

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**National Park Service**

[N7427; NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0043482; PPWOCRADNO-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intended Disposition: U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Petersburg National Battlefield, Petersburg, VA

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Petersburg National Battlefield intends to carry out the disposition of associated funerary objects removed from Federal or Tribal lands to the lineal descendants, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization with priority for disposition in this notice.

DATES: Disposition of the associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after September 14, 2026. If no claim for disposition is received by August 13, 2027, the associated funerary objects in this notice will become unclaimed associated funerary objects.

ADDRESSES: Send written claims for disposition of the associated funerary objects in this notice to Andrea DeKoter, Superintendent, National Park Service, Petersburg National Battlefield, 1539 Hickory Hill Road, Petersburg, VA 23803, email Andrea_DeKoter@nps.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Petersburg National Battlefield, and additional information on the associated funerary objects in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the related records.

Abstract of Information Available

The four associated funerary objects are white marble grave markers removed from Poplar Grove National Cemetery in Dinwiddie County, Virginia. They were created by the U.S. Government's War Department prior to 1933 and marked the graves of John Kennewanche, Company K, 1st Michigan Sharpshooters; and Gazick Maska/Mosca, Nippie Peaches and Joseph Scott who each served in the 38th Wisconsin Infantry. The markers contain the grave number and the soldier's name with raised letters within a recessed shield.

The grave markers have been stored within Petersburg National Battlefield since 2017 when new grave markers were installed as a part of the rehabilitation of Poplar Grove National Cemetery. Prior consultations and a completed Programmatic Agreement determined that John Kennewanche had an unknown Michigan tribal affiliation; and that Gazick Maska/Mosca, Nippie Peaches, and Joseph Scott were possibly affiliated with the Chippewa or Menominee.

Determinations

The Petersburg National Battlefield has determined that:

- The four objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- The Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; and the Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana have priority for disposition of the associated funerary object described in this notice as representing John Kennewanche of Company K, 1st Michigan Sharpshooters.
- The Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin; Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; and the Stockbridge Munsee Community, Wisconsin have priority for disposition of the three associated funerary objects described in this notice as representing Gazick Maska/Mosca, Nippie Peaches and Joseph Scott of the 38th Wisconsin Infantry.

Claims for Disposition

Written claims for disposition of the associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the appropriate official identified in this notice under

ADDRESSES. If no claim for disposition is received by August 13, 2027, the associated funerary objects in this notice will become unclaimed associated funerary objects. Claims for disposition may be submitted by:

1. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows that they have priority for disposition.

Disposition of the associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after September 14, 2026. If competing claims for disposition are received, the

Petersburg National Battlefield must determine the most appropriate claimant prior to disposition. Claims for joint disposition of the associated funerary objects are considered a single claim and not competing claims. The Petersburg National Battlefield is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the lineal descendants, Indian Tribes, and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3002, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.7.

Dated: August 4, 2026.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2026-16491 Filed 8-12-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**National Park Service**

[N7401; NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0043462; PPWOCRADNO-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, AL

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the University of Alabama at Birmingham (UAB) has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after September 14, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Send written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to Dr. Lauren Downs, University of Alabama at Birmingham, Department of Anthropology, UH 3165, 1720 2nd Avenue South, Birmingham, AL 35294, email nagprastaff@uab.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the University of Alabama at Birmingham, and additional information on the determinations in

this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Ancestor remains representing, at least, seven individuals have been identified. The 386 associated funerary objects are 207 lithic flakes; 84 undecorated pottery sherds; 66 faunal bone fragments, including mammal and unidentified species; nine projectile points, including Mississippian triangular points and Middle/Late Woodland darts; 13 decorated pottery sherds from a single vessel; two charcoal fragments; one clay pipe fragment; one chert lithic; one lot of carbonized wood; one lot of charred organic material; and one unmodified sandstone fragment. The ancestors and their belongings were removed from site 1Je49, located in southeastern Jefferson County, AL, along the Cahaba River. Collection records held at the University of Alabama at Birmingham identify the site as "1Je49," "McAvoy," and "McAvoy Site 1." Sources external to the university further indicate a possible association with the following sites: 1Je50, McAvoy Site 2, and 1Sh358. Site 1Je49 is a single component site with a large village. Collections were removed from the site in 1974 and 1976 by UAB personnel as part of a larger survey of the Cahaba River Valley in Jefferson County. Site use broadly dates to the Late Woodland to Early Mississippian Period. Diagnostic artifacts indicate a West Jefferson Phase (A.D. 900–1050) association for the site, including the village and burials that were removed from the site. There is no record of any potentially hazardous substances being used to treat the ancestors or their belongings.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is reasonably identified by the geographical location or acquisition history of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The University of Alabama at Birmingham has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of seven individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 386 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of

death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.

- There is a connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas; Poarch Band of Creek Indians; Seminole Tribe of Florida; The Muscogee (Creek) Nation; and the Thlopthlocco Tribal Town.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after September 14, 2026. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the University of Alabama at Birmingham must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The University of Alabama at Birmingham is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: August 4, 2026.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2026–16492 Filed 8–12–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N7403; NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0043464; PPWOCRADNO–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: University of Wisconsin Oshkosh, Oshkosh, WI

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the University of Wisconsin Oshkosh (UWO) has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after September 14, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Send written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to Adrienne Frie, University of Wisconsin Oshkosh, 800 Algoma Blvd., Oshkosh, WI 54901, email friea@uwosh.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of UWO, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Human remains representing, at least, one individual have been identified and were removed from Friedrich 1 and 2 (47–WN–0151; 47–WN–0153), Winnebago County, WI. Part of the collections come from a field surface survey in 1972 by J.D. Volkman, then affiliated with WSU–O, now known as UWO. His investigation was incorporated into Alaric Faulkner's, then Assistant Professor at WSU–O, survey of the Middle Fox River passageway in the early 1970s. These sites were also collected by avocational archaeologists Richard (Dick) and Carol Mason for an undetermined amount of time. The Masons donated their private collection to UWO in 2018 and it has since been determined that they removed both cultural materials and human remains from the Friedrich 1 and Friedrich 2 sites. The sites are dated to the Woodland and post-contact periods. The 18 associated funerary objects are four lots of lithics, three lots of post-contact ceramics, three lots of glass, three lots of faunal bone, three lots of pre-contact ceramics, and two lots of post-contact metal.