information within this record will be made in accordance with Department of Homeland Security/ALL–009, Department of Homeland Security Advisory Committee (73 **Federal Register** 57639, October 3, 2008).

Consequences of Failure to Provide Information: Furnishing this information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information may result in your application not being considered for the Committee.

Robert C. Compher,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Director of Inspections and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2025–20306 Filed 11–18–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Request for Applicants for Appointment to the Commercial Customs Operations Advisory Committee

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Request for applicants for appointment to the Commercial Customs Operations Advisory Committee (Committee).

SUMMARY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection is requesting that individuals who are interested in serving on the Commercial Customs Operations Advisory Committee (Committee) apply for membership. The Committee provides advice and makes recommendations to the Secretaries of the Department of the Treasury and the Department of Homeland Security on all matters involving the commercial operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and related functions.

DATES: Applications for membership should be submitted to U.S. Customs and Border Protection as indicated in the **ADDRESSES** section on or before December 19, 2025.

ADDRESSES: If you wish to apply for membership, your application should be submitted by one of the following means:

- *Email: latoria.p.martin@cbp.dhs.gov.*
- *Mail:* Ms. Latoria Martin, Office of Trade Relations, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Room 3.5A, Washington, DC 20229.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Latoria Martin, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Room 3.5A, Washington, DC 20229. Email: *latoria.p.martin@cbp.dhs.gov;* telephone 202–344–1440.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 109 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015 (Pub. L. 114–125, 130 Stat. 122, February 24, 2016) established the Commercial Customs Operations Advisory Committee (Committee). The Committee is an advisory committee established in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. chapter 10, and Section 109 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015. The Committee advises the Secretaries of the Department of the Treasury (Treasury) and Department of Homeland Security on the commercial operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and related Treasury and Department of Homeland Security functions. In accordance with Section 109 of Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015, the Committee shall:

(1) advise the Secretaries of the Treasury and the Department of Homeland Security on all matters involving the commercial operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, including advising with respect to significant changes that are proposed with respect to regulations, policies, or practices of U.S. Customs and Border Protection;

(2) provide recommendations to the Secretaries of the Treasury and the Department of Homeland Security on improvements to the commercial operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection;

(3) collaborate in developing the agenda for Committee meetings; and

(4) perform such other functions relating to the commercial operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection as prescribed by law or as the Secretaries of the Treasury and the Department of Homeland Security jointly direct.

Balanced Membership Plan

The Committee consists of 20 members who are selected from representatives of the trade or transportation communities served by U.S. Customs and Border Protection, or others who are directly affected by U.S. Customs and Border Protection commercial operations and related functions. The members shall represent the interests of individuals and firms affected by the commercial operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and be appointed without regard to political affiliation. The members will be appointed by the Secretaries of the Treasury and the Department of Homeland Security from candidates recommended by the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection. In addition, members will represent major regions of the country.

Committee Meetings

The Committee meets once each quarter, although additional meetings may be scheduled. The Committee meetings may be held in Washington, DC, or near a U.S. Customs and Border Protection port of entry. The members do not receive travel reimbursement or per diem.

Committee Membership

Membership on the Committee is specific to the appointee and a member may not send an alternate to represent him or her at a Committee meeting. The length of the member's term is determined by the Secretaries, not to exceed three years. Regular attendance is essential; a member who is absent for two public meetings within a calendar year, or does not participate in the Committee's work, may be removed from the Committee.

Members currently serving on the Committee are eligible to re-apply for membership if they are not in their second consecutive term and they have met the attendance requirements. A new application letter is required and may incorporate copies of previously filed application materials noted herein. Members will not be considered Special Government Employees and will not be paid compensation by the Federal Government for their representative services with respect to the Committee.

Application for Committee Appointment: Any interested person wishing to serve on the Committee must provide the following, in the manner and by the deadline noted above:

- Statement of interest and reasons for application;
- Complete professional resume;
- Home address and telephone number;
- Work address, telephone number, and email address;
- Statement of the industry you represent; and
- Statement agreeing to submit to pre-appointment mandatory background and tax checks.

All documents must be in Microsoft Word format. A national security clearance is not required for the position.

Signing Authority

Rodney S. Scott, Commissioner, having reviewed and approved this document, has delegated the authority to electronically sign this document to the Director (or Acting Director, if applicable) of the Regulations and Disclosure Law Division of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, for purposes of publication in the **Federal Register**.

Robert F. Altneu,

Director, Regulations & Disclosure Law Division, Regulations & Rulings, Office of Trade, U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

[FR Doc. 2025–20270 Filed 11–18–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111–14–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Certain DHS Immigration Fees Required by HR–1: Fiscal Year 2026 Adjustments for Inflation

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, DHS.

ACTION: Notice of inflationary fee adjustment.

