

requires that any new incremental costs associated with significant new regulations “shall, to the extent permitted by law, be offset by the elimination of existing costs associated with at least ten prior regulations.” The Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) has determined that this final rule is not a significant action under Executive Order 12866 Section 3(f).

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) requires agencies to consider the impact of their regulatory proposals on small entities. Because this is simply repealing obsolete and unnecessary language, we certify that the final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA) generally requires that each agency conduct a cost-benefit analysis; identify and consider a reasonable number of regulatory alternatives; and select the least costly, most cost effective, or least burdensome alternative that achieves the objectives of the rule before promulgating any proposed or final rule that includes a Federal mandate that may result in expenditures of more than \$100 million (adjusted for inflation) in at least one year by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector. Each agency issuing a rule with relevant effects over that threshold must also seek input from State, local, and tribal governments. The current threshold after adjustment for inflation is \$193 million, using the most current (2025) Implicit Price Deflator for the Gross Domestic Product. This final rule would not result in an expenditure in any year that meets or exceeds this amount.

IX. Tribal Consultation Statement

Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, requires agencies to consult with Indian Tribes when regulations have substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian Tribes. *Consultation and Coordination With Indian Tribal Governments*, 65 FR 67249. Similarly, ACF’s Tribal Consultation Policy says that consultation is triggered for any legislative proposal, new rule adoption, or other policy change that significantly affects tribes, meaning there exists a reasonable presumption that it has or may have substantial direct effects on

one or more Indian tribes, on the amount or duration of ACF program funding, on the delivery of ACF programs or services to one or more Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes. However, as this is a deregulatory action, per OMB M–25–36, *Streamlining the Review of Deregulatory Actions*, this action presumptively does not trigger the consultation requirements of Executive Order 13175. ACF is nevertheless committed to consulting with Indian Tribes and Tribal leadership on this action to the extent practicable and permitted by law.

List of Subjects in 45 CFR Part 1336

Administrative practice and procedure, American Samoa, Grant programs—Indians, Grant programs—social programs, Guam, Hawaiian Natives, Indians, Northern Mariana Islands, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, ACF amends 45 CFR part 1336 to read as follows:

PART 1336—NATIVE AMERICAN PROGRAMS

- 1. The authority citation for part 1336 continues to read:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2991 *et seq.*

§§ 1336.20, 1336.30, 1336.31, 1336.32, 1336.33, 1336.40, 1336.51, 1336.60, 1336.61, 1336.62, 1336.63, 1336.64, 1336.65, 1336.66, 1336.67, 1336.68, 1336.69, 1336.70, 1336.71, 1336.72, 1336.73, 1336.74, 1336.75, 1336.76, and 1336.77 [Removed and Reserved]

- 2. Remove and reserve subpart B consisting of § 1336.20, §§ 1336.30, 1336.31, 1336.32, 1336.33, subpart D consisting of § 1336.40, § 1336.51, and subpart F consisting of §§ 1336.60, 1336.61, 1336.62, 1336.63, 1336.64, 1336.65, 1336.66, 1336.67, 1336.68, 1336.69, 1336.70, 1336.71, 1336.72, 1336.73, 1336.74, 1336.75, 1336.76, and 1336.77.

Robert F. Kennedy, Jr.,
Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services.

[FR Doc. 2026–12324 Filed 6–17–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4184–34–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

49 CFR Part 190

[Docket No. PHMSA–2026–1537]

RIN 2137–AG41

Pipeline Safety: Declaratory Order Procedures; Response To Petition for Reconsideration

AGENCY: Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Response to petition for reconsideration.

SUMMARY: PHMSA alerts the public to a petition for reconsideration and PHMSA’s response.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Timothy O’Shea, Attorney Advisor, Office of Chief Counsel, U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590, at timothy.o'shea@dot.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 24, 2026, PHMSA issued the final rule *Pipeline Safety: Declaratory Order Procedures*, 91 FR 21968. The Pipeline Safety Trust filed a petition for reconsideration of this final rule on May 26, 2026, which challenged various issues. PHMSA denied the petition on June 11, 2026. Each of these documents is available in the rulemaking docket that is accessible on <http://www.regulations.gov> by searching for docket number PHMSA–2026–1537.

Issued in Washington, DC, under authority delegated in 49 CFR 1.97.

Keith Coyle,

Chief Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2026–12314 Filed 6–17–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–60–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 260209–0039; RTID 0648–XF845]

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Summer Flounder Fishery; Quota Transfer From North Carolina to Virginia

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.