

supplemental EIS will provide new analysis in response to a remand by the United States District Court for the District of Alaska (Court).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Casey Rowe, Supervisor, Environmental Analysis Section, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Alaska OCS Region, 3801 Centerpoint Drive, Suite 500, Anchorage, Alaska 99503-5820, telephone (907) 312-3788, email casey.rowe@boem.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: BOEM was required to hold Cook Inlet Lease Sale 258 (Lease Sale 258) by the end of December 2022, as directed in the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (Pub. L. 117-169, enacted Aug. 16, 2022). On October 28, 2022, BOEM published the notice of availability regarding the Cook Inlet Lease Sale 258 final EIS in the **Federal Register** (87 FR 65247). Subsequently, on November 22, 2022, the Assistant Secretary for Land and Minerals Management signed the record of decision (ROD). BOEM published a notice of availability in the **Federal Register** (87 FR 73322) on November 29, 2022. On December 30, 2022, BOEM held Lease Sale 258, receiving one bid on one block, resulting in the issuance of one lease.

On December 21, 2022, plaintiffs Cook Inletkeeper, *et al.*, filed a lawsuit under the Administrative Procedure Act alleging several violations of NEPA. On July 16, 2024, the Court ruled partially in favor of the plaintiffs and remanded without vacatur the Lease Sale 258 final EIS and ROD to BOEM to prepare a supplemental EIS to address three deficiencies identified by the Court. The three deficiencies identified by the Court are summarized as follows: (1) failure to consider a reasonable range of alternatives, specifically with respect to alternatives that would offer for lease a reduced number of blocks and meaningfully reduce overall impacts; (2) failure to take the requisite “hard look” at the impact of vessel noise from Lease Sale 258 on Cook Inlet beluga whales; and (3) failure to consider the cumulative impacts on Cook Inlet beluga whales separately from other marine mammals.

As a result of the Court’s decision and order, BOEM announces its intent to prepare a supplemental EIS for Lease Sale 258 in the Cook Inlet Planning Area, Alaska. The supplemental EIS will provide additional analyses to address the deficiencies identified by the Court. At the completion of the supplemental EIS process, the Secretary of the Interior or his designee will issue a modified ROD. Implementation of the Secretary’s decision identified in a modified ROD

would require the Secretary to either affirm, modify, or vacate the previously awarded lease; it would not result in a new lease sale.

Scoping: Under Department of the Interior regulations implementing NEPA (43 CFR 46.415) and existing practices and procedures, scoping is not required for a supplemental EIS. The scope of the final EIS for Lease Sale 258 and the remand by the Court establish the scope for this supplemental EIS.

When complete, BOEM will publish a notice of availability regarding the draft supplemental EIS for public review and comment as follows: (1) in the **Federal Register**, which will also include a notice of availability in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency weekly notice of EIS receipts; (2) on the BOEM Alaska OCS Region homepage; and (3) in the local media. Public hearings will be held following release of the draft supplemental EIS. Dates and locations for the public hearings will be determined and published at a later date.

Authority: This NOI is published pursuant to the Department of the Interior regulations (43 CFR 46.415) implementing the procedural provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*).

Walter D. Cruickshank,

Acting Director, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management.

[FR Doc. 2025-05797 Filed 4-3-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4340-98-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1390]

Certain Capacitive Discharge Ignition Systems, Components Thereof, and Products Containing the Same; Notice of Commission Determination Not To Review a Final Initial Determination Finding No Violation; Termination of Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission (“Commission”) has determined not to review a final initial determination (“FID”) of the presiding chief administrative law judge (“CALJ”) finding no violation of section 337. The investigation is terminated.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Namu Kim, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade

Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-3459. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal, telephone (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission instituted this investigation on February 14, 2024, based on a complaint filed by Altronic, LLC of Girard, Ohio (“Altronic”). 89 FR 11314-15 (Feb. 14, 2024). The complaint, as supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337 (“section 337”), based on the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and/or the sale within the United States after importation of certain capacitive discharge ignition systems, components thereof, and products containing the same by reason of the infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 7,401,603 (“the ‘603 patent”). *Id.* The complaint further alleges that a domestic industry (“DI”) exists. *Id.* The notice of investigation named as respondents MOTORTECH GmbH of Celle, Germany and MOTORTECH Americas, LLC of New Orleans, Louisiana (collectively “MOTORTECH”). *Id.* The Office of Unfair Import Investigations is not named as a party. *Id.*

