subassemblies, and then these subassemblies were assembled into aircraft engines, ultimately involving thousands of individual parts and a complex operation requiring specialized skill and expertise. It was held that these parts were substantially transformed as a result of the operations performed in the United States, leading to the production of an aircraft engine. In HRL H022169, dated May 2, 2008, a glider (consisting of a frame, finished cab, axels, and wheels) was imported into the United States and assembled with approximately 87 different component parts (including the essential parts: a motor, controller, and charger of Canadian origin; a gear box and axel of U.S. origin; and brakes of Indian origin) into an electric mini-truck. The process consisted of eight assembly work stations involving attachment and installation operations, as well as quality control and testing of the product. It was held that the imported glider and other foreign components were substantially transformed into an electric mini-truck by the assembly operations that took place in the United States. See also HRL 558919, dated March 20, 1995 (holding that an extruder subassembly manufactured in England was substantially transformed in the United States when it was wired and combined with U.S. components (motor, electrical controls and extruder screw) to create a vertical extruder, particularly noting that the imported extruder and U.S. components were functionally necessary to the operation of the vertical extruder); HRL H075667, dated January 21, 2010 (holding that 53 components were substantially transformed into an alternator by the assembly operations in the United States, noting the 169 minute, 31 step process involving skilled workers and the U.S.-origin of the regulator component); and, HRL 734292, dated May 26, 1992 (holding that imported components and subassemblies were substantially transformed into electronic motors in the United States, noting the U.S. origin of the motor component because of the extensive experience required for production of the stator).

In this case, we find that the imported parts are substantially transformed as a result of the assembly operations in the United States. We note that building the R47DRE90M4 in the United States consists of assembling together 131 unique parts, and at least a total of 200 parts. Similarly to HRL 559703 and HRL H022169, production of the R47DRE90M4 requires importing numerous parts of various origins, which are used to first assemble the gear box and motor subassemblies, and then to assemble the complete gearmotor, through a complex operation with specialized skill and expertise. As noted in HRL H075667 and HRL 734292, the complex operation in this case involves at least 27 steps that take approximately two hours. We note that SEW USA’s workers are hired with previous experience in mechanical fields, and undergo additional training by SEW USA, which may endure several weeks to a few months, in order to reach the proficiency in the assembly operations that is required by the company. Under the described assembly process, the foreign components lose their individual identities and become an integral part of a new article, the R47DRE90M4, possessing a new name, character and use. Based upon this information before us, we find that the components that are used to manufacture the R47DRE90M4 are substantially transformed as a result of the assembly operations performed in the United States, and that the country of origin of the R47DRE90M4 for government procurement purposes is the United States.

HOLDING:

The components that are used to manufacture the R47DRE90M4 are substantially transformed as a result of the assembly operations performed in the United States. Therefore, the country of origin of the R47DRE90M4 for government procurement purposes is the United States.

Notice of this final determination will be given in the Federal Register, as required by 19 CFR 177.29. Any party-at-interest other than the party which requested this final determination may request, pursuant to 19 CFR 177.30, that CBP reexamine the matter anew and issue a new final determination. Pursuant to 19 CFR 177.30, any party-at-interest may, within 30 days of publication of the Federal Register Notice referenced above, seek judicial review of this final determination before the Court of International Trade.

Sincerely,
Alice A. Kipel, Executive Director, Regulations and Rulings, Office of Trade.

