ESTIMATED HOURLY BURDEN—Continued

	Type of burden	Estimated number of respondents	Estimated time per response	Frequency of response	Total annual estimated burden
Total Burden Hours					111,843

General Description of Collection: This collection comprises the recordkeeping, reporting, and disclosure requirements associated with minimum capital requirements and overall capital adequacy standards for insured state nonmember banks, state savings associations, and certain subsidiaries of those entities. The data is used by the FDIC to evaluate capital before approving various applications by insured depository institutions, to evaluate capital as an essential component in determining safety and soundness, and to determine whether an institution is subject to prompt corrective action provisions.

There is no change in the method, substance, or burden of the collection

Request for Comment

Comments are invited on: (a) whether the collections of information are necessary for the proper performance of the FDIC's functions, including whether the information has practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the estimates of the burden of the information collections, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collections of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Dated at Washington, DC, on July 21, 2026.

Debra A. Decker,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2026–14899 Filed 7–22–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6714–01–P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Extension

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), the Federal Trade Commission (FTC or Commission) is seeking public comment on its proposal to extend for an additional three years the Office of Management and Budget clearance for information collection requirements in the Automative Fuel Ratings, Certification and Posting (Fuel Rating Rule or the Rule). The current clearance expires on October 31, 2026.

DATES: Comments must be filed by September 21, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file a comment online or on paper, by following the instructions in the Request for Comment part of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section below. Write ''Fuel Rating Rule, PRA Comment, R811005,'' on your comment, and file your comment online at *https://www.regulations.gov* by following the instructions on the web-based form. If you prefer to file your comment on paper, mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Mail Stop H–144 (Annex E), Washington, DC 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Hong Park, Attorney, Division of Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20580, (202) 326–2158; *hpark@ftc.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Fuel Rating Rule, 16 CFR part 306.

OMB Control Number: 3084–0068.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Likely Respondents:

(a) *Recordkeeping:* Refiners, Producers, Importers, Distributors, and Retailers of the Covered Fuel Types.

(b) *Disclosure:* Retailers of the Covered Fuel Types.

Estimated Annual Burden Hours: 28,163 (derived from 11,394 recordkeeping hours added to 16,769 disclosure hours).

Estimated Annual Labor Costs: $455,731.

Estimated Annual Capital or Other Non-Labor Costs: $308,536.

Background: The Fuel Rating Rule, 16 CFR part 306 (OMB Control Number 3084–0068), establishes standard procedures for determining, certifying, and disclosing the octane rating of automotive gasoline and the automotive fuel rating of alternative liquid automotive fuels, as required by the Petroleum Marketing Practices Act. 15 U.S.C. 2822(a)–(c). The Rule also requires refiners, producers, importers, distributors, and retailers to retain records showing how the ratings were determined, including delivery tickets or letters of certification.

As required by section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA, 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A), the FTC is providing this opportunity for public comment before requesting that OMB extend the existing clearance for the information collection requirements contained in the Fuel Rating Rule.

Burden Statement

Total annual hours burden: 28,163 (derived from 11,394 recordkeeping hours added to 16,769 disclosure hours).

Recordkeeping: Based on industry sources, staff estimates that approximately 136,727 fuel industry members [1] each incur an average annual burden of approximately five minutes to ensure retention of relevant business records [2] for the period required by the Rule, resulting in a total of 11,394 hours.

Disclosure: Staff estimates that affected industry members incur an average burden of approximately one hour to produce, distribute, and post

[1] Staff derived the number of fuel industry members by adding the number of refiners, producers, importers, distributors, and retailers of these types of fuel. Staff consulted government agencies and industry sources in estimating a population of approximately 136,727 fuel industry members, including 134,146 retailers of automotive fuel. Some of the government and industry websites reviewed to update these numbers include: *http://www.eia.gov/dnav/pet/pet_pnp_cap1_dcu_nus_a.htm* (Gasoline Producers); *https://www.eia.gov/biofuels/biodiesel/capacity/* (Biodiesel Producers); *https://www.eia.gov/biofuels/biomass/* (Biomass Fuel Producers); *https://www.eia.gov/petroleum/ethanolcapacity/* (Ethanol Producers); *https://www.eia.gov/petroleum/imports/companylevel/* (Importers); *https://www.usfueldistributors.com/* (Distributors); *https://afdc.energy.gov/stations#/analyze?tab=fuel&fuel=BD&fuel=LPG&fuel=E85&fuel=RD&lpg_secondary=true* (Alternative Fuel Stations); *https://www.convenience.org/Research/Convenience-Store-Fast-Facts-and-Stats/FactSheets/IndustryStoreCount* (Petroleum Stations).

[2] Under the Fuel Rating Rule, refiners, producers, importers, distributors, and retailers of automotive fuel must retain, for one year, records of any delivery tickets, letters of certification, or tests upon which they based the automotive fuel ratings that they certify or post. *See* the Fuel Rating Rule's recordkeeping requirements, 16 CFR 306.7; 306.9; and 306.11.

octane rating labels. Because the labels are durable, only about one of every eight industry member retailers (16,769 of 134,146 industry member retailers) incur this burden each year, resulting in a total annual burden of 16,769 hours.

