In compliance with the requirements of Section 506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Administration on Community Living is soliciting public comment on the specific aspects of the information collection described above. The form is available at https://www.acl.gov/about-acl/public-input.

Respondents: 57 Protection and Advocacy Systems.

### ANNUAL BURDEN ESTIMATES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrument</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Number of responses per respondent</th>
<th>Average burden hours per response</th>
<th>Total burden hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One Protection and Advocacy Annual Program Performance Report</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>7,296</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:** 7,296.


Mary Lazare,
Principal Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2018–22266 Filed 10–11–18; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4154–01–P

### DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

**Coast Guard**

[Docket No. USCG–2018–0275]

**Imposition of Conditions of Entry on Vessels Arriving to the United States From Certain Ports in the Republic of Iraq**

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Coast Guard announces that it will impose conditions of entry on vessels arriving from certain ports in the Republic of Iraq. Conditions of entry are intended to protect the United States from vessels arriving from countries that have been found to have deficient anti-terrorism port measures in place.

**DATES:** The policy announced in this notice will become effective October 26, 2018.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For information about this document call or email Juliet Hudson, International Port Security Evaluation Division, United States Coast Guard, telephone 202–372–1173, Juliet.J.Hudson@uscg.mil.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Discussion**

The authority for this notice is 5 U.S.C. 552(a), 46 U.S.C. 70110, and Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1[II][97.f]. As delegated, section 70110(a) authorizes the Coast Guard to impose conditions of entry on vessels arriving in U.S. waters from ports that the Coast Guard has found to have deficient anti-terrorism measures.

On August 21, 2017, the Coast Guard found that the Republic of Iraq failed to maintain effective anti-terrorism measures in its ports and that its designated authority’s oversight, access control, security monitoring, security training programs, and security plans drills and exercises are all deficient.

On October 14, 2017, as required by 46 U.S.C. 70109, the Republic of Iraq was notified of this determination, provided recommendations for improving antiterrorism measures, and given 90 days to respond. In January 2018, the Coast Guard re-visited the Republic of Iraq to review Iraq’s progress on correcting the security deficiencies. The Coast Guard determined that Iraq failed to maintain effective anti-terrorism measures with the exceptions of three port facilities: The Al-Basrah Oil Terminal, the Khor Al Amaya Oil Terminal and Al Maqal Terminal 14 (also known as the North America Western Asia Holdings Facility).

Accordingly, beginning October 26, 2018, the conditions of entry shown in Table 1 will apply to any vessel that visited a port in the Republic of Iraq in its last five port calls, with the exception of the ports the Al-Basrah Oil Terminal, the Khor Al Amaya Oil Terminal, and Al Maqal Terminal 14.

**Table 1—Conditions of Entry for Vessels Visiting Ports in the Republic of Iraq**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Each vessel must:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Implement measures per the vessel’s security plan equivalent to Security Level 2 while in a port in the Republic of Iraq. As defined in the ISPS Code and incorporated herein, “Security Level 2” refers to the “level for which appropriate additional protective security measures shall be maintained for a period of time as a result of heightened risk of a security incident.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ensure that each access point to the vessel is guarded and that the guards have total visibility of the exterior (both landside and waterside) of the vessel while the vessel is in ports in the Republic of Iraq.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### TABLE 1—CONDITIONS OF ENTRY FOR VESSELS VISITING PORTS IN THE REPUBLIC OF IRAQ—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Guards may be provided by the vessel's crew; however, additional crewmembers should be placed on the vessel if necessary to ensure that limits on maximum hours of work are not exceeded and/or minimum hours of rest are met, or provided by outside security forces approved by the vessel's master and Company Security Officer. As defined in the ISPS Code and incorporated herein, “Company Security Officer” refers to the “person designated by the Company for ensuring that a ship security assessment is carried out; that a ship security plan is developed, submitted for approval, and thereafter implemented and maintained and for liaison with port facility security officers and the ship security officer.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Attempt to execute a Declaration of Security while in a port in the Republic of Iraq.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Log all security actions in the vessel's security records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Report actions taken to the cognizant Coast Guard Captain of the Port (COTP) prior to arrival into U.S. waters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>In addition, based on the findings of the Coast Guard boarding or examination, the vessel may be required to ensure that each access point to the vessel is guarded by armed, private security guards and that they have total visibility of the exterior (both landside and waterside) of the vessel while in U.S. ports. The number and position of the guards has to be acceptable to the cognizant COTP prior to the vessel’s arrival.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following countries do not maintain effective anti-terrorism measures in their ports and are therefore subject to conditions of entry: The Republic of Iraq, Cambodia, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d’Ivoire, Equatorial Guinea, The Gambia, Guinea-Bissau, Iran, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Micronesia, Nauru, Nigeria, Sao Tome and Principe, Syria, Timor-Leste, Venezuela, and Yemen. The current Port Security Advisory is available at: https://www.dco.uscg.mil/Our-Organization/Assistant-Commandant-for-Prevention-Policy-CG-5P/International-Domestic-Port-Assessment/.

