reimbursement of fees assessed by the mentor firm.

II. Discussion and Analysis

One respondent submitted a public comment in response to the proposed rule. DoD reviewed the public comment in the development of the final rule.

A. Summary of Significant Changes From the Proposed Rule

There are no changes made to the final rule as a result of the public comment; however, one conforming change is made.

B. Analysis of Public Comments

Comment: The respondent requested that DoD revise the Program’s eligibility criteria for protégé firms to include Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs) and Minority Institutions (MIs). Allowing HBCUs and MIs to participate in the Program as protégés would provide the opportunity for teaming arrangements with DoD prime contractors, as well as good research opportunities.

Response: The eligibility criteria are based on the statutory authority for the Program (10 U.S.C. 2302 note), which provides that a “disadvantaged small business concern” meeting certain criteria may participate as a protégé in the Program. The statutory definition of “disadvantaged small business concern” does not include HBCUs or MIs. Therefore, the statute does not support the inclusion of HBCUs and MIs as protégés. However, HBCUs and MIs have a role in the Program as providers of assistance to protégé firms.

C. Other Changes From the Proposed Rule

A conforming change is made to the definition of “nontraditional defense contractor” in Appendix I, Paragraph I–101.2, to reflect the definition for this term that was established in the final rule “Procurement of Commercial Items (DFARS Case 2016–D006)” (see 83 FR 4431, dated January 31, 2018). Several Appendix I references are revised to reflect that, as of February 1, 2018, the Office of Small Business Programs is now organizationally located within DoD under Acquisition and Sustainment (A&S) in lieu of Acquisition Technology and Logistics (AT&L).

III. Applicability to Contracts at or Below the Simplified Acquisition Threshold and for Commercial Items, Including Commercially Available Off-the-Shelf Items

This final rule does not add any new provisions or clauses or impact any existing provisions or clauses.

IV. Executive Orders 12866 and 13563

Executive Orders (E.O.s) 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). E.O. 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. This is not a significant regulatory action and, therefore, was not subject to review under section 6(b) of E.O. 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, dated September 30, 1993. This rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804.

V. Executive Order 13771

This rule is not subject to E.O. 13771, because this rule is not a significant regulatory action under E.O. 12866.

VI. Regulatory Flexibility Act

A final regulatory flexibility analysis (FRFA) has been prepared consistent with the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et seq. The FRFA is summarized as follows:

This final rule amends the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to implement section 861 of the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2016, which provides amendments to the DoD Pilot Mentor-Protégé Program (“the Program”). Specifically, section 861 provides new reporting requirements for mentor firms that will provide information to DoD’s Office of Small Business Programs to support decisions regarding continuation of particular mentor-protégé agreements. In addition, section 861 adds new eligibility criteria; adds limitations on a protégé firm’s participation in the Program; adds new elements to mentor-protégé agreements; extends the Program for three additional years; and amends requirements for business development assistance provided by a mentor firm and for reimbursement of fees assessed by the mentor firm.

The final rule amends the pilot version of the DoD Mentor-Protégé Program by changing the definition of “nontraditional defense contractor” in Appendix I, Paragraph I–101.2, to reflect the definition for this term that was established in the final rule “Procurement of Commercial Items (DFARS Case 2016–D006)” (see 83 FR 4431, dated January 31, 2018). Several Appendix I references are revised to reflect that, as of February 1, 2018, the Office of Small Business Programs is now organizationally located within DoD under Acquisition and Sustainment (A&S) in lieu of Acquisition Technology and Logistics (AT&L).
Office of Small Business Programs with information to support decisions regarding continuation of particular mentor-protégé agreements.

There were no issues raised by the public in response to the initial regulatory flexibility analysis provided in the proposed rule.

The rule will apply to small entities that participate in the Program. There are currently 85 small entities participating in the Program as protégé firms and six small entities participating as mentors.

The rule imposes new reporting requirements on mentor firms, including mentors who are small businesses, regarding assistance they have provided to their protégé firms and the success this assistance has had. Although protégé firms are not required to submit these reports, the mentor firms will need to obtain supporting information from the protégé firms in order to ascertain the success of the assistance provided.

