

Code, Sections 1861–76 (National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended); and Section 505 within the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010. Sections 224 and 225 of Title 13, United States Code, require a response from sampled firms.

This information collection request may be viewed at www.reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view the Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be submitted within 30 days of the publication of this notice on the following website www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function and entering either the title of the collection or the OMB Control Number 0607–1004.

Sheleen Dumas,

Departmental PRA Compliance Officer, Office of the Under Secretary for Economic Affairs, Commerce Department.

[FR Doc. 2026–02453 Filed 2–5–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–07–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B–12–2026]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 204, Notification of Proposed Production Activity; Eastman Chemical Company; (Cellulose Acetate Fibers); Kingsport, Tennessee

Eastman Chemical Company submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board (the Board) for its facility in Kingsport, Tennessee within Subzone 204B. The notification conforming to the requirements of the Board’s regulations (15 CFR 400.22) was received on January 29, 2026.

Pursuant to 15 CFR 400.14(b), FTZ production activity would be limited to the specific foreign-status material(s)/ component(s) and specific finished product(s) described in the submitted notification (summarized below) and subsequently authorized by the Board. The benefits that may stem from conducting production activity under FTZ procedures are explained in the background section of the Board’s website—accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz. The proposed finished products and component would be added to the production authority that the Board

previously approved for the operation, as reflected on the Board’s website.

The proposed finished products include: Fiber Ester Flake; Filament Yarn; Filter Tow; and Staple Fiber (duty rate ranges from 4.3% to 8.8%).

The proposed foreign-status materials/components include: High Purity Dissolving Pulp (duty free).

The request indicates that certain materials/components are subject to duties under section 1702(a)(1)(B) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (section 1702) or section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (section 301), depending on the country of origin. The applicable section 1702 and section 301 decisions require subject merchandise to be admitted to FTZs in privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41). The request also indicates that High Purity Dissolving Pulp is subject to an antidumping/countervailing duty (AD/CVD) order/investigation if imported from certain countries. The Board’s regulations (15 CFR 400.13(c)(2)) require that merchandise subject to AD/CVD orders, or items which would be otherwise subject to suspension of liquidation under AD/CVD procedures if they entered U.S. customs territory, be admitted to the zone in privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41).

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board’s Executive Secretary and sent to: ftz@trade.gov. The closing period for their receipt is March 18, 2026.

A copy of the notification will be available for public inspection in the “Online FTZ Information System” section of the Board’s website.

For further information, contact John Frye at john.frye@trade.gov.

Dated: January 30, 2026.

Elizabeth Whiteman,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2026–02355 Filed 2–5–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B–13–2026]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 110, Notification of Proposed Production Activity; Intel Foundry Corporation; (Semiconductor Products); Rio Rancho and Albuquerque, New Mexico

Intel Foundry Corporation submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board (the Board) for its facilities in Rio Rancho and Albuquerque, New Mexico within

Subzone 110E. The notification conforming to the requirements of the Board’s regulations (15 CFR 400.22) was received on January 29, 2026.

Pursuant to 15 CFR 400.14(b), FTZ production activity would be limited to the specific foreign-status material(s)/ component(s) and specific finished product(s) described in the submitted notification (summarized below) and subsequently authorized by the Board. The benefits that may stem from conducting production activity under FTZ procedures are explained in the background section of the Board’s website—accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz.

The proposed finished products include: photomasks; semiconductor transducers; electronic integrated circuit processors; electronic integrated optical circuits; electronic integrated circuit memories; electronic integrated circuit amplifiers; electronic integrated interposer circuits; electronic integrated circuits (not yet determined to be processor or memory); printed circuits; and electronic integrated circuits (duty-free).

The proposed foreign-status materials/components include: corundum; methane (liquid and gas); chlorine; argon; oxygen; hydrogen; helium; xenon; nitrogen; hydrochloric acid; hydrogen chloride; sulfuric acid; nitric acid; phosphoric acid; hydrofluoric acid; silicate reagent; hydrogen bromide; carbon dioxide; silica; carbon monoxide; nitrous oxide; nitric oxide; sulfur dioxide; boron trichloride; dichlorosilane; silane; silicon tetrachloride; chlorine trifluoride; diodosilane; nitrogen trifluoride; anhydrous ammonia; potassium hydroxide in solid form; sulfur hexafluoride gas; tungsten hexafluoride; titanium tetrachloride; carbonyl sulfide; copper sulphate solution; potassium chloride electrode filling solution; cerium hydroxide; hydrogen peroxide; disilane; phosphine of copper; octane; ethyne (acetylene); trifluoromethane; halocarbon; difluoromethane; fluoromethane; octafluorocyclobutane; isopropyl alcohol; tert-butyl alcohol; hexachlorodisilane; 2-heptanone; cyclohexanone; cyclopentanone; sodium acetate; butyl acetate; propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate; 2-methylamino)ethanol; tetramethylammonium hydroxide; tetraethylsilanediamine; di-iso-propylaminosilane; tetramethylsilane; trimethylaluminum; trimethylsilane; butyrolactone; potassium chloride; butoxyethanol; ethanolamine; lubrication; ammonium; cerium dioxide; tetraethylammonium

