

automatically provide cost-of-living wage adjustments to millions of American workers.

At least fifteen states have laws that link the adjustment in state minimum wage to the changes in the CPI. The index affects the income of more than 100 million people as a result of statutory action: over 67 million Social Security beneficiaries and over 41 million Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) recipients, among other programs. Changes in the CPI also affect the cost of lunches for over 28 million children who eat lunch at school as part of the National School Lunch Program (NSLP). Under the National School Lunch Act and Child Nutrition Act, national average payments for those lunches and breakfasts are adjusted annually by the Secretary of Agriculture on the basis of the change in the CPI series, "Food away from Home." Many private firms and individuals use the CPI to keep rents, royalties, alimony payments and child support payments in line with changing prices. Since 1985, the CPI has been used to adjust the Federal income

tax structure to prevent inflation-induced tax rate increases.

II. Current Action

Office of Management and Budget clearance is being sought for the Consumer Price Index Commodities and Services Survey.

The continuation of the collection of prices for the CPI is essential since the CPI is the nation's chief source of information on retail price changes. If the information on C&S prices were not collected, Federal fiscal and monetary policies would be hampered due to the lack of information on price changes in a major sector of the U.S. economy and estimates of the real value of the Gross National Product could not be made. The consequences to both the Federal and private sectors would be far reaching and would have serious repercussions on Federal government policy and institutions.

III. Desired Focus of Comments

The Bureau of Labor Statistics is particularly interested in comments that:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary

for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility.

- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

Title of Collection: Consumer Price Index Commodities and Services Survey.

OMB Number: 1220-0039.

Type of Review: Extension.

Affected Public: Private Sector, Business or other for-profits, Not-for-profit institutions, State, Local, or Tribal Governments.

Form	Annual number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Total annual responses	Average annual burden (hours)	Estimated total burden (hours)
Pricing	30,966	8.7416	270,694	.33	89,329
Outlet rotation	8,605	1	8,605	1	8,605
Totals	39,571	279,299	97,934

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval of the information collection request; they also will become a matter of public record.

Signed on April 27, 2026.

Lizabeth McLean,

Acting Chief, Division of Management Systems, Branch of Policy Analysis.

[FR Doc. 2026-08377 Filed 4-29-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-24-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

[Docket No. OSHA-2010-0050]

The Standard on the Storage and Handling of Anhydrous Ammonia; Extension of the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Approval of Information Collection (Paperwork) Requirements

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor.

ACTION: Request for public comments.

SUMMARY: OSHA solicits public comments concerning its proposal to extend the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval of the information collection requirements specified in the Standard on the Storage and Handling of Anhydrous Ammonia (29 CFR 1910.111).

DATES: Comments must be submitted (postmarked, sent, or received) by June 29, 2026.

ADDRESSES:

Electronically: You may submit comments and attachments electronically at <https://www.regulations.gov>, which is the Federal eRulemaking Portal. Follow the instructions online for submitting comments.

Docket: To read or download comments or other material in the docket, go to <https://www.regulations.gov>. Documents in the docket are listed in the <https://www.regulations.gov> index; however, some information (e.g., copyrighted material) is not publicly available to read or download through the websites. All submissions, including copyrighted material, are available for inspection through the OSHA Docket Office. Contact the OSHA Docket Office at (202) 693-2350 (TTY (877) 889-5627) for assistance in locating docket submissions.

Instructions: All submissions must include the agency name and OSHA docket number (OSHA-2010-0050) for the Information Collection Request

(ICR). OSHA will place all comments, including any personal information, in the public docket, which may be made available online. Therefore, OSHA cautions interested parties about submitting personal information such as social security numbers and birth dates.

For further information on submitting comments, see the “Public Participation” heading in the section of this notice titled **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Belinda Cannon, Directorate of Standards and Guidance, OSHA, U.S. Department of Labor; telephone (202) 693–2222.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Department of Labor, as part of the continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent (*i.e.*, employer) burden, conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on proposed and continuing information collection requirements in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)). This program ensures that information is in the desired format, reporting burden (time and costs) is minimal, the collection instruments are clearly understood, and OSHA’s estimate of the information collection burden is accurate. The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (OSH Act) (29 U.S.C. 651 *et seq.*) authorizes information collection by employers as necessary or appropriate for enforcement of the OSH Act or for developing information regarding the causes and prevention of occupational injuries, illnesses, and accidents (29 U.S.C. 657). The OSH Act also requires that OSHA obtain such information with minimum burden upon employers, especially those operating small businesses, and to reduce to the maximum extent feasible unnecessary duplication of effort in obtaining information (29 U.S.C. 657).

