

dried leaves at 0.05 ppm; Stevia, fresh leaves at 0.05 ppm; Vegetable, legume, pulse, bean, dried shelled, except soybean, subgroup 6–22E at 0.05 ppm; Vegetable, legume, pulse, pea, dried shelled, subgroup 6–22F at 0.05 ppm; and Vegetable, tuberous and corm, subgroup 1C at 0.01 ppm.

Additionally, the following tolerances are removed as unnecessary: Bean, dry, seed at 0.05 ppm; pea, dry, seed at 0.05 ppm; and potato at 0.01 ppm. Finally, EPA is removing the tolerance on potato at 0.05 ppm as a housecleaning measure, since that tolerance expired on January 28, 2021.

VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

This action establishes tolerances under FFDCA section 408(d) in response to a petition submitted to the Agency. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted these types of actions from review under Executive Order 12866, entitled “Regulatory Planning and Review” (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993). Because this action has been exempted from review under Executive Order 12866, this action is not subject to Executive Order 13211, entitled “Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use” (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001), or to Executive Order 13045, entitled “Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks” (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997). This action does not contain any information collections subject to OMB approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), nor does it require any special considerations under Executive Order 12898, entitled “Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations” (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

Since tolerances and exemptions that are established on the basis of a petition under FFDCA section 408(d), such as the tolerances in this final rule, do not require the issuance of a proposed rule, the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*), do not apply.

This action directly regulates growers, food processors, food handlers, and food retailers, not States or Tribes, nor does this action alter the relationships or distribution of power and responsibilities established by Congress in the preemption provisions of FFDCA section 408(n)(4). As such, the Agency has determined that this action will not have a substantial direct effect on States or Tribal Governments, on the

relationship between the National Government and the States or Tribal Governments, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government or between the Federal Government and Indian Tribes. Thus, the Agency has determined that Executive Order 13132, entitled “Federalism” (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999) and Executive Order 13175, entitled “Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments” (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000) do not apply to this action. In addition, this action does not impose any enforceable duty or contain any unfunded mandate as described under Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA) (2 U.S.C. 1501 *et seq.*).

This action does not involve any technical standards that would require Agency consideration of voluntary consensus standards pursuant to section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTAA) (15 U.S.C. 272 note).

VII. Congressional Review Act

Pursuant to the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*), EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides, and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: March 31, 2023.

Daniel Rosenblatt,
Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, for the reasons stated in the preamble, EPA is amending 40 CFR chapter 1 as follows:

PART 180—TOLERANCES AND EXEMPTIONS FOR PESTICIDE CHEMICAL RESIDUES IN FOOD

■ 1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority : 21 U.S.C. 321(q), 346a and 371.

■ 2. In § 180.416, amend paragraph (a) by revising the table to read as follows:

§ 180.416 Ethalfuralin; tolerances for residues.

(a) * * *

TABLE 1 TO PARAGRAPH (a)

Commodity	Parts per million
Dill, dried leaves	0.05
Dill, fresh leaves	0.05
Hemp, seed	0.05
Onion, bulb, subgroup 3–07A	0.01
Peanut	0.05
Rapeseed subgroup 20A	0.05
Soybean	0.05
Stevia, dried leaves	0.05
Stevia, fresh leaves	0.05
Sunflower subgroup 20B	0.05
Vegetable, cucurbit, group 9	0.05
Vegetable, legume, pulse, bean, dried shelled, except soybean, subgroup 6–22E	0.05
Vegetable, legume, pulse, pea, dried shelled, subgroup 6–22F	0.05
Vegetable, tuberous and corm, subgroup 1C	0.01

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[FR Doc. 2023–07456 Filed 4–7–23; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 54

[WC Docket No. 17–310; FCC 23–6; FR ID 135131]

Promoting Telehealth in Rural America; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission (Commission) is correcting a final rule that appeared in the **Federal Register** on March 23, 2023. In the document, amendatory instruction 4 of the rules incorrectly removed the subparagraphs to paragraph (a) when paragraph (a) was revised. This correction is made to amend instruction 4 so that only paragraph (a) introductory text be revised and the subparagraphs remain in place.

DATES: Effective April 10, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bryan P. Boyle, *Bryan.Boyle@fcc.gov*, Telecommunications Access Policy Division, Wireline Competition Bureau, (202) 418–7400 or TTY: (202) 418–0484.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In FR Doc. 2023–04991, appearing on page 17379 in the **Federal Register** of Thursday, March 23, 2023, the following correction is made:

§ 54.619 [Corrected]

■ 1. On page 17396, in the first column, in part 54, in amendment 4, the

instruction “Amend § 54.619 by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:” is corrected to read “Amend § 54.619 by revising the introductory text of paragraph (a) to read as follows:”

Federal Communications Commission.

Dated: March 23, 2023.

