At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is: (i) Necessary or appropriate in the public interest; (ii) for the protection of investors; or (iii) otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–Phlx–2016–32 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–Phlx–2016–32. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549 on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–Phlx–2016–32, and should be submitted on or before March 31, 2016.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.9

Brent J. Fields,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2016–05325 Filed 3–9–16; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; ISE Mercury, LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Establish the Schedule of Fees

March 4, 2016.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act” or “Exchange Act”),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on February 18, 2016, ISE Mercury, LLC (the “Exchange” or “ISE Mercury”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) the proposed rule change, as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

ISE Mercury proposes to establish a Schedule of Fees by adopting fees and rebates for Regular Orders3 in standard options traded on ISE Mercury, and adopting route-out fees and marketing fees.

Regular Order Fees and Rebates

The Exchange proposes to assess per contract transaction fees and rebates in all option classes traded on the Exchange to market participants that trade on the Exchange. The fees and rebates depend on the category of market participant submitting orders to the Exchange and the type of orders submitted to the Exchange.

The proposed Schedule of Fees identifies the following categories of market participants: (1) Market Maker;4 (2) Non-ISE Mercury Market Maker;5 (3) Firm Proprietary Broker-Dealer;7 (4) Professional Customer;8 (5) Priority

9 A Regular Order is an order that consists of only a single option series and is not submitted with a stock leg.
10 The term Market Makers refers to “Competitive Market Makers” and “Primary Market Makers” collectively. Market Maker orders sent to the Exchange by an Electronic Access Member are assessed fees at the same level as Market Maker orders.
5 A Non-ISE Mercury Market Maker, or Far Away Market Maker (“FARM”), is a market maker as defined in Section 3(a)(38) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (“Exchange Act”), registered in the same options class on another options exchange.
7 A Firm Proprietary order is an order submitted by a member for its own proprietary account.
8 A Professional Customer is a person who is not a broker/dealer and is not a Priority Customer.

ISE Mercury proposes to adopt the following Standard Options Schedule of Fees:

Orders. A Crossing Order is an order executed in the Exchange’s Facilitation Mechanism, Solicited Order Mechanism, Price Improvement Mechanism (“PIM”), or submitted as a Qualified Contingent Cross order. Orders executed in the Block Order Mechanism are also considered Crossing Orders. As an exception to the fees for Crossing Orders, the Exchange proposes to adopt a fee of $0.05 per contract for PIM orders of 500 or fewer contracts in all symbols traded on the Exchange for all market participants, except that Priority Customer orders on the originating side of a PIM auction will receive a rebate of ($0.13) per contract. Priority Customer orders on the contra-side of a PIM auction will pay no fee and receive no rebate. PIM orders greater than 500 contracts will pay the Fee for Crossing Orders, described above.

The Exchange believes the proposed Fees for Crossing Orders are competitive with fees charged by other options exchanges that have functionality for crossing orders. For example, International Securities Exchange, LLC’s (“ISE”)15 and ISE Gemini, LLC’s (“ISE Gemini”)16 Fees for Crossing Orders in all symbols are almost identical to those charged by ISE Mercury in all symbols. Additionally, ISE Mercury’s Fees for PIM Orders of 500 or Fewer Contracts are similar to ISE’s Fee for PIM Orders of 100 or Fewer Contracts,17 except that Priority Customers on ISE Mercury receive a rebate rather than not being charged. Rebates for orders of 500 contracts or fewer are designed to increase Priority Customer order flow to the Exchange.

The Exchange also proposes to adopt Fees for Responses to Crossing Orders. A Response to a Crossing Order is any contra-side interest (i.e., orders and quotes) submitted after the commencement of an auction in the Exchange’s Facilitation Mechanism, Solicited Order Mechanism, Block Order Mechanism, or PIM. The Exchange proposes to adopt a fee of (1) $0.20 per contract for Market Maker orders and (2) $0.50 per contract for Non-ISE Mercury Market Maker, Firm Proprietary/Broker-Dealer, Professional Customer, and Priority Customer orders.

The Exchange also believes the proposed fees for Responses to Crossing Orders are competitive with fees charged by other options exchanges that have functionality for crossing orders. ISE Mercury’s Fees for Responses to Crossing Orders in all symbols are in line with those on ISE,18 except that ISE Mercury offers a reduced fee to Market Makers because they have requirements and obligations to the Exchange that the other market participants do not (such as quoting requirements). Market Makers are also charged Marketing Fees, discussed below, which are not assessed to other market participants. The Exchange therefore believes it is appropriate to charge these fees for Responses to Crossing Orders.

