as otherwise provided, each contracting agency shall include the following equal opportunity clause contained in section 202 of the order in each of its Government contracts (and modifications thereof if not included in the original contract):

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

(1) The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the contracting officer setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

(2) The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for

employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.

(3) The contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee’s essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor’s legal duty to furnish information.

(4) The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the agency contracting officer, advising the labor union or workers’ representative of the contractor’s commitments under section 202 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

(5) The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.

(6) The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the contracting agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.

(7) In the event of the contractor’s non-compliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of such rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance

with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.

(8) The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance: *Provided*, however, that in the event the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

(b) *Federally assisted construction contracts.* (1) Except as otherwise provided, each administering agency shall require the inclusion of the following language as a condition of any grant, contract, loan, insurance, or guarantee involving federally assisted construction which is not exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause:

The applicant hereby agrees that it will incorporate or cause to be incorporated into any contract for construction work, or modification thereof, as defined in the regulations of the Secretary of Labor at 41 CFR Chapter 60, which is paid for in whole or in part with funds obtained from the Federal Government or borrowed on the credit of the Federal Government pursuant to a grant, contract, loan, insurance, or guarantee, or undertaken pursuant to any Federal program involving such grant, contract, loan, insurance, or guarantee, the following equal opportunity clause:

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

(1) The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their

race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

(2) The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.

(3) The contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.

(4) The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representatives of the contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

(5) The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.

(6) The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or

pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.

(7) In the event of the contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts or federally assisted construction contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.

(8) The contractor will include the portion of the sentence immediately preceding paragraph (1) and the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administering agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance:

Provided, however, that in the event a contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the administering agency, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

The applicant further agrees that it will be bound by the above equal opportunity clause with respect to its own employment practices when it participates in federally assisted construction work: *Provided*, That if the applicant so participating is a State or local government, the above equal opportunity clause is not applicable to any agency, instrumentality or subdivision of such government which does not participate in work on or under the contract.

The applicant agrees that it will assist and cooperate actively with the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor in obtaining the compliance of contractors and subcontractors with the equal opportunity clause and the rules,

regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor, that it will furnish the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor such information as they may require for the supervision of such compliance, and that it will otherwise assist the administering agency in the discharge of the agency's primary responsibility for securing compliance.

The applicant further agrees that it will refrain from entering into any contract or contract modification subject to Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, with a contractor debarred from, or who has not demonstrated eligibility for, Government contracts and federally assisted construction contracts pursuant to the Executive Order and will carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of the equal opportunity clause as may be imposed upon contractors and subcontractors by the administering agency or the Secretary of Labor pursuant to Part II, Subpart D of the Executive Order. In addition, the applicant agrees that if it fails or refuses to comply with these undertakings, the administering agency may take any or all of the following actions: Cancel, terminate, or suspend in whole or in part this grant (contract, loan, insurance, guarantee); refrain from extending any further assistance to the applicant under the program with respect to which the failure or refund occurred until satisfactory assurance of future compliance has been received from such applicant; and refer the case to the Department of Justice for appropriate legal proceedings.

(2) [Reserved]

(c) *Subcontracts*. Each nonexempt prime contractor or subcontractor shall include the equal opportunity clause in each of its nonexempt subcontracts.

(d) *Inclusion of the equal opportunity clause by reference*. The equal opportunity clause may be included by reference in all Government contracts and subcontracts, including Government bills of lading, transportation requests, contracts for deposit of Government funds, and contracts for issuing and paying U.S. savings bonds and notes, and such other contracts and subcontracts as the Director of OFCCP may designate.

(e) *Incorporation by operation of the order*. By operation of the order, the equal opportunity clause shall be considered to be a part of every contract and subcontract required by the order and the regulations in this part to include such a clause whether or not it is physically incorporated in such contracts and whether or not the contract between the agency and the contractor is written.

(f) *Adaptation of language.* Such necessary changes in language may be made in the equal opportunity clause as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

■ 4. Section 60–1.35 is added to read as follows:

§ 60–1.35 Contractor obligations and defenses to violation of the nondiscrimination requirement for compensation disclosures.

(a) *General defenses.* A contractor may pursue a defense to an alleged violation of paragraph (3) of the equal opportunity clauses listed in § 60–1.4(a) and (b) as long as the defense is not based on a rule, policy, practice, agreement, or other instrument that prohibits employees or applicants from discussing or disclosing their compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants, subject to paragraph (3) of the equal opportunity clause. Contractors may

pursue this defense by demonstrating, for example, that it disciplined the employee for violation of a consistently and uniformly applied company policy, and that this policy does not prohibit, or tend to prohibit, employees or applicants from discussing or disclosing their compensation or the compensation of other employees or applicants.

(b) *Essential job functions defense.* Actions taken by a contractor which adversely affect an employee will not be deemed to be discriminatory if the employee has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as part of such employee's essential job functions and disclosed the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, and the disclosure was not in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action,

including an investigation conducted by the contractor, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.

(c) *Dissemination of nondiscrimination provision.* The contractor or subcontractor shall disseminate the nondiscrimination provision, using the language as prescribed by the Director of OFCCP, to employees and applicants:

(1) The nondiscrimination provision shall be incorporated into existing employee manuals or handbooks; and

(2) The nondiscrimination provision shall be disseminated to employees and applicants. Dissemination of the provision shall be executed by electronic posting or by posting a copy of the provision in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

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Part IV

Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation

29 CFR Parts 4000, 4001, 4043, et al.

Reportable Events and Certain Other Notification Requirements; Final Rule

PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION

29 CFR Parts 4000, 4001, 4043, 4204, 4206, and 4231

RIN 1212-AB06

Reportable Events and Certain Other Notification Requirements

AGENCY: Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: In 2013, PBGC proposed to establish risk-based safe harbors that would exempt most companies and plans from many of its reportable events requirements and target reporting toward the minority of plan sponsors and plans presenting the most substantial risk of involuntary or distress termination. After holding a hearing on the proposal, and carefully considering the public's written and oral comments, PBGC is publishing this final rule to make the requirements of the sponsor risk-based safe harbor more flexible, make the funding level for satisfying the well-funded plan safe harbor lower and tied to the variable-rate premium, and add public company waivers for five events. The waiver structure under the final rule will further reduce unnecessary reporting requirements, while at the same time better targeting PBGC's resources to plans that pose the greatest risks to the pension insurance system. PBGC anticipates the final rule will exempt about 94 percent of plans and sponsors from many reporting requirements and result in a net reduction in reporting to PBGC. This rulemaking is a result of PBGC's regulatory review under Executive Order 13563.

DATES: Effective October 13, 2015. See Applicability in **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Daniel S. Liebman, Attorney (Liebman.Daniel@PBGC.gov), Regulatory Affairs Group, Office of the General Counsel, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, 1200 K Street NW., Washington, DC 20005-4026; 202-326-4024. (TTY/TDD users may call the Federal relay service toll-free at 1-800-877-8339 and ask to be connected to 202-326-4024.)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Executive Summary—Purpose of the Regulatory Action

This rule is needed to make reporting more efficient and effective, to avoid unnecessary reporting requirements, and to conform PBGC's reportable

events regulation to changes in the law. A better-targeted and more efficient reporting system helps preserve retirement plans.

PBGC's legal authorities for this action are section 4002(b)(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), which authorizes PBGC to issue regulations to carry out the purposes of title IV of ERISA, and section 4043 of ERISA, which gives PBGC authority to define reportable events and waive reporting.

Executive Summary—Major Provisions of the Regulatory Action

Changing the Waiver Structure

Under the regulation's long-standing waiver structure for reportable events, which primarily focused on the funded status of a plan, PBGC often did not get reports it needed; at the same time, it received many reports that were unnecessary. This mismatch occurred because the old waiver structure was not well tied to the actual risks and causes of plan terminations, particularly the risk that a plan sponsor will default on its financial obligations, ultimately leading to an underfunded termination of its pension plan.

The final rule provides a new reportable events waiver structure that is more closely focused on risk of default than was the old waiver structure. Some reporting requirements that poorly identify risky situations—like those based on a supposedly modest level of plan underfunding—have been eliminated; at the same time, a new low-default-risk “safe harbor”—based on company financial metrics—is established that better measures risk to the pension insurance system. This sponsor safe harbor is voluntary and based on existing, readily-available financial information that companies already use for many business purposes.

With the low-default-risk safe harbor, PBGC is establishing a risk tolerance level for certain events faced by plans and plan sponsors that trigger reporting requirements so that PBGC can monitor and address situations that are most likely to pose problems to the pension insurance system. This reporting system is analogous to that used by an unsecured creditor in loan arrangements with a borrower so as to be alerted to important issues facing the borrower impacting its ability to meet its loan obligations.

The final rule also provides a safe harbor based on a plan's owing no variable-rate premium (VRP) (referred to as the well-funded plan safe harbor).¹

¹ The old regulation provided a waiver in some circumstances generally based on 80 percent

Other waivers, such as public company, small plan, *de minimis* segment, and foreign entity waivers, have been retained in the final rule, and in many cases expanded, to provide additional relief to plan sponsors where the risk of an event to plans and the pension insurance system is low. With the expansion in the number of waivers available in the final rule, PBGC estimates that 94 percent of plans covered by the pension insurance system will qualify for at least one waiver of reporting for events dealing with active participant reductions, controlled group changes, extraordinary dividends, benefit liability transfers, and substantial owner distributions.

Revised Definitions of Reportable Events

The rule simplifies the descriptions of several reportable events and makes some event descriptions (*e.g.*, active participant reduction) narrower so that compliance is easier and less burdensome. One event is broadened in scope (loan defaults), and clarification of another event has a similar result (controlled group changes). These changes, like the waiver changes, are aimed at tying reporting burden to risk.

Conforming to Changes in the Law

The Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA) made changes in the law that affect the test for whether advance reporting of certain reportable events is required. This rule conforms the advance reporting test to the new legal requirements.

Mandatory E-Filing

The rule makes electronic filing of reportable events notices mandatory. This furthers PBGC's ongoing implementation of the Government Paperwork Elimination Act. E-filing is more efficient for both filers and PBGC and has become the norm for PBGC's regulated community.

Background

The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) administers the pension plan termination insurance program under Title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). Section 4043 of ERISA requires that PBGC be notified of the occurrence of certain “reportable events.” The statute provides for both post-event and

funding on a premium basis. However, in PBGC's experience, that test was inadequate, as it was passed by many plans that underwent distress or involuntary terminations. See *Well-Funded Plan Safe Harbor* below. A safe harbor based on paying no VRP, in contrast, is consistent with a Congressional determination of the level of underfunding that presents risk to the pension insurance system.

advance reporting.² PBGC's regulation on Reportable Events and Certain Other Notification Requirements (29 CFR part 4043) implements section 4043.

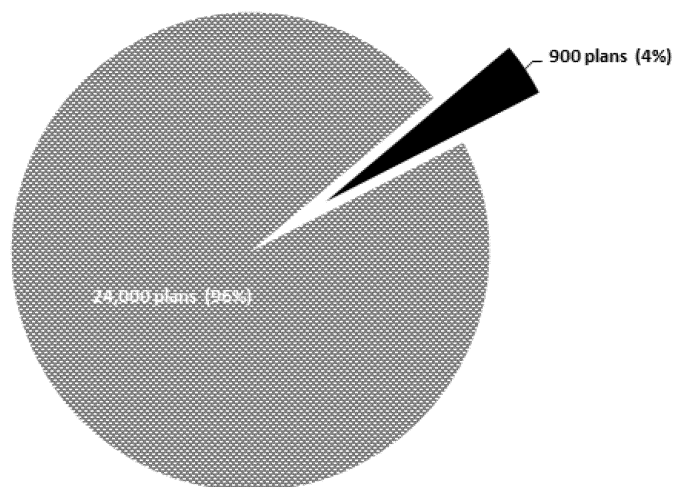
Reportable events include such plan events as missed contributions, insufficient funds, and large pay-outs, and such sponsor events as loan defaults and controlled group changes—events that may present a risk to a sponsor's ability to continue a plan. When PBGC has timely information about a reportable event, it can take steps to encourage plan continuation—

for example, by exploring alternative funding options with the plan sponsor—or, if plan termination is called for, to maximize recovery of the shortfall from all possible sources.³ Without timely information about a reportable event, PBGC typically learns that a plan is in danger only when most opportunities for protecting participants and the pension insurance system have been lost. The regulation does however, include a system of waivers and extensions to ease reporting burdens where the circumstances surrounding

some events may make reporting unnecessary or where the PBGC has other ways to obtain needed information. The regulation (both the old regulation and the new regulation⁴) also provides that PBGC may grant waivers and extensions on a case-by-case basis.

Reportable events are rare and reporting is often waived. As a result, each year, on average only 4 percent of plans experience an event *and* are required to report it; even fewer are required to report Category 1 events.⁵

Figure 1: Actual Reporting of Events:



Note: Average annual filings in fiscal years 2012-2014; assumes each event is filed by a unique plan - actual experience suggests some plans experience multiple events.

Although the impact of the reportable events regulation on any company or plan or on the pension community as a whole is very small, a reportable events notice is potentially very important to PBGC, the pension insurance system, and participants of affected plans.⁶

2009 Proposed Rule

On November 23, 2009 (at 74 FR 61248), PBGC published in the **Federal Register** for notice and comment a proposed rule (the 2009 proposal) that eliminated most automatic waivers. The

proposal reflected PBGC's concern that it was not receiving reports of significant events because the existing automatic waivers were too broadly applicable.

PBGC received comments from actuaries, pension consultants, and organizations representing employers and pension professionals. The public comments on the 2009 proposal uniformly opposed the proposed elimination of most waivers. Commenters said that without the waivers, reporting would be required for

events that posed little risk to PBGC and said that the increase in the public's burden of compliance would outweigh the benefit to the pension insurance system of the additional reporting. They also expressed concern that the proposed changes to the rule would discourage employers from continuing to maintain pension plans covered by Title IV. Several commenters urged PBGC to rethink and repropose the rule to address issues raised by the comments.

² Except as otherwise noted, this preamble discusses post-event reporting only.

³ For example, alerts from recent reportable events notices of missed contribution events have allowed PBGC to timely intervene to protect plan assets and participant benefits. In one such case, PBGC's involvement ensured that there was no interruption in benefits when PBGC ultimately terminated the plan. In a second case, PBGC's monitoring of the plan as a result of the reportable event filing ensured that there were sufficient funds from the sale of a business to complete a standard termination. In a third case, PBGC's early

intervention provided an opportunity to examine options with the plan sponsor to continue the plan. As another example, a reportable event notice of an active participant reduction event led to a negotiated settlement with the plan sponsor that resulted in an additional \$400,000 contribution to the plan. When the sponsor later filed for bankruptcy, PBGC took over the plan with a smaller amount of unfunded liabilities than if the contribution from the settlement had not been made.

⁴ For ease of reference, the preamble refers to the regulation as it exists before this final rule becomes

applicable as the "old regulation" and refers to the regulation as amended by this final rule as the "new regulation." See *Applicability* below.

⁵ Category 1 events include Extraordinary Dividend or Stock Redemption, Active Participant Reduction, Change in Contributing Sponsor or Controlled Group, Distributions to a Substantial Owner, and Transfer of Benefit Liabilities events. As discussed below, these are events for which the low-default risk and well-funded plan safe harbors will apply under the final regulation.

⁶ See footnote 3 above.

Executive Order 13563

On January 18, 2011, the President issued Executive Order 13563 on Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011). Executive Order 13563 encourages identification and use of innovative tools to achieve regulatory ends, calls for streamlining existing regulations, and reemphasizes the goal of balancing regulatory benefits with burdens on the public. Executive Order 13563 also requires agencies to develop a plan to review existing regulations to identify any that can be made more effective or less burdensome in achieving regulatory objectives.⁷

2013 Proposal

PBGC reconsidered the reportable events regulation in the spirit of Executive Order 13563 and in light of the comments to the 2009 proposal. On April 3, 2013 (at 78 FR 20039), PBGC published a new proposed rule (the 2013 proposal). The 2013 proposal took a very different approach to waivers from the 2009 proposal. Whereas the 2009 proposal simply eliminated most automatic waivers, the 2013 proposal substituted a new system of waivers (safe harbors) to reduce burden where possible without depriving PBGC of the information it needs to protect the pension insurance system.

One of the waivers in the 2013 proposal was for employers that met a safe harbor based on what the proposal described as sponsor financial soundness (*i.e.*, an employer's capacity

to meet its financial commitments in full and on time) as determined through credit report scores and the satisfaction of related criteria. A second safe harbor that was more stringent than the existing funding-based waivers was available for plans that were either fully funded on a termination basis or 120 percent funded on a premium basis. The 2013 proposal also preserved or extended some waivers under the old regulation (including small-plan waivers) that the 2009 proposal would have eliminated.

PBGC received 13 comment letters on the 2013 proposal, mainly from the same sources as the comments on the 2009 proposal.⁸ PBGC also held its first-ever regulatory public hearing, at which eight of the commenters discussed their comments.

Most of the commenters on the 2013 proposal expressed appreciation for PBGC's re-proposing the rule and for the opportunity for further public input. Several commenters complimented PBGC on its general overall effort or said the 2013 proposal was an improvement on the 2009 proposal. One commenter approved PBGC's efforts to balance its need for information with the public's burden of providing it and to streamline the reporting process. Another commenter applauded PBGC on its common sense, risk-based approach to reporting, and yet another commended PBGC for the proposed rule's significant relief for small plans, as well as the general focus on tying reporting to risk.

Nonetheless, all of the commenters took issue with aspects of the proposal,

particularly with the safe harbors, which four commenters suggested could cause more sponsors to leave the defined benefit system. Other concerns dealt with the difficulty of monitoring events in controlled groups and with proposed changes to the events dealing with active participant reductions and missed contributions. Some plan sponsor groups expressed general concern that by creating a plan sponsor financial soundness safe harbor, PBGC, on behalf of the Federal government, inevitably would become an entity that makes formal pronouncements on the financial prospects of American businesses. Two commenters urged that the proposal be withdrawn. The comments on the 2013 proposal and PBGC's responses are discussed below with the topics to which they relate.