Total annual labor cost: $455,731.

Labor costs are derived by applying appropriate hourly cost figures to the burden hours described above. Here, the average hourly wages of refiners, producers, distributors, and importers is $45.03.[3] The average hourly wages of retailers is $15.96.[4] The recordkeeping component, 11,394 hours, consists of approximately 215 hours for producers, distributors, and importers; and 11,179 hours for retailers. Thus, the total annual labor cost for recordkeeping is $188,098 ((215 hours × $45.03/hour) + (11,179 hours × $15.96/hour)). The disclosure component, which concerns retailers, is approximately 16,769 hours. Thus, total annual labor cost for disclosure is $267,633 (16,769 hours × $15.96/hour).

Total annual capital or other non-labor costs: $308,536.

Staff believes that the Rule does not impose any capital costs for producers, importers, or distributors of fuels. Retailers, however, incur the cost of procuring and replacing fuel dispenser labels to comply with the Rule. Staff conservatively estimates that the price per automotive fuel label is $3.06 and that the average automotive fuel retailer has six dispensers; thus, $18.36 labeling cost per retailer at inception and each time a retailer must replace labels.[5] Staff has previously estimated a dispenser useful life range of 6 to 10 years and based on that, assumed a useful life of 8 years for labels, the mean of that range. Annualizing the $18.36 labeling cost per retailer over a label's average useful life yields $2.30. Cumulative annual labeling cost would thus be $308,536 (134,146 retailers × $2.30 per year).

Request for Comment:

Pursuant to Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA, the FTC invites comments on: (1) whether the disclosure and recordkeeping requirements are necessary, including whether the information will be practically useful; (2) the accuracy of our burden estimates, including whether the methodology and assumptions used are valid; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information.

For the FTC to consider a comment, we must receive it on or before September 21, 2026. Your comment, including your name and your state, will be placed on the public record of this proceeding, including the *https://www.regulations.gov* website.

You can file a comment online or on paper. Due to heightened security screening, postal mail addressed to the Commission will be subject to delay. We encourage you to submit your comments online through the *https://www.regulations.gov* website.

If you file your comment on paper, write ''Fuel Rating Rule, PRA Comment, R811005,'' on your comment and on the envelope, and mail it to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Mail Stop H–144 (Annex E), Washington, DC 20580.

Because your comment will become publicly available at *https://www.regulations.gov,* you are solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive or confidential information. In particular, your comment should not include any sensitive personal information, such as your or anyone else's Social Security number; date of birth; driver's license number or other state identification number, or foreign country equivalent; passport number; financial account number; or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive health information, such as medical records or other individually identifiable health information. In addition, your comment should not include any ''trade secret or any commercial or financial information which . . . is privileged or confidential''—as provided by Section 6(f) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2)—including, in particular, competitively sensitive information, such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.

Comments containing material for which confidential treatment is requested must (1) be filed in paper form, (2) be clearly labeled ''Confidential,'' and (3) comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c). In particular, the written request for confidential treatment that accompanies the comment must include the factual and legal basis for the request and must identify the specific portions of the comment to be withheld from the public record. *See* FTC Rule 4.9(c). Your comment will be kept confidential only if the General Counsel grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest. Once your comment has been posted publicly at *www.regulations.gov,* we cannot redact or remove your comment unless you submit a confidentiality request that meets the requirements for such treatment under FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General Counsel grants that request.

The FTC Act and other laws that the Commission administers permit the collection of public comments to consider and use in this proceeding as appropriate. The Commission will consider all timely and responsive public comments that it receives on or before September 21, 2026. For information on the Commission's privacy policy, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, see *https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy.*

Josephine Liu,

Assistant General Counsel for Legal Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2026–14920 Filed 7–22–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

[3] *See* the hourly mean wages for petroleum pump system operators, refinery operators, and gaugers released on May 15, 2026, by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics (May 2025*), available at https://www.bls.gov/iag/tgs/iag211.htm#earnings.*

[4] *See* the hourly mean wages for service station attendants released on May 15, 2026, by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics (May 2025), *available at https://www.bls.gov/iag/tgs/iag447.htm.*

[5] *See* 75 FR 12470, 12477 (Mar. 16, 2010) (proposed rulemaking) (estimating the price range per pump to be one to two dollars). The cost of a $2.00 label is $3.06 when you factor in inflation since 2010. *See https://www.bls.gov/data/inflationcalculator.htm.*

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

[OMB Control No. 3090–0329; Docket No. 2026–0001; Sequence No. 1]

Submission for OMB Review; Overseas Employment Service Agreement (GSA Form 5040)

AGENCY: Office of Human Resource Management, Human Capital Strategic Planning and Programs Division, General Services Administration (GSA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act, the Regulatory Secretariat Division will be submitting to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request to review and approve an extension to an existing information collection requirement.

DATES: Submit comments on or before September 21, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for this information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to