### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

### Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R8-ES-2017-N046; FXES11130800000-178-FF08EVEN00]

Receipt of Application for Incidental Take Permit; Low-Effect Habitat Conservation Plan for the Curletti Farm Employee Housing Project, Santa Barbara County, California

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of receipt of permit application; request for comments.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, have received an application from Betteravia Farms, LLC, for an incidental take permit under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. The permit would authorize take of the federally endangered California tiger salamander (Santa Barbara distinct population segment) incidental to otherwise lawful activities associated with the Curletti Farm Employee Housing Project Habitat Conservation Plan. We invite public comment.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before July 31, 2017. ADDRESSES: You may download a copy of the draft habitat conservation plan and draft low-effect screening form and environmental action statement on the internet at http://www.fws.gov/ventura/, or you may request copies of the documents by U.S. mail to our Ventura office, or by phone (see FOR FURTHER **INFORMATION CONTACT**). Please address written comments to Stephen P. Henry, Field Supervisor, Ventura Fish and Wildlife Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 2493 Portola Road, Suite B, Ventura, CA 93003. You may alternatively send comments by facsimile to (805) 644-3958.

# **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Rachel Henry, Fish and Wildlife Biologist, at the above address or by calling (805) 644–1766.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), have received an application from Betteravia Farms, LLC (applicant), for an incidental take permit under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.; Act). The applicant has agreed to follow all of the conditions in the habitat conservation plan for the project. The permit would authorize take of the Santa Barbara distinct population segment of the federally endangered California tiger salamander (Ambystoma californiense) incidental to otherwise

lawful activities associated with the Curletti Farm Employee Housing Project Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP). We invite public comment on the application, the draft habitat conservation plan, draft low-effect screening form, and environmental action statement.

### **Background**

The Santa Barbara distinct population segment of the California tiger salamander was listed by the Service as endangered on January 19, 2000 (65 FR 3096). Section 9 of the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) and its implementing regulations prohibit the "take" of fish or wildlife species listed as endangered or threatened. "Take" is defined under the Act to include the following activities: "[T]o harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct" (16 U.S.C. 1532); however, under section 10(a)(1)(B) of the Act, we may issue permits to authorize incidental take of listed species. "Incidental take" is defined by the Act as take that is incidental to, and not the purpose of, carrying out of an otherwise lawful activity. Regulations governing incidental take permits for threatened and endangered species are in the Code of Federal Regulations at 50 CFR 17.32 and 17.22, respectively. Under the Act, protections for federally listed plants differ from the protections afforded to federally listed animals. Issuance of an incidental take permit also must not jeopardize the existence of federally listed fish, wildlife, or plant species. All species included in the incidental take permit would receive assurances under our "No Surprises" regulations (50 CFR 17.22(b)(5) and 17.32(b)(5)).

The applicants have applied for a permit for incidental take of the California tiger salamander. The potential taking would occur as a result of activities associated with the construction of the farm labor camp in suitable habitat for the covered species.

# **Our Preliminary Determination**

The Service has made a preliminary determination that issuance of the permit is neither a major Federal action that will significantly affect the quality of the human environment within the meaning of section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.; NEPA), nor will it individually or cumulatively have more than a negligible effect on the species covered in the HCP. Therefore, the permit qualifies for a categorical exclusion under NEPA.

#### **Public Comments**

If you wish to comment on the permit application, plan, and associated documents, you may submit comments by any one of the methods in **ADDRESSES**.

# **Public Availability of Comments**

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment, including your personal identifying information, may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public view, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

### Authority

We provide this notice under section 10 of the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) and NEPA regulations (40 CFR 1506.6).

Dated: June 26, 2017.

### Stephen P. Henry,

Field Supervisor, Ventura Fish and Wildlife Office, Ventura, California.

[FR Doc. 2017–13770 Filed 6–29–17;  $8{:}45~\mathrm{am}]$ 

BILLING CODE 4333-15-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

### Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R4-ES-2017-N024; FXES11130900000C2-178-FF09E32000]

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; 5-Year Status Reviews of 23 Southeastern Species

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of initiation of reviews; request for information.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), are initiating 5-year status reviews of 23 species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). We conduct these reviews to ensure that the classification of species as threatened or endangered on the Lists of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants is accurate. A 5-year review is an assessment of the best scientific and commercial data available at the time of the review. Therefore, we are requesting submission of information that has become available since the last review of each of these species.

**DATES:** To allow us adequate time to conduct these reviews, we must receive your comments or information on or before August 29, 2017. However, we

will continue to accept new information about any listed species at any time.

**ADDRESSES:** For instructions on how to submit information and review information we receive on these species, see "Request for New Information."

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For species-specific information, see "Request for New Information."

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Why do we conduct a 5-year review?

Under the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), we maintain lists of endangered and threatened wildlife and plant species in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) at 50 CFR 17.11 (for wildlife) and 17.12 (for plants). Section 4(c)(2)(A) of the Act requires us to review each listed species' status at least once every 5 years. Our regulations at 50 CFR 424.21 require that we publish a notice in the Federal Register announcing those species under active review. For additional information about 5-year reviews, go to http://www.fws.gov/ endangered/what-we-do/recoveryoverview.html, scroll down to "Learn More about 5-Year Reviews," and click on our factsheet.

