

*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5168.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2546–000.  
*Applicants:* ISO New England Inc., New England Power Pool Participants Committee.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: ISO New England Inc. submits tariff filing per 35.13(a)(2)(iii): ISO–NE/NEPOOL; Revisions Related to Continuous Storage Facility Model to be effective 10/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5169.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2547–000.  
*Applicants:* West Penn Power Company.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: FirstEnergy Filing of West Penn 2022 Consolidated Agreement to be effective 10/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5170.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2548–000.  
*Applicants:* Mid-Atlantic Interstate Transmission, LLC.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: FirstEnergy Filing of MAIT 2022 Consolidated Agreement to be effective 10/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5174.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2549–000.  
*Applicants:* Red Lake Falls Community Hybrid LLC.  
*Description:* Tariff Amendment: Cancellation of Complete Tariff to be effective 7/30/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5178.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2550–000.  
*Applicants:* Midway-Sunset Cogeneration Company.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: Midway Sunset Cogeneration Request for Daily Surcharge Payment to be effective 8/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5182.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2551–000.  
*Applicants:* Tucson Electric Power Company.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: OATT Service Agreement Nos. 498 and 502 to be effective 7/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5185.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2552–000.  
*Applicants:* Java Solar, LLC.  
*Description:* Baseline eTariff Filing: Java Solar, LLC Application for Market-

Based Rate Authorization to be effective 9/15/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5186.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2553–000.  
*Applicants:* Public Service Company of Colorado.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: 2022–07–29 PSCo Subentity Agrmt-538–0.1.0 to be effective 8/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5190.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2554–000.  
*Applicants:* Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: DEC–NCMPA1 Revised NITSA SA No. 212 to be effective 7/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5191.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2555–000.  
*Applicants:* Pennsylvania Electric Company, PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: Pennsylvania Electric Company submits tariff filing per 35.13(a)(2)(iii): Penelec Submits IA No. 6412 to be effective 10/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5205.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2556–000.  
*Applicants:* Rainbow Energy Marketing Corporation.  
*Description:* Compliance filing: Rainbow Energy Marketing Corp Change in Status Notice to be effective 7/30/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5206.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2557–000.  
*Applicants:* Basin Electric Power Cooperative.  
*Description:* Tariff Amendment: Basin Electric Notice of Cancellation of Service Agreements to be effective 6/28/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5210.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2558–000.  
*Applicants:* Great Pathfinder Wind, LLC.  
*Description:* Baseline eTariff Filing: Application for Market Base Rate to be effective 10/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5220.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2559–000.  
*Applicants:* Alabama Power Company, Georgia Power Company, Mississippi Power Company.

*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: Alabama Power Company submits tariff filing per 35.13(a)(2)(iii): Cooperative Energy NITSA Amendment Filing (adding Cumbest Bluff DP) to be effective 7/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5221.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2560–000.  
*Applicants:* PacifiCorp.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: Amendments to FERC Volume No. 13 to be effective 10/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5238.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
*Docket Numbers:* ER22–2561–000.  
*Applicants:* Black Hills Colorado Electric, LLC.  
*Description:* § 205(d) Rate Filing: Certificate of Concurrence to PSCO Subentity Sharing Agreement to be effective 8/1/2022.  
*Filed Date:* 7/29/22.  
*Accession Number:* 20220729–5240.  
*Comment Date:* 5 p.m. ET 8/19/22.  
 The filings are accessible in the Commission's eLibrary system (<https://elibrary.ferc.gov/idmws/search/fercensearch.asp>) by querying the docket number.

Any person desiring to intervene or protest in any of the above proceedings must file in accordance with Rules 211 and 214 of the Commission's Regulations (18 CFR 385.211 and 385.214) on or before 5:00 p.m. Eastern time on the specified comment date. Protests may be considered, but intervention is necessary to become a party to the proceeding.  
 eFiling is encouraged. More detailed information relating to filing requirements, interventions, protests, service, and qualifying facilities filings can be found at: <http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/efiling/filing-req.pdf>. For other information, call (866) 208–3676 (toll free). For TTY, call (202) 502–8659.

Dated: July 29, 2022.