Marlene Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2023-07215 Filed 4-7-23; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 220510-0113; RTID 0648-XC858]

Fisheries Off West Coast States; Modification of the West Coast Salmon Fisheries; Inseason Actions #48 Through #50

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Inseason modification of 2022–2023 management measures.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces three inseason actions for the 2023 portion of the 2022–2023 ocean salmon fishing season. These inseason actions modify the recreational and commercial salmon fisheries in the area from Cape Falcon, OR, to the U.S./Mexico border.

DATES: The effective dates for the inseason actions are set out in this document under the heading Inseason Actions and the actions remain in effect until superseded or modified.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Shannon Penna at 562-980-4239, Email: Shannon.Penna@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The annual management measures for the 2022–2023 ocean salmon fisheries (87 FR 29690, May 16, 2022) govern the commercial and recreational fisheries in the area from the U.S./Canada border to the U.S./Mexico border, effective from 0001 hours Pacific Daylight Time (PDT), May 16, 2022, until the effective date of the 2023–2024 management measures, as published in the **Federal Register**. NMFS is authorized to implement inseason management actions to modify fishing seasons and quotas as necessary to provide fishing opportunity while meeting management objectives for the affected species (50 CFR 660.409).

Inseason actions in the salmon fishery may be taken directly by NMFS (50 CFR 660.409(a)—Fixed inseason management provisions) or upon consultation with the Chairman of the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council), and the appropriate State Directors (50 CFR 660.409(b)—Flexible inseason management provisions).

Management of the salmon fisheries is divided into two geographic areas: north of Cape Falcon (NOF) (U.S./Canada border to Cape Falcon, OR), and south of Cape Falcon (SOF) (Cape Falcon, OR, to the U.S./Mexico border). The actions described in this document affect the SOF commercial and recreational salmon fisheries, as set out under the heading Inseason Actions below.

Consultations with the Council Chairperson on these inseason actions occurred on March 9, 2023. Representatives from NMFS, Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW), California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) and Council staff participated in these consultations. The Salmon Advisory Subpanel and Salmon Technical Team (STT) were also present.

These inseason actions were announced on NMFS' telephone hotline and U.S. Coast Guard radio broadcast on the date of the consultations (50 CFR 660.411(a)(2)).

Inseason Actions

Reason and authorization for inseason actions #48–#50

At its March 4–10, 2023, meeting, the STT presented updated stock abundance forecasts for salmon stocks managed under the Pacific Coast Salmon Fishery Management Plan (FMP). Based on the STT's report, SOF ocean salmon fisheries will be constrained in 2023 by the very low abundance forecasts for Klamath River fall-run Chinook (KRFC) salmon and Sacramento River fall-run Chinook (SRFC) salmon. KRFC salmon continue to meet the criteria as overfished, which was determined under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (MSA) in 2018, and SRFC salmon is currently at risk of approaching an overfished condition. KRFC Chinook salmon expected abundance is low enough that the stock will be managed under the *de minimus* provisions of the harvest control rule in the Pacific Coast Salmon Fishery Management Plan (FMP). In addition, the abundance of these stocks has been substantially over-forecast in recent years, and escapements have been much lower than anticipated preseason. The forecast of potential spawner abundance

is derived from the ocean abundance forecasts, ocean natural mortality rates, age-specific maturation rates, stray rates, and the proportion of escapement expected to spawn in natural areas. To reduce the impacts on KRFC salmon and SRFC salmon and respond to the forecasts, NMFS took three inseason actions on March 9, 2023, concurrent with the March Council meeting to restrict some fisheries that were previously scheduled to open prior to May 16, 2023 (87 FR 29690, May 16, 2022).

The NMFS West Coast Regional Administrator (RA) considered the abundance forecasts for Chinook salmon stocks and the projected impacts in the ocean salmon fisheries, as modeled by the STT, and determined that the inseason actions described below are necessary to meet management and conservation goals set preseason. These inseason actions modify quotas and/or fishing seasons under 50 CFR 660.409(b)(1)(i).

Inseason Action #48

Description of the action: Inseason action #48 modifies the SOF commercial salmon troll fishery from Cape Falcon, OR, to the Heceta Bank Line (lat. 43°58'00" N), OR; Heceta Bank Line (lat. 43°58'00" N), OR, to Humbug Mountain, OR; and Humbug Mountain, OR, to the Oregon/California border, previously scheduled to open on March 15, 2023. This fishery is closed through May 15, 2023.

Effective date: Inseason action #48 took effect on March 15, 2023, at 12:01 a.m. and remains in effect until superseded.

Inseason Action #49

Description of the action: Inseason action #49 modifies the SOF ocean salmon recreational fishery from Cape Falcon, OR, to Humbug Mountain, OR, previously scheduled to open on March 15, 2023. This fishery is closed through May 15, 2023.

Effective date: Inseason action #49 took effect on March 15, 2023, at 12:01 a.m. and remains in effect until superseded.

Inseason Action #50

Description of the action: Inseason action #50 modifies the ocean salmon recreational fishery and the salmon troll commercial fishery from the Oregon/California border to the U.S./Mexico border. These fisheries are closed through May 15, 2023.

Effective dates: Inseason action #50 takes effect for the following areas and dates, and remains in effect until superseded.