On October 23, 2024, the Commission affirmed an initial determination granting in part Altronic’s motion for summary determination that it has satisfied the economic prong of the DI requirement with respect to the MORIS product for the ‘603 patent under sections 337(a)(3)(A) and (B) (19 U.S.C. 1337(a)(3)(A), (B)). Order No. 13 (Sept. 19, 2024); *affirmed by* Comm’n Notice (Oct. 23, 2024).

On January 28, 2025, the CALJ issued the FID finding no violation of section 337. Specifically, the FID finds that Altronic has not proved that the accused products infringe any of the asserted patent claims. The FID also finds that Altronic’s DI products, CPU-XL and MORIS, satisfy the technical prong of the DI requirement. As noted, the Commission previously found that Altronic has satisfied the economic prong of the DI requirement with

respect to Altronic's MORIS product. Therefore, the FID finds that Altronic has satisfied the DI requirement. Lastly, the FID finds that MOTORTECH failed to show by clear and convincing evidence that any of the asserted claims of the '603 patent are invalid for patent ineligibility under 35 U.S.C. 101 or as obvious under 35 U.S.C. 103.

The FID also includes a Recommended Determination ("RD") recommending, should the Commission find a violation of section 337, that the Commission issue a limited exclusion order barring entry of articles that infringe the relevant patent claim with a warranty exemption and a standard certification provision. The RD further recommends, in the event the Commission finds a violation of section 337, that the Commission issue a cease and desist order against MOTORTECH Americas, LLC, and set a 100 percent bond per importation of infringing articles during the period of Presidential review.

On February 4, 2025, the Commission published its post-RD **Federal Register** notice seeking submissions on public interest issues raised by the relief recommended by the CALJ should the Commission find a violation. 90 FR 8937–38 (Feb. 4, 2025). No responses were filed from the public. The parties did not file any public interest submissions pursuant to Commission Rule 210.50(a)(4). 19 CFR 210.50(a)(4).

No petitions for review of the FID were filed.

The Commission has determined not to review the FID. The investigation is terminated.

The Commission vote for this determination took place on March 31, 2025.

The authority for the Commission's determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in Part 210 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission.

Issued: March 31, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–05791 Filed 4–3–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731–TA–1733 (Preliminary)]

Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate (MDI Products) From China

Determination

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject investigation, the United States International Trade Commission ("Commission") determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 ("the Act"), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI products) from China, provided for in statistical reporting numbers 2929.10.8010 and 3909.31.0000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value ("LTFV").²

Commencement of Final Phase Investigation

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission's rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigation. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the **Federal Register** as provided in section 207.21 of the Commission's rules, upon notice from the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") of an affirmative preliminary determination in the investigation under § 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determination is negative, upon notice of an affirmative final determination in that investigation under § 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigation need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigation. Any other party may file an entry of appearance for the final phase of the investigation after publication of the final phase notice of scheduling. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping investigation. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties

to the investigation. As provided in section 207.20 of the Commission's rules, the Director of the Office of Investigations will circulate draft questionnaires for the final phase of the investigation to parties to the investigation, placing copies on the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>), for comment.

Background

On February 12, 2025, the MDI Fair Trade Coalition, consisting of BASF Corporation, Florham Park, New Jersey and The Dow Chemical Company, Midland, Michigan, filed a petition with the Commission and Commerce, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of LTFV imports of MDI products from China. Accordingly, effective February 12, 2025, the Commission instituted antidumping duty investigation No. 731–TA–1733 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigation and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** of February 19, 2025 (90 FR 9913). The Commission conducted its conference on March 5, 2025. All persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to participate.

The Commission made this determination pursuant to § 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673b(a)). It completed and filed its determination in this investigation on March 31, 2025. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 5606 (April 2025), entitled *Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate (MDI Products) from China: Investigation No. 731–TA–1733 (Preliminary)*.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: March 31, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–05790 Filed 4–3–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

¹ The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² *Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of less than fair value investigation*; 90 FR 11710 (March 11, 2025).