Commissioner of Customs: June 17, 2025.

Docket Number: 25–045. Applicant: UChicago Argonne LLC, 9700 S Cass Avenue, Lemon, Illinois 60439. Instrument: CITIUS 280k Camera System. Manufacturer: KAI Scientific Limited, Japan. Intended Use: The instrument is intended to be used to study advanced materials and nanostructures, biological and soft matter systems and dynamic phenomena that are typical of modern Advanced Photon Source (APS) experiments. Justification for Duty-Free Entry: According to the applicant, there are no instruments of the same general category manufactured in the United States. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: June 9, 2025.

Docket Number: 25–047. Applicant: UChicago Argonne LLC, 9700 S Cass Avenue, Lemon, Illinois 60439. Instrument: NAP–XPS System in Backfilling Configuration. Manufacturer: Specs TII Inc., Germany. Intended Use: The instrument is intended to be used to further the understanding of different materials and material properties (chemical state, defects and electronic structures) and their changes under different environments. Justification for Duty-Free Entry: According to the applicant, there are no instruments of the same general category manufactured in the United States. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: June 11, 2025.

Docket Number: 25–048. Applicant: Bartelle Memorial Institute 902 Battelle Blvd., Richland, Washington 99354. Instrument: Betatron System—cyclic particle accelerator for electrons. Manufacturer: JME Advanced Inspection Systems, United Kingdom. Intended Use: The instrument is intended to be used to for both imaging and radiation effects testing in a variety of materials ranging from standard construction like materials (concrete and metals) to electronics. The instrument will also be used to test radiological detection instruments and commercial items (Cameras, robots) to determine how well they will work for radiological uses. Justification for Duty-Free Entry: According to the applicant, there are no instruments of the same general category manufactured in the United States. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: June 5, 2025.

Docket Number: 25–049. Applicant: Stanford University, 348 Via Pueblo Rd., Stanford, California 94305. Instrument: Polarization maintaining, large mode-area hollow-core photonic crystal fiber. Manufacturer: NKT Photonics, Denmark. Intended Use: The instrument is intended to conduct experiments involving multimode optical cavities coupled to degenerate quantum gases of Dysprosium and will be used to study various classes of many-body Hamiltonians by exploiting Dysprosium's large magnetic dipole moment, stable and abundant fermionic and bosonic isotopes, large tensor polarizability, and the degenerate cavity's unique photon-mediated interactions. Justification for Duty-Free Entry: According to the applicant, there are no instruments of the same general category manufactured in the United States. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: June 3, 2025.

Dated: September 12, 2025.

Tyler J. O'Daniel,

Acting Director, Subsidies Enforcement Office, Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2025–17902 Filed 9–15–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–475–834]

Certain Carbon and Alloy Steel Cut-to-Length Plate From Italy: Final Results and Final Partial Rescission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023–2024

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that producers/exporters of certain carbon and alloy steel cut-to-length plate (CTL Plate) from Italy made sales of subject merchandise at less than normal value during the period of review (POR), May 1, 2023, through April 30, 2024.

DATES: Applicable September 16, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carter Sherwin, AD/CVD Operations, Office II, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4260.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On May 15, 2025, Commerce published the *Preliminary Results* in the **Federal Register**.[1] We invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results*.[2] On July 23, 2025, Commerce published a Post-Preliminary Analysis that made changes to the differential pricing analysis method used in the *Preliminary Results*.[3] We invited interested parties to comment on the Post-Preliminary Analysis.[4] For a complete description of the events that occurred since the *Preliminary Results* and Post-Preliminary Results, *see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum.[5] A full discussion of the issues raised by parties for these final results are discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.[6] The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at *https://access.trade.gov.* In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at *https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.*

Scope of the Order [7]

The products covered by the *Order* are CTL Plate from Italy. A complete description of the scope of the *Order* is contained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in case and rebuttal briefs by interested parties in this administrative review are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as an Appendix to this notice.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results and Post-Preliminary Analysis

Based on a review of the record and comments received from interested parties regarding the *Preliminary Results* and Post-Preliminary Analysis,

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[1] *See Certain Carbon and Alloy Steel Cut-to-Length Plate from Italy: Preliminary Results and Intent to Rescind, in part, of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023–2024,* 90 FR 20622 (May 15, 2025) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

[2] *See Preliminary Results.*

[3] *See* Memorandum, ''Post-Preliminary Analysis,'' dated July 23, 2025 (Post-Preliminary Analysis).