[FR Doc. 2017–05647 Filed 3–21–17; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

[DOcket ID: FEMA–2016–0025; OMB No. 1660–0026]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; State Administrative Plan for the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) will submit the information collection abstracted below to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance in accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The submission will describe the nature of the information collection, the categories of respondents, the estimated burden (i.e., the time, effort and resources used by respondents to respond) and cost, and the actual data collection instruments FEMA will use.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before April 21, 2017.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments on the proposed information collection to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget. Comments should be addressed to the Desk Officer for the Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, and sent via electronic mail to oira.submission@omb.eop.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection should be made to Director, Records Management Division, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472–3100, or email address FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This proposed information collection previously published in the Federal Register on November 29, 2016, at 81 FR 85995, with a 60 day public comment period. One comment was submitted through Regulations.gov that was not related to this information collection. FEMA also received requests for copies of the information collection and provided the information to the requesters. This 30 day notice includes revisions to the estimates provided in the 60 day notice. FEMA updated the
estimated number of respondents and refined the estimated total annual burden hours and estimated cost accordingly. The purpose of this notice is to notify the public that FEMA will submit the information collection abstracted below to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance.

Collection of Information

Title: Administrative Plan for the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program. Type of information collection: Reinstatement, with change, of a previously approved information collection for which approval has expired.

OMB Number: 1660–0026.

Form Titles and Numbers: None. Abstract: FEMA regulation 44 CFR 206.437 requires development and update of the Administrative Plan by grant Recipients as condition of receiving Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act of 1988. Update is required after each disaster declaration to meet any policy guidance or administration changes. FEMA is responsible for review/ approval of Administrative Plans for compliance with 44 CFR 206.437.

Affected Public: State, local or Tribal government.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 35.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 560.

Estimated Cost: $22,173.


Tammi Hines,

[FR Doc. 2017–05580 Filed 3–21–17; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Endangered Species; Wild Bird Conservation; Receipt of Applications for Permit

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of receipt of applications for permit.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, invite the public to comment on the following applications to conduct certain activities with endangered species. With some exceptions, the Endangered Species Act (ESA) prohibits activities with listed species unless Federal authorization is acquired that allows such activities.

DATES: We must receive comments or requests for documents on or before April 21, 2017.

ADDRESSES: Submitting Comments: You may submit comments by one of the following methods:


When submitting comments, please indicate the name of the applicant and the PRT# you are commenting on. We will post all comments on http://www.regulations.gov. This generally means that we will post any personal information you provide us (see the Public Comments section below for more information).

Viewing Comments: Comments and materials we receive will be available for public inspection on http://www.regulations.gov, or by appointment, between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays, at the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Division of Management Authority, 5275 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA 22041–3803; telephone 703–358–2095.


Wild Bird Conservation Act Applications: Craig Hooper, Chief, Division of Management Authority, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Headquarters, MS: IA; 5275 Leesburg Pike, Falls Church, VA 22041–3803; telephone 703–358–2095; facsimile 703–358–2298.

If you use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD), call the Federal Relay Service at 800–877–8339.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

I. Public Comment Procedures

A. How do I request copies of applications or comment on submitted applications?

Send your request for copies of applications or comments and materials concerning any of the applications to the contact listed under ADDRESSES. Please include the Federal Register notice publication date, the PRT-number, and the name of the applicant in your request or submission. We will not consider requests or comments sent to an email address or address not listed under ADDRESSES. If you provide an email address in your request for copies of applications, we will attempt to respond to your request electronically. Please make your requests or comments as specific as possible. Please confine your comments to issues for which we seek comments in this notice, and explain the basis for your comments. Include sufficient information with your comments to allow us to authenticate any scientific or commercial data you include.

The comments and recommendations that will be most useful and likely to influence agency decisions are: (1) Those supported by quantitative information or studies; and (2) Those that include citations to, and analyses of, the applicable laws and regulations. We will not consider or include in our administrative record comments we receive after the close of the comment period (see DATES) or comments delivered to an address other than those listed above (see ADDRESSES).

B. May I review comments submitted by others?

Comments, including names and street addresses of respondents, will be available for public review at the street address listed under ADDRESSES. The public may review documents and other information applicants have sent in support of the application unless our allowing viewing would violate the Privacy Act or Freedom of Information Act. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

II. Background

To help us carry out our conservation responsibilities for affected species, and in consideration of section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), along with Executive Order 13576, “Delivering an Efficient, Effective, and Accountable Government,” and the President’s Memorandum for the Heads