**Debbie-Anne A. Reese,**

*Deputy Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2022–16730 Filed 8–3–22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6717–01–P**

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA–HQ–OPP–2022–0624; FRL–10087–01–OCSPP]

### Pesticide Emergency Exemptions; Agency Decisions and State and Federal Agency Crisis Declarations

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** EPA has granted emergency exemptions under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) for use of pesticides as listed in this notice. The exemptions were granted during the period July 1, 2021, to June 30, 2022, to control unforeseen pest outbreaks.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Marietta Echeverria, Registration Division (7505T), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; main telephone number: (202) 566–1030; email address: [RDFRNotices@epa.gov](mailto:RDFRNotices@epa.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:****I. General Information***A. Does this action apply to me?*

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them. Potentially affected entities may include:

- Crop production (NAICS code 111).
- Animal production (NAICS code 112).
- Food manufacturing (NAICS code 311).
- Pesticide manufacturing (NAICS code 32532).

If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed at the end of the emergency exemption.

*B. How can I get copies of this document and other related information?*

The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPP–2022–0624, is available at <https://www.regulations.gov> or at the Office of Pesticide Programs Regulatory Public Docket (OPP Docket) in the Environmental Protection Agency Docket Center (EPA/DC), West William Jefferson Clinton Bldg., Rm. 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room and the OPP Docket is (202) 566–1744. Please review the visitor instructions and additional information about the docket available at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

**II. Background**

EPA has granted emergency exemptions to the following State and Federal agencies. The emergency exemptions may take the following form: Crisis, public health, quarantine, or specific.

Under FIFRA section 18 (7 U.S.C. 136p), EPA can authorize the use of a pesticide when emergency conditions exist. Authorizations (commonly called emergency exemptions) are granted to State and Federal agencies and are of four types:

1. A “specific exemption” authorizes use of a pesticide against specific pests for a specific crop/site on a limited acreage, or other unit for treatment (*e.g.*, square footage, cartons of produce in a particular State. Most emergency exemptions are specific exemptions.
2. “Quarantine” and “public health” exemptions are emergency exemptions issued for quarantine or public health purposes. These are requested less frequently than specific exemptions.
3. A “crisis exemption” is initiated by a State or Federal agency (and is concurred upon by EPA) when there is insufficient time to request and obtain EPA permission for emergency use of a pesticide under one of the other types of emergency exemptions.

EPA may deny an emergency exemption request: If the State or Federal agency cannot demonstrate that an emergency exists, if the use poses unacceptable risks to the environment, or if EPA cannot reach a conclusion that the proposed pesticide use is likely to result in “a reasonable certainty of no harm” to human health, including exposure of infants and children to residues of the pesticide.

If the emergency use of the pesticide on a food or feed commodity would result in pesticide chemical residues, EPA establishes a time-limited tolerance meeting the “reasonable certainty of no harm standard” of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA).

In this document: EPA identifies the State or Federal agency granted the exemption, the type of exemption, the pesticide authorized, the pests, the crop or use for which authorized, number of acres or other unit for treatment (if applicable), and the effective date of the exemption. EPA also gives the **Federal Register** citation for the time-limited tolerance, if any, and notes when a Notice of Receipt (if required under 40 CFR 166.24) was published in the **Federal Register**.

**III. Emergency Exemptions***A. U.S. States and Territories*

## Alabama

Department of Agriculture and Industries

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the use of fluridone on a maximum of 10,000 acres of peanut to control herbicide-resistant Palmer amaranth. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.420(b). The authorization was effective April 15, 2022.

## Arkansas

Department of Agriculture

*Crisis exemptions:* EPA concurred upon a crisis exemption declared by the Arkansas Department of Agriculture for the use of methoxyfenozide to control fall armyworm in rice. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this use and are established in 40 CFR 180.544(b). The crisis exemption was effective July 28, 2021.

EPA concurred upon a crisis exemption declared by the Arkansas Department of Agriculture for the use of thiamethoxam to control severe infestations of rice stinkbug. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this use and are established in 40 CFR 180.565(b). The crisis exemption was effective August 13, 2021.

*Specific exemptions:* EPA authorized the use of methoxyfenozide on a maximum of 250,000 acres of rice to control fall armyworm. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.544(b). The authorization was effective September 29, 2021.

EPA authorized the use of thiamethoxam on a maximum of 300,000 acres of rice to control rice stink bug. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.565(b). The authorization was effective October 15, 2021.

EPA authorized the use of fluridone on a maximum of 5,000 acres of peanut to control herbicide-resistant Palmer amaranth. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.420(b). The authorization was effective April 15, 2022.

