

3. Discussion of the May 2021 DoD P&T Committee Recommendations

Scheduled Therapeutic Class Reviews

- a. 3:00 p.m.–3:30 p.m. Menopausal Hormone Therapy: Single Agents, Combination Agents, and Vaginal Agents (LCDR Elizabeth Hall)
- b. 3:30 p.m.–4:00 p.m. Sleep Disorders: Insomnia (Dr. Lugo)
- c. 4:00 p.m.–4:45 p.m. Newly Approved Drugs Review (Dr. Lugo, and other FMB staff including, LCDR Hall, MAJ Davies, LCDR Hansen, and Dr. Allerman)
- d. 4:45 p.m.–5:15 p.m. Pertinent Utilization Management Issues (MAJ Davies and other FMB staff including Dr. Allerman, Dr. Lugo, and LCDR Hall)
- e. 5:15 p.m.–5:30 p.m. Re-evaluation of Nonformulary generics (Dr. Allerman)
- * Note that the UFBAP Discussion and Vote will follow each section
- f. 5:30 p.m.–5:45 p.m. Closing Remarks by Senior Chief Petty Officer (Ret) Ostrowski
- g. 5:45 p.m.–6:00 p.m. Closing Remarks by Col Hoerner

Agenda Items

1. Day 2—January 26, 2022

- a. 9:00 a.m.–9:10 a.m. Sign In for UFBAP members
- b. 9:10 a.m.–9:15 a.m. Welcome and Opening Remarks by Col Hoerner
- c. 9:15 a.m.–9:30 a.m. Opening Remarks by Senior Chief Petty Officer (Ret) Ostrowski

2. Discussion of the August 2021 DoD P&T Committee Recommendations

Scheduled Therapeutic Class Reviews

- a. 9:30 a.m.–10:00 a.m. Leukemia and Lymphoma Agents, Burton Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors LCDR Hansen)
- b. 10:00 a.m.–10:30 a.m. Laxative-Cathartics-Stool Softeners—Bowel Preparations (Dr. Lugo)
- c. 10:30 a.m.–10:45 a.m. Break
- d. 10:45 a.m.–11:45 a.m. Newly Approved Drugs Review (Dr. Lugo and other FMB staff, including LCDR Hall, LCDR Hansen, Dr. Allerman, CDR Raisor, and MAJ Davies)
- e. 11:45 a.m.–12:45 p.m. Pertinent Utilization Management Issues (MAJ Davies and other FMB staff, including Dr. Lugo, and CDR Raisor)
- f. 12:45 p.m.–1:00 p.m. Tier Co-Payment Change for the Pulmonary III Agents (CDR Raisor)
- g. 1:00 p.m.–1:15 p.m. Brand over Generic Authorization and Tier 1

Co-Payment Change for the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Drugs (Dr. Allerman)

- * Note that the UFBAP Discussion and Vote will follow each section
- h. 1:15 p.m.–2:15 p.m. Break for Lunch

3. Discussion of the November 2021 DoD P&T Committee Recommendations

Scheduled Therapeutic Class Reviews

- a. 2:15 p.m.–3:00 p.m. Continuous Glucose Monitoring Systems—Therapeutic Agents (Dr. Lugo)
- b. 3:00 p.m.–3:30 p.m. Immunological Agents Miscellaneous—Subcutaneous Immunoglobulins (LCDR Hansen)
- c. 3:30 p.m.–4:30 p.m. Newly Approved Drugs Review (Dr. Lugo and other FMB staff including LCDR Hansen, LCDR Giao Phung, LCDR Hall, MAJ Davies and Maj Angelina Escano)
- d. 4:30 p.m.–4:45 p.m. Break
- e. 4:45 p.m.–5:45 p.m. Pertinent Utilization Management Issues (MAJ Davies)
- * Note that the UFBAP Discussion and Vote will follow each section
- f. 5:45 p.m.–5:55 p.m. Closing Remarks by Senior Chief Petty Officer (Ret) Ostrowski
- g. 5:55 p.m.–6:00 p.m. Closing Remarks by Col Hoerner

Meeting Accessibility: Pursuant to section 10(a)(1) of the FACA and 41 CFR 102–3.140 through 102–3.165, and subject to the availability of phone lines, this meeting is open to the public. Telephone lines are limited and available to the first 220 people dialing in. There will be 220 line total: 200 domestic and 20 international, including leader lines.

Written Statements: Pursuant to 41 CFR 102–3.10, and section 10(a)(3) of FACA, interested persons or organizations may submit written statements to the Uniform Formulary Beneficiary Advisory Panel about its mission and/or the agenda to be addressed in this public meeting. Written statements should be submitted to the Uniform Formulary Beneficiary Advisory Panel's Designated Federal Officer (DFO). The DFO's contact information can be found in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this notice. Written comments or statements must be received by the Uniform Formulary Beneficiary Advisory Panel's DFO at least two (2) calendar days prior to the meeting so they may be made available to the Uniform Formulary Beneficiary Advisory Panel for its consideration prior to the meeting. The DFO will review all submitted written statements and provide copies to all Uniform

Formulary Beneficiary Advisory Panel members.

Dated: January 12, 2022.

Aaron T. Siegel,

Alternate OSD Federal Register, Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

[FR Doc. 2022–00887 Filed 1–18–22; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Request for Nominations: National Committee on Foreign Medical Education and Accreditation (NCFMEA)

AGENCY: Department of Education, National Committee on Foreign Medical Education and Accreditation (NCFMEA).

ACTION: Request for nominations for appointment to serve on the National Committee on Foreign Medical Education and Accreditation (NCFMEA).

SUMMARY: Secretary of Education, Miguel A. Cardona, Ed.D., is seeking nomination(s) of medical experts for appointment to fill six vacant positions for service as a member of the National Committee on Foreign Medical Education and Accreditation (NCFMEA).

DATES: Nominations must be received no later than Friday, February 18, 2022.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

NCFMEA's Statutory Authority and Function: The NCFMEA is authorized per section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. The Secretary of Education is required by the Higher Education Act, as amended, to establish a panel of medical experts who shall: Evaluate the standards of accreditation applied to foreign medical schools; and determine the comparability of those standards to standards for accreditation applied to United States medical schools. The NCFMEA shall be comprised of 11 voting members each appointed for a term of service as determined by the Secretary of Education. Due consideration shall be given to the appointment of individuals who are broadly knowledgeable about foreign medical education and accreditation and respected in the educational community. Per the authorizing legislation for the Committee, one currently serving member of the NCFMEA, is a medical student enrolled in an accredited medical school at the time of appointment by the Secretary of Education.

Any member appointed to fill a vacancy for a term of service not completed will serve for the remainder of the term of service of her/his predecessor. No member may serve for a period in excess of three consecutive terms. Members of the Committee will serve as Special Government Employees (SGEs), as defined in 18 U.S.C. 202(a). As SGEs, members are selected for their individual expertise, integrity, impartiality, and experience.

Nomination Process: Interested persons, stakeholders, or organizations (including individuals seeking reappointment by the Secretary of Education to serve on the NCFMEA) may nominate a qualified medical expert(s). To submit a nomination(s) or self-nominate for appointment to serve on the NCFMEA, please send a cover letter addressed to the Secretary of Education as follows: Honorable Miguel A. Cardona, Ed.D., Secretary of Education, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20202. In the letter, please note your reason(s) for submitting the nomination. Include a copy of the nominee's current resume/cv and contact information (nominee's name, mailing address, email address, and contact phone number). In addition, the cover letter must include a statement affirming that the nominee (if you are nominating someone other than yourself) has agreed to be nominated and is willing to serve on the NCFMEA if appointed by the Secretary of Education. Please submit your nomination(s) including the requested attachments to the U.S. Department of Education, Office of the Secretary, Committee Management via email to: cmtmgmtoffice@ed.gov. (Please specify in the email subject line "NCFMEA Nomination").

For questions, please contact Karen Akins, U.S. Department of Education, Committee Management Officer, Office of the Secretary, (202) 401-3677, or via email at Karen.Akins@ed.gov.

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Miguel A. Cardona,
Secretary of Education.

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DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Building a Better Grid Initiative To Upgrade and Expand the Nation's Electric Transmission Grid To Support Resilience, Reliability, and Decarbonization

AGENCY: Office of Electricity, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: In this notice, the Department of Energy (DOE or the Department) unveils its new Building a Better Grid Initiative focused on catalyzing nationwide development of new and upgraded high-capacity transmission lines. Under the Building a Better Grid Initiative, DOE will identify critical national transmission needs and support the buildout of long-distance, high-voltage transmission facilities that meet those needs through collaborative transmission planning, innovative financing mechanisms, coordinated permitting, and continued transmission related research and development. DOE commits to robust engagement on energy justice and collaboration, including with states, American Indian Tribes and Alaska Natives, industry, unions, local communities, and other stakeholders for successful implementation of the program.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Michelle Manary, Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary, Electricity Delivery Division, Office of Electricity, Mailstop OE-20, Room 8H-033, 1000 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20585; Telephone: (202) 586-1411 or ElectricityDelivery@hq.doe.gov. More information will also be available at <https://www.energy.gov/oe/office-electricity>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

A robust transmission system is critical to the Nation's economic, energy, and national security. However, the United States faces challenges as its electric grid infrastructure continues to age—studies from the past decade find that 70 percent of the grid's transmission lines and power transformers were over 25 years old.^{1 2} In addition, insufficient transmission capacity—especially transmission that facilitates transfer of power across

¹ See U.S. Dep't of Energy, Infographic: Understanding the Grid (Nov. 2014), <https://www.energy.gov/articles/infographic-understanding-grid>.

² See Energy Information Agency, *Major utilities continue to increase spending on U.S. electric distribution systems*, (July 20, 2018), <https://www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/detail.php?id=36675>.

regions—presents another critical challenge facing the grid. Upgrading and expanding the current transmission system will enhance grid reliability and resilience and enable the cost-effective integration of clean energy.

Modernizing, hardening, and expanding the grid will enhance the resilience of our entire electric system, and ensure that electricity is available to customers when it is needed most. Aging infrastructure leaves the grid increasingly vulnerable to attacks.³ The increasing frequency of extreme weather events is leading to energy supply disruptions that threaten the economy, put public health and safety at risk, and can devastate affected communities all over the country. Investment in transmission infrastructure can help protect the grid against supply disruptions due to physical and cyber-attacks or climate-induced extreme weather, minimize the impact of supply disruptions when they happen, and restore electricity more quickly when outages do occur.

Expanding transmission capacity also improves reliability by creating stronger and more numerous energy delivery pathways, helping to ensure that consumers have a dependable source of electricity to power their homes, schools, and businesses. When one generation source is physically unavailable or uneconomic, transmission enables delivery from other generation sources, making the system better equipped to meet delivery requirements under the broader range of real circumstances and stresses seen in recent years.

Electric grid investment also spurs economic growth. Investment in the grid will create demand for well-paying jobs in construction and will drive innovation, commercialization, and deployment of energy technologies that can spur new businesses. Moreover, clean energy generation is increasingly the least-cost option in many parts of the country, and investment in transmission will play a critical role in unlocking the deployment of greater renewable energy generation.

Transmission is critical to addressing the climate crisis through the decarbonization of the power sector and electrification of transportation and other sectors. The climate crisis accelerates the need for the United States to modernize its electric grid. To

³ See ICF International, *Electric Grid Security and Resilience: Establishing a Baseline for Adversarial Threats*, at 26 (June 2016), <https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2017/01/f34/Electric%20Grid%20Security%20and%20Resilience—Establishing%20a%20Baseline%20for%20Adversarial%20Threats.pdf>.