DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Occupational Safety and Health Administration

[Docket No. OSHA–2018–0006]

Information Collection Requirements for OSHA’s Alliance Program; Submission for Office of Management and Budget’s (OMB) Approval of Information Collection (Paperwork) Requirements

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor.

ACTION: Request for public comments.

SUMMARY: OSHA solicits public comments concerning its proposal to obtain OMB approval of the information collection requirements specified by OSHA’s Alliance Program.

DATES: Comments must be submitted (postmarked, sent, or received) by August 20, 2018.

ADDRESSES: Electronically: You may submit comments and attachments electronically at http://www.regulations.gov, which is the Federal eRulemaking Portal. Follow the instructions online for submitting comments.

Facsimile: If your comments, including attachments, are not longer than 10 pages you may fax them to the OSHA Docket Office at (202) 693–1648.

Mail, hand delivery, express mail, messenger, or courier service: When using this method, you must submit a copy of your comments and attachments to the OSHA Docket Office, Docket No. OSHA–2018–0006, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N–3653, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20210. Deliveries (hand, express mail, messenger, and courier service) are accepted during the hours of 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m., ET.

Instructions: All submissions must include the Agency name and the OSHA docket number (OSHA–2018–0006) for the Information Collection Request (ICR). All comments, including any personal information you provide, are placed in the public docket without change, and may be made available online at http://www.regulations.gov. For further information on submitting comments see the “Public Participation” heading in the section of this notice titled SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.

Docket: To read or download comments or other material in the docket, go to http://www.regulations.gov or the OSHA Docket Office at the above address. All documents in the docket (including this Federal Register notice) are listed in the http://www.regulations.gov index; however, some information (e.g., copyrighted material) is not publicly available to read or download from the website. All submissions, including copyrighted material, are available for inspection and copying at the OSHA Docket Office. You may also contact Christie Garner at the number below to obtain a copy of the ICR.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent (i.e., employer) burden, conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on proposed and continuing information collection requirements in accord with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)). This program ensures that information is in the desired format, reporting burden (time and costs) is minimal, collection instruments are clearly understood, and OSHA’s estimate of the information collection burden is accurate. The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (the OSH Act) (29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) authorizes information collection by employers as necessary or appropriate for enforcement of the OSH Act or for developing information regarding the causes and prevention of occupational injuries, illnesses, and accidents (see 29 U.S.C. 657). The OSH Act also requires that OSHA obtain such information with minimum burden upon employers, especially those operating small businesses, and to reduce to the maximum extent feasible unnecessary duplication of efforts in obtaining said information (29 U.S.C. 657).

OSHA created the Alliance Program in 2002 as a structure for working with groups that are committed to worker safety and health. The program enables OSHA to enter into a voluntary, cooperative relationship at the national, regional, or area office level with industry, labor, and other groups to improve workplace safety and health; prevent workplace fatalities, injuries, and illnesses; and reach employers and workers that OSHA may not otherwise reach through its traditional methods.

These groups include trade or professional organizations, businesses, unions, consulates, faith- and community-based organizations, and educational institutions. OSHA and the groups work together to share workplace safety and health information with workers and employers, encourage participation in OSHA initiatives, develop compliance assistance tools and resources, and educate workers and employers about their rights and responsibilities. Alliance Program participants do not receive exemptions from OSHA inspections or any other enforcement benefits.

OSHA collects information from organizations that are signatories to an Alliance agreement, known hereafter as “alliance participants.” Information is collected from the participants through meetings, informal conversations, and data forms to develop Alliance agreements, and to develop annual as well as program-wide reports.

Alliance participants work with OSHA to develop agreements with well-defined goals and specific objectives and activities. Agreements commonly identify specific hazard(s), operations, or other areas of concern; the targeted segment within the workforce; and the planned activities to meet the agreement’s overarching goals and objectives. OSHA provides templates for Alliance agreements OSHA uses the information from the forms (national Alliance) and collaborative data gathering (Regional and Area Offices) to compile annual reports for individual Alliances and assess the effectiveness of the individual Alliance in meeting agreement goals and objectives. OSHA uses aggregate data from all active Alliances to assess the impact of the program as a whole in meeting the Agency’s strategic plan goals and strategies related to outreach and communication.

