proprietary, competitively sensitive information of a rival SRM supplier supporting Northrop’s missile system business could be transferred to Northrop’s vertically integrated SRM business.

VI. The Consent Agreement

The Consent Agreement remedies the acquisition’s likely anticompetitive effects by requiring, whenever Northrop competes for a missile system prime contract, that Northrop make its SRM products and related services available on a non-discriminatory basis to all other third-party competing prime contractors that wish to purchase them. The non-discrimination prohibitions of the Consent Agreement are comprehensive and apply to any potential discriminatory conduct affecting price, schedule, quality, data, personnel, investment, technology, innovation, design, or risk.

The Consent Agreement requires Northrop to establish firewalls to ensure that Northrop does not transfer or use any proprietary information that it receives from competing missile prime contractors or SRM suppliers in a manner that harms competition. These firewall provisions require that Northrop maintain separate firewalled teams to support offers of SRMs to different third party missile prime contractors and to maintain these firewalled teams separate from the team supporting Northrop’s missile prime contractor activities. The firewall provisions also prohibit Northrop’s missile business from sharing proprietary information it may receive from third-party SRM suppliers with Northrop’s SRM business.

The Consent Agreement also provides that the DOD’s Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall appoint a compliance officer to oversee Northrop’s compliance with the Order. The compliance officer will have all the necessary investigative powers to perform his or her duties, including the right to interview respondent’s personnel, inspect respondent’s facilities, and require respondents to provide documents, data, and other information. The compliance officer has the authority to retain third-party advisors, at the expense of Northrop, as appropriate to perform his or her duties. Access to these extensive resources will ensure that the compliance officer is fully capable of overseeing the implementation of, and compliance with, the Order.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the proposed Consent Agreement, and it is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the proposed Consent Agreement or to modify its terms in any way.

By direction of the Commission.

Janice Frankle,
Acting Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2018–12750 Filed 6–13–18; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE

Request for Nominations for the Physician-Focused Payment Model Technical Advisory Committee (PTAC)

AGENCY: Government Accountability Office (GAO).

ACTION: Request for letters of nomination and resumes.

SUMMARY: The Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 established the Physician-Focused Payment Model Technical Advisory Committee to provide comments and recommendations to the Secretary of Health and Human Services on physician payment models, and gave the Comptroller General responsibility for appointing its members. GAO is now accepting nominations of individuals for this committee.

DATES: Letters of nomination and resumes should be submitted no later than July 20, 2018, to ensure adequate opportunity for review and consideration of nominees prior to appointment. Appointments will be made in October 2018.

ADDRESSES: Submit letters of nomination and resumes by either of the following methods: Email: PTACcommittee@ga.gov. Include PTAC Nominations in the subject line of the message, or Mail: U.S. GAO, Attn: PTAC Nominations, 441 G Street NW, Washington, DC 20548.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Greg Giusto at (202) 512–8268 or giustog@ga.gov if you do not receive an acknowledgement within a week of submission or if you need additional information. For general information, contact GAO’s Office of Public Affairs, (202) 512–4800.


Gene L. Dodaro,
Comptroller General of the United States.
[FR Doc. 2018–12776 Filed 6–13–18; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 1610–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the intention of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) to request that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approve the proposed information collection project “Ambulatory Surgery Center Survey on Patient Safety Culture Database.”

This proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register on March 14th, 2018 and allowed 60 days for public comment. AHRQ received no substantive comments from members of the public. The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by July 16, 2018.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be submitted to: AHRQ’s OMB Desk Officer by fax at (202) 395–6974 (attention: AHRQ’s desk officer) or by email at OIRA_submission@omb.eop.gov (attention: AHRQ’s desk officer).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Doris Lefkowitz, AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer, (301) 427–1477, or by email at doris.lefkowitz@ahrq.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Proposed Project

Ambulatory Surgery Center Survey on Patient Safety Culture Database

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501–3521, AHRQ invites the public to comment on this proposed information collection. Ambulatory surgery centers (ASCs) are a fast-growing health care setting, demonstrating tremendous growth both in the volume and complexity of procedures being performed. ASCs provide surgical services to patients who are not expected to need an inpatient stay following surgery. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) defines ASCs as distinct entities that operate exclusively to provide surgical services to patients who do not require hospitalization and are not expected to need to stay in a surgical facility longer than 24 hours.