The Anhydrous Ammonia Storage and Handling Standard (29 CFR 1910.111) specifies a number of paperwork requirements. The following is a brief description of the collection of information requirements contained in the standard.

Paragraph (b)(3) of the Standard specifies that systems have nameplates if required, and that these nameplates “be permanently attached to the system (as specified by paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(j)) so as to be readily accessible for inspection.” In addition, this paragraph requires that markings on containers

and systems covered by paragraphs (c) (“Systems utilizing stationary, non-refrigerated storage containers”), (f) (“Tank motor vehicles for the transportation of ammonia”), (g) (“Systems mounted on farm vehicles other than for the application of ammonia”), and (h) (“Systems mounted on farm vehicles for the application of ammonia”) provide information regarding nine specific characteristics of the containers and systems. Similarly, paragraph (b)(4) of the Standard specifies that refrigerated containers be marked with a nameplate on the outer covering in an accessible place that provides information regarding eight specific characteristics of the container.

The required markings ensure that employers use only properly designed and tested containers and systems to store anhydrous ammonia, thereby preventing accidental release of, and exposure of workers to, this highly toxic and corrosive substance.

II. Special Issues for Comment

OSHA has a particular interest in comments on the following issues:

- Whether the proposed information collection requirements are necessary for the proper performance of the agency’s functions to protect workers, including whether the information is useful;
- The accuracy of OSHA’s estimate of the burden (time and costs) of the information collection requirements, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- The quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and
- Ways to minimize the burden on employers who must comply; for example, by using automated or other technological information, and transmission techniques.

III. Proposed Actions

OSHA is requesting that OMB extend the approval of the information collection requirements contained in the Standard on the Storage and Handling of Anhydrous Ammonia. The agency is seeking an adjustment increase in burden of 2 hours going from 342 to 344 hours. The increase is due to an increase in the number of employers going from 2,500 to 6,125.

OSHA will summarize the comments submitted in response to this notice and will include this summary in the request to OMB to extend the approval of the information collection requirements.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved data collection.

Title: The Standard on the Storage and Handling of Anhydrous Ammonia (29 CFR 1910.111).

OMB Control Number: 1218–0208.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profits, farms.

Number of Respondents: 6,125.

Number of Responses: 2,077.

Frequency of Responses: On occasion.

Average Time per Response: Varies.

Estimated Total Burden Hours: 344.

Estimated Cost (Operation and Maintenance): \$0.

IV. Public Participation—Submission of Comments on This Notice and internet Access to Comments and Submissions

You may submit comments in response to this document as follows:

- (1) electronically at <https://www.regulations.gov>, which is the Federal eRulemaking Portal; or
 - (2) by facsimile (fax), if your comments, including attachments, are not longer than 10 pages you may fax them to the OSHA Docket Office at 202–693–1648.
- All comments, attachments, and other material must identify the agency name and the OSHA docket number for the ICR (OSHA–2010–0050). You may supplement electronic submission by uploading document files electronically.

Comments and submissions are posted without change at <https://www.regulations.gov>. Therefore, OSHA cautions commenters about submitting personal information such as social security numbers and dates of birth. Although all submissions are listed in the <https://www.regulations.gov> index, some information (*e.g.*, copyrighted material) is not publicly available to read or download from this website. All submissions, including copyrighted material, are available for inspection and copying at the OSHA Docket Office. Information on using the <https://www.regulations.gov> website to submit comments and access the docket is available at the website’s “User Tips” link.

Contact the OSHA Docket Office at (202) 693–2350, (TTY) (877) 889–5627) for information about materials not available from the website, and for assistance in using the internet to locate docket submissions.

V. Authority and Signature

Amanda Laihow, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health, directed the preparation of this notice. The authority for this notice is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3506 *et seq.*) and Secretary of Labor’s Order No. 7–2025 (90 FR 27878).

Signed at Washington, DC, on April 27, 2026.

Amanda Laihow,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health.

[FR Doc. 2026-08408 Filed 4-29-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-26-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-608; NRC-2019-0029]

In the Matter of SHINE Technologies, LLC; SHINE Medical Isotope Production Facility; Direct and Indirect Transfers of License

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Order; issuance.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is issuing an order approving the license transfer application filed by SHINE Technologies, LLC, dated February 4, 2026, as supplemented on April 13, 2026. Specifically, the order approves the direct transfer of Construction Permit No. CPMIF-001 for the SHINE Medical Isotope Production Facility from SHINE Technologies, LLC to SHINE Chrysalis, LLC and a conforming license amendment. The order also approves the indirect transfer of control of the construction permit as a result of the establishment of SHINE Chrysalis Holdings, LLC as the direct parent company of SHINE Chrysalis, LLC. SHINE Chrysalis Holdings, LLC is a wholly owned subsidiary of Illuminated Holdings, Inc., the current parent company of SHINE Technologies, LLC.