### Route-Out Fees

The Exchange proposes to adopt a Route-Out Fee of $0.55 per contract for executions of all market participant orders for standard options in symbols that are in the Penny Pilot that are routed to one or more exchanges in connection with the Options Order Protection and Locked/Crossed Market Plan. The Exchange further proposes to adopt a Route-Out Fee of $0.96 per contract for executions of all market participant orders for standard options in symbols that are not in the Penny Pilot that are routed to one or more exchanges in connection with the Options Order Protection and Locked/Crossed Market Plan. No additional transaction fees are added to the Route-Out Fees, unlike other exchanges, which, in addition to a fixed route-out fee, assess the actual transaction fees charged by the exchange the order is routed to.19

The Route-Out Fees offset costs incurred by the Exchange in connection with using unaffiliated broker-dealers to access other exchanges for linkage executions and are therefore appropriate because market participants that are submitting these orders can route them directly to away exchanges, if desired, and should not be able to forgo an away market fee by directing their orders to the Exchange. The Exchange therefore believes it is appropriate to charge these orders the proposed fee in order to

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18 See id. at I. Regular Order Fees and Rebates, Fee for Responses to Crossing Orders.
recoup costs associated with routing out these orders.

**Marketing Fees**

The Exchange proposes Marketing Fees that help its Market Makers establish marketing fee arrangements with Electronic Access Members ("EAM") in exchange for EAMs routing some or all of their order flow to those Market Makers. This program is funded through a fee paid by Exchange Market Makers for each Priority Customer contract they execute against in the symbols that are subject to their respective Marketing Fees. In particular, ISE Mercury proposes to charge Market Makers $0.25 per contract for options classes that are in the Penny Pilot and $0.70 per contract for options classes not in the Penny Pilot when trading against a Priority Customer order. These fees are the same as those charged by NASDAQ OMX PHLX ("PHLX"), which calls these fees Payment for Order Flow Fees. The Exchange believes these fees are appropriate.

**FINRA Web CRD Fees**

The Exchange proposes to adopt regulatory fees related to Web CRD, which are collected by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") ("FINRA Web CRD Fees"). The proposed fees are collected and retained by FINRA via Web CRD for the registration of employees of ISE Mercury members that are not FINRA members ("Non–FINRA members"). The Exchange is merely listing these fees on its Schedule of Fees. The Exchange does not collect or retain these fees.

The FINRA Web CRD Fees listed on the ISE Mercury Schedule of Fees consists of General Registration Fees of $100 (for each initial Form U4 filed for the registration of a representative or principal), $110 (for the additional processing of each initial or amended Form U4, Form U5 or Form BD that includes the initial reporting, amendment or certification of one of more disclosure events or proceedings), and $45 (annual system processing fee assessed only during renewals). The FINRA Web CRD Fees also consist of Fingerprint Processing Fees for the initial, second and third submissions. There is a separate fee for electronic submissions and paper submissions. The initial electronic and paper submission fees are $27.75 and $42.75, respectively. The second electronic and paper submission fees are $15.00 and $30.00, respectively. The third electronic and paper submission fees are $27.75 and $42.75, respectively. Finally, there is a $30 processing fee for fingerprint results submitted by self-regulatory organizations other than FINRA. The FINRA Web CRD Fees are user-based and there is no distinction in the cost incurred by FINRA if the user is a FINRA member or a Non–FINRA member. Accordingly, the proposed fees mirror those currently assessed by FINRA.

**2. Statutory Basis**

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the provisions of Section 6 of the Act, in general, and Section 6(b)(4) of the Act, in particular, in that it is designed to provide for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among its members and other persons using its facilities.

The Exchange believes the fees proposed for transactions on ISE Mercury are reasonable. ISE Mercury will operate within a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily send order flow to any of the thirteen other competing venues if they deem fees at a particular venue to be excessive. The proposed fee structure is intended to attract order flow to ISE Mercury by offering certain market participants incentives to submit their orders to ISE Mercury.

**Regular Order Fees and Rebates**

The Exchange believes that its proposal to assess a per contract fee or rebate for Market Maker, Non–ISE Mercury Market Maker, Firm Proprietary/Broker-Dealer, Professional Customer, and Priority Customer orders is reasonable and equitable because the proposed fees are within the range of fees assessed by other exchanges employing similar pricing schemes. For example, the fees in the Penny Pilot on ISE Mercury for all market participants, except Priority Customers, are similar to the non-Priority Customer fees charged on PHLX, which range from $0.22 to $0.49 per contract. Further, the rebate provided for Priority Customer orders on ISE Mercury is competitive with the rebates offered by MIAX Options Exchange ("MIAX") in its Priority Customer Rebate Program. MIAX offers members a per contract rebate as high as $0.24 in MIAX select symbols and $0.21 in non-MIAX select symbols for Priority Customer orders when the member reaches MIAX’s highest rebate tier. Additionally, the fees for symbols not in the Penny Pilot for Non–ISE Mercury Market Maker, Firm Proprietary/Broker-Dealer, and Professional Customer orders are similar to those on ISE Gemini, which are $0.89 per contract. The Exchange believes the proposed fees and rebates are not unfairly discriminatory because they would apply uniformly to similarly situated market participants and they are competitive with the fees charged by other exchanges.

