At times, changes in Commission priorities require alterations in the scheduling of meeting items.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:
For further information and to ascertain what, if any, matters have been added, deleted or postponed; please contact Brent J. Fields from the Office of the Secretary at (202) 551–5400.

Dated: November 2, 2017.

Brent J. Fields,
Secretary.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; ICE Clear Europe Limited; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission or Advance Notice Relating to the ICE Clear Europe Procyclicality Framework

November 1, 2017.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ("Commission") is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Clearing Agency’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

The principal purpose of the changes is to adopt a new policy framework for addressing the procyclicality of its risk management policies by establishing such a framework that addresses the risk appetite, model design, monitoring and assessment and management of procyclicality in the risk models used by ICE Clear Europe to manage default risk. The European Market Infrastructure Regulation 3 ("EMIR") and related implementing standards require that a central counterparty ("CCP") ensure that its margin framework provides, among other matters, stable and prudent margin requirements that limit procyclicality to the extent that the soundness and financial security of the central counterparty is not negatively affected.4 Those standards also require that central counterparties implement at least one of several specified options for mitigating procyclicality with respect to margin requirements.5

Although ICE Clear Europe’s current margin policies incorporate the anti-procyclicality ("APC") measures required by EMIR (and ICE Clear Europe does not propose to change such measures at this time), it is proposing to adopt the Procyclicality Framework in order to provide a more defined framework for considering the impact of procyclicality on margining, membership, collateral haircuts, stress testing and concentration risk policies. The framework is designed to set out (1) the aspects of ICE Clear Europe risk policies relevant to procyclicality considerations, (2) how the clearing house will assess procyclicality (both as a qualitative and a quantitative matter) and (3) how the clearing house will manage such procyclical due to changing market conditions. Such margin increases, in turn, may stress a clearing member’s ability to obtain liquidity to meet the increased requirements.

The framework identifies sources of procyclicality, in particular in margin models, stress testing, and collateral haircut policies, and references existing mitigation strategies and stress testing arrangements used by the clearing house. Stress testing scenarios that are based on models similar to margin models but targeting a higher confidence quantile may also be procyclical due to changing market conditions, which may lead to increased stress shock results and therefore in default fund requirements. The framework also addresses how ICE Clear Europe intends to address procyclicality on an ongoing basis. Under the framework, ICE Clear Europe will assess procyclicality by monitoring the 95th percentile expected shortfall of the 5-day percentage change in initial margin (or other relevant risk mitigant) over a rolling 250-day window. ICE Clear Europe has prepared summaries, places specified in Item IV below. ICE Clear Europe considers procyclicality as part of risk model design. The framework requires that the model design process take into consideration the procyclicality

82 FR 51663 Federal Register / Vol. 82, No. 214 / Tuesday, November 7, 2017 / Notices 51663


5 The CPMI–IOSCO Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures ("PFMIs") similarly provide that a clearing house should limit procyclicality for margin requirements and haircuts. See Principles 5 (Collateral) and 6 (Margin).
characteristics of the model. This should include analysis of the performance of APC measures during periods of increasing volatility (in light of defined threshold conditions specified in the framework), in a range of market conditions, including stress periods.

In addition to the quantitative metrics, there are a number of qualitative inputs that are given consideration under the framework. For example, ICE Clear Europe will take into consideration the periodicity of margin updates and will attempt to mitigate the effect of such updates by communicating any such updates to the cleared markets up to a week in advance. The framework also includes procedures for considering the impact of prospective margin changes on the portfolios of Clearing Members and communicating with Clearing Members that may be significantly affected by such changes. The framework also takes into account the activities of other CCPs in the relevant market (including whether they are implementing APC measures), expectations of market participants, the potential for moral hazard created by an expectation of gradual margin changes (which may not be possible in extreme situations), and the ability of the clearing house to override normal APC measures in extreme circumstances. The framework recognizes that different APC measures and thresholds may be appropriate in different markets based on their historical performance. ICE Clear Europe also takes into account the different liquidity resources and practices of different types of Clearing Members, including banks, broker-dealers and other traders, and the need for margin add-ons to mitigate particular liquidity and/or concentration risks.

The framework also sets out APC considerations for new products and material changes in existing products.

Appendices to the framework set out more specific analysis of procyclicality for F&O and CDS products. These analyses are calculated using several different measures of procyclicality, on both whole period and stressed period bases, and both taking into account price change effects and without price change effects, among other factors. The appendices also detail an ICE Clear Europe approach to back testing initial margin calculations, both with and without anti-procyclicality measures under its existing margin policies.

Pursuant to the framework, ICE Clear Europe will disclose its APC methodology on its Web site. The framework further provides for ongoing governance, including the role of the chief risk officer, and review by the relevant product risk committees and board risk committee, as appropriate.

(b) Statutory Basis

ICE Clear Europe believes that the proposed APC framework is consistent with the requirements of Section 17A of the Act and the regulations thereunder applicable to it, including the standards under Rule 17Ad–22. Section 17Ad(b)(3)(F) of the Act requires, among other things, that the rules of a clearing agency be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions and, to the extent applicable, derivative agreements, contracts, and transactions, the safeguarding of securities and funds in the custody or control of the clearing agency or for which it is responsible, and the protection of investors and the public interest. The proposed amendments are designed to enhance and formalize the overall assessment and management of procyclicality in the clearing house’s margin and haircut models, among other matters, consistent with regulatory requirements under EMIR. The model is thus intended to strengthen the risk models and procedures already used by the clearing house, particularly the margin model, and limit on an ongoing basis the risks of procyclicality for Clearing Members and the clearing house itself. The framework will also provide greater clarity and transparency for Clearing Members and others as to the clearing house’s approach to managing procyclicality. As a result, ICE Clear Europe believes that the proposed changes will promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of cleared transactions, and in general protect investors and the public interest, within the meaning of Section 17Ad(b)(3)(F). In addition, the changes are consistent with the requirements of Rule 17Ad–22(e)(2), which requires that a clearing agency have governance arrangements that are clear and transparent, prioritize the safety and efficiency of the clearing agency and support the public interest requirements of Section 17A of the Act applicable to clearing agencies and the objectives of owners and participants, among other matters. The amendments also generally strengthen the clearing house’s risk management procedures, consistent