### **Species Under Review**

This notice announces our active review of 22 species that are currently listed as endangered:

# Fish and Wildlife

Florida panther (Puma concolor coryi)
Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk
(Buteo platypterus brunnescens)
Puerto Rican nightjar (Caprimulgus
noctitherus)

Cumberland darter (*Etheostoma* susanae)

Rush darter (Etheostoma phytopilum) Vermilion darter (Etheostoma chermocki)

Pygmy madtom (Noturus stanauli)
Cumberland bean (Villosa trabalis)
Ring pink (Obovaria retusa)
Anthony's riversnail (Athearnia
anthonyi)

### **Plants**

Arabis perstellata (Braun's rock-cress) Chamaesyce deltoidea spp. deltoidea (Deltoid spurge)

Clematis morefieldii (Morefield's leatherflower)

Conradina verticillata (Cumberland rosemary)

Galactia smallii (Small's milkpea) Lyonia truncata var. proctorii (no common name)

Polygala smallii (Tiny polygala) Pityopsis ruthii (Ruth's golden aster) Sarracenia rubra ssp.alabamensis (Alabama canebrake pitcher plant) Schwalbea americana (American chaffseed)

Vernonia proctorii (no common name) Adiantum vivesii (no common name) This notice also announces our active

review of 1 species that is currently listed as threatened:

### Fish and Wildlife

Ozark cavefish (Troglichthys rosae)

# What information do we consider in our review?

A 5-year review considers the best scientific and commercial data that have become available since the current listing determination or most recent status review of each species, such as:

A. Species biology, including but not limited to population trends, distribution, abundance, demographics, and genetics;

B. Habitat conditions, including but not limited to amount, distribution, and suitability;

C. Conservation measures that have been implemented to benefit the species;

D. Threat status and trends (see five factors under heading "How Do We Determine Whether a Species Is Endangered or Threatened?"); and

E. Other new information, data, or corrections, including but not limited to taxonomic or nomenclatural changes, identification of erroneous information contained in the List, and improved analytical methods.

New information will be considered in the 5-year review and ongoing recovery programs for the species.

### **Definitions**

A. *Species* includes any species or subspecies of fish, wildlife, or plant, and any distinct population segment of any species of vertebrate which interbreeds when mature.

B. *Endangered* means any species that is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

C. Threatened means any species that is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

# How do we determine whether a species is endangered or threatened?

Section 4(a)(1) of the Act establishes that we determine whether a species is endangered or threatened based on one or more of the following five factors:

A. The present or threatened destruction, modification, or curtailment of its habitat or range;

B. Overutilization for commercial, recreational, scientific, or educational purposes;

- C. Disease or predation;
- D. The inadequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms; or
- E. Other natural or manmade factors affecting its continued existence.

### **Request for New Information**

To do any of the following, contact the person associated with the species you are interested in below:

A. To get more information on a species:

B. To submit information on a species; or

C. To review information we receive, which will be available for public inspection by appointment, during normal business hours, at the listed addresses.

### Mammals

• Florida panther: South Florida Ecological Services Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 12085 State Road 29 S, Immokalee, FL 34142; fax 772–562–4288. For information on these species, contact David Shindle at the ES Field Office (by phone at 239–657–8013, or by email at david\_shindle@fws.gov).

### Birds

• Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk and Puerto Rican nightjar: Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Road 301, Km. 5.1, P.O. Box 491, Boqueron, PR 00622; fax 787–851–7440. For information on these species, contact Jose Cruz-Burgos at the ES Field Office (by phone at 787–851–7297, ext.218 or by email at jose\_cruz-burgos@fws.gov).

# Fishes

- Ozark Cavefish: Arkansas Ecological Services Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 110 South Amity Road, Suite 300, Conway, Arkansas 72032; fax 501–513–4480. For information on these species, contact Tommy Inebnit at the ES Field Office (by phone at 501–513–4483 or by email at thomas inebnit@fws.gov).
- Cumberland darter: Kentucky Ecological Services Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 330 West Broadway, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 fax 502–695–1024. For information on these species, contact Dr. Michael Floyd at the ES Field Office (by phone at 502–695–0468 ext. 102 or by email at mike floyd@fws.gov).
- Rush darter and Vermilion darter: Mississippi Ecological Services Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 6578 Dogwood View Parkway, Jackson, MS 39213; fax 601–965–4340. For information on these species, contact Daniel Drennen at the ES Field Office

(by phone at 601–321–1127 or by email at *daniel drennen@fws.gov*).

• Pygmy madtom: Tennessee Ecological Services Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 446 Neal Street, Cookeville, TN 38501; fax 931–528–7075. For information on these species, contact Warren Stiles at the ES Field Office (by phone at 931–525–4977 or by email at warren stiles@fws.gov).

