

Order 14192 (90 FR 9065, February 6, 2025) because actions such as this authorization of Ohio's revised hazardous waste program under RCRA are exempted under Executive Order 12866. Accordingly, I certify that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). Because this action authorizes pre-existing requirements under State law and does not impose any additional enforceable duty beyond that required by State law, it does not contain an unfunded mandate as described in UMRA, 2 U.S.C. 1531–1538 and does not significantly or uniquely affect small governments. For the same reason, this action also does not significantly or uniquely affect the communities of Tribal governments, as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000). This action will not have substantial direct effects on the states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999), because it merely authorizes State requirements as part of the State RCRA hazardous waste program without altering the relationship or the distribution of power and responsibilities established by RCRA. This action also is not subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), because it is not economically significant and it does not make decisions based on environmental health or safety risks. This action is not subject to Executive Order 13211, “Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use” (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001) because it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

Under RCRA section 3006(b), EPA grants a state's application for authorization as long as the state meets the criteria required by RCRA. It would thus be inconsistent with applicable law for EPA, when it reviews a state authorization application, to require the use of any particular voluntary consensus standard in place of another standard that otherwise satisfies the requirements of RCRA. Thus, the requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) do not apply. As required by section 3 of Executive Order 12988 (61 FR 4729, February 7, 1996), in issuing this rule, EPA has taken the necessary

steps to eliminate drafting errors and ambiguity, minimize potential litigation, and provide a clear legal standard for affected conduct. EPA has complied with Executive Order 12630 (53 FR 8859, March 15, 1988), by examining the takings implications of this action in accordance with the “Attorney General's Supplemental Guidelines for the Evaluation of Risk and Avoidance of Unanticipated Takings” issued under the executive order. This action does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). “Burden” is defined at 5 CFR 1320.3(b).

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this document and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication in the **Federal Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2). This final action will be effective April 2, 2026.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 271

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Confidential business information, Hazardous materials transportation, Hazardous waste, Indian lands, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: March 20, 2026.

Cheryl L. Newton,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region 5.

[FR Doc. 2026–06395 Filed 4–1–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 745

Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention in Certain Residential Structures

CFR Correction

This rule is being published by the Office of the Federal Register to correct an editorial or technical error that

appeared in the most recent annual revision of the Code of Federal Regulations.

In Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 723 to 789, revised as of July 1, 2025, in section 745.63, remove the first definition of “Wipe Sample”.

[FR Doc. 2026–06404 Filed 4–1–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 0099–10–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

48 CFR Chapter 13

[Docket No. 260317–0083]

RIN 0605–AA87

Commerce Acquisition Regulation; Minor Amendments

AGENCY: Department of Commerce (Commerce).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: By this rule, Commerce amends its agency-specific acquisition regulation by updating or removing certain outdated and unnecessary regulatory language, by moving a subpart to better track and correspond with the structure of the government-wide Federal Acquisition Regulation, and by correcting a typographical error. This action is intended to update, correct, and streamline Commerce's agency-specific acquisition regulation and make it easier to navigate, thereby promoting efficiency, without creating or altering any entitlements, restrictions, or obligations.

DATES: The rule is effective April 2, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Daniel Sweeney, Senior Counsel, Office of the General Counsel, at (202) 482–1395.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This action amends 48 CFR Chapter 13, which contains Commerce's agency-specific acquisition regulation (CAR). The CAR supplements, and generally corresponds with, the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) found at 48 CFR Chapter 1. This action amends the CAR in the following ways.

First, this action updates § 1301.105–3, which addresses how the public can obtain copies of the CAR. *See* 48 CFR 1301.105–3. Currently, § 1301.105–3 indicates that copies of the CAR may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents at the Government Printing Office, and that the CAR is available online at a provided link. But the described superintendent is no longer the appropriate point of contact for

purchasing copies of the CAR, and the provided link is no longer active. This action revises § 1301.105–3 to simply identify the correct, current method of obtaining printed copies of the CAR: by purchasing them from the Bookstore of the Government Publishing Office. The contents of the CAR, which are codified at 48 CFR Chapter 13, can be accessed and viewed online in the eCFR.

Second, this action removes § 1301.304, which states that “[o]perating unit counsel shall limit issuance of directives that restrain the flexibilities found in the FAR.” 48 CFR 1301.304. This language essentially restates 48 CFR 1.304(a), which requires agencies to “control and limit issuance of agency acquisition regulations and, in particular, local agency directives that restrain the flexibilities found in the FAR.” Upon review, Commerce finds it sufficiently clear, without any restatement needed, that Commerce’s operating unit counsel must adhere to the requirement set forth broadly by § 1.304(a).

