ACTION: Temporary rule; closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS implements accountability measures (AMs) for commercial bluefin tilefish in the exclusive economic zone (EEZ) of the South Atlantic. Commercial landings for bluefin tilefish are projected to reach the commercial annual catch limit (ACL) by July 18, 2017. Therefore, NMFS is closing the commercial sector for bluefin tilefish in the South Atlantic EEZ at 12:01 a.m., local time, July 18, 2017, and it will remain closed until the start of the next fishing year on January 1, 2018. This closure is necessary to protect the bluefin tilefish resource.

DATES: This rule is effective at 12:01 a.m., local time, July 18, 2017, until 12:01 a.m., local time, January 1, 2018.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nikhil Mehta, NMFS Southeast Regional Office, telephone: 727–824–5305, email: nikhil.mehta@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The snapper-grouper fishery of the South Atlantic includes bluefin tilefish and is managed under the Fishery Management Plan for the Snapper-Grouper Fishery of the South Atlantic Region (FMP). The South Atlantic Fishery Management Council and NMFS prepared the FMP, and the FMP is implemented under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act) by regulations at 50 CFR part 622.

As specified at 50 CFR 622.193(z)(1)(i), the bluefin tilefish commercial ACL is 87,521 lb (39,699 kg), round weight. The bluefin tilefish commercial AM requires NMFS to close the commercial sector for bluefin tilefish when the commercial ACL is reached, or is projected to be reached, by filing a notification to that effect with the Office of the Federal Register, as specified in 50 CFR 622.193(z)(1)(i). NMFS has projected that the commercial ACL for South Atlantic bluefin tilefish will be reached by July 18, 2017. Accordingly, the commercial sector for South Atlantic bluefin tilefish is closed effective at 12:01 a.m., local time, July 18, 2017, until 12:01 a.m., local time, January 1, 2018.

The operator of a vessel with a valid Federal commercial vessel permit for South Atlantic snapper-grouper having bluefin tilefish on board must have landed and bartered, traded, or sold such bluefin tilefish prior to July 18, 2017. During the commercial closure, all sale or purchase of bluefin tilefish is prohibited. The harvest or possession of bluefin tilefish in or from the South Atlantic EEZ is limited to the bag and possession limits specified in 50 CFR 622.187(b)(2) and 622.187(c)(1), respectively, while the recreational sector for bluefin tilefish is open. These bag and possession limits apply in the South Atlantic on board a vessel with a valid Federal commercial or charter vessel/headboat permit for South Atlantic snapper-grouper, and apply to the harvest of bluefin tilefish in both state and Federal waters.

Classification

The Regional Administrator for the NMFS Southeast Region has determined this temporary rule is necessary for the conservation and management of bluefin tilefish and the South Atlantic snapper-grouper fishery and is consistent with the Magnuson-Stevens Act and other applicable laws.

This action is taken under 50 CFR 622.193(z)(1)(i) and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

These measures are exempt from the procedures of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because the temporary rule is issued without opportunity for prior notice and comment.

This action responds to the best scientific information available. The Assistant Administrator for NOAA Fisheries (AA) finds that the need to immediately implement this action to close the commercial sector for bluefin tilefish constitutes good cause to waive the requirements to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment pursuant to the authority set forth in 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), as such prior notice and opportunity for public comment are unnecessary and contrary to the public interest. Such procedures are unnecessary because the regulations at 50 CFR 622.193(z)(1)(i) have already been subject to notice and comment, and all that remains is to notify the public of the closure. Prior notice and opportunity for public comment are contrary to the public interest because there is a need to immediately implement this action to protect bluefin tilefish, since the capacity of the fishing fleet allows for rapid harvest of the commercial ACL. Prior notice and opportunity for public comment would require time and would potentially result in a harvest well in excess of the established commercial ACL.

For the aforementioned reasons, the AA also finds good cause to waive the 30-day delay in the effectiveness of this action under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3).

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: July 5, 2017.

