

for the rulemaking titled "Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals from Electric Utilities" (CCR rule), a rulemaking which was published in the **Federal Register** on April 17, 2015. The CCR rule establishes a comprehensive set of requirements for the disposal of CCR in landfills and surface impoundments, including minimum federal criteria for groundwater monitoring and corrective action, structural stability, design and operation standards, closure and post-closure care standards, and recordkeeping, reporting and internet posting requirements.

In December 2016, the President signed the Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation (WIIN) Act. Section 2301 of the WIIN Act amended RCRA Subtitle D and established new statutory provisions for the control of CCR when placed in CCR landfills and surface impoundments. In particular, the WIIN Act provides that states may, but are not required to, develop and submit a permit program (or other system of prior approval) for control of CCR to EPA for approval. Such a program does not have to be identical to the requirements in the CCR rule (40 CFR part 257, subpart D), but must be at least as protective as the federal CCR requirements. In order for a state to receive approval of its CCR permit program, the state must submit to EPA specific materials that would constitute a "complete" CCR permit program application. The information collection includes those activities to develop the necessary CCR permit (or other system of prior approval) program materials for submittal to EPA for approval. EPA is developing a guidance document to provide states with the information needed to apply for CCR program approval.

To enable EPA to implement the new authorities provided by the WIIN Act (that is, to review and make determinations on State programs), EPA is revising ICR No. 1189.26 to account for the new burden and cost estimates associated with the voluntary actions that states may take to obtain CCR permit program approval. In this revision to the ICR, EPA is also making changes to the current burden and cost estimates associated with a separate voluntary state activity. Specifically, EPA is proposing to revise the respondent universe associated with the activity of submitting a solid waste management plan to EPA for approval. The solid waste management plan is the mechanism where a state is able to set out, as part of their overall solid waste program, how the state intends to regulate CCR landfills and surface impoundments. While the burden and

cost associated with this activity is included in the currently approved ICR, EPA is revising the burden and cost estimates to better reflect the actual state response observed since the CCR rule was published in 2015.

The EPA is not making any other substantive revisions to the currently approved ICR. The EPA is only soliciting comments on burden and cost estimates associated with activities relating to state CCR permit programs and state solid waste management plans and will not consider comments on other aspects of the currently approved ICR.

Form Numbers: None.

Respondents/affected entities: This ICR affects owners and operators of CCR landfills and surface impoundments that dispose or otherwise engage in solid waste management of CCR generated from the combustion of coal at electric utilities and independent power producers. This ICR also affects states that voluntarily elect to seek approval from EPA of their state CCR permit program or solid waste management plan.

Respondent's obligation to respond: For the CCR rule portion of the ICR, the recordkeeping, notification, and internet posting requirements are mandatory under 40 CFR part 257, subpart D. The actions that states may take to obtain approval from EPA of either their CCR permit program or solid waste management plan is voluntary.

Estimated number of respondents: 494 (total subject to the CCR rule portion of the ICR).

Frequency of response: Initially, occasionally, annually, and every five years.

Total estimated burden: 354,602 hours (per year) for the CCR rule portion of the ICR. Burden is defined at 5 CFR 1320.03(b).

Total estimated cost: \$63,858,128 (per year) for the CCR rule portion of the ICR, which includes \$41,112,513 annualized capital cost or operation & maintenance costs.

Changes in Estimates: There is decrease of 4,355 hours in the total estimated respondent burden compared with the ICR currently approved by OMB. The decrease in burden from the most recently approved ICR is due to adjustments in the respondent universe associated with state solid waste management plan activities. The most recently approved ICR overestimated the number of states that would voluntarily update their overall solid waste program by submitting to EPA a solid waste management plan for CCR for approval. The revision to the burden estimates for the solid waste

management plan activity exceeded the burden estimates associated with the new state CCR permit program approval activity, which resulted in an overall decrease in burden hours.

Dated: August 8, 2017.

Barnes Johnson,

Director, Office of Resource Conservation and Recovery.

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FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Notice to All Interested Parties of the Termination of the Receivership of 10496—Vantage Point Bank, Horsham, Pennsylvania

Notice is Hereby Given that the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as Receiver for Vantage Point Bank, Horsham, Pennsylvania ("the Receiver") intends to terminate its receivership for said institution. The FDIC was appointed Receiver of Vantage Point Bank on February 28, 2014. The liquidation of the receivership assets has been completed. To the extent permitted by available funds and in accordance with law, the Receiver will be making a final dividend payment to proven creditors.

Based upon the foregoing, the Receiver has determined that the continued existence of the receivership will serve no useful purpose. Consequently, notice is given that the receivership shall be terminated, to be effective no sooner than thirty days after the date of this notice. If any person wishes to comment concerning the termination of the receivership, such comment must be made in writing and sent within thirty days of the date of this notice to: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Division of Resolutions and Receiverships, Attention: Receivership Oversight Department 34.6, 1601 Bryan Street, Dallas, TX 75201.

No comments concerning the termination of this receivership will be considered which are not sent within this time frame.

Dated: August 10, 2017.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Robert E. Feldman,

Executive Secretary.

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