

material injury, by reason of imports, or sales (or the likelihood of sales) for importation, of active anode material no later than 45 days after this final determination. If the ITC determines that material injury or threat of material injury does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, all cash deposits will be refunded or canceled, and suspension of liquidation will be lifted. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue an antidumping duty order directing CBP to assess, upon further instructions by Commerce, antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation, as discussed above in the "Suspension of Liquidation" section.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 735(d) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: February 10, 2026.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I

Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is active anode material, which is an anode grade graphite material with a graphite minimum purity content of 90 percent carbon by weight, whether containing synthetic graphite, natural graphite, or a blend of synthetic and natural graphite; with or without coating. Subject merchandise may be in the form of powder, dry, liquid, or block form and is covered irrespective of the form in which it enters. Subject merchandise typically has a maximum size of 80 microns when in powder form. Subject merchandise has an energy density of 330 milliamp hours per gram or greater and a degree of graphitization of 80 percent or greater, where graphitization refers to the extent of the graphite crystal structure.

Subject merchandise is covered regardless of whether it is mixed with silicon based

active materials, e.g., silicon-oxide (SiOx), silicon-carbon (SiC), or silicon, or additives such as carbon black or carbon nanotubes. Subject merchandise is covered regardless of the combination of compounds that comprise the graphite material. Subject merchandise is covered regardless of whether it is imported independently, as part of a compound, or as a component of an anode slurry, or in a subassembly of a battery such as an electrode. Only the anode grade graphite material is covered when entered as part of a mixture with silicon based active materials, as part of a compound, or as a component of an anode slurry, or in a subassembly of a battery such as an electrode.

Subject merchandise does not include active anode material incorporated into imports of lithium-ion battery products (such as cells, modules, and packs), electric vehicles, hybrid vehicles, cell phones or battery energy storage systems.

Active anode material subject to this investigation may be classified under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 2504.10.5000, 3801.10.5010, and 3801.10.5090. Subject merchandise may also enter under HTSUS subheadings 2504.10.1000 and 3801.90.00. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes only. The written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

Appendix II

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Investigation
- IV. Changes Since the Preliminary Determination
- V. Discussion of the Issues
 - Comment 1: CATL's Separate Rate Status
 - Comment 2: Whether to Verify CATL
 - Comment 3: CATL and the China-Wide Entity Rate
 - Comment 4: Whether the Calculated Separate Rate is Reasonable
 - Comment 5: Surrogate Country Selection
 - Comment 6: Whether CATL's Information is Adequate to Calculate a Margin
 - Comment 7: BTR's Separate Rate Status
 - Comment 8: BYD's Separate Rate Status
 - Comment 9: Whether BYD Made Shipments of Subject Merchandise
 - Comment 10: EVE Group's Separate Rate Status
 - Comment 11: Gotion's Separate Rate Status
 - Comment 12: Whether Gotion Made Shipments of Subject Merchandise
 - Comment 13: Hithium's Separate Rate Status
 - Comment 14: Sungrow's Separate Rate Status
 - Comment 15: Whether Sungrow Made Shipments of Subject Merchandise
 - Comment 16: Whether to Accept Subaru Inc.'s (Subaru) Submissions
 - Comment 17: Which Consumption Rate to Use Concerning a Certain Input
 - Comment 18: Whether to Correct Certain Errors in the Preliminary Margin Calculations

VI. Recommendation

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-525-001]

Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet From the Kingdom of Bahrain: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023-2024

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that Gulf Aluminium Rolling Mill B.S.C. (GARMCO) subject to this administrative review made sales of common alloy aluminum sheet (aluminum sheet) from the Kingdom of Bahrain (Bahrain) at less than normal value during the period of review (POR) April 1, 2023, through March 31, 2024.

DATES: Applicable February 17, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Yang Jin Chun, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-5760.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 6, 2025, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the *Preliminary Results*¹ of this administrative review of the *Order*.² A summary of the events that occurred since Commerce published the *Preliminary Results*, as well as a full discussion of the issues raised by parties for these final results, are provided in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.³ The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and

¹ See *Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the Kingdom of Bahrain: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023-2024*, 90 FR 37840 (August 6, 2025) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

² See *Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from Bahrain, Brazil, Croatia, Egypt, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Oman, Romania, Serbia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Taiwan and the Republic of Turkey: Antidumping Duty Orders*, 86 FR 22139 (April 27, 2021) (*Order*).