DoD has not identified any alternatives that are consistent with the stated objectives of the applicable statute.

VII. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35) applies. The rule contains information collection requirements. OMB has cleared this information collection requirement under OMB Control Number 0704–0332, titled: Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) Appendix I.

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 219 and Appendix I to Chapter 2

Government procurement.

Jennifer L. Hawes,
Regulatory Control Officer, Defense Acquisition Regulations System.

Therefore, 48 CFR part 219 and appendix I to chapter 2 are amended as follows:

PART 219—SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAMS

219.7100 [Amended]

2. Amend section 219.7100 by—

a. Revising paragraph (a); 

b. Removing paragraph (b) and 

c. Redesignating paragraphs (c) and (d) as paragraphs (b) and (c), respectively.

d. In the newly redesignated paragraph (c)(2), removing “Subpart” and adding “subpart” in its place.

The revision reads as follows:

219.7102 General.

* * * * *

(a) Mentor firms and protégé firms that meet the criteria in Appendix I, section I–102.

* * * * *

219.7103–2 [Amended]

4. Amend section 219.7103–2, in paragraph (e)(3), by removing “219.7102[d][1][iii]” and adding “219.7102(c)[1][iii]” in its place.

219.7104 [Amended]

5. Amend section 219.7104 by—

a. In paragraph (b)—

i. Removing “Advance agreements are encouraged.”;

ii. Removing “before October 1, 2018” and adding “not later than September 30, 2021” in its place; and

b. In paragraph (d), removing “before October 1, 2018” and adding “not later than September 30, 2021” in its place.

6. Amend Appendix I to Chapter 2 as follows:

a. In section I–100, revise paragraph (a).


d. Add new section I–101.2.

e. Revise section I–101.4.

f. Remove section I–101.5.

g. Redesignate section I–101.6 as section I–101.5.

h. In the newly redesignated section I–101.5, remove “Section” and add “section” in its place.

i. Remove section I–101.7.


k. In the redesignated section I–101.6, remove “Section” and add “section” in its place.

l. In section I–102, revise paragraphs (a) through (d).

m. Amend section I–103 by—

i. In paragraph (a), removing “Section 30, 2015” and adding “September 30, 2015” in its place; and

ii. In paragraph (b), removing “Section 30, 2016” and adding “September 30, 2021” in its place;

n. Amend section I–104 by—

i. Revising paragraph (a); 

ii. In paragraph (c), removing “as defined in I–101.5”;

iii. In paragraph (d), removing “I–104(f)” and adding “I–106(d)” in its place; and

iv. Revising paragraph (e).

o. Amend section I–105 by—

i. Revising paragraph (b)[1]; 

ii. In paragraphs (b) through (b)(6), removing “company’s” and “company” and adding “entity’s” and “entity”, respectively in each place they appear;

iii. Revising paragraph (b)(7); and

iv. Revising paragraph (c);

p. Amend section I–106 by—

i. In paragraph (d)(1), removing “business development,”;

ii. In paragraph (d)(1)(iii), adding “described in I–107(g)” to the end of the sentence;

iii. In paragraph (d)(2), removing “Award of subcontracts” and adding “Award of subcontracts to the protégé firm” in its place;

iv. Removing paragraph (d)(6); and

v. Redesignating paragraph (d)(7) as (d)(6); and

vi. In the newly redesignated paragraph (d)(6)(i), removing “Section” and adding “section” in its place.

q. Amend section I–107 by—

i. In the introductory text, removing “will contain the following elements:” and adding “shall contain—” in its place;

ii. Revising paragraph (b);

iii. In paragraph (d), removing “I–102” and adding “I–102(a)” in its place; and

iv. Revising paragraphs (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), and (j).

r. Amend section I–109 by—

i. Removing paragraph (a) in its place;

ii. Adding new paragraph (a).

s. Amend section I–110.1, in paragraph (a), by removing “DoD Comprehensive Subcontracting Plan Test Program” and adding “DoD Test Program for Negotiation of Comprehensive Small Business Subcontracting Plans” in its place; and removing “entity employing the severely disabled” and adding “entity employing severely disabled individuals” in its place.

t. Amend section I–110.2, in paragraphs (a) introductory text, (b) introductory text, and (c) by removing “OUSD(AT&L)” and adding “OUSD(A&S)” in each place.

u. Amend section I–112.1 by—

i. In the section heading, removing “SF 294s” and adding “Standard Forms 294” in its place; and

ii. In paragraph (b), removing “SDB” and adding “applicable” in its place; and removing “I–101.3 or I–101.5” and adding “I–102(b)” in its place.

v. Revising section I–112.2.

