

Respondent	Estimated number of respondents	Frequency of responses per respondent (annually)	Total annual responses (Col. b × c)	Estimated average # of hours per response	Estimated total hours (Col. d × c)
Reporting Burden:					
State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments (WIC State agencies and WIC local agencies)	1,929	6,533	12,602,967	0.20	2,516,964
Business or Other For-Profit (WIC Authorized Vendors)	48,621	2.23	108,302	1.77	191,987
Individuals and Households (WIC Participants)	8,960,587	1.38	12,335,620	0.05	615,829
Reporting Grand Total	9,011,137	2.78	25,046,888	0.13	3,324,780
Respondent	Estimated number of recordkeepers	Estimated number of records	Total estimated annual records	Estimated time (hours)	Estimated burden hours
Recordkeeping Burden:					
State, Local, and Tribal Government (State and Local agencies, including Indian Tribal Organizations and U.S. Territories)	11,929	3,011	35,919,470	0.02	695,758
Grand Total—Reporting and Recordkeeping	9,023,066	3,014	60,966,358	0.15	4,020,537

Dated: February 19, 2016.

Audrey Rowe,

Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service.

[FR Doc. 2016-04262 Filed 2-29-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-30-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Food and Nutrition Service

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed collection; Comment Request—Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (SFMNP)

AGENCY: Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), USDA.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice invites the general public and other public agencies to comment on this proposed information collection. This collection is a revision of a currently approved collection for the Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (SFMNP).

DATES: Written comments must be received on or before May 2, 2016.

ADDRESSES: Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions that were used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d)

ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Written comments may be sent to: Kurtria Watson, Chief, Policy Branch, Supplemental Food Programs Division, Food and Nutrition Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 3101 Park Center Drive, Room 528, Alexandria, VA 22302. Comments will also be accepted through the Federal eRulemaking Portal. Go to <http://www.regulations.gov>, and follow the online instructions for submitting comments electronically.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval. All comments will be a matter of public record.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on this proposed information collection, contact Kurtria Watson, Chief, Policy Branch, Supplemental Food Programs Division, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA, 3101 Park Center Dr., Room 528, Alexandria, VA 22302.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (SFMNP).

Form Number: FNS 683A.

OMB Number: 0584-0541.

Expiration Date: May 31, 2016.

Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: Section 4203 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, also known as the Farm Bill) reauthorized the Senior Farmers' Market

Nutrition Program (SFMNP) through fiscal year 2018; a prior law (the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (Pub. L. 107-171)) gave the Department of Agriculture the authority to promulgate regulations for the operation and administration of the SFMNP. These regulations are published at 7 CFR part 249. The purposes of the SFMNP are to provide resources in the form of fresh, nutritious, unprepared, locally grown fruits, vegetables, honey and herbs from farmers' markets, roadside stands, and community supported agriculture (CSA) programs to low income seniors; to increase the domestic consumption of agricultural commodities by expanding or aiding in the expansion of domestic farmers' markets, roadside stands, and CSA programs; and to develop or aid in the development of new and additional farmers' markets, roadside stands, and CSA programs.

USDA published a final rulemaking on the SFMNP on December 6, 2006 (71 FR 74618), that contained an estimated information collection burden based on the rule's requirements for program operation and administration. SFMNP financial and program information is collected on the FNS Form 683A and is submitted annually to the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) by participating SFMNP State agencies. This information is used to reconcile and close out grants in accordance with the requirements of 7 CFR 3016.23(b) and 7 CFR 3016.41(a)(1). Program information is also used by FNS for program planning purposes, and for reporting to Congress as needed. The previous SFMNP information collection burden was

approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for 3 years, effective May 2013, under OMB#0584-0541. The Department is now soliciting comments on the accuracy and reasonableness of the renewal of this estimated burden.

The estimated total annual Reporting and Recordkeeping burden for SFMNP information collection is 422,023 hours. This estimated total burden is 52,250 hours lower than the previously approved collection burden. While the number of State agencies has increased slightly, several SFMNP State agencies report a decrease in the number of participants served and number of authorized farmers' markets. In addition, several calculation errors were corrected in this revision, further reducing the estimate. See the table

below for estimated total annual burden for each type of respondent.

Affected Public: Respondents include State agencies, local agencies, individuals/households (participants), and authorized SFMNP farms (farmers, farmers' markets, roadside stands, and CSA programs).

