public and other Federal agencies to
take this opportunity to comment on the
following information collection.
Comments are requested concerning:
Whether the proposed collection of
information is necessary for the proper
performance of the functions of the
Commission, including whether the
information shall have practical utility;
the accuracy of the Commission’s
burden estimate; ways to enhance the
quality, utility, and clarity of the
information collected; ways to minimize
the burden of the collection of
information on the respondents,
including the use of automated
collection techniques or other forms of
information technology; and ways to
further reduce the information
collection burden on small business
concerns with fewer than 25 employees.
OMB Control Number: 3060–0863.
Title: Satellite Delivery of Network
Signals to Unserved Households for
Purposes of the Satellite Home Viewer Act.
Form Number: Not applicable.
Type of Review: Extension of a
currently approved collection.
Respondents: Business or other for-
profit entities.
Number of Respondents and
Responses: 848 respondents; 250,000
responses.
Estimated Time per Response: 0.50
hours.
Frequency of Response:
Recordkeeping requirement, On
occasion reporting requirement,
Obligation to Respond: Required to
obtain or retain benefits. Statutory
authority for this information collection
action is contained in the Satellite
Home Viewer Act, 17 U.S.C. 119. The
Satellite Home Viewer Act is an
amendment of the Copyright Act; and
Satellite Television Extension and
Localism Act of 2010, Title V of the
“American Workers, State, and Business
Relief Act of 2010,” Public Law 111–
Total Annual Burden to Respondents:
125,000 hours.
Total Annual Costs: None.
Privacy Impact Assessment(s): No
impact(s).
Nature and Extent of Confidentiality:
There is no need for confidentiality with
this collection of information.
Needs and Uses: The information
collection requirements contained in 47
CFR 73.686 describes a method for
measuring signal strength at a
household so that the satellite and
broadcast industries would have a
uniform method for making an actual
determination of the signal strength that
a household received. The information
gathered as part of the Grade B contour
signal strength tests will be used to
indicate whether a household is
“unserved” by over-the-air network
signals.
Satellite and broadcast industries
making field strength measurements for
formal submission to the Commission in
rulemaking proceedings, or making such
measurements upon the request of the
Commission, shall follow the procedure
for making and reporting such
measurements which shall be included
in a report to the Commission and
submitted in affidavit form, in triplicate.
The report shall contain the following
information:
(a) Tables of field strength
measurements, which for each
measuring location; (b) U.S. Geological
Survey topographic maps; (c) All
information necessary to determine the
pertinent characteristics of the
transmitting installation; (d) A list of
calibrated equipment used in the field
strength survey; (e) A detailed
description of the calibration of the
measuring equipment, and (f) Terrain
profiles in each direction in which
measurements were made.
The information collection
requirements contained in 47 CFR
73.686 also requires satellite and
broadcast companies to maintain a
written record describing, for each
location, factors which may affect the
recorded field (i.e., the approximate
time or measurement, weather,
topography, overhead wiring, heights
and types of vegetation, buildings and
other structures, the orientation of the
measuring location, objects of such
shape and size that cause shadows or
reflections, signals received that arrived
from a direction other than that of the
transmitter, survey, list of the measured
value field strength, time and date of the
measurements and signature of the
person making the measurements).
The information collection
requirements contained in 47 CFR
73.686(e) describes the procedures for
measuring the field strength of digital
television signals. These procedures
will be used to determine whether a
household is eligible to receive a distant
digital network signal from a satellite
television provider, largely rely on
existing, proven methods the
Commission has already established for
measuring analog television signal
strength at any individual location, as
set forth in Section 73.686(d) of the
existing rules, but include modifications
as necessary to accommodate the
inherent differences between analog and
digital TV signals. The new digital
signal measurement procedures include
provisions for the location of the
measurement antenna, antenna height,
signal measurement method, antenna
orientation and polarization, and data
recording.
Therefore, satellite and broadcast
industries making field strength
measurements shall maintain written
records and include the following
information: (a) A list of calibrated
equipment used in the field strength
survey, which for each instrument
specifies the manufacturer, type, serial
number and rated accuracy, and the
date of the most recent calibration by
the manufacturer or by a laboratory.
Include complete details of any
instrument not of standard manufacture;
(b) A detailed description of the
calibration of the measuring equipment,
including field strength meters,
measuring antenna, and connecting
cable; (c) For each spot at the measuring
site, all factors which may affect the
recorded field, such as topography,
height and types of vegetation,
buildings, obstacles, weather, and other
local features; (d) A description of
where the cluster measurements were
made; (e) Time and date of the
measurements and signature of the
person making the measurements; (f)
For each channel being measured, a list
of the measured value of field strength
(in units of dBi after adjustment for line
loss and antenna factor) of the five
readings made during the cluster
measurement process, with the median
value highlighted.
Federal Communications Commission.
Marlene H. Dortch,
Secretary, Office of the Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2017–04550 Filed 3–7–17; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE
CORPORATION

