Dunkirk, NY starting at position 42°29’37.7” N, 079°21’17.7” W then
Northwest to 42°29’45.2” N, 079°21’28.2” W then Northeast to 42°
30’15.0” N, 079°21’20.0” W then Northeast to 42°30’39.0” N, 079°
19’46.0” W then Southeast to 42°30’09.3” N, 079°19’03.1” W.
(b) Enforcement period. This rule is effective from 10:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.
on August 19, 2018 with a rain date of August 18, 2018.
(c) Regulations. (1) In accordance with the general regulations in § 165.23, entry
into, transiting, or anchoring within this safety zone is prohibited unless
authorized by the Captain of the Port Buffalo or his on-scene
representative.
(2) This safety zone is closed to all vessel traffic, except as may be
permitted by the Captain of the Port Buffalo or his designated on-scene
representative.
(3) The “on-scene representative” of the Captain of the Port Buffalo is any
Coast Guard commissioned, warrant or petty officer who has been designated
by the Captain of the Port Buffalo to act on his behalf.
(4) Vessel operators desiring to enter or operate within the safety zone must
contact the Captain of the Port Buffalo or his on-scene representative to obtain
permission to do so. The Captain of the Port Buffalo or his on-scene
representative may be contacted via VHF Channel 16. Vessel operators given
permission to enter or operate in the safety zone must comply with all
directions given to them by the Captain of the Port Buffalo, or his on-scene
representative.
Kenneth E. Blair,
Commander, U.S. Coast Guard, Acting
Captain of the Port Buffalo.
[FR Doc. 2018–17697 Filed 8–15–18; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard
33 CFR Part 165
[Docket No. USCG–2018–0777]
RIN 1625–AA00

Safety Zone; Sandusky Bicentennial Fireworks, Sandusky Bay, Sandusky, OH

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.
ACTION: Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone on
Sandusky Bay, in the vicinity of Sandusky, OH. This zone is intended to
restrict vessels from portions of the Sandusky Bay for the Sandusky
Bicentennial Fireworks. Persons and vessels are prohibited from entering
into, transiting through, or anchoring within this safety zone unless
authorized by the Captain of the Port Detroit, or his designated representative.
This temporary safety zone is necessary to protect spectators and vessels from
the hazards associated with fireworks displays.

DATES: This temporary final rule is effective from 8:10 p.m. through 9:35
p.m. on August 19th, 2018.

ADDRESSES: Documents mentioned in this preamble are part of docket USCG–
2018–0777. To view documents mentioned in this preamble as being
available in the docket, go to http://www.regulations.gov, type the docket
number in the “SEARCH” box and click “SEARCH.” Click on Open Docket
Folder on the line associated with this rulemaking.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions on this temporary
rule, call or email MST1 Ryan Erpelding, Waterways Department,
Marine Safety Unit Toledo, Coast Guard; telephone (419) 418–6037, email
Ryan.G.Erpelding@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Table of Abbreviations
CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DHS Department of Homeland Security
FR Federal Register
NPRM Notice of proposed rulemaking
§ Section

II. Background Information and Regulatory History

The Coast Guard is issuing this temporary final rule without prior notice
and opportunity to comment pursuant to authority under section 4(a)
of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553(b)). This provision
authorizes an agency to issue a rule without prior notice and opportunity to
comment when the agency for good cause finds that those procedures are
“impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest.” Under 5 U.S.C.
553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a
notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) with respect to this rule because doing
so would be impracticable. The Coast Guard did not receive the final details
of this fireworks display in time to publish an NPRM. As such, it is
impracticable to publish an NPRM because we lack sufficient time to
provide a reasonable comment period and then consider those comments
before issuing the rule.

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for
making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the Federal
Register. Waiting for a 30-day effective period to run is impracticable and
contrary to the public interest for the reasons discussed in the preceding
paragraph.

III. Legal Authority and Need for Rule

The Coast Guard is issuing this rule under authority in 33 U.S.C. 1231. The
Captain of the Port Detroit (COTP) has determined that potential hazards
associated with fireworks displays starting after 9:10 p.m. on August 19th,
2018 will be a safety concern for anyone within a 420 foot radius of the launch
site. The likely combination of recreational vessels, darkness
punctuated by bright flashes of light, and fireworks debris falling into the
water presents risks of collisions, which could result in serious injuries or
fatalities. This rule is needed to protect personnel, vessels, and the marine
environment in the navigable waters within the safety zone during the
fireworks display.