Final Rule Waivers

In response to the comments, PBGC is issuing a final rule with safe harbors that are simpler, more flexible, and easier to comply with and that clearly target risk to the pension insurance system.⁹ Under the final rule, all small plans (about two-thirds of all plans) will be waived from reporting Category 1 events (other than substantial owner distributions). Further, if a reportable event occurs, 82 percent of large plans qualify for at least one waiver for these events:¹⁰

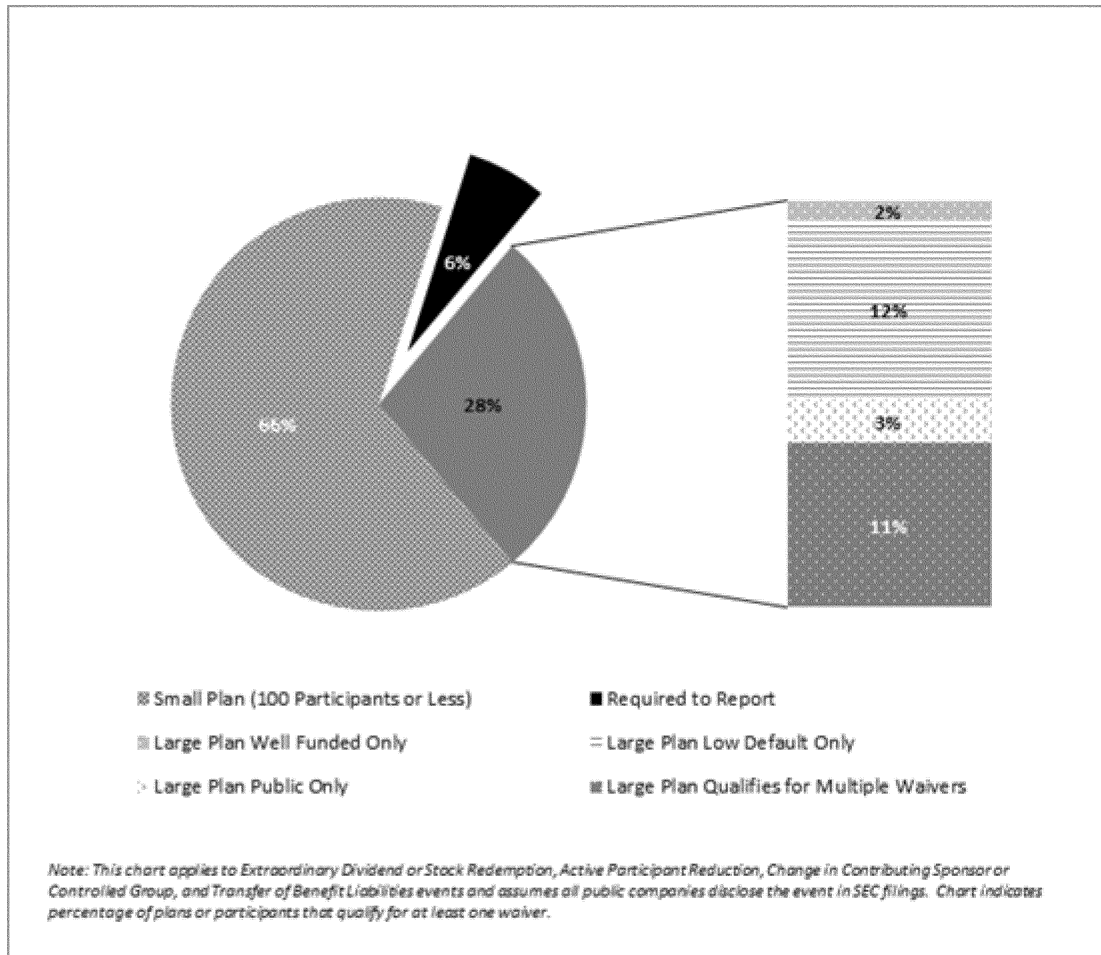
⁹ See Summary Chart, below, for an overview of waivers and safe harbors under the old regulation and this final rule.

¹⁰ For this purpose, large plans means those plans that have more than 100 participants. The charts included in this preamble do not reflect waivers for *de minimis* segments or foreign entities.

⁷ PBGC's Plan for Regulatory Review can be found at <http://www.pbgc.gov/documents/plan-for-regulatory-review.pdf> (August 23, 2011).

⁸ The 2013 proposal also received comments from one plan sponsor.

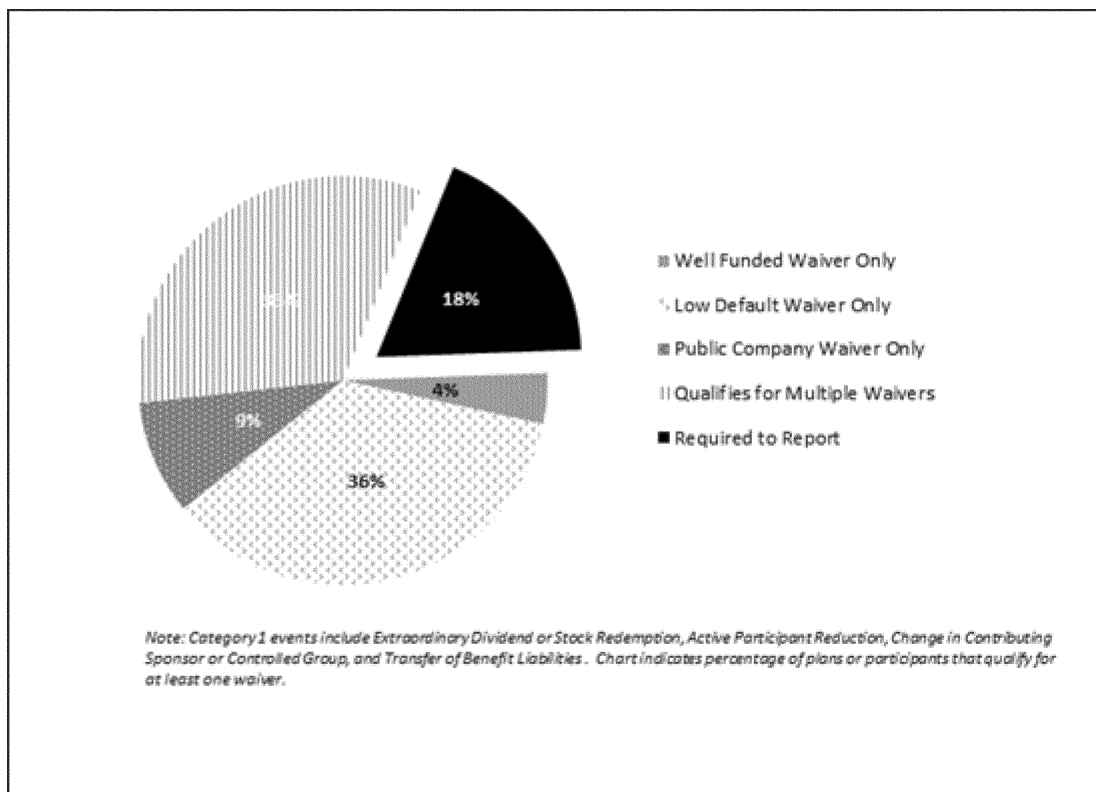
Figure 2: Data for Large Plans



As a result, if a reportable event occurs, 94 percent of all plans will qualify for at least one waiver under the

final regulation (an increase from 89 percent under the old regulation):

Figure 3 Selected Data for All Plans



Low-Default-Risk Safe Harbor for Plan Sponsors

To address the issue of risk, the 2013 proposal provided a risk-based safe harbor tied to the risk of default on financial obligations of a plan sponsor. PBGC developed the proposed safe harbor based on its experience that the default risk of a plan sponsor generally correlates with the risk of an underfunded termination of the sponsor's pension plan. One major component of the risk of underfunded termination is the likelihood that the plan sponsor will, within the near future, fall into one of the "distress" categories in section 4041(c)(2)(B) of ERISA (liquidation, reorganization, or inability to pay debts when due and to continue in business). Another is that the sponsor will go out of business, abandoning the plan and forcing PBGC to terminate it under section 4042 of ERISA. Thus, the 2013 proposal recognized that the risk of underfunded termination of a plan within the near future depends most significantly on the plan sponsor's financial strength.¹¹

¹¹ In 2013, 66 percent of reportable events reports from filers that were below investment grade resulted in the opening of investigations. For this purpose, "investment grade" means a credit rating of Baa3 or higher by Moody's or BBB- or higher by Standard and Poor's.

The 2013 proposal provided a waiver from reporting for each of five events (active participant reductions, substantial owner distributions, controlled group changes, extraordinary dividends, and benefit liabilities transfers) if, as of the date an event occurred, each contributing sponsor (or highest US member of its controlled group) was what the proposal termed "financially sound," that is, had adequate capacity to meet its obligations in full and on time as evidenced by its satisfaction of five criteria:

1. The entity had a qualifying commercial credit report score.
2. The entity had no secured debt (with certain exceptions).
3. The entity had positive net income for the most recent two fiscal years.
4. The entity did not experience any loan default event in the previous two years (regardless of whether reporting was waived).
5. The entity did not experience a missed contribution event in the previous two years (unless reporting was waived).

To focus public input on this issue, the 2013 proposal asked specific questions about the financial soundness standard and sought suggestions for alternative approaches to determining financial soundness based on widely

available and accepted financial standards.

One commenter found the sponsor financial soundness safe harbor to be a reasonable attempt to accomplish the goal of providing broad waivers in situations where there is no significant risk to PBGC. But most commenters opposed the safe harbor as a concept, arguing that it would not be business-friendly or helpful in protecting the pension insurance system. Some commenters characterized the financial soundness test as a pronouncement by PBGC on the financial status of American businesses, which they believed to be inappropriate for a government agency.

However, many federal agencies have rules that include standards for measuring aspects of financial health or ability to meet certain financial obligations for a wide variety of purposes, including eligibility to use certain forms, qualification for funding, or participation in certain activities. These regulations govern not only the financial services industry, but such wide-ranging activities as agriculture, education, energy, and the environment.¹² The provisions of the

¹² See e.g., Department of Agriculture biorefinery assistance program (7 CFR 4279.202(d)); Department of Education requirements for institutions to participate in Federal student

Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Pub. L. 111–203) (the Dodd-Frank Act) clearly contemplate the use of some types of creditworthiness standards in federal regulations.¹³ And there is precedent in federal regulations for using the “adequate capacity” standard in determining financial soundness.¹⁴

PBGC understands that the proposed “financial soundness” terminology caused concern for some commenters, who perceived that the provisions of the safe harbor tests could be seen as measuring the overall financial prospects of a company. However, the safe harbor tests were never meant for that purpose. Rather, they were intended to measure the likelihood that a company would be able to continue to sponsor a plan and thus not present a risk to the pension insurance system. To clarify this point, the final regulation more precisely characterizes this safe harbor as the company low-default-risk safe harbor rather than the sponsor financial soundness safe harbor, and refers to a safe harbor for plans (described below) as the well-funded plan safe harbor rather than the plan financial soundness safe harbor.

assistance programs (34 CFR 668.15); Department of Energy loan guarantees for projects that employ innovative technologies (10 CFR part 609); and Environmental Protection Agency rules on owners and operators of underground carbon dioxide storage wells (40 CFR 146.85).

¹³ Section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Act proscribes federal regulations that require the use of credit ratings, but Section 939 also requires agencies to replace references to credit ratings in regulations with alternative standards of creditworthiness. Section 939A is premised on the fact that federal agencies can and do use standards of financial capacity for various purposes.

¹⁴ For example, recent rules promulgated by Federal banking agencies use similar language that PBGC reviewed in developing its own standard for its regulation on reportable events. The 2013 proposal states: For purposes of this part, an entity that is a plan sponsor or member of a plan sponsor’s controlled group is “financially sound” . . . if . . . it has adequate capacity to meet its obligations in full and on time as evidenced by its satisfaction of all of the five criteria described in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section”). This language is similar to an FDIC rule (“an insured savings association . . . shall not acquire or retain a corporate debt security unless the savings association . . . determines that the issuer of the security has adequate capacity to meet all financial commitments under the security for the projected life of the security”) and an Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) rule (“*Investment grade* means the issuer of a security has an adequate capacity to meet financial commitments under the security for the projected life of the asset or exposure. An issuer has an adequate capacity to meet financial commitments if the risk of default by the obligor is low and the full and timely repayment of principal and interest is expected”). See FDIC rule (77 FR 43151, Jul. 24, 2102) at <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2012-07-24/pdf/2012-17860.pdf> and OCC rule (77 FR 35253, June 13, 2012) at <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2012-06-13/pdf/2012-14169.pdf>.

PBGC’s company low-default-risk safe harbor is entirely voluntary and relies mainly on private-sector financial metrics derived from a company’s own financial information; one component of the safe harbor, which is not required to be used to satisfy the low-default-risk standard, is based on widely available financial information that most plan sponsors (and their U.S. parents) already have, and that represents well-known, objective, non-governmental assessments of default risk used in a wide variety of business contexts. Use of the safe harbor is not conditioned on an evaluation by PBGC of plan sponsor financial soundness. Nor does it involve sponsors’ reporting to PBGC (or anyone) any financial metrics, such as company financial information, credit scores or other evidence of creditworthiness.

PBGC remains convinced that adding a company low-default-risk safe harbor to the reportable events regulation furthers PBGC’s goals of tying reporting to risk and avoiding unnecessary reports. Thus, the final rule contains a risk-based safe harbor with modifications to mitigate commenters’ concerns, particularly by providing more flexibility in applying the safe harbor and clarifying when and how the satisfaction of the low-default-risk standard is determined.

Adequate Capacity Standard

The final rule provides that an entity (a “company”) that is a contributing sponsor of a plan or the highest level U.S. parent of a contributing sponsor satisfies the low-default-risk standard if the company has adequate capacity to meet its obligations in full and on time as evidenced by satisfying either (A) the first two, or (B) any four, of the following seven criteria:

1. The probability that the company will default on its financial obligations is not more than 4 percent over the next five years or not more than 0.4 percent over the next year, in either case determined on the basis of widely available financial information on the company’s credit quality.

2. The company’s secured debt (with some exceptions) does not exceed 10 percent of its total asset value.

3. The company’s ratio of total-debt-to-EBITDA¹⁵ is 3.0 or less.

4. The company’s ratio of retained-earnings-to-total-assets is 0.25 or more.

5. The company has positive net income for the two most recent completed fiscal years.

6. The company has not experienced any loan default event in the past two

years regardless of whether reporting was waived.

7. The sponsor has not experienced a missed contribution event in the past two years unless reporting was waived.

For reporting to be waived for an event to which the safe harbor applies, both the contributing sponsor and the highest level U.S. parent of the contributing sponsor must satisfy the company low-default-risk safe harbor. (The 2013 proposal required only that, for each contributing sponsor of the plan, either the sponsor or the highest level U.S. parent of the contributing sponsor satisfy the safe harbor requirements.) Requiring that both entities satisfy the safe harbor requirements addresses the issue of intercompany transactions between or among members of a controlled group that may disperse assets and liabilities within the controlled group.

Although the low-default-risk safe harbor has some similarities with standards PBGC described in its 2013 guidelines concerning enforcement of ERISA section 4062(e),¹⁶ differences exist because of the different purposes of the statute. The 4062(e) guidelines were intended to inform PBGC’s exercise of its discretion in enforcing monetary liability for certain business cessations, whereas the reportable events regulation provides rules for the public on compliance with ERISA section 4043’s reporting requirements.

The final rule revises two criteria (probability of default in the first criterion and secured debt level in the second criterion) from the 2013 proposal and adds two new criteria (based on a ratio of total-debt-to-EBITDA described in the third criterion listed above and a ratio of retained-earnings-to-total-assets described in the fourth criterion listed above). PBGC selected these four criteria based on historical data on rates of company defaults on financial obligations from widely published financial information.¹⁷ These criteria represent

¹⁶ [http://www.pbgc.gov/Documents/4062\(e\)-enforcement-of-guidelines.pdf](http://www.pbgc.gov/Documents/4062(e)-enforcement-of-guidelines.pdf). See PBGC’s Web site for 4062(e) Developments, [http://www.pbgc.gov/prac/reporting-and-disclosure/section-4062\(e\)-developments.html](http://www.pbgc.gov/prac/reporting-and-disclosure/section-4062(e)-developments.html).

¹⁷ See e.g., Moody’s Investors Service Corporate and Recovery Default Rates, 1920–2010 (Feb. 28, 2011) <http://efinance.org.cn/cn/FEben/Corporate%20Default%20and%20Recovery%20Rates,1920-2010.pdf>; Standard & Poor’s 2010 Annual U.S. Corporate Default Study And Rating Transitions (March 30, 2011) <http://www.standardandpoors.com/ratings/articles/en/us/?articleType=HTML&assetID=1245302234800>; and Standard & Poor’s 2011 Annual U.S. Corporate Default Study And Rating Transitions (March 23, 2012) http://www.standardandpoors.com/spf/upload/Ratings_EMEA/2012-03-23_2011AnnualUSCorpDefaultStudy.pdf.

¹⁵ Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization.

financial metrics that are easily identified from existing sources of information and are used regularly by creditors as indicators of a company's ability to meet its financial obligations in full and on time. Lenders take into account such rates of default when extending credit to borrowers on terms showing the borrowers have adequate capacity to meet financial obligations. The revised criteria take into account one commenter's suggestion that PBGC consider incorporating into the safe harbor alternative risk measures such as debt-to-EBITDA and debt-to-total-capital ratios that are used in common debt covenants and routinely tracked by companies that issue debt or borrow from banks. The changes to the low-default-risk standard are described in more detail below.

Determination Date

To make the safe harbor user-friendly, the final rule provides that a company determine whether it qualifies for the low-default-risk safe harbor once during an annual financial reporting cycle (on a "financial information date"). If it qualifies on that financial information date, its qualification remains in place throughout a "safe harbor period" that ends 13 months later or on the next financial information date (if earlier).¹⁸ If it does not qualify, its non-qualified status remains in place until the next financial information date.

The description of financial information used to determine whether the safe harbor is available is similar to that used in PBGC's regulation on Annual Financial and Actuarial Information Reporting.¹⁹ PBGC used this description so that the pension plan community would be familiar with the provisions and to maintain consistency across PBGC regulations, to the extent possible. The financial information date for a company is the date annual financial statements (including balance sheets, income statements, cash flow statements, and notes to the financial statements) are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on Form 10-K (if the company is a public company) or the closing date of the company's annual accounting period (if the company is not a public company).

For a company that does not have annual financial statements, the financial information date is the date the company files with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) its annual federal income tax return or IRS Form 990.

¹⁸ Thirteen months allows for some variation from year to year on the date that annual financials are reported.

¹⁹ See § 4010.9.

The final regulation refers to the annual financial statements or applicable IRS return or Form 990 associated with a financial information date as "supporting financial information." The supporting financial information associated with a financial information date will also be used to evaluate whether the secured debt, EBITDA-to-total-debt, and/or retained-earnings-to-total-assets criteria are met. To evaluate whether the positive net income criterion is met, supporting financial information associated with the two most recent consecutive fiscal years must be used.

If an accountant's audit or review report expresses a material adverse view or qualification, the company will not satisfy the low-default-risk standard for the safe harbor. Common adverse qualifiers used in the accounting profession that will render supporting financial information unsatisfactory for purposes of the safe harbor include such language as "awareness of one or more material modifications that should have been made in order for the financial statements to be in conformity with [applicable accounting standards]"; "the financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the company's financial condition and results of operations in conformity with [applicable accounting standards]"; or "substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time."²⁰

Commercial Measures Criterion

To satisfy the criterion for the company financial soundness safe harbor under the 2013 proposal, a company needed to have a credit score, reported by a commercial credit reporting company (CCRC) commonly used in the business community, that indicated a low likelihood that the company would default on its obligations over the next twelve months. Examples of such scores were to be listed in PBGC's reportable events forms and instructions.

