

How To File Protests, Interventions, and Comments

There are two ways to submit protests, motions to intervene, and comments. In both instances, please reference the Project docket number CP26–558–000 in your submission.

(1) You may file your protest, motion to intervene, and comments by using the Commission's eFiling feature, which is located on the Commission's website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on "eRegister." You will be asked to select the type of filing you are making; first select "General" and then select "Protest", "Intervention", or "Comment on a Filing"; or ⁸

(2) You can file a paper copy of your submission by mailing it to the address below. Your submission must reference the Project docket number CP26–558–000.

To file via USPS: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426.

To file via any other method: Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 12225 Wilkins Avenue, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

The Commission encourages electronic filing of submissions (option 1 above) and has eFiling staff available to assist you at (202) 502–8258 or FercOnlineSupport@ferc.gov.

Protests and motions to intervene must be served on the applicant either by mail at: Francisco Tarin, Director, Regulatory, Post Office Box 1087, Colorado Springs, CO 80944, or by email (with a link to the document) at Francisco_Tarin@kindermorgan.com. Any subsequent submissions by an intervenor must be served on the applicant and all other parties to the proceeding. Contact information for parties can be downloaded from the service list at the eService link on FERC Online.

Tracking the Proceeding

Throughout the proceeding, additional information about the project will be available from OPP at (202) 502–6595 or on the FERC website at www.ferc.gov using the "eLibrary" link as described above. The eLibrary link also provides access to the texts of all

formal documents issued by the Commission, such as orders, notices, and rulemakings.

In addition, the Commission offers a free service called eSubscription which allows you to keep track of all formal issuances and submittals in specific dockets. This can reduce the amount of time you spend researching proceedings by automatically providing you with notification of these filings, document summaries, and direct links to the documents. For more information and to register, go to www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/esubscription.asp.

(Authority: 18 CFR 2.1)

Dated: August 5, 2026.

Debbie-Anne A. Reese,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2026–16237 Filed 8–7–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0444; EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0446; FRL–13481–01–OCSP]

o-Dichlorobenzene and p-Dichlorobenzene; Draft Risk Evaluations Under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA); Notice of Availability and Request for Comment

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or Agency) is announcing the availability of and seeking public comment on the draft risk evaluations under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) for *o*-dichlorobenzene (CASRN 95–50–1) and *p*-dichlorobenzene (CASRN 106–46–7). The purpose of risk evaluations under TSCA is to determine whether a chemical substance presents an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment under the conditions of use (COUs), including unreasonable risk to potentially exposed or susceptible subpopulations identified as relevant to the risk evaluation by EPA, and without consideration of costs or non-risk factors. EPA is seeking public comment on the draft risk evaluations for *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before October 9, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments on the *o*-dichlorobenzene draft risk evaluation, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0444, online at <https://www.regulations.gov>. Submit your comments on the *p*-dichlorobenzene draft risk evaluation, identified by docket ID number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0446, online at <https://www.regulations.gov>.

Submit your comments on the *p*-dichlorobenzene draft risk evaluation, identified by docket ID number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2018–0446, online at <https://www.regulations.gov>.

Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Additional instructions on commenting and visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, are available at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For technical information on o-dichlorobenzene: Peter Deck, Existing Chemical Risk Management Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (202) 564–3703; email address: ODCB.TSCA@epa.gov.

For technical information on p-dichlorobenzene: Ingrid Feustel, Existing Chemical Risk Management Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (202) 564–3199; email address: pDCB.TSCA@epa.gov.

For general information: The TSCA Assistance Information Service Hotline, Goodwill Vision Enterprises, 422 South Clinton Ave., Rochester, NY 14620; telephone number: (800) 471–7127 or (202) 554–1404; email address: TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Executive Summary

A. Does this action apply to me?

This action is directed to the public in general and may be of particular interest to those involved in the manufacture (defined under TSCA section 3(9) to include import), processing, distribution, use, and disposal of *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene, related industry trade organizations, non-governmental organizations with an interest in human and environmental health, State and local governments, Tribal Nations, and/or those interested in the assessment of risks involving chemical substances and mixtures regulated under TSCA. As such, the Agency has not attempted to describe all the specific entities that this action might apply to. If you need help determining applicability, consult the relevant technical contact listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

⁸ Additionally, you may file your comments electronically by using the eComment feature, which is located on the Commission's website at www.ferc.gov under the link to Documents and Filings. Using eComment is an easy method for interested persons to submit brief, text-only comments on a project.

B. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

The Agency is conducting this risk evaluation under TSCA section 6, 15 U.S.C. 2605, which requires that EPA conduct risk evaluations on chemical substances and identifies the minimum components EPA must include in the risk evaluations. Each risk evaluation must be conducted consistent with the best available science, be based on the weight of the scientific evidence, consider reasonably available information, and not consider costs or non-risk factors (15 U.S.C. 2605(b)(4), 2625(h), (i), and (k)). See also the implementing procedural regulations at 40 CFR part 702.

C. What action is the Agency taking?

EPA is announcing the availability of and seeking public comment on draft risk evaluations under TSCA for *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene, including related technical support documents. EPA used the best available science to prepare these draft risk evaluations and preliminarily determined, based on the weight of scientific evidence, that *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene present unreasonable risk to human health driven primarily by certain COUs analyzed in the draft risk evaluations.

D. What should I consider as I prepare my comments?

1. Submitting CBI

Do not submit CBI to EPA through <https://www.regulations.gov> or email. If you wish to include CBI in your comment, please follow the applicable instructions at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets#rules> and clearly mark the information that you claim to be CBI. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR parts 2 and 703, as applicable.

2. Tips for preparing your comments.

When preparing and submitting your comments, see the commenting tips at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets>.

II. Background

A. What is o-Dichlorobenzene?

o-Dichlorobenzene is a clear to pale yellow liquid with a pleasant, aromatic odor. It exists in a liquid phase at ambient temperatures. *o*-Dichlorobenzene is processed as a reactant and incorporated into formulation, mixture, or reaction products. Industrial and commercial uses range from use as a solvent in dyes and pigments to use in lubricant and

degreaser products and in inks and paint strippers. Consumer uses include lubricant and degreaser products, air care products, and other uses such as ceramics glazing and cleaning products. It has low to moderate solubility in aqueous systems and is a moderately volatile organic compound. Exposure to *o*-dichlorobenzene can occur via inhalation of vapors during use and via the dermal route through contact with solids or accidental splashing from liquid products. When released to water or soil, *o*-dichlorobenzene volatilizes to the surrounding atmosphere. Air is expected to be the primary pathway of exposure to *o*-dichlorobenzene in the environment.

B. What is p-Dichlorobenzene?

p-Dichlorobenzene is a colorless to white crystalline solid that has a strong, pungent odor and which is poorly soluble in water but miscible in most organic solvents. At ambient temperature, it undergoes sublimation, passing directly from a solid to a vapor state. Industrial and commercial uses of *p*-dichlorobenzene range from the manufacture of thermoplastic and use in solvents (which become part of product formulation or mixtures) to use in air care products as continuous-action air fresheners. Consumer uses include in air care products, lubricants and greases, and building and construction products. The volatilization of *p*-dichlorobenzene from these products has been identified as a potential mechanism of exposure. Thus, exposure to *p*-dichlorobenzene can occur via inhalation of vapors during use and via the dermal route through contact with solids or accidental splashing from liquid products. When released to water or soil, *p*-dichlorobenzene volatilizes to the surrounding atmosphere. Air is expected to be the primary pathway of exposure to *p*-dichlorobenzene in the environment.

C. Summary of Activities for the Risk Evaluations of o-and p-Dichlorobenzene

In December 2019, EPA announced its designation of *o*-dichlorobenzene (Docket ID: EPA-HQ-OPPT-2018-0444) and *p*-dichlorobenzene (Docket ID: EPA-HQ-OPPT-2018-0446) as high priority substances for risk evaluation under TSCA (84 FR 71924, December 30, 2019) (FRL-10003-15). In April 2020, EPA published and sought public comment on the draft scopes of the *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene risk evaluations (85 FR 19941, April 9, 2020) (FRL-10007-11-OCSP), and, after considering public comments, issued the final scopes in September 2020 (85 FR 55281, September 4, 2020)