## California

## Department of Pesticide Regulation

*Specific exemptions:* EPA authorized the use of kasugamycin on a maximum of 100,000 acres of almond trees to control bacterial blast. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.614(b). The authorization was effective February 1, 2022.

EPA authorized the use of methoxyfenozide on a maximum of 102,000 acres of rice to control armyworm and Western Yellowstriped Armyworm. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.544(b). The authorization was effective May 1, 2022.

## Georgia

## Department of Agriculture

*Public Health Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective February 15, 2022.

## Hawaii

## Department of Agriculture

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the use of fluxapyroxad and pyraclostrobin (co-formulated in Priaxor™ Xemium® Brand Fungicide) on a maximum of 8,000 acres of coffee to control coffee leaf rust. Import tolerances in connection with prior registration actions are established in 40 CFR 180.166 for fluxapyroxad and 40 CFR 180.582 for pyraclostrobin and are sufficient to support this use. The authorization was effective May 19, 2022.

## Louisiana

## Department of Agriculture and Forestry

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the use of triclopyr on a maximum of 450,000 acres of sugarcane to control divine nightshade. A time-limited tolerance in connection with a previous action supports this emergency use and is established in 40 CFR 180.417(b). The authorization was effective October 1, 2021.

## Maryland

## Department of Agriculture

*Public Health Exemptions:* EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an

unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective July 1, 2021.

EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective February 15, 2022.

*Specific Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of bifenthrin on a maximum of 3,570 acres of apples, nectarines and peaches to control brown marmorated stinkbug. Time-limited tolerances in connection with previous actions supported this emergency use and were established in 40 CFR 180.442(b). Permanent tolerances have since been established for these commodities at 40 CFR 180.442(a). The authorization was effective August 5, 2021.

## Massachusetts

## Department of Agriculture and Resource

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the use of propyzamide on a maximum of 5,000 acres of cranberries to control dodder. A time-limited tolerance in connection with a previous action supports this emergency use and is established in 40 CFR 180.317(b). The authorization was effective March 4, 2022.

## Michigan

## Department of Agriculture and Rural Development

*Specific Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of acifluorfen on a maximum of 48,000 acres of sugar beets for postemergence control of invasive *Amaranthus* (pigweed) spp., waterhemp, and Palmer amaranth. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.383(b). The authorization was effective April 28, 2022.

*Quarantine Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of imidacloprid on a maximum of 1,566 acres of Eastern Hemlock trees to control Hemlock Woolly Adelgid. The authorization was effective August 12, 2021.

## Minnesota

## Department of Agriculture

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the use of acifluorfen on a maximum of 96,000 acres of sugar beets for postemergence control of glyphosate-resistant waterhemp. Time-limited

tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.383(b). The authorization was effective May 16, 2022.

## Mississippi

## Department of Agriculture and Commerce

*Crisis exemption:* EPA concurred upon a crisis exemption declared by the Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce for the use of methoxyfenozide to control fall armyworm in rice. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this use and are established in 40 CFR 180.544(b). The crisis exemption was effective July 28, 2021.

*Specific exemptions:* EPA authorized the use of methoxyfenozide on a maximum of 60,000 acres of rice to fall armyworm. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.544(b). The authorization was effective September 29, 2021.

EPA authorized the use of fluridone on a maximum of 4,000 acres of peanut to control herbicide-resistant Palmer amaranth. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.420(b). The authorization was effective April 15, 2022.

## Missouri

## Department of Agriculture

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the use of fluridone on a maximum of 4,000 acres of peanut to control herbicide-resistant Palmer amaranth. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.420(b). This authorization was effective April 15, 2022.

## Nevada

## Department of Agriculture

*Public Health Exemptions:* EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective July 1, 2021.

EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome

Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective February 15, 2022.

New York

Department of Environmental Conservation

*Specific Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of bifenthrin on a maximum of 7,521 acres of apples, nectarines and peaches to control brown marmorated stinkbug. Time-limited tolerances in connection with previous actions supported this emergency use and were established in 40 CFR 180.442(b). Permanent tolerances have since been established for these commodities at 40 CFR 180.442(a). The authorization was effective August 5, 2021.

North Carolina

Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the postharvest use of thiabendazole on a maximum of 95,000 acres of sweet potatoes to control black rot. A time-limited tolerance in connection with a previous action supported this emergency use and was established in 40 CFR 180.242(b). The authorization was effective July 2, 2021.