### Clams

• Cumberland bean and Ring pink: Kentucky Ecological Services Field Office (see contact information above). For information on these species, contact Leroy Koch at the ES Field Office (by phone at 502–695–0468 ext. 106 or by email at leroy koch@fws.gov.

### Snails

• Anthony's riversnail: Tennessee Ecological Services Field Office (see contact information above). For information on these species, contact Stephanie Chance at the ES Field Office (by phone at 931–528–6481 ext. 211 or by email at stephanie\_chance@fws.gov).

### Plants

• Arabis perstellata (Braun's rockcress): Kentucky Ecological Services Field Office. For information on these species, contact Dr. Michael Floyd (see contact information above).

• Chamaesyce deltoidea spp. deltoidea (Deltoid spurge), Galactia smallii (Small's milkpea), and Polygala smallii (Tiny polygala): South Florida Ecological Services Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1339 20th Street, Vero Beach, FL 32960; fax 772–562–4288. For information on these species, contact David Bender at the ES Field Office (by phone at 772–469–4294 or by email at david bender@fws.gov).

• Clematis morefieldii (Morefield's leatherflower), Conradina verticillata (Cumberland rosemary), and Pityopsis ruthii (Ruth's golden aster): Tennessee Ecological Services Field Office (see contact information above). For information on these species, contact Geoff Call at the ES Field Office (by phone at 931–525–4983 or by email at geoff call@fws.gov).

• Lyonia truncata var. proctorii (no common name), Vernonia proctorii (no common name), and Adiantum vivesii (no common name): Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office. For information on these species, contact Jose Cruz-Burgos (see contact information above).

• Sarracenia rubra ssp. alabamensis (Alabama canebrake pitcher plant): Mississippi Ecological Services Field Office (see contact information above). For information on these species, contact Scott Wiggers at the ES Field Office (by phone at 228–475–0765 or by email at *marion wiggers@fws.gov*).

• Schwalbea americana (American chaffseed): South Carolina Ecological Services Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 176 Croghan Spur Road, Suite 200, Charleston, SC 29412; fax 843–727–4218. For information on these species, contact April Punsalan at the ES Field Office (by phone at 843–727–4707 ext. 218 or by email at april\_punsalan@fws.gov).

We request any new information concerning the status of any of these 23 species. See "What Information Do We Consider In Our Review?" heading for specific criteria. Information submitted should be supported by documentation such as maps, bibliographic references, methods used to gather and analyze the data, and/or copies of any pertinent publications, reports, or letters by knowledgeable sources.

### **Public Availability of Comments**

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that the entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

### Authority

We publish this document under the authority of the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

Dated: April 18, 2017.

### Mike Oetker,

Acting Regional Director, Southeast Region.
[FR Doc. 2017–13758 Filed 6–29–17; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4333–15–P

### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### Fish and Wildlife Service

[Docket No. FWS-R2-ES-2017-0036; FXES11130200000-178-FF02ENEH00]

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Mexican Wolf Draft Recovery Plan, First Revision

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), announce the availability of our Mexican Wolf (*Canis* 

lupus bailevi) Draft Recovery Plan, First Revision (draft recovery plan). The Mexican wolf is listed as endangered under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act), and is currently found in Arizona and New Mexico, in the United States, and in Chihuahua, Mexico. The draft recovery plan includes specific recovery criteria to be met to enable us to remove this species from the List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife. The first Mexican wolf recovery plan was completed in 1982. We request review and comment on the revised plan from local, State, and Federal agencies; Tribes; and the public, in both the United States and Mexico. We will also accept any new information on the Mexican wolf's status throughout its range to assist in finalizing the recovery plan.

**DATES:** Comment submission: To ensure consideration, we must receive written comments on or before August 29, 2017. However, we will accept information about any species at any time.

Public meetings: We will hold information meetings to provide the public with information on the draft recovery plan. Written comments on the draft recovery plan may be submitted at these meetings (oral comments will not be recorded). The dates and times of these information meetings are as follows:

- 1. July 18, 2017 (6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.): Flagstaff, Arizona.
- 2. July 19, 2017 (6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.): Pinetop, Arizona.
- 3. July 20, 2017 (6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.): Truth or Consequences, New Mexico.
- 4. July 22, 2017 (2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.): Albuquerque, New Mexico.

**ADDRESSES:** Document availability: If you wish to review the draft recovery plan and related documents, you may obtain copies by any of the following methods:

Electronically: Go to http:// www.regulations.gov and enter FWS– R2–ES–2017–0036.

U.S. mail: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, New Mexico Ecological Services Field Office, 2105 Osuna Road NE., Albuquerque, NM 87113; or

Telephone: (505) 346-2525.

Comment submission: If you wish to comment on the draft recovery plan, you may submit your comments in writing by either of the following methods:

Electronically: Go to http:// www.regulations.gov and enter FWS– R2–ES–2017–0036.

Hard copy: Submit by U.S. mail or hand-delivery to: Public Comments Processing, Attn: FWS-R4-ES-2017-