

acres of land within Adams, Douglas, Grant, Lincoln, and Benton Counties. Because of the momentum of the recovery program and the great need for additional habitat to continue to establish pygmy rabbits across the broader shrub-steppe landscape, it is likely that at least 120,000 new acres would be enrolled in this CBA within the agreement time frame. The term of the of the CBA and proposed enhancement of survival permit is 30 years.

If participants' voluntary conservation measures are likely to result in the covered species occupying adjacent properties that are not enrolled under this Agreement, WDFW will contact the neighbors and make every reasonable effort to include them as voluntary signatories to the CBA using the procedures set forth in this Agreement. If the neighboring property owner chooses not to enroll, WDFW will seek permission to capture any pygmy rabbits present to be relocated to other suitable habitat.

WDFW will complete compliance, biological, and incidental take monitoring needed to ensure success of the Agreement. Compliance monitoring will consist of regular assessments to ensure suitable habitat acres have been retained and that agreed upon conservation measures have been implemented. Biological monitoring may include efficacy monitoring of habitat improvement or restoration projects implemented by WDFW or the Service. If any take occurs, the amount of take will be quantified by WDFW and reported to the Service. If habitat becomes unsuitable, WDFW and the Service will work with participants to implement adaptive management to address habitat issues.

Required Conservation Measures for participants in suitable habitat areas are described fully in the CBA, and include:

- Work with WDFW to delineate properties into areas of suitable habitat for CBPR and non-habitat.
- Retain vegetation cover in designated suitable habitat areas for the duration of the CBA (30 years);
- Provide WDFW access to the property's suitable habitat areas to assess occupancy status, monitor trends in distribution and abundance and monitor habitat function and availability;
- Notify WDFW at least 60 days prior to undertaking any habitat-altering activity that could result in take of CBPR or in a diminishment of suitable habitat so that WDFW can determine occupancy and if present, move CBPR to alternate site(s); and

- Immediately notify the WDFW upon finding any dead or injured CBPR on enrolled property.

Voluntary Conservation Measures for participants in suitable habitat are described fully in the CBA, and include:

- Allow WDFW to release captive-bred and/or translocated CBPR;
- Allow WDFW to install recovery-related infrastructure on enrolled properties in support of the CBPR recovery;
- Work with WDFW to implement fuel treatments/green fuel breaks and/or buffers to protect suitable habitat areas from fire risk;
- Provide WDFW access to the property's suitable habitat areas for the term of the agreement for research purposes not covered in the Required Conservation Measures listed above;
- Improve road access through mowing or light tilling to facilitate access for recovery actions or to reduce fire risk;
- Implement native seeding or planting or other Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) conservation practices to improve or enhance habitat suitability;
- Work with WDFW or the Service to identify potential habitat restoration or improvement projects to further increase suitable habitat area or quality; and
- Implement durable habitat conservation to maintain undeveloped areas where possible through options such as NRCS Working Land Easements, Conservation Easements, or acquisitions.

Request for Public Comments

We invite public review and comment on the permit application package, including the CBA and draft EAS (see **ADDRESSES**). You may submit your comments and materials by one of the methods listed in the **ADDRESSES** section. We request data, comments, new information, or suggestions from the public, other concerned governmental agencies, the scientific community, Tribes, industry, or any other interested party on our proposed Federal action, including on the adequacy of the CBA, pursuant to the requirements for permits at 50 CFR parts 13 and 17. We especially encourage comments from landowners within the proposed CBA boundary.

Public Availability of Comments

All comments and materials we receive become part of the public record associated with this action. Before including your address, phone number, email address or other personal identifying information in your

comments, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so. All submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, will be made available for public disclosure in their entirety.

Next Steps

After the public comment period ends (see **DATES**), we will evaluate the permit application, associated documents, and any comments received to determine whether the permit application meets the requirements of section 10(a)(1)(A) of the ESA. We will also evaluate whether issuance of the requested permit would comply with section 7(a)(2) of the ESA by conducting an intra-Service consultation on the proposed action. The final NEPA and permit determinations will not be completed until after the end of the 30-day comment period and will fully consider all comments received during the comment period. If we determine that all requirements are met, we will issue an Enhancement of Survival Permit under section 10(a)(1)(A) of the ESA and associated implementing regulations found at 50 CFR 17.22(c).

Authority

We provide this notice in accordance with the requirements of section 10(c) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 17.22), and the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) and implementing regulations (46 CFR part 43) and procedures (516 DM 1).