Seven commenters were critical of the commercial credit score criterion. Most of these commenters opposed the use of the score as a criterion altogether, while

²⁰ See e.g., Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, AU Section 508 Reports on Audited Financial Statements http://pcaobus.org/standards/auditing/pages/au508.aspx#ps-pcaob_e65bc2e0-ad78-42d7-a99b-8c59d98b3fd3; American Institute of CPAs (AICPA), AU-C Section 705 Modifications to the Opinion in the Independent Auditor's Report <http://www.aicpa.org/Research/Standards/AuditAttest/DownloadableDocuments/AU-C-00705.pdf>; and AICPA, AR Section 90 Review of Financial Statements <http://www.aicpa.org/Research/Standards/CompilationReview/DownloadableDocuments/AR-00090.pdf>.

some indicated that the use of credit scores or similar information would be acceptable in limited circumstances if it were voluntary. Some concerns raised by commenters centered on the extent to which companies pay attention or have access to CCRC scores. Large public companies typically are more familiar with their credit ratings from nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs) registered with the SEC, and some small companies may not have CCRC scores. Other concerns included costs associated with obtaining or monitoring scores, inaccurate score data, and a lack of specificity as to how and when PBGC would update its forms and instructions with valid CCRC score examples.

The final regulation addresses these concerns. Under the final rule's company low-default-risk safe harbor provision, the criterion that corresponds to the proposed CCRC score criterion is optional. In addition, CCRC scores are not the exclusive benchmark for satisfying that new criterion. Instead, companies are not limited to using particular reports or tools and are afforded broad flexibility to use widely available business metrics that measure default probability. This approach avoids the need to list and update examples of scores in PBGC's forms and instructions.

Under the final rule, the first criterion (referred to as the "commercial measures" criterion) will be met for a company if the probability that the company will default on its financial obligations is not more than 4 percent over the next five years or not more than 0.4 percent over the next year, in either case determined on the basis of widely available financial information on the company's credit quality—not limited to CCRC scores. PBGC's intent is to provide flexibility to companies in meeting the standard and allow a company to determine whether it satisfies the new criterion by referring to third party information that the company considers reliable and already uses with confidence for other business purposes. Thus, the final rule does not require the use of a CCRC score to satisfy the commercial measures criterion (although a company may still choose to obtain a CCRC score if it does not have one, as contemplated in the 2013 proposal).

The commercial measures standard replicates the underlying probability of default risk reflected in the CCRC score standard under the 2013 proposal²¹ and

²¹ PBGC compared company one-year default rates from information PBGC reviewed that is referred to in footnote 17 above with CCRC score

represents a threshold below which PBGC believes there is legitimate concern as to a company's long-term ability to continue a pension plan.²² The one- and five-year time periods for measuring default rate are typical periods over which third parties analyze the risk of default.

PBGC believes that almost every sponsor and its highest level U.S. parent will be able to obtain widely available financial information that indicates their probability of default over either a one- or five-year period. Typical metrics (from 2013) that would meet the probability-of-default standard include a D&B score of 1477, risk class of 3, or percentile of 46–55; a CreditRiskMonitor²³ score of 9, and may include other financial metrics reflecting a level of investment grade rating. PBGC believes that 70 percent of plan sponsors will be able to meet the probability-of-default criterion based on widely available financial information on their credit quality. Sponsors of small plans, which are more likely to have difficulty obtaining credit quality information, will generally qualify for the small-plan waiver for four of the five events²⁴ covered by the company low-default-risk safe harbor.

In crafting the revised commercial measures criterion, PBGC reviewed language used in a recent final rule designed to bring a Department of Treasury regulation into compliance with the Dodd-Frank Act.²⁵ PBGC also

data; see e.g., <https://www.dnb.com/product/FSS/FAQsv7.1.pdf>.

²² See e.g., tying adequate capacity to meet financial obligations to the lowest tier of investment grade rating in Table 3 in http://www.standardandpoors.com/spf/general/RatingsDirect_Commentary_979212_06_22_2012_12_42_54.pdf.

²³ This company was suggested by one of the commenters on the 2013 proposal. According to CreditRiskMonitor's Web site, the company provides comprehensive commercial credit reports for more than 40,000 public companies world-wide.

²⁴ The distributions to substantial owner event does not have a small plan waiver.

²⁵ See Department of Treasury Final Rule: Modification of Treasury Regulations Pursuant to Section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. (78 FR 54758, September 6, 2013) (<http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-09-06/pdf/2013-21752.pdf>). The relevant regulatory text states:

"Sec. 1.249–1 Limitation on deduction of bond premium on repurchase: (e)(2)(ii) In determining the amount under paragraph (e)(2)(i) of this section, appropriate consideration shall be given to all factors affecting the selling price or yields of comparable nonconvertible obligations. Such factors include general changes in prevailing yields of comparable obligations between the dates the convertible obligation was issued and repurchased and the amount (if any) by which the selling price of the convertible obligation was affected by reason of any change in the issuing corporation's credit quality or the credit quality of the obligation during such period (*determined on the basis of widely*

took into account other agency rulemakings where credit ratings were used in compliance with Section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Act. Explaining the usefulness of outside sources of credit quality information, including credit ratings, these agencies suggested in preambles to their rules that the voluntary use of credit ratings from NRSROs is permissible where they are one but not the sole source of information used to determine credit quality.²⁶

One of the commenters requested that PBGC provide relief from information penalties if a company relies on a CCRC score that turns out to be inaccurate or stale. PBGC believes such relief is unnecessary under the final rule because a company may choose a measure that the company knows is accurate, or the company may choose to satisfy the low-default-risk safe harbor in other ways.

Secured Debt Criterion

Under the 2013 proposal, one of the criteria required to satisfy the sponsor financial soundness standard was that the entity had no secured debt, disregarding leases or debt incurred to acquire or improve property and secured only by that property (e.g., mortgages and equipment financing, including capital leases). In the preamble to the 2013 proposal, PBGC said it was aware that there may be other circumstances in which a company capable of borrowing without security might nonetheless choose to offer security to a lender—for example,

published financial information or on the basis of other relevant facts and circumstances which reflect the relative credit quality of the corporation or the comparable obligation. (Emphasis added.)

²⁶ See e.g., SEC Final Rule: Removal of Certain References to Credit Ratings Under the Investment Company Act (79 FR 1321, January 8, 2014) (<http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2014-01-08/pdf/2013-31425.pdf>): "We believe, however, that credit ratings can serve as a useful data point for evaluating credit quality, and as noted above, a fund's board (or its delegate) may not rely solely on the credit ratings of an NRSRO without performing additional due diligence"; and Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration Proposed Amendments to Class Prohibited Transaction Exemptions To Remove Credit Ratings Pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (78 FR 37578–9, June 21, 2013) (<http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-06-21/pdf/2013-14790.pdf>): "In making these determinations, a fiduciary would not be precluded from considering credit quality reports prepared by outside sources, including credit ratings prepared by credit rating agencies, that they conclude are credible and reliable for this purpose" and "For purposes of this amendment, the Department believes that a fiduciary's determination of the credit quality of commercial paper according the proposed standard, should, as a matter of prudence, include the reports or advice of independent third parties, including, where appropriate, such commercial paper's credit rating."

if doing so would significantly reduce the cost of a loan. PBGC sought public comment on the extent to which the proposed no-secured-debt test might be failed by plan sponsors that had a low risk of default and on how to make the test correspond better with commercial reality (e.g., by disregarding more types of secured debt).

Two commenters stated that a plan sponsor's use of secured debt is not appropriate as a measure of the plan sponsor's financial health because, as PBGC acknowledged in the 2013 proposal, a financially healthy company may obtain secured debt for a variety of business reasons that do not relate to the credit risk of the company, such as to obtain favorable interest rates or because the company has assumed the debt from an entity it acquires.

These comments gave PBGC a better appreciation for how widespread a practice it is for creditworthy companies to obtain secured debt. Under the final rule, the criterion will be satisfied if a company's secured debt (disregarding leases or debt incurred to acquire or improve property and secured only by that property) does not exceed 10 percent of the company's total assets.

PBGC was reluctant to try to predict the types of secured debt that low-risk borrowers would be more likely to have than higher-risk borrowers. The 10 percent threshold included in the criterion serves to make a simple allowance for secured debt that good credit quality businesses may have. In addition, PBGC's experience is that approximately 90 percent of companies that would meet the commercial measures criterion of the safe harbor do not have a ratio of secured-debt-to-total-assets above 10 percent.²⁷ PBGC believes this correlation between the ability to meet financial obligations and the level of secured debt supports the use of 10 percent as an appropriate threshold for this safe harbor criterion.

Net-Income Criterion

Another criterion for the sponsor financial soundness safe harbor in the 2013 proposal was that the company had positive net income for the past two years. (For non-profit entities, "net income" was to be measured as the excess of total revenue over total expenses as required to be reported on Internal Revenue Service Form 990.)

Four commenters raised issues regarding the positive net income criterion. Two commenters stated that the requirement did not necessarily

²⁷ This figure is based on review of financial statement data for companies in PBGC databases that could meet the commercial measures criterion.

reflect the financial risk profile of a company because, for example, accounting losses, such as non-cash adjustments, could create negative net income for purposes of financial statements but not reflect the health of business operations. One of these commenters suggested that if the positive net income criterion were retained, PBGC should consider adjustments to reflect these unusual charges.

PBGC did not revise this criterion in the final rule in response to the commenters' concerns about non-cash accounting losses. Net income measures the economic value a company creates over the measurement period, and a lack of net income is one indication of risk that a company may lack the resources to fulfill its obligations. Because non-cash losses (as well as non-cash gains) are components of such economic value, PBGC considers it appropriate not to exclude non-cash charges from the net-income criterion.

The description of the net-income criterion in the 2013 proposal indicated that net income was to be measured under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) or International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) standards. PBGC included GAAP and IFRS in the 2013 proposal to provide rigorous and widely-used accounting standards for determining net income and because some companies may need to comply with IFRS as a result of the international scope of their operations. One commenter stated that because GAAP and IFRS are not compatible standards, two similarly situated companies might have different reporting requirements. PBGC has addressed this concern by eliminating the references to GAAP and IFRS in the final rule.

Another commenter said that a company might not know net income for the prior fiscal year when an event occurs, making it impossible to determine whether the safe harbor was available. The final rule addresses this concern by providing that the low-default-risk safe harbor is satisfied on a financial information date (discussed above) rather than on a date an event occurs.

One commenter said that the net-income criterion was unfair because it could not be satisfied by financially healthy companies in cyclical industries or companies that experience rare and significantly adverse events, such as a natural disaster. As also explained in *Active Participant Reduction* below, PBGC is not making special exceptions from the reporting obligations due to a natural disaster or other unusual event

because such an occurrence can cause significant financial challenges to a company and raise concerns about its ability to meet future pension and other financial obligations. Similarly, PBGC believes that it would be inappropriate to provide an exclusion for companies in cyclical industries because a company at a low point in its income cycle may for just that reason be vulnerable to an event that would cause concern about meeting its pension obligations. Alerting PBGC to the possibility that a company may not be able to meet such obligations is exactly what the reportable events regulation is intended to do, regardless of what caused the default risk to rise. In any event, such a company might still be able to avail itself of the safe harbor by choosing another way of meeting the low-default-risk standard.

One commenter objected to the application of the criterion to non-profits as inconsistent with the nature of non-profit organizations. PBGC disagrees. A non-profit may have positive net income that does not jeopardize its non-profit status, so long as the income is related to the non-profit's purpose and is not distributed to the non-profit's officers, directors, or others connected to the non-profit. In fact, many large non-profits with defined benefit plans, such as certain hospital systems, have substantial net income. Thus, PBGC does not view this criterion to be inconsistent with non-profit operating realities.

Criteria Related to Loan Defaults and Missed Contributions

The 2013 proposal contained two other financial soundness safe harbor criteria, which were intended to supplement and confirm the general picture of financial soundness painted by the satisfaction of the credit report test. These criteria were:

- For the past two years, the company had no missed contribution events, unless reporting was waived.
- For the past two years, the company had no loan default events, whether or not reporting was waived.

Two commenters urged PBGC to disregard for purposes of the missed contribution criterion a missed contribution that occurred because of a missed or untimely funding balance election or because of a mandatory reduction of a funding standard carryover balance or prefunding balance. The latter can retroactively create a late quarterly contribution that may not be known of by the reporting deadline.

As discussed in the *Missed Contributions* section below, the final

rule includes a modification of the missed contribution event (which is the basis for the operation of this criterion) to excuse a missed timely funding balance election. PBGC did not make a similar change with respect to a mandatory reduction of a funding standard carryover balance or prefunding balance. The commenter who raised this issue acknowledged that such a situation should be a reportable event but expressed concern that a company should not be deprived of qualifying for the safe harbor for this reason alone. With the changes in the final rule that allow for more flexibility in meeting the low-default-risk safe harbor, a company that experiences a mandatory reduction in its funding balance can still qualify for the safe harbor by meeting another criterion.

One of these commenters also requested that PBGC clarify that late contribution reporting under section 303(k) (for amounts over \$1 million) would not be considered when making the determination of whether the criterion was met. PBGC declined to make this change. Having unpaid contributions exceeding \$1 million is too serious a deficit to ignore and in PBGC's view, not consistent with adequate capacity to meet one's obligations.

One commenter asked that PBGC make an exception to the no-loan-default criterion to excuse "meaningless technical defaults" that are not indicative of any financial challenges. As explained in detail in the *Loan Default* section, the final rule distinguishes between events of default (which can lead to substantial contractual remedies for a lender to protect its investment) and other circumstances (which may be violations of an agreement but do not trigger such remedies).

New Criteria—Ratios of Total-Debt-to-EBITDA and Retained-Earnings-to-Total-Assets

In addition to giving companies the ability to satisfy the low-default-risk safe harbor by various combinations of criteria, the final rule includes two additional criteria available for companies to use. Both of these new criteria are financial metrics that are easily derived from standard financial information.

One of these criteria is based on the ratio of total-debt-to-EBITDA. This ratio is commonly referred to as a leverage ratio and is used to assess a company's ability to meet its debt obligations. Companies with a ratio of total-debt-to-EBITDA of 3.0 or less correspond fairly closely with those that would satisfy the

commercial measures criterion.²⁸ Thus, for the debt-to-EBITDA criterion to be satisfied, a company must have a ratio of total-debt-to-EBITDA of 3.0 or less.

The other new criterion is based on the ratio of retained-earnings-to-total-assets. To satisfy this criterion, a company must have a ratio of retained-earnings-to-total-assets of 0.25 (one-to-four) or more. PBGC included this safe harbor criterion because it shows how much of a company's assets have been financed with the company's profits. In PBGC's experience, companies with high retained earnings tend to have higher profitability and/or a longer operating history that enables the accumulation of retained earnings—qualities that indicate the ability to meet financial obligations. Analysis of information available to PBGC suggests that companies that would meet the commercial measures criterion have an average ratio of retained-earnings-to-total-assets of at least 0.25.

Well-Funded Plan Safe Harbor

The old regulation had waivers based on several different measures of funded status, sometimes combined with other factors such as public company status. The 2013 proposal also used plan funding as a basis for relief from filing requirements, but with two different measures, both of which were to apply to the same five events as the company risk-based safe harbor (active participant reductions, substantial owner distributions, controlled group changes, extraordinary dividends, and benefit liabilities transfers). Reporting was to be waived if the plan was either fully funded on a termination basis or 120 percent funded on a premium basis (determined, in either case, using prior-year data).

In the preamble to the 2013 proposal, PBGC explained that from its perspective, it is more appropriate to measure plan funding levels using termination-basis assumptions than ongoing-plan assumptions because termination liability is a better measure of the financial impact of plan termination on PBGC and participants.²⁹ However, PBGC was aware that for plans, measuring funding on an ongoing-plan basis is more common because variable-rate premiums, required contributions, benefit restrictions, and annual funding notices are all based on ongoing-plan

calculations. Thus, PBGC proposed both ways of meeting the safe harbor. To compensate for the different assumptions and timing that generally make termination liability higher than on-going plan liability, the 2013 proposal included a 20-percent cushion to make those two measures more nearly equivalent.

Nine commenters on the 2013 proposal criticized the plan financial soundness safe harbor because the required funding ratios were unrealistically high. The commenters also generally opposed basing a safe harbor on termination-basis liability since few plans ordinarily make that determination. Three commenters also said that funding at 100 percent of termination liability could create a risk of excise tax liability.

After consideration of the comments, PBGC is persuaded that a well-funded plan safe harbor based on termination-basis liability would be unnecessarily burdensome for most plans—especially if the threshold remained at 100 percent—and would give reporting relief to few plans. Thus, the final rule eliminates the test for the well-funded plan safe harbor based on termination-basis liability.

PBGC is also persuaded that a well-funded plan safe harbor based on 120 percent funding on a premium basis is not helpful to most plans since plans are not likely to fund that high, despite PBGC's belief that such a level of funding would better reflect the risk to the pension insurance system. After considering various levels of funding as suggested by commenters, PBGC concluded that 100 percent funding—meaning a plan would pay no variable-rate-premium (VRP)—is a realistic and reasonable goal and strikes an appropriate balance between the burden of reporting and PBGC's need for information to protect the pension insurance system. Thus, the well-funded plan safe harbor in the final rule applies if the plan owed no VRP for the plan year preceding the event year.³⁰ Plans exempt from the VRP (e.g., certain new plans) will qualify for the safe harbor regardless of their funding percentage.

This safe harbor is less protective of the pension insurance system because, among other reasons, liabilities measured on an on-going basis are generally lower than liabilities measured on a termination basis, and for premium purposes, only vested

liabilities are counted. Thus, PBGC anticipates that it will not receive some potentially useful reports. However, PBGC accepts this trade-off in the interest of addressing sponsor and plan concerns.

The 2013 proposal looked to the VRP data for the year before the event year to determine whether a plan qualified for the safe harbor. One commenter suggested that PBGC allow plans that did not meet the test with prior year premium information to meet the test based on current year premium information, if available by the date an event occurs. Under this approach, a calendar-year plan with a reportable event in November 2014 could determine its eligibility for the waiver based on its 2014 VRP filing, instead of its 2013 VRP filing.

After consideration of the comment, PBGC is not accepting this suggestion. PBGC does not want to lose reports from plans when funding improves without gaining reports from plans whose funding deteriorates. Yet PBGC does not want to require all plans to reassess qualification for the safe harbor when VRP data become available. Basing the safe harbor on prior year premium information keeps the safe harbor simple and predictable; plans will know for certain prior to year-end whether they will qualify for the safe harbor for the entire next plan year.

The 2013 proposal gave small plans a filing extension—for events to which this plan financial soundness safe harbor applied—until one month after the prior year's premium filing due date (i.e., five months after the end of the prior year). PBGC's recent final rule on premiums (see 79 FR 13547, March 11, 2014), which advances the small-plan premium due date 6½ months, makes this extension unnecessary, and thus it is not included in the final reportable events regulation.

Small-Plan Waivers

The 2013 proposal included small-plan waivers for five events, as compared to two events under the old regulation. One commenter specifically commended PBGC for expanding the availability of small plan waivers. The final rule changes the small-plan category from fewer than 100 participants to 100 participants or fewer for consistency with PBGC's recent premium final rule. Otherwise, the small-plan waiver is unchanged from the 2013 proposal.

Public Company Waiver

The old regulation contained a limited public company waiver for reporting controlled group change and

²⁸ See e.g., Table 3 in <http://www.standardandpoors.com/ratings/articles/en/us/?articleType=HTML&assetID=1245329097686>.

²⁹ To underscore this point, PBGC is required under accounting rules to identify contingent liabilities on PBGC's financial statements in this manner.