(FRL-10013-90-OCSP). In April 2026, EPA released the draft hazard assessments for both *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene for public comment and external peer review by the Science Advisory Committee on Chemicals (SACC) (91 FR 19131, April 14, 2026) (FRL-13266-01-OCSP). As part of the SACC deliberations, the Agency held a virtual public meeting to discuss the draft hazard assessments for both *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene in June 2026. For more information about this meeting, go to the SACC website at <https://www.epa.gov/tsc-peer-review/science-advisory-committee-chemicals-meetings>. These documents, other supporting documents, and public comments are in docket ID number EPA-HQ-OPPT-2026-1189 at <https://www.regulations.gov>. The draft risk evaluations for *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene are being released with this notice and are available at <https://www.regulations.gov> in Docket ID numbers EPA-HQ-OPPT-2018-0444 and EPA-HQ-OPPT-2018-0446, respectively.

EPA is now opening a 60-day public comment period on the draft risk evaluations for both *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene. External peer review is not needed on the draft risk evaluations and chemistry, fate, release, and exposure assessments because in addition to the peer review of the draft hazard assessments, as noted above, the methodologies used in the development of the draft risk evaluations have been previously peer reviewed by the SACC in published risk evaluations for 1,1-dichloroethane (90 FR 26581, June 23, 2025) (FRL-11809-04), 1,3-butadiene (91 FR 264, January 5, 2026) (FRL-12241-05-OCSP), and phthalates (91 FR 373, January 6, 2026) (FRL-13111-01-OCSP), as well as the *Draft TSCA Screening Level Approach for Assessing Ambient Air and Water Exposures to Fenceline Communities* (87 FR 3294, January 21, 2022) (FRL-9392-01-OCSP).

III. Request for Comment

EPA seeks feedback on the assessment of risk presented in the draft risk evaluations for *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene, copies of which are available in their respective dockets, and encourages all potentially interested parties, including individuals, governmental and non-governmental organizations, non-profit organizations, academic institutions, research institutions, and private sector entities to comment on the draft risk evaluation. To the extent possible, the Agency asks commenters to please cite any public

data related to or that support comments provided, and to the extent permissible, describe any supporting data that is not publicly available.

EPA welcomes specific input on each section of the draft exposure assessments, draft hazard assessments, and draft risk evaluations with particular interest in the assessment of human exposures resulting from industrial, commercial, and consumer use of *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene; exposure controls and personal protective equipment used to mitigate *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene exposures in industrial settings; time-weighted average occupational inhalation exposures using monitoring information from multiple shift lengths; characterization of risks associated with the manufacture, use, and disposal of *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene; and determination of unreasonable risks associated with these substances.

Although EPA seeks public comment on all aspects of the draft risk evaluation packages, the Agency particularly seeks comments on the following for *o*-dichlorobenzene:

- Process descriptions, worker activities, concentrations (in air, product, or process) and current prevalence of the following *o*-dichlorobenzene activities:
 1. Domestic manufacture;
 2. Processing as a reactant;
 3. Use in ink, toner, and colorant products;
 4. Use as a cleaning product in the dry cleaning or furnishing care industry including evidence of use in the U.S. as a spot cleaner or alternative applications; and,
 5. Consumer and commercial/occupational use as a cleaner for septic and cesspool tanks.
- Consumer use septic tank cleaner products containing *o*-dichlorobenzene including product availability, ingredients and composition, and use instructions.
- Whether and how exposure controls and personal protective equipment (PPE) are used during the manufacture, processing, and use of *o*-dichlorobenzene for each of the COUs depicted in Table ES-1 of the Draft Risk Evaluation for *o*-Dichlorobenzene. Although EPA has test order data, additional information on when and where exposure controls and PPE are used (including for protection against inhalation and dermal exposures) would be informative.
- The application (*i.e.*, mapping) of the Industrial Use of Solvents OES to the three COUs:
 1. Processing—Recycling;

2. Industrial Use—Solvents (which become part of product formulation or mixture)—Printing ink manufacturing, paint and coating manufacturing, synthetic dye and pigment manufacturing; and

3. Industrial Use—Non-incorporative activities—Processing aids, not otherwise listed.

- The approach for derivation and utility of 15-min exposure values, including extrapolation of the hour occupational exposure value to a 15-min time-weighted average and extrapolation of the original animal data down to a 30-min duration to calculate a short-term exposure value based on principles of (ten Berge *et al.*, 1986).

