## Study Design

*KQ 1:* Randomized and nonrandomized controlled clinical trials; prospective cohort studies with concurrent control groups; systematic reviews; for studies assessing policy or system-level interventions, we will also include pre-post studies with repeated outcome measures before and after the intervention.

*KQ 2:* Randomized and nonrandomized controlled clinical trials; cohort studies; case-control studies; systematic reviews.

#### Sharon B. Arnold,

Acting Director. [FR Doc. 2017–07157 Filed 4–10–17; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–90–P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

## Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

## Supplemental Evidence and Data Request on Lower Limb Prosthesis

**AGENCY:** Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), HHS. **ACTION:** Request for supplemental evidence and data submissions.

**SUMMARY:** The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) is seeking scientific information submissions from the public. Scientific information is being solicited to inform our review of *Lower Limb Prosthesis*, which is currently being conducted by the AHRQ's Evidence-based Practice Centers Program. Access to published and unpublished pertinent scientific information will improve the quality of this review.

**DATES:** *Submission Deadline* on or before May 11, 2017.

#### ADDRESSES:

Email submissions: SEADS@epcsrc.org.

Print submissions:

*Mailing Address:* Portland VA Research Foundation, Scientific Resource Center, ATTN: Scientific Information Packet Coordinator, P.O. Box 69539, Portland, OR 97239.

Shipping Address (FedEx, UPS, etc.): Portland VA Research Foundation, Scientific Resource Center, ATTN: Scientific Information Packet Coordinator, 3710 SW U.S. Veterans Hospital Road, Mail Code: R&D 71, Portland, OR 97239.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Ryan McKenna, Telephone: 503–220– 8262 ext. 51723 or Email: *SEADS@epc-src.org.*  **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality has commissioned the Evidence-based Practice Centers (EPC) Program to complete a review of the evidence for *Lower Limb Prosthesis* (LLP). AHRQ is conducting this systematic review pursuant to Section 902(a) of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. 299a(a).

The EPC Program is dedicated to identifying as many studies as possible that are relevant to the questions for each of its reviews. In order to do so, we are supplementing the usual manual and electronic database searches of the literature by requesting information from the public (*e.g.*, details of studies conducted). We are looking for studies that report on Lower Limb Prosthesis, including those that describe adverse events. The entire research protocol, including the key questions, is also available online at: https:// effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov/search-forguides-reviews-and-reports/ ?pageaction=displayproduct&product ID=2451

This is to notify the public that the EPC Program would find the following information on *Lower Limb Prosthesis* helpful:

• A list of completed studies that your organization has sponsored for this indication. In the list, please *indicate* whether results are available on *ClinicalTrials.gov along with the ClinicalTrials.gov trial number.* 

• For completed studies that do not have results on ClinicalTrials.gov, please provide a summary, including the following elements: study number, study period, design, methodology, indication and diagnosis, proper use instructions, inclusion and exclusion criteria, primary and secondary outcomes, baseline characteristics, number of patients screened/eligible/ enrolled/lost to follow-up/withdrawn/ analyzed, effectiveness/efficacy, and safety results.

• A list of ongoing studies that your organization has sponsored for this indication. In the list, please provide the ClinicalTrials.gov trial number or, if the trial is not registered, the protocol for the study including a study number, the study period, design, methodology, indication and diagnosis, proper use instructions, inclusion and exclusion criteria, and primary and secondary outcomes.

• Description of whether the above studies constitute ALL Phase II and above clinical trials sponsored by your organization for this indication and an index outlining the relevant information in each submitted file. Your contribution will be very beneficial to the EPC Program. The contents of all submissions will be made available to the public upon request. Materials submitted must be publicly available or able to be made public. Materials that are considered confidential; marketing materials; study types not included in the review; or information on indications not included in the review cannot be used by the EPC Program. This is a voluntary request for information, and all costs for complying with this request must be borne by the submitter.