³⁰ This safe harbor essentially restores a similar waiver under the old regulation, which waived notice for six events if no VRP was required to be paid for the plan for the event year.

liquidation events. Reporting of these events was waived if the plan's contributing sponsor before the effective date of the transaction was a public company and the fair market value of the plan's assets was at least 80 percent of the plan's vested benefits amount. In the case of a liquidation event, the waiver applied only if each plan maintained by the liquidating member was maintained by another member of the plan's controlled group after the liquidation. The old regulation also contained an extension for public companies to report controlled group change, liquidation, and extraordinary dividend events until 30 days after the earlier of the first Form 10-Q filing deadline that occurred after the transaction or the date when a press release with respect to the transaction was issued.

The 2013 proposal did not include a reporting waiver for public companies. One commenter urged PBGC to exempt public company sponsors from reportable events requirements entirely. This commenter asserted that because publicly-traded companies already report significant events on their SEC filings, there is no reason for them to provide duplicative filings to PBGC.

In evaluating the commenter's suggestion, PBGC reviewed SEC reporting requirements and reportable event notices to determine the extent to which PBGC could get timely and relevant information from SEC filings that could substitute for reportable events filings.³¹ Based on this review, the final rule waives reporting where any contributing sponsor of the affected plan is a public company and the contributing sponsor timely files a SEC Form 8-K disclosing the event, except where such disclosure is under a SEC Form 8-K item relating primarily to results of operations or financial statements.³² This waiver applies to the same five events as the low-default-risk and well-funded plan safe harbors. PBGC found that SEC filings provide adequate and timely information to

PBGC with respect to these events because they are either required to be reported under a specific Form 8-K item or because they are material information for investors.³³

The public company waiver does not apply to other events because PBGC found that for those events SEC filings would not necessarily provide adequate and timely information. For instance, SEC rules do not require specific reporting of ERISA events, such as an inability to pay benefits when due or a missed contribution, on SEC Form 8-K unless the events would be considered material to investor decisions,³⁴ which often may not be the case for small plans sponsored by large companies. Yet these events may still pose a risk to the plan and the pension insurance system.³⁵

Similarly, corporate events such as loan default and liquidation events may not be disclosed in SEC filings because the information is not considered material to investors (and thus not required to be reported under SEC rules).³⁶ Further, even if an event is disclosed in an SEC filing, the filing will likely not contain actuarial or other important information that would be included in a reportable events notice. These kinds of events present a high risk to the pension insurance system by

³³ Information about these events is often filed on SEC Form 8-K under either Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure or Item 8.01 (Other Events) rather than under one of the specified disclosure items on SEC Form 8-K. Publicly-traded companies may also be subject to additional requirements to disclose events such as dividend transactions that are fulfilled through filing an 8-K report. For example, the New York Stock Exchange states that "a listed company is expected to release quickly to the public any news or information which might reasonably be expected to materially affect the market for its securities" and includes dividend announcements as an example of a news item that should be handled on an immediate release basis through SEC regulation FD disclosure. See Sections 202.05 and 06 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual. <http://nysemanual.nyse.com/lcm/>. PBGC anticipates that not all controlled group changes will be reported on SEC Form 8-K. See e.g., Item 2.01 (Completion of Acquisition or Disposition of Assets). The requirement is only to disclose the completion of an acquisition or disposition of a significant amount of assets.

³⁴ Although such events may be disclosed in quarterly or annual SEC reports in financial statements, the disclosure would not be timely or provide adequate information for PBGC purposes.

³⁵ For instance, in one case, a company did not report the shutdown of one of its facilities in a March 2008 SEC filing. PBGC discovered the shutdown through a Form 10 filing and negotiated a settlement under ERISA section 4062(e) that resulted in a \$400,000 contribution into the plan before the company filed bankruptcy and terminated the pension plan.

³⁶ SEC Form 8-K's Item 2.04 (Triggering Events That Accelerate or Increase a Direct Financial Obligation or an Obligation under an Off-Balance Sheet Arrangement) requirement is only triggered if the consequences of the event are material to the grantor.

their very nature and thus, timely and complete information on them is particularly important.

There is no need for a public company waiver for the insolvency event in the final regulation (Bankruptcy or Similar Settlements under the old regulation), since the new event description excludes Bankruptcy Code filings, and public company insolvencies are handled through proceedings under the Bankruptcy Code.

The public company waiver's requirement of actual disclosure (and not mere public company status) is consistent with the requirement of actual disclosure for public company extensions under the old regulation. Such extensions are no longer necessary because all public companies will be waived from reporting these events so long as the event is actually disclosed.

Foreign Entity and De Minimis Waivers

The old regulation provided reporting waivers for several events where the entity or entities involved in the event were foreign entities or represented a *de minimis* percentage of a controlled group.³⁷ The 2013 proposal expanded the availability of those waivers to five events (extraordinary dividends, controlled group changes, insolvencies, liquidations, and loan defaults).³⁸ The final rule's treatment of *de minimis* and foreign-entity waivers is unchanged from the 2013 proposal.

With respect to *de minimis* waivers, one commenter requested that PBGC clarify whether an investment in a subsidiary is included in tangible or intangible assets, particularly in the case of shell companies whose only asset is the stock of a subsidiary, for purposes of determining whether the entity is *de minimis*. PBGC believes that treatment of stock in a subsidiary should be consistent with the regulatory and accounting requirements sponsors follow to prepare financial statements.

Controlled Group Situations

One commenter raised concerns about the difficulty in monitoring members of complex controlled groups for reportable events, particularly for the

³⁷ Both types of waiver apply to controlled group change, liquidation, and extraordinary dividend; the foreign entity waiver also applies to loan default and bankruptcy. The foreign entity waiver is limited to entities that are not direct or indirect parents of contributing sponsors; discussion of the foreign-entity waiver in this preamble should be understood to incorporate this limitation.

³⁸ The waiver would use the ten percent standard for *de minimis* segments. For liquidation, loan default, and insolvency, the *de minimis* waiver is available only if the entity involved in the event was not a contributing sponsor.

³¹ See <http://www.sec.gov/about/forms/form8-k.pdf>.

³² The exceptions for results of operations and financial statements fall under SEC Form 8-K Item 2.02 (Results of Operations and Financial Condition) and Item 9.01 (Financial Statements and Exhibits). The final rule's public company waiver includes these exceptions because disclosure of a reportable event under these items may be incidental to the event that requires SEC disclosure. For example, the release of results of operations may include a reference to a reportable event in the context of the overall business activities during a fiscal quarter. In such a case, PBGC believes the SEC disclosure often may be a passing reference with little information about the reportable event and likely made long after the event may have occurred.

five reportable events that involve reporting at the controlled group level rather than the plan level: Controlled group changes, liquidation, loan defaults, extraordinary dividends, and insolvency events. The commenter stated that complicated controlled group situations require significant coordination across plan sponsors and controlled group members to gather information and test the various reporting waivers. Some commenters suggested that the proposal was unclear about whether the sponsor safe harbor tests had to be met by all controlled group members.

Similar issues existed under the old regulation. Nonetheless, the final rule makes changes from the proposal to address these concerns and minimizes burden for plans that experience events involving controlled groups in a number of ways. The final rule:

- Includes public company waivers for five events.
- Clarifies that the company low-default-risk safe harbor (which also applies to controlled group changes and extraordinary dividends) requires satisfaction by a contributing sponsor and the highest level U.S. parent of the contributing sponsor, not by the whole controlled group or by the contributing sponsor or highest level U.S. parent alone.
- Provides that satisfaction of the low-default-risk safe harbor is based on a single point in time during an annual financial cycle rather than determination after each of one or more events during a year.

Besides those changes in the final rule, the exclusion of proceedings under the Bankruptcy Code from the insolvency event description in the final rule (as in the 2013 proposal) will obviate most reporting of insolvency cases that involve controlled groups, since most such companies will go through federal bankruptcy proceedings in the event of insolvency.

The final regulation (like the proposal) provides relief from monitoring smaller controlled group members (through the *de minimis* 10-percent segment waivers) and all foreign controlled group members that are not parent entities. The inclusion of a small-plan waiver for the controlled group change event also provides relief in this regard. PBGC believes these exceptions will alleviate the need to monitor the controlled group members that are potentially the most difficult to track. In addition, PBGC expects that many smaller controlled group members typically will not undergo loan default events because their debt levels will not meet the \$10 million reporting

threshold. Thus, PBGC determined that no further changes in the final regulation were necessary to address concerns about controlled group monitoring.

Effect of Proposal on Loan Agreements

As discussed in the 2013 proposal, PBGC reviewed loan agreements to better understand the concerns of commenters on the 2009 proposal about the effect of the proposal on loan agreements.³⁹ Based on this review, PBGC concluded that the elimination of reporting waivers would not adversely affect most plan sponsors with loan agreements. Further, PBGC was not aware of any instance where filing notice of a reportable event caused a lender to declare a default. PBGC believes that if a lender were to declare a default it would be because the underlying event indicated a deterioration in the debtor's financial situation.

PBGC sought further feedback from the public on this issue in the 2013 proposal and asked that commenters provide copies of relevant loan agreements and information about the number and circumstances of plan sponsors that have experienced default or suffered other adverse consequences related to loan agreements as a result of a reportable event. No such documentation was received.

One commenter on the 2013 proposal said that since the 2009 proposal, many companies already have renegotiated agreements to provide that the occurrence of a reportable event that is not automatically waived is an event of default only if the event could result in a certain amount of financial liability or could have a material adverse effect on the borrower. But the commenter went on to say that a material adverse effect clause does not provide clarity as to when the clause actually has been or could be triggered. A second commenter, while agreeing with PBGC that in most cases, a non-waived reportable event will not result in an automatic default, said it is the creditor who determines whether the event results in material adverse effect.⁴⁰ Both commenters suggested that lenders may try to renegotiate agreements under the pretext that a reportable event had resulted in (or could have) a material adverse effect on the borrower, which would be time consuming and costly

³⁹ See 78 FR 20047–8.

⁴⁰ This commenter suggested that the preamble to the 2013 proposal downplayed the significance of reportable events on loan covenants and loan defaults. The commenter estimates that five to ten percent of its time is spent monitoring and revising corporate events to avoid reporting.

and could force the borrower to accept unfavorable terms.

Two commenters urged PBGC to retain the old reportable events regulation because companies have taken the regulation's provisions into account in contracting with not only lenders but also with employee benefit plan investors (who invest in swaps and futures agreements).⁴¹ However, the old regulation has been unchanged since 1997, when the economy, defined benefit pension plans and the pension insurance program looked very different than they do today. Based on more than 15 years of experience with the old regulation, PBGC has found that the regulation is not effective in providing timely reports for plans that pose the most risk to the pension insurance system.

Moreover, reportable events notices are designed to give PBGC notices of events that could impair the payment of a debt (*i.e.*, a pension obligation). If a lender invokes a material adverse effect clause as a result of a reportable event, it is because the lender has concerns that the event will impair the company's ability to pay on the loan, not because the event is reported to PBGC. In other words, a company's lender's concerns in this regard and PBGC's concerns are likely to be congruent.

Although PBGC's understanding of the impact of the regulation on loan agreements has not changed, PBGC believes that the changes made in this final rule should assuage commenters' concerns in this area. The final rule provides more waivers than under the 2013 proposal. PBGC anticipates that about 94 percent of plans covered by PBGC will qualify for at least one waiver under the active participant reduction, controlled group change, extraordinary dividend, benefit liability transfer, and substantial owner distribution event provisions. Along with missed contribution events (which PBGC does not expect to be reported in greater numbers under the final rule), these five events accounted for over 90% of filings between 2012 and 2014. Thus, with more waivers covering the most common events, sponsors will be better off under the new regulation than under the old regulation, and PBGC expects an overall net reduction in reporting under the final rule (see discussion in *Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 and Paperwork Reduction Act*), and an

⁴¹ This commenter also stated at the hearing that one of its members would have faced bankruptcy proceedings unless it was able to renegotiate its credit agreement to include a material adverse effect clause to a provision that required the absence of a reportable events filing. The commenter indicated that the sponsor was successful in this effort.

increase in the reporting of events that are a true concern to the pension insurance system. In addition, the deferral of the applicability date for the final regulation should give plan sponsors time to consult with loan providers about appropriate amendments to loan agreements, which, as mentioned by the commenter referred to above, companies appear already to be doing.⁴²

Descriptions of Events Under the Final Rule

The next sections of the preamble address specific event descriptions, which can impact reporting requirements in much the same way as waivers. The final rule follows the 2013 proposal that reporting of an insolvency event is required only when a member of a plan's controlled group is involved in insolvency proceedings that are not under the federal Bankruptcy Code) and makes no changes in event descriptions that were not addressed in the 2013 proposal.

Active Participant Reduction

Under ERISA section 4043(c)(3), in general, a reportable active participant reduction occurs when the number of active participants is reduced below 80 percent of the number at the beginning of the year or below 75 percent of the number at the beginning of the prior year.

Creeping losses of active participants may cross the two percentage thresholds at different times in one year. The 2009 proposal added a reporting waiver to limit reporting to once a year on the premise that PBGC would monitor for at least a year any plan that reported an active participant reduction.

The 2013 proposal introduced a new approach to reporting active participant reductions. It distinguished between rapid reductions—which would have to be reported immediately—and slower reductions attributable to attrition—which would have to be tested for and reported only once a year. This approach addressed a comment on the 2009 proposal requesting relief from the need to monitor constantly for creeping active participant reductions that might exceed one of the percentage thresholds. Because the attrition event can occur only once a year, PBGC eliminated the 2009 proposal's waiver from reporting subsequent active participant reduction event notices after the first such event in the same year was reported. PBGC

reasoned that quick drops in the number of active participants should be easy to spot without exercising unusual vigilance.

Under the 2013 proposal, a “quick” active participant reduction event would occur when the reporting threshold was crossed either within a single 30-day period (a short-period event) or as a result of a single cause (a single-cause event), such as the discontinuance of an operation, a natural disaster, a reorganization, a mass layoff, or an early retirement incentive program. An attrition event would occur if the active participant count at the end of a plan year fell below one of the percentage thresholds. A 120-day reporting extension beyond the end of the year would provide time to count active participants.

The final rule generally tracks the 2013 proposal but eliminates the short-period event (as one commenter requested), lengthens the reporting extension for attrition events, and makes some minor editorial changes for clarification. PBGC concluded that the burden of monitoring for short-period events would outweigh the value of short-period event reports, since most short-period events would likely also be either single-cause events or eventually captured in an attrition-event filing. In addition, PBGC decided to extend the reporting deadline for attrition events until the premium due date for the plan year following the event year.

Two commenters requested reinstatement of the waiver of reporting more than once a year from the 2009 proposal, or clarification of when more frequent reporting would be required. As explained above, the “once-a-year” waiver is no longer necessary for creeping active participant losses because the attrition event can arise only once a year. And after consideration, PBGC has concluded that it cannot adequately monitor plans for multiple rapid active participant reduction events in the same year. Further, two or more distinct events in the same year could signal extreme financial distress that merit timely reporting to PBGC. Thus the “once-a-year” waiver is not in the final rule.

Two commenters suggested exempting frozen plans from the active participant reduction event or waiving reporting unless plan liabilities increased (as from a triggering of shut-down benefits). PBGC has not adopted these suggestions. Although the active participant reduction event may be more easily triggered for a frozen plan, such plans can pose just as much risk to the pension insurance system as plans that are not frozen.

One commenter asked for a waiver or extension of the requirement to report active participant reductions caused by natural disasters. The issue here would appear to apply equally to all reportable events, but even limiting the proposal to the active participant reduction event, PBGC is concerned that the occurrence of a disaster may increase, rather than obviate, the importance of timely reporting because a natural disaster may have a lasting negative impact on the ability of a business to continue operating. Thus, PBGC is providing no special rules for disasters in the final rule. Note, however, that in appropriate cases, PBGC issues disaster relief notices that provide temporary relief from reporting requirements.⁴³ Case-by-case waivers and extensions are also available.

One commenter wanted PBGC to waive reporting of active participant reductions due to spinoffs within a controlled group. PBGC sees no more reason to waive reporting where there is an intra-group spinoff than where there is no spinoff. The loss of active participants is of concern itself, regardless of cause. Further, such a spin-off may be a precursor to the transfer of benefit liabilities outside the controlled group. Accordingly, no such waiver is provided in the final rule, though case-by-case waivers are available.

Finally, this commenter also questioned the utility of reports of active participant reduction events, suggesting that PBGC is unaffected by active participant reductions and takes no action on a report of such an event unless accompanied by some other event. PBGC disagrees with this assessment. Notices of active participant reductions (which often result from business restructurings) give PBGC a chance to intervene to protect plan assets when a restructuring fails and plan termination becomes a significant possibility.

Missed Contributions

Under the old regulation (§ 4043.25), a missed contribution event occurs when a plan sponsor fails to make any required plan contribution by its due date.

The final rule (like the 2009 and 2013 proposals) clarifies the language in § 4043.25. This reportable event does not apply only to contributions required by statute,⁴⁴ but also to contributions

⁴³ See PBGC guidance on disaster relief at <http://www.pbgc.gov/res/other-guidance/dr.html>.

⁴⁴ Such required contributions include quarterly contributions under ERISA section 303(j)(3) and Code section 430(j)(3), liquidity shortfall contributions under ERISA section 303(j)(4) and

⁴² When credit and investment agreements are renegotiated, borrowers might be able to address uncertainty raised by having material adverse effect clauses by negotiating a dollar figure threshold that would trigger an event of default.

required as a condition of a funding waiver that do not fall within the statutory provisions on waiver amortization charges.⁴⁵ The final rule (like the 2013 proposal) includes waivers for this event for a missed contribution made up within 30 days after its due date and for small plans that miss quarterly contributions.

One commenter suggested that PBGC add a waiver for contributions missed solely because of a failure to timely make a funding balance election. The final rule adds a waiver for a missed contribution where the failure to timely make the contribution is due solely to the plan sponsor's failure to timely make a funding balance election.

The final rule also clarifies a technical point from the 2013 proposal. The requirement to submit a reportable event notice for a missed contribution is satisfied by submission of Form 200 for the same event. However, reliance on Form 200 to satisfy the reportable event filing requirement does not transform Form 200 into a reportable event notice. Thus, the final rule makes clear that a Form 200 filing is not protected by the non-disclosure provisions of ERISA section 4043(f).

Inability To Pay Benefits When Due

In general, a reportable event occurs when a plan fails to make a benefit payment timely or when a plan's liquid assets fall below the level needed for paying benefits for six months. The old regulation excuses failure to pay due to inability to locate the payee or any other administrative delay of less than two months (or two benefit payment periods). In reviewing the proposed rule, PBGC concluded that it would be unfair to require a plan to report an inability to pay benefits when due simply because (despite the diligence called for by the fiduciary standards) a payee could not be located within the prescribed time limit. Accordingly, the final rule clarifies that the time limit does not apply to delay in paying a missing payee. Other administrative delays are excused only to the extent they do not exceed the prescribed time limit.

Code section 430(j)(4), and contributions to amortize funding waivers under ERISA section 303(e) and Code section 430(e).

⁴⁵ Such "non-statutory" contributions are not taken into account under ERISA section 303(k) and Code section 430(k), dealing with liens that arise because of large missed contributions, and are therefore disregarded under § 4043.81, which implements those provisions. However, violating the conditions of a funding waiver typically means that contributions that were waived become retroactively due and unpaid and are counted for purposes of § 4043.81.