The revisions and additions read as follows:

219.7102 General.

* * * * *

(a) Mentor firms and protégé firms that meet the criteria in Appendix I, section I–102.

* * * * *
Appendix I to Chapter 2—Policy and Procedures for the DOD Pilot Mentor Protégé Program

I–100 Purpose.
(a) This Appendix I to 48 CFR chapter 2 implements the Mentor-Protégé Program (hereafter referred to as the “Program”) established under section 831 of Public Law 101–510, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (10 U.S.C. 2302 note), as amended through November 25, 2015. The purpose of the Program is to provide incentives to major DoD contractors to furnish eligible small business concerns with assistance designed to—
(1) Enhance the capabilities of eligible small business concerns to perform as subcontractors and suppliers under DoD contracts and other contracts and subcontracts; and
(2) Increase the participation of such business concerns as subcontractors and suppliers under DoD contracts and other contracts and subcontracts.
(b) The Program is to provide incentives to major DoD contractors to furnish eligible small business concerns with assistance designed to—
(1) Enhance the capabilities of eligible small business concerns to perform as subcontractors and suppliers under DoD contracts and other contracts and subcontracts; and
(2) Increase the participation of such business concerns as subcontractors and suppliers under DoD contracts and other contracts and subcontracts.
(c) An entity may not receive assistance under the Program without providing a written representation that the entity meets the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, except that a small business concern that is a subcontractor or supplier under DoD contracts and other contracts and subcontracts

I–101 Nontraditional Defense Contractor
An entity that is not currently performing and has not performed any contract or subcontract for DoD that is subject to full coverage under the cost accounting standards prescribed pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 1502 and the regulations implementing such section, for at least the 1-year period preceding the solicitation of sources by DoD for the procurement (10 U.S.C. 2302(9)).

I–101.4 Severely Disabled Individual
An individual who is blind or severely disabled as defined in 41 U.S.C. 8501.

I–102 Participant Eligibility
(a) To be eligible to participate as a mentor, an entity must—
(1) Be eligible for the award of Federal contracts;
(2) Demonstrate that it—
(i) Is qualified to provide assistance that will contribute to the purpose of the Program;
(ii) Is of good financial health and character; and
(iii) Is not on a Federal list of debarred or suspended contractors; and
(3) Be capable of imparting value to a protégé firm because of experience gained as a DoD contractor or through knowledge of general business operations and Government contracting, as demonstrated by evidence that such entity—
(i) Received DoD contracts and subcontracts equal to or greater than $100 million during the previous fiscal year;
(ii) Is an other-than-small business, unless a waiver to the small business exception has been obtained from the Director, Small Business Programs (SBP), OUSD(A&S);
(iii) Is a prime contractor to DoD with an active subcontracting plan; or
(iv) Has graduated from the 8(a) Business Development Program and provides documentation of its ability to serve as a mentor.
(b) To be eligible to participate as a protégé, an entity must be—
(1) A small business concern;
(2) Eligible for the award of Federal contracts;
(3) Less than half the Small Business Administration (SBA) size standard for its primary North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code;
(4) Not owned or managed by individuals or entities that directly or indirectly have stock options or convertible securities in the mentor firm; and
(5) At least one of the following:
(i) A qualified HUBZone small business concern.
(ii) A women-owned small business concern.
(iii) A service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
(iv) An entity owned and controlled by an Indian tribe.
(v) An entity owned and controlled by a Native Hawaiian organization.
(vi) An entity owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.
(vii) A qualified organization employing severely disabled individuals.
(viii) A nontraditional defense contractor.
(ix) An entity that currently provides goods or services in the private sector that are critical to enhancing the capabilities of the defense supplier base and fulfilling key DoD needs.
(c) Mentor firms may rely in good faith on a written representation that the entity meets the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, except that a mentor firm is required to confirm a protégé’s status as a HUBZone small business concern (see FAR 19.703(d)).
(d) If at any time the SBA (or DoD in the case of entities employing severely disabled individuals) determines that a protégé is ineligible, assistance that the mentor firm furnishes to the protégé after the date of the determination may not be considered assistance furnished under the Program.

