no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.,* within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

Pursuant to section 751(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.107(e), Commerce intends to instruct CBP to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties with regard to shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the final results of this administrative review, as follows: (1) the cash deposit rate for the companies listed above will be equal to the company-specific estimated individual countervailable subsidy rates determined in the final results of this review, except if the rate is less than 0.50 percent and, therefore, *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), in which case the cash deposit rate will be zero; (2) if both the producer and exporter of the subject merchandise have company-specific estimated subsidy rates assigned, and their rates differ, then the applicable cash deposit rate will be the higher of these two rates; (3) if either the producer or the exporter, but not both, of the subject merchandise has a company-specific estimated subsidy rate assigned, the applicable cash deposit rate will be that company's company-specific rate; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers and exporters will be continue to be 5.01 percent, the all-others subsidy rate established in the investigation.[13] These cash deposit instructions, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is sanctionable violation.

[13] *See Order.*

Notification to Interested Parties

Commerce is issuing the final results and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: June 8, 2026.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the *Order*
IV. Use of Facts Otherwise Available and Application of Adverse Inferences
V. Subsidies Valuation
VI. Analysis of Programs
VII. Discussion of the Issues
Comment 1: Whether Commerce Should Apply Adverse Facts Available (AFA) to Kumar and its Cross-Owned Affiliates
Comment 2: Whether Commerce Should Adjust Kumar's Sales Denominators and Kumar's Benefit Calculation for Pre- and Post-Shipment Finance Program
Comment 3: Whether Commerce Should Apply AFA to Kumar with Respect to Rudraa International
Comment 4: Whether the Duty Drawback (DDB) Program is Countervailable
Comment 5: Whether the Pre- and Post-Shipment Finance Program is Countervailable
Comment 6: Whether the Remission of Duties and Taxes on Export Products (RoDTEP) is Countervailable
Comment 7: Whether the State Government of Gujarat (SGOG) Provision of Water for Less Than Adequate Remuneration (LTAR) is Countervailable
VIII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2026–12103 Filed 6–15–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–992]

Monosodium Glutamate From the People's Republic China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023–2024

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable June 16, 2026.

SUMMARY: On February 11, 2026, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the preliminary results of the 2023–2024 administrative review of the antidumping duty (AD) order on monosodium glutamate (MSG) from the People's Republic of China (China) covering the period of review (POR) November 1, 2023, through October 31, 2024. We find that Ajinoriki MSG (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd (Ajinoriki) is not eligible to receive a separate rate and is, therefore, considered part of the China-wide entity.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Thomas Cloyd, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1246.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On February 11, 2026, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the *Preliminary Results* and invited interested parties to comment.[1]

Scope of the Order

The scope of the *Order* covers MSG, whether or not blended or in solution with other products.[2] For a complete description of the scope of the *Order, see* the appendix to this notice.

Analysis of Comments Received

On March 3, 2026, we received comments from the Ajinomoto Health & Nutrition North America, Inc (petitioner) regarding the *Preliminary Results.*[3] The petitioner identified an error regarding the rate for the China-wide entity listed in the *Preliminary Results,* which mistakenly indicated the China-wide rate to be 40.41 percent.[4] The correct rate applicable to the China-wide entity, however, is 56.54 percent, pursuant to Commerce's findings in the *2017–2018 Administrative Review.*[5] Because the petitioner was the sole party to comment on the *Preliminary Results,* which we have summarized and addressed in this notice, no decision memoranda accompany this notice.

[1] *See Monosodium Glutamate from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023–2024,* 91 FR 6188 (February 11, 2026) (*Preliminary Results*).

[2] *See Monosodium Glutamate from the People's Republic of China: Second Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Amended Antidumping Duty Order,* 80 FR 487 (January 6, 2015) (*Order*).

[3] *See* Petitioner's Letter, "Comments on Preliminary {Results}," dated March 3, 2026.

[4] *See Preliminary Results.*

[5] *See Monosodium Glutamate from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping administrative Review; 2017–2018,* 85 FR 9736 (February 20, 2020) (*2017–2018 Administrative Review*).