The Exchange believes the proposed Fees for Crossing Orders are reasonable and equitably allocated because the proposed fees are also within the range of fees assessed by other exchanges. For example, ISE’s and ISE Gemini’s Fees for Crossing Orders in all symbols are almost identical to those proposed by ISE Mercury. Further, the Exchange believes the proposed Fee for Crossing Orders is not unfairly discriminatory because it would uniformly apply to all market participants, except Priority Customers, who historically have paid

lower fees than other market participants as an incentive to attract that order flow to the Exchange.

The Exchange believes the proposed Fees for PIM Orders of 500 or Fewer Contracts are reasonable and equitably allocated because the proposed fees are also within the range of fees assessed by other exchanges. ISE Mercury’s Fee for PIM Orders of 500 or Fewer Contracts are the same as ISE’s Fee for PIM Orders of 100 or Fewer Contracts, except that Priority Customers on ISE Mercury receive a rebate while ISE does not charge a fee for Priority Customer orders. For example, in all symbols, ISE charges $0.05 for all non-Priority Customers orders and does not charge a fee for Priority Customer orders. While ISE Mercury’s rebate is specifically targeted towards Priority Customer orders, the Exchange does not believe that this is unfairly discriminatory.

Priority Customer orders on the Exchange are generally entitled to lower or no fees and the Exchange believes that attracting more liquidity from Priority Customers will benefit all market participants that trade on ISE Mercury.

The Exchange further believes it is reasonable and equitable to charge the proposed Fees for Responses to Crossing Orders because an execution resulting from a Response to a Crossing Order is akin to an execution and therefore its proposal to establish execution fees is reasonable and equitable. The Exchange believes that while the differential between the fees charged for Crossing Orders and the Fees for Responses to Crossing Orders is significant, the differential on ISE Mercury is similar to the differential that currently exists on other exchanges that offer a similar functionality. For example, as noted above, ISE’s Fees for Crossing Orders, which are $0.20 per contract in all symbols for all market participants, except Market Makers in non-select symbols, are identical to those proposed by ISE Mercury. And, if an ISE fee is proposed for Responses to Crossing Orders, which are $0.47 per contract for all market participants in all symbols, are in line with those on ISE Mercury, except that ISE Mercury charges a lower fee to Market Makers. ISE Mercury charges a lower fee to Market Maker orders because Market Makers have requirements and obligations to the Exchange that the other market participants do not (such as quoting requirements). Market Makers are also charged Marketing Fees, which are not assessed to other market participants. Therefore, the Exchange believes the proposed fees are reasonable and equitably allocated because they are within the range of fees assessed by other exchanges employing similar pricing schemes.

The Exchange is not introducing a novel pricing scheme for Crossing Orders or for Responses to Crossing Orders. This functionality is currently available on a number of exchanges, all of which have pricing differentials that promote internalizing customer orders. The Exchange believes these are not unfairly discriminatory because they would uniformly apply to all similarly situated market participants.

The Exchange further believes charging lower fees and providing higher rebates to Priority Customer orders attracts that order flow to the Exchange and thereby creates liquidity to the benefit of all market participants who trade on the Exchange. Further, the Exchange believes that it is equitable and not unfairly discriminatory to assess lower fees to Priority Customer orders. A Priority Customer is by definition not a broker or dealer in securities, and does not place more than 390 orders in listed options per day on average during a calendar month for its own beneficial account(s). This limitation does not apply to participants on the Exchange whose behavior is substantially similar to that of market professionals, including Professional Customers, Non-ISE Mercury Market Makers, and Firm Proprietary/Broker-Dealers, who will generally submit a higher number of orders (many of which do not result in executions) than Priority Customers. Further, Professional Customers engage in trading activity similar to that conducted by Market Makers and proprietary traders. Finally, the Exchange believes that the proposed rebates are competitive with rebates provided by other exchanges, as discussed above, and are therefore reasonable and equitable.