Estimated Number of Respondents: The total estimated number of respondents is 804,714. This includes: State agencies, local agencies, individuals/households (participants), and authorized SFMNP farms (farmers, farmers' markets, roadside stands, and CSA programs).

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: The estimated number of responses per respondent across the entire collection is 3. For the reporting burden it is 2, while recordkeeping is 15,390.

Estimated Total Annual Responses: 2,408,711. The total reporting responses are 1,608,451, while the total recordkeeping responses are 800,260.

Estimated Time per Response: The estimated time of response averages 0.18 hours for all participants. For the reporting burden, the estimated time of response varies from approximately 1 minute to 160 hours, while the estimated time of response for the recordkeeping burden varies from 15 minutes to 40 hours, depending on the respondent group.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 422,023 hours. The reporting and recordkeeping burden is 219,579 and 202,444 hours, respectively. See the table below for estimated total annual burden for each type of respondent.

SENIOR FARMERS' MARKET NUTRITION PROGRAM BURDEN COLLECTION CHART

Regulation section	Title	Estimated number of respondents	Reports filed annually	Total annual response	Estimated hrs/ response	Annual burden hrs
Affected Public: STATE & LOCAL AGENCIES (Including Indian Tribal Organizations and U.S. Territories)						
Reporting:						
249.3(d)	Local Agency Applications	1040	.5	520	2	1,040
249.4	State Plan	52	1	52	40	2,080
249.6(a)(3)	Certification data for seniors	52	15,385	800,000	.25	200,000
249.10(b)	Review of vendor applications	52	70	3622	1	3622
249.10(e)	Monitoring/review of outlets	52	7.0	362	1.5	543
249.10(f)	Coupon/CSA management system	52	1	52	5	260
249.10(h)	Coupon reconciliation	52	1	52	3	156
249.11	Financial management system	52	1	52	10	520
249.12	Prior Approval for costs per 2 CFR 200.	5	1	5	160	800
249.17(b)(2)	State agency corrective action plans	7	1	7	10	70
249.18(b)	Audit responses	1	1	1	15	15
249.23(b)	Financial/recipient reports	52	1	52	40	2,080
249.23(b)	Annual Financial and Program Data Report (FNS 683A).	52	1	52	2	104
Subtotal	(Reporting Requirements)	1,092	737.022	804,829	0.26252	211,290
Affected Public: INDIVIDUALS/HOUSEHOLDS (Applicants for Program Benefits)						
Reporting:						
249.6	Certification data for seniors	800,000	1	800,000	0.01	8,000
Subtotal	(Reporting Requirements)	800,000		800,000		8,000
Affected Public: Farms (Farmers/Markets/Roadside stands/CSA's)						
Reporting:						
249.10(b)	Farmer agreements	3,622	1	3,622	0.08	290
Subtotal	(Reporting Requirements)	3,622		3,622		290
Subtotal Reporting		804,714	2	1,608,451	0.14	219,579
Affected Public: STATE & LOCAL AGENCIES (Including Indian Tribal Organizations and U.S. Territories)						
Recordkeeping:						
249.9	Nutrition education	52	15,385	800,000	0.25	200,000
249.10(b)	Authorized outlet agreements	52	1	52	2	104
249.10(e)	Summary of authorized outlet monitoring.	52	1	52	2	104
249.11	Record of financial expenditures	52	1	52	2	104
249.16(a)	Fair hearings	52	1	52	1	52
249.23(a)	Record of program operations	52	1	52	40	2,080
Subtotal	(Recordkeeping Requirements)	52	15,390	800,260	0.25	202,444
Total Burden	(Reporting & Recordkeeping)	804,714	3	2,408,711	0.18	422,023

Dated: February 22, 2016.

Audrey Rowe,

Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service.

[FR Doc. 2016-04443 Filed 2-29-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-30-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Conejos Peak Ranger District, Rio Grande National Forest; Colorado; CP District-wide Salvage Project

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement.

SUMMARY: The Conejos Peak Ranger District, Rio Grande National Forest, proposes to salvage timber stands killed or infested by spruce beetles; reduce fuel loading adjacent to private lands; and regenerate forested acres, as needed, to move toward the long-term desired conditions described in the Forest Plan.

DATES: Comments concerning the scope of the analysis must be received by March 31, 2016.

ADDRESSES: Written comments concerning this notice should be addressed to Andrea Jones, District Ranger; Conejos Peak Ranger District; 15571 CR T.5; La Jara, CO; 81140. Comments may also be sent via email to comments-rocky-mountain-rio-grande-conejos-peak@fs.fed.us, or via facsimile to 719-274-6301, with subject 'CP District-wide Salvage Project.'