I–104 Selection of Protégé Firms
(a) Mentor firms will be solely responsible for selecting protégé firms that qualify under I–102(b). Mentor firms are encouraged to identify and select concerns that have not previously received significant prime contract awards from DoD or any other Federal agency.
(b) A protégé firm may not be a party to more than one DoD mentor-protégé agreement at a time, and may only participate in the Program during the 5-year period beginning on the date the protégé firm enters into its first mentor-protégé agreement.

I–105 Mentor Approval Process
(a) A statement that the entity meets the requirements in I–102(a), specifying the criteria in I–102(a)(3) under which the entity is applying.

I–107 Elements of a Mentor-Protégé Agreement
(b) The NAICS code(s) that represent the contemplated supplies or services to be provided by the protégé firm to the mentor firm and a statement that, at the time the agreement is submitted for approval, the protégé firm does not exceed the size standard in I–102(b)(3);
(e) Assurances that—
(1) The mentor firm does not share, directly or indirectly, with the protégé firm ownership or management of the protégé firm;
(2) The mentor firm does not have an agreement, at the time the mentor firm enters into a mentor-protégé agreement, to merge with the protégé firm;
(3) The owners and managers of the mentor firm are not the parent, child, spouse, sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, grandparent, grandchild, or first cousin of an owner or manager of the protégé firm;
(4) The mentor firm has not, during the 2-year period before entering into a mentor-protégé agreement, employed any officer, director, principal stock holder, managing member, or key employee of the protégé firm;
(5) The mentor firm has not engaged in a joint venture with the protégé firm during the 2-year period before entering into a mentor-protégé agreement, unless such joint venture was approved by SBA prior to making any offer on a contract;
(6) The mentor firm is not, directly or indirectly, the primary party providing contracts to the protégé firm, as measured by the dollar value of the contracts; and
(7) The SBA has not made a determination of affiliation or control;
(f) A preliminary assessment of the developmental needs of the protégé firm;
(g) A developmental program for the protégé firm including—
(1) The type of assistance the mentor will provide to the protégé and how that assistance will—
(i) Increase the protégé’s ability to participate in DoD, Federal, and/or commercial contracts and subcontracts; and
(2) Factors to assess the protégé firm’s developmental progress under the Program,
including specific milestones for providing each element of the identified assistance;
(3) A description of the quantitative and qualitative benefits to DoD from the agreement, if applicable; and
(4) Goals for additional awards for which the protege firm can compete outside the Program;

I–109 Reimbursable Agreements

(e) DoD may not reimburse any fee to the mentor firm for services provided to the protege firm pursuant to I–106(d)(6) or for business development expenses incurred by the mentor firm under a contract awarded to the mentor firm while participating in a joint venture with the protege firm.

I–112.2 Program Specific Reporting Requirements

(a) Mentors must report on the progress made under active mentor-protege agreements semiannually for the periods ending March 31st and September 30th throughout the Program participation term of the agreement. The September 30th report must address the entire fiscal year.

(1) Reports are due 30 days after the close of each reporting period.

(2) Each report must include the following data on performance under the mentor-protege agreement:

(i) Dollars obligated (for reimbursable agreements).

(ii) Expenditures.

(iii) Dollars credited, if any, toward applicable subcontracting goals as a result of developmental assistance provided to the protege and a copy of the ISR or SF 294 and/or SSR for each contract where developmental assistance was credited.

(iv) Any new awards of subcontracts on a competitive or noncompetitive basis to the protege firm under DoD contracts or other contracts, including the value of such subcontracts.

(v) All technical or management assistance provided by mentors in personnel for the purposes described in I–106(d).

(vi) Any extensions, increases in the scope of work, or additional payments not previously reported for prior awards of subcontracts on a competitive or noncompetitive basis to the protege firm under DoD contracts or other contracts, including the value of such subcontracts.