Finally, the Exchange believes that the price differentiation between the other market participants is justified. With respect to fees for Market Maker orders, as noted above, the Exchange believes that the price differentiation between the other market participants is appropriate and not unfairly discriminatory because Market Makers have requirements and obligations to the Exchange that the other market participants do not (such as quoting requirements). Market makers also incur Marketing Fees, which the other market participants do not. The Exchange believes that it is equitable and not unfairly discriminatory to assess a higher fee to certain market participants that do not have such requirements and obligations that Exchange Market Makers do. The Exchange believes that the proposed fees are fair, equitable, and not unfairly discriminatory because the proposed fees are consistent with price differentiation that exists today at other options exchanges.

Route-Out Fees

The Exchange believes the proposed route-out fees are reasonable and equitable as they provide the Exchange the ability to recover costs associated with using unaffiliated broker-dealers to route orders to other exchanges for linkage executions. The Exchange also believes that the proposed fees are not unfairly discriminatory because these fees would be uniformly applied to all market participant orders. As fees to access liquidity for orders have risen at other exchanges, it has become necessary for the Exchange to adopt routing fees in order to recoup the costs associated with routing linkage orders. The Exchange notes that a number of other exchanges currently charge a variety of routing related fees associated with customer and non-customer orders that are subject to linkage handling. The Exchange also notes that the fees proposed herein are within the range of fees charged by other Exchanges.

Marketing Fees

The Exchange believes the proposed Marketing Fees are reasonable and equitable because the proposed fees will allow the Exchange and its Market Makers to better compete for order flow since the Exchange will now collect the same amount of fees as PHLX in options classes that are subject to its Payment for Order Flow Fees. The Exchange


35 See id. at I. Regular Order Fees and Rebates, Fee for Crossing Orders.

36 Id. at I. Regular Order Fees and Rebates, Fee for Responses to Crossing Orders.


39 See PHLX Fee Schedule, II. Multiply Listed Options Fees, Payment for Order Flow Fees at
believes that with these proposed fees, Market Makers will have greater incentive to trade on ISE Mercury in the symbols that are subject to Marketing Fees and thus enhance competition.

FINRA Web CRD Fees

The Exchange believes that its proposal to adopt the FINRA Web CRD Fees is reasonable because the proposed fees are identical to those adopted by FINRA for use of Web CRD for disclosure and the registration of FINRA members and their associated persons. In the FINRA Fee Filing, FINRA noted that it believed that its fees are reasonable based on the increased costs associated with operating and maintaining Web CRD, and listed a number of enhancements made to Web CRD in support of its fee change. These costs are borne by FINRA when a Non-FINRA member uses Web CRD. FINRA further noted its belief that the fees are reasonable because they help to ensure the integrity of the information in Web CRD, which is very important because the Commission, FINRA, other self-regulatory organizations and state securities regulators use Web CRD to make licensing and registration decisions, among other things. The Exchange notes that the proposed rule change is reasonable because the amount of the fees are those provided by FINRA, and the Exchange does not collect or retain these fees. The proposed rule change is also equitable and not unfairly discriminatory because the Exchange will not be collecting or retaining these fees, therefore will not be in a position to apply them in an inequitable or unfairly discriminatory manner.

The Exchange notes that all of the proposed fees and rebates, discussed above, are intended to establish ISE Mercury as an attractive venue for market participants to direct their order flow as the proposed fees and rebates are competitive with those established by other exchanges for similar trading activities. The Exchange will be operating in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily direct order flow to another exchange if they deem fees at a particular exchange to be too high, or in the case of rebates, not high enough. For the reasons noted above, the Exchange believes that the proposed fees are fair, equitable, and not unfairly discriminatory.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

In accordance with Section 6(b)(8) of the Act, the Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on intermarket or intramarket competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

The Exchange notes that the difference between the Fees for Crossing Orders and the Fees for Responses to Crossing Orders are not unfairly discriminatory and do not impose an undue burden on competition. The Exchange believes the crossing mechanisms on ISE Mercury provide incentives for market participants to submit customer order flow to the Exchange and thus, creates a greater opportunity for customers to receive better executions. The crossing mechanisms on ISE Mercury provide an opportunity for market participants to compete for customer orders, and have no limitations regarding the number of and type of market participant that can participate and compete for such orders.

ISE Mercury notes that its model and fees are generally intended to attract a specific segment of the options industry and the Exchange is competing with other exchanges that currently attract that segment.