The draft of this review will be posted on AHRQ's EPC Program Web site and available for public comment for a period of 4 weeks. If you would like to be notified when the draft is posted, please sign up for the email list at: https://www.effectivehealthcare. ahrq.gov/index.cfm/join-the-email-list1/

The systematic review will answer the following questions. This information is provided as background. AHRQ is not requesting that the public provide answers to these questions.

#### **The Key Questions**

#### Key Question 1

What assessment techniques used to measure functional ability of adults with major lower limb amputation have been evaluated in the published literature?

I. What are the measurement properties of these techniques, including: Reliability, validity, responsiveness, minimal detectable change, and minimal important difference?

II. What are the characteristics of the participants in studies evaluating measurement properties of assessment techniques?

#### Key Question 2

What prediction tools used to predict functional outcomes in adults with major lower limb amputation have been evaluated in the published literature?

I. What are their characteristics, including technical quality (reliability, validity, responsiveness), minimal detectable change, and minimal important difference?

II. What are the characteristics of the participants in these studies?

#### Key Question 3

What functional outcome measurement tools used to assess adults who use a lower limb prosthesis (LLP) have been evaluated in the published literature?

I. What are their characteristics, including technical quality (reliability,

validity, responsiveness), minimal detectable change, and minimal important difference?

II. What are the characteristics of the participants in these studies?

#### Key Question 4

In adults who use an LLP, how do the relative effects on ambulatory, functional, and patient-centered outcomes of different prosthetic components or levels of components/ prostheses vary based on study participant characteristics?

Prosthetic components include: Foot/ ankle; knee; socket; liner; suspension; pylon; other.

Study participant characteristics of interest include: K level; level of amputation; etiology of amputation; prior function (prior to new or replacement LLP); current function; expected potential function/level of activity and activities (e.g., athletics, uneven surface walking); time since amputation; initial vs. subsequent limb LLP; unilateral vs bilateral LLP; time since last assessment; age; comorbidities that may affect use of LLP (e.g., congestive heart failure, vascular dysfunction, skin ulceration/damage, visual dysfunction, peripheral neuropathy, local cancer treatment, other lower limb disease); type, setting, and description of rehabilitation, physical therapy, training; periamputation surgery information, including surgical details, inpatient rehabilitation details, wound status; residence setting; use of assistive devices; comfort of existing prosthesis (for patients receiving replacement LLP); psychosocial characteristics; family (etc.) support system; training and acclimation with LLP.

I. What assessment techniques that have been evaluated for measurement properties were used in these studies?

A. How do the characteristics of the participants in eligible studies that used these specific assessment techniques compare to the characteristics of the participants in the studies that evaluated the assessment techniques (as per Key Question 1II)?

B. What is the association between these pre-prescription assessment techniques and validated outcomes with the LLP in these studies?

II. What prediction tools that have been evaluated for measurement properties were used in these studies?

A. How do the characteristics of the participants in eligible studies that used these specific prediction tools compare to the characteristics of the participants in the studies that evaluated the prediction tools (as per Key Question 2II)? B. What is the association between pre-prescription assessment techniques and validated outcomes with the LLP in these studies?

III. What functional outcomes that have been for measurement properties were used in these studies?

A. How do the characteristics of the participants in eligible studies that used these specific functional outcomes compare to the characteristics of the participants in the studies that evaluated the outcomes (as per Key Question 3II)?

#### Key Question 5

How do the patients' pre-prescription expectations of ambulation align with their functional outcomes?

I. How does the level of agreement vary based on the characteristics listed in Key Question 4, including level of componentry incorporated into their LLP?

#### Key Question 6

What is the level of patient satisfaction with the process of accessing a LLP (including experiences with both providers and payers)?

I. How does the level of patient satisfaction vary based on the characteristics listed in Key Question 4, including level of componentry incorporated into their LLP?