Distribution to Substantial Owner

Under the old regulation, distributions to substantial owners generally were required to be reported if the total distributions to an owner exceeded \$10,000 in a year, unless the plan was fully funded for nonforfeitable benefits. The 2013 proposal limited the event to circumstances where the distributions to one substantial owner exceeded one percent of plan assets or the distributions to all substantial owners exceeded five percent of plan assets. In addition, PBGC proposed to limit reporting for a distribution in the form of an annuity to one notice, which would satisfy all future reporting requirements for the annuity so long as the annuity did not increase. Once notified that an annuity was being paid to a substantial owner, PBGC would need no further notices that the annuity was continuing to be paid.

One commenter asked PBGC to exclude from reporting payments made to comply with the minimum required distribution rules of Code section 401(a)(9), which might involve an increasing annuity if the substantial owner were still working and accruing benefits but required to take minimum distributions. In response, the final rule provides that reporting for distributions in the form of annuities is required only once, without the limitation that the annuity be non-increasing.

Controlled Group Change

Under § 4043.29 (both in the old regulation and the new regulation), a reportable event occurs for a plan when there is a transaction that results, or will result, in one or more persons' ceasing to be members of a plan's controlled group. For this purpose, the term "transaction" includes a written or unwritten legally binding agreement to transfer ownership or an actual transfer or change of ownership. (A transaction is not reportable if it will result solely in a reorganization involving a mere change in identity, form, or place of organization, however effected.)

One commenter to the 2013 proposal raised concerns that elimination of the waivers for this event under the old regulation (which the 2013 proposal replaced with other waivers) would require significant monitoring of every transaction in which any controlled group member engages throughout the year and analysis of each such transaction to determine whether reporting is required. This commenter further asserted that the 2013 proposal would add significant administrative burdens without a corresponding increase in the security of the pension

insurance system and urged PBGC to restore the funding and public company waivers that applied under the old regulation. PBGC has addressed this concern with the final rule's inclusion of the small plan and public company waivers, without regard to plan funding status. See the discussion above in the sections *Public Company Waiver* and *Controlled Group Situations*.

The 2013 proposal deleted the example in § 4043.29(e)(3) of the old regulation that indicated that a reportable event occurred when a member of a controlled group ceased to exist upon being merged into another member in the course of a reorganization. However, this point was not made clearly by the language in § 4043.29(a) describing the event. The final rule adds language further clarifying that a controlled group member's ceasing to exist because of a merger into another member of the group is not a reportable event.

Like the 2013 proposal, the final rule provides that whether an agreement is legally binding is to be determined without reference to any conditions in the agreement. For this purpose, a legally binding agreement means an agreement that provides for obligations that are material to and enforceable by and against the parties to the agreement, regardless of whether any conditions of the agreement have been met or satisfied (in other words, an agreement does not fail to be legally binding solely because it is subject to conditions that have not been performed).⁴⁶ Example 2 in the regulatory text has been modified to make clear when the filing is triggered. The provisions on controlled group change events are otherwise unchanged from the 2013 proposal.

Extraordinary Dividends

Under the old regulation, an extraordinary dividend or stock redemption occurred when a member of a plan's controlled group declared a distribution (a dividend or stock redemption) that alone or in combination with previous distributions exceeded a level specified in the regulation. The 2013 proposal eliminated much of the computational detail that the old regulation prescribed for determining whether a reportable event had occurred by providing that the computations be done in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Although PBGC did not receive comments on the 2013 proposal for this event, PBGC decided to include in the

⁴⁶ See similar language in SEC Form 8-K Item 1.01 used to define a material definitive agreement.

final rule a waiver for public companies from reporting extraordinary dividends and stock redemptions, as discussed above under *Public Company Waiver*.

Transfer of Benefit Liabilities

The reportable events regulation requires reporting to PBGC when, in any 12-month period, three percent or more of a plan's benefit liabilities are transferred to a person outside the transferor plan's controlled group or to a plan or plans maintained by a person or persons outside the transferor plan's controlled group. Transfers of benefit liabilities are of concern to PBGC because they may reduce the transferor plan's funded percentage⁴⁷ and because the transferee may be a higher default risk than the transferor.

Both the 2009 and 2013 proposals clarified that satisfaction of a plan's benefit liabilities through the payment of a lump sum or the purchase of an irrevocable commitment to provide an annuity would not constitute a transfer of benefit liabilities that must be reported under the regulation. In the preamble to the 2013 proposal (78 FR at 20050), PBGC stated it had concluded that such transfers need not be reported because the provisions in section 436 of the Code and section 206(g) of ERISA (as added by the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA)) prohibit or limit cashouts and annuitizations by significantly underfunded plans. In addition, since cashouts and annuitizations do not involve benefit liabilities transferring to another plan, PBGC reasoned there would be no concern about a transferee plan's financial health.

One commenter on the 2013 proposal opposed the exclusion of lump sums and annuity purchases from the reporting requirement. This commenter suggested that cash-outs or annuitizations on a large scale, sometimes referred to as de-risking or risk transfers, presage the decline of the defined benefit pension plan system. This commenter stated PBGC could gather information that might lead to regulatory or statutory protection for participants impacted by these types of transactions. During the hearing on the 2013 proposal, however, all of the co-panelists of this commenter expressed opposite views.

PBGC shares concerns about the potential impact of cashouts and annuitizations on a large scale on

retirement security, including concerns that some of these transactions may leave a plan underfunded or effectively be part of a standard termination without meeting the applicable statutory and regulatory requirements (including reporting to PBGC and disclosure to participants). PBGC also recognizes that such transactions may create burdens on individuals whose options to obtain lifetime income in retirement are limited or who may not have the resources or experience to manage lump sum distributions in a way that replicates the professional investment management (with the associated fiduciary responsibilities) of defined benefit plan assets. PBGC notes, however, that few companies would be subject to advance reporting of such transactions, thus severely limiting the utility of such reporting, as compared to its burden. Therefore, PBGC is not adopting the commenter's suggestion in this final rule. Accordingly, the final rule retains the treatment of lump sum distributions and annuity purchases from the proposals.

Nevertheless, PBGC believes there are ways to address the commenter's concerns. PBGC believes it has useful tools to monitor and analyze trends (e.g., Form 5500 and premium filings) as well as tools to provide education and outreach to participants, and is carefully considering how best to do so.⁴⁸

Loan Default

Under the old regulation, a loan default reportable event occurred, with respect to a loan with an outstanding balance of \$10 million or more to any member of a plan's controlled group, when a loan payment was more than 30 days late (10 days in the case of advance reporting), when the lender accelerated the loan, or when there was a written notice of default based on a drop in cash reserves, an unusual or catastrophic event, or the debtor's persistent failure to meet agreed-on performance levels.

PBGC believes that the significance of both potential and actual loan defaults on such large loans is so great that reporting should not be restricted to the current list of reporting triggers. Rather, PBGC believes that not only any default on a loan of \$10 million or more—even a default on a loan within a controlled group—but waivers and amendments of loan covenants that are made to avoid a default (to keep the loan arrangement functioning) may reflect financial difficulty and pose serious challenges

for the pension insurance system. Accordingly, in the 2013 proposal PBGC expanded the definition of the loan default event. Under the 2013 proposal, a reportable event would occur if a member of a plan's controlled group had an outstanding loan balance of \$10 million or more and—

- There was an acceleration of payment or a default under the loan agreement, or
- The lender waived or agreed to an amendment of any covenant in the loan agreement for the purpose of avoiding a default.

These changes were to apply for both post-event notices and advance notices.

In the preamble to the 2013 proposal, PBGC stated its belief that the reporting requirement for loan defaults under the proposed rule would be comparable to what a typical creditor would require of a borrower to monitor the ability of the borrower to meet its obligations under the loan agreement. PBGC sought the views of the public on specific issues dealing with loan defaults, including how PBGC might better replicate reporting of information to creditors and whether there is a category of "technical" defaults that should not be reportable events.

One commenter was concerned that the proposal would require PBGC to determine a plan sponsor's intent behind a waiver or amendment and was not sure how such intent could be determined. To address this comment, the final rule replaces words "for the purpose of avoiding a default" in the 2013 proposal with the words "the effect of which is to cure or avoid a breach that would trigger a default."

This commenter also said that the scope of the proposed expansion of the event definition was too broad, especially for public companies that might face SEC disclosure issues. The commenter urged PBGC to modify the proposal to require the reporting of an amendment or waiver only to "material financial covenants," and not all covenants (e.g., non-financial covenants such as compliance with ERISA and similar laws). Another commenter, in responding to the proposed loan default criterion of the sponsor financial soundness safe harbor, was also concerned that the proposed rule's description of the loan default event was too broad because so-called meaningless "technical defaults" that are waived by a lender and are not indicative of financial stress would be reported. Other than these comments, PBGC did not receive feedback on loan default concerns.

After reviewing the comments and further analysis of typical loan

⁴⁷ Under Code section 414(l), transfers of liabilities must be covered by assets. In most cases of liabilities transfers, assets from the transferor plan also will be transferred to the transferee plan, which would reduce the amount of assets in the transferor plan and may affect its funded percentage.

⁴⁸ PBGC is requiring reporting of risk transfers on premium forms, starting with filings for plan years beginning in 2015. See <http://www.pbgc.gov/Documents/2015-Premium-Payment-Instructions.pdf>.

agreement provisions, PBGC has decided to not make further changes to the event description in response to comments. Covenants that are tied to event-of-default triggers are put into loan agreements because lenders believe that failure to comply with such covenants is significant and serves as an early indicator that a company may be experiencing financial difficulties resulting in its inability to pay its debts on time and in full. Distinctions should be made between a breach of any covenant in a loan agreement and a breach of a particular covenant that gives rise to a possible event-of-default trigger. The former may cover the kinds of minor loan agreement violations of the kind the commenter who asked that “technical defaults” of loan agreements be excluded from reporting under the regulation. The latter are those types of breaches (e.g., non-payment, failure to meet a financial ratio, or failure to provide some important information) that the parties to the loan agreement have agreed are serious enough to undermine the loan agreement arrangement. Under the final regulation, PBGC will act as any another creditor would by requiring reporting of all incidents within the expanded scope of the loan default event. If a sponsor believes that an event triggering the loan default reporting requirement does not reflect financial difficulty or the ability of the sponsor to meet its pension obligations, PBGC will consider a request for a case-by-case waiver.

The final rule makes one other change to this event from the 2013 proposal. The final rule deletes a paragraph from the old regulation on the notice date for payment acceleration or loan default that referred to “other conditions” for such occurrences to be reportable. Because the provisions concerning “other conditions” are eliminated (following the 2013 proposal), this paragraph is no longer necessary.

Form 200 Reporting

One commenter suggested that PBGC allow for simplified reporting for Form 200 filings in limited situations, such as when the missed contribution has been made up by the filing due date and the plan has not missed any other contributions within a certain period of time. PBGC thought this was a good suggestion. Accordingly, under the final rule, if a plan sponsor makes up a missed contribution by the Form 200 notice due date, and the sponsor has not missed any other required contributions during the two-year period ending on the Form 200 notice due date, the plan may file the Form 200 notice without any of the attachments (e.g., controlled

group listing and company financial statements) otherwise required by the Form 200 and instructions.

Other Topics Under the Final Rule

Advance Reporting

In general, reportable events must be reported to PBGC within 30 days after they occur. But section 4043(b) of ERISA requires advance reporting by a contributing sponsor for certain reportable events if a “threshold test” is met, unless the contributing sponsor or controlled group member to which an event relates is a public company. The advance reporting threshold test is based on the aggregate funding level of plans maintained by the contributing sponsor and members of the contributing sponsor’s controlled group. The funding level criteria are expressed by reference to calculated values that are used to determine VRPs under section 4006 of ERISA.

PPA changed the plan funding rules in Title I of ERISA and in the Code and amended the VRP provisions of section 4006 of ERISA to conform to the changes in the funding rules. The final rule, like the prior proposals, conforms the regulation to the changes made under PPA.⁴⁹

The regulatory language under the final rule is slightly modified to conform to changes made in a recent final rule on PBGC premiums under which small plans generally calculate the VRP using data from the plan year preceding the premium payment year, a requirement referred to as the “look-back rule.”⁵⁰ Thus, the reportable events final rule clarifies that the VRP data used for this advance reporting test are not the data for the prior year, but the data used to determine the VRP for the prior year.

There is no change in the final rule from the 2013 proposal that eliminated advance-notice extensions for loan default and voluntary insolvency events. (The notice date of an event where insolvency proceedings are filed against a debtor by someone outside the plan’s controlled group is extended to

⁴⁹ Several other PBGC regulations also refer to plan funding concepts using citations outmoded by PPA: The regulations on Filing, Issuance, Computation of Time, and Record Retention (29 CFR part 4000); Terminology (29 CFR part 4001); Variances for Sale of Assets (29 CFR part 4204); Adjustment of Liability for a Withdrawal Subsequent to a Partial Withdrawal (29 CFR part 4206); and Mergers and Transfers Between Multiemployer Plans (29 CFR part 4231). Thus, these regulations must also be revised to be consistent with ERISA and the Code as amended by PPA and with the revised premium regulations. The final rule makes the necessary conforming revisions, as proposed.

⁵⁰ See 79 FR 13547 (March 11, 2014).

10 days after proceedings begin). Thus, under the final rule, the due date for these events is the same as for other reportable events subject to the advance-notice requirements (i.e., 30 days prior to the event).

Forms and Instructions

PBGC issues three reporting forms for use under the reportable events regulation. Form 10 is for post-event reporting under subpart B of the regulation; Form 10-Advance is for advance reporting under subpart C of the regulation; and Form 200 is for reporting under subpart D of the regulation. Failure to report is subject to penalties under section 4071 of ERISA. The final rule eliminates some of the documentation that was required to be submitted with notices of two reportable events under the old regulation, but also requires that filers submit with notices of most events some information that is typically requested by PBGC after notices are reviewed. The final rule also requires the use of prescribed reportable events forms and moves from the regulation to the forms and instructions the lists of information items that must be reported.

Three commenters expressed concern about moving the information requirements from the regulation to the forms and instructions because public input on any changes might be limited; one of these commenters said that Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) notices are easy to miss.

PBGC does not agree. PBGC posts all pending PRA submissions on its Web site at <http://www.pbgc.gov/laws-and-regulations/information-collections-under-omb-review.html>. Interested persons can sign up for notifications of new postings through PBGC’s Web site at <http://www.pbgc.gov/res/res/stay-informed.html>. PBGC observes that the public was provided an opportunity to comment on the forms and instructions in connection with the 2013 proposal and PBGC received only one substantive comment (noted below). Moving the information requirements to the forms and instructions will allow PBGC to be more flexible in responding to future developments, such as changes in information technology.⁵¹

One commenter felt that the 2013 proposal dramatically increased the information required to be initially reported. As explained in the 2013

⁵¹ Although changes to the paperwork would not have to go through notice and comment rulemaking, they would still have to be reviewed by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act, which typically requires two public notices and a total of 90 days for submission of public comments.

proposal (78 FR 20051), PBGC acknowledges that initial information requirements generally will increase. However, the total amount of information submitted to PBGC (including both initial reports and follow-up information requested by PBGC) generally will not increase, and providing information all at one time is more efficient than doing so in multiple installments. Further, by requiring more information with the initial filing, the new requirements will allow PBGC to intervene to protect plans and participants more quickly in appropriate circumstances.

Mandatory Electronic Filing

The final rule, like the 2009 and 2013 proposals, requires electronic filing of reportable events notices. This requirement is part of PBGC's ongoing implementation of the Government Paperwork Elimination Act.

Filers are permitted to email filings with attachments using any one or more of a variety of electronic formats that PBGC is capable of reading as provided in the instructions on PBGC's Web site. (PBGC accepts imaged signatures for filings.)

PBGC may consider other E-filing enhancements, such as a Web-based filing application for reportable events similar to the applications for PBGC's section 4010 and premium filings, as internet capabilities and standards

change. Such developments would be reflected in PBGC's reportable events e-filing instructions.

PBGC sought public comment on its proposal to require electronic filing. One commenter favored electronic reporting while two others requested a paper filing option. In view of the fact that all plans subject to the reportable events regulation must file Form 5500 and PBGC premiums electronically, a paper option within the regulation for the occasional reportable event notice seems unnecessary. However, PBGC may grant case-by-case waivers of the electronic filing requirement.

Other Changes

The final rule makes a change to § 4043.20 that was not included in the 2013 proposal to clarify that the responsibility for a failure to file a reportable event notice if there is a change in plan sponsor or plan administrator lies with the person who is the plan administrator or contributing sponsor of the plan on the due date. Without this change, if there were a change in plan administrator or sponsor after a notice had been filed but before the due date, the new plan administrator or sponsor would be required to file another notice. A similar change is made to § 4043.61(a) with respect to a change in a contributing sponsor and the responsibility to file advance-notice reports.

The final rule also makes applicable to the regulation generally a provision—limited to one event in the old regulation—waiving reporting for statutory reportable events outside the scope of the reportable events described in the regulation. This provision has been reworded and moved from § 4043.31(c)(1) (dealing with extraordinary dividends) to § 4043.4(e) (dealing with waivers generally).

The 2013 proposal made other technical changes that are retained in the final rule.⁵²

Summary Chart

The following tables summarize waiver and safe harbor provisions for reportable events for which post-event reporting is required. The first table shows waivers and safe harbors available under this final rule, and the second table shows a comparison of such provisions between the old regulation and this final rule. As explained in detail above, the final rule also provides reporting relief—like the relief provided by waivers—through changes to the definitions of certain reportable events, including substantial owner distributions and active participant reductions and through the requirement for filing only once a plan year for active participant reductions that occur by attrition.

⁵² See 78 FR 20052–3.

| Event | Reporting waived if: | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--------|----------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Low risk of default | No VRP | Small plan | Public company (if event disclosed on SEC Form 8-K) | CG member causing event is: | | | Not more than 30 days late | Late credit balance election | Large plan subject to liquidity rules |
| | | | | | De minimis | Non-parent & foreign | De minimis & not a contributing sponsor | | | |
| Extraordinary Dividend or Stock Redemption | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Change in Contributing Sponsor or Controlled Group | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | |
| Active Participant Reduction | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Transfer of Benefit Liabilities | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Distribution to Substantial Owner | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Insolvency ^a | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| Liquidation | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| Loan Default | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| Failure to Make Required Contribution | | | ✓ ^b | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Application for Funding Waiver | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inability to Pay Benefits When Due | | | | | | | | | ✓ | |

- a. Events under Bankruptcy Code waived in all cases.
- b. Only waived if missed contribution is a quarterly installment



Events with risk-based safe harbors (company low-default-risk or well-funded plan)⁵³ or other factors.

| Event | Waivers under old regulation | Final rule – if any of these safe harbors applies, no reporting is required | | |
|---|---|---|------------------------------|---|
| | | Company Low-default-risk Safe Harbor | Well-Funded Plan Safe Harbor | Other Safe Harbors |
| Extraordinary Dividend or Stock Redemption | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Member distributing is <i>de minimis</i> (5%);⁵⁴ Member distributing is non-parent foreign entity (regardless of size); Member distributing is foreign parent, and distribution is made solely to other controlled group members; At least 80% funded; No VRP; or Less than \$1 M in premium underfunding | ↑ | ↑ | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Member involved is <i>de minimis</i> (10%); Member involved is non-parent foreign entity (regardless of size); or Small plan (fewer than 100 participants) Public company disclosure |
| | | | | |
| Active Participant Reduction | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Small plan (fewer than 100 participants) At least 80% funded if not a facility closing; No VRP; or Less than \$1 M premium underfunding | ↓ | ↓ | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Small plan (fewer than 100 participants) Public company disclosure |
| | | | | |
| Distribution to Substantial Owner | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> At least 80% funded; No VRP; Distributions less than IRC 415 limit; or Distributions less than 1% of assets⁵⁵ | ↓ | ↓ | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Public company disclosure |

⁵³ Company means the plan sponsor or the U.S. parent company. The risk-based tests are set forth in § 4043.9 of the final rule and described in the preamble under *Company Low-default-risk Safe Harbor* and *Well-Funded Plan Safe Harbor*.