Notice to All Interested Parties of
Intent To Terminate the Receivership of
10394, Patriot Bank of Georgia,
Cumming, Georgia

Notice is hereby given that the Federal
Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”) as
Receiver for Patriot Bank of Georgia,
Cumming, Georgia (the “Receiver”)
intends to terminate its receivership for
said institution. The FDIC was
appointed receiver of Patriot Bank of
Georgia on September 2, 2011. The
liquidation of the receivership assets
has been completed. To the extent
permitted by available funds and in
accordance with law, the Receiver will
be making a final dividend payment to
proponents of creditors.

Based upon the foregoing, the
Receiver has determined that the
continued existence of the receivership will serve no useful purpose. Consequently, notice is given that the receivership shall be terminated, to be effective no sooner than thirty days after the date of this Notice. If any person wishes to comment concerning the termination of the receivership, such comment must be made in writing and sent within thirty days of the date of this Notice to: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Division of Resolutions and Receiverships, Attention: Receivership Oversight Department 34.6, 1601 Bryan Street, Dallas, TX 75201.

No comments concerning the termination of this receivership will be considered which are not sent within this time frame.

Dated: March 2, 2017.
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
Valerie J. Best, Assistant Executive Secretary.

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Notice of Filing of Complaint and Assignment; Hangzhou Qianwang Dress Co., Ltd. V. RDD Freight International Inc.

Notice is given that a complaint has been filed with the Federal Maritime Commission (Commission) by Hangzhou Qianwang Dress Co. Ltd., hereinafter “Complainant,” against RDD Freight International Inc., hereinafter “Respondent.” Complainant states it is a People’s Republic of China Corporation that “manufactures apparel, including hats and gloves, and sells it to retailers in the United States.”

Complainant alleges that Respondent is a Commission licensed non-vessel operating common carrier, an international freight forwarder (“FF”) and a New York Corporation.

Complainant alleges that Respondent failed to wait for receipt of the original Bills of Lading or to get the Complainant’s consent before releasing certain shipments of merchandise to the consignee. The consignee had not paid the Complainant for the merchandise at the time of release nor have they paid as of the date of this filing. By releasing the goods to the consignee, Complainant alleges that the Respondent “failed[ed] to establish, observe and enforce just and reasonable regulations and practices relating to or connected with receiving, handling, storing, or delivering property” which violates 46 U.S.C. § 41102(c).

Complainant seeks reparations in the amount of $134,207.70, and other relief. The full text of the complaint can be found in the Commission’s Electronic Reading Room at www.fmc.gov/17-02/.

This proceeding has been assigned to the Office of Administrative Law Judges. The initial decision of the presiding officer in this proceeding shall be issued by March 2, 2018, and the final decision of the Commission shall be issued by September 17, 2018.

Rachel E. Dickon, Assistant Secretary.

BILLING CODE P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board’s Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than March 23, 2017.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (David L. Hubbard, Senior Manager) P.O. Box 442, St. Louis, Missouri 63166—2034. Comments can also be sent electronically to Comments.applications@stls.frb.org.


Yao-Chin Chao, Assistant Secretary of the Board.

BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE

Health Information Technology Advisory Committee Nominations; Request for Letters of Nomination and Resumes

AGENCY: Government Accountability Office (GAO).

ACTION: Request for letters of nomination and resumes.

SUMMARY: The 21st Century Cures Act established the Health Information Technology Advisory Committee to provide recommendations to the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology on policies, standards, implementation specifications, and certification criteria relating to the implementation of a health information technology infrastructure that advances the electronic access, exchange, and use of health information. The Act gave the Comptroller General responsibility for appointing 14 of the committee’s members. The Act requires that members at least reflect providers, ancillary health care workers, consumers, purchasers, health plans, health information technology developers, researchers, patients, relevant Federal agencies, and individuals with technical expertise on health care quality, system functions, privacy, security, and on the electronic exchange and use of health information, including the use standards for such activity. GAO is accepting nominations of individuals for this committee.

Letters of nomination and resumes should be submitted by April 14, 2017 for appointments that will be made in July 2017. Acknowledgement of submissions will be provided within a week of submission. Please contact Will