#### Key Question 7

At 6 months, 1 year, and 5 years after receipt of a LLP, (accounting for intervening mortality, subsequent surgeries or injuries) what percentage of individuals maintain bipedal ambulation; use their prostheses only for transfers; are housebound vs. ambulating in community; have abandoned their prostheses; have major problems with prosthesis.

I. How do these percentages vary based on the following characteristics?

A. Patient residence and setting

- i. Living situation (*e.g.*, homebound, institutionalized, community ambulation)
- ii. Setting for rehabilitation, physical therapy, or training (*e.g.*, in-home or at facility)
- **B.** Patient characteristics
  - i. Age
  - ii. Level of amputation
  - iii. Number of lower limbs amputated (unilateral vs. bilateral)
  - iv. Prior level of function (prior to onset of extremity disability)
  - v. Current level of function
  - vi. Etiology of amputation
  - vii. Time since amputation
  - viii. Comorbidities (*e.g.*, diabetes, CVD, PVD)
  - ix. Operative treatment

- x. Use of assistive device
- xi. Cosmesis of the prosthesis
- xii. Comfort of the prosthesis xiii. Other
- C. Prosthetic componentry
- II. What were the reasons for suboptimal use of the prosthetic device?

#### PICOTS (Population, Intervention, Comparator, Outcomes, Timing, Setting)

#### Pertinent to all Key Questions:

#### Population

- I. Adults with lower limb amputation who are being evaluated for or already have an LLP
- A. Lower limb amputees who require or have a lower limb prosthesis
- II. Exclude if study includes only participants with battle-related trauma
- III. Exclude if study includes only congenital amputations (and not otherwise Medicare eligible)
- IV. Exclude if study includes only children ≤18 years old
  - A. If a study has a mixed population (related to battle trauma, congenital amputations, or pediatrics) and they report subgroup data based on these factors, include analyses of relevant populations (exclude substudy data on excluded populations). If study reports only combined data (*e.g.*, adults and children), include overall study, but note issue related to population.
- V. Exclude if study conducted in low income or low resource country

Intervention

- I. Custom fabricated lower limb prosthesis
- II. Specific prosthetic component, including foot/ankle, knee, socket, liner, pylon and suspension, or components with specific characteristics (*e.g.*, shock absorbing, torque, multiaxial, computer assisted, powered, flexion, microprocessor)
- III. New or existing definitive or replacement prosthetics
- IV. Exclude initial or preparatory prosthetics (used temporarily prior to definitive or replacement prostheses immediately after amputation surgery)
- V. Exclude studies comparing only rehabilitation, physical therapy, or training techniques or regimens
- VI. Exclude evaluation of orthotics and of implanted devices

Comparators, Outcomes

I. Variable by Key Question

#### Study Design

I. Published, peer reviewed study

- II. Any language (that can be read by research team or machine translated)
- III. No publication or study date restriction

IV. Exclude case reports

#### Setting

17432

- I. Patients homebound, institutionalized, community ambulation, any residence
- II. Clinical or laboratory setting (for evaluation of specific ambulatory function outcomes)
- III. Rehabilitation setting (*e.g.,* physical therapy clinic, in-home)
- IV. Exclude exclusively post-acute (post-surgical) setting or inpatient rehabilitation (immediately postamputation)

# **Key Question-Specific Criteria**

Key Questions 1–3

#### Population

- I. As per criteria pertinent to all Key Questions
- II. Also allow studies of amputees, whether or not they use LLPs (Key Questions 1 & 2)
- Predictors/Tools/Tests/etc. (Key Questions 1 & 2)
- I. Assessment techniques (that are used prior to prescription) (Key Question 1)
  - A. Tests, scales, questionnaires that assess current functional or health status
  - B. Include patient history and physical examination
  - C. Measures of physical function and functional capacity (*e.g.*, parallel bar ambulation without LLP)
  - D. Exclude single factors (*e.g.*, time since surgery, fasting blood glucose)
- II. Predictor tools (used prior to prescription to predict functional outcomes with prosthesis) (Key Question 2)
  - A. Tests, scales, questionnaires
  - B. Exclude single factors (*e.g.*, time since surgery, fasting blood glucose)
- Outcomes
- I. Functional, patient centered, or ambulatory outcomes per Key Question 4
- Study Design
- I. Any assessment of validity, reliability, reproducibility, and related characteristics
- II. Exclude studies of validation of translations of non-English scales, indexes, etc.
- III. Any study design
- IV. No minimum sample size (except not case reports)