⁵⁴ De minimis is defined in § 4043.2 of both the old regulation and the new regulation.

⁵⁵ The final rule, like the 2013 proposal, added to the description of this event a provision limiting the event to circumstances where the distributions to one substantial owner exceed one percent of plan assets or the distributions to all substantial owners exceed five percent of plan assets. The one-percent threshold echoes the waiver for this event under the old regulation but that was eliminated in the final rule.

| Events with limited or no safe harbors | | |
|---|--|--|
| Event | Waivers under old regulation | Safe Harbors under final rule |
| Bankruptcy/ Insolvency | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Member in bankruptcy is non-parent foreign entity (regardless of size) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Event revised to exclude Bankruptcy Code cases. Member causing event is - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not a contributing sponsor and is <i>de minimis</i> (10%); or Non-parent foreign entity (regardless of size) |
| Liquidation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Member liquidating is <i>de minimis</i> (10%) and plan survives; Member liquidating is non-parent foreign entity (regardless of size); At least 80% funded & public company and plan survives; or No VRP or less than \$1 M in premium underfunding and plan survives | <div style="text-align: center;">  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Member causing event is - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not a contributing sponsor and is <i>de minimis</i> (10%); or Non-parent foreign entity (regardless of size)  </div> |
| Loan Default | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Default cured or waived by lender within 30 days or by end of cure period; Member defaulting is non-parent foreign entity (regardless of size); At least 80% funded; or No VRP or less than \$1 M in premium underfunding | |
| Failure to Make Required Contribution | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed quarterlies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plans with fewer than 25 participants if missed quarterly was not due to financial inability; simplified reporting for plans with 25-99 participants if missed quarterly was not due to financial inability (relief provided in Technical Update) Any sized plan, if made within 30 days of due date Any other missed contribution, if made within 30 days of due date | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed quarterlies of small plans (fewer than 100 participants) Any missed contribution, if made within 30 days of due date Late funding balance election |
| Application for Funding Waiver | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> None | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> None |
| Inability to Pay Benefits When Due | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plan with more than 100 participants (subject to liquidity shortfall rules) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plan with more than 100 participants (subject to liquidity shortfall rules) |

Applicability

The changes to Part 4043 made by this final rule are applicable to post-event reports for reportable events occurring on or after January 1, 2016, and to advance reports due on or after that date.

Regulatory Procedures

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563

PBGC has determined that this rule is a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866. The Office of Management and Budget has therefore reviewed this rule under Executive Order 12866.

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). Executive Order 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 require that a comprehensive regulatory impact analysis be performed for any economically significant regulatory action, defined as an action that would result in an annual effect of \$100 million or more on the national economy or that have other substantial impacts. In accordance with OMB Circular A-4, PBGC has examined the economic and policy implications of this rule and has concluded that the action’s benefits justify its costs.

As discussed above, some reportable events present little or no risk to the pension insurance system—where, for example, the plan sponsor presents a low risk of default and the risk of plan termination is correspondingly low. Reports of such events are unnecessary in the sense that PBGC typically reviews but takes no action on them. PBGC analyzed 2013 records to determine how many such reports it received for events to which the proposed sponsor safe harbor would apply, then reanalyzed the data to see how many unnecessary reports would have been received if the plan sponsor safe harbor in the proposed rule had been in effect (that is, excluding reports that would have been waived under the plan sponsor safe harbor test).⁵⁶ It found that the proportion of unnecessary filings would

be much lower under the final regulation than under the old regulation—9 percent (19 filings) compared to 50 percent (215 filings). Such improved efficiency will be reflected in dramatically reduced regulatory burden on sponsors and plans that satisfy the risk-based safe harbors. Further, PBGC estimates that the number of total filings will be reduced under the final regulation.

Fewer unnecessary reports means a more efficient reporting system and a greater proportion of filings that present the opportunity for increased plan protection through monitoring and possible intervention in transactions based on risk, leading to better protection for the pension insurance system and retirement security generally.

Using data from 2013, PBGC has estimated the benefit of better-targeted reporting under the new regulation in terms of the value of early intervention as a creditor where a reportable event may foreshadow sponsor default. Early intervention as a creditor leads to higher recoveries of plan underfunding. PBGC estimates that the value of early intervention would exceed the dollar equivalent of the increased burden associated with the higher rate of targeted reporting by approximately \$4.3 million.

Under Section 3(f)(1) of Executive Order 12866, a regulatory action is economically significant if “it is likely to result in a rule that may . . . [h]ave an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more or adversely affect in a material way the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities.” PBGC has determined that this final rule does not cross the \$100 million threshold for economic significance and is not otherwise economically significant.

This action is associated with retrospective review and analysis in PBGC’s Plan for Regulatory Review issued in accordance with Executive Order 13563 on “Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review.”

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act imposes certain requirements with respect to rules that are subject to the notice and comment requirements of section 553(b) of the Administrative Procedure Act and that are likely to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Unless an agency determines that a rule is not likely to have a significant economic impact on a substantial

number of small entities, section 603 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act requires that the agency present an initial regulatory flexibility analysis at the time of the publication of the proposed rule describing the impact of the rule on small entities and seeking public comment on such impact. Small entities include small businesses, organizations and governmental jurisdictions.

For purposes of the Regulatory Flexibility Act requirements with respect to the proposed amendments to the reportable events regulation, PBGC considers a small entity to be a plan with fewer than 100 participants. This is the same criterion used to determine the availability of the “small plan” waiver, and is consistent with certain requirements in Title I of ERISA⁵⁷ and the Code,⁵⁸ as well as the definition of a small entity that the Department of Labor (DOL) has used for purposes of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.⁵⁹ Using this definition, about 64 percent (14,349 of 22,344) of plans covered by Title IV of ERISA in 2014 were small plans.⁶⁰

Further, while some large employers may have small plans, in general most small plans are maintained by small employers. Thus, PBGC believes that assessing the impact of the final rule on small plans is an appropriate substitute for evaluating the effect on small entities. The definition of small entity considered appropriate for this purpose differs, however, from a definition of small business based on size standards promulgated by the Small Business Administration (13 CFR 121.201) pursuant to the Small Business Act. PBGC requested comments on the appropriateness of the size standard used in evaluating the impact on small entities of the proposed amendments to the reportable events regulation. PBGC received no comments in response to this request.

On the basis of its definition of small entity, PBGC certifies under section 605(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) that the amendments in this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Accordingly, as provided in section 605

⁵⁷ See, e.g., ERISA section 104(a)(2), which permits the Secretary of Labor to prescribe simplified annual reports for pension plans that cover fewer than 100 participants.

⁵⁸ See, e.g., Code section 430(g)(2)(B), which permits plans with 100 or fewer participants to use valuation dates other than the first day of the plan year.

⁵⁹ See, e.g., DOL’s final rule on Prohibited Transaction Exemption Procedures, 76 FR 66,637, 66,644 (Oct. 27, 2011).

⁶⁰ See PBGC 2014 pension insurance data table S-31 <http://www.pbgc.gov/documents/2013-DATA-BOOK-FINAL.pdf>.

⁵⁶ Filings that involved section 4062(e) events always resulted in the opening of cases and were excluded from the analysis.

of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*), sections 603 and 604 do not apply. This certification is based on the fact that the reportable events regulation requires only the filing of one-time notices on the occurrence of unusual events that affect only certain plans and that the economic impact of filing is not significant. The average burden of submitting a notice—based on the estimates discussed under *Paperwork Reduction Act*, below—is less than 5½ hours and \$745 (virtually the same as under the old regulation).

Paperwork Reduction Act

PBGC is submitting the information collection requirements under this rule to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act. There are two information collections under part 4043, approved under OMB control number 1212–0013 (covering subparts B and C), which expires May 31, 2018, and OMB control number 1212–0041 (covering subpart D), which expires June 30, 2018.

PBGC is making the following changes to these information requirements that were approved by OMB:

- PBGC’s experience is that in order to assess the significance of virtually every post-event filing for a missed contribution, inability to pay benefits, loan default, liquidation, or insolvency, it must obtain from the filer certain actuarial, financial and controlled group information. Filers were previously required to submit some of this information for some events, but PBGC has made its information collection for all these events more uniform. Accordingly, in connection with the final rule, PBGC now requires that every post-event filing for one of these events include the following financial and controlled group information (actuarial information was already required):

1. The financial information required will be copies of audited financial statements for the most recent fiscal year. (If audited statements were not immediately available, copies of unaudited financial statements (if

available) or tax returns would be required, to be followed up with required financial statements when available.)

2. The controlled group information required will be tailored to the event being reported and will generally include identifying information for each plan maintained by any member of the controlled group and a description of the controlled group with members’ names.

- Similarly, PBGC has found that it needs the same financial and controlled group information for advance-notice filings (in addition to actuarial information already required). For notices of applications for funding waiver requests, the information can typically be gleaned from the copy of the application that accompanies the reportable event notice. With this exception, PBGC is requiring that every advance notice filing include these items (unless the information is publicly available).

- Controlled group changes and benefit liability transfers involve both an “old” controlled group and a “new” controlled group. PBGC had already required submission of controlled group information with notices of controlled group changes under the old regulation and is now also requiring the same for benefit liability transfers.

- Because extraordinary distributions raise questions about controlled group finances, PBGC now requires submission of financial information with notices of events of this type.

- PBGC now requires that notices of substantial owner distributions give the reason for the distribution to help PBGC analyze its significance.

- Inability to pay benefits raises the specter of imminent sponsor shutdown and plan termination. Accordingly, for notice of this event, PBGC now requires submission of copies of the most recent plan documents and IRS qualification letter.

- PBGC is adding to the Form 200 information submission requirements a requirement to provide information about all controlled group real property,

and identity of controlled group principal executive offices.

- Simplified reporting for Form 200 filings is now available where the filer has not missed any required contribution (other than the missed contribution that triggered the Form 200 filing requirement during the two-year period ending on the notice due date for the Form 200) and has made up the missed contribution by the notice due date; under the simplified reporting provision, none of the attachments that are otherwise required to be included in the filing (*e.g.*, controlled group listing and company financial statements) need to be provided.

- In missed contribution cases, there is sometimes a credit balance that is available for application to a contribution that is due. PBGC needs to be able to determine whether all or a portion of the credit balance has been properly applied toward payment of the contribution. Accordingly, PBGC is requiring Form 200 filers to indicate how much (if any) of the carryover balance or prefunding balance was used for partial payment of the missed contribution and submit copies of election letters relating to the application of the carryover balance and prefunding balance to the contribution.

- PBGC is requiring a description of each controlled group member’s operational status (in Chapter 7 proceedings, liquidating outside of bankruptcy, on-going, etc.) in Form 200 filings.

PBGC needs the information in reportable events filings under subparts B and C of part 4043 (Forms 10 and 10-Advance) to determine whether it should terminate plans that experience events that indicate plan or sponsor financial problems. PBGC estimates that it will receive such filings from about 816 respondents each year and that the total annual burden of the collection of information will be about 4,496 hours and \$607,570. This represents a decreased burden compared to that under the old regulation, as the following table shows:

| Annual burden: | Under old regulation: | Under new regulation: |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of responses | 867 | 816. |
| Hour burden | 4,487 hours | 4,496 hours. |
| Dollar burden | \$660,853 | \$607,570. |

As discussed above, the final rule is designed to reduce burden dramatically on well-funded plans and low-default-risk sponsors; thus, burden under the final rule is substantially associated

with higher-risk events, which are much more likely to deserve PBGC’s attention. PBGC separately estimated the average burden changes for low-default-risk and non-low-default-risk entities. The

burden for low-default-risk sponsors is down from 443 hours and \$118,025 to zero. The burden for non-low-default-risk sponsors is up by 402 hours and \$64,742.

| Low-default-risk | Volume | Hours | Cost |
|----------------------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Current | 128 | 443 | \$118,025 |
| Final | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Change | (128) | (443) | (118,025) |
| Non low-default-risk | Volume | Hours | Cost |
| Current | 739 | 4,094 | \$542,828 |
| Final | 816 | 4,496 | 607,570 |
| Change | 77 | 402 | 64,742 |

PBGC needs the information in missed contribution filings under subpart D of part 4043 (Form 200) to determine the amounts of statutory liens arising under ERISA section 303(k) and Code section 430(k) and to evaluate the funding status of plans with respect to which such liens arise and the financial condition of the persons responsible for their funding. PBGC estimates that it will receive such filings from about 165 respondents each year and that the total annual burden of the collection of information will be about 990 hours and \$146,406.

List of Subjects

29 CFR Part 4000

Employee benefit plans, Pension insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

29 CFR Part 4001

Employee benefit plans, Pension insurance.

29 CFR Part 4043

Employee benefit plans, Pension insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

29 CFR Part 4204

Employee benefit plans, Pension insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

29 CFR Part 4206

Employee benefit plans, Pension insurance.

29 CFR Part 4231

Employee benefit plans, Pension insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons given above, PBGC is amending 29 CFR parts 4000, 4001, 4043, 4204, 4206, and 4231 as follows.

PART 4000—FILING, ISSUANCE, COMPUTATION OF TIME, AND RECORD RETENTION

■ The authority citation for part 4000 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 29 U.S.C. 1083(k), 1302(b)(3).

■ 2. In § 4000.3, paragraph (b)(3) is added to read as follows:

§ 4000.3 What methods of filing may I use?

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(3) You must file notices under part 4043 of this chapter electronically in accordance with the instructions on PBGC’s Web site, <http://www.pbgc.gov>, except as otherwise provided by PBGC.

* * * * *

§ 4000.53 [Amended]

■ 3. In § 4000.53, paragraphs (c) and (d) are amended by removing the words “section 302(f)(4), section 307(e), or” where they occur in each paragraph and adding in their place the words “section 101(f), section 303(k)(4), or”.

PART 4001—TERMINOLOGY

■ 4. The authority citation for part 4001 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 29 U.S.C. 1301, 1302(b)(3).

§ 4001.2 [Amended]

■ 5. In § 4001.2:

■ a. The definition of “controlled group” is amended by removing the words “section 412(c)(11)(B) of the Code or section 302(c)(11)(B) of ERISA” and adding in their place the words “section 412(b)(2) of the Code or section 302(b)(2) of ERISA”.

■ b. The definition of “funding standard account” is amended by removing the words “section 302(b) of ERISA or section 412(b) of the Code” and adding in their place the words “section 304(b) of ERISA or section 431(b) of the Code”.

■ c. The definition of “substantial owner” is amended by removing the words “section 4022(b)(5)(A)” and adding in their place the words “section 4021(d)”.

■ 6. Part 4043 is revised to read as follows:

PART 4043—REPORTABLE EVENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

4043.1 Purpose and scope.

- 4043.2 Definitions.
- 4043.3 Requirement of notice.
- 4043.4 Waivers and extensions.
- 4043.5 How and where to file.
- 4043.6 Date of filing.
- 4043.7 Computation of time.
- 4043.8 Confidentiality.
- 4043.9 Company low-default-risk safe harbor.
- 4043.10 Well-funded plan safe harbor.

Subpart B—Post-Event Notice of Reportable Events

- 4043.20 Post-event filing obligation.
- 4043.21 Tax disqualification and Title I noncompliance.
- 4043.22 Amendment decreasing benefits payable.
- 4043.23 Active participant reduction.
- 4043.24 Termination or partial termination.
- 4043.25 Failure to make required minimum funding payment.
- 4043.26 Inability to pay benefits when due.
- 4043.27 Distribution to a substantial owner.
- 4043.28 Plan merger, consolidation, or transfer.
- 4043.29 Change in contributing sponsor or controlled group.
- 4043.30 Liquidation.
- 4043.31 Extraordinary dividend or stock redemption.
- 4043.32 Transfer of benefit liabilities.
- 4043.33 Application for minimum funding waiver.
- 4043.34 Loan default.
- 4043.35 Insolvency or similar settlement.

Subpart C—Advance Notice of Reportable Events

- 4043.61 Advance reporting filing obligation.
- 4043.62 Change in contributing sponsor or controlled group.
- 4043.63 Liquidation.
- 4043.64 Extraordinary dividend or stock redemption.
- 4043.65 Transfer of benefit liabilities.
- 4043.66 Application for minimum funding waiver.
- 4043.67 Loan default.
- 4043.68 Insolvency or similar settlement.

Subpart D—Notice of Failure to Make Required Contributions

- 4043.81 PBGC Form 200, notice of failure to make required contributions; supplementary information.

Authority: 29 U.S.C. 1083(k), 1302(b)(3), 1343.

Subpart A—General Provisions**§ 4043.1 Purpose and scope.**

This part prescribes the requirements for notifying PBGC of a reportable event under section 4043 of ERISA or of a failure to make certain required contributions under section 303(k)(4) of ERISA or section 430(k)(4) of the Code. Subpart A contains definitions and general rules. Subpart B contains rules for post-event notice of a reportable event. Subpart C contains rules for advance notice of a reportable event. Subpart D contains rules for notifying PBGC of a failure to make certain required contributions.

§ 4043.2 Definitions.

The following terms are defined in § 4001.2 of this chapter: benefit liabilities, Code, contributing sponsor, controlled group, ERISA, fair market value, irrevocable commitment, multiemployer plan, PBGC, person, plan, plan administrator, plan year, single-employer plan, and substantial owner.

In addition, for purposes of this part: *De minimis 10-percent segment* means, in connection with a plan's controlled group, one or more entities that in the aggregate have for a fiscal year—

(1) Revenue not exceeding 10 percent of the controlled group's revenue;

(2) Annual operating income not exceeding the greater of—

(i) 10 percent of the controlled group's annual operating income; or

(ii) \$5 million; and

(3) Net tangible assets at the end of the fiscal year(s) not exceeding the greater of—

(i) 10 percent of the controlled group's net tangible assets at the end of the fiscal year(s); or

(ii) \$5 million.

De minimis 5-percent segment has the same meaning as *de minimis 10-percent segment*, except that "5 percent" is substituted for "10 percent" each time it appears.

Event year means the plan year in which a reportable event occurs.

Foreign entity means a member of a controlled group that—

(1) Is not a contributing sponsor of a plan;

(2) Is not organized under the laws of (or, if an individual, is not a domiciliary of) any state (as defined in section 3(10) of ERISA); and

(3) For the fiscal year that includes the date the reportable event occurs, meets one of the following tests—

(i) Is not required to file any United States federal income tax form;

(ii) Has no income reportable on any United States federal income tax form

other than passive income not exceeding \$1,000; or

(iii) Does not own substantial assets in the United States (disregarding stock of a member of the plan's controlled group) and is not required to file any quarterly United States tax returns for employee withholding.