Third, this action corrects the spelling of the word “Definitions” in the part heading of part 1302.

Fourth, this action removes § 1303.101–3, which states that “[Commerce] has issued rules implementing Executive Order 11222 prescribing employee standards of conduct (see DOC Office of [the] General Counsel website).” 48 CFR 1303.101–3. This language is referring to 15 CFR part 0, which Commerce removed in its entirety via final rule on January 15, 2026 (91 FR 1674), given its near-total overlap with the government-wide employee conduct regulations in Title 5 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Thus, the removal of § 1303.101–3 will properly reflect the removal of part 0.

Fifth, this action updates § 1322.1001 by removing a reference to an official position that no longer exists within Commerce (*i.e.*, the Assistant General Counsel for Administration/ Employment & Labor Law Division) and replacing it with the appropriate, current position (*i.e.*, the Deputy General Counsel for Administration).

Sixth, this action removes the drug-free workplace requirements from part 1323 and moves them to part 1326, to better track and correspond with the FAR (specifically, 48 CFR part 26 and subpart 26.5) and thereby make it easier to locate and understand the drug-free workplace requirements of the CAR. This action also makes a conforming edit to the heading of part 1323, to account for the removal of the described requirements from that part.

In sum, this action makes a series of minor updates, corrections, and other

amendments to the CAR to promote accuracy, simplicity, and efficiency. None of these changes is expected to create or alter any entitlements, restrictions, or obligations.

Regulatory Classifications

A. Administrative Procedure Act

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), Commerce finds good cause to waive the prior notice and opportunity for public participation requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act for this final rule. Commerce considers this rule to be uncontroversial, and has determined that prior notice and opportunity for public participation is unnecessary, because this rule only makes minor updates, corrections, and amendments to the CAR that do not create or alter any entitlements, restrictions, or obligations. These changes are consistent with the FAR, the underlying statutory authority, and Commerce’s broader regulatory policies; public participation would not justify the continued maintenance of any of the outdated, inaccurate, misplaced, and/or otherwise unwarranted regulatory language at issue. For the same reasons, Commerce has determined that delaying the effectiveness of these amendments would be contrary to the public interest. The changes described above will immediately promote accuracy, simplicity, and efficiency—thereby benefiting the public—at little to no cost. Commerce therefore finds good cause to waive the public notice and comment period under 553(b)(B) and to waive the 30-day delay in effectiveness under 553(d).

B. Executive Orders 12866, 14192, and 13132

The Office of Management and Budget has determined this rule is not significant pursuant to Executive Order (E.O.) 12866. This rule is an E.O. 14192 deregulatory action. This rule does not contain policies having federalism implications as the term is defined in E.O. 13132.

C. Regulatory Flexibility Act

Because a notice of proposed rulemaking and an opportunity for public participation are not required to be given for this rule by 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the analytical requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) are not applicable. Accordingly, no regulatory flexibility analysis is required, and none has been prepared.

D. Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule will not impose additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements

under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3501, *et seq.*

List of Subjects

48 CFR Part 1301

Acquisition regulations, Federal acquisition regulations, Government procurement, Government contracts, Procurement, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

48 CFR Part 1302

Definitions, Government procurement, Terms.

48 CFR Part 1303

Antitrust, Conflict of interests, Ethical conduct, Government procurement, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

48 CFR Part 1322

Age, Child labor, Civil rights, Equal employment opportunity, Government procurement, Individuals with disabilities, Labor, Labor disputes, Prisoners, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Veterans, Wages, Work stoppages.

48 CFR Part 1323

Affirmative procurement program, Air pollution control, Energy conservation, Environmental, Government procurement, Hazardous substances, Recycling, Renewable energy, Water pollution control.

48 CFR Part 1326

Disaster assistance, Drug abuse, Drug-free workplace, Government procurement.

Dated: March 27, 2026.

Jennifer Hesch,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Administration performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Chief Financial Officer and Assistant Secretary for Administration.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Department of Commerce amends 48 CFR chapter 13 as follows:

CHAPTER 13—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

SUBCHAPTER A—GENERAL

PART 1301—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ACQUISITION REGULATIONS SYSTEM

■ 1. The authority citation for part 1301 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 414; 48 CFR 1.301–1.304.

Subpart 1301.1—Purpose, Authority, Issuance

- 2. Revise § 1301.105–3 to read as follows:

§ 1301.105–3 Copies.

Copies of the FAR in CFR form may be purchased from the Bookstore of the Government Publishing Office (GPO), Washington, DC 20402.