Bridget Fahey,

Acting Regional Director, Pacific Region, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 2026-11582 Filed 6-9-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4333-15-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1457]

Certain Pre-Stretched Synthetic Braiding Hair and Packaging Thereof (II); Notice of Request for Submissions on the Public Interest

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that on June 5, 2026, the presiding administrative law judge (“ALJ”) issued an Initial Determination on Violation of Section 337. The ALJ also issued a Recommended Determination on remedy and bonding should a violation be found in the above-captioned investigation. The Commission is soliciting submissions on public interest issues raised by the recommended relief should the Commission find a violation. This notice is soliciting comments from the public and interested government agencies only.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Joelle P. Justus, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–2593. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 provides that, if the Commission finds a violation, it shall exclude the articles concerned from the United States unless, after considering the effect of such exclusion upon the public health and welfare, competitive conditions in the United States economy, the production of like or directly competitive articles in the United States, and United States consumers, it finds that such articles should not be excluded from entry. (19 U.S.C. 1337(d)(1)). A similar provision applies to cease and desist orders. (19 U.S.C. 1337(f)(1)).

The Commission is soliciting submissions on public interest issues raised by the recommended relief should the Commission find a violation, specifically: a limited exclusion order directed to certain pre-stretched synthetic braiding hair and packaging thereof imported, sold for importation, and/or sold after importation by respondents Sun Taiyang Co., Ltd. (d/b/a Outre), Beauty Elements Corporation (d/b/a Bijouz), Hair Zone, Inc. (d/b/a Sensationnel) (“Hair Zone”), Beauty Essence, Inc. (d/b/a Supreme Hair US), SLI Production Corp. (d/b/a It’s a Wig!),

Royal Imex, Inc. (d/b/a Zury Hollywood), GS Imports, Inc. (d/b/a Golden State Imports, Inc.), Eve Hair, Inc., Midway International, Inc. (d/b/a BOBBI BOSS), Mayde Beauty Inc., Hair Plus Trading Co., Inc. (d/b/a Femi Collection), Optimum Solution Group LLC (d/b/a Oh Yes Hair), Chade Fashions, Inc., Mane Concept Inc., Beauty Plus Trading Co., Inc. (d/b/a Janet Collection), Model Model Hair Fashion, Inc., New Jigu Trading Corp. (d/b/a Harlem 125), Shake N Go Fashion, Inc., and Amekor Industries, Inc. (d/b/a Vivica A. Fox Hair Collection); and a cease and desist order directed to Respondent Hair Zone. Parties are to file public interest submissions pursuant to 19 CFR 210.50(a)(4).

The Commission is interested in further development of the record on the public interest in this investigation. Accordingly, members of the public and interested government agencies are invited to file submissions of no more than five (5) pages, inclusive of attachments, concerning the public interest in light of the ALJ’s Recommended Determination on Remedy and Bonding issued in this investigation on June 5, 2026. Comments should address whether issuance of the recommended remedial orders in this investigation, should the Commission find a violation, would affect the public health and welfare in the United States, competitive conditions in the United States economy, the production of like or directly competitive articles in the United States, or United States consumers.

In particular, the Commission is interested in comments that:

- (i) explain how the articles potentially subject to the recommended remedial orders are used in the United States;
- (ii) identify any public health, safety, or welfare concerns in the United States relating to the recommended orders;
- (iii) identify like or directly competitive articles that complainant, its licensees, or third parties make in the United States which could replace the subject articles if they were to be excluded;
- (iv) indicate whether complainant, complainant’s licensees, and/or third-party suppliers have the capacity to replace the volume of articles potentially subject to the recommended orders within a commercially reasonable time; and
- (v) explain how the recommended orders would impact consumers in the United States.

Written submissions must be filed no later than by close of business on July 7, 2026.

Persons filing written submissions must file the original document electronically on or before the deadlines stated above pursuant to 19 CFR 210.4(f). Submissions should refer to the investigation number (“Inv. No. 337–TA–1457”) in a prominent place on the cover page and/or the first page. (See Handbook for Electronic Filing Procedures, https://www.usitc.gov/secretary/documents/handbook_on_filing_procedures.pdf). Persons with questions regarding filing should contact the Secretary (202–205–2000).

Any person desiring to submit a document to the Commission in confidence must request confidential treatment by marking each document with a header indicating that the document contains confidential information. This marking will be deemed to satisfy the request procedure set forth in Rules 201.6(b) and 210.5(e)(2) (19 CFR 201.6(b) & 210.5(e)(2)). Documents for which confidential treatment by the Commission is properly sought will be treated accordingly. Any non-party wishing to submit comments containing confidential information must serve those comments on the parties to the investigation pursuant to the applicable Administrative Protective Order. A redacted non-confidential version of the document must also be filed simultaneously with any confidential filing and must be served in accordance with Commission Rule 210.4(f)(7)(ii)(A) (19 CFR 210.4(f)(7)(ii)(A)). All information, including confidential business information and documents for which confidential treatment is properly sought, submitted to the Commission for purposes of this investigation may be disclosed to and used: (i) by the Commission, its employees and Offices, and contract personnel (a) for developing or maintaining the records of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations, audits, reviews, and evaluations relating to the programs, personnel, and operations of the Commission including under 5 U.S.C. Appendix 3; or (ii) by U.S. government employees and contract personnel, solely for cybersecurity purposes. All contract personnel will sign appropriate nondisclosure agreements. All nonconfidential written submissions will be available for public inspection on EDIS.