Foreign parent means a foreign entity that is a direct or indirect parent of a person that is a contributing sponsor of a plan.

Low-default-risk has the meaning described in § 4043.9.

Notice due date means the deadline (including extensions) for filing notice of a reportable event with PBGC.

Participant means a participant as defined in § 4006.2 of this chapter.

Public company means a person subject to the reporting requirements of section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or a subsidiary (as defined for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) of a person subject to such reporting requirements.

U.S. entity means an entity subject to the personal jurisdiction of the U.S. district court.

Well-funded plan safe harbor has the meaning described in § 4043.10.

§ 4043.3 Requirement of notice.

(a) *Obligation to file*—(1) *In general.*

Each person that is required to file a notice under this part, or a duly authorized representative, must submit the information required under this part by the time specified in § 4043.20 (for post-event notices), § 4043.61 (for advance notices), or § 4043.81 (for Form 200 filings). Any information filed with PBGC in connection with another matter may be incorporated by reference. If an event is subject to both post-event and advance notice requirements, the notice filed first satisfies both filing requirements.

(2) *Multiple plans.* If a reportable event occurs for more than one plan, the filing obligation with respect to each plan is independent of the filing obligation with respect to any other plan.

(3) *Optional consolidated filing.* A filing of a notice with respect to a reportable event by any person required to file will be deemed to be a filing by all persons required to give PBGC notice of the event under this part. If notices are required for two or more events, the notices may be combined in one filing.

(b) *Contents of reportable event notice.* A person required to file a reportable event notice under subpart B or C of this part must file, by the notice date, the form specified by PBGC for that purpose, with the information

specified in PBGC's reportable events instructions.

(c) *Reportable event forms and instructions.* PBGC will issue reportable events forms and instructions and make them available on its Web site (<http://www.pbgc.gov>).

(d) *Requests for additional information.* PBGC may, in any case, require the submission of additional relevant information not specified in its forms and instructions. Any such information must be submitted for subpart B of this part within 30 days, and for subpart C or D of this part within 7 days, after the date of a written request by PBGC, or within a different time period specified therein. PBGC may in its discretion shorten the time period where it determines that the interests of PBGC or participants may be prejudiced by a delay in receipt of the information.

(e) *Effect of failure to file.* If a notice (or any other information required under this part) is not provided within the specified time limit, PBGC may pursue any equitable or legal remedies available to it under the law, including assessing against each person required to provide the notice a separate penalty under section 4071 of ERISA.

§ 4043.4 Waivers and extensions.

(a) *Waivers and extensions—general.* PBGC may extend any deadline or waive any other requirement under this part where it finds convincing evidence that the waiver or extension is appropriate under the circumstances. Any waiver or extension may be subject to conditions. A request for a waiver or extension must be filed with PBGC in writing (which may be in electronic form) and must state the facts and circumstances on which the request is based.

(b) *Waivers and extensions—specific events.* For some reportable events, automatic waivers from reporting and extensions of time are provided in subparts B and C of this part. If an occurrence constitutes two or more reportable events, reporting requirements for each event are determined independently. For example, reporting is automatically waived for an occurrence that constitutes a reportable event under more than one section only if the requirements for an automatic waiver under each section are satisfied.

(c) *Multiemployer plans.* The requirements of section 4043 of ERISA are waived with respect to multiemployer plans.

(d) *Terminating plans.* No notice is required from the plan administrator or contributing sponsor of a plan if the

notice date is on or after the date on which—

(1) All of the plan's assets (other than any excess assets) are distributed pursuant to a termination under part 4041 of this chapter; or

(2) A trustee is appointed for the plan under section 4042 of ERISA.

(e) *Events not described in this part.* Notice of a reportable event described in section 4043(c) of ERISA is waived except to the extent that reporting is required under this part.

§ 4043.5 How and where to file.

Reportable event notices required under this part must be filed electronically in accordance with the instructions posted on PBGC's Web site, <http://www.pbgc.gov>. Filing guidance is provided by the instructions and by subpart A of part 4000 of this chapter.

§ 4043.6 Date of filing.

(a) *Post-event notice filings.* PBGC applies the rules in subpart C of part 4000 of this chapter to determine the date that a submission under subpart B of this part was filed with PBGC.

(b) *Advance notice and Form 200 filings.* Information filed under subpart C or D of this part is treated as filed on the date it is received by PBGC. Subpart C of part 4000 of this chapter provides rules for determining when PBGC receives a submission.

§ 4043.7 Computation of time.

PBGC applies the rules in subpart D of part 4000 of this chapter to compute any time period under this part.

§ 4043.8 Confidentiality.

In accordance with section 4043(f) of ERISA and § 4901.21(a)(3) of this chapter, any information or documentary material that is not publicly available and is submitted to PBGC pursuant to subpart B or C of this part will not be made public, except as may be relevant to any administrative or judicial action or proceeding or for disclosures to either body of Congress or to any duly authorized committee or subcommittee of the Congress. This provision does not apply to information or material submitted to PBGC pursuant to subpart D of this part, even where the submission serves as an alternative method of compliance with § 4043.25.

§ 4043.9 Company low-default-risk safe harbor.

(a) *Low-default-risk.* An entity (a "company") that is a contributing sponsor of a plan or the highest level U.S. parent of a contributing sponsor is "low-default-risk" on the date of an event if that date falls within a safe harbor period of the company as

described in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *Safe harbor period.* A safe harbor period for a company means a period that—

(1) Begins on a financial information date (as described in paragraph (c) of this section) on which the company satisfies the low-default-risk standard in paragraph (e) of this section, and

(2) Ends 13 months later or (if earlier) on the company's next financial information date.

(c) *Financial information date.* A financial information date for a company means—

(1) A date on which the company files on Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") audited annual financial statements (including balance sheets, income statements, cash flow statements, and notes to the financial statements) for the company's most recent completed fiscal year preceding the date of such filing;

(2) The date (the "closing date") on which the company closes the annual accounting period that results in the production of audited or unaudited annual financial statements for the company's most recent completed fiscal year preceding the closing date, if audited annual financial statements are not required to be filed with the SEC; or

(3) A date on which the company files with IRS an annual federal income tax return or IRS Form 990 (in either case, a "return") for the company's most recent completed fiscal year preceding the date of such filing, if at the time the return is filed there are no annual financial statements for the year of the return.

(d) *Supporting financial information.* For purposes of this section, the "supporting financial information" is the annual financial statements or return associated with the establishment of the financial information date.

(e) *Low-default-risk standard—(1) Adequate capacity.* For purposes of this part, except as provided in paragraph (e)(4) of this section, a company meets the low-default-risk standard as of a financial information date (the "qualifying date") if the company has adequate capacity to meet its obligations in full and on time on the qualifying date as evidenced by satisfying either:

(i) Both of the criteria described in paragraphs (e)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section, or

(ii) Any four of the seven criteria described in paragraphs (e)(2)(i) through (vii) of this section.

(2) *Criteria evidencing adequate capacity.* The criteria referred to in paragraph (e)(1) of this section are:

(i) The probability that the company will default on its financial obligations is not more than four percent over the next five years or not more than 0.4 percent over the next year, in either case determined on the basis of widely available financial information on the company's credit quality.

(ii) The company's secured debt (disregarding leases and debt incurred to acquire or improve property and secured only by that property) does not exceed 10 percent of the company's total assets.

(iii) The company has a ratio of retained-earnings-to-total-assets of 0.25 or more.

(iv) The company has a ratio of total-debt-to-EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization) of 3.0 or less.

(v) The company has positive net income for the two most recently completed fiscal years preceding the qualifying date.

(vi) During the two-year period ending on the qualifying date, the company has not experienced an event described in § 4043.34(a)(1) or (2) (dealing with a default on a loan with an outstanding balance of \$10 million or more) with respect to any loan with an outstanding balance of \$10 million or more to the company regardless of whether reporting was waived under § 4043.34(b).

(vii) During the two-year period ending on the qualifying date, there has not been any failure to make when due any contribution described in § 4043.25(a)(1) or (2) (dealing with failure to make required minimum funding payments), unless reporting was waived under § 4043.25(c).

(3) *Using financial information to evaluate criteria—(i)* Subject to paragraph (e)(3)(ii) of this section with respect to evaluating the criterion described in paragraph (e)(2)(v) of this section, to evaluate whether criteria described in paragraphs (e)(2)(ii) through (v) of this section are met, a company must use the supporting financial information described in paragraph (d) of this section associated with the qualifying date.

(ii) In addition to the use of the supporting financial information to evaluate criteria as described in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, to evaluate whether the criterion described in paragraph (e)(2)(v) of this section is met, the company must also use the supporting financial information as described in paragraph (d) of this section associated with the financial information date for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year covered by the

supporting financial information associated with the qualifying date.

(iii) For purposes of paragraph (e)(2)(v) of this section, the excess of total revenue over total expenses as reported on the IRS Form 990 is considered to be net income.

(4) *Exception.* If a company receives an audit or review report for supporting financial information described in paragraph (d) of this section associated with the qualifying date that expresses a material adverse view or qualification, the company does not satisfy the low-default-risk standard.

§ 4043.10 Well-funded plan safe harbor.

For purposes of this part, a plan is in the well-funded plan safe harbor for an event year if no variable-rate premium was required to be paid for the plan under parts 4006 and 4007 of this chapter for the plan year preceding the event year.

Subpart B—Post-Event Notice of Reportable Events

§ 4043.20 Post-event filing obligation.

The plan administrator and each contributing sponsor of a plan for which a reportable event under this subpart has occurred are required to notify PBGC within 30 days after that person knows or has reason to know that the reportable event has occurred, unless a waiver or extension applies. If there is a change in plan administrator or contributing sponsor, the responsibility for any failure to file or defective filing lies with the person who is the plan administrator or contributing sponsor of the plan on the 30th day after the reportable event occurs.

§ 4043.21 Tax disqualification and Title I noncompliance.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs when the Secretary of the Treasury issues notice that a plan has ceased to be a plan described in section 4021(a)(2) of ERISA, or when the Secretary of Labor determines that a plan is not in compliance with title I of ERISA.

(b) *Waiver.* Notice is waived for this event.

§ 4043.22 Amendment decreasing benefits payable.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs when an amendment to a plan is adopted under which the retirement benefit payable from employer contributions with respect to any participant may be decreased.

(b) *Waiver.* Notice is waived for this event.

§ 4043.23 Active participant reduction.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs for a plan:

(1) *Single-cause event.* On the date in a plan year when, as a result of a single cause—such as a reorganization, the discontinuance of an operation, a natural disaster, a mass layoff, or an early retirement incentive program—the number of active participants is reduced to less than 80 percent of the number of active participants at the beginning of such plan year or less than 75 percent of the number of active participants at the beginning of the plan year preceding such plan year.

(2) *Attrition event.* At the end of a plan year if the number of active participants covered by the plan at the end of such plan year is less than 80 percent of the number of active participants at the beginning of such plan year, or less than 75 percent of the number of active participants at the beginning of the plan year preceding such plan year.

(b) *Determination rules—(1) Determination dates.* The number of active participants at the beginning of a plan year may be determined by using the number of active participants at the end of the previous plan year, and the number of active participants at the end of a plan year may be determined by using the number of active participants at the beginning of the next plan year.

(2) *Active participant.* “Active participant” means a participant who—

(i) Is receiving compensation for work performed;

(ii) Is on paid or unpaid leave granted for a reason other than a layoff;

(iii) Is laid off from work for a period of time that has lasted less than 30 days; or

(iv) Is absent from work due to a recurring reduction in employment that occurs at least annually.

(3) *Employment relationship.* The employment relationship referred to in this paragraph (b) is between the participant and all members of the plan’s controlled group.

(c) *Reductions due to cessations and withdrawals.* For purposes of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, a reduction in the number of active participants is to be disregarded to the extent that it—

(1) Is attributable to an event described in ERISA section 4062(e) or 4063(a), and

(2) Is timely reported to PBGC under ERISA section 4063(a).

(d) *Waivers—(1) Small plan.* Notice under this section is waived if the plan had 100 or fewer participants for whom flat-rate premiums were payable for the plan year preceding the event year.

(2) *Low-default-risk.* Notice under this section is waived if each contributing sponsor of the plan and the highest level U.S. parent of each contributing sponsor are low-default-risk on the date of the event.

(3) *Well-funded plan.* Notice under this section is waived if the plan is in the well-funded plan safe harbor for the event year.

(4) *Public company.* Notice under this section is waived if any contributing sponsor of the plan before the transaction is a public company and the contributing sponsor timely files a SEC Form 8–K disclosing the event under an item of the Form 8–K other than under Item 2.02 (Results of Operations and Financial Condition) or in financial statements under Item 9.01 (Financial Statements and Exhibits).

(e) *Extension—attrition event.* For an event described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the notice date is extended until the premium due date for the plan year following the event year.

§ 4043.24 Termination or partial termination.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs when the Secretary of the Treasury determines that there has been a termination or partial termination of a plan within the meaning of section 411(d)(3) of the Code.

(b) *Waiver.* Notice is waived for this event.

§ 4043.25 Failure to make required minimum funding payment.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs when—

(1) A contribution required under sections 302 and 303 of ERISA or sections 412 and 430 of the Code is not made by the due date for the payment under ERISA section 303(j) or Code section 430(j), or

(2) Any other contribution required as a condition of a funding waiver is not made when due.

(b) *Alternative method of compliance—Form 200 filed.* If, with respect to the same failure, a filing is made in accordance with § 4043.81, that filing (while not considered to be submitted to PBGC pursuant to section 4043 of ERISA for purposes of section 4043(f) of ERISA) satisfies the requirements of this section.

(c) *Waivers—(1) Small plan.* Notice under this section is waived with respect to a failure to make a required quarterly contribution under section 303(j)(3) of ERISA or section 430(j)(3) of the Code if the plan had 100 or fewer participants for whom flat-rate premiums were payable for the plan year preceding the event year.

(2) *30-day grace period.* Notice under this section is waived if the missed contribution is made by the 30th day after its due date.

(3) *Late funding balance election.* Notice under this section is waived if the failure to make a timely required contribution is solely because of the plan sponsor's failure to timely make a funding balance election.

§ 4043.26 Inability to pay benefits when due.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs when a plan is currently unable or projected to be unable to pay benefits.

(1) *Current inability.* A plan is currently unable to pay benefits if it fails to provide any participant or beneficiary the full benefits to which the person is entitled under the terms of the plan, at the time the benefit is due and in the form in which it is due. A plan is not treated as being currently unable to pay benefits if its failure to pay is caused solely by—

(i) A limitation under section 436 of the Code and section 206(g) of ERISA (dealing with funding-based limits on benefits and benefit accruals under single-employer plans),

(ii) The inability to locate a person, or

(iii) Any other administrative delay, including the need to verify a person's eligibility for benefits, to the extent that the delay is for less than the shorter of two months or two full benefit payment periods.

(2) *Projected inability.* A plan is projected to be unable to pay benefits when, as of the last day of any quarter of a plan year, the plan's "liquid assets" are less than two times the amount of the "disbursements from the plan" for such quarter. "Liquid assets" and "disbursements from the plan" have the same meaning as under section 303(j)(4)(E) of ERISA and section 430(j)(4)(E) of the Code.

(b) *Waiver—plans subject to liquidity shortfall rules.* Notice under this section is waived unless the reportable event occurs during a plan year for which the plan is exempt from the liquidity shortfall rules in section 303(j)(4) of ERISA and section 430(j)(4) of the Code because it is described in section 303(g)(2)(B) of ERISA and section 430(g)(2)(B) of the Code.

§ 4043.27 Distribution to a substantial owner.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs for a plan when—

(1) There is a distribution to a substantial owner of a contributing sponsor of the plan;

(2) The total of all distributions made to the substantial owner within the one-

year period ending with the date of such distribution exceeds \$10,000;

(3) The distribution is not made by reason of the substantial owner's death;

(4) Immediately after the distribution, the plan has nonforfeitable benefits (as provided in § 4022.5 of this chapter) that are not funded; and

(5) Either—

(i) The sum of the values of all distributions to any one substantial owner within the one-year period ending with the date of the distribution is more than one percent of the end-of-year total amount of the plan's assets (as required to be reported on Schedule H or Schedule I to Form 5500) for each of the two plan years immediately preceding the event year, or

(ii) The sum of the values of all distributions to all substantial owners within the one-year period ending with the date of the distribution is more than five percent of the end-of-year total amount of the plan's assets (as required to be reported on Schedule H or Schedule I to Form 5500) for each of the two plan years immediately preceding the event year.

(b) *Determination rules—(1) Valuation of distribution.* The value of a distribution under this section is the sum of—

(i) The cash amounts actually received by the substantial owner;

(ii) The purchase price of any irrevocable commitment; and

(iii) The fair market value of any other assets distributed, determined as of the date of distribution to the substantial owner.

(2) *Date of substantial owner distribution.* The date of distribution to a substantial owner of a cash distribution is the date it is received by the substantial owner. The date of distribution to a substantial owner of an irrevocable commitment is the date on which the obligation to provide benefits passes from the plan to the insurer. The date of any other distribution to a substantial owner is the date when the plan relinquishes control over the assets transferred directly or indirectly to the substantial owner.

(3) *Determination date.* The determination of whether a participant is (or has been in the preceding 60 months) a substantial owner is made on the date when there has been a distribution that would be reportable under this section if made to a substantial owner.

(c) *Alternative method of compliance—annuity.* In the case of an annuity for a substantial owner, a filing that satisfies the requirements of this section with respect to any payment under the annuity and that discloses the

period, the amount of the payment, and the duration of the annuity satisfies the requirements of this section with respect to all subsequent payments under the annuity.

(d) *Waivers—(1) Low-default-risk.* Notice under this section is waived if each contributing sponsor of the plan and the highest level U.S. parent of each contributing sponsor are low-default-risk on the date of the event.

(2) *Well-funded plan.* Notice under this section is waived if the plan is in the well-funded plan safe harbor for the event year.

(3) *Public company.* Notice under this section is waived if any contributing sponsor of the plan before the transaction is a public company and the contributing sponsor timely files a SEC Form 8-K disclosing the event under an item of the Form 8-K other than under Item 2.02 (Results of Operations and Financial Condition) or in financial statements under Item 9.01 (Financial Statements and Exhibits).

§ 4043.28 Plan merger, consolidation or transfer.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs when a plan merges, consolidates, or transfers its assets or liabilities under section 208 of ERISA or section 414(l) of the Code.

(b) *Waiver.* Notice under this section is waived for this event. However, notice may be required under § 4043.29 (for a controlled group change) or § 4043.32 (for a transfer of benefit liabilities).

§ 4043.29 Change in contributing sponsor or controlled group.

(a) *Reportable event.* A reportable event occurs for a plan when there is a transaction that results, or will result, in one or more persons' ceasing to be members of the plan's controlled group (other than by merger involving members of the same controlled group). For purposes of this section, the term "transaction" includes, but is not limited to, a legally binding agreement, whether or not written, to transfer ownership, an actual transfer of ownership, and an actual change in ownership that occurs as a matter of law or through the exercise or lapse of pre-existing rights. Whether an agreement is legally binding is to be determined without regard to any conditions in the agreement. A transaction is not reportable if it will result solely in a reorganization involving a mere change in identity, form, or place of organization, however effected.