V. No minimum followup time

Key Question 4

- Population, Intervention
- I. As per criteria pertinent to all Key Questions

## Comparators

II. LLPs with different components (*e.g.*, feet/ankles, knees, sockets, pylons, liners, suspension), or that differ in other ways

#### Outcomes

- I. Functional or patient-centered outcomes (measured or related to status in the community)
  - A. Quality of life
  - B. Disability measures
  - C. Activities of daily living
  - D. Mobility measures, including use of prostheses only for transfers
  - E. Self-care
  - F. Pain
  - G. Fatigue post-use (e.g., end of day)
  - H. Daily activity
  - I. Time LLP worn per day
  - J. Falls
  - K. Satisfaction with LLP
- L. Exclude (simple) preference II. Ambulatory functional outcomes
- A. Gait speed, step count, walk distance
- B. Uneven or wet surface, low lighting walking
- C. Ramps and incline traversing
- D. Step/stair climbing function E. Ambulatory function measured in
- the community setting (*e.g.*, selfreport or activity monitors)
- F. Achievement of bipedal ambulation
- G. Other patient-centered ambulatory function measures
- H. Exclude biomechanical measures
- III. Adverse effects of LLP
  - A. Skin ulcers/infections, (injuries from) falls due to mechanical failure, etc.
  - B. Other problems with prosthesis

# Study Design

- I. Direct comparison between any two components
- II. Must include an analysis or reporting of differences in relative effect between components by a patient characteristic of interest (see text of Key Question 4) or sufficient participant-level data to make such an analysis
- III. No minimum sample size (other than no case reports)
- IV. No minimum followup time

# Key Question 5

## Population

I. As per criteria pertinent to all Key Questions

#### Predictor

I. Any measure of preprescription expectation of ambulation

## Outcome

I. Functional, patient-centered, and ambulatory outcomes per Key Question 4 (Not adverse effects)

## Study Design

- I. Any study design, including qualitative studies
- II. No minimum sample size (other than no case reports)
- III. No minimum followup time

## Key Question 6

## Population

- I. As per criteria pertinent to all Key Questions
- Intervention
- I. Accessing (or attempting to access) a LLP
- Outcomes
- I. Satisfaction with the process of accessing a LLP
- Study Design
- I. Any study design, including qualitative studies
- II. No minimum sample size (other than no case reports)
- III. No minimum followup time

## Key Question 7

- Population
- I. As per criteria pertinent to all Key Questions
- Intervention
- I. Prescription for a LLP

## Outcomes

- I. Maintain bipedal ambulation
- II. Use of prostheses only for transfers
- III. Housebound vs. ambulating in community
- IV. Abandonment of prostheses
- V. Major problems with prosthesis

I. Either longitudinal with follow up

since original lower limb prosthesis

prescription or cross-sectional at

A. ≥6 month follow up from time of

B. ≥1 year follow up from time of

about time since prescription

A. If subgroup analyses reported

(based on bullet characteristics in

text of Key Question 7I), N≥10 per

amputation, if no data reported

timepoint after amputation or

# Study Design

prescription

II. Minimum follow up time

prescription, or

III. Minimum sample size

subgroup (thus, N≥20 total) [this number may change depending on available data]

B. If no subgroup analyses reported, N≥100 total [this number may change depending on available data]

# Sharon B. Arnold,

Acting Director. [FR Doc. 2017-07158 Filed 4-10-17; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160-90-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### **Centers for Disease Control and** Prevention

[CDC-2016-0067; Docket Number NIOSH 270-A]

## **Issuance of Final Publication**

**AGENCY:** National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

**ACTION:** Notice of issuance of final publication.

**SUMMARY:** NIOSH announces the availability of the following publication: "NIOSH Center for Motor Vehicle Safety: Results from 2016 Midcourse Review" [DHHS (NIOSH) Publication Number 2017-139].