All comments, including names and addresses when provided, are placed in the record and are available for public inspection and copying. The public may inspect comments received at the Conejos Peak Ranger District office, address listed above. Visitors are encouraged to call ahead to 719-274-8971 to facilitate document access.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Tooley, Interdisciplinary Team Leader, telephone: (719) 274-8971 or visit the Forest Web site: <http://www.fs.usda.gov/projects/riogrande/landmanagement/projects>.

Individuals who use telecommunication devices for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339 between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, Monday through Friday.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Estimated Dates

The draft environmental impact statement is expected September 2017 and the final environmental impact statement is expected December 2017.

Purpose and Need for Action

Extensive spruce beetle mortality has occurred across the Conejos Peak Ranger District since 2002, affecting over 67,000 acres to date. As a result, existing conditions within certain Management Area Prescriptions (MAPs) have departed from desired conditions described in the Revised Land and Resource Management Plan (Forest Plan). Management emphasis is on wood production within some MAPs, and there is express intent to evaluate insect and disease outbreaks against the potential for loss of commercial forest resources, with an emphasis on protecting the commercial resources. Within other MAPs, vegetation composition and structure are managed to meet specific objectives for the area (e.g. recreation), and vegetation management treatments are implemented to accomplish those objectives or contribute to user safety. Within yet other MAPs, the plant communities may be managed in a range of successional stages to achieve biological diversity, and vegetation management treatments are allowed with resource constraints.

These desired conditions for the MAPs tie to overarching Forestwide Desired Conditions and Objectives. One overarching Desired Condition is to supply wood products while providing for the biological diversity of forested areas. An associated Objective provides an emphasis on long-term sustainable production of resources for economies, communities, and people. Another overarching Desired Condition is that fuel profiles be consistent with land uses and estimates of historic fire regimes. An associated Objective provides for using appropriate vegetative-management methods to modify unacceptable fuel profiles, contributing to the protection of human life, property, and resources needed to support long-term industries, with firefighter safety being paramount.

This disparity between existing and desired conditions creates a need to utilize available dead and dying trees in a timely manner to meet multiple-use mandates and provide for the protection of firefighters, users, communities, and private resources. The purpose of this project is to provide an adaptive decision framework for responding to spruce beetle mortality with salvage and hazardous fuel treatment projects in a timely and cost-effective manner, while providing for site-specific protection of biological diversity and other resource management objectives.

Proposed Action

The Conejos Peak Ranger District of the Rio Grande National Forest proposes to salvage dead and dying spruce from suitable areas across the district, as well as modify forest fuels adjacent to private property and administrative sites within areas affected by spruce beetle mortality. Salvage harvest activities would occur on up to 17,000 acres across the district, on lands determined by the Forest Plan as appropriate for timber harvest. Hazardous fuel treatment activities would occur on up to 1,000 acres of treatment area, on lands determined by the same plan as appropriate for pre-commercial hand-thinning operations. Activities would begin in the summer of 2018 and continue for 10–15 years.

Activities associated with spruce salvage harvest would include: (1) Commercial logging and log hauling operations; (2) National Forest System Road maintenance and reconstruction; (3) Re-opening old non-system roads, followed by rehabilitation; (4) Temporary road construction and rehabilitation; (5) Areas identified for public and commercial firewood gathering; (6) Planting of native conifer seedlings as needed to meet future forest objectives.

Activities associated with hazardous fuel treatments within spruce mortality zones would include: (1) Pre-commercial thinning by chainsaw within 400 feet of private boundary or 200 feet of administrative sites to create defensible space; (2) Hazard tree removal by chainsaw within 400 feet of private boundary or 200 feet of administrative sites; (3) Pruning of residual trees to lift crown base height; (4) Piling and burning or removal of activity-generated fuels within timber sale or pre-commercial thinning areas.

The proposed action also includes development of an implementation checklist for later-stage analysis. The developed checklist would tier to this early-stage decision and allow focus on compliance alone in relation to (1) project decision, (2) Forest Plan, statute, and regulation, and (3) reporting and notification requirements.

Responsible Official

Conejos Peak District Ranger at 15571 County Road T.5; La Jara, CO; 81140

Nature of Decision To Be Made

An environmental impact statement (EIS) will be prepared that discloses the environmental consequences of implementing the proposed action and alternatives to the proposed action, including No Action. A separate Record