II. Special Issues for Comment

OSHA has a particular interest in comments on the following issues:

• Whether the proposed information collection requirements are necessary for the proper performance of the Agency’s functions, including whether the information is useful;

• The accuracy of OSHA’s estimate of the burden (time and costs) of the information collection requirements, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

• The quality, utility and clarity of the information collected; and

• Ways to minimize the burden on employers who must comply; for example, by using automated or other
titled must submit them to the OSHA Docket Office electronically or facsimile submission, you additional materials in reference to an files electronically. If you wish to mail You may supplement electronic material must identify the Agency name comments, attachments, and other www.regulations.gov, (1) Electronically at http://www.regulations.gov, therefore, OSHA cautions commenters about submitting personal information such as their social security number and date of birth. Although all submissions are listed in the http://www.regulations.gov index, some information (e.g., copyrighted material) is not publicly available to read or download from this website. All submissions, including copyrighted material, are available for inspection and copying at the OSHA Docket Office. Information on using the http://www.regulations.gov website to submit comments and access the docket is available at the website’s “User Tips” link. Contact the OSHA Docket Office for information about materials not available from the website, and for assistance in using the internet to locate docket submissions.

V. Authority and Signature

Loren Sweat, Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health, directed the preparation of this notice. The authority for this notice is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3506 et seq.) and Secretary of Labor’s Order No. 1–2012 (77 FR 3912).

Signed at Washington, DC, on June 18, 2018.

Loren Sweat, Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health.

[FR Doc. 2018–13324 Filed 6–20–18; 8:45 am]

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MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CORPORATION

Privacy Act of 1974; New System of Records

AGENCY: Millennium Challenge Corporation (MCC).

ACTION: Notice of a new system of records.

SUMMARY: MCC proposes to add a new system of records to its inventory of records systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. This action complies with the requirements of the Privacy Act to publish in the Federal Register notice of the existence and character of records maintained by the agency. The system has been operational since June 29, 2016 without incident.

DATES: This action will be applicable without further notice 30 days after date of publication in the Federal Register.

ADDRESSES: Send written comments to the Millennium Challenge Corporation, ATTN: Vincent T. Groh, Chief Information Officer, Department of Administration and Finance, 1099 Fourteenth Street NW, Suite 700, Washington, DC, 20005–3550.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Miguel G. Adams, Chief Information Security Officer and Deputy Privacy Officer, Millennium Challenge Corporation, adamsmg@mcc.gov, 202–521–3574.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: MCC is giving notice of a system of records pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) for the MCC–Business Relations System (MCC–BRS). MCC utilizes MCC–BRS to provide automated processing of business transactions related MCC’s mission of reducing global poverty through growth. MCC–BRS utilizes the Salesforce Government Cloud information system for collecting, storing, and processing the information. Various elements within MCC will utilize MCC–BRS for their business functions; they include the departments of Congressional and Public Affairs (CPA) Department, and the Department of Compact Operations (DCO). Business functions within DCO include the Finance, Investment and Trade (FIT), Environmental and Social Performance (ESP), and the Office of Strategic Partnerships (OSP).

Salesforce Government Cloud meets the federal government’s objectives of cloud computing to reduce procurement and operating costs to the federal government. In addition, Salesforce Government Cloud meets the Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS)—200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems as an authorized Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) information system. MCC utilizes MCC–BRS to achieve the following business objectives: 1. To create and maintain a system that optimizes MCC’s ability to analyze, manage, engage, and grow external stakeholders; 2. To create and manage business engagement opportunities that promote MCC’s mission in an organized and efficient manner; 3. To provide in person or online event management and communications campaigns for external stakeholder engagement; and 4. To provide the agency with the means to track and manage future financial