Subpart 1301.3—Agency Acquisition Regulations**§ 1301.304 [Removed and Reserved]**

- 3. Remove and reserve § 1301.304.

PART 1302—DEFINITIONS OF WORDS AND TERMS

- 4. The authority citation for part 1302 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 414; 48 CFR 1.301–1.304.

- 5. Revise the heading for part 1302 to read as set forth above.

PART 1303—IMPROPER BUSINESS PRACTICES AND PERSONAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 6. The authority citation for part 1303 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 414; 48 CFR 1.301–1.304.

Subpart 1303.1—Safeguards**§ 1303.101–3 [Removed and Reserved]**

- 7. Remove and reserve § 1303.101–3.

Subchapter D—Socioeconomic Program**PART 1322—APPLICATION OF LABOR LAWS TO GOVERNMENT ACQUISITIONS**

- 8. The authority citation for part 1322 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 414; 48 CFR 1.301–1.304.

Subpart 1322.10—Service Contract Act of 1965, as Amended

- 9. Revise § 1322.1001 to read as follows:

§ 1322.1001 Definitions.

The DOC labor advisor is the Deputy General Counsel for Administration.

PART 1323—ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY AND WATER EFFICIENCY, RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES, AND OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY

- 10. The authority citation for part 1323 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 414; 48 CFR 1.301–1.304.

- 11. Revise the heading for part 1323 to read as set forth above.

Subpart 1323.5—[Removed and Reserved]

- 12. Remove and reserve subpart 1323.5.

PART 1326—OTHER SOCIOECONOMIC PROGRAMS

- 13. The authority citation for part 1326 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 414; 48 CFR 1.301–1.304.

- 14. Add subpart 1326.5, consisting of § 1326.5, to read as follows:

Subpart 1326.5—Drug-Free Workplace**§ 1326.5 Suspension of payments, termination of contract and debarment and suspension actions.**

The designee authorized to waive a determination to suspend contract payments, terminate a contract for default, or debar or suspend a contractor for Drug-Free Workplace violations, is set forth in CAM 1301.70. This authority may not be delegated.

[FR Doc. 2026–06382 Filed 4–1–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–03–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration****50 CFR Part 622**

[Docket No. 140818679–5356–02; RTID 0648–XF640]

Reef Fish Fishery of the Gulf of America; 2026 Red Snapper Recreational For-Hire Fishing Season in the Gulf of America

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces the 2026 recreational fishing season for the Federal charter vessel/headboat (for-hire) component for red snapper in the

exclusive economic zone (EEZ) of the Gulf of America (Gulf) through this temporary rule. The red snapper recreational for-hire component in the Gulf EEZ opens on June 1, 2026, and will close at 12:01 a.m., local time, on October 26, 2026. This closure is necessary to prevent the Federal for-hire component from exceeding its quota and to prevent overfishing of the Gulf red snapper resource.

DATES: The closure is effective at 12:01 a.m., local time, on October 26, 2026, until 12:01 a.m., local time, on January 1, 2027.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Daniel Luers, NMFS Southeast Regional Office, 727–209–5988, daniel.luers@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Gulf reef fish fishery, which includes red snapper, is managed under the Fishery Management Plan for the Reef Fish Resources of the Gulf (FMP). The Gulf Council prepared the FMP, which was approved by the Secretary of Commerce, and is implemented by NMFS through regulations at 50 CFR part 622 under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act).

Through this temporary rule, NMFS announces the recreational fishing season for the red snapper recreational sector for-hire component in the Gulf for the 2026 fishing year. The final rule implementing Amendment 40 to the FMP established two components within the recreational sector fishing for Gulf red snapper: the private angling component and the Federal for-hire component (80 FR 22422, April 22, 2015). Amendment 40 also allocated the red snapper recreational annual catch limit (recreational quota) between the components and established separate seasonal closures for the two components. The Federal for-hire component's red snapper annual catch target (ACT) is 9 percent below the for-hire component quota (87 FR 74014, December 2, 2022; 50 CFR 622.41(q)(2)(iii)(B)).

The red snapper for-hire component seasonal closure is projected based on an evaluation of when landings are expected to reach the component's ACT. Projecting the for-hire component's seasonal closure using the ACT reduces the likelihood of the harvest exceeding the component quota and the total recreational quota. The Federal for-hire component ACT for red snapper in the Gulf EEZ is 3,076,322 pounds (1,395,396 kilograms), round weight (50 CFR 622.41(q)(2)(iii)(B)).

NMFS has determined that the 2026 Federal Gulf red snapper for-hire fishing