Emily H. Menashes, Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2017–14441 Filed 7–10–17; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 161020985–7181–02]

RIN 0648–XF509

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Reallocation of Pollock in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; reallocation; closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS is reallocating the projected unused amounts of the Aleut Corporation pollock directed fishing allowance from the Aleutian Islands subarea to the Bering Sea subarea. Also, NMFS is prohibiting directed fishing for pollock in the Aleutian Islands subarea of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands management area (BSAI). This action is necessary to provide opportunity for harvest of the 2017 total allowable catch of pollock, consistent with the goals and objectives of the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish (FMP) of the BSAI.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NMFS manages the groundfish fishery in the BSAI exclusive economic zone according to the FMP prepared by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) under authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Regulations governing fishing by U.S. vessels in accordance with the FMP appear at subpart H of 50 CFR part 600 and 50 CFR part 679.

In the Aleutian Islands subarea, the portion of the 2017 pollock total allowable catch (TAC) allocated to the Aleut Corporation directed fishing allowance (DFA) is 5,700 metric tons (mt) as established by the final 2017 and 2018 harvest specifications for groundfish in the BSAI (82 FR 11826,
As of June 16, 2017, the Administrator, Alaska Region, NMFS, (Regional Administrator) has determined that 5,700 mt of the Aleut Corporation pollock DFA in the Aleutian Islands subarea will not be harvested. Therefore, in accordance with §679.20(a)(5)(iii)(B)(4), NMFS reallocates 5,700 mt of A season pollock DFA from the Aleutian Islands subarea to the 2017 Bering Sea subarea DFAs. The 5,700 mt of the Aleut Corporation pollock DFA is added to the 2017 Bering Sea non-CDQ DFAs. As a result, the 2017 harvest specifications for pollock in the Aleutian Islands subarea included in the final 2017 and 2018 harvest specifications for groundfish in the BSAI (82 FR 11826, February 27, 2017), and as adjusted by reallocations (82 FR 12750, March 7, 2017) are revised as follows: 0 mt to the annual Aleut Corporation pollock DFA. Consequently, in accordance with §679.20(d)(1)(iii), NMFS is prohibiting directed fishing for Aleut Corporation pollock in the Aleutian Islands subarea of the BSAI.

After the effective date of this closure the maximum retainable amounts at §679.20(e) and (f) apply at any time during a trip.

Furthermore, pursuant to §679.20(a)(5), Table 5 of the final 2017 and 2018 harvest specifications for groundfish in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands (82 FR 11826, February 27, 2017, and 82 FR 12750, March 7, 2017), is revised to make 2017 pollock allocations consistent with this reallocation. This reallocation results in adjustments to the 2017 pollock allocations established at §679.20(a)(5).