This action is taken under the authority of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in Part 210 of the Commission’s

Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission.
Issued: June 8, 2026.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2026–11639 Filed 6–9–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337–TA–1392 (Enforcement)]

Certain Oil Vaporizing Devices, Components Thereof, and Products Containing the Same; Notice of Institution of Formal Enforcement Proceeding

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined to institute a formal enforcement proceeding relating to the limited exclusion order and cease and desist orders (collectively, “the remedial orders”) issued on January 20, 2026, in the above-referenced investigation, against respondents STIIIZY IP LLC f/k/a STIIIZY LLC; STIIIZY, Inc. d/b/a Shryne Group Inc. (collectively, “STIIIZY”); ALD Group Limited; and ALD Hong Kong Holdings (collectively, “ALD”).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: B. Rashmi Borah, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205–2518. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission instituted this investigation on March 6, 2024, based on a complaint filed by complainant PAX Labs, Inc. (“PAX”). 89 FR 16025–26 (Mar. 6, 2024). The complaint, as supplemented, alleged violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337 (“section 337”), in the

importation into the United States, the sale for importation, or the sale within the United States after importation of certain oil vaporizing devices, components thereof, and products containing the same by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 11,369,756 (“the ‘756 patent”); 11,766,527 (“the ‘527 patent”); 11,369,757 (“the ‘757 patent”); and 11,759,580 (“the ‘580 patent”). *Id.* The complaint further alleged that a domestic industry exists. *Id.* The Commission’s notice of investigation named STIIIZY and ALD as respondents. *Id.* The Office of Unfair Import Investigations (“OUII”) was not named as a party to the investigation.

On January 20, 2026, the Commission issued a final determination finding a violation of section 337 by STIIIZY and ALD with respect to all asserted claims. 91 FR 2960–62 (Jan. 23, 2026). The Commission issued a limited exclusion order against STIIIZY and ALD and a cease and desist order against STIIIZY. *Id.* at 2961–62. The Commission also set a 100 percent bond in the limited exclusion order and cease and desist order during the period of Presidential review, which ended on March 21, 2026. *Id.* at 2961–62.

On May 19, 2026, PAX filed an enforcement complaint against STIIIZY and ALD requesting that the Commission institute an enforcement proceeding under Commission Rule 210.75 (19 CFR 210.75). PAX alleges that STIIIZY and ALD continue to import into the United States, sell for importation, or sell within the United States after importation, products that infringe one or more of claims 1, 5, and 10 of the ‘756 patent; claims 1, 13, 15, and 20 of the ‘757 patent; claims 1, 5, 10, 11, 17, 18, and 22 of the ‘527 patent; and claims 1, 6–8, 10 and of the ‘580 patent, in violation of the remedial orders.

Having examined the enforcement complaint and the supporting exhibits, the Commission has determined that the complaint complies with the requirements for institution of a formal enforcement proceeding. Accordingly, the Commission has determined to institute a formal enforcement proceeding, pursuant to Commission Rule 210.75(a) (19 CFR 210.75(a)), to determine whether violations of the remedial orders have occurred and to determine what, if any, enforcement measures are appropriate. STIIIZY and ALD are named as respondents. OUII is also named as a party.

In the Order issued concurrently herewith, the Commission has delegated this enforcement proceeding to the Chief Administrative Law Judge (“ALJ”) for designation of a presiding ALJ to conduct any necessary proceedings, issue an Enforcement Initial Determination, and make a recommendation on appropriate enforcement measures, if any.

The Commission vote for this determination took place on June 5, 2026.

The authority for the Commission’s determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in Part 210 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2026–11550 Filed 6–9–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–793 and 731–TA–1789 (Preliminary)]

Tris (Hydroxymethyl) Aminomethane and Tris (Hydroxymethyl) Aminomethane Hydrochloride (“Tris and Tris HCl”) From China; Determinations

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (“Commission”) determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of Tris and Tris HCl from China, provided for in subheading 2922.19.96 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (“LTFV”) and imports of the subject merchandise from China that are alleged to be subsidized by the government of China.²

Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission’s rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigations. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the **Federal Register** as provided in § 207.21 of the Commission’s rules, upon notice from the U.S. Department of Commerce

¹ The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² 91 FR 28559 and 91 FR 28566 (May 18, 2026).