SUMMARY: The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) is announcing Fiscal Year (FY) 2026 inflationary adjustments to certain immigration-related fees required by the One Big Beautiful Bill Act (HR–1). HR–1 requires that DHS annually adjust certain immigration-related fees for inflation. This notice sets the inflation-adjusted FY 2026 fee amounts for the following immigration fees required by HR–1: the fee for enrollment in the Electronic Visa Update System (EVUS), the Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA) fee, and the fee for an alien paroled into the United States. In accordance with HR–1, the existing fee for Form I–94 Arrival/Departure Record applications will not change for FY 2026.

DATES:

HR–1 Parole Fee: U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS), and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) will begin assessing the FY 2026 amount for the HR–1 parole fee described in this notice on January 1, 2026.

HR–1 I–94, ESTA, and EVUS Fees: CBP will begin assessing the FY 2026 amounts for the HR–1 I–94, ESTA, and EVUS fees described in this notice on January 1, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For questions regarding the HR–1 parole fee, by component:

CBP: Office of Field Operations, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 1500N, Washington, DC 20229, email address: *parolenotification@cbp.dhs.gov.*

USCIS: Office of Chief Financial Officer, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security, 5900 Capital Gateway Drive, Camp Springs, MD 20746, telephone (240) 721–3000 (not a toll-free number).

ICE: Office of Regulatory Affairs and Policy, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, Department of Homeland Security, 500 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20536; telephone (202) 732–6960 (not a toll-free number).

For questions regarding the HR–1 I–94, ESTA, and EVUS fees:

Melanie Mataxas, Director, Electronic Systems Travel Authorization, Office of Field Operations, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, at 202–325–1372 or at *melanie.d.mataxas@cbp.dhs.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background and Legal Authority

On July 4, 2025, the President signed into law the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, Public Law 119–21, 139 Stat. 72 (HR–1). HR–1 was a comprehensive legislative package that changed many laws and added new laws that touch many areas of the United States Government. Among those changes, the law established new immigration fees and increased existing fees for certain immigration-related actions. The statute established minimum fees for Fiscal Year (FY) 2025 and required annual adjustments to the fees in subsequent fiscal years based on the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI–U).[1]

Among other immigration fees specified in HR–1, the Secretary of Homeland Security must require the payment of a fee by any alien who is paroled into the United States, unless an exception in Public Law 119–21 section 100004(b) applies (the HR–1 parole fee). *See* Public Law 119–21 sec. 100004. Several Department of Homeland Security (DHS) components, including U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS), and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), have responsibilities for assessing and collecting the HR–1 parole fee. DHS published a joint notice in the **Federal Register** on October 16, 2025, announcing the implementation of the HR–1 parole fee and the FY 2025 rate for the HR–1 parole fee.[2]

CBP also administers several other fees specified in HR–1,[3] including requiring fees for submitting an application for a CBP Form I–94 Arrival/Departure Record, for using the Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA) and receiving ESTA travel authorizations, and for enrolling in the Electronic Visa Update System (EVUS). *See* Public Law 119–21 secs. 100008, 100014, 100015. CBP announced the implementation of these fees, including the initial FY 2025 rates for these fees, through a notice published in the **Federal Register** on August 28, 2025, and began assessing and requiring those fees on September 30, 2025.[4]

II. FY 2026 Inflation Adjustments to Certain Immigration Fees Required by HR–1

In accordance with HR–1, most immigration-related fees required by HR–1 are subject to annual inflation adjustments. This notice states the FY 2026 rates for the HR–1 parole, I–94, ESTA, and EVUS fees (collectively, the HR–1 fees).

Generally, HR–1 requires the multiplication of an HR–1 fee or a portion of an HR–1 fee from the prior FY by the percentage, if any, by which the CPI–U for the month of July preceding the date on which the adjustment takes effect exceeds the CPI–U for the July of the preceding calendar year (the inflation adjustment). In July 2024, the CPI–U was 314.540, and in July 2025, the CPI–U was 323.048. Therefore, between July 2024 and July 2025, the CPI–U increased by 2.70 percent.[5] To determine the total HR–1 fee for each FY, the inflation adjustment is then added to the HR–1 fee or portion of the HR–1 fee used in the calculation of the inflation adjustment, pursuant to the statutorily prescribed formula. The specifics of the statutory inflation adjustment formulas differ for each HR–1 fee. The following table provides a summary of the inflation-adjusted FY 2026 HR–1 fees described in this notice

[1] *See* Public Law 119–21 secs. 100004(d), 100008(b)(2), 100014(3), 100015(b)(2), codified as 8 U.S.C. 1804(d), 8 U.S.C. 1807(b)(2), 8 U.S.C. 1187(h)(3)(B)(iv), and 8 U.S.C. 1813(b)(2).

[2] 90 FR 48317 (Oct. 16, 2025).

[3] The Secretary of Homeland Security has delegated the authority to enforce and administer the immigration laws to the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection. *See* DHS Delegation No. 07010.3, Delegation of Authority to the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, (Rev. No. 03.2, Incorporating Change 2) at II.B.1 (Dec. 11, 2024).

[4] 90 FR 42025 (Aug. 28, 2025).

[5] Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Price Index—July 2025, August 12, 2025, *https://www.bls.gov/news.release/archives/cpi_08122025.htm* (last visited Oct. 21, 2025).