

10743 Proposal Review Panel for Biological Infrastructure

1189 Proposal Review Panel for Chemical, Bioengineering, Environmental, and Transport Systems

1191 Proposal Review Panel for Chemistry

1194 Proposal Review Panel for Civil, Mechanical, and Manufacturing Innovation

1207 Proposal Review Panel for Computer and Network Systems

1192 Proposal Review Panel for Computing & Communication Foundations

1185 Proposal Review Panel for Cyberinfrastructure

1569 Proposal Review Panel for Earth Sciences

1196 Proposal Review Panel for Electrical, Communications, and Cyber Systems

44011 Proposal Review Panel for Emerging Frontiers in Biological Sciences

34558 Proposal Review Panel for Emerging Frontiers and Multidisciplinary Activities

10744 Proposal Review Panel for Environmental Biology

1756 Proposal Review Panel for Geosciences

57 Proposal Review Panel for Graduate Education

1200 Proposal Review Panel for Information and Intelligent Systems

84685 Proposal Review Panel for Innovation and Technology Ecosystems

2469 Proposal Review Panel for Integrative Activities

10745 Proposal Review Panel for Integrative Organismal Systems

10749 Proposal Review Panel for International Science and Engineering

1203 Proposal Review Panel for Materials Research

1204 Proposal Review Panel for Mathematical Sciences

10746 Proposal Review Panel for Molecular and Cellular Biosciences

10752 Proposal Review Panel for Ocean Sciences

1208 Proposal Review Panel for Physics

1209 Proposal Review Panel for Polar Programs

59 Proposal Review Panel for Research on Learning in Formal and Informal Settings

10748 Proposal Review Panel for Social and Economic Sciences

1766 Proposal Review Panel for Social, Behavioral and Economic Sciences

84683 Proposal Review Panel for Translational Impacts

1214 Proposal Review Panel for Undergraduate Education

5. *Justification that the information or advice provided by the Federal advisory committee or subcommittee is not available from another Federal advisory committee, another Federal Government source, or any other more cost-effective and less burdensome source.*

Proposal peer review is central to NSF processes. Specific advisory committees (i.e., review panels) are impaneled for individual programs to directly provide the technical expertise relevant to the proposals under review. This therefore requires distinct membership for committees responsible for review of distinct subject areas. Notably, the EEC Section supports multidisciplinary and interdisciplinary activities that encompass a wide range of engineering and scientific areas necessitating the recruitment of committee members with unique combinations of technical expertise.

6. *If the consultation is a committee renewal, a summary of the previous accomplishments of the committee and the reasons it needs to continue.*

In the fiscal year 2025, the committee reviewed 736 proposals in 85 meetings, with 603 members participating from external institutions and federal organizations. The use of panelists to review proposals for the Agency is an invaluable asset. The committee has been instrumental in identifying cutting edge topics and projects that pursue bold, innovative research that addresses national needs, strengthens U.S. leadership and fosters advances in new areas of fundamental or applied research, catalyzes development of new industries or capabilities that increase the leadership position for the country, and/or makes significant progress towards addressing a national need or grand challenge, particularly in current priority areas including, but not limited to, artificial intelligence, bioengineering, quantum engineering, robotics, and nuclear engineering. The cost of obtaining the expertise, insight, and information received by the Division using alternative methods, such as hiring full or part-time employees, would be extremely high.

7. *Explanation of why the committee/subcommittee is essential to the conduct of agency business.*

The ENG FACA committees are essential to the conduct of agency business as they align with the agency's usage of the merit review process and criteria in keeping with 42 U.S. Code § 1862s, which outlines that "the Foundation's intellectual merit and broader impacts criteria are appropriate for evaluating grant proposals" and directs the Foundation to "maintain the intellectual merit and broader impacts

criteria, among other specific criteria as appropriate, as the basis for evaluating grant proposals in the merit review process."

NSF's mission, as described in the 1950 NSF act, is "to promote the progress of science, advance national health, prosperity, and welfare, and secure the national defense. This is achieved by investing in research to expand knowledge in science, engineering, and education, and by increasing the capacity of the U.S. to conduct and benefit from such research. Merit review panels under these FACA committees serve as the basis for the gold standard merit review to support the most compelling research to advance the NSF mission.

