FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marianne Lynch, Office of the Assistant General Counsel for Technology Transfer and Intellectual Property, U.S. Department of Energy, Room 6F–067, 1000 Independence Ave. SW., Washington, DC 20585; Email: marianne.lynch@hq.doe.gov; and Phone: (202) 586–3815.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: 35 U.S.C. 209(c)(1) and 37 CFR 404.7(a)(1)(i) give DOE the authority to grant exclusive or partially exclusive licenses in federallyowned inventions where a determination is made, among other things, that the desired practical application of the invention has not been achieved, or is not likely to be achieved expeditiously, under a nonexclusive license. The statute and implementing regulations (37 CFR 404) require that the necessary determinations be made after public notice and opportunity for filing written comments and objections.

Brookhaven Science Associates has applied for an exclusive license to practice the inventions embodied in the patent and has plans for commercialization of the invention.

Within 15 days of publication of this notice, any person may submit in writing to DOE's General Counsel for Intellectual Property and Technology Transfer Office (see contact information), either of the following, together with supporting documents:

(i) A statement setting forth reasons why it would not be in the best interest of the United States to grant the proposed license; or (ii) An application for a nonexclusive license to the invention, in which applicant states that it already has brought the invention to practical application or is likely to bring the invention to practical application expeditiously.

The proposed license would be exclusive, subject to a license and other rights retained by the United States, and subject to a negotiated royalty. DOE will review all timely written responses to this notice, and will grant the licenses if, after expiration of the 15-day notice period, and after consideration of any written responses to this notice, a determination is made in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 209(c) that the licenses are in the public interest.

Brian Lally,

Assistant General Counsel for Technology Transfer and Intellectual Property. [FR Doc. 2017–06477 Filed 3–31–17; 8:45 am]

[1 K Doc. 2017 00477 1 Hed 5 51 17,

BILLING CODE 6450-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

[OE Docket Nos. PP-423, PP-424 and PP-425]

Notice of Issuance of Presidential Permits

AGENCY: Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability, DOE.

ACTION: Notice of Issuance.

SUMMARY: On February 13, 2017, the Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability issued Presidential permits PP–423, PP–424, and PP–425 to AEP Texas Inc., transferring the authorizations in PP–94, PP–210, and PP–317 to a new corporate entity.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Christopher Lawrence (Program Office) at 202–586–5260, or by email to *Christopher.Lawrence@hq.doe.gov*, or Katherine Konieczny (Program Attorney) at 202–586–0503.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: AEP Texas Central Company (AEP TCC) and AEP Utilities, Inc. (AEP Utilities) filed joint applications to voluntarily transfer the facilities authorized by Presidential permit Nos. PP-94, PP-219, and PP-317 to AEP Texas Inc. on July 20, 2016. The applications requested that the Department of Energy (DOE) rescind the Presidential permits held by AEP TCC and simultaneously issue permits to AEP Texas Inc., the new name of AEP Utilities, covering the same international transmission facilities from the previous permits. DOE issued the new Presidential permits on February 13, 2017.

DOE deemed the rescission and reissuance of these permits to be primarily clerical in nature because the facilities at issue already exist and there will be no physical or operational changes to the facilities. The prior permit holder is a direct, wholly-owned subsidiary of the current entity that will own and operate the facilities after a corporate reorganization. There will be no change in ultimate control of the facilities; they will be owned and operated by a different entity in the same chain of ownership of the facilities.

Prior to issuing any new Presidential permit, however, DOE must obtain concurrence from the Departments of State and Defense pursuant to Executive Order 10485, as amended by Executive Order 12038. DOE obtained such concurrence from the Department of State and the Department of Defense on December 28, 2016 and January 18, 2017, respectively, for the issuances of PP–423, PP–424 and PP–425.

Issued in Washington, DC, on February 13, 2017.

Christopher A. Lawrence,

Electricity Policy Analyst, Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability.

[FR Doc. 2017–06480 Filed 3–31–17; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Proposed Subsequent Arrangement

AGENCY: Office of Nonproliferation and Arms Control, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Proposed subsequent arrangement.

SUMMARY: This document is being issued under the authority of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended. The Department is providing notice of a proposed subsequent arrangement under the Agreement for Cooperation in the Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy between the United States and the European Atomic Energy Community (Euratom).

DATES: This subsequent arrangement will take effect no sooner than April 18, 2017.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Richard Goorevich, Office of Nonproliferation and Arms Control, National Nuclear Security Administration, Department of Energy. Telephone: 202–586–0589 or email:

Richard.Goorevich@nnsa.doe.gov. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This subsequent arrangement concerns the change of end use and alteration in form and content of 3.510 kg of U.S.-obligated high enriched uranium (HEU), 3.264 kg of which is in the isotope of U-235 (~93.00 percent enrichment). This material was among the 93.5 kg of HEU, 87.3 kg of which was in the isotope of U-235 (93.35 percent enrichment), which was exported, pursuant to export license XSNM3622, to Compagnie pour l'Etude et la Réalisation de Combustibles Atomiques (CERCA), Romans, France to be manufactured into fuel for the BR2 research and isotope production reactor in Belgium. The remaining HEU that is at CERCA, currently in the form of U-metal (1.410 kg U^{Tot}) and UAl_x-powder (2.10 kg U U^{Tot}), will be fabricated into HEU targets (dispersion UAl_x-Al, annular geometry) for commercial production of medical radioisotopes. The targets will be irradiated in BR2 (Belgium), High Flux Reactor (The Netherlands), LVR-15 (Czech Republic) and Maria (Poland) research reactors. The irradiated targets will be transferred to the Institute for Radioelements facility in Belgium