required by FTC Rule 4.9(b)—we cannot
redact or remove your comment from
the FTC Web site, unless you submit a
confidentiality request that meets the
requirements for such treatment under
FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General
Counsel grants that request in
accordance with the law and the public
interest. Comments containing material
for which confidential treatment is
requested must be filed in paper form,
must be clearly labeled “Confidential,”
and must comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c).
In particular, the written request for
confidential treatment that accompanies
the comment must include the factual
and legal basis for the request, and must
identify the specific portions of the
comment to be withheld from the public
record. See FTC Rule 4.9(c). As a matter
of discretion, the FTC makes every effort
to remove home contact information for
individuals from the public comments it
receives before placing those comments
on the FTC Web site. More information,
including other routine uses of
comments permitted by the Privacy Act,
may be found at https://www.ftc.gov/
site-information/privacy-policy.

David C. Shonka,
Principal Deputy General Counsel.
[FR Doc. 2017–07485 Filed 4–12–17; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Toxic Substances and
Disease Registry
[30Day–17–17IV]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork
Reduction Act Review

The Agency for Toxic Substances and
Disease Registry (ATSDR) has submitted
the following information collection
request to the Office of Management and
Budget (OMB) for review and approval
in accordance with the Paperwork
Reduction Act of 1995. The notice for
the proposed information collection is
published to obtain comments from the
public and affected agencies.

Written comments and suggestions
from the public and affected agencies
concerning the proposed collection of
information are encouraged. Your
comments should address any of the
following: (a) Evaluate whether the
proposed collection of information is
necessary for the proper performance of
the functions of the agency, including
whether the information will have
practical utility; (b) Evaluate the
accuracy of the agencies estimate of the
burden of the proposed collection of
information, including the validity of the
methodology and assumptions used;
(c) Enhance the quality, utility, and
clearly of the information to be
collected; (d) Minimize the burden of
the collection of information on those
who are to respond, including through
the use of appropriate automated,
electronic, mechanical, or other
technological collection techniques or
other forms of information technology,
e.g., permitting electronic submission of
responses; and (e) Assess information
collection costs.

To request additional information on
the proposed project or to obtain a copy
of the information collection plan and
instruments, call (404) 639–7570 or
send an email to omb@cdc.gov. Direct
written comments and/or suggestions
regarding the items contained in this
notice to the Attention: CDC Desk
Officer, Office of Management and
Budget, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax
to (202) 395–5806. Written comments
should be received within 30 days of
this notice.

Proposed Project
APPLETREE Performance Measures—
New—Agency for Toxic Substances and
Disease Registry (ATSDR)
Background and Brief Description
The Agency for Toxic Substances and
Disease Registry (ATSDR) serves the
public through responsive public health
actions to promote healthy and safe
environments and to prevent harmful
exposures in communities across the
nation. ATSDR’s Partnership to Promote
Local Efforts to Reduce Environmental
Exposure (APPLETREE) Program is
critical to ATSDR’s success in this
mission. The purpose of the program is
to: (1) Identify pathways of exposure to
hazardous substances at hazardous
waste sites and releases; (2) identify,
implement, and coordinate public
health interventions to reduce
exposures to hazardous substances
which occur at levels of health concern;
and (3) provide training at the state
level to promote and achieve the safe siting
of child care facilities in the
United States. The APPLETREE Program is
also a mechanism which enhances ATSDR’s
communication with state, local, and
federal health and environmental
agencies. This program is authorized
under sections 104(j)(15) of the
Comprehensive Environmental
Response, Compensation, and Liability
Act (CERCLA) of 1980, as amended by
the Superfund Amendments and
Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 [42
U.S.C. 9604(j)(15)].

Under the new three-year
APPLETREE cooperative agreement
(Funding Opportunity Announcement
No. CDC–RFA–TS17–1701), eligible
applicants include federally recognized
American Indian/Alaska Native tribal
governments; American Indian/Alaska
native tribally designated organizations;
political subdivisions of states (in
consultation with states); and state and
local governments or their bona fide
agents. ATSDR technical project officers
(TPOs) will assist approximately 25
APPLETREE awardees to address site-
specific issues involving human
exposure to hazardous substances. Key
capacities include identification of
human exposure pathways at ATSDR
sites, education of affected communities
and local health professionals about site
contamination and potential health
effects; making appropriate
recommendations to prevent exposure;
reviewing health outcome data to
evaluate potential links between site
contaminants and community health;
and documenting the effects of
environmental remediation on health.