Unilateral action by ISE Mercury in establishing fees for services provided to its members and others using its facilities will not have any adverse impact on competition. As a new entrant in the already highly competitive environment for equity options trading, ISE Mercury does not have the market power necessary to set prices for services that are inequitably allocated, unreasonable or unfairly discriminatory in violation of the Act. ISE Mercury’s proposed fees and rebates, as described herein, are comparable to fees charged and rebates provided by other options exchanges for the same or similar services. To the extent the proposed fees and rebates fail to attract order flow away from its competitors, ISE Mercury may have to adjust level of fees and rebates.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

The Exchange has not solicited, and does not intend to solicit, comments on this proposed rule change. The Exchange has not received any unsolicited written comments from members or other interested parties.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act and subparagraph (f)(2) of Rule 19b–4 thereunder, because it establishes a due, fee, or other charge imposed by ISE Mercury.

At any time within 60 days of the filing of such proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–ISEMercury–2016–02 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Brent J. Fields, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–ISEMercury–2016–02. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the...
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE Arca, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Modify the NYSE Arca Options Fee Schedule Relating to ByRDs Transaction Fees

March 4, 2016.

Pursuant to section 19(b)(1)1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”)2 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,3 notice is hereby given that, on March 1, 2016, NYSE Arca, Inc. (the “Exchange” or “NYSE Arca”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of the Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to modify the NYSE Arca Options Fee Schedule (“Fee Schedule”) to address how the Exchange would treat transactions in Binary Return Derivatives contracts (“ByRDs”). The Exchange proposes to implement the fee change effective March 1, 2016. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s Web site at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The purpose of this filing is to propose revisions to the Fee Schedule to address how the Exchange would treat transactions in ByRDs.

The Exchange recently added rules related to ByRDs and plans to launch trading in ByRDs in March 2016.4 To encourage trading in ByRDs, the Exchange proposes to exempt transactions in ByRDs from all transaction fees and credits at this time., [sic] The Exchange also proposes that any volume in ByRDs would be included in the calculations to qualify for any volume-based incentives currently being offered on the Exchange. Accordingly, the Exchange proposes to add Endnote 14 to the Fee Schedule regarding the Rates for Standard Options transactions to reflect this proposed change.

The Exchange believes the proposed treatment of ByRDs for purposes of the Fee Schedule would further the Exchange’s goal of introducing new products to the marketplace by encouraging trading in these products.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,5 in general, and furthers the objectives of sections 6(b)(4) and (5) of the Act,6 in particular, because it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among its members, issuers and other persons using its facilities and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers or dealers.

The Exchange believes the proposed change is reasonable and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers, because the Exchange’s treatment of ByRDs would apply equally to all market participants that opted to trade ByRDs. Further, the proposed change is reasonable and does not unfairly discriminate because exempting ByRDs from transaction fees, while still including any volume in ByRDs in the calculations to qualify for any volume-based incentives offered on the Exchange would further the Exchange’s goal of introducing new products to the marketplace by encouraging trading in these products. To the extent that the proposed change incentivizes any market participants to direct their order flow to the Exchange, all market participants would benefit from increased liquidity and trading opportunities on the Exchange.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

In accordance with section 6(b)(5) of the Act,7 the Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange believes that the proposed change is pro-competitive as it would further the Exchange’s goal of introducing new products to the marketplace and encouraging trading in these products, which would in turn, benefit market participants. To the extent that this purpose is achieved, all of the Exchange’s market participants should benefit from the improved market liquidity. Enhanced market quality and increased transaction volume that results from the anticipated increase in order flow directed to the Exchange will benefit all market participants.

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,8 in general, and furthers the objectives of sections 6(b)(4) and (5) of the Act,9 in particular, because it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among its members, issuers and other persons using its facilities and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers or dealers.

The Exchange believes the proposed change is reasonable and does not unfairly discriminate between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers, because the Exchange’s treatment of ByRDs would apply equally to all market participants that opted to trade ByRDs. Further, the proposed change is reasonable and does not unfairly discriminate because exempting ByRDs from transaction fees, while still including any volume in ByRDs in the calculations to qualify for any volume-based incentives offered on the Exchange would further the Exchange’s goal of introducing new products to the marketplace by encouraging trading in these products. To the extent that the proposed change incentivizes any market participants to direct their order flow to the Exchange, all market participants would benefit from increased liquidity and trading opportunities on the Exchange.

1 See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 77044 (February 3, 2016), 81 FR 6908 (February 3 [sic] 2016) [SR–Arca–2–16] (immediate effectiveness filing adopting rules relating to ByRDs). ByRDs are European-style option contracts on individual stocks, exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) and index-Linked Securities that have a fixed return in cash based on a set strike price; satisfy specified listing criteria; and may only be exercised at expiration pursuant to the Rules of the Options Clearing Corporation (the “CCC”).