- The modeling approach used to determine inhalation exposure to *o*-dichlorobenzene from the use of paints and coatings OES, based on the *Automotive Refinishing Spray Coating Mist Inhalation Model*, which estimates worker inhalation exposure based on the concentration of the chemical of interest in the nonvolatile portion of the sprayed product and the concentration of over sprayed mist/particles (OECD, 2011).

- The confidence ratings applied to hazard and exposure values in this risk evaluation. For example, EPA applied a Robust confidence rating for both hazard values, including for the liver point of departure when extrapolated to dermal exposure based on oral and inhalation data.

The Agency particularly seeks comments on the following for *p*-dichlorobenzene:

- Process descriptions, worker activities, concentrations, and current prevalence of COUs of *p*-dichlorobenzene, including typical schedules (shifts per year and hours per shift) for workers at sites using *p*-dichlorobenzene.
- The representativeness of monitoring data compared to the distribution of other sites at which the same OESs occur.
- Reasonableness of the assumption of negligible exposures from products with very low, residual concentrations of *p*-dichlorobenzene (*i.e.*, Use of Lubricants and Greases and Use of Fuels and Related Products OESs).
- Whether dermal exposure to workers is foreseeable in any cases where a heated stream of neat, liquid *p*-dichlorobenzene is present.
- Reasonableness of the assumptions used to estimate dermal exposure, including for occupational non-users (ONUs).
- Representativeness of high-end exposure estimates for intermediate dermal occupational exposures.

- Applicability of the Generic Model for Central Tendency and High-End Inhalation Exposure to Total and Respirable Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated to *p*-dichlorobenzene, which is a solid at room temperature and also sublimates.

- Use of *p*-dichlorobenzene in abrasive grinding wheels, in particular with respect to exposure for both workers and ONUs.

- Prevalence of the use of *p*-dichlorobenzene in laboratories.

- Whether and how exposure controls and PPE are used during the manufacture, processing, and use of *p*-dichlorobenzene for each of the COUs, especially the use of gloves (*e.g.*, prevalence of use and glove material) during commercial use of *p*-dichlorobenzene in air care products, and

1. Although EPA has test order data, additional information on when and where exposure controls and PPE are used would be informative.

- Whether it is appropriate to normalize a 1-hour time weighted average (TWA) concentration to a 24-hour TWA for a commercial exposure scenario, when the hazard value is based on a 24-hour exposure.

- The use of Indoor Environmental Concentrations in Buildings with Conditioned and Unconditioned Zones (IECCU) to model exposure to continuous action air fresheners for consumer and commercial COUs, including model assumptions.

IV. Next Steps

EPA will consider comments received on the draft risk evaluations as well as input from the SACC peer review of the draft hazard assessments and then announce the availability of the final risk evaluations for *o*-dichlorobenzene and *p*-dichlorobenzene. Under TSCA section 6, EPA must use the final risk evaluation as a basis to determine, based on the weight of scientific evidence, whether or not a chemical presents an unreasonable risk to health or the environment, without consideration of costs or other non-risk factors, including unreasonable risks to potentially exposed or susceptible subpopulations identified as relevant to the risk evaluation by EPA, under the chemical's COUs.

If EPA determines in its final risk evaluation that a chemical presents an unreasonable risk to health or the environment, the chemical will move to risk management action under TSCA section 6(a) for the relevant COUs. Like the prioritization and risk evaluation processes, there will be an opportunity

for public comment on any proposed risk management actions.

For more information about the TSCA risk evaluation process for existing chemicals, go to <https://www.epa.gov/assessing-and-managing-chemicals-under-tsca>.

(Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2601 *et seq.*)

Douglas M. Troutman,

Assistant Administrator, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2026-16263 Filed 8-7-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

Commission Meeting—Sunshine Act Notice

TIME AND DATE: Tuesday, August 11, 2026, 1:00 p.m. Eastern Time or earlier.