North Dakota

Department of Agriculture

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the use of acifluorfen on a maximum of 34,000 acres of sugar beets for postemergence control of glyphosate resistant waterhemp. Time-limited tolerances in connection with a previous action support this emergency use and are established in 40 CFR 180.383(b). The authorization was effective May 16, 2022.

Pennsylvania

Department of Agriculture

*Public Health Exemptions:* EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective July 1, 2021. EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective January 14, 2022.

*Specific Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of bifenthrin on a maximum of

24,973 acres of apples, nectarines and peaches to control the brown marmorated stinkbug. Time-limited tolerances in connection with previous actions supported this emergency use and were established in 40 CFR 180.442(b). Permanent tolerances have since been established for these commodities at 40 CFR 180.442(a). The authorization was effective August 5, 2021.

Tennessee

Department of Agriculture

*Public Health Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective January 14, 2022.

Texas

Department of Agriculture

*Public Health Exemptions:* EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective July 1, 2021. EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective January 14, 2022.

Virginia

Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

*Public Health Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of triethylene glycol formulated as Grignard Pure, an unregistered product for air treatment in indoor spaces, (occupied and unoccupied) to help control the spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 or SARS-CoV-2. The authorization was effective January 14, 2022.

*Specific Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of bifenthrin on a maximum of 29,000 acres of apples, nectarines and peaches to control the brown marmorated stinkbug. Time-limited tolerances in connection with previous actions supported this emergency use and were established in 40 CFR 180.442(b). Permanent tolerances have

been established for these commodities at 40 CFR 180.442(a). The authorization was effective August 5, 2021.

West Virginia

Department of Agriculture

*Specific Exemption:* EPA authorized the use of bifenthrin on a maximum of 5,986 acres of apples, nectarines and peaches to control the brown marmorated stinkbug. Time-limited tolerances in connection with previous actions supported this emergency use and were established in 40 CFR 180.442(b). Permanent tolerances have since been established for these commodities at 40 CFR 180.442(a). The authorization was effective August 5, 2021.

*B. Federal Departments and Agencies*

United States Department of Agriculture  
Animal and Plant Health Inspector Service

*Quarantine Exemptions:* EPA authorized the use of sodium hypochlorite on porous and nonporous surfaces to decontaminate from viruses of foot and mouth disease, classical swine fever, and African swine fever. The authorization was effective September 10, 2021.

EPA authorized the use of sodium hydroxide on nonporous surfaces to control prions. The authorization was effective September 24, 2021.

EPA authorized the use of sodium hypochlorite on nonporous surfaces to control prions. The authorization was effective September 24, 2021.

EPA authorized the use of citric acid to treat for disinfection of porous and nonporous surfaces contaminated with foot-and-mouth disease virus, African swine fever virus, low pathogenic avian influenza virus, and highly pathogenic avian flu influenza virus. The authorization was effective March 2, 2022.

EPA authorized the use of a mixture of potassium peroxymonosulfate and propylene glycol for disinfection of nonporous surfaces associated with poultry facilities infected with highly pathogenic avian influenza virus. The authorization was effective March 23, 2022.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

*Specific exemption:* EPA authorized the use of ortho-phthaldehyde, immobilized to a porous resin, to treat the International Space Station internal active thermal control system (IATCS) coolant for control of aerobic and microaerophilic water bacteria and unidentified gram-negative rods. This

request was granted because, without this use, the ISS would have no means to control organisms in the IATCS since there are no registered alternatives available which meet the required criteria. The emergency request proposed a use of a new (unregistered) chemical and in accordance with the requirements at 40 CFR 166.24(a)(1), a notice of receipt published in the **Federal Register** on September 15, 2021, to allow a public comment period, which closed on September 30, 2021. The authorization was effective October 7, 2021.

(Authority: 7 U.S.C. 136 *et seq.*)

Dated: July 28, 2022.  
**Marietta Echeverria,**  
*Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.*  
 [FR Doc. 2022-16646 Filed 8-3-22; 8:45 am]  
**BILLING CODE 6560-50-P**

**FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION**

[FR ID 99193]

**Open Commission Meeting Friday, August 5, 2022**

The Federal Communications Commission will hold an Open Meeting on the subjects listed below on Friday,

August 5, 2022, which is scheduled to commence at 10:30 a.m. in the Commission Meeting Room of the Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC.