IV. Discussion of the Rule

This rule establishes a safety zone that will be enforced from 8:10 p.m. through
9:35 p.m. on August 19, 2018. The safety zone will encompass all U.S.
navigable waters of the Sandusky Bay within a 420 foot radius of the fireworks
launch site located at position 41°27′53.31” N, 082°42′15.85” W with an
alternate heavy wind location at position 41°27′55.24” N, 082°42′17.86”
W. All geographic coordinates are North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83).
The duration of the zone is intended to protect personnel, vessels, and the
marine environment in these navigable waters during the fireworks display.
Entry into, transiting, or anchoring within the safety zone is prohibited
unless authorized by the Captain of the Port, Sector Detroit or his designated
representative. The Captain of the Port, Sector Detroit or his designated
representative may be contacted via VHF Channel 16.

V. Regulatory Analyses

We developed this rule after considering numerous statutes and
executive orders related to rulemaking. Below we summarize our analyses
based on a number of these statutes and Executive orders, and we discuss First
Amendment rights of protestors.
A. Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess the costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits. Executive Order 13771 directs agencies to control regulatory costs through a budgeting process. This rule has not been designated a “significant regulatory action,” under Executive Order 12866. Accordingly, this rule has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and pursuant to OMB guidance it is exempt from the requirements of Executive Order 13771.

This regulatory action determination is based on the size, location, and duration of the safety zone. The majority of vessels will be able to safely transit around the safety zone, which will impact only a portion of the Sandusky Bay in Sandusky, OH for a period of 85 minutes. Under certain conditions, moreover, vessels may still transit through the safety zone when permitted by the Captain of the Port.

B. Impact on Small Entities

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601–612, as amended, requires federal agencies to consider the potential impact of regulations on small entities during rulemaking. The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612), we have considered the impact of this temporary rule on small entities. While some owners or operators of vessels intending to transit the safety zone may be small entities, for the reasons stated in section V.A above, this rule will not have a significant economic impact on any vessel owner or operator.

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we want to assist small entities in understanding this rule. If the rule would affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section.

Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards. The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency’s responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1–888–REG–FAIR (1–888–734–3247). The Coast Guard will not retaliate against small entities that question or complain about this rule or any policy or action of the Coast Guard.

C. Collection of Information

This rule will not call for a new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

D. Federalism

A rule has implications for federalism under Executive Order 13132, Federalism, if it has a substantial direct effect on the States, the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. We have analyzed this rule under that Order and have determined that it is consistent with the fundamental federalism principles and preemption requirements described in Executive Order 13132.

Also, this rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes. If you believe this rule has implications for federalism or Indian tribes, please contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section above.

E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) requires Federal agencies to assess the effects of their discretionary regulatory actions. In particular, the Act addresses actions that may result in the expenditure by a State, local, or tribal government, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of $100,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) or more in any one year. Though this rule will not result in such an expenditure, we do discuss the effects of this rule elsewhere in this preamble.

F. Environment

We have analyzed this rule under Department of Homeland Security Management Directive 023–01 and Commandant Instruction M16475.1D, which guide the Coast Guard in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321–4370f), and have determined that this action is one of a category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. This rule involves a safety zone lasting 85 minutes that will prohibit entry within a 420 foot radius from where a fireworks display will be conducted. It is categorically excluded from further review under paragraph L60(a) of Appendix A, Table 1 of DHS Instruction Manual 023–01–001–01, Rev. 01. A Record of Environmental Consideration supporting this determination is available in the docket where indicated under ADDRESSES.

G. Protest Activities

The Coast Guard respects the First Amendment rights of protesters. Protesters are asked to contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section to coordinate protest activities so that your message can be received without jeopardizing the safety or security of people, places or vessels.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

§ 165.994 Sandusky Bicentennial Fireworks, Sandusky Bay, Sandusky, OH.

(a) Location. The following area is a temporary safety zone: All U.S. navigable waters of the Sandusky Bay within a 420 foot radius of the fireworks launch site located at position 41°27′53.31″ N, 82°42′15.85″ W with an alternate heavy wind location at 41°27′55.24″ N, 82°42′17.86″ W. All geographic coordinates are North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83).

(b) Enforcement period. This regulation will be enforced from 8:10

40682 Federal Register / Vol. 83, No. 159 / Thursday, August 16, 2018 / Rules and Regulations
p.m. through 9:35 p.m. on August 19, 2018. The Captain of the Port Detroit, or a designated representative may suspend enforcement of the safety zone at any time.