³ See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the Kingdom of Bahrain; 2023-2024," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Due to the lapse in appropriations and Federal Government shutdown, on November 14, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by 47 days.⁴ Additionally, due to a backlog of documents that were electronically filed via ACCESS during the Federal Government shutdown, on November 24, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by an additional 21 days.⁵ The deadline for the final results of this administrative review is February 10, 2026. Commerce conducted this review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order

The merchandise covered by the Order is aluminum sheet from Bahrain. For a full description of the scope of the Order, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.⁶

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs filed by parties in this review are listed as an appendix to this notice and addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on our analysis of the comments received from interested parties, Commerce made certain changes to the *Preliminary Results*. For a more detailed discussion of the changes, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Final Results of Review

Commerce determines that the following estimated weighted-average dumping margins exist for the period April 1, 2023, through March 31, 2024:

Producer and/or exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Gulf Aluminium Rolling Mill B.S.C.	15.74

⁴ See Memorandum, "Deadlines Affected by the Shutdown of the Federal Government," dated November 14, 2025.

⁵ See Memorandum, "Tolling of all Case Deadlines," dated November 24, 2025.

⁶ See Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Disclosure

We intend to disclose the calculations performed in connection with these final results of review to interested parties in this review within five days after public announcement of the final results or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b), Commerce shall determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review. For entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by GARMCO for which GARMCO did not know that the merchandise was destined to the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate those entries at the all-others rate in the *Final Determination* of the investigation of sales at less than fair value (LTFV), *i.e.*, 4.83 percent,⁷ if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.⁸

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for GARMCO will be equal to the company-specific weighted-average dumping margin established in the final results of the review; (2) for merchandise exported by companies not covered in this review but covered in a prior segment of this proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the

company-specific rate published in the completed segment for the most recent period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review or a prior segment of the proceeding (*e.g.*, the LTFV investigation) but the producer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established in the completed segment for the most recent period for the producer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers and exporters will continue to be 4.83 percent, the all-others rate established in the LTFV investigation. These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or an increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

Commerce is issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: February 10, 2026.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Order
- IV. Changes Since the *Preliminary Results*

⁷ See *Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from Bahrain: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 86 FR 13331, 13332 (March 8, 2021); see also *Order*, 86 FR at 22141.

⁸ See *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties*, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

V. Discussion of the Issues

Comment 1: Third-Country Comparison Market

Comment 2: Major Input Adjustments

Comment 3: Date of Sale

Comment 4: By-Product Offsets

Comment 5: Billing Adjustment

Comment 6: Interest Expense Calculation

VI. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2026-02984 Filed 2-13-26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-122-877, A-533-946]

Citric Acid and Certain Citrate Salts From Canada and India: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable February 10, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Preston Cox at (240) 956-8630 and Amber Hodak at (202) 482-8034 (Canada) and Bryan Hansen at (202) 482-3683 (India), AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**The Petitions**

On January 21, 2026, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) received antidumping duty (AD) petitions concerning imports of citric acid and certain citrate salts from Canada and India, filed in proper form on behalf of Archer-Daniels-Midland Company, Cargill, Incorporated, and Primary Products Ingredients Americas LLC (collectively, the petitioners), domestic producers of citric acid and certain citrate salts.¹ The AD Petitions were accompanied by countervailing duty (CVD) petitions concerning imports of citric acid and certain citrate salts from Canada and India.²

Between January 26 and February 6, 2026, Commerce requested supplemental information pertaining to certain aspects of the Petitions in supplemental questionnaires.³ Between

January 29 and February 9, 2026, the petitioners filed timely responses to these requests for additional information.⁴

In accordance with section 732(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), the petitioners allege that imports of citric acid and certain citrate salts from Canada and India are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV) within the meaning of section 731 of the Act, and that imports of such products are materially injuring, or threatening material injury to, the citric acid and certain citrate salts industry in the United States. Consistent with section 732(b)(1) of the Act, the Petitions were accompanied by information reasonably available to the petitioners supporting their allegations.

Commerce finds that the petitioners filed the Petitions on behalf of the domestic industry, because the petitioners are interested parties, as defined in section 771(9)(C) of the Act. Commerce also finds that the petitioners demonstrated sufficient industry support for the initiation of the requested LTFV investigations.⁵

Periods of Investigation (POI)

Because the Petitions were filed on January 21, 2026, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.204(b)(1), the POI for the Canada and India LTFV investigations is January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025.

Scope of the Investigations

The products covered by these investigations are citric acid and certain citrate salts from Canada and India. For a full description of the scope of these investigations, see the appendix to this notice.

Comments on the Scope of the Investigations

On January 26, 2026, Commerce requested information and clarification from the petitioners regarding the

Canada AD Supplemental and First India AD Supplemental, dated January 27, 2026; see also Memorandum, "Teleconference with Counsel to the Petitioners," dated February 3, 2026 (Second Canada and India AD Supplemental); see also Memorandum, "Phone Call with Counsel to the Petitioners," dated February 6, 2026.

⁴ See Petitioners' Letters, "Response to Supplemental Questions," dated January 29, 2026 (General Issues Supplement); see also Country-Specific AD Supplemental Responses: First Canada AD Supplement and First India AD Supplement, dated January 30, 2026; and Country-Specific AD Supplemental Responses: Second Canada AD Supplement and Second India AD Supplement, dated February 4, 2026; see also "Petitioners' Corrected Representative Certification," dated February 9, 2026.

⁵ See section on "Determination of Industry Support for the Petitions," *infra*.

proposed scope to ensure that the scope language in the Petitions is an accurate reflection of the products for which the domestic industry is seeking relief.⁶ On January 29, 2026, the petitioners provided clarifications and revised the scope.⁷ The description of merchandise covered by these investigations, as described in the appendix to this notice, reflects these clarifications.

As discussed in the *Preamble* to Commerce's regulations, we are setting aside a period for interested parties to raise issues regarding product coverage (*i.e.*, scope).⁸ Commerce will consider all scope comments received from interested parties and, if necessary, will consult with interested parties prior to the issuance of the preliminary determinations. If scope comments include factual information, all such factual information should be limited to public information.⁹ Commerce requests that interested parties provide at the beginning of their scope comments a public executive summary for each comment or issue raised in their submission. Commerce further requests that interested parties limit their public executive summary of each comment or issue to no more than 450 words, not including citations. Commerce intends to use the public executive summaries as the basis of the comment summaries included in the analysis of scope comments. To facilitate preparation of its questionnaires, Commerce requests that scope comments be submitted by 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time (ET) on March 2, 2026, which is 20 calendar days from the signature date of this notice. Any rebuttal comments, which may include factual information, and should also be limited to public information, must be filed by 5:00 p.m. ET on March 12, 2026, which is 10 calendar days from the initial comment deadline.

Commerce requests that any factual information that parties consider relevant to the scope of these investigations be submitted during that period. However, if a party subsequently finds that additional factual information pertaining to the scope of these investigations may be relevant, the party must contact Commerce and request permission to submit the additional information. All scope comments must be filed simultaneously on the records of the concurrent LTFV and CVD investigations.

⁶ See General Issues Supplemental Questionnaire.

⁷ See General Issues Supplement at 2-3 and Exhibit I-S4.

⁸ See *Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties, Final Rule*, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (May 19, 1997) (*Preamble*); see also 19 CFR 351.312.

⁹ See 19 CFR 351.102(b)(21) (defining "factual information").

¹ See Petitioners' Letter, "Petitions for the Imposition of Antidumping and Countervailing Duties on Imports of Citric Acid and Certain Citrate Salts from Canada and India," dated January 21, 2026 (Petitions).

² *Id.*

³ See Commerce's Letters, "Supplemental Questions," dated January 26, 2026 (General Issues Supplemental Questionnaire); see also Country-Specific AD Supplemental Questionnaires: First