(vii) The amount of any payment of progress payments or advance payments made to the protege firm for performance under any subcontract made under the Program.

(viii) Any loans made by the mentor firm to the protege firm.

(ix) All Federal contracts awarded to the mentor firm and the protege firm as a joint venture, designating whether the award was a restricted competition or a full and open competition.

(x) Any assistance obtained by the mentor firm for the protege firm from the entities listed at I–106(d)(6).

(x) Whether there have been any changes to the terms of the mentor-protege agreement.

(xii) A narrative describing the following:

(A) The success assistance provided under I–106(d) has had in addressing the developmental needs of the protege firm.

(B) The impact on DoD contracts.

(C) Any problems encountered.

(D) Any additional payments not the purposes described in I–106(d).

(3) In accordance with section 861, paragraph (b)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Pub. L. 114–92), the reporting requirements specified in paragraphs (a)(2)(iv) through (a)(2)(xii)(C) of this section apply retroactively to mentor-protege agreements that were in effect on November 25, 2015. Mentors must submit reports as described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(4) A recommended reporting format and guidance for its submission are available at: http://www.acq.osd.mil/osbp/sb/programs/mpf/resources.shtml

(b) The protege must provide data, annually by October 31st, on the progress made during the prior fiscal year by the protege in employment, revenues, and participation in DoD contracts during—

(1) Each fiscal year of the Program participation term; and

(2) Each of the 2 fiscal years following the expiration of the Program participation term.

(c) The protege report required by paragraph (b) of this section may be provided as part of the mentor report for the period ending September 30th required by paragraph (a) of this section.

(d) Progress reports must be submitted—

(1) For credit agreements, to the cognizant Component Director, SBP, that approved the agreement, and the mentor’s cognizant DCMA administrative contracting officer; and

(2) For reimbursable agreements, to the cognizant Component Director, SBP, the contracting officer, the DCMA administrative contracting officer, and the program manager.

[FR Doc. 2018–05937 Filed 3–22–18; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 5001–06–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration

49 CFR Part 395

Hours of Service; Electronic Logging Devices; Limited 90-Day Waiver for the Transportation of Agricultural Commodities

AGENCY: Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), DOT.

ACTION: Notification; grant of waiver.

SUMMARY: FMCSA grants a limited 90-day waiver from the Federal hours-of-service (HOS) rules to the restricted transportation of electronic logging devices (ELDs) for the transportation of agricultural commodities as defined in the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSRs). The Agency has determined that the waiver is in the public interest and will likely achieve a level of safety that is equivalent to, or greater than, the level that would be achieved absent such exemption, based on the terms and conditions imposed. The waiver provides the Agency additional time to complete its analysis of the public responses to its December 20, 2017, notice of proposed regulatory guidance to clarify the applicability of the “Agricultural commodity” exception to the hours-of-service regulations and issue final guidance which in turn, would have an impact on which drivers transporting agricultural commodities are required to use ELDs, and the public responses to its October 31, 2017, document announcing receipt of the NPPC’s application for an exemption from the ELD requirements and to issue a decision whether to grant NPPC’s request for longer-term relief from the ELD rule. The Agency has determined through its preliminary analysis of the public comments submitted to the public dockets that the issues raised by transporters of agricultural commodities are more complex than those raised by other segments of the industry seeking relief from the ELD requirements and that it is appropriate to take additional time to bring these matters to closure.

DATES: This waiver is applicable beginning March 18, 2018, and expires on June 18, 2018.


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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Legal Basis

The Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA–21) (Pub. L. 105–178, 112 Stat. 107, June 9, 1998) provides the Secretary of Transportation (the Secretary) the authority to grant waivers from any of the FMCSRs issued under Chapter 313 of Title 49 of the United States Code or 49 U.S.C. 31136, to a person(s) seeking regulatory relief. (49 U.S.C. 31136(e), 31315(a)). The Secretary must make a determination that the waiver is in the public interest, and that it is likely to achieve a level of safety that is equivalent to, or greater than, the level of safety that would be obtained in the absence of the waiver. Individual waivers may be granted only