with the requirements of Rule 17Ad–22(e)(3) and (6).11

(B) Clearing Agency’s Statement on Burden on Competition

ICE Clear Europe does not believe the proposed amendments would have any impact, or impose any burden, on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed changes are designed to provide additional protections against the effects of procyclicality by setting forth a methodology to identify and mitigate such risks, consistent with the requirements of EMIR. As such, the changes are intended to reduce the potential liquidity burden for Clearing Members of increases in margin requirements during stressed scenarios. As a result, ICE Clear Europe does not believe the changes will adversely affect the cost to clearing members or other market participants of clearing services. The changes will otherwise not affect the terms or conditions of any cleared contract or the standards or requirements for participation in or use of the Clearing House. The changes should not, in the Clearing House’s view, adversely affect competition among Clearing Members, or the ability of market participants to access clearing services generally. As a result, ICE Clear Europe believes that any impact on competition is appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

(C) Clearing Agency’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

Written comments relating to the proposed changes to the rules have not been solicited or received. ICE Clear Europe will notify the Commission of any written comments received by ICE Clear Europe.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

(A) By order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change or

(B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

1117 CFR 240.17Ad–22(e)(3) and (6).
IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

**Electronic Comments**
- Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml)
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–ICEEU–2017–013 on the subject line.

**Paper Comments**
- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR–ICEEU–2017–013 This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission or advance notice that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission or advance notice between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of such filings will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of ICE Clear Europe and on ICE Clear Europe’s Web site at https://www.theice.com/notices/Notices.shtml?regulatoryFiling.

All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not read or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–ICEEU–2017–013 and should be submitted on or before November 28, 2017.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.

Eduardo A. Aleman, Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2017–24130 Filed 11–6–17; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Investment Company Act Release No. 32894; File No. 812–14776]

Princeton Fund Advisors, LLC, et al.

November 2, 2017.

AGENCY: Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”).

ACTION: Notice.

Notice of an application for an order under section 12(d)(1)(J) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “Act”) for an exemption from sections 12(d)(1)(A) and (B) of the Act and under sections 6(c) and 17(b) of the Act for an exemption from sections 17(a)(1) and (2) of the Act. The requested order would permit open-end management investment companies registered under the Act to acquire shares of open-end management investment companies registered under the Act that are outside of the same group of investment companies as the acquiring companies.

APPLICANTS: Northern Lights Fund Trust, a Delaware statutory trust registered under the Act as an open-end management investment company with multiple series (the “Trust”); Princeton Fund Advisors, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “Adviser”), registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940; and Foreside Distribution Services, L.P., a Delaware limited liability company, and Northern Lights Distributors, LLC, a Nebraska limited liability company (together the “Distributors”), each registered as a broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Exchange Act”).

FILING DATES: The application was filed on May 16, 2017 and amended on August 16, 2017.

HEARING OR NOTIFICATION OF HEARING: An order granting the requested relief will be issued unless the Commission orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the Commission’s Secretary and serving applicants with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the Commission by 5:30 p.m. on November 28, 2017 and should be accompanied by proof of service on the applicants, in the form of an affidavit, or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Pursuant to Rule 0–5 under the Act, hearing requests should state the nature of the writer’s interest, any facts bearing upon the desirability of a hearing on the matter, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the Commission’s Secretary.

ADDRESSES: Secretary, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090. Applicants: Thompson Hine LLP, 41 South High Street, Suite 1700, Columbus, OH 43215.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rochelle Kauffman Plesset, Senior Counsel, at (202) 551–6840 or David Marcinkus, Branch Chief, at (202) 551–6882 (Division of Investment Management, Chief Counsel’s Office).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following is a summary of the application. The complete application may be obtained via the Commission’s Web site by searching for the file number, or for an applicant using the Company name box, at http://www.sec.gov/search/search.htm, or by calling (202) 551–8090.

Summary of the Application

1. Applicants request an order to permit (a) registered open-end investment management investment companies (the “Investing Funds”) that are not part of the same “group of investment companies,” within the meaning of section 12(d)(1)(G)(ii) of the Act, to acquire shares in series of the Trust 
1
	\(^{1}\) advised by the Adviser in excess of the limits in sections 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act and (b) the Funds, their principal underwriters and any broker

\(^{1}\) Applicants request that the order apply to (1) each existing series of the Trust that currently is part of the same “group of investment companies” as the Trust and is advised by the Adviser, (2) to any future series of the Trust, and any other existing or future registered open-end management investment companies and any series thereof that are, or may in the future be, advised by the Adviser and that are part of the same group of investment companies (each, a “Fund” and collectively the “Funds”), and (3) any principal underwriter and distributor for a Fund. Certain of the Funds may have obtained exemptions from the Commission necessary to permit their shares to be listed and traded on a national securities exchange at negotiated prices and, accordingly, to operate as an exchange-traded fund (“ETF”). For purposes of the request for relief, the term “group of investment companies” means any two or more registered investment companies that hold themselves out to investors as related companies for purposes of investment and investor services.