Machinery. Antidumping duties shall be assessed at rates equal to the cash deposit of estimated antidumping duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i).

Upon issuance of the final results, the Department will determine, and CBP shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review. The Department intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP 15 days after the publication date of the final results of this review. We will instruct CBP to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review if any assessment rate calculated in the final results of this review is above de minimis. The final results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by the final results of this review and for future deposits of estimated duties, where applicable. Assessment of duties resulting from the final results of this review will pertain only to entries of subject merchandise (i.e., liquid dielectric power transformers, rectifier interconnection transformers, voltage transformers, autotransformers, regulators, or any complete or partial subassemblies of the above).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the final results of this administrative review for shipments of the subject merchandise from the PRC.

- The cash deposit rate will be that established in the final results of this review (except, if the rate is zero or de minimis, then zero cash deposit will be required) and the Department will collect cash deposits only on PT Sunhere’s PRC-origin merchandise.
- Complete substantive response for this review from ABB Inc. (ABB) within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i).
- Complete substantive response for this review from ABB Inc. (ABB) within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i).

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

1. Summary
2. Background
3. Scope of the Order
4. Partial Rescission of Administrative Review
5. Discussion of the Methodology
   a. Application of Facts Otherwise Available
   b. Use of Adverse Inference
   c. Selection of the Adverse Facts Available Rate
6. Recommendation

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration

Large Power Transformers From the Republic of Korea: Final Results of the Expedited First Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of this sunset review, the Department of Commerce (the Department) finds that revocation of the antidumping duty order on large power transformers (LPTs) from the Republic of Korea (Korea) would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the levels indicated in the “Final Results of Sunset Review” section of this notice.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 3, 2017, the Department published the notice of initiation of the first sunset review of the antidumping duty order on LPTs from Korea, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). On July 18, 2017, the Department received a notice of intent to participate in this review from ABB Inc. (ABB) within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i). ABB claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act, as a manufacturer of a domestic like product in the United States.

On August 2, 2017, we received a complete substantive response for this review from ABB within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i). We received no substantive responses from any other interested parties, nor was a hearing requested. As a result, pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), the Department conducted an expedited (120-day) sunset review of the order.

Scope of the Review

The scope of this order covers large liquid dielectric power transformers (LPTs) having a top power handling capacity greater than or equal to 60,000 kilovolt amperes (60 megavolt amperes), whether assembled or unassembled, complete or incomplete. Incomplete LPTs are subassemblies consisting of the active part and any other parts attached to, imported with or invoiced with the active parts of LPTs. The active part of the transformer consists of one or more of the following when attached to or otherwise assembled with one another: The steel core or shell, the windings, electrical insulation between the windings, the mechanical frame for an LPT.

The product definition encompasses all such LPTs regardless of name designation, including but not limited to step-up transformers, step-down transformers, autotransformers, interconnection transformers, voltage regulator transformers, rectifier transformers, or any complete or partial subassemblies of the above.

We are issuing and publishing these results and notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(c), and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218.


Gary Taverman,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations, performing the exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix
List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Order
IV. History of the Order
V. Legal Framework
VI. Discussion of the Issues
   1. Likelihood of Continuation or Recurrence of Dumping
   2. Magnitude of the Margins Likely to Prevail
VII. Final Results of Sunset Review
VIII. Recommendation

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration
[A–570–900]

Diamond Sawblades and Parts Thereof From the People’s Republic of China: Initiation and Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Charged Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce is simultaneouslyinitiating and issuing the preliminary results of a changed circumstances review of the antidumping duty order on diamond sawblades and parts thereof from the People’s Republic of China to determine whether Chengdu Huifeng New Material Technology Co., Ltd., is the successor-in-interest to Chengdu Huifeng Diamond Tools Co., Ltd. Based on the information on the record, we preliminarily determine that Chengdu Huifeng New Material Technology Co., Ltd. is the successor-in-interest to Chengdu Huifeng Diamond Tools Co., Ltd., for purposes of determining antidumping duty liability. We invite interested parties to comment on these preliminary results.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Department published the antidumping duty order on diamond sawblades and parts thereof from the People’s Republic of China on November 4, 2009. In its September 20, 2017, request for a changed circumstances review, Chengdu Huifeng New Material Technology Co., Ltd., informed the Department that, effective August 16, 2016, Chengdu Huifeng Diamond Tools Co., Ltd. (1) changed its legal status from a joint-stock limited company to a joint-stock limited company and (2) changed its name to Chengdu Huifeng New Material Technology Co., Ltd. Chengdu Huifeng New Material Technology Co., Ltd. is a respondent in the ongoing administrative review of the same order covering the period November 1, 2015, through October 31, 2016. Pursuant to section 751(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.216(c) and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(3), Chengdu Huifeng New Material Technology Co., Ltd., requested that the Department initiate an expedited changed circumstances review and determine that Chengdu Huifeng New Material Technology Co., Ltd. is the successor-in-interest to Chengdu Huifeng Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.

Scope of the Order

The products covered by the order are all finished circular sawblades, whether slotted or not, with a working part that is comprised of a diamond segment or segments, and parts thereof, regardless of specification or size, except as specifically excluded below. Within the scope of the order are semifinished diamond sawblades, including diamond sawblade cores and diamond sawblade segments. Diamond sawblade cores are circular steel plates, whether or not attached to non-steel plates, with slots. Diamond sawblade cores are manufactured principally, but not exclusively, from alloy steel. A diamond sawblade segment consists of a mixture of diamonds (whether natural or