(c) Regulations. (1) In accordance with the general regulations in §165.23, entry into, transiting or anchoring within this safety zone is prohibited unless authorized by the Captain of the Port Detroit, or his designated representative.

(2) This safety zone is closed to all vessel traffic, except as may be permitted by the Captain of the Port Detroit or his designated representative.

(3) The “designated representative” of the Captain of the Port Detroit is any Coast Guard commissioned, warrant, or petty officer who has been designated by the Captain of the Port Detroit to act on his behalf. The designated representative of the Captain of the Port Detroit will be aboard either a Coast Guard or Coast Guard Auxiliary vessel. The Captain of the Port Detroit or his designated representative may be contacted via VHF Channel 16.

(4) Vessel operators desiring to enter or operate within the safety zone shall contact the Captain of the Port Detroit or his designated representative to obtain permission to do so. The COTP or his on-scene representative may be contacted via VHF Channel 16. Vessel operators given permission to enter or operate in the safety zone must comply with all directions given to them by the Captain of the Port Detroit or his designated representative.

Dated: August 10, 2018.

Jeffrey W. Novak,
Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Detroit.

[FR Doc. 2018–17698 Filed 8–15–18; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

48 CFR Part 552

[GSAR Change 89; GSAR Case 2016–G506; Docket No. 2016–0016; Sequence No.2]

RIN 3090–AJ75

General Services Administration Acquisition Regulation (GSAR); Federal Supply Schedule, Order-Level Materials; Technical Amendment

AGENCY: Office of Acquisition Policy, General Services Administration (GSA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: GSA is amending the General Services Administration Regulation (GSAR) to clarify the text regarding the application of the threshold for order-level materials (OLMs).


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Leah Price, GSA Acquisition Policy Division, Senior Policy Advisor, at leah.price@gsa.gov. For information pertaining to status or publication schedules, contact the Regulatory Secretariat Division at 202–501–4755. Please cite GSAR Case 2016–G506.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

GSAR Case 2016–G506; Federal Supply Schedule, Order-Level Materials, was published in the Federal Register at 83 FR 3275, on January 24, 2018. Since then, clarification is required regarding the application of the 33.33 percent threshold of order-level materials (OLMs) for task or delivery orders and orders against Federal Supply Schedule (FSS) BPAs awarded under FSS contracts at GSAR 552.238–82(d)(4).

II. Discussion of Changes

GSAR clause 552.238–82(d) Special Ordering Procedures for the Acquisition of Order-Level Materials prescribes procedures for including OLMs when placing an order against a Federal Supply Schedule (FSS) contract or FSS BPA. The procedures at d(4) of the clause require that the value of OLMs in an order awarded under a FSS contract or FSS BPA shall not exceed 33.33 percent of the total value of the order. The text at d(4) of the clause is being amended to clarify the applicability of the 33.33 percent threshold on OLMs placed in a task or delivery order or the cumulative value of OLMs in orders against an FSS BPA awarded under a FSS contract. There are no significant content changes resulting from this technical amendment.

III. Public Comments Not Required

41 U.S.C. 1707. Publication of proposed regulations, applies to the publication of the General Services Administration Acquisition Regulation. Paragraph (a)(1) of the statute requires that a procurement policy, regulation, procedure, or form (including amendment or modification thereof) must be published for public comment if it has either a significant effect beyond the internal operating procedures of the agency issuing the policy, regulation, procedure, or form, or has a significant cost or administrative impact on contractors or offerors. This final rule is not required to be published for public comment because it contains minor editorial updates without changing the meaning of content. The changes do not have a significant impact on the public.

IV. Executive Orders 12866 and 13563

Executive Orders (E.O.s) 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives; and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). E.O. 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. This is not a significant regulatory action and, therefore, was not subject to review under Section 6(b) of E.O. 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, dated September 30, 1993. This rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804.

V. Executive Order 13771

The General Services Administration certifies that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et seq., because this editorial change does not have a significant impact on the public or Government.

VI. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act does not apply to this rule because this final rule does not constitute a significant GSAR revision and 41 U.S.C. 1707 does not require publication for public comment.

VII. Paperwork Reduction Act

This final rule does not contain any information collection that requires additional approval of the Office of Management and Budget under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 552

Government procurement.

Dated: August 10, 2018.

Jeffrey A. Koses,
Senior Procurement Executive, General Services Administration.

Therefore, GSA amends 48 CFR part 552 as set forth below:

PART 552—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR part 552 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 40 U.S.C. 121(c).