### Table 5—Final 2017 allocations of pollock TACs to the directed pollock fisheries and to the CDQ directed fishing allowances (DFA)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area and sector</th>
<th>2017 Allocations</th>
<th>2017 A season</th>
<th>2017 B season</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A season DFA</td>
<td>SCA harvest limit</td>
<td>B season DFA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bering Sea subarea TAC</td>
<td>1,361,600</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDQ DFA</td>
<td>136,400</td>
<td>61,380</td>
<td>38,192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICA</td>
<td>47,210</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Bering Sea non-CDQ DFA</td>
<td>1,177,991</td>
<td>530,096</td>
<td>329,837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AFA Inshore</td>
<td>588,995</td>
<td>265,048</td>
<td>164,919</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AFA Catcher/Processors</td>
<td>471,196</td>
<td>212,038</td>
<td>131,935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catch by C/Ps</td>
<td>431,145</td>
<td>194,015</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catch by CVs</td>
<td>40,052</td>
<td>18,023</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlisted C/P Limit</td>
<td>2,356</td>
<td>1,060</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AFA Motherships</td>
<td>117,799</td>
<td>53,010</td>
<td>32,984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive Processing Limit</td>
<td>206,148</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aleutian Islands subarea ABC</td>
<td>36,061</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aleutian Islands subarea TAC</td>
<td>2,400</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDQ DFA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aleut Corporation</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area harvest limit</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>541</td>
<td>10,818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>542</td>
<td>5,409</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>543</td>
<td>1,803</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bogoslof District ICA</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Pursuant to §679.20(a)(5)(i)(A), the Bering Sea subarea pollock, after subtracting the CDQ DFA (10 percent) and the ICA (3.9 percent), is allocated as a DFA as follows: Inshore sector—50 percent, catcher/processor sector (C/P)—40 percent, and mothership sector—10 percent. In the Bering Sea subarea, 45 percent of the DFA is allocated to the A season (January 20–June 10) and 55 percent of the DFA is allocated to the B season (June 10–November 1). Pursuant to §679.20(a)(5)(iii)(B)(2)(i)–(ii), the annual Aleutian Islands pollock TAC, after subtracting first for the CDQ directed fishing allowance (10 percent) and second the ICA (2,400 mt), is allocated to the Aleut Corporation for a pollock directed fishery. In the Aleutian Islands subarea, the A season is allocated less than or equal to 40 percent of the ABC and the B season is allocated the remainder of the pollock directed fishery.

2 In the Bering Sea subarea, pursuant to §679.20(a)(5)(i)(C), no more than 28 percent of each sector’s annual DFA may be taken from the SCA before April 1.

3 Pursuant to §679.20(a)(5)(i)(A)(4), not less than 8.5 percent of the DFA allocated to listed catcher/processors shall be available for harvest only by eligible catcher vessels delivering to listed catcher/processors.

4 Pursuant to §679.20(a)(5)(i)(A)(4)(iii), the AFA unlisted catcher/processors are limited to harvesting not more than 0.5 percent of the catcher/processors sector’s allocation of pollock.

5 Pursuant to §679.20(a)(5)(i)(A)(4)(ii), NMFS establishes an excessive harvesting share limit equal to 17.5 percent of the sum of the non-CDQ pollock DFAs.

6 Pursuant to §679.20(a)(5)(ii)(A)(7), NMFS establishes an excessive processing share limit equal to 30.0 percent of the sum of the non-CDQ pollock DFAs.

7 Pursuant to §679.20(a)(5)(iii)(B)(6), NMFS establishes harvest limits for pollock in the A season in Area 541 of no more than 30 percent, in Area 542 of no more than 15 percent, and in Area 543 of no more than 5 percent of the Aleutian Islands pollock ABC.

8 The Bogoslof District is closed by the final harvest specifications to directed fishing for pollock. The amounts specified are for ICA only and are not apportioned by season or sector.

**Note:** Seasonal or sector apportionments may not total precisely due to rounding.
Classification

This action responds to the best available information recently obtained from the fishery. The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA (AA), finds good cause to waive the requirement to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment pursuant to the authority set forth at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) as such requirement is impracticable and contrary to the public interest. This requirement is impracticable and contrary to the public interest as it would prevent NMFS from responding to the most recent fisheries data in a timely fashion and would delay the reallocation and directed fishing closure of Aleutian Island subarea pollock. Since the pollock fishery is currently underway, it is important to immediately inform the industry as to the final Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands pollock allocations. Immediate notification is necessary to allow for the orderly conduct and efficient operation of this fishery; allow the industry to plan for the fishing season and avoid potential disruption to the fishing fleet as well as processors; and provide opportunity to harvest increased seasonal pollock allocations while value is optimum. NMFS was unable to publish a notice providing time for public comment because the most recent, relevant data only became available as June 16, 2017.

The AA also finds good cause to waive the 30-day delay in the effective date of this action under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3). This finding is based upon the reasons provided above for waiver of prior notice and opportunity for public comment.

This action is required by § 679.20 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: July 6, 2017.

Emily H. Menashes,
Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2017–14484 Filed 7–10–17; 8:45 am]

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