hydroxide; soldering, brazing or welding powder; triethanolamine based solution; dimethyl sulfoxide; wafers polycrystalline silicon; cobalt based solution; diborane gas; ethylene glycol based solution; xenon and hydrogen mixture; melamine resin; ion exchanger resin; plastic case for semiconductor wafers; ethylene bags for packing; ammonium fluoride; plastic packing; plastic bottles; self-adhesive label; articles of glass, quartz reactor tubes; filtering machine for water purification; permanent metal magnets; central processing units (microprocessor); memory; cobalt sputtering target; copper sputtering target; tantalum sputtering target; titanium sputtering target; telecommunication connectors; electrical conductors for telecommunication; electrical conductors (low voltage cables); insulated electric conductors for voltage not exceeding 1,000 volts; copper electrical conductors; fitted electric conductors; electric conductors for voltage exceeding 1,000 volts; deuterium; hydrocarbon deposition solution; tantalum powder; tetrakis (methylethylamino) zirconium; 2-propanol, 1-methoxy, 2-aceetate based undercoat material; polyglycerol polymer based slurry; surfactant solution; hydroxyethanediphosphonic acid based wafer cleaning solution; acetic acid based slurry; amorphous silica based slurry; silica and phosphoric acid based slurry; photoresist; 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde based solution; nitrogen trifluoride; benzotriazole based cleaning solution; helium and nitrogen mixture; helium based compressed gas mixture; hydrogen and argon mixture; isobutyl propionate-based developer solution; methane and argon mixture; and, oxygen and helium mixture (duty rate ranges from duty-free to 6.5%). The request indicates that certain materials/components are subject to duties under section 1702(a)(1)(B) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (section 1702), section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (section 232), or section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (section 301), depending on the country of origin. The applicable section 1702, section 232, and section 301 decisions require subject merchandise to be admitted to FTZs in privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41).

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary and sent to: ftz@trade.gov. The closing period for their receipt is March 18, 2026.

A copy of the notification will be available for public inspection in the

"Online FTZ Information System" section of the Board's website.

For further information, contact Christopher Wedderburn at Chris.Wedderburn@trade.gov.

Dated: January 30, 2026.

Elizabeth Whiteman,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2026-02376 Filed 2-5-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C-533-939]

Oleoresin Paprika From India: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, Preliminary Affirmative Critical Circumstances Determination, In Part, and Alignment of Final Determination With Final Antidumping Duty Determination

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of oleoresin paprika from India. The period of investigation is April 1, 2024, through March 31, 2025. Interested parties are invited to comment on this preliminary determination.

DATES: Applicable February 6, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Laura Delgado or Charles Doss, AD/CVD Operations, Office III, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-1468 or (202) 482-4474, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

This preliminary determination is made in accordance with section 703(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Commerce published the notice of initiation of this investigation on July 22, 2025.¹ On September 3, 2025, Commerce postponed the preliminary determination of this investigation until November 24, 2025.²

¹ See *Oleoresin Paprika from India: Initiation of Countervailing Duty Investigation*, 90 FR 34433 (July 22, 2025) (*Initiation Notice*).

² See *Oleoresin Paprika from India: Postponement of Preliminary Determination in the Countervailing Duty Investigation*, 90 FR 42564 (September 3, 2025).

Due to the lapse in appropriations and Federal Government shutdown, on November 14, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by 47 days.³ Additionally, due to a backlog of documents that were electronically filed via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS) during the federal government shutdown, on November 24, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by an additional 21 days.⁴ Accordingly the revised deadline is now January 29, 2026.

For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of this investigation, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.⁵ A list of topics discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum is included as Appendix II to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via ACCESS. ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Scope of the Investigation

The product covered by this investigation is oleoresin paprika from India. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

Scope Comments

In accordance with the preamble to Commerce's regulations,⁶ the *Initiation Notice* set aside a period of time for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage, (*i.e.*, scope).⁷ No interested party commented on the scope of the investigation as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*. Accordingly, Commerce is not preliminarily modifying the scope language as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*.

³ See Memorandum, "Deadlines Affected by the Shutdown of the Federal Government," dated November 14, 2025.

⁴ See Memorandum, "Tolling of all Case Deadlines," dated November 24, 2025.

⁵ See Memorandum, "Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Determination of the Countervailing Duty Investigation of Oleoresin Paprika from India," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

⁶ See *Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties, Final Rule*, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (May 19, 1997).

⁷ See *Initiation Notice*.