Functional Outcomes

- School performance and educational attainment
- Attendance
- Grades/academic performance
- Graduation rates
- Entering higher education (including trade schools)
- Social relationships
- Family functioning
- Peer relationships

Harmful Consequences Associated With SUD

- Mental health outcomes
- Suicidal ideation and behavior
- Physical health outcomes
- Mortality
- All-cause
- Drug-related, including fatal
- Overdose
- Morbidity
- Injuries (non-fatal)
- Infections
- HIV
- Hepatitis C
- Other sexually transmitted infections
- Legal outcomes
- Arrests
- Drunk or impaired driving
- Contact with juvenile justice system

Adverse Effects of Intervention(s)

- Side effects of pharmacologic interventions
- Loss of privacy/confidentiality
- Stigmatization/discrimination
- Iatrogenic effects of group therapy due to peer deviance
- Other reported adverse effects ascribed to interventions

Study Designs and Information Sources

- Published, peer reviewed articles and data from clinicaltrials.gov
- Randomized controlled trials (including cross-over trials)
- N ≥ 10 participants per study group
- Large nonrandomized comparative studies with longitudinal follow-up
- N ≥ 100 participants per study group
- Must report multiple regression, other adjustment, matching, propensity scoring, or other method to account for confounding.
- Single arm pharmacologic studies with at least 200 participants and longitudinal follow-up (to identify side-effects of medications)
- We will summarize information from existing systematic reviews specific to treatment of alcohol SUD on college campuses
- SR eligible if inclusion criteria for individual studies consistent with our PICOTS criteria for individual studies.

Exclusions

- Case-control studies
- Cross-sectional studies
- Single-arm studies of behavioral interventions
- Conference abstracts letters, and other non-peer reviewed reports

Timing

- Any duration of treatment
- Duration of follow-up of at least a month (but must be longitudinal with separation in time between intervention and outcomes)

Setting

- Any setting, including (but not limited to) primary care, school, outpatient, emergency department, in-patient, intensive outpatient, partial hospitalization, intensive in-patient/residential, juvenile justice
- Exclude: laboratory-based assessments.

Francis D. Chesley, Jr., Acting Deputy Director.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

[CMS–6063–N4]

Medicare Program; Extension of Prior Authorization for Repetitive Scheduled Non-Emergent Ambulance Transports

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a 1-year extension of the Medicare Prior Authorization Model for Repetitive Scheduled Non-Emergent Ambulance Transport. The extension of this model is applicable to the following states and the District of Columbia: Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia.

DATES: This extension begins on December 2, 2018 and ends on December 1, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Angela Gaston, (410) 786–7409. Questions regarding the Medicare Prior Authorization Model Extension for Repetitive Scheduled Non-Emergent Ambulance Transport should be sent to AmbulancePA@cms.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Medicare may cover ambulance services, including air ambulance (fixed-wing and rotary-wing) services, if the ambulance service is furnished to a beneficiary whose medical condition is...