While attendance at the Open Meeting is available to the public, the FCC headquarters building is not open access, and all guests must check in with and be screened by FCC security at the main entrance on L Street. Attendees at the Open Meeting will not be required to have an appointment but must otherwise comply with protocols outlined at: [www.fcc.gov/visit](http://www.fcc.gov/visit). Open Meetings are streamed live at: [www.fcc.gov/live](http://www.fcc.gov/live) and on the FCC's YouTube channel.

Item No.	Bureau	Subject
1	WIRELINE COMPETITION	<i>Title:</i> Affordable Connectivity Outreach Grant Program (WC Docket No. 21-450). <i>Summary:</i> The Commission will consider a Second Report and Order which would establish the Affordable Connectivity Outreach Grant Program to provide eligible governmental and non-governmental entities funding to conduct outreach to increase awareness of and encourage participation in the Affordable Connectivity Program among eligible low-income households.
2	WIRELINE COMPETITION	<i>Title:</i> 'Your Home, Your Internet' Pilot Program (WC Docket No. 21-450). <i>Summary:</i> The Commission will consider a Third Report and Order which would establish the one-year Your Home, Your Internet Pilot Program with the goal of increasing awareness of the Affordable Connectivity Program among recipients of federal housing assistance and facilitating enrollment in the ACP by providing targeted assistance with the ACP application.
3	INTERNATIONAL	<i>Title:</i> Space Innovation (IB Docket No 22-271); Facilitating Capabilities for In-Space Servicing, Assembly, and Manufacturing (IB Docket No. 22-272). <i>Summary:</i> The Commission will consider a Notice of Inquiry (NOI) that would examine opportunities and challenges of in-space servicing, assembly, and manufacturing—or "ISAM"—that can support sustained economic activity in space. This NOI would develop an up-to-date record on current ISAM activities and seek input on steps the Commission might take to facilitate ISAM missions, including through updates to Commission rules and processes.
4	INTERNATIONAL	<i>Title:</i> Amendment of Parts 2 and 25 of the Commission's Rules to Enable GSO Fixed-Satellite Service (Space-to-Earth) Operations in the 17.3-17.8 GHz Band, to Modernize Certain Rules Applicable to 17/24 GHz BSS Space Stations, and to Establish Off-Axis Uplink Power Limits for Extended Ka-Band FSS Operations (IB Docket No. 20-330); and to Enable NGSO Fixed-Satellite Service (Space-to-Earth) Operations in the 17.3-17.8 GHz Band (IB Docket No. 22-273). <i>Summary:</i> The Commission will consider a Report and Order and a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that would adopt a coprimary allocation for geostationary satellite orbit (GSO) fixed-satellite service (FSS) operations in the space-to-Earth (downlink) direction in the 17.3-17.8 GHz band, while protecting incumbent services, and inquire into whether the Commission should expand this FSS allocation in the 17.3-17.8 GHz band to include non-geostationary orbit (NGSO) FSS operations also in the downlink direction.
5	MEDIA	<i>Title:</i> Restricted Adjudicatory Matter <i>Summary:</i> The Commission will consider a restricted adjudicatory matter.
6	ENFORCEMENT	<i>Title:</i> Enforcement Bureau Action. <i>Summary:</i> The Commission will consider an enforcement action.

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The meeting will be webcast at: [www.fcc.gov/live](http://www.fcc.gov/live). Open captioning will be provided as well as a text only version on the FCC website. Other reasonable accommodations for people with disabilities are available upon request. In your request, include a description of the accommodation you will need and a way we can contact you if we need more information. Last

minute requests will be accepted but may be impossible to fill. Send an email to: [fcc504@fcc.gov](mailto:fcc504@fcc.gov) or call the Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau at 202-418-0530.

*Press Access*—Members of the news media are welcome to attend the meeting and will be provided reserved seating on a first-come, first-served basis. Following the meeting, the Chairwoman may hold a news

conference in which she will take questions from credentialed members of the press in attendance. Also, senior policy and legal staff will be made available to the press in attendance for questions related to the items on the meeting agenda. Commissioners may also choose to hold press conferences. Press may also direct questions to the Office of Media Relations (OMR): [MediaRelations@fcc.gov](mailto:MediaRelations@fcc.gov). Questions