

CA-RIV-333, CA-RIV-340, and CA-RIV-634, which are all loci of the larger village site. UCR has published notices of inventory completion for collections from CA-RIV-332 and CA-RIV-333 which house human remains, associated funerary objects, and objects of cultural patrimony. The purpose of the projects was to determine site boundaries and evaluate eligibility for the National Register of Historic Places. Eight units measuring 1 x 1.5 meters were excavated from CA-RIV-634 and 757 objects were removed from the site including lithic materials, ground stone, faunal remains, pottery sherds, and quartz crystals, which were housed at UCR as accession number 110. During consultation in 2024 human remains were identified after previously being misidentified by the project archaeologists as faunal. Three test units measuring 1 x 1.5 meters were excavated from CA-RIV-340 and a total of 468 items were removed including lithic materials, metal objects, faunal remains, and fire-altered rock and were housed at UCR under accession number 127. During consultation the objects from CA-RIV-340 were identified by tribal representatives as associated funerary objects.

Based on the information available eight associated funerary objects have been identified and are one lot of faunal remains, one lot of ceramics, one lot of glass, one lot of lithics, one lot of metal objects, one lot of floral materials, one lot of grinding stones, and one lot of unmodified shell. In 1986, the University of California, Riverside Archaeological Research Unit (UCR-ARU) was contracted to conduct test excavations in the area proposed by the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District for the right-of-way of an outflow channel from Lake Elsinore. Older residents of the area reported to archaeologists that human remains had been disturbed during past construction projects and other artifacts were known to have been removed by pothunters in the 1940s. The Luiseno Tribes know the Lake Elsinore area as *'Iténgvu Wumówmu* and it is part of their ancestral homelands. Archaeologists excavated six test units measuring 1 x 2 meters and eighteen backhoe trenches measuring 6 meters in length. During the project archaeologists recovered a total of 2,436 items including an incised stone, a bone awl, lithic materials, grinding stones, and faunal remains, which were stored at UCR under accession number 118. During tribal consultation in 2024, tribal representatives confirmed that the site is

a known burial ground for their ancestors.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is clearly identified by the information available about the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The University of California, Riverside has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of 10 individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 94 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a reasonable connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Pechanga Band of Indians (*previously* listed as Pechanga Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Pechanga Reservation, California).

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after May 5, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the University of California, Riverside must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The University of California, Riverside is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: March 26, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2025-05811 Filed 4-3-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0039845; PPWOCRADNO-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Historic Camden Foundation, Camden, SC

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Historic Camden Foundation has completed an inventory of human remains and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains in this notice may occur on or after May 5, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Mr. Southwick C. Briggs, Executive Director, Historic Camden Foundation, 222 Broad Street, Camden, SC 29020, telephone (803) 432-9841, email southwick@cwbricks.com.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Historic Camden Foundation, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Human remains representing, at least, one individual have been identified. No associated funerary objects are present. In 2022, the South Carolina Institute of Archaeology and Anthropology led recovery of the individual from the Revolutionary War battlefield of Camden in Kershaw County, South Carolina (38KE1003). The identity of the individual is unknown. Troop units engaged at the battle of Camden in 1780 included soldiers from Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia. There are no known hazardous substances.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is reasonably identified by the geographical location or acquisition history of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The Historic Camden Foundation has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.
- There is a connection between the human remains described in this notice and the Catawba Indian Nation; Cherokee Nation; Delaware Tribe of Indians; Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; and the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under

ADDRESSES. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after May 5, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Historic Camden Foundation must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Historic Camden Foundation is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: March 26, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2025-05815 Filed 4-3-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0039844; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intended Repatriation: Middleton Place Foundation, Charleston, SC

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Middleton Place Foundation intends to repatriate certain cultural items that meet the definition of unassociated funerary objects and that have a cultural affiliation with the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice may occur on or after May 5, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Jeff Neale, Middleton Place Foundation, 4300 Ashley River Road, Charleston, SC 29414, telephone (843) 266-7491, email jneale@middletonplace.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Middleton Place Foundation, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the summary or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

A total of 505 cultural items have been requested for repatriation. The 505 unassociated funerary objects are ceramic beads. These beads were discovered in a cardboard box in a storage locker at Middleton Place, located in Dorchester County, SC. Written on a piece of paper accompanying the beads was the following: "437 White Beads/68 Blue and Black/and assorted broken beads. Found in Indian Burial Rounds (sic) at Middleton Place." There is no accession or catalog number; no date of discovery; and no exact location where they were found. To the best of our knowledge, these objects have not been treated with any hazardous substance.

Determinations

The Middleton Place Foundation has determined that:

- The 505 unassociated funerary objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near human remains, and are connected, either at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony of a Native American culture according to the Native American traditional knowledge of a lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization. The unassociated funerary objects have been identified by a preponderance of the evidence as related to human remains, specific individuals, or families, or removed from a specific burial site or burial area of an individual or individuals with cultural affiliation to an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

- There is a reasonable connection between the cultural items described in this notice and the Catawba Indian Nation.

Requests for Repatriation

Additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural items in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES.** Requests for repatriation may be submitted by any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after May 5, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Middleton Place Foundation must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the cultural items are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Middleton Place Foundation is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3004 and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9.

Dated: March 26, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2025-05814 Filed 4-3-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P