Dated: September 27, 2018.

Daniel B. Abel,
Deputy Commandant for Operations.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Marika Bertram, Team Lead Data & Analysis, Field Policy and Management, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Room 4176, Washington, DC 20410; email marika.m.bertram@hud.gov or telephone 202–402–6386. This is not a toll-free number. Persons with hearing or speech impairments may access this number through TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at (800) 877–8339.

Federal Register / Vol. 83, No. 198 / Friday, October 12, 2018 / Notices 51693

ADDRESS: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Comments should refer to the proposal by name and/or OMB Control Number and should be sent to: Anna P. Guido, Reports Management Officer, QDAM, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Room 4176, Washington, DC 20410–5000; telephone 202–402–5534 (this is not a toll-free number) or email at Anna.P.Guido@hud.gov for a copy of the proposed forms or other available information. Persons with hearing or speech impairments may access this number through TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at (800) 877–8339.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Marika Bertram, Team Lead Data & Analysis, Field Policy and Management, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Washington, DC 20410; email marika.m.bertram@hud.gov or telephone 202–402–6386. This is not a toll-free number. Persons with hearing or speech impairments may access this number through TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at (800) 877–8339. Copies of available documents submitted to OMB may be obtained from Ms. Bertram.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice informs the public that HUD is seeking approval from OMB for the information collection described in Section A.

A. Overview of Information Collection

Title of Information Collection: Certification of Consistency with Promise Zone Goals and Implementation.

OMB Approval Number: 2501–0033.

Type of Request: Renewal and Edits.

Description of the need for the information and proposed use: This collection is a renewal and revision that will be collecting information for preference points in certain competitive federal grants and technical assistance applications. This collection will reference the actual application collection that was approved under OMB 2501–0033 HUD and USDA designated twenty-two communities as Promise Zones between 2014 and 2016. Under the Promise Zones initiative, the federal government through interagency efforts will invest and partner with high-poverty urban, rural, and tribal communities to create jobs, increase economic activity, improve educational opportunities, leverage private investment, and reduce violent crime. Additional information about the Promise Zones initiative can be found at www.hud.gov/promis zones, and questions can be addressed to promisezones@hud.gov. The federal administrative duties pertaining to these designations shall be managed and executed by HUD (urban communities) and USDA (rural and tribal communities) for ten years from the designation dates pursuant The Promise Zone Initiative supports HUD’s responsibilities under sections 2 and 3 of the HUD Act, 42 U.S.C. 3531–32, to assist the President in achieving maximum coordination of the various federal activities which have a major effect upon urban community, suburban, or metropolitan development; to develop and recommend to the President policies for fostering orderly growth and development of the Nation’s urban areas; and to exercise leadership, at the direction of the President, in coordinating federal activities affecting housing and urban development. To facilitate communication between local and federal partners, HUD proposes that Promise Zone Lead Organizations submit minimal documents to support collaboration between local and federal partners. This document will assist in communications and stakeholder engagement, both locally and nationally.