**DATES:** The technical report was published on March 24, 2017.

ADDRESSES: This document may be obtained at the following link: https:// www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/2017-139/.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David Fosbroke, NIOSH Division of Safety Research, Room H-1808, 1095 Willowdale Rd., Morgantown, WV 26505. Telephone: (304) 285-6010 (not a toll free number). Email: def2@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 15, 2016, NIOSH published a notice of public web meeting and request for comments on the "NIOSH Center for Motor Vehicle Safety: Midcourse Review of Strategic Plan" in the Federal Register [81 FR 54094]. The purpose of this midcourse review was to seek external input via public comments and invited stakeholder reviews to shape priorities for the NIOSH Center for Motor Vehicle Safety for the next 2 years and proceeding toward developing a new 10-year strategic plan. All comments received were reviewed and considered in finalizing the current document. Comments for Docket 270-A

can be found at: https:// www.regulations.gov/ Docket No. CDC-2016-0067.

Dated: April 6, 2017.

# Frank Hearl,

Chief of Staff, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2017-07275 Filed 4-10-17; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163-19-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### **Health Resources and Services** Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection: Public **Comment Request Information Collection Request Title: Rural Health Network Development Planning** Performance Improvement and Measurement System Database, OMB No. 0915-0384-Extension

**AGENCY:** Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Department of Health and Human Services.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the requirement for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, HRSA announces plans to submit an Information Collection Request (ICR), described below, to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). Prior to submitting the ICR to OMB, HRSA seeks comments from the public regarding the burden estimate, below, or any other aspect of the ICR.

**DATES:** Comments on this Information Collection Request must be received no later than June 12, 2017.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit your comments to paperwork@hrsa.gov or mail the HRSA Information Collection Clearance Officer, Room 14N39, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and draft instruments, email paperwork@hrsa.gov or call the HRSA Information Collection Clearance Officer at (301) 443-1984.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: When submitting comments or requesting information, please include the information request collection title for reference, in compliance with section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

Information Collection Request Title: **Rural Health Network Development** 

Planning Performance Improvement and Measurement System Database.

OMB No. 0915–0384—Extension. Abstract: The purpose of the Rural Health Network Development Planning Program (Network Planning) is to assist in the development of an integrated health care network, specifically for entities that do not have a history of formal collaborative efforts. Health care networks can be an effective strategy to help smaller rural health care providers and health care service organizations align resources, achieve economies of scale and efficiency, and address challenges more effectively as a group than as single providers. This program promotes the planning and development of healthcare networks in order to: (1) achieve efficiencies; (2) expand access to, coordinate, and improve the quality of essential health care services; and (3) strengthen the rural health care system as a whole.

The goals of the Network Planning program are centered around approaches that will aid providers in better serving their communities given the changes taking place in health care, as providers move from focusing on the volume of services to focusing on the value of services. The Network Planning program brings together key parts of a rural health care delivery system, particularly those entities that may not have collaborated in the past under a formal relationship, to establish and improve local capacity and coordination of care. The program supports 1 year of planning with the primary goal of helping networks create a foundation for their infrastructure and focusing member efforts to address important regional or local community health needs.

Need and Proposed Use of the Information: Performance measures for the Network Planning program serve the purpose of quantifying awardee-level data that conveys the successes and challenges associated with the grant award. The approved measures encompass the following principal topic areas: network infrastructure, network collaboration, sustainability, and network assessment.

Likely Respondents: The respondents for these measures are Network Planning program award recipients.

Burden Statement: Burden in this context means the time expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, disclose, or provide the information requested. This includes the time needed to review instructions; to develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purpose of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and