

Final Determination of No Shipments

Hai Hien certified in this review that it had shipments only of non-subject plywood to the United States during the POR,⁶ and Commerce preliminarily made a no shipments finding with respect to those entries.⁷ No party challenged this finding. In these final results, we continue to find that Hai Hien made no shipments of subject merchandise to the United States during the POR.

Assessment Rates—AD and CVD

Commerce shall determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping and countervailing duties on all appropriate entries covered by these reviews.⁸ For all entries of merchandise exported by Hai Hien, we intend to instruct CBP to liquidate the entries without regard to antidumping and countervailing duties.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements—AD

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the final results of the AD administrative review for shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of the administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) for previously investigated or reviewed exporters that have separate rates, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the exporter-specific rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding in which Commerce assigned a rate to that company; (2) for all Chinese exporters of subject merchandise that have not been found to be entitled to a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate for the China-wide entity; (3) for all non-Chinese exporters of subject merchandise that have not received their own rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the Chinese exporter that supplied that non-Chinese

exporter, where available, or the rate for the China-wide entity, if no alternate rate is available. These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Cash Deposit Requirements—CVD

CBP will continue to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties at the all-others rate or the most recent company-specific rate applicable to the company, as appropriate. These cash deposit instructions, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 315.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or an increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

These final results are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(5).

Dated: August 24, 2026.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Orders
- IV. Changes from the *Preliminary Results*
- V. Discussion of the Issue
- Comment: Whether to Revise the Liquidation Instructions

VI. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2026–17620 Filed 8–27–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–580–891]

Carbon and Alloy Steel Wire Rod From the Republic of Korea: Notice of Reopening of, and Intent To Reconsider the Final Results of, Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023–2024

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) published its final results of the 2023–2024 antidumping duty administrative review in the **Federal Register** on April 7, 2026, in which Commerce calculated a weighted-average dumping margin of 0.00 percent for the sole mandatory respondent, POSCO/POSCO International Corporation. Commerce is reopening the 2023–2024 antidumping duty administrative review, reopening the record, and reconsidering those final results in light of new evidence of possible fraud that potentially affects the integrity of those final results.

DATES: Applicable August 28, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Aleksandras Nakutis, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3147.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 07, 2026, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the final results of the 2023–2024 administrative review of carbon and alloy steel wire rod (steel wire rod) from the Republic of Korea (Korea).¹ In the subsequent review, covering the 2024–2025 period of review and in which POSCO/POSCO International Corporation was again the sole mandatory respondent, Commerce received and placed on the record a submission of evidence indicating potential false statements made in the ongoing 2024–2025, and previously completed 2023–2024, administrative reviews of steel wire rod from Korea.²

¹ See *Carbon and Alloy Steel Wire Rod from the Republic of Korea: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review*, 91 FR 17630 (April 7, 2026) (*Final Results*).

² See Memorandum, “Carbon and Alloy Steel Wire Rod from the Republic of Korea: Fraud Allegation,” dated August 10, 2026.

⁶ See Hai Hien's Letter, “Response to Request for Certifications,” dated March 9, 2026.

⁷ See *Preliminary Results*, 91 FR at 22128–29.

⁸ See 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

The Federal Circuit has held that “Commerce possesses an inherent authority to protect the integrity of its yearly administrative review decisions, and to reconsider such decisions on proper notice and within a reasonable time after learning of information indicating that the decision may have been tainted by fraud.”³ Accordingly, Commerce is reopening the 2023–2024 antidumping duty administrative review, reopening the record, and reconsidering those final results in light of new evidence of possible fraud potentially affecting the integrity of those final results. At this time, Commerce is not soliciting information or comments from interested parties. Commerce intends to issue a memorandum informing parties of the procedural steps for this reconsideration, including time periods to provide information or comments, as Commerce determines necessary.

Commerce intends to notify U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation of entries covered by the 2023–2024 administrative review during its reconsideration. At the conclusion of its reconsideration, Commerce intends to issue new assessment instructions, if appropriate, no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the reconsideration of review in the **Federal Register**. Furthermore, if the cash deposit rate is revised as a result of this reconsideration and it has not yet been superseded by a subsequent review, Commerce intends to update the cash deposit rate.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published consistent with the Federal Circuit’s holding in *TKS*, 529 F.3d at 1361–62.

Dated: August 25, 2026.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2026–17617 Filed 8–27–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–433–814, A–583–881, A–520–812]

Oil Country Tubular Goods From Austria, Taiwan, and the United Arab Emirates: Postponement of Preliminary Determinations in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable August 28, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jose Rivera at (202) 482–0842 (Austria); Monica Gillis at (202) 482–6384 (Taiwan); Paul Kebker at (202) 482–2254 (the United Arab Emirates (UAE)), AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On April 22, 2026, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) initiated less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigations of imports of oil country tubular goods (OCTG) from Austria, Taiwan, and the UAE.¹ Currently, the preliminary determinations in these LTFV investigations are due no later than September 9, 2026.

Postponement of Preliminary Determinations

Section 733(b)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), requires Commerce to issue the preliminary determination in an LTFV investigation within 140 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation. However, section 733(c)(1)(A)(b)(1) of the Act permits Commerce to postpone the preliminary determination until no later than 190 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation if: (A) the petitioner makes a timely request for a postponement; or (B) Commerce concludes that the parties concerned are cooperating, that the investigation is extraordinarily complicated, and that additional time is necessary to make a preliminary determination. Under 19 CFR 351.205(e), the petitioner must submit a request for postponement 25 days or more before the scheduled date of the preliminary determination and must state the reasons for the request.

Commerce will grant the request unless it finds compelling reasons to deny the request.

On August 6, 2026, the petitioners² submitted a timely request that Commerce postpone the preliminary determinations in these LTFV investigations.³ The petitioners stated that they request postponement due to the size and complexity of these investigations, the number of participating respondents, and the numerous extensions received by respondents. Postponement allows the petitioners adequate time to analyze and comment on questionnaire responses.

For the reasons stated above and because there are no compelling reasons to deny the request, Commerce is postponing the deadline for the preliminary determinations by 50 days (*i.e.*, 190 days after the date on which these investigations were initiated) in accordance with section 733(c)(1)(A) of the Act. As a result, Commerce will issue its preliminary determinations no later than October 29, 2026. In accordance with section 735(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(1), the deadline for the final determinations of these investigations will continue to be 75 days after the date of the preliminary determinations, unless postponed at a later date.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published pursuant to section 733(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(f)(1).

Dated: August 25, 2026.

Christopher Abbott,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

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³ See *Tokyo Kikai Seisakusho, Ltd. v. United States*, 529 F.3d 1352, 1361–62 (Fed. Cir. 2008) (*TKS*).

¹ See *Certain Oil Country Tubular Goods from Austria, Taiwan, and the United Arab Emirates: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations*, 91 FR 22806 (April 28, 2026) (*Initiation Notice*).

² The petitioners are the U.S. OCTG Manufacturers Association, United States Steel Corporation, and the United Steel, Paper and Forestry, Rubber, Manufacturing, Energy, Allied Industrial and Service Workers International Union, AFL–CIO, CLC.

³ See Petitioners’ Letter, “Petitioners’ Request to Postpone Preliminary Determination,” dated August 6, 2026.