

competes aggressively with other Uinta Basin waxy crude producers. Post-Transaction, the smaller number of Uinta Basin waxy crude producers could more easily coordinate rail exports, production plans, and contract terms to increase waxy crude prices for Salt Lake City area refiners.

XCL's internal, high-level analysis and strategy documents acknowledged the likely competitive effects from the Transaction from the beginning of the process up to and including during the Commission's investigation. During a January 15, 2021 meeting, an XCL Board member noted that a combination with EPE would create \$35–75 million in marketing synergies and that it was a “[d]efensive move with EP currently communicating 20+ wells per year to SLC refiners. Go from 14% of wax supply to 30–40%.”¹ A May 18, 2021 XCL Technical Meeting presentation, attended by most of the XCL Board members, stated that the Transaction would result in “Increasing Scale in our Basin—taking out 1 of 4 major producers, 40%+ of Wax Market, Driver's seat.”² An August 25, 2021 memorandum to the Advisory Board of EnCap XI similarly emphasized the small number of significant players, stating that the “. . . the Uinta is . . . largely controlled by three operators.”³

V. The Proposed Order and the Order To Maintain Assets

The proposed Order and the Order to Maintain Assets would remedy the Transaction's likely anticompetitive effects by requiring EnCap to divest the entirety of EP Energy business and assets in or relating to the state of Utah, including the business of oil and gas exploration, production, research, development, gathering, transportation, distribution, marketing, and sales in or from the Uinta Basin, to Crescent. Respondents must also divest additional assets if the Commission determines that additional assets are necessary to achieve the purpose of the proposed Order within the first year after the Order is issued. Crescent is an experienced operator in the development, production and sale of crude oil and natural gas, and will be a new entrant in the Uinta Basin. The Commission retains the right to appoint a Trustee to find another buyer of the divestiture assets if it determines Crescent is not an acceptable buyer.

The proposed Order requires that the divestiture be completed no later than 10 days after EnCap consummates the Transaction. The proposed Order and the Order to Maintain Assets further require EnCap to operate and maintain the divestiture assets in the ordinary course of business, including maintaining the economic viability, marketability, and competitiveness of the divestiture assets until Crescent completes its acquisition of the divestiture assets.

The proposed Order contains additional provisions designed to ensure the effectiveness of the relief. For example, the proposed Order also requires the Respondents to grant Crescent a perpetual license to use any retained intellectual property, and to obtain all other consents or authorizations to consummate the sale of the divestiture assets from all necessary third parties or governmental entities. Respondents are required to provide Crescent with transitional assistance for up to 180 days following the divestiture of the assets and must cooperate with and assist Crescent to evaluate and offer employment to employees involved in the business and assets subject to divestiture. Respondents have also agreed not to enforce any employee noncompete or non-solicitation agreements against Crescent. Finally, the proposed Order also provides for the appointment of an independent Monitor to oversee the Respondents' compliance with the requirements of the Order.

In addition to requiring the asset divestitures, the proposed Order requires EnCap to obtain prior approval from the Commission before making certain future acquisitions in the Utah counties that encompass the Uinta Basin (Duchesne, Uintah, Utah, Grand, Emery, Carbon, and Wasatch) over the next ten years.

The proposed Order also requires Crescent to obtain prior approval from the Commission before transferring all or substantially all of the divested assets to any buyer for the first three years after Crescent acquires the divestiture assets. For the seven years following the initial three-year period, the proposed Order requires Crescent to obtain prior approval from the Commission before transferring all or substantially all of the divested assets to a buyer engaged in the development, production, or sale of waxy crude in the Uinta Basin.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the Consent Agreement, and the Commission does not intend this analysis to constitute an official

interpretation of the proposed Order or to modify its terms in any way.

By direction of the Commission.

April J. Tabor,
Secretary.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day–22–22DI; Docket No. CDC–2022–0035]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), located within the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled Noise Exposures and Hearing Loss in the Oil and Gas Extraction Industry. This information collection is designed to evaluate oil and gas extraction workers' noise and chemical exposures and hearing.

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before May 31, 2022.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC–2022–0035, by either of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Mail:* Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to www.regulations.gov.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (www.regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

¹ ENC–FTC–200034640 (Jan. 17, 2021); *see also* EnCap 4(c)–4 (Jan. 15, 2021).

² EnCap 4(c)–8 at 63 (May 18, 2021); EnCap Resp. to VRL Req. 12 (Feb. 21, 2022).

³ ENC–FTC–201680452, at ENC–FTC–201680453 (Aug. 25, 2021).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21-8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone: 404-639-7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including

whether the information will have practical utility;

2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses; and

5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Noise Exposures and Hearing Loss in the Oil and Gas Extraction Industry—New—National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Oil and gas extraction (OGE) workers play an important role in supporting the United States economy and help fulfill the energy needs of Americans and American businesses. OGE workers have significant risks for a variety of exposures at oil and gas well sites, and there has been no significant

occupational noise exposure research in the United States onshore upstream OGE sector. This proposed project will characterize relationships between noise exposure, chemical exposures, hearing loss, and hearing loss prevention practices within the onshore OGE industry.

Primary data will be collected using three approaches. First, researchers will collect direct measurements of noise and ototoxic chemicals on job sites, including personal exposure assessments of OGE workers. Second, researchers will use a questionnaire to collect information on noise and chemical exposures, hearing loss, and associated factors among OGE workers. Third, audiometry tests performed by NIOSH will be offered to industry partners to further understand extent of hearing loss amongst OGE workers.

Data will be used to understand noise exposures, ototoxic chemical exposures, self-reported hearing loss, and hearing loss prevention practices in the OGE industry. Subsequently, the data and analysis will be used to create evidence-based interventions and recommendations, which will be communicated to the spectrum of OGE industry stakeholders.

CDC requests OMB approval for an estimated 65 annual burden hours. There is no cost to respondents other than their time to participate.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Oil and Gas Workers	Noise and Hearing Questionnaire	167	1	17/60	47
	Audiometry Testing	33	1	30/60	17
	Exposure Monitoring Results Notification Form ..	40	1	2/60	1
Total	65

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

Lead, Information Collection Review Office, Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of Science, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60-Day-22-0488; Docket No. CDC-2022-0043]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a proposed and/or continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled Interstate Travel of Persons: Report of Illness or Death (42 CFR part 70). This collection gathers information on the required reporting of ill persons