acceptance date, and the authority cited by the Postal Service for each request. Standardized distinct products are negotiated service agreements that are variations of one or more Competitive products, and for which financial models, minimum rates, and classification criteria have undergone advance Commission review. *See* 39 CFR 3041.110(n); 39 CFR 3041.205(a). Such requests are reviewed in summary proceedings pursuant to 39 CFR 3041.325(c)(2) and 39 CFR 3041.505(f)(1). Pursuant to 39 CFR 3041.405(c)–(d), the Commission does not appoint a Public Representative or request public comment in proceedings to review such requests.

II. Public Proceeding(s)

1. *Docket No(s).:* K2025–1611; *Filing Title:* USPS Request Concerning Amendment One to Priority Mail & USPS Ground Advantage Contract 813, with Material Filed Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date:* July 16, 2026; *Filing Authority:* 39 CFR. 3035.105 and 39 CFR 3041.505; *Public Representative:* Jennaca Upperman; *Comments Due:* July 24, 2026.

III. Summary Proceeding(s)

1. *Docket No(s).:* MC2026–312 and K2026–308; *Filing Title:* USPS Request to Add New Mid-Market Standardized Distinct Product, PM–GA Contract 1045, and Notice of Filing Materials Under Seal; *Filing Acceptance Date:* July 16, 2026; *Filing Authority:* 39 U.S.C. 3642 and 3633, 39 CFR 3035.105, and 39 CFR 3041.325.

This Notice will be published in the **Federal Register**.

Danielle LeFlore,

Legal Assistant.

[FR Doc. 2026–14676 Filed 7–20–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7710–FW–P

POSTAL SERVICE

International Product Change—Priority Mail Express International, Priority Mail International & First-Class Package International Service Agreement

AGENCY: Postal Service.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Postal Service gives notice of filing a request with the Postal Regulatory Commission to add a Priority Mail Express International, Priority Mail International & First-Class Package International Service contract to the list of Negotiated Service Agreements in the Competitive Product List in the Mail Classification Schedule.

DATES: *Date of notice:* July 21, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christopher C. Meyerson, (202) 268–7820.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The United States Postal Service hereby gives notice that, pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 3642 and 3632(b)(3), on July 13, 2026, it filed with the Postal Regulatory Commission a *USPS Request to Add Priority Mail Express International, Priority Mail International & First-Class Package International Service Contract 117 to Competitive Product List.* Documents are available at *www.prc.gov,* Docket Nos. MC2026–299 and K2026–296.

Kevin Rayburn,

Attorney, Ethics and Legal Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2026–14695 Filed 7–20–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7710–12–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–105931; File No. SR–ICC–2026–006]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; ICE Clear Credit LLC; Notice of Proposed Rule Change to the Risk Management Model Description for the CDS Clearing Service

July 16, 2026.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 [1] and Rule 19b–4,[2] notice is hereby given that on July 6, 2026, ICE Clear Credit LLC (''ICC'' or ''ICE Clear Credit'') filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'') the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II and III below, which Items have been prepared primarily by ICC. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The principal purpose of the proposed rule change is to revise the Risk Management Model Description for the CDS Clearing Service. These revisions do not require any changes to the ICC CDS Clearing Rules (the ''Rules'').[3]

[1] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

[2] 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

[3] ICC's Rules are available on ICC's public website: *https://www.ice.com/publicdocs/clear_credit/ICE_Clear_Credit_Rules.pdf.*

II. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, ICC included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. ICC has prepared summaries, set forth in sections (A), (B), and (C) below, of the most significant aspects of these statements.

(A) Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

(a) Purpose

The primary purpose of the proposed rule change is to amend the Risk Management Model Description to enhance the contagion risk methodology. In particular, the proposed change is intended to improve risk management by introducing a new term, Profit Given Default (''PGD''), within the amended contagion risk methodology. As more fully described below, PGD is designed to provide portfolio benefits (*i.e.,* reduced risk requirements) when a Clearing Participant (''CP'') clears applicable offsetting positions. This change would enhance ICC's risk management by providing a more capital-efficient approach for capturing the accumulation of exposures that exhibit strong positive correlation between a CP and single name Risk Factors during stress market conditions.[4] In addition, this change would provide some portfolio benefits to incentivize CPs to hedge their accumulation of wrong-way-risk (''WWR'') exposure, while allowing ICC to continue to maintain a conservative approach to managing the accumulation of directional WWR exposure. In addition, ICC proposes minor revisions to update certain references to publicly available sources of information. ICC believes that such revisions will facilitate the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions and derivative agreements, contracts, and transactions for which it is responsible. ICC proposes to make such changes effective following Commission approval of the proposed rule change. The proposed revisions are described in detail as follows.

[4] Such conditions may arise when there is a strong positive correlation between a CP's default risk and the occurrence of large losses in a CP's portfolio.