[4] *See* Memorandum, ''Briefing Schedule for Post-Preliminary Results,'' dated July 29, 2025.

[5] *See* Memorandum, ''Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Certain Carbon and Alloy Steel Cut-To-Length Plate from Italy; 2023–2024,'' dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

[6] *Id.*

[7] *See Certain Carbon and Alloy Steel Cut-To-Length Plate from Austria, Belgium, France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Italy, Japan, the Republic of Korea, and Taiwan: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Determinations for France, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Republic of Korea, and Taiwan, and Antidumping Duty Orders,* 82 FR 24096, 24098 (May 25, 2017) (*Order*).

we made certain changes to the weighted-average dumping margin calculations for the mandatory respondents, NLMK Verona S.p.A (NVR) and Metinvest Trametal SpA (MTS) for the final results of review. For a discussion of these changes, *see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Final Rescission of Review, in Part

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3), it is Commerce's practice to rescind an administrative review of an AD order when there are no reviewable entries of subject merchandise during the POR for which liquidation is suspended.[8] Normally, upon completion of an administrative review, the suspended entries are liquidated at the AD assessment rate calculated for the review period.[9] Therefore, for an administrative review to be conducted, there must be a reviewable, suspended entry that Commerce can instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to liquidate at the AD assessment rate calculated for the review period.[10]

On May 15, 2025, we issued our intent to rescind, in part, this administrative review for the following two companies: (1) F.A.R. Fonderie Acciaerie S.p.A; and (2) Officine Tecnosider.[11] The POR entry totals reflected in the Attachment of the CBP Data Memorandum reflected no POR entries of subject merchandise from these companies.[12] We invited parties to comment, and we received no comments. Accordingly, in the absence of suspended entries of subject merchandise during the POR, we are hereby rescinding this administrative review for these two companies, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3).

Final Results of Administrative Review

As a result of this review, we determine the following weighted-average dumping margins exist for the period May 1, 2023, through April 30, 2024:

Producer/exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
NLMK Verona S.p.A	7.91
Metinvest Trametal SpA; Ferriera Valsider S.p.A [13]	5.51

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed in connection with these final results of review to interested parties within five days after public announcement of the final results or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of the notice of final results in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce has determined, and CBP shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), we calculated importer-specific *ad valorem* duty assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for each importer's examined sales and the total entered value of those sales. Where either the respondent's weighted-average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), or an importer-specific assessment rate is *de minimis* (*i.e.,* less than 0.5 percent), we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

For entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by NVR and MTS for which it did not know that its merchandise was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the all-others rate established in the less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation of 6.08 percent *ad valorem,*[14] if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.,* within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

Upon publication of this notice in the **Federal Register***,* the following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for the company subject to this review will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin established in these finals results of the review; (2) for merchandise exported by producers or exporters not covered in this review but covered in a prior completed segment of the proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published in the completed segment for the most recent period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the LTFV investigation, but the producer has been covered in a prior completed segment of this proceeding, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established in the completed segment for the most recent period for the producer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 6.08 percent, the all-others rate established in the LTFV investigation for this proceeding.[15] These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an

[8] *See, e.g., Dioctyl Terephthalate from the Republic of Korea: Rescission of Antidumping Administrative Review; 2021–2022,* 88 FR 24758 (April 24, 2023); *see also Certain Carbon and Alloy Steel Cut-to-Length Plate from the Federal Republic of Germany: Recission of Antidumping Administrative Review; 2020–2021,* 88 FR 4154 (January 24, 2023).

[9] *See* 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

[10] *See* 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3).

[11] *See Preliminary Results,* 90 FR at 20622, and accompanying PDM.

[12] *See* Memorandum, ''Release of Customs and Border Protection Data,'' dated July 25, 2024.

