

attitudes, and practices of providers in five key HIV prevention domains in high-HIV prevalence communities with disproportionate numbers of blacks/ African Americans, and (2) Educate providers about prevention interventions related to these domains based on survey-identified knowledge, beliefs, attitudes, and practices of providers' deficits.

The respondent population of medical providers will be pulled from the Healthcare Data Solutions (HDS) ProviderPRO and MidLevelPRO databases. Respondents will be recruited to participate in the survey through a combination of emails and phone calls. This strategy will consist of four emails spaced one week apart

followed by phone calls to non-responders. The emails will explain the purpose of the survey, the availability of continuing education (CE) credits, and the \$20 cash token of appreciation.

A large two-part internet-based survey will be conducted among a representative random sample of providers in the selected six (6) metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) with the highest HIV burden among the African American population. Part one of the survey will be administered to participants at the beginning of the project. The part-one survey findings will be used to identify providers' knowledge, beliefs, attitudes, and practices that might require additional educational reinforcement. Based on

survey responses, providers will be linked to continuing education (CE) credit-eligible educational modules to improve their educational deficits. The educational modules are all web-based using either video or case-based methods of learning. The length of the course ranges from 1–3 hours accounting for 0.25–1.0 credit hours. Part two of the survey will be administered six months later comprised of only the core questions in part one of the survey to assess impact of CE modules on providers' practices regarding HIV prevention and treatment.

There are no costs to respondents other than their time. The total annual burden hours are 1,219.

#### ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
Providers .....	Baseline Screener and Survey .....	1,827	1	30/60
Providers .....	Follow-Up Screener and Survey .....	914	1	20/60

#### Leroy A. Richardson,

Chief, Information Collection Review Office,  
Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of the  
Associate Director for Science, Office of the  
Director, Centers for Disease Control and  
Prevention.

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BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

##### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day–16–16AVM; Docket No. CDC–2016–  
0065]

#### Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

**AGENCY:** Centers for Disease Control and  
Prevention (CDC), Department of Health  
and Human Services (HHS).

**ACTION:** Notice with comment period.

**SUMMARY:** The Centers for Disease  
Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of  
its continuing efforts to reduce public  
burden and maximize the utility of  
government information, invites the  
general public and other Federal  
agencies to take this opportunity to  
comment on proposed and/or  
continuing information collections, as  
required by the Paperwork Reduction  
Act of 1995. This notice accompanies a  
Notice of Proposed Rulemaking and

invites comment on the information  
collection request *Airline and Vessel  
and Traveler Information Collection*. This  
information collection request  
pertains to CDC's activities with regard  
to requirements at proposed § 71.4 and  
§ 71.5 that airlines and vessels arriving  
to the United States from foreign  
countries send passenger, crew, and  
conveyance information (aka manifests)  
to CDC in the event that a  
communicable disease of public health  
concern is suspected or confirmed in a  
person aboard who poses a potential  
public health risk to other travelers and  
their communities after arriving in the  
United States. This information also  
pertains to current activities with regard  
to the collection of manifests from  
domestic flights within the United  
States, as well as the collection of  
traveler information using the Passenger  
Locator Form (PLF) on both  
international and domestic flights.  
**DATES:** Written comments must be  
received on or before September 26,  
2016.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments,  
identified by Docket No. CDC–2016–  
0065 by any of the following methods:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:**  
*Regulations.gov*. Follow the instructions  
for submitting comments.
- **Mail:** Leroy A. Richardson,  
Information Collection Review Office,  
Centers for Disease Control and  
Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE., MS–  
D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

**Instructions:** All submissions received  
must include the agency name and  
Docket Number. All relevant comments  
received will be posted without change  
to *Regulations.gov*, including any  
personal information provided. For  
access to the docket to read background  
documents or comments received, go to  
*Regulations.gov*.

**Please note:** All public comment should be  
submitted through the Federal eRulemaking  
portal (*Regulations.gov*) or by U.S. mail to the  
address listed above.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** To  
request more information on the  
proposed project or to obtain a copy of  
the information collection plan and  
instruments, contact the Information  
Collection Review Office, Centers for  
Disease Control and Prevention, 1600  
Clifton Road NE., MS–D74, Atlanta,  
Georgia 30329; phone: 404–639–7570;  
Email: [omb@cdc.gov](mailto:omb@cdc.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Under the  
Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA)  
(44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), Federal agencies  
must obtain approval from the Office of  
Management and Budget (OMB) for each  
collection of information they conduct  
or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also  
requires Federal agencies to provide a  
60-day notice in the **Federal Register**  
concerning each proposed collection of  
information, including each new  
proposed collection, each proposed  
extension of existing collection of  
information, and each reinstatement of  
previously approved information

collection before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (e) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; to develop, acquire, install and utilize technology and systems for the purpose of collecting, validating and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; to train personnel and to be able to respond to a collection of information, to search data sources, to complete and review the collection of information; and to transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

#### **Proposed Project**

Airline and Vessel and Traveler Information Collection (42 CFR part 70 and 71)—New—Division of Global Migration and Quarantine, National Center for Emerging Zoonotic and Infectious Diseases, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

#### **Background and Brief Description**

Under the Public Health Service Act (42 United States Code § 264) and under 42 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 71.32(b) and 42 CFR 70.2, CDC can order airlines and vessels arriving from another country or traveling between states to submit a data set including airline or vessel details, and passenger and crew member information if CDC reasonably believes that a traveler exposed to or infected with a

communicable disease of public health concern could have put other passengers at risk for a communicable disease. In the accompanying Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, CDC is proposing to create two specific provisions that require the submission of airline and vessels and traveler data CDC. These provisions are proposed § 71.4 Requirements relating to collection, storage, and transmission of airline passenger, crew, and flight information for public health purposes and proposed § 71.5 Requirements relating to collection, storage and transmission of ship passenger, crew and voyage information for public health purposes. CDC anticipates that, while this is not a new practice, the listing of specific variables in specific regulatory provisions, will improve the submission of more timely, accurate, and complete traveler contact information by air and maritime companies.