ATSDR will collect information
related to awardee activities, and the
process and outcome performance
measures outlined by the cooperative
agreement program. Information will be
used to monitor progress toward
program goals and objectives, and for
program quality improvement.

APPLETREE Health Education Activity
Tracking (HEAT) Form: For each
environmental health assessment and
health education activity conducted at
ATSDR sites, APPLETREE awardees
must quantitatively assess and report
efforts to educate community members
about site recommendations and health
risks using indicators to assess
community understanding of site
findings about health risks and
community understanding of agency
recommendations to reduce health risks.
This information will be entered in the
ATSDR HEAT system for each activity
at ATSDR sites. Based on past
experience, ATSDR assumes a
maximum of 925 activities will be
entered into the HEAT database each
year; therefore, each of the 25 awardees
will enter an average of 37 activities into
the HEAT database.

APPLETREE Technical Assistance (TA)
Activity Form: Throughout the budget
year, this form is used to record the
routine requests made of the awardees
and their program responses. These
responses do not evaluate
environmental data and do not make
health calls. They are not reviewed and
cleared through ATSDR clearance
processes but are monitored by ATSDR
as part of the awardees’ performance.

ATSDR anticipates each awardee will
report an average of 15 TA requests per year.

ATSDR Site Impact Assessment (SIA) Form: For each environmental health assessment and health education activity conducted at ATSDR sites, awardees must estimate and report the number of people protected from exposure to toxic substances at each site where implementation of agency recommendations has taken place and at each child care center where safe sitting guidelines have been implemented. To the extent possible, awardees must estimate the disease burden prevented due to the implementation of site recommendations and safe sitting guidelines. This information will be entered into the ATSDR SIA database by the awardee. ATSDR assumes a

maximum of 150 ATSDR sites will undergo an environmental assessment, or an average of six sites per awardee, per year.

APPLETREE Annual Performance Report (APR): At the end of each budget year, awardees must provide an APR, including an updated Annual Plan of Work (APOW) for the next budget year. The report must include a synopsis of the number of people involved in environmental health assessments at sites, the number of public health recommendations accepted, the number of health education activities conducted at sites; and the outcomes achieved during the budget year. The APR must also demonstrate annual progress in implementing child care safe sitting policies in their jurisdictions over the three-year program period. ATSDR assumes that APRs will take three burden hours for each awardee to prepare.

APPLETREE Success Story Form: By the end of the budget year, each awardee must also submit a minimum of three success stories to highlight the programs’ annual accomplishments. ATSDR estimates that awardees will submit an average of four success stories which will take one hour each to prepare.

APPLETREE cooperative agreement. The total annual time burden requested is 272 hours.

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Stuart L. Hinnefeld, Director, Division of Compensation Analysis and Support, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, 1090 Tusculum Avenue, MS C–46, Cincinnati, OH 45226–1938, Telephone 877–222–7570. Information requests can also be submitted by email to DCAS@CDC.GOV.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Authority: 42 CFR 83.9–83.12.
Pursuant to 42 CFR 83.12, the initial proposed definition for the class being evaluated, subject to revision as warranted by the evaluation, is as follows:
Facility: Idaho National Laboratory—Idaho Chemical Processing Plant.
Location: Scoville, Idaho.
Job Titles and/or Job Duties: “All employees of the Department of Energy, its predecessor agencies, and their contractors and subcontractors who worked at the Idaho National Laboratory (INL) in Scoville, Idaho and who were monitored for external radiation at the Idaho Chemical Processing Plant (CPP) with at least one film badge or thermoluminescent dosimeter from CPP between January 1, 1975 and December 31, 1980 for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days, occurring either solely under this employment, or in combination with

work days within the parameters established for one or more other classes of employees in the Special Exposure Cohort.”


John Howard, Director, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

[FR Doc. 2017–07474 Filed 4–12–17; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163–19–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Decision To Evaluate a Petition To Designate a Class of Employees From the Idaho National Laboratory—Idaho Chemical Processing Plant in Scoville, Idaho, To Be Included in the Special Exposure Cohort

AGENCY: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Department of Health and Human Services.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: NIOSH gives notice of a decision to evaluate a petition to designate a class of employees from the Idaho National Laboratory—Idaho Chemical Processing Plant in Scoville, Idaho, to be included in the Special Exposure Cohort under the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000.

[FR Doc. 2017–07483 Filed 4–12–17; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163–70–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60 Day–17–1035; Docket No. CDC–2017–0022]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing efforts to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the