PLACE: The meeting will be held in-person.

STATUS: The meeting will be closed to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

The following items will be considered at the meeting:

- Pending Litigation Recommendation(s)

Note: The Legal Counsel has certified that, in the Legal Counsel's opinion, the Commission meeting scheduled for August 11, 2026, concerning a recommendation to participate in civil litigation may properly be closed under the 3rd, 6th, 7th, and 10th exemptions to the Government in the Sunshine Act, 5 U.S.C. 552b(10), and Commission regulations at 29 CFR 1612.13(a).

Please telephone (202) 921-2750, or email commissionmeetingcomments@eeoc.gov at any time for information on this meeting.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Raymond Windmiller, Executive Officer, (202) 921-2705.

Dated: August 5, 2026.

Raymond D. Windmiller,

Executive Officer, Executive Secretariat.

[FR Doc. 2026-16244 Filed 8-6-26; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 6570-01-P

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

Sunshine Act Meetings

TIME AND DATE: 10 a.m., Thursday, August 13, 2026.

PLACE: You may observe this meeting in person at 1501 Farm Credit Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102-5090, or virtually. If you would like to observe,

at least 24 hours in advance, visit [FCA.gov](https://fca.gov), select "Newsroom," then select "Events." From there, access the linked "Instructions for board meeting visitors" and complete the described registration process.

STATUS: This meeting will be open to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: The following matters will be considered:

- Annual Report on the Farm Credit System's Young, Beginning, and Small Farmers and Ranchers Mission Performance
- Office of Secondary Market Oversight Periodic Report

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:

If you need more information or assistance for accessibility reasons, or have questions, contact Ashley Waldron, Secretary to the Board. Telephone: 703-883-4009. TTY: 703-883-4056.

Ashley Waldron,

Secretary to the Board.

[FR Doc. 2026-16200 Filed 8-6-26; 11:15 am]

BILLING CODE 6705-01-P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[FR ID: 361207]

Privacy Act of 1974; Matching Program

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice of a new matching program.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended ("Privacy Act"), this document announces a new computer matching program the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or Commission or Agency) and the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) will conduct with the Iowa Department of Health and Human Services. The purpose of this matching program is to verify the eligibility of applicants to and subscribers of Lifeline, which is administered by USAC under the direction of the FCC. More information about this program is provided in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section below.

DATES: Written comments are due on or before September 9, 2026. This computer matching program will commence on September 9, 2026, and will conclude after 18 months.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Shana Yates, FCC, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, or to Privacy@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Shana Yates at (202) 418-0683 or Privacy@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Lifeline program provides support for discounted broadband and voice services to low-income consumers. Lifeline is administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) under FCC direction. Consumers qualify for Lifeline through proof of income or participation in a qualifying program, such as Medicaid, the Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP), Federal Public Housing Assistance, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Veterans and Survivors Pension Benefit, or various Tribal-specific federal assistance programs.

In a Report and Order adopted on March 31, 2016, (81 FR 33026, May 24, 2016) (*2016 Lifeline Modernization Order*), the Commission ordered USAC to create a National Lifeline Eligibility Verifier ("National Verifier"), including the National Lifeline Eligibility Database (LED), that would match data about Lifeline applicants and subscribers with other data sources to verify the eligibility of an applicant or subscriber. The Commission found that the National Verifier would reduce compliance costs for Lifeline service providers, improve service for Lifeline subscribers, and reduce waste, fraud, and abuse in the program.

Participating Agencies

Iowa Department of Health and Human Services (source agency); Federal Communications Commission (recipient agency) and Universal Service Administrative Company.

Authority for Conducting the Matching Program

The authority to conduct the matching program for the FCC's Lifeline program is 47 U.S.C. 254(a) through (c), and (j).

Purpose(s)

The purpose of this new matching agreement is to verify the eligibility of applicants and subscribers to Lifeline and other Federal programs that use qualification for Lifeline as an eligibility criterion. This new agreement will permit eligibility verification for the Lifeline program by checking an applicant's/subscriber's participation in SNAP in Iowa Department of Health and Human Services. Under FCC rules, consumers receiving these benefits qualify for Lifeline discounts.