While not associated with this NPRM, CDC is also seeking approval for domestic airline and vessel and traveler information orders under current authorities in 42 CFR 70.2. This activity is also currently already current practice.

Additionally, CDC requests to transition the Passenger Locator Form (PLF), previously included and approved by OMB in 0920–0134 Foreign Quarantine Regulations, into this Information Collection Request. Further, CDC is requesting approval for the use of the PLF for the collection of traveler information from individuals on domestic flights. The PLF, a form developed by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) in concert with its international member states and other aviation organizations, is used when there is a confirmation or strong suspicion that an individual(s) aboard a flight is infected with or exposed to a communicable disease that is a threat to co-travelers, and CDC is made aware of the individual(s) prior to arrival in the United States. This prior awareness can provide CDC with an opportunity to collect traveler contact information directly from the traveler prior to departure from the arrival airport.

Stopping a communicable disease outbreak—whether it is naturally occurring or intentionally caused—requires the use of the most rapid and effective public health tools available. Basic public health practices, such as collaborating with airlines in the identification and notification of

potentially exposed contacts, are critical tools in the fight against the introduction, transmission, and spread of communicable diseases in the United States.

The collection of timely, accurate, and complete contact information enables Quarantine Public Health Officers in CDC's Division of Global Migration and Quarantine (DGMQ) to notify state and local health departments in order for them to make contact with individuals who may have been exposed to a contagious person during travel and identify appropriate next steps.

In the event that there is a confirmed case of communicable disease of public health concern aboard an aircraft or ship, CDC collects manifest information for those passengers and crew at risk for exposure. The specific manifest of PLF information collection differs depending on the communicable disease that is confirmed during air or maritime travel. CDC uses this manifest and PLF information to coordinate with state and local health departments so they can follow-up with residents who live or are currently located in their jurisdiction. In general, state and local health departments are responsible for the contact investigations. In rare cases, CDC may use the manifest and PLF data to perform the contact investigation directly. In either case, CDC works with state and local health departments to ensure individuals are contacted and provided appropriate public health follow-up.

While the title of this information collection request includes vessels, CDC does not routinely collect vessel manifest information, and does so less than 10 times per year. Therefore, there is no vessel and maritime traveler information collection in the burden table.

#### *Estimated Annualized Burden Hours*

CDC estimates that for each set of vessel and traveler information ordered, airlines require approximately six hours to review the order, search their records, and send those records to CDC. CDC anticipates that travelers will need approximately five minutes to complete the PLF. There is no cost to respondents other than their time perform these actions. For manifest information, CDC does not have a specified format for these submissions, only that it is one acceptable to both CDC and the respondent.

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Airline Medical Officer or Equivalent/ Computer and Information Systems Manager.	Domestic TB Manifest Template .....	1	1	360/60	6
Airline Medical Officer or Equivalent/ Computer and Information Systems Manager.	Domestic Non-TB Manifest Template.	28	1	360/60	168
Airline Medical Officer or Equivalent/ Computer and Information Systems Manager.	International TB Manifest Template	67	1	360/60	402
Airline Medical Officer or Equivalent/ Computer and Information Systems Manager.	International Non-TB Manifest Template..	29	1	360/60	174
Traveler .....	Public Health Passenger Locator Form: Outbreak of public health significance (international flights).	2,700,000	1	5/60	225,000
Traveler .....	Public Health Passenger Locator Form: Limited onboard exposure (international flights).	800	1	5/60	67
Traveler .....	Public Health Passenger Locator Form (domestic flights).	800	1	5/60	67
Total .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	225,884

**Leroy A. Richardson,**

*Chief, Information Collection Review Office, Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of the Associate Director for Science, Office of the Director, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.*

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**BILLING CODE 4163-18-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-16-15AUE]

### Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has submitted the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The notice for the proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address any of the following: (a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of

information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses; and (e) Assess information collection costs.

To request additional information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, call (404) 639-7570 or send an email to [omb@cdc.gov](mailto:omb@cdc.gov). Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice should be directed to the Attention: CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395-5806. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

#### Proposed Project

Capacity Building Assistance Assessment for HIV Prevention—New—Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention, National Centers for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD and TB Prevention (NCHHSTP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

#### Background and Brief Description

For over 30 years, Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) has been an epidemic, affecting millions globally. Some groups are disproportionately

affected by this epidemic. In order to address these health disparities, the CDC is funding 120 CBOs and their collaborative partners (Partnerships) to address the national HIV epidemic by reducing new infections, increasing access to care, and promoting health equity; particularly for people living with and at greatest risk of HIV infection. This includes including African Americans/Blacks; Latinos/Hispanics; all races and ethnicities of gay, bisexual, and other MSM; IDUs; and transgender persons.

Building the capacity of the funded community-based organizations to conduct HIV programs and services is a priority to ensure effective and efficient delivery of HIV prevention treatment and care services. Since the late 1980s, CDC has been working with CBOs to broaden the reach of HIV prevention efforts. Over time, the CDC's program for HIV prevention has grown in size, scope, and complexity, responding to changes in approaches to addressing the epidemic, including the introduction of new guidance, effective behavioral, biomedical, and structural interventions, and public health strategies.

The Capacity Building Branch within the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention (D) provides national leadership and support for capacity building assistance (CBA) to help improve the performance of the HIV prevention workforce. One way that it accomplishes this task is by funding CBA providers to work with CBOs, health departments, and communities to increase their knowledge, skills, technology, and