Final Results of Review

In the *Preliminary Results,* Commerce determined that Ajinoriki failed to submit a Separate Rate Application in a timely manner and, therefore, denied Ajinoriki separate rate status.[6] As corrected from the *Preliminary Results,* Ajinoriki is subject to the currently applicable rate of 56.54 percent for the China-wide entity.[7] Furthermore, Commerce finds that, because no party requested a review of the China-wide entity for the POR, the China-wide entity is not under review, and the China-wide entity's rate (*i.e.,* 56.54 percent) is not subject to change.

Disclosure

Normally, Commerce will disclose to the parties in a proceeding the calculations performed in connection with the final results within five days of any public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of the notice of final results in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b). However, because Commerce finds that the sole producer or exporter of MSG subject to review is part of the China-wide entity and the China-wide entity is not under review, there are no calculations to disclose for these final results.

Assessment Rates

Commerce will determine, and CBP shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries in this review, in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

Commerce intends to issue appropriate assessment instructions directly to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this administrative review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.,* within 90 days of publication).

The assessment rate for Ajinoriki will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin for the China-wide entity, *i.e.,* 56.54 percent.[8]

Cash Deposit Requirements

For all shipments of subject merchandise from China, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) for subject merchandise exported by a company with a separate rate from a previously completed segment of this proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the existing exporter-specific rate, or producer-exporter-specific rate, for that exporter, (2) for all exporters of subject merchandise that have not been found to be entitled to a separate rate, *i.e.,* the China-wide entity, the cash deposit rate will continue to be 56.54 percent.[9] These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

These final results are being issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.213(h).

Dated: June 11, 2026.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

Scope of the Order

The scope of this *Order* covers monosodium glutamate (MSG), whether or not blended or in solution with other products. Specifically, MSG that has been blended or is in solution with other product(s) is included in this scope when the resulting mix contains 15% or more of MSG by dry weight. Products with which MSG may be blended include, but are not limited to, salts, sugars, starches, maltodextrins, and various seasonings. Further, MSG is included in this investigation regardless of physical form (including, but not limited to, in monohydrate or anhydrous form, or as substrates, solutions, dry powders of any particle size, or unfinished forms such as MSG slurry), end-use application, or packaging.

MSG in monohydrate form has a molecular formula of C5H8NO4Na-H2O, a Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) registry number of 6106–04–3, and a Unique Ingredient Identifier (UNII) number of W81N5U6R6U. MSG in anhydrous form has a molecular formula of C5H8NO4Na, a CAS registry number of l42–47–2, and a UNII number of C3C196L9FG.

Merchandise covered by the scope of this *Order* is currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) of the United States at subheading 2922.42.10.00. Merchandise subject to the *Order* may also enter under HTS subheadings 2922.42.50.00, 2103.90.72.00, 2103.90.74.00, 2103.90.78.00, 2103.90.80.00, and 2103.90.90.91. The tariff classifications, CAS registry numbers, and UNII numbers are provided for convenience and customs purposes; however, the written description of the scope is dispositive.

[6] *See Preliminary Results,* 91 FR at 6189.

[7] *Id.*

[8] *Id.*

[9] *Id.*

[FR Doc. 2026–12101 Filed 6–15–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Environmental Technologies Trade Advisory Committee

AGENCY: International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Solicitation of nominations for membership for the Environmental Technologies Trade Advisory Committee.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 2313(c) of the Export Enhancement Act of 1988, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 4728(c), and in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (FACA), 5 U.S.C. 1001 *et seq.,* the Department of Commerce (the Department) requests nominations for membership for the Environmental Technologies Trade Advisory Committee (ETTAC or Committee). The ETTAC is a non-discretionary committee that provides consensus advice to the Environmental Trade Promotion Working Group of the Trade Promotion Coordinating Committee (TPCC), reporting through the Secretary of Commerce in his capacity as Chair of the TPCC, regarding