This public interest determination documents that renewing the committee is essential to the conduct of agency business and that the information to be obtained is not already available through another advisory committee or source within the Federal Government.

Dated: May 26, 2026.

**Crystal Robinson,**

*Committee Management Officer, National Science Foundation.*

[FR Doc. 2026-10685 Filed 5-28-26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7555-01-P**

## NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

### Proposal Review Panel for Astronomical Sciences; Committee Renewal

**AGENCY:** National Science Foundation.

**ACTION:** Committee Management Renewal.

**SUMMARY:** The National Science Foundation (NSF) is renewing the committee for Proposal Review Panel for Astronomical Sciences.

**DATES:** NSF approves the continuation of this committee on 4/20/2026. Effective date for renewal is June 26, 2026. For more information, please contact Crystal Robinson, NSF, at (703) 292-8687.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Crystal Robinson, Committee Management Officer, NSF, at (703) 292-8687, or by mail to National Science Foundation, Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The NSF management officials having responsibility for the advisory committee listed below have determined that renewing this committee for another two years is necessary and in the public interest in connection with the performance of

duties imposed upon the Director, National Science Foundation (NSF), by 42 U.S.C. 1861 *et seq.* This determination follows consultation with the Committee Management Secretariat, General Services Administration.

#### Committee

Proposal Review Panel for Astronomical Sciences, #1186

Pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 102–3.60(a), to establish, renew, reestablish, or merge a discretionary (agency discretion) advisory committee, an agency must first consult with the General Services Administration's Committee Management Secretariat (the Secretariat) and, as part of the consultation, provide a written public interest determination approved by the head of the agency to the Secretariat with a copy to the Office of Management and Budget. In addition, pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 102–3.35, an agency shall follow the same consultation process and document in writing the same determination of need before creating a subcommittee under a discretionary committee that is not made up entirely of members of a parent advisory committee. Information on the following factors for the committee is provided to the Secretariat to demonstrate that renewing the committee is in the public interest:

1. *Annual budget:* \$352,000.
- a. *Federal personnel on a full-time equivalent (FTE) basis:* 6.6 FTE.
- b. *Other Federal internal costs:* \$2,000.
- c. *Proposed payments to members:* \$246,000.
- d. *Proposed number of members:* 250.
- e. *Reimbursable costs:* \$104,000.
2. *If applicable, the total dollar value of grants expected to be recommended during the fiscal year:* \$93,653,642.
3. *Criteria for selecting members to ensure the committee has the necessary.*  
The membership of all review panels was selected to include individuals with scientific expertise in astrophysics research, familiarity with the training process for young scientists, and, in the case of the technical reviews, advanced technical expertise in areas of construction, environmental impact, safety, and project management. Members were also selected to have a broad range of experience and viewpoints, including a mixture of junior and senior scientists, a variety of large and small institutions, and a geographical distribution from across the Nation.

4. *List of all other Federal advisory committees of the agency:*

84684 Advisory Committee for Technology, Innovation and Partnerships

1172 Alan T. Waterman Award Committee  
13883 Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisory Committee  
1173 Committee on Equal Opportunities in Science and Engineering  
34558 Proposal Review Panel for Emerging Frontiers and Multidisciplinary Activities  
10751 Proposal Review Panel for Atmospheric and Geospace Sciences  
10747 Proposal Review Panel for Behavioral and Cognitive Sciences  
10743 Proposal Review Panel for Biological Infrastructure  
1189 Proposal Review Panel for Chemical, Bioengineering, Environmental, and Transport Systems  
1191 Proposal Review Panel for Chemistry  
1194 Proposal Review Panel for Civil, Mechanical, and Manufacturing Innovation  
1207 Proposal Review Panel for Computer and Network Systems  
1192 Proposal Review Panel for Computing & Communication Foundations  
1185 Proposal Review Panel for Cyberinfrastructure  
1569 Proposal Review Panel for Earth Sciences  
1196 Proposal Review Panel for Electrical, Communications, and Cyber Systems  
44011 Proposal Review Panel for Emerging Frontiers in Biological Sciences  
173 Proposal Review Panel for Engineering Education and Centers  
10744 Proposal Review Panel for Environmental Biology  
1756 Proposal Review Panel for Geosciences  
57 Proposal Review Panel for Graduate Education  
1200 Proposal Review Panel for Information and Intelligent Systems  
84685 Proposal Review Panel for Innovation and Technology Ecosystems  
2469 Proposal Review Panel for Integrative Activities  
10745 Proposal Review Panel for Integrative Organismal Systems  
10749 Proposal Review Panel for International Science and Engineering  
1203 Proposal Review Panel for Materials Research  
1204 Proposal Review Panel for Mathematical Sciences  
10746 Proposal Review Panel for Molecular and Cellular Biosciences  
10752 Proposal Review Panel for Ocean Sciences

1208 Proposal Review Panel for Physics  
1209 Proposal Review Panel for Polar Programs  
59 Proposal Review Panel for Research on Learning in Formal and Informal Settings  
10748 Proposal Review Panel for Social and Economic Sciences  
1766 Proposal Review Panel for Social, Behavioral and Economic Sciences  
84683 Proposal Review Panel for Translational Impacts  
1214 Proposal Review Panel for Undergraduate Education

5. *Justification that the information or advice provided by the Federal advisory committee or subcommittee is not available from another Federal advisory committee, another Federal Government source, or any other more cost-effective and less burdensome source.*

Proposals submitted to Astrophysical Science programs, as well as those reviewed as part of NSF-wide activities, typically represent complex projects that require a broad range of expertise in astrophysics research and education that no one person can provide. Past committees have been instrumental in identifying cutting edge topics and projects that pursue bold, innovative research that addresses national needs, strengthens U.S. leadership and fosters advances in new areas of fundamental or applied research, and/or makes significant progress towards addressing a national need or grand challenge, particularly in current priority areas including, but not limited to, artificial intelligence (AI) and quantum engineering. An example of a groundbreaking area identified by the committee is the recommendation to fund two AI Institutes in astronomy, designed to bring together astronomy and AI experts to tackle important challenges in astronomy, as well as the advances in AI that are needed to overcome these challenges.

6. *If the consultation is a committee renewal, a summary of the previous accomplishments of the committee and the reasons it needs to continue.*

Panel deliberations resulted in the review and ranking of proposals in areas of special emphasis in Astronomical Sciences. This advice aided NSF Program Managers in their funding decisions. Continuation of these practices is necessary to maintain high quality scientific research review. Past committees have been instrumental in identifying cutting edge topics and projects that pursue bold, innovative research that addresses national needs, strengthens U.S. leadership and fosters advances in new areas of fundamental

or applied research, catalyzes development of new industries or capabilities that increase the leadership position for the country, and/or makes significant progress towards addressing a national need or grand challenge, particularly in current priority areas including, but not limited to, artificial intelligence, bioengineering, quantum engineering, robotics, and nuclear engineering. An example of a groundbreaking area identified by the committee is the development and use of novel AI to advance astronomical science. Based on the committee's advice, the NSF funded two AI Institutes in 2024, which are executing cutting-edge research at the intersection of astronomy and AI and developing the future AI workforce.

*7. Explanation of why the committee/subcommittee is essential to the conduct of agency business.*

The committees/subcommittees are essential to advancing scientific research and supporting effective business operations. They bring together experts from diverse backgrounds who collectively review proposals and provide funding recommendations based on the best scientific judgment of the research community. Through the panel review process, NSF is able to evaluate proposals' intellectual merit and broader impacts in a fair and transparent manner across a broad range of disciplines. This public interest determination documents that renewing the committee is essential to the conduct of agency business and that the information to be obtained is not already available through another advisory committee or source within the Federal Government.

Dated: May 26, 2026.

**Crystal Robinson,**

*Committee Management Officer, National Science Foundation.*

[FR Doc. 2026-10688 Filed 5-28-26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7555-01-P**

**NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION**

**Proposal Review Panel for Civil, Mechanical, and Manufacturing Innovation; Committee Renewal**

**AGENCY:** National Science Foundation.

**ACTION:** Committee Management Renewal.

**SUMMARY:** The National Science Foundation (NSF) is renewing the committee for Proposal Review Panel for Civil, Mechanical, and Manufacturing Innovation.

**DATES:** NSF approves the continuation of this committee on 4/20/2026.

Effective date for renewal is June 26, 2026. For more information, please contact Crystal Robinson, NSF, at (703) 292-8687.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Crystal Robinson, Committee Management Officer, NSF, at (703) 292-8687, or by mail to National Science Foundation, Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The NSF management officials having responsibility for the advisory committee listed below have determined that renewing this committee for another two years is necessary and in the public interest in connection with the performance of duties imposed upon the Director, National Science Foundation (NSF), by 42 U.S.C. 1861 *et seq.* This determination follows consultation with the Committee Management Secretariat, General Services Administration.

**Committee**

Proposal Review Panel for Civil, Mechanical, and Manufacturing Innovation, #1194

Pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 102-3.60(a), to establish, renew, reestablish, or merge a discretionary (agency discretion) advisory committee, an agency must first consult with the General Services Administration's Committee Management Secretariat (the Secretariat) and, as part of the consultation, provide a written public interest determination approved by the head of the agency to the Secretariat with a copy to the Office of Management and Budget. In addition, pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 102-3.35, an agency shall follow the same consultation process and document in writing the same determination of need before creating a subcommittee under a discretionary committee that is not made up entirely of members of a parent advisory committee. Information on the following factors for the committee is provided to the Secretariat to demonstrate that renewing the committee is in the public interest:

1. *Annual budget:* \$628,000.
  - a. *Federal personnel on a full-time equivalent (FTE) basis:* 5 FTE.
  - b. *Other Federal internal costs:* \$1,000.
  - c. *Proposed payments to members:* \$602,000.
  - d. *Proposed number of members:* 1250.
  - e. *Reimbursable costs:* \$25,000.
2. *If applicable, the total dollar value of grants expected to be recommended during the fiscal year:* \$200,000,000.
3. *Criteria for selecting members to ensure the committee has the necessary.*

Committee members are selected based on their scientific and technical expertise, professional experience, and ability to provide informed, objective advice on proposals within the scope of CMMI activities. Membership is drawn from a broad range of disciplines to ensure representation of the scientific areas encompassed by the committee's review portfolio. Membership consists of approximately 1250 members considering all meetings. The subject matter and volume of proposals to be reviewed determine the number of members participating in any given meeting. Every effort is made to ensure balanced membership, including representation across scientific disciplines, institutions, and geographic regions. Members are selected to provide complementary perspectives and the depth of technical expertise necessary to conduct thorough and credible proposal reviews. The majority of committee members are anticipated to be comprised of Special Government Employees (SGEs) with a small percentage of Regular Government Employees (RGEs) when subject matter expertise requires.

*4. List of all other Federal advisory committees of the agency:*

- 84684 Advisory Committee for Technology, Innovation and Partnerships
- 1172 Alan T. Waterman Award Committee
- 13883 Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisory Committee
- 1173 Committee on Equal Opportunities in Science and Engineering
- 1186 Proposal Review Panel for Astronomical Sciences
- 10751 Proposal Review Panel for Atmospheric and Geospace Sciences
- 10747 Proposal Review Panel for Behavioral and Cognitive Sciences
- 10743 Proposal Review Panel for Biological Infrastructure
- 1189 Proposal Review Panel for Chemical, Bioengineering, Environmental, and Transport Systems
- 1191 Proposal Review Panel for Chemistry
- 34558 Proposal Review Panel for Emerging Frontiers and Multidisciplinary Activities
- 1207 Proposal Review Panel for Computer and Network Systems
- 1192 Proposal Review Panel for Computing & Communication Foundations
- 1185 Proposal Review Panel for Cyberinfrastructure
- 1569 Proposal Review Panel for Earth Sciences