DATES: The order was issued on April 22, 2026, and is effective for one year.

ADDRESSES: Please refer to Docket ID NRC-2019-0029 when contacting the NRC about the availability of information regarding this document. You may obtain publicly available information related to this document using any of the following methods:

- *Federal Rulemaking Website:* Go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and search for Docket ID NRC-2019-0029. Address questions about Docket IDs in *Regulations.gov* to Bridget Curran; telephone: 301-415-1003; email: Bridget.Curran@nrc.gov. For technical questions, contact the individual listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this document.

- *NRC's Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS):* You may obtain publicly available documents online in the ADAMS Public Documents collection at

<https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/adams.html>. To begin the search, select "Begin ADAMS Public Search." For problems with ADAMS, please contact the NRC's Public Document Room (PDR) reference staff at 1-800-397-4209, at 301-415-4737, or by email to PDR.Resource@nrc.gov. The ADAMS accession number for each document referenced (if it is available in ADAMS) is provided the first time that it is mentioned in this document.

- *NRC's PDR:* The PDR, where you may examine and order copies of publicly available documents, is open by appointment. To make an appointment to visit the PDR, please send an email to PDR.Resource@nrc.gov or call 1-800-397-4209 or 301-415-4737, between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. eastern time (ET), Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Balazik, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001; telephone: 301-415-2856; email: Michael.Balazik@nrc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The text of the Order is attached.

Dated: April 28, 2026.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Michael Balazik,

Senior Project Manager, Non-Power Production and Utilization Facility Licensing Branch, Division of Advanced Reactors and Non-Power Production and Utilization Facilities, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

Attachment—Order Approving Direct and Indirect Transfers of License and Conforming Amendment

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the Matter of: SHINE Technologies, LLC, Docket No. 50-608, SHINE Medical Isotope Production Facility, Construction Permit No. CPMIF-001.

ORDER APPROVING DIRECT AND INDIRECT TRANSFERS OF LICENSE AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT

I

SHINE Technologies, LLC (SHINE Technologies) is the holder of Construction Permit (CP) No. CPMIF-001, which the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC, the Commission) issued on February 29, 2016, for the construction of the SHINE Medical Isotope Production Facility (SHINE facility) in Rock County, Wisconsin. SHINE Technologies is a wholly owned subsidiary of Illuminated Holdings, Inc.

(Illuminated). The SHINE facility is currently being constructed.

II

Pursuant to section 184, "Inalienability of Licenses," of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (AEA), and title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR) section 50.80, "Transfer of licenses," by application dated February 4, 2026 (Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS) Package Accession No. ML26035A418), as supplemented on April 13, 2026 (ML26103A270), SHINE Technologies requested that the NRC consent to the direct transfer and indirect transfer of control of CP No. CPMIF-001. SHINE Technologies stated that these transfers were necessitated by an advanced loan application with the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) to provide funds for the completion of the construction of the SHINE facility. To facilitate the loan application and DOE loan, Illuminated would form a new wholly owned subsidiary, SHINE Chrysalis, LLC (SHINE Chrysalis). The direct transfer would occur when Illuminated transfers the CP and related assets from SHINE Technologies to SHINE Chrysalis. The indirect transfer of control would occur when, concurrent with the direct transfer, SHINE Chrysalis Holdings, LLC (Chrysalis Holdings), a direct subsidiary of Illuminated, becomes the direct parent company of SHINE Chrysalis. Pursuant to 10 CFR 50.90, "Application for amendment of license, construction permit, or early site permit," SHINE Technologies also requested that the NRC approve a conforming administrative amendment to the CP to reflect the proposed direct transfer.

On March 6, 2026, the NRC published a notice of consideration of approval of the license transfer application in the **Federal Register** (FR) (91 FR 11089). This notice provided an opportunity to comment, request a hearing, and petition for leave to intervene on the license transfer application. The NRC received one public comment (ML26099A079) in support of approving the license transfer. The NRC did not receive any hearing requests in response to the notice.

Pursuant to 10 CFR 50.80, no license for a production or utilization facility, or any right thereunder, shall be transferred, either voluntarily or involuntarily, directly or indirectly, through transfer of control of the license to any person, unless the Commission gives its consent in writing. Upon review of the information in the license transfer application and other information before the Commission, and