(b) *Waivers.* (1) *De minimis 10-percent segment.* Notice under this section is waived if the person or

persons that will cease to be members of the plan's controlled group represent a *de minimis* 10-percent segment of the plan's old controlled group for the most recent fiscal year(s) ending on or before the date the reportable event occurs.

(2) *Foreign entity*. Notice under this section is waived if each person that will cease to be a member of the plan's controlled group is a foreign entity other than a foreign parent.

(3) *Small plan*. Notice under this section is waived if the plan had 100 or fewer participants for whom flat-rate premiums were payable for the plan year preceding the event year.

(4) *Low-default-risk*. Notice under this section is waived if each post-event contributing sponsor of the plan and the highest level U.S. parent of each post-event contributing sponsor are low-default-risk on the date of the event.

(5) *Well-funded plan*. Notice under this section is waived if the plan is in the well-funded plan safe harbor for the event year.

(6) *Public company*. Notice under this section is waived if any contributing sponsor of the plan before the transaction is a public company and the contributing sponsor timely files a SEC Form 8-K disclosing the event under an item of the Form 8-K other than under Item 2.02 (Results of Operations and Financial Condition) or in financial statements under Item 9.01 (Financial Statements and Exhibits).

(c) *Examples*. The following examples assume that no waiver applies.

(1) *Controlled group breakup*. Plan A's controlled group consists of Company A (its contributing sponsor), Company B (which maintains Plan B), and Company C. As a result of a transaction, the controlled group will break into two separate controlled groups — one segment consisting of Company A and the other segment consisting of Companies B and C. Both Company A (Plan A's contributing sponsor) and the plan administrator of Plan A are required to report that Companies B and C will leave Plan A's controlled group. Company B (Plan B's contributing sponsor) and the plan administrator of Plan B are required to report that Company A will leave Plan B's controlled group. Company C is not required to report because it is not a contributing sponsor or a plan administrator.

(2) *Change in contributing sponsor*. Plan Q is maintained by Company Q. Company Q enters into a binding contract to sell a portion of its assets and to transfer employees participating in Plan Q, along with Plan Q, to Company R, which is not a member of Company Q's controlled group. There

will be no change in the structure of Company Q's controlled group. On the effective date of the sale, Company R will become the contributing sponsor of Plan Q. A reportable event occurs on the date of the transaction (*i.e.*, the date the binding contract was executed), because as a result of the transaction, Company Q (and any other member of its controlled group) will cease to be a member of Plan Q's controlled group. The event is not reported before the notice date. If on the notice date the change in the contributing sponsor has not yet become effective, Company Q has the reporting obligation. If the change in the contributing sponsor has become effective by the notice date, Company R has the reporting obligation.

§ 4043.30 Liquidation.

(a) *Reportable event*. A reportable event occurs for a plan when a member of the plan's controlled group—

(1) Is involved in any transaction to implement its complete liquidation (including liquidation into another controlled group member);

(2) Institutes or has instituted against it a proceeding to be dissolved or is dissolved, whichever occurs first; or

(3) Liquidates in a case under the Bankruptcy Code, or under any similar law.

(b) *Waivers*—(1) *De minimis 10-percent segment*. Notice under this section is waived if the person or persons that liquidate do not include any contributing sponsor of the plan and represent a *de minimis* 10-percent segment of the plan's controlled group for the most recent fiscal year(s) ending on or before the date the reportable event occurs.

(2) *Foreign entity*. Notice under this section is waived if each person that liquidates is a foreign entity other than a foreign parent.

§ 4043.31 Extraordinary dividend or stock redemption.

(a) *Reportable event*. A reportable event occurs for a plan when any member of the plan's controlled group declares a dividend or redeems its own stock and the amount or net value of the distribution, when combined with other such distributions during the same fiscal year of the person, exceeds the person's net income before after-tax gain or loss on any sale of assets, as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, for the prior fiscal year. A distribution by a person to a member of its controlled group is disregarded.

(b) *Determination rules*. For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, the net value of a non-cash distribution is the

fair market value of assets transferred by the person making the distribution, reduced by the fair market value of any liabilities assumed or consideration given by the recipient in connection with the distribution. Net value determinations should be based on readily available fair market value(s) or independent appraisal(s) performed within one year before the distribution is made. To the extent that fair market values are not readily available and no such appraisals exist, the fair market value of an asset transferred in connection with a distribution or a liability assumed by a recipient of a distribution is deemed to be equal to 200 percent of the book value of the asset or liability on the books of the person making the distribution. Stock redeemed is deemed to have no value.

(c) *Waivers*—(1) *De minimis 10-percent segment*. Notice under this section is waived if the person making the distribution is a *de minimis* 10-percent segment of the plan's controlled group for the most recent fiscal year(s) ending on or before the date the reportable event occurs.

(2) *Foreign entity*. Notice under this section is waived if the person making the distribution is a foreign entity other than a foreign parent.

(3) *Small plan*. Notice under this section is waived if the plan had 100 or fewer participants for whom flat-rate premiums were payable for the plan year preceding the event year.

(4) *Low-default-risk*. Notice under this section is waived if each contributing sponsor of the plan and the highest level U.S. parent of each contributing sponsor are low-default-risk on the date of the event.

(5) *Well-funded plan*. Notice under this section is waived if the plan is in the well-funded plan safe harbor for the event year.

(6) *Public company*. Notice under this section is waived if any contributing sponsor of the plan before the transaction is a public company and the contributing sponsor timely files a SEC Form 8-K disclosing the event under an item of the Form 8-K other than under Item 2.02 (Results of Operations and Financial Condition) or in financial statements under Item 9.01 (Financial Statements and Exhibits).

§ 4043.32 Transfer of benefit liabilities.

(a) *Reportable event*. A reportable event occurs for a plan when—

(1) The plan makes a transfer of benefit liabilities to a person, or to a plan or plans maintained by a person or persons, that are not members of the transferor plan's controlled group; and

(2) The amount of benefit liabilities transferred, in conjunction with other benefit liabilities transferred during the 12-month period ending on the date of the transfer, is 3 percent or more of the plan's total benefit liabilities. Both the benefit liabilities transferred and the plan's total benefit liabilities are to be valued as of any one date in the plan year in which the transfer occurs, using actuarial assumptions that comply with section 414(l) of the Code.

(b) *Determination rules*—(1) *Date of transfer*. The date of transfer is to be determined on the basis of the facts and circumstances of the particular situation. For transfers subject to the requirements of section 414(l) of the Code, the date determined in accordance with 26 CFR 1.414(l)-1(b)(11) will be considered the date of transfer.

(2) *Distributions of lump sums and annuities*. For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, the payment of a lump sum, or purchase of an irrevocable commitment to provide an annuity, in satisfaction of benefit liabilities is not a transfer of benefit liabilities.

(c) *Waivers*—(1) *Small plan*. Notice under this section is waived if the plan had 100 or fewer participants for whom flat-rate premiums were payable for the plan year preceding the event year.

(2) *Low-default-risk*. Notice under this section is waived if each contributing sponsor of the plan and the highest level U.S. parent of each contributing sponsor are low-default-risk on the date of the event.

(3) *Well-funded plan*. Notice under this section is waived if the plan is in the well-funded plan safe harbor for the event year.

(4) *Public company*. Notice under this section is waived if any contributing sponsor of the plan before the transaction is a public company and the contributing sponsor timely files a SEC Form 8-K disclosing the event under an item of the Form 8-K other than under Item 2.02 (Results of Operations and Financial Condition) or in financial statements under Item 9.01 (Financial Statements and Exhibits).

§ 4043.33 Application for minimum funding waiver.

A reportable event for a plan occurs when an application for a minimum funding waiver for the plan is submitted under section 302(c) of ERISA or section 412(c) of the Code.

§ 4043.34 Loan default.

(a) *Reportable event*. A reportable event occurs for a plan when, with respect to a loan with an outstanding

balance of \$10 million or more to a member of the plan's controlled group—

(1) There is an acceleration of payment or a default under the loan agreement, or

(2) The lender waives or agrees to an amendment of any covenant in the loan agreement the effect of which is to cure or avoid a breach that would trigger a default.

(b) *Waivers*—(1) *De minimis 10-percent segment*. Notice under this section is waived if the debtor is not a contributing sponsor of the plan and represents a *de minimis* 10-percent segment of the plan's controlled group for the most recent fiscal year(s) ending on or before the date the reportable event occurs.

(2) *Foreign entity*. Notice under this section is waived if the debtor is a foreign entity other than a foreign parent.

§ 4043.35 Insolvency or similar settlement.

(a) *Reportable event*. A reportable event occurs for a plan when any member of the plan's controlled group—

(1) Commences or has commenced against it any insolvency proceeding (including, but not limited to, the appointment of a receiver) other than a bankruptcy case under the Bankruptcy Code;

(2) Commences, or has commenced against it, a proceeding to effect a composition, extension, or settlement with creditors;

(3) Executes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; or

(4) Undertakes to effect any other nonjudicial composition, extension, or settlement with substantially all its creditors.

(b) *Waivers*—(1) *De minimis 10-percent segment*. Notice under this section is waived if the person described in paragraph (a) of this section is not a contributing sponsor of the plan and represents a *de minimis* 10-percent segment of the plan's controlled group for the most recent fiscal year(s) ending on or before the date the reportable event occurs.

(2) *Foreign entity*. Notice under this section is waived if the person described in paragraph (a) of this section is a foreign entity other than a foreign parent.

Subpart C—Advance Notice of Reportable Events

§ 4043.61 Advance reporting filing obligation.

(a) *In general*. Unless a waiver or extension applies with respect to the plan, each contributing sponsor of a plan is required to notify PBGC no later

than 30 days before the effective date of a reportable event described in this subpart C if the contributing sponsor is subject to advance reporting for the reportable event. If there is a change in contributing sponsor, the responsibility for any failure to file or defective filing lies with the person who is the contributing sponsor of the plan on the notice date.

(b) *Persons subject to advance reporting*. A contributing sponsor of a plan is subject to the advance reporting requirement under paragraph (a) of this section for a reportable event if—

(1) On the notice date, neither the contributing sponsor nor any member of the plan's controlled group to which the event relates is a public company; and

(2) The aggregate unfunded vested benefits, determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, are more than \$50 million; and

(3) The aggregate value of plan assets, determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, is less than 90 percent of the aggregate premium funding target, determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.

(c) *Funding determinations*. For purposes of paragraph (b) of this section, the aggregate unfunded vested benefits, aggregate value of plan assets, and aggregate premium funding target are determined by aggregating the unfunded vested benefits, values of plan assets, and premium funding targets (respectively), as determined in accordance with part 4006 of this chapter for purposes of the variable-rate premium for the plan year preceding the effective date of the event, of plans maintained (on the notice date) by the contributing sponsor and any members of the contributing sponsor's controlled group, disregarding plans with no unfunded vested benefits (as so determined).

(d) *Shortening of 30-day period*. Pursuant to § 4043.3(d), PBGC may, upon review of an advance notice, shorten the notice period to allow for an earlier effective date.

§ 4043.62 Change in contributing sponsor or controlled group.

(a) *Reportable event*. Advance notice is required for a change in a plan's contributing sponsor or controlled group, as described in § 4043.29(a).

(b) *Waivers*—(1) *Small and mid-size plans*. Notice under this section is waived with respect to a change of contributing sponsor if the transferred plan has fewer than 500 participants.

(2) *De minimis 5-percent segment*. Notice under this section is waived if the person or persons that will cease to

be members of the plan's controlled group represent a *de minimis* 5-percent segment of the plan's old controlled group for the most recent fiscal year(s) ending on or before the effective date of the reportable event.

§ 4043.63 Liquidation.

(a) *Reportable event.* Advance notice is required for a liquidation of a member of a plan's controlled group, as described in § 4043.30.

(b) *Waiver—de minimis 5-percent segment and ongoing plans.* Notice under this section is waived if the person that liquidates is a *de minimis* 5-percent segment of the plan's controlled group for the most recent fiscal year(s) ending on or before the effective date of the reportable event, and each plan that was maintained by the liquidating member is maintained by another member of the plan's controlled group.

§ 4043.64 Extraordinary dividend or stock redemption.

(a) *Reportable event.* Advance notice is required for a distribution by a member of a plan's controlled group, as described in § 4043.31(a).

(b) *Waiver—de minimis 5-percent segment.* Notice under this section is waived if the person making the distribution is a *de minimis* 5-percent segment of the plan's controlled group for the most recent fiscal year(s) ending on or before the effective date of the reportable event.

§ 4043.65 Transfer of benefit liabilities.

(a) *Reportable event.* Advance notice is required for a transfer of benefit liabilities, as described in § 4043.32(a).

(b) *Waivers—(1) Complete plan transfer.* Notice under this section is waived if the transfer is a transfer of all of the transferor plan's benefit liabilities and assets to one other plan.

(2) *Transfer of less than 3 percent of assets.* Notice under this section is waived if the value of the assets being transferred—

(i) Equals the present value of the accrued benefits (whether or not vested) being transferred, using actuarial assumptions that comply with section 414(I) of the Code; and

(ii) In conjunction with other assets transferred during the same plan year, is less than 3 percent of the assets of the transferor plan as of at least one day in that year.

(3) *Section 414(l) safe harbor.* Notice under this section is waived if the benefit liabilities of 500 or fewer participants are transferred and the transfer complies with section 414(I) of the Code using the actuarial assumptions prescribed for valuing

benefits in trustee plans under §§ 4044.51 through 4044.57 of this chapter.

(4) *Fully funded plans.* Notice under this section is waived if the transfer complies with section 414(I) of the Code using reasonable actuarial assumptions and, after the transfer, the transferor and transferee plans are fully funded as determined in accordance with §§ 4044.51 through 4044.57 of this chapter and § 4010.8(d)(1)(ii) of this chapter.

§ 4043.66 Application for minimum funding waiver.

(a) *Reportable event.* Advance notice is required for an application for a minimum funding waiver, as described in § 4043.33.

(b) *Extension.* The notice date is extended until 10 days after the reportable event has occurred.

§ 4043.67 Loan default.

Advance notice is required for an acceleration of payment, a default, a waiver, or an agreement to an amendment with respect to a loan agreement described in § 4043.34(a).

§ 4043.68 Insolvency or similar settlement.

(a) *Reportable event.* Advance notice is required for an insolvency or similar settlement, as described in § 4043.35.

(b) *Extension.* For a case or proceeding under § 4043.35(a)(1) or (2) that is not commenced by a member of the plan's controlled group, the notice date is extended to 10 days after the commencement of the case or proceeding.

Subpart D—Notice of Failure To Make Required Contributions

§ 4043.81 PBGC Form 200, notice of failure to make required contributions; supplementary information.

(a) *General rules.* To comply with the notification requirement in section 303(k)(4) of ERISA and section 430(k)(4) of the Code, a contributing sponsor of a single-employer plan that is covered under section 4021 of ERISA and (if that contributing sponsor is a member of a parent-subsidiary controlled group) the ultimate parent must complete and submit in accordance with this section a properly certified Form 200 that includes all required documentation and other information, as described in the related filing instructions. Notice is required whenever the unpaid balance of a contribution payment required under sections 302 and 303 of ERISA and sections 412 and 430 of the Code (including interest), when added to the aggregate unpaid balance of all preceding such payments for which

payment was not made when due (including interest), exceeds \$1 million.

(1) Form 200 must be filed with PBGC no later than 10 days after the due date for any required payment for which payment was not made when due.

(2) If a contributing sponsor or the ultimate parent completes and submits Form 200 in accordance with this section, PBGC will consider the notification requirement in section 303(k)(4) of ERISA and section 430(k)(4) of the Code to be satisfied by all members of a controlled group of which the person who has filed Form 200 is a member.

(b) *Supplementary information.* If, upon review of a Form 200, PBGC concludes that it needs additional information in order to make decisions regarding enforcement of a lien imposed by section 303(k) of ERISA and section 430(k) of the Code, PBGC may require any member of the contributing sponsor's controlled group to supplement the Form 200 in accordance with § 4043.3(d).

(c) *Ultimate parent.* For purposes of this section, the term "ultimate parent" means the parent at the highest level in the chain of corporations and/or other organizations constituting a parent-subsidiary controlled group.

PART 4204—VARIANCES FOR SALE OF ASSETS

■ 7. The authority citation for part 4204 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 29 U.S.C. 1302(b)(3), 1384(c).

§ 4204.12 [Amended]

■ 8. Section 4204.12 is amended by removing the figures "412(b)(3)(A)" and adding in their place the figures "431(b)(3)(A)".

PART 4206—ADJUSTMENT OF LIABILITY FOR WITHDRAWAL SUBSEQUENT TO A PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL

■ 9. The authority citation for part 4206 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 29 U.S.C. 1302(b)(3) and 1386(b).

§ 4206.7 [Amended]

■ 10. Section 4206.7 is amended by removing the figures "412(b)(4)" and adding in their place the figures "431(b)(5)".

PART 4231—MERGERS AND TRANSFERS BETWEEN MULTIEmployer PLANS

■ 11. The authority citation for part 4231 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 29 U.S.C. 1302(b)(3), 1411.

§ 4231.2 [Amended]

■ 12. In § 4231.2, the definitions of “actuarial valuation” and “fair market value of assets” are amended by removing the words “section 302 of ERISA and section 412 of the Code” where they appear in each definition and adding in their place the words “section 304 of ERISA and section 431 of the Code”.

§ 4231.6 [Amended]

■ 13. In § 4231.6:

- a. Paragraph (b)(4)(ii) is amended by removing the figures “412(b)(4)” and adding in their place the figures “431(b)(5)”.
- b. Paragraph (c)(2) is amended by removing the words “section 412 of the Code (which requires that such assumptions be reasonable in the aggregate)” and adding in their place the words “section 431 of the Code (which

requires that each such assumption be reasonable)”.

■ c. Paragraph (c)(5) is amended by removing the figures “412” and adding in their place the figures “431”.

Issued in Washington, DC, this 8th day of September, 2015.

Alice C. Maroni,
Acting Director, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

[FR Doc. 2015-22941 Filed 9-10-15; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL REGISTER

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Part V

The President

Notice of September 10, 2015—Continuation of the National Emergency
With Respect to Certain Terrorist Attacks

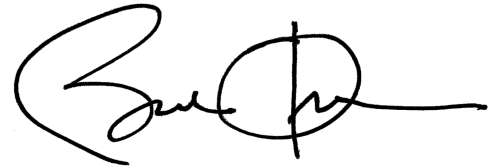
Presidential Documents

Title 3—**Notice of September 10, 2015****The President****Continuation of the National Emergency With Respect to Certain Terrorist Attacks**

Consistent with section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1622(d), I am continuing for 1 year the national emergency previously declared on September 14, 2001, in Proclamation 7463, with respect to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, and the continuing and immediate threat of further attacks on the United States.

Because the terrorist threat continues, the national emergency declared on September 14, 2001, and the powers and authorities adopted to deal with that emergency must continue in effect beyond September 14, 2015. Therefore, I am continuing in effect for an additional year the national emergency that was declared on September 14, 2001, with respect to the terrorist threat.

This notice shall be published in the *Federal Register* and transmitted to the Congress.



THE WHITE HOUSE,
September 10, 2015.

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Federal Register

Vol. 80, No. 176

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