Agency is establishing an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance without any numerical limitation.

VI. Conclusions

Therefore, an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is established under 40 CFR 180.920 for benzyl acetate (CAS Reg. No. 140–11–4) when used as an inert ingredient (solvent) in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops only.

VII. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

This action establishes an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance under FFDCA section 408(d) in response to a petition submitted to the Agency. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted these types of actions from review under Executive Order 12866, entitled “Regulatory Planning and Review” (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993). Because this action has been exempted from review under Executive Order 12866, this action is not subject to Executive Order 13211, entitled “Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use” (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001) or Executive Order 13045, entitled “Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks” (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997). This action does not contain any information collections subject to OMB approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), nor does it require any special considerations under Executive Order 12898, entitled “Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations” (59 FR 7629, February 23, 1994).

Since tolerances and exemptions that are established on the basis of a petition under FFDCA section 408(d), such as the exemption in this final rule, do not require the issuance of a proposed rule, the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), do not apply.

This action directly regulates growers, food processors, food handlers, and food retailers, not States or tribes, nor does this action alter the relationships or distribution of power and responsibilities among the Federal Government and Indian tribes. Thus, the Agency has determined that Executive Order 13132, entitled “Federalism” (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999) and Executive Order 13175, entitled “Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments” (65 FR 62249, November 9, 2000) do not apply to this action. In addition, this action does not impose any enforceable duty or contain any unfunded mandate as described under Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA) (2 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.).

This action does not involve any technical standards that would require Agency consideration of voluntary consensus standards pursuant to section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTAA) (15 U.S.C. 272 note).

VIII. Congressional Review Act

Pursuant to the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.


Susan Lewis,
Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR chapter I is amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:


2. In §180.920 add alphabetically the entry “Benzyl acetate” to the table to read as follows:

| Inert ingredients used pre-harvest; exemptions from the requirement of a tolerance. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Benzyl acetate (CAS Reg. No. 140–11–4). | Solvent |

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 73

Broadcast Licensee-Conducted Contests

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; announcement of effective date.

SUMMARY: In this document, the Federal Communications Commission (Commission) announces that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has approved, for a period of three years, information collection requirements adopted in the Commission’s Report and Order relating to the Amendment of the Commission’s Rules Related to Broadcast Licensee-Conducted Contests. This document is consistent with the Report and Order, which stated that the Commission would publish a document in the Federal Register announcing OMB approval and the effective date of the rule.

DATES: The amendments to 47 CFR 73.1216, published at 80 FR 64354, October 23, 2015, are effective on February 12, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cathy Williams by email at Cathy.Williams@fcc.gov and telephone at (202) 418-2918.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document announces that, on February 3, 2016, OMB approved information collection requirements contained in the Commission’s Report and Order, FCC 15–118, published at 80 FR 64354. The OMB Control Number is 3060–1209. The Commission publishes this document as an announcement of the effective date of those information collection requirements.

Synopsis

As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507), the FCC is notifying the public that it received OMB approval on February 3, 2016, for the information collection requirements contained in the Commission’s Report and Order, FCC 15–118.
The information collection requirements contained in 47 CFR 73.1216, as amended in the Commission’s Report and Order, FCC 15–118. Under 5 CFR part 1320, an agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a current, valid OMB Control Number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act that does not display a current, valid OMB Control Number. The OMB Control Number is 3060–1209.


The total annual reporting burdens and costs for the respondents are as follows:

OMB Control Number: 3060–1209.
OMB Approval Date: February 3, 2016.
OMB Expiration Date: February 28, 2019.

Title: Section 73.1216, Licensee-Conducted Contests.
Form Number: None.
Respondents: Business or other for-profit entities; Not-for-profit institutions.
Number of Respondents and Responses: 20,732 respondents; 20,732 responses.
Estimated Time per Response: 0.1–9 hours.
Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement; Third party disclosure requirement; Recordkeeping requirement.
Obligation to Respond: Required in order to monitor regulatory compliance. The statutory authority for this collection of information is contained in Sections 1, 4 and 303 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.
Total Annual Burden: 122,854 hours.
Total Annual Cost: $6,219,300.
Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: There is no need for confidentiality with this collection of information.
Privacy Act Impact Assessment: No impact(s).
Needs and Uses: The Commission’s amendments to its “Contest Rule” permit broadcast licensees to comply with their obligation to disclose material contest terms either by broadcasting those terms or by making them available in writing on a publicly accessible Internet Web site. The Commission’s rule amendments also define the disclosure obligation in cases where a licensee has chosen to meet that obligation through an Internet Web site. The information collection requirements afford broadcasters more flexibility in the manner of their compliance with the Contest Rule while giving consumers improved access to important contest information.
Federal Communications Commission.

Gloria J. Miles,
Federal Register Liaison Officer, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2016–02900 Filed 2–11–16; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
48 CFR Parts 436 and 452
RIN 0599–AA21

Agriculture Acquisition Regulation, Fire Suppression and Liability

AGENCY: Office of Procurement and Property Management, U.S. Department of Agriculture

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Office of Procurement and Property Management (OPPM) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) amends the Agriculture Acquisition Regulation (AGAR) by adding a new clause entitled “Fire Suppression and Liability.” Section 8205 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (2014 Act) provided the USDA Forest Service with permanent authority for Stewardship End Result Contracting by adding a new Section 604 to the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003. Section 8205 contains a requirement that the agency use a fire liability provision in all stewardship contracts and agreements that is in substantially the same form as the fire liability provisions contained in the integrated resource timber contract in Forest Service Contract Numbered 2400–13, Part H, Section H.4 and timber sale contracts conducted pursuant to Section 14 of the National Forest Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a).

II. Background

Beginning in 1998 with the enactment of Section 347 of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1999, the Forest Service has been authorized to carry out Stewardship End Result Contracting Projects; first on a pilot basis and then, through a succession of subsequent amendments, this authority was expanded. The enactment of Section 8205 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 sets forth the permanent authority for conducting Stewardship End Result Contracting Projects by adding a new Section 604 to the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003. Section 8205 contains a provision that “not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Chief of the Forest Service and the Director of the Bureau of Land Management shall issue for use in all contracts and agreements under this section fire liability provisions that are in substantially the same form as the fire liability provisions contained in—(A) integrated resource timber contracts, as described in the Forest Service Contract Numbered 2400–13, Part H, Section H.4; and (B) timber sale contracts conducted pursuant to Section 14 of the National Forest Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a).”

This final rule establishes a new AGAR clause for use in stewardship contracts subject to the FAR. This clause addresses fire liability on stewardship contracts as required in the 2014 Agricultural Act.

DATES: Effective March 14, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Ismaela Ramirez, Senior Procurement Analyst, USDA, Office of Procurement and Property Management at (202) 730–7997.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
I. Authority
II. Background
III. Discussion of Comments
IV. Summary of the Comments
V. Regulatory Information
List of Subjects

I. Authority

The enactment of Section 8205 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113–79) establishes permanent authority to conduct Stewardship End Result Contracting projects by adding a new Section 604 to the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (HFRA) (16 U.S.C. 6591c). Section 8205 of the 2014 Agricultural Act contains a requirement that the agency use a fire liability provision in all stewardship contracts and agreements that is in substantially the same form as the fire liability provisions contained in the integrated resource timber contract in Forest Service Contract Numbered 2400–13, Part H, Section H.4 and timber sale contracts conducted pursuant to Section 14 of the National Forest Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a).

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III. Discussion of Comments

USDA solicited comments on the interim rule on May 22, 2014. USDA received two comments at the end of the