[13] In the *Preliminary Results,* Commerce preliminarily determined that Metinvest Trametal S.p.A and Ferriera Valsider S.p.A are a single entity. *See Preliminary Results* PDM at 8; *see also* Memorandum, ''Preliminary Affiliation and Collapsing Memorandum for Metinvest Trametal S.p.A.,'' dated May 8, 2025. No parties commented on this determination; thus, we continue to treat these companies as a single entity for the purposes of these final results.

[14] *See Order.*

[15] *Id.*

administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under the APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: September 12, 2025.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

[FR Doc. 2025–17906 Filed 9–15–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–201–853, C–201–854]

Standard Steel Welded Wire Mesh From Mexico: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty and Countervailing Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that imports of certain low carbon steel (LCS) wire that are produced in Mexico and assembled or completed into standard steel welded wire mesh (welded wire mesh) in the United States are circumventing the antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on welded wire mesh from Mexico. As a result, all imports of certain LCS wire from Mexico imported by Deacero S.A.P.I. de C.V. (Deacero) will be subject to suspension of liquidation on or after April 2, 2024, and all other imports of certain LCS wire from Mexico will be subject to suspension of liquidation on or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Commerce is also imposing a certification requirement. We invite interested parties to comment on this preliminary determination.

DATES: Applicable September 16, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kayden Jenson, Office II, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0967.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 9, 2021, and April 12, 2021, respectively, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the AD and CVD orders on U.S. imports of welded wire mesh from Mexico.[1] On January 14, 2025, pursuant to section 781(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.226(d)(1), Commerce initiated a country-wide circumvention inquiry to determine whether imports of LCS wire from Mexico that are assembled or completed into welded wire mesh in the United States are circumventing the *Orders* and, accordingly, should be covered by the scope of the *Orders.*[2] On February 21, 2025, Commerce selected Impulsora del Alambre S.A. de C.V. (Impulsora) and Deacero S.A.P.I. de CV (Deacero), Mexican producers of LCS wire, as the mandatory respondents in this circumvention inquiry.[3]

For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of this circumvention inquiry, *see* the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.[4] The topics included in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum are identified in Appendix I to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at *https://access.trade.gov.* In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at *http://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.*

Scope of the Orders

The merchandise covered by these *Orders* is welded wire mesh. For a full description of the scope of the *Orders, see* the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Merchandise Subject to the Circumvention Inquiry

This circumvention inquiry covers certain LCS wire produced in Mexico and further processed and completed in the United States into welded wire mesh from Mexico.

Methodology

Commerce made this preliminary circumvention determination in accordance with section 781(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.226. For a full description of the methodology underlying the preliminary determination, *see* the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Preliminary Circumvention Determination

We preliminarily determine that welded wire mesh, assembled or completed in the United States using Mexican-origin LCS wire produced by Deacero, is circumventing the *Orders.* We also preliminarily determine that Mexican-origin LCS wire produced by Impulsora is not assembled or completed into welded wire mesh in the United States, and therefore, is not circumventing the *Orders.*

As detailed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum, we also preliminarily determine that U.S. imports of inquiry merchandise exported from Mexico are circumventing the *Orders* on a country-wide basis. As a result, we preliminarily

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[1] *See Standard Steel Welded Wire Mesh from Mexico: Antidumping Duty Order,* 86 FR 43525 (August 9, 2021) (*AD Order*); *see also Standard Steel Welded Wire Mesh from Mexico: Countervailing Duty Order,* 86 FR 18940 (April 12, 2021) (*CVD Order*) (collectively, *Orders*).

[2] *See Standard Steel Welded Wire Mesh from Mexico: Initiation of Circumvention Inquiry on the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders,* 90 FR 3173 (January 14, 2025) (*Initiation Notice*).

[3] *See* Memorandum, ''Circumvention Inquiry of the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders on Standard Steel Welded Wire Mesh from Mexico: Respondent Selection,'' dated February 21, 2025.

[4] *See* Memorandum, ''Preliminary Decision Memorandum for the Circumvention Inquiry of the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders on Standard Steel Welded Wire Mesh from Mexico,'' dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).