

Similarly, WAPA reduced its FY 2026 budget, increasing projected carryover into FY 2027, and reduced its FY 2027 O&M and replacement budgets by deferring the Mead 69-kilovolt breaker and relay replacement project to 2028 or later, resulting in a total reduction of \$2.2 million.

WAPA's FY 2027 budget has been refined, decreasing \$497,000 from \$9.1 million to \$8.6 million, a 5.5 percent decrease from FY 2026. This refinement reflects the consistent pattern over the past three fiscal years, in which actual charges have been lower than prior projections.

Non-power revenue projections for Reclamation and WAPA are forecasted to be \$52,000 lower in FY 2027, due to reduced estimated revenues from ancillary services. Carryover from FY 2026 to FY 2027 is projected to be \$2.7 million, which is \$2.3 million more than the projected carryover of \$429,000 from FY 2025 into FY 2026. This increase is primarily due to the previously mentioned reductions to the FY 2026 budget.

The composite, energy, and capacity rates remain unchanged from FY 2026. These unit rate calculations use forecasted energy and capacity values from FY 2026, which will be updated based on recent hydrological conditions when determining the final base charge and rates.

WAPA's proposed base charge and rates for FY 2027, which would be effective October 1, 2026, are preliminary and subject to change based on modifications to forecasts before publication of the final base charge and rates.

Legal Authority

WAPA is establishing rates for BCP electric service in accordance with section 302 of the DOE Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7152). This provision transferred to, and vested in, the Secretary of Energy certain functions of the Secretary of the Interior, along with the power marketing functions of Reclamation. Those functions include actions that specifically apply to the BCP.

WAPA's proposal to calculate the base charge and rates for FY 2027 constitutes a major rate adjustment, as defined by 10 CFR 903.2(d). In accordance with 10 CFR 903.15, 10 CFR 903.16, and 10 CFR 904.7(e), DSW will hold public information and public comment forums for this rate adjustment. DSW will review and consider all timely public comments at the conclusion of the consultation and comment period and adjust the proposal as appropriate.

DOE regulations governing charges for the sale of BCP power, 10 CFR 904.7(e), requires an annual review of the BCP base charge and an "adjust[ment] either upward or downward, when necessary and administratively feasible, to assure sufficient revenues to effect payment of all costs and financial obligations associated with the [p]roject." This proposal is issued pursuant to Delegation Order No. S1-DEL-RATES-2016, effective November 19, 2016, in which the Secretary of Energy delegated the authority to develop power and transmission rates to WAPA's Administrator. The BCP Electric Service Contract states that for years other than the first year, and each fifth year thereafter, when the rate schedule is approved by the Deputy Secretary of Energy on a provisional basis, and by FERC on a final basis, adjustments to the base charge "shall become effective upon approval by the Deputy Secretary of Energy." Accordingly, the Deputy Secretary of Energy would approve the final FY 2027 base charge and rates for BCP electric service, as authorized by the BCP Electric Service Contract and DOE's procedures for public participation in rate adjustments set forth at 10 CFR parts 903 and 904.⁵ The FY 2027 base charge will also be filed at FERC for informational purposes only.

Availability of Information

All brochures, studies, comments, letters, memorandums, or other documents that DSW initiates or uses to develop the proposed formula rates for electric service and the base charge and rates are available for inspection and copying at the Desert Southwest Regional Office, located at 615 South 43rd Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona 85009. Many of these documents and supporting information are also available on DSW's BCP Rates website at www.wapa.gov/about-wapa/regions/dsw/rates/boulder-canyon-project-rates.

Ratemaking Procedure Requirements Environmental Compliance

WAPA is in the process of determining whether an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement should be prepared or if this action can be categorically excluded from those requirements.⁶

⁵ 50 FR 37835 (Sept. 18, 1985) and 84 FR 5347 (Feb. 21, 2019).

⁶ In compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4321-4347, DOE NEPA regulations at 10 CFR part 1021, and DOE's NEPA implementing procedures outside the Code of Federal Regulations available at energy.gov/nepa.

Determination Under Executive Order 12866

WAPA has an exemption from centralized regulatory review under Executive Order 12866; accordingly, no clearance of this notice by the Office of Management and Budget is required.

Signing Authority

This document of the Department of Energy was signed on June 11, 2026, by Tracey A. LeBeau, Administrator, Western Area Power Administration, pursuant to delegated authority from the Secretary of Energy. That document, with the original signature and date, is maintained by DOE. For administrative purposes only, and in compliance with requirements of the Office of the Federal Register, the undersigned DOE Federal Register Liaison Officer has been authorized to sign and submit the document in electronic format for publication, as an official document of the Department of Energy. This administrative process in no way alters the legal effect of this document upon publication in the **Federal Register**.

Signed in Washington, DC, on June 12, 2026.

Jennifer Hartzell,

*Alternate Federal Register Liaison Officer,
U.S. Department of Energy.*

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OPPT-2018-0462; FRL-13443-01-OCSP]

4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bis[2,6-dibromophenol] (TBBPA) Risk Evaluation Under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA); Notice of Availability and Request for Comment

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or Agency) is announcing the availability of and seeking public comment on the draft risk evaluation under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) for 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bis[2,6-dibromophenol] (TBBPA). The purpose of risk evaluations under TSCA are to determine whether a chemical substance presents an unreasonable risk of injury to human health or the environment under the conditions of use (COUs), including unreasonable risk to potentially exposed or susceptible

subpopulations identified as relevant to the risk evaluation by EPA, and without consideration of costs or non-risk factors. EPA is seeking comment on the draft risk evaluation for TBBPA.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before August 17, 2026.

ADDRESSES: To submit comments on the TBBPA draft risk evaluation, submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPPT-2018-0462, online at <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not electronically submit any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Additional information on commenting or visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For technical information on TBBPA: John Allran, Existing Chemical Risk Assessment Division (7404M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460-0001; telephone number: (202) 564-7656; email address: TBBPA.TSCA@epa.gov.

For general information: The TSCA Assistance Information Service Hotline, Goodwill Vision Enterprises, 422 South Clinton Ave., Rochester, NY 14620; telephone number: (800) 471-7127 or (202) 554-1404; email address: TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Executive Summary

A. Does this action apply to me?

This action is directed to the public in general and may be of particular interest to those involved in the manufacture (defined under TSCA section 3(9) to include import), processing, distribution, use, and disposal of TBBPA, related industry trade organizations, non-governmental organizations with an interest in human and environmental health, State and local governments, Tribal Nations, and/or those interested in the assessment of risks involving chemical substances and mixtures regulated under TSCA. As such, the Agency has not attempted to describe all the specific entities that this action might apply to. If you need help determining applicability, consult the relevant technical contact listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

B. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

The Agency is conducting this risk evaluation under TSCA section 6, (15 U.S.C. 2605) which requires that EPA conduct risk evaluations on chemical substances and identifies the minimum components EPA must include in the risk evaluations. Each risk evaluation must be conducted consistent with the best available science, be based on the weight of the scientific evidence, and consider reasonably available information, and not consider costs or non-risk factors (15 U.S.C. 2625(h), (i), and (k)). See also the implementing procedural regulations at 40 CFR part 702.

C. What action is the Agency taking?

EPA is announcing the availability of and seeking public comment on the draft risk evaluation under TSCA for TBBPA. EPA used the best available science to prepare the draft risk evaluation and preliminarily determined, based on the weight of scientific evidence, that TBBPA poses unreasonable risk to human health and the environment driven primarily by certain COUs analyzed in the draft risk evaluation.

D. What should I consider as I submit my comments to EPA?

1. Submitting CBI.

Do not submit CBI to EPA through <https://www.regulations.gov> or email. If you wish to include CBI in your comment, please follow the applicable instructions at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets#rules> and clearly mark the information that you claim to be CBI. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR parts 2 and 703, as applicable.

2. Tips for preparing comments.

When preparing and submitting your comments, see the commenting tips at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets>.

II. Background

A. What is TBBPA?

TBBPA is a crystalline solid used as an additive and reactive flame retardant. As an additive flame retardant, TBBPA is incorporated into polymers and used in electronic enclosures and electronic consumer products with an outer plastic casing. As a reactive flame retardant, TBBPA is primarily used in epoxy resin printed circuit boards. TBBPA is used in fabric, textile, leather products, and construction materials. Workers may be exposed to TBBPA through inhalation of dust or dermal contact during the

manufacturing, processing, use, or disposal of TBBPA. Consumers may be exposed to TBBPA through dermal or oral exposure to products, as well as inhalation of dust. TBBPA is primarily released to the environment through land disposal. Environmental TBBPA release can also occur through air and water releases. TBBPA has been found in drinking water, ground water, ambient air, indoor air, fish, human breast milk, and dust and soil.

B. The Risk Evaluation of TBBPA

In December 2019, EPA announced its designation of TBBPA (Docket ID EPA-HQ-OPPT-2018-0462) as a high priority substance for risk evaluation under TSCA (84 FR 71924) (FRL-10003-15). In April 2020, EPA published and sought public comment on the draft scope of the TBBPA risk evaluation (85 FR 19941) (FRL-10007-11-OCSPP) and, after considering public comments, issued the final scope on September 4, 2020 (85 FR 55281) (FRL-10013-90-OCSPP).

III. Request for Comment

EPA seeks feedback on the assessment of risk presented in the draft risk evaluation for TBBPA, a copy of which is available in the docket, and encourages all potentially interested parties, including individuals, governmental and non-governmental organizations, non-profit organizations, academic institutions, research institutions, and private sector entities to comment on the draft risk evaluation. To the extent possible, the Agency asks commenters to please cite any public data related to or that support comments provided, and to the extent permissible, describe any supporting data that are not publicly available.

EPA welcomes specific input on each section of the draft risk evaluation, particularly input on the following:

- Non-cancer human health hazard conclusions (e.g., selection of intermediate and chronic endpoints);
- Cancer human health hazard conclusions (e.g., conclusion of non-genotoxic mode of action and preliminary cancer classification);
- Exposure assumptions for occupational exposure scenarios (e.g., how exposure controls and personal protective equipment are used, the frequency of occupational task(s) per shift, use of respirators with an Assigned Protection Factor higher than 10 during higher exposure tasks);
- Modeling assumptions for conditions of use without Toxics Release Inventory data (e.g., use as a laboratory chemical);

- Domestic manufacturing as a reasonably foreseen use and any information regarding domestic manufacturing being reestablished in the United States;
- Information that may inform assessment of water releases and environmental impacts (e.g., percent of TBBPA in waste disposal streams); and
- Relevant studies or other data sources not identified by EPA.

IV. Next Steps

After consideration of comments received from the public on the draft risk evaluation and input from the SACC peer review, EPA will issue a final risk evaluation for TBBPA. Under TSCA section 6, EPA must determine in the final risk evaluation, based on the weight of scientific evidence, whether or not the chemical presents an unreasonable risk to human health or the environment under the chemical's COUs. This includes consideration of risks to potentially exposed susceptible subpopulations who may be at greater risks than the general population, such as children and workers. TSCA prohibits EPA from considering non-risk factors (e.g., costs/benefits) during risk evaluation.

For more information about the TSCA risk evaluation process for existing chemicals, go to <https://www.epa.gov/assessing-and-managing-chemicals-under-tsca>.

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2601 *et seq.*

Dated: June 11, 2026.

Douglas M. Troutman,

Assistant Administrator, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2026-12012 Filed 6-15-26; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2024-0154; FRL-OCSPP-13447-01]

United States Department of Justice and Parties to Certain Litigation; Transfer of Information Potentially Containing Confidential Business Information

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This document announces that pesticide-related information submitted to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or Agency) pursuant to the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), including

information that may have been claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI) by the submitter, will be transferred to the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) and parties to certain litigation. This transfer of data is in accordance with the CBI regulations governing the disclosure of potential CBI in litigation.

DATES: Access to this information by DOJ and the parties to certain litigation is ongoing and expected to continue during the litigation as discussed in this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Charles Smith, Registration Division (7505M), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 566-1030; email address: RDfRNotices@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document is being provided pursuant to 40 CFR 2.209(d) to inform affected businesses that EPA, via DOJ, will provide certain information to the parties and the Court in the consolidated matters of *American Soybean Association v. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, et al.*, Case No. 26-1326 (8th Cir.) and *National Family Farm Coalition, et al. v. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, et al.*, Case No. 26-1556 (8th Cir.). The information is contained in documents that have been submitted to EPA pursuant to FIFRA and FFDCA, including information that has been claimed to be, or determined to potentially contain, CBI. In the pending litigation, the petitioners seek judicial review of EPA's registrations of three dicamba products for use on dicamba-tolerant cotton and soybeans, issued under FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. 136 *et seq.*

The documents are being produced as part of the Administrative Record of the decisions at issue and include documents that registrants or other data-submitters may have submitted to EPA regarding the pesticide dicamba, and that may be subject to various release restrictions under federal law. The information includes documents submitted with pesticide registration applications and may include CBI as well as scientific studies subject to the disclosure restrictions of section 10(g) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. 136h(d).

All documents that may be subject to release restrictions under federal law will be designated as "Protected Information" in the certified list of record materials that EPA will file in these consolidated cases. Further, EPA intends to seek a Protective Order that would preclude public disclosure of any

such documents by the parties in these actions who have received the information from EPA and limit the use of such documents to litigation purposes only, unless a party successfully obtains a de-designation as Protected Information of any portion of the Administrative Record via a procedure that would be described in the Protective Order. If such documents are filed with the Court, the anticipated Protective Order would require that such documents be filed under seal and not be available for public review, unless the information contained in the document has been determined to not be subject to section 10(g) of FIFRA and all CBI has been redacted.

At the conclusion of the litigation, the anticipated Protective Order would require that record material EPA designates as "Protected Information" be destroyed or returned to EPA.

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 136 *et seq.*; 21 U.S.C. 301 *et seq.*

Dated: June 11, 2026.

Charles Smith,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 2026-12055 Filed 6-15-26; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[OMB 3060-0745; FR ID 351348]

Information Collection Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission Under Delegated Authority

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice; request for comments.

SUMMARY: As part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burdens, and as